

JANUARY 4-6 & 8-9, 2017 | FUN | FORT LAUDERDALE





6357



HERITAGE U.S. COIN AUCTION JANUARY 4-6 & 8-9, 2017 | FORT LAUDERDALE

HERITAGE U.S. COIN AUCTION #131 | JANUARY 4-6 & 8-9, 2017 | FORT LAUDERDALE

4455 3220 3930 3124 7323

3973 4414 6744 4495 4078

4453 3426 6718 3811 4240 6850 6510

7042 6804 5330 6507 6357 6601 5313

3862

HERITAGE AUCTIONS

2017 JAN 4-9 2017



U.S. Coins

Featuring: The Hutchinson Collection • The Soluna Collection • The Souder Collection, Part II • The Arizona Treasure Collection • The Azalea Collection • The Fenn Family Collection, Part III • Selections From the Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles • The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage • The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters • The Casady Collection • The Mile High Collection • The Stichter Collection • The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins • The Hotel Harrington Collection • The Palos Verdes Collection • Selections From the Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack • The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors • The Dr. Steve Allen Collection

January 4-6 & 8-9, 2017 | Fort Lauderdale

Signature® Floor Sessions 1-6

(Floor, Telephone, HERITAGELive!®, Internet, Fax, and Mail)

Broward County Convention Center • Room 315
1950 Eisenhower Blvd • Fort Lauderdale, FL 33316

Session 1

Wednesday, January 4 • 1:00 PM ET • Lots 3001-3695

Session 2

Wednesday, January 4 • 6:00 PM ET • Lots 3696-4701

Session 3

Thursday, January 5 • 12:00 PM ET • Lots 4702-5413

Session 4 – PLATINUM NIGHT (see separate catalog)

Thursday, January 5 • 5:00 PM ET • Lots 5501-6177

Session 5

Friday, January 6 • 2:00 PM ET • Lots 6178-6485

Session 6

Friday, January 6 • 6:00 PM ET • Lots 6486-7371

Signature® Internet Sessions 7-8

(HERITAGELive!®, Internet, Fax, & Mail only Session)

Session 7

Sunday, January 8 • 12:00 PM CT • Lots 8001-10001

Session 8

Monday, January 9 • 12:00 PM CT • Lots 10002-11959

LOT SETTLEMENT AND PICK-UP

Thursday, January 5 – Friday, January 6

10:00 AM – 1:00 PM ET

Saturday, January 7 • 9:00 AM – 12:00 PM ET

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9:00 AM – 6:00 PM CT (Excluding Weekend)

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Broward County Convention Center

Floridian Ballroom BC

1950 Eisenhower Blvd • Fort Lauderdale, FL 33316

Monday, January 2 • 10:00 AM – 7:00 PM ET

Tuesday, January 3 – Thursday January 5

8:00 AM – 7:00 PM ET

Friday, January 6 • 8:00 AM – 6:00 PM ET

Saturday, January 7 • 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM ET

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Dear Bidder,

Heritage is proud to be the Official Auctioneer at 62nd Annual FUN Show once again in 2017. Warm weather and “the beach” are big Fort Lauderdale attractions in early January, but for numismatists, the bellwether event is the Annual FUN Convention. Always a harbinger of what the rare coin market will bring in the coming months, the FUN Show is one of Heritage’s most important auction venues and we look forward to a strong start.

This year, we have an impressive list of Featured Collections to enhance every floor session including Platinum Night, as well as the increasingly popular online sessions:

The Hutchinson Collection

The Hutchinson Collection is notable not only for its depth and individual rarities, but it is a remarkable numismatic accomplishment of high order. The early half eagle series is notoriously challenging for even the deepest pockets, and there are nearly always unfilled holes in any collection – not for lack of effort or resources, but simply for the absence of an opportunity to acquire one of these sought-after treasures. Clearly, a connoisseur’s approach was used to assemble The Hutchinson Collection, with each piece visibly strong for the grade. Most of the collection is housed in early- or previous-generation holders. Our consignor decided not to reholder the coins, but to sell them “as is.” Both green and gold CAC stickers abound throughout the collection. A comprehensive introduction to The Hutchinson Collection appears on page 232 of the Platinum Night catalog, but we note a few of the highlights here. Among the early dates (1795-1798 Small Eagle design), a Condition Census BD-3 specimen stands out in AU58+ NGC. From the Capped Bust Right Large Eagle type (1795-1807), the rare 1797/5 BD-7 example grades AU55 PCGS with a coveted Gold CAC sticker. Among 10 coins of the Capped Bust Left motif (1807-1812), a rare 1810 BD-2 Small Date, Small 5 grades AU50 NGC. The Capped Head Left, Large Diameter design (1813-1829) includes an example of the famous 1815 half eagle (just 10 specimens known) as well as an equally rare BD-4 1828 half eagle (nine pieces known) in MS62 PCGS. The collection concludes with four examples from the short-lived Capped Head Left, Small Diameter type (1829-1834), lacking only the 1829 issue.



The Soluna Collection

Liberty Head gold in all denominations forms the core of The Soluna Collection. Branch mint quarter eagles catch the eye, while scarce-to-rare Liberty fives and tens form the backbone of the collection. Indeed, a few silver type coins and gold from other series included, yet the Liberty Head gold pieces dazzle with many challenging issues and condition rarities. A large number of Platinum Night coins – 43 in all – come from The Soluna Collection, and Floor Session 6 includes almost as many lots. Highlights of the set include a strong run of Carson City eagles. An 1870-CC certified AU50 NGC is one of fewer than 60 pieces that are believed extant today. The 1871-CC through 1879-CC ten dollar pieces grade between XF45 PCGS and AU58 PCGS, lacking only the 1877-CC and 1878-CC. Most of the Carson City eagles are each close to – or within – the Condition Census for their date. We also note several other rare pieces: an 1865-S Normal Date ten graded AU50 (only 25 to 35 pieces known in all grades), an 1855-C half eagle graded MS65 NGC (the finest known, Ex: Elrod, William Miller), and an 1855-C quarter eagle graded MS64 NGC (the second finest of this key date).

The Souder Collection, Part II



Our consignor has wide-ranging numismatic interests and a passion to acquire the finest possible examples, regardless of the numeric grade. This characteristic was on display ten years ago, when he consigned the then top-ranked Registry proof sets for the years 1936 to 1942, plus #1-ranked proof Registry sets for Jefferson nickels, Mercury dimes, Washington quarters, Lincoln cents, and Buffalo nickels. Flash forward to today, when more than 40 years of collecting interests are reflected in the current consignment of Trade dollars, assembled in circulation strike and proof formats, as well as related patterns. Additional selections of silver and gold commemoratives, Norse medall, and Territorial gold are part of this outstanding offering. Among many finest-knowns or near-finest coins are some exceedingly rare pieces, such as the classically rare 1884 Trade dollar in PR63 PCGS, the Ex: Farouk-Norweb coin. Other Trade dollars in the series dominate that section of Platinum Night, with additional pieces in Session 2 and patterns in Session 6. Exceptional examples include coins pedigreed to Eliasberg, “Col.” Green, and Eric P. Newman as well as other fine collections, with most coins displaying exquisite toning and unrestrained eye appeal.



The Arizona Treasure Collection

The shipwreck of the S.S. Central America is best known for the many San Francisco Mint double eagles and other gold and silver coinage recovered in the late 1980s. With recovery efforts still ongoing, some believe the steamship's most valuable cargo was a number of large gold ingots from forgotten assayers of the California Gold Rush era. We are privileged to have four of these ingots in the auction. A 45.00-ounce Henry Hentsch gold ingot is a

weighty find, but it is the smallest of the four ingots that will be sold as separate Platinum Night lots. Next comes a Justh & Hunter gold ingot weighing 84.49 ounces. A Kellogg & Humbert ingot weighs in at a large 152.96 ounces, which is less than half the weight of a massive 327.97-ounce Justh & Hunter behemoth (or, in ingot parlance, "extremely large size"). With high intrinsic value as well as collector allure, we expect intense competition for these rare and historic Gold Rush relics. Additional items in the consignment include another rare opportunity, since four copies of the beautiful casebound book, *A California Gold Rush History*, by Q. David Bowers are offered as separate lots later in Floor Session 6. Published in 2002 and long out of print, just 400 numbered copies were issued in an oversized hardbound edition. Two of the books are in mint condition in their original shrinkwrap, while the other two copies have the wrap removed. But they, too, are like-new. In theory, the fortunate purchaser of one of the ingots will be able to match it to one of the books since the inside back cover displays glossy photographs of the ingot that originally accompanied the book. Each book has a pinch of gold dust recovered from the S.S. Central America embedded inside the front cover.

The Azalea Collection

Seven stunning gold coins come to Platinum Night from the consignor of The Azalea Collection, each in Gem or finer condition. A set of 1915-S Panama-Pacific fifty dollar gold pieces in round and octagonal format are housed in MS65 PCGS Secure holders, where each exhibits a bold impression with brilliant yellow surfaces and frosty mint luster. An 1886 Liberty double eagle in PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure is a classic 19th century gold rarity – tied for finest-certified – with extraordinary eye appeal. A pair of proof quarter eagles dated 1899 and 1901 are spectacular examples grading PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS, and an 1883 three dollar gold graded PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure ranks highly among the mere 89 pieces struck.

The Fenn Family Collection, Part III

Part III of The Fenn Family Collection brings more rare gold to FUN, but also a very rare 1829 proof Bust JR-3 dime. Our archives show only a single prior appearance of a proof 1829 dime in a Heritage auction, and very few other auctions show any such proofs regardless of variety. The gold pieces from this collection are all Platinum Night caliber coins, including an 1857 Liberty quarter eagle in MS68 – the single finest-known example. The 1856 three dollar gold piece in PR62 Cameo PCGS with CAC endorsement is a rare early proof of unknown, but tiny, proof mintage. Several rare branch mint quarter eagles and half eagles join an 1879-O eagle in AU58 NGC. A 1908 No Motto Saint-Gaudens double eagle certified MS69 PCGS comes from the Wells Fargo hoard, Short Rays variety, an unsurpassable twenty dollar gold piece for the finest type collection or Registry Set.

Selections From the Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles

A conditionally rare 1866-S No Motto Liberty Head double eagle in AU58 NGC joins an elite group of Gem or finer branch mint and late-date Saint Gaudens twenties in this high-grade, Platinum Night only group of double eagles. The Wire Rim and Flat Rim variants of the 1907 High Relief Saint-Gaudens issue are included, both in Premium Gem condition.

The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage

Dale Friend is a longtime Heritage client and former consignor to our auctions, with a collecting history that dates back to the early 1950s. In 2009, he consigned his fabulous #2 PCGS Registry Set of Barber half dollars to our 2009 FUN Auction, and he returns in 2017 with a targeted collection of 1864 proofs consisting of the half dollar, dollar, gold dollar, quarter eagle, three dollar gold, half eagle, eagle, and double eagle. An 1864 'With Motto' pattern half dollar struck in copper (Judd-392) in PR63 Brown PCGS with CAC endorsement completes the set. The silver pieces are vibrant Gem proofs with colorful proof set toning. The gold pieces are particularly challenging for the 1864 Civil War year, yet they are fully resplendent examples. The eagle grades PR63+ Deep Cameo PCGS Secure, and it is the first 1864 proof ten we have offered in over five years. The balance of the gold proofs are either Cameo or Deep Cameo pieces certified in grades ranging from PR64+ to PR66, all PCGS-certified.



The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters

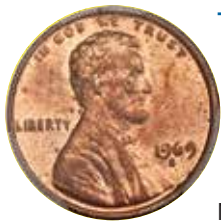
A marvelous collection of high-end Standing Liberty quarters comes to this year's FUN event as the current-finest PCGS Full Head Major Varieties Registry Set, and it also ranks high among the all-time finest collections of Standing Liberty quarters ever assembled. Keen attention to eye appeal and quality-within-the-grade is evident with each coin in The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. A dozen high-value pieces highlight the Platinum Night session, among them a dazzling 1916 in MS66 Full Head Secure with CAC approval that showcases rarely seen blazing mint luster, and a captivating 1923-S in MS66+ Full Head, also CAC-endorsed, with luster and eye appeal that leap from the glistening surfaces. A conditionally rare, 1918/7-S in MS63 is only the fifth example in this

grade that we have offered in the last decade, and a frosty 1920-D in MS66 Full Head with CAC endorsement has an almost unheard of degree of strike sharpness for the issue. Additional high-end rarities are offered in the Session 2 floor and Signature® Internet sessions, highlighted by a 1917-D Type One in MS67 Full Head that could catch your eye from across the room, one of the two finest PCGS-certified 1924s, graded MS68, and an unusually sharp and frosty 1927-D in MS66 Full Head, all with CAC endorsement.

If possible, we encourage you to admire this remarkable collection in person. Whether assembling a top-tier Registry Set or simply collecting by type, collectors will find coins of unparalleled quality in this collection. The pieces are housed in both new and old PCGS holders, and some have famous pedigrees, but every coin in the offering is a conditionally rare and attractive representative of the series.

The Casady Collection

We are extremely pleased to offer a compact but important collection of Type One Liberty Head double eagles, each ranking near the top of the grading range for the date and mint. There are no readily available Type One double eagles in Mint State, and most issues are rare even at the Choice About Uncirculated level. For some dates, shipwreck survivors make up nearly the entire Uncirculated population. From The Casady Collection, an 1865-S Liberty twenty in MS65 NGC and a rare 1861-S Paquet Reverse double eagle in AU50 PCGS deserve special mention. The latter is notable as the rarest S-Mint twenty-dollar gold piece by type. A pair of Wass, Molitor & Company round fifty dollar gold pieces come from the same historic Gold Rush era and supplement this fine collection, including a high-grade Kagit-9 example graded AU58 PCGS, with just one piece in numerically finer condition according to current population data.



The Mile High Collection

An extensive collection of modern issues comes to us from the Cornhusker state, to be sold without reserve. The collection features examples of more than half of the 100 coins listed in the 100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins reference by Scott Schechter and Jeff Garrett. Many of the coins rank at (or near) the top of their certified population. Modern issues only occasionally find their way into Platinum Night, yet this consignment has three entries: A 1992 cent Close AM, FS-901, graded MS67 Red PCGS, and a 1969-S cent Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Red and Brown PCGS is known as the King of the Overdates. The first of the "no S" modern errors, the 1968 dime No S, FS-501, PR67 PCGS has attained classic status among collectors of modern issues. Specialists will do well to carefully study the entire collection by clicking on the link to The Mile High Collection on the Heritage FUN auction home page <https://coins.ha.com/c/auction-home.zx?saleNo=1251>.

The Stichter Collection

Not to be outdone by the immense amount of gold coinage in our FUN auction, The Stichter Collection is all silver – Morgan dollars, to be exact. A nearly complete set of proof silver dollars (lacking only the 1895) includes several PR67 Cameo examples. Circulation strikes feature an 1879-CC silver dollar graded MS64 Prooflike ANACS, an 1893-CC certified MS64 PCGS (nearly unobtainable any finer), and a 1903-S graded MS65 PCGS. The 1893-S in this fine set is a partially lustrous AU50 PCGS.

The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins

The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins takes the award for the highest number of Platinum Night lots from any of our Featured Collections, with examples from both the Liberty Head and Saint-Gaudens double eagle series. The coins in this specialized gold collection are, almost without exception, either "better-date" double eagles or conditionally rare examples. Many pieces are both. Assembled with a practiced eye and a keen sense of quality, coins from the collection appear frequently in the Session 6 floor session and the Signature® Internet sessions as well as Platinum Night. The grades and dates allow most collectors an opportunity to acquire one or more of these carefully selected twenties, although some challenging pieces will test any bidder's resolve. In the Liberty Head series, the 1861-O double eagle is historically interesting and conditionally rare in AU55 NGC with CAC endorsement. An 1879-O twenty graded AU58 PCGS represents the only O-Mint Type Three, a low-mintage issue, and an 1877-CC twenty dollar graded MS62 PCGS is tied for the finest certified. Saint-Gaudens double eagles are plentiful throughout the auction sessions, led by a sought-after 1921 in MS62 PCGS, a 1927-S certified MS64 NGC (a high grade for this heavily melted issue), plus late-date Saint-Gaudens twenties including the 1929, 1930, 1930-S, 1931, 1931-D, and 1932. The Renz family would like to thank south Texas coin dealer Jerry Martin for his helpful assistance and advice over the many years required to build the fine collection. Our consignor says, "I couldn't have done it without him."

The Hotel Harrington Collection

The 1876 is a major, proof-only rarity in the three dollar gold series, with a Guide Book mintage of just 45 pieces, although many researchers believe a few more than that were struck. It is generally accepted that only 40 to 60 pieces exist in all proof grades. The coin in The Hotel Harrington Collection is a fantastic PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS



with CAC endorsement. It heads up a significant collection of three dollar gold that includes many scarce and challenging issues from the long-running series. Aside from a pair of Mint State double eagles from the late 1890s, the collection focuses entirely on three dollar pieces. That is, except for an 1879 Flowing Hair stella graded PR61 PCGS, which sits like a cherry on top of a fine cupcake.

The Palos Verdes Collection

We offered an initial portion of this collection at the August, 2016 ANA, and it is our pleasure to bring a large number of our consignor's collector-friendly coins to the FUN event as well. Early silver dollars -- including both Flowing Hair and Draped Bust types -- make up a generous portion of the consignment with nearly 30 lots. Other early type in copper, silver, and gold joins colonials, Washingtonia, and patterns for a truly diverse offering. The majority of the coins are in circulated grades from the VF to AU levels, with a few Mint State coins included at preferred collector grades. The coins are, without exception, original and pleasing for the assigned grades.

Selections From the Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack

Dr. Knaack is a noted early gold specialist who has been a prominent collector for many decades. He is credited with confirming the authenticity of a number of discovery pieces, as well as identifying several numismatically significant varietal gold issues. We are fortunate to present four more of the coins from Dr. Knaack's personal collection during Platinum Night. An 1812 half eagle is the BD-1 variety with the Wide 5D, struck from a late state of the dies, certified MS64 NGC with frosty, yellow-gold luster. A 1799 eagle is semiprooflike in Select Uncirculated condition with Large Obverse Stars, struck from the BD-10 dies. Two Territorial gold pieces complete the consignment, one of which is a rare 1849 Pacific Company gold dollar struck in silver, the extremely rare Kagin-1 type.



The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors

This interesting and highly specialized consignment consists entirely of errors on Bicentennial coinage. A sampling shows a 1976 Bicentennial like dollar with the reverse indented by a quarter planchet graded MS64 PCGS... a 1976-D Bicentennial half with a deep die cap and brockage certified MS65 PCGS... a 1976-D Bicentennial half struck 40% off-center with Reverse Mirror Brockage, graded MS63 PCGS... a 1976-S Bicentennial half dollar struck on a five-cent planchet certified MS63 PCGS. In total, 36 lots make up this unique and fascinating collection with lots appearing in the floor sessions and the Signature® Internet sessions.

The Dr. Steve Allen Collection

We are delighted to present a large consignment of San Francisco and Philadelphia silver ingots for collectors of this fast-growing segment of the hobby. A total of 41 lots of hallmarked silver ingots weigh from 5.03 ounces to 35.00 ounces each, all listed with their known attributions. The Dr. Steve Allen Collection is the largest offering of silver ingots to appear in a Heritage Auction since the memorable three-part Alan Bingel Collection of Gold & Silver Ingots in 2005-2006.

We hope you will join us in Fort Lauderdale for FUN and stop by our booth on the bourse to say hello. As always, we value your participation even if you cannot attend, and there are a variety of methods to place your bids either before or during the auction. Our live telephone bidding and interactive online bids through HERITAGE Live!® are second to none in the auction industry, with real-time mobile or computer bidding from anywhere in the world. Our staff is always happy to accept your bids via e-mail, fax, or regular mail before the auction, and answer any questions you may have.



Wishing you a great start to a prosperous and happy New Year!

Sincerely,

Greg Rohan
President

Todd Imhof
Executive Vice-President

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SESSION ONE

COLONIALS

1662 Oak Tree Twopence, AU53
Small 2, Noe-29



- 3001** 1662 Oak Tree Twopence, Small 2, AU53 PCGS. Noe-29, W-240, Salmon 1-A, R.4. 13.1 gn. A lovely cream-gray Oak Tree type coin. The obverse is nicely centered, and shows a complete legend and all of the outer beads. The reverse is misaligned toward 10:30 but also has full legends, though the upper outer beads are off the flan. The A in ENGLAND is softly brought up, and the AT in MASATHVSETS is a bit weak, but the remainder of the strike is consistent. Satin luster is apparent across unmarked surfaces. Listed on page 40 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2ARD, PCGS# 45355 Base PCGS# 17

- 3002** 1652 Oak Tree Sixpence, IN on Obverse — Damaged — Fine 15 ANACS. Noe-21, W-400, Salmon 2a-B, R.5. 1.73 gm or 26.7 gn. A slightly oval silver-gray example with full reverse legends. The obverse displays ATHV clearly, though the other letters are faint or absent. The tail of the first S is present, which confirms the attribution as Noe-21 instead of the similar Noe-20 and Noe-22. Bent and straightened, but highly collectible. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2ARJ, PCGS# 45360

1652 Oak Tree Shilling, XF40
Noe-5, IN at Bottom



- 3003** 1652 Oak Tree Shilling, IN at Bottom, XF40 PCGS. Noe-5, W-470, Salmon 3-D, R.2. 70.83 gn. As usual for Noe-5, the obverse is misaligned toward 12 o'clock, and the upper obverse displays a straight raised area delivered by the edge of the die. Characteristic of rocker press production, the coin has an S-wave shape, which focuses wear on the upper branches of the tree. The remainder of the shilling has pleasing detail. Neither side displays marks. A late die state with many small to moderate breaks on the reverse, as made. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2ARL, PCGS# 45362 Base PCGS# 20

1652 Oak Tree Shilling, XF45
Noe-13.6, Early Spiny Tree
Ex: Hawn, Partrick



- 3004** 1652 Oak Tree Shilling, IN at Bottom, XF45 NGC. CAC. Noe-13.6, W-520, R.6. 68.1 grains. IN at Bottom, Spiny Tree. Noe-13.6 is a fairly late die state of Noe-13. The first S has a longer tail, the second S has an upper serif, and the tree has spines. Unlike Noe-14, the top of the 5 is straight, and the diagonal breaks on the central obverse are still present. Noe-13.6 is sometimes cataloged as Noe-14, e.g. Ford:43, due to the popularity and *Guide Book* listing of the Spiny Tree variety. This Noe-13.6 shilling is predominantly stone-gray, but exhibits olive-green, wheat-gold, and lilac undertones. The surfaces are mildly glossy but refreshingly unabraded. The reverse has exemplary centering while the obverse is slightly off toward 5 o'clock, with IN partly off the flan. The slight bulge present on the obverse center is usual for a rocker press product. Ex: Reed Hawn Collection of Massachusetts Silver (*Stack's*, 5/1998), lot 14; Donald Groves Partrick Collection (*Heritage*, 1/2015), lot 5543. NGC ID# 2ARL, PCGS# 45362 Base PCGS# 20

1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Choice VF
Noe-1, Large Planchet



- 3005** 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, Pellets at Trunk, Noe-1, W-690, Salmon 1-A, R.2, VF35 PCGS. 71.6 grains. This piece is in the late die state, showing heavy die breaks through the date on the reverse. The planchet is irregular in shape, and the strike is off-center toward 12 o'clock, with part of ATHVSETS and most of NGLAND: AN off of the flan. The pine tree is sharp, but there are small areas of unevenness around it. The reverse is uniformly well-struck. Both sides have smooth surfaces and gunmetal-gray color. NGC ID# 2ARU, PCGS# 45369 Base PCGS# 23

1652 Pine Tree Shilling, VF Details
Noe-2 Straight Tree Variety



- 3006 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, No Pellets at Trunk — Counterstamped — NGC Details. VF. Noe-2, W-700, Salmon 2-C, R.5. The initials RG are counterstamped in small, neat letters on the reverse field, centered beneath the denomination. A silver-gray Straight Tree shilling with generally bold legends. The top of the tree shows uneven wear, and mint-made clips affect portions of TS IN MAS and AN DOM NEW E. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Choice XF
Large Planchet, Reversed N, Noe-10



- 3007 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, Reversed N, XF45 NGC. Noe-10, W-750, Salmon 8-Diii, R.3. No pellets at trunk. 64.8 gn, per its prior known auction appearance. A charming cream-gray example with unblemished and evenly defined surfaces. Usual "bird's nest" break near the center of the tree. Slightly oval-shaped due to a straight clip at 3 o'clock, likely as issued by the Boston Mint. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Estate of Byron F. Johnson, Jr. (Bowers and Merena, 1/1989), lot 2, which realized \$1,430.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2ARX, PCGS# 45372 Base PCGS# 23

1652 Noe-8.2 Pine Tree Shilling, VF30
Large Planchet, Ligatured NE



- 3008 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, Ligatured NE, VF30 PCGS. CAC. Noe-8.2, W-740, Salmon 7-E, R.6. A late die state of the Rarity-4 Noe-8, with a die break below GL, and no beads beneath the second S in MASATHVSETS. Breaks and crumbling also affect DOM. Numerous minor die states exist as the GL break grows. A well-centered example with gunmetal fields and dove-gray high points. A slight diagonal depression is present above the 52 in the date, which causes a narrow area of uneven wear within the left-side branches opposite. Housed in a green label holder. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# BNUC, PCGS# 45373 Base PCGS# 23

1652 Pine Tree Shilling, XF40
Large Planchet, Noe-11



- 3009 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, No H in MASATUSETS, XF40 PCGS. Noe-11, W-760, Salmon 9-F, R.4. 70.9 gn. The "Bushy Tree" variety with a nearly globular, close-branched pine tree. On the reverse, all the Ns are reversed. A nicely centered piece with an even strike save for minor fading near 3 o'clock on the obverse and 9 o'clock on the reverse. The sea-green and steel-gray surfaces are smooth aside from a pair of brief thin marks above the 2 in the date. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Wesley Van Olden Collection of Colonial Coinage (Heritage, 9/2003), lot 5013. NGC ID# 5JDV, PCGS# 45371 Base PCGS# 23

1652 Small Planchet Pine Tree Shilling
Noe-29, Choice VF



- 3010 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Small Planchet, VF35 PCGS. Noe-29, W-930, Salmon 11-F, R.3. D in ENGLAND over a reversed D. A sharp gunmetal-gray and walnut-brown example. Void of abrasions or planchet detractors. The obverse is misaligned toward 3 o'clock, with the left obverse legend partially off the flan. The reverse legend is nearly complete, though the tops of AND in ENGLAND are absent. Listed on page 41 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2ARZ, PCGS# 24

- 3011 (1670-75) St. Patrick Halfpenny VF20 PCGS. Vlack 5-D, W-11540. For this New Jersey import, the halfpenny is much scarcer than the farthing. The brass splasher is faintly evident on the left side of the crown. An evenly circulated tan-brown example with minor granularity and a couple of moderate marks on the middle left reverse figure. Listed on page 43 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Orlando FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 402, which realized \$2,760; New York PNG Signature (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 3006. NGC ID# AUAS, PCGS# 46

**St. Patrick Halfpenny, XF40
Vlack 1-B, Ex: Miller, Ford**



- 3012** (1670-75) St. Patrick Halfpenny XF40 PCGS. CAC. Breen-200, Vlack 1-B, W-11540. Ex: Miller, Ford. 143.5 gn, per its Ford catalog appearance. A lovely representative with even definition and unblemished chocolate-brown surfaces. Traces of the brass splasher linger on and below the crown. Examples of Vlack 1-B appeared in our August 2014 and January 2016 Signature auctions; each was graded VF35 PCGS and brought \$3,055. The present XF40 example, pedigreed to two prestigious collections, will command a higher price. Listed on page 43 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Henry C. Miller Collection (Thomas Elder, 5/1920), lot 1730; New Netherlands; John J. Ford, Jr. Collection, Part VII (Stack's, 1/2005), lot 13. NGC ID# AUAS, PCGS# 46

**American Plantations 1/24 Part Real
Newman 4-E, MS62**



- 3013** (1688) American Plantations 1/24 Part Real MS62 PCGS. Newman 4-E, W-1155, R.5. Silver-white luster emerges from protected areas of this largely oxidized example. The undulating surfaces appear unabraded. Designated as Original by PCGS. The Whitman Colonial Encyclopedia states that 1688 tin W-1155 "originals are believed to be made [but] Roger S. Siboni has not been able to determine any variety other than the [1828 pewter] restrikes." Listed on page 43 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# AUB2, PCGS# 49

- 3014** (1694) London Elephant Token, Thick Planchet, AU55 PCGS. Hodder 2-B, W-12040, R.2. An evenly struck mahogany-brown representative that has abundant areas of faded luster. The obverse is smooth and attractive. The reverse is unabraded but exhibits slender mint-made planchet streaks. Listed on page 48 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2U3A, PCGS# 55

- 3015** 1766 Pitt Halfpenny, Silvered XF40 PCGS. Betts-519, Breen-251, W-8350, R.3. William Pitt the Elder was the Parliament champion behind the repeal of the Stamp Act, detested by merchants on both sides of the Atlantic. This example is mostly walnut-brown but retains ample silvering across the open fields. The sole consequential mark passes through the N in AND. Listed on page 52 of the 2016 *Guide Book*. PCGS# 239

- 3016** 1773 Virginia Halfpenny, Period, MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. N. 23-R, W-1565, R.4. A lovely, nearly spot-free example of this popular Colonial issue. The obverse shows more brown than red, while the reverse has far more red than brown present. Unmarked and attractive with an above average strike on the heraldic shield. Listed on page 47 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Roy Harte Collection (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1977), lot 2011; Dr. Joseph M. Seventko Collection (Heritage, 8/2001), lot 5037. NGC ID# 2ATK, PCGS# 241

- 3017** 1773 Virginia Halfpenny, Period MS64 Red PCGS. N. 23-R, W-1565, R.4. Seven harp strings. Boldly struck for this late Colonial issue, with surfaces that are alive with orange-red luster and only a small area of discoloration on George III's cheek. Listed on page 47 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 35 in 64 Red, 1 finer (11/16).
Ex: Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 7/2003), lot 5020. NGC ID# 2ATK, PCGS# 242

**1776 Continental Dollar, AU Details
CURRENCY Obverse, Newman 3-D**



- 3018** 1776 Continental Dollar, EG FECIT, Pewter — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Newman 3-D, W-8460, R.4. This is the variety with the designer's EG FECIT identification on the obverse. Following decades of speculation in the early 20th century, Eric P. Newman identified Elisha Gallaudet as the engraver of the obverse die of this Continental dollar variety, and he likely prepared the other dies as well. Newman published his findings in the August 1959 issue of *The Numismatist*. This example is a sharply detailed representative with deep gray surfaces. A planchet crack is evident at 2 o'clock on the obverse and 4 o'clock on the reverse. While the surfaces retain little luster, we are unsure what constitutes the tooling noted on the PCGS holder. This is a pleasing example for the historic-minded American numismatist. NGC ID# 2AYT, PCGS# 794

**1785 Connecticut Copper, MS61 Brown
Bust Right, Miller 4.4-C**



- 3019** 1785 Connecticut Copper, Bust Right, MS61 Brown NGC. M. 4.4-C, W-2375, R.3. A late die state with a reverse rim break at 10:30 and another break near the B in LIB. Most Connecticut coppers are circulated, and are often encountered corroded or off-center. Here is an unworn and well-centered piece with attractive medium brown toning and no spots or abrasions. Each side has small to moderate planchet flaws, as struck. Listed on page 63 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 3 in 61 Brown, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3788, PCGS# 316

**1787 Immunis Columbia Copper
Eagle Reverse, W-5680
MS63 Brown**



- 3020** 1787 Immunis Columbia, Eagle Reverse, MS63 Brown NGC. W-5680, High R.4. Most of the issues within the private New York Immune Columbia series are very rare. The exception is W-5680, which is merely very scarce. This is an especially nice example with deep mahogany fields and olive-brown high points. Surprisingly void of marks, spots, granularity, or planchet imperfections. As usual for the variety, the flan was smaller than the dies, and portions of the date and IBUS UNUM are absent. Listed on page 57 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# BFJL, PCGS# 841

- 3021** 1786 Vermont Copper, VERMONTENSIMUM, XF45 PCGS. RR-6, Bressett 4-D, W-2020, R.2. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A medium brown example without any noticeable flan flaws. Marks are minor aside from a small cut on the rim above the Q in QUARTA. Struck moderately off center toward 7:30 with uneven wear on the date and CIMA S. The major types are bold. Listed on page 74 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B57, PCGS# 545

**1787 Vermont Copper, MS63 Brown
BRITANNIA Variety, RR-13
Ex: Partrick**



- 3022** 1787 Vermont Copper, BRITANNIA, MS63 Brown NGC. CAC. RR-13, Bressett 17-V, W-2255, R.1. Ex: Donald G. Partrick Collection. Early Die State. Abundant mint luster glows from the glossy, chocolate-brown coloration, where hints of faded mint color remain. The obverse is bold from edge-to-edge and well centered. Slight planchet roughness is noted under magnification, but the overall surfaces are pleasing and remarkable for the issue. The reverse is characteristically weak on BRITANNIA and at the date. Even so, this example is far sharper than normally seen. The variety is excessively rare in Select Uncirculated condition. Tied with one other example as the finest-known RR-13 Vermont copper. Ex: Phillip Bennedetti (9/1966); Donald Groves Partrick (*Heritage*, 1/2015), lot 5765; FUN Signature (*Heritage*, 1/2016), lot 3555; Long Beach Signature (*Heritage*, 6/2016), lot 4254. NGC ID# 2B5C, PCGS# 554

- 3023** 1785 Nova Constellatio Copper, Pointed Rays, Large Date MS63 Brown PCGS. Crosby 3-B, W-1895, R.2. A well-defined deep brown example with cobalt-blue and mahogany undertones. The glossy surfaces are void of relevant marks. The obverse is lightly strike doubled, and the reverse exhibits the usual die crumbling on the wreath above the date. Listed on page 56 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2AZ3, PCGS# 813

**1787 Fugio Cent, AU Details
Scarce Pattern Obverse N. 1-B
No Cinquefoils, UNITED STATES**



- 3024** 1787 Fugio Cent, UNITED STATES, No Cinquefoils — Chopmarked — NGC Details. AU. N. 1-B, W-6600, R.4. The pattern Fugio copper obverse (with a cross after the date instead of four cinquefoils) proved hardy, and was eventually paired with four reverse dies. N. 1-B is the sole variety that mates the No Cinquefoils obverse with a standard UNITED STATES reverse. This is a lightly circulated chocolate-brown example with a few marks on the central reverse and a small rectangular chopmark on the sundial below VIII. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

- 3025** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, MS62 Brown NGC. N. 12-X, W-6820, R.3. Perpendicular die cracks near the sun help identify the Newman variety. An unabraded medium brown example, likely from the Bank of New York holdings. The left side borders show minor incompleteness of strike, and the reverse is slightly misaligned toward 1:30. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883

**STATES UNITED 1787 Fugio Cent, MS64 Brown
Pointed Rays, Newman 13-X**



- 3026** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC. Newman 13-X, W-6855, R.2. Glimpses of orange-red outline design elements, although the fields and devices are generally medium brown. An unabraded and splendid near-Gem of this popular Federal type. Sharply struck save for the obverse border near 5 o'clock. Only trivial planchet imperfections limit the grade. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883

**1787 Fugio Cent, MS62 Red and Brown
STATES UNITED, Cinquefoils, N. 8-X**



- 3027** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays MS62 Red and Brown PCGS. N. 8-X, W-6750, R.3. A beautiful golden-brown Fugio Cent, undisturbed aside from a few inconspicuous mint-made planchet fissures. A late die stage with a dramatic die break (as produced) over the left half of MIND YOUR BUSINESS; metal flow to this area causes localized softness of strike on the upper reverse. Probably from the Bank of New York holdings, the source of most high grade "X" reverse examples. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2005), lot 6941. NGC ID# 2B8E, PCGS# 884

**1787 Fugio Cent, MS64 Red and Brown
STATES UNITED, Newman 13-X**



- 3028** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. N. 13-X, W-6855, R.2. The Fugio cent was the first official copper United States issue. Because the U.S. Mint would not exist until 1793, the Fugio cents were privately struck. The issue was scandalous, since the contract called for 345 tons of copper coins, but only a much smaller amount was ever delivered. Most high grade examples, particularly those from the 'X' reverse die, originate from the Bank of New York holdings. This is an especially nice near-Gem with much more remaining Red than is normally encountered. One minor narrow vertical lamination noted through the O in ONE. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B8E, PCGS# 884

**1787 N. 12-X Fugio Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Bank of New York Hoard**



- 3029** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays MS65 Red and Brown NGC. N. 12-X, W-6820, R.3. This is the finest example of the Bank of New York Hoard N. 12-X that we have handled, ahead of two other Red and Brown examples graded MS64 and MS62. We have handled 40 Brown Mint State pieces, but none finer than MS64. This piece exhibits about one-third of its original orange mint color, combined with blue and violet tinged brown toning. The surfaces are remarkable free of the usual planchet fissures normally encountered on Fugio cents. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 8 in 65 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2B8E, PCGS# 884

- 3030** 1787 Fugio Cent, UNITED STATES, Cinquefoils — Double Struck — Good 6 NGC. N. 15-H, W-6890, R.4. The obverse radial crack at 4:30 aids attribution of the scarce Newman die pairing. The double strike is apparent as two sets of rings above the reverse inner circle. It appears that the first strike was normal, and the second strike was uniface reverse and off center, with a planchet present between the obverse die and the present piece. The medium brown surfaces are lightly granular. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2B8F, PCGS# 889

- 3031** 1787 Fugio Cent, UNITED STATES, Cinquefoils — Struck Off Center — VF20 NGC. N. 21-I, W-7010, R.4. The usual boldly clashed die state. The "I" reverse is distinctive for its progressively lower letters in ONE. Struck several degrees off center toward 2 o'clock, with the top of the date and the bottom of the lower right rings off the flan. The walnut-brown surfaces are moderately granular. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2B8F, PCGS# 889

- 3032** 1787 Fugio Cent, UNITED STATES, Cinquefoils AU53 PCGS. N. 8-B, W-6740, R.3. A over O in ARE. The die flaw near the first 7 in the date confirms the variety. An unabraded chocolate-brown example. Moderately granular near the IO in FUGIO, and both sides display occasional unimportant flan imperfections, as made. Listed on page 89 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B8F, PCGS# 889

- 3033** 1787 Fugio Cent, New Haven Restrike, Copper, MS65 Brown PCGS. N. 104-FF, W-17560. Newman 104-FF. A meticulously struck and gorgeously preserved Gem of this popular 19th century copy. Chocolate-brown overall with glimpses of mint red in protected areas. Thin rings identify the so-called New Haven Restrike, which wasn't made in New Haven and isn't a restrike, since a strict numismatic interpretation of 'restrike' requires the original dies. Nonetheless, the variety has been collected consistently since the 1860s. Listed on page 90 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 11 in 65 Brown, 3 finer (11/16).

Ex: San Jose Collection of Colonial Coinage (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 86, which realized \$2,530. NGC ID# 2B8S, PCGS# 916

**1783 Chalmers Sixpence, Fine 12
Large Date, W-1765
Rare Denomination**



- 3034 1783 Chalmers Sixpence, Large Date, Fine 12 PCGS. Breen-1013, W-1765, R.6.** John Chalmers was a Maryland silversmith who sought to rid commerce of worn-out Spanish-American silver. All Chalmers sixpence are rare to very rare. The "unique" Breen-1017, W-1780 piece turned out to be an example of Breen-1014, W-1770, which leaves three sixpence die marriages. W-1775 is the sole Small Date variety. W-1765 is known as the "Period between Large Date" variety, to distinguish it from the "Period after Large Date" W-1770. These designations only increase confusion, since W-1765 has a small period after the date, and W-1770 shows a period nearly between the date. It is better to attribute W-1765 by the absence of a ray through the P in PENCE, since the P is prominently punctured by a ray on the other two marriages. This is an unmarked silver-gray sixpence with a slight bulge in the field near SIX. The obverse (Chalmers side) is moderately off center toward 7 o'clock, which makes I. CHALMERS sharper than the final letters in ANNAPOLIS. Listed in the 2017 *Guide Book* on page 53. NGC ID# 2AUS, PCGS# 594

**1783 Chalmers Shilling, VF20
Long Worm Variant, W-1790**



- 3035 1783 Chalmers Shilling, Long Worm VF20 PCGS. Breen-1012, W-1790, R.4.** Two basic varieties differ in the length of the worm that the sparrows are fighting over. On some, the worm is short and might feed one sparrow, and on others the worm would provide lunch for both. This piece will satisfy both sparrows with its long worm and pleasing pewter-gray surfaces. Apparent weakness at the lower left obverse is the result of a minor die bulge, and weakens the reverse lettering as well. Listed on page 53 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2AUT, PCGS# 595

**(1785) Bar Copper, XF45
Mysterious Colonial Issue, W-8520**



- 3036 (1785) Bar Copper XF45 PCGS. Breen-1145, W-8520, R.4.** A pleasing, natural brown example with bits of olive patina in the protected areas. A couple of minor bumps are noticed about the obverse periphery and an ancient dig is located just above the S in USA. Listed on page 76 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2002), lot 5156; Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 7/2003), lot 5050. NGC ID# 2B5J, PCGS# 599
- 3037 Kentucky Token, LANCASTER Edge, MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Breen-1156, W-8810, R.5.** Orange-red dominates all but the borders, where sea-green prevails. Nicely struck and well preserved with the usual spindly die cracks above and right of the scroll. Listed on page 77 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Liberty Collection of United States Colonial Coinage (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 100, which realized \$2,990. NGC ID# AUBN, PCGS# 624

Kentucky Token, MS65 Red
W-8810, LANCASTER Edge



- 3038** Kentucky Token, LANCASTER Edge, MS65 Red PCGS. Breen-1156, W-8810, R.5. Most Kentucky tokens are the Plain Edge variety, but other edge varieties are known, although only the LANCASTER and engrailed varieties are collectible. The present Gem has somehow retained most of its initial orange-gold color for more than two centuries. Abrasions and carbon are essentially absent. OUR CAUSE is clear, unlike often seen. Listed on page 77 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 8 in 65 Red, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: Boston ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3786, which realized \$5,462.50. NGC ID# AUBN, PCGS# 625

1783 Washington Draped Bust Cent
Silver Restrike, PR65 Cameo
Engrailed Edge, Baker-3A



- 3039** 1783 Washington Draped Bust Cent, Silver Restrike, Engrailed Edge, PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Baker-3A, W-10380, R.6. The very scarce silver version of the W.J. Taylor restrike, produced during the 1860s. Richly toned in apple-green and golden-brown, the former dominant on the reverse and the latter more prevalent on the obverse. Listed on page 82 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. The single highest graded among three pieces certified by PCGS with a Cameo designation (12/08). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 117, which realized \$8,050. NGC ID# 2B6U, PCGS# 388554

- 3040** Undated Washington Double Head Cent MS61 Brown NGC. Baker-6, W-11200, Musante GW-110. The Double Head cents are undated, though Bowers suggests they were made in Birmingham no earlier than 1820, long after the Conder token era. They were exported to the United States and circulated as cents alongside the Hard Times tokens of the 1830s. As a result, Mint State survivors are rare, and no Red and Brown pieces have been certified by NGC or PCGS (11/16). This example is designated Brown, but exhibits a remarkably substantial copper-red hue beneath light burgundy patina. The strike is bold and the preservation is excellent on this truly exceptional coin. Listed on page 82 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 5/2014), lot 30407, which realized \$1,997.50. NGC ID# 2B6W, PCGS# 692

1791 Washington Liverpool Halfpenny, AU58
W-10650, Copper, Conditionally Rare



- 3041** 1791 Washington Liverpool Halfpenny, Copper, AU58 PCGS. Baker-17, W-10650, Musante GW-19, R.6. Ex: Garrett. The 1791 Liverpool halfpenny is sometimes confused with the 1793 Ship halfpenny, but the former is much rarer. This lightly marked golden-brown representative shows the die rust and reverse breaks that are characteristic of the issue. The strike is incomplete on Washington's forehead and opposite on the ship, and the left side legends are also slightly weak. Listed on page 83 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 3 in 58, 1 finer (11/16). Ex: Garrett Collection, Part IV (Bowers and Ruddy, 3/1981), lot 1708; Jones Beach Collection (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 750, which realized \$25,300. NGC ID# 2B7H, PCGS# 698

- 3042** 1791 Washington Large Eagle Cent MS61 Brown NGC. Baker-15, W-10610, Musante GW-15, R.2. An Uncirculated olive-brown example of this popular Washington variety. The semiprooflike surfaces display only delicate marks. The strike is crisp except on the top of the eagle's tail. Listed on page 83 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2014), lot 3014, which realized \$1,880. NGC ID# 2B6Z, PCGS# 702

- 3043** 1791 Washington Large Eagle Cent MS62 Brown NGC. Baker-15, W-10610, Musante GW-15, R.2. A prooflike example with unobtrusively hairlined and moderately mirrored fields. The sharply struck surfaces display ocean-blue and rose-red toning, aside from a blush of tan patina on the field near the nose. Listed on page 81 of the 2016 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B6Z, PCGS# 702

1791 Washington Cent, MS63 Brown
Baker-16, Small Eagle



- 3044** 1791 Washington Small Eagle Cent MS63 Brown PCGS. Baker-16, W-10630, Musante GW-17, R.3. This lovely Select Mint State Washington Small Eagle cent features intermingled chestnut and walnut-brown surfaces with excellent cartwheel luster and strong eye appeal. These English pieces, from dies cut by John Gregory Hancock, Sr., are an integral component of American coinage history. They were struck at John Westwood's mint in Birmingham, England with the hopes of securing an independent American coinage contract. With thousands of pieces exported to the United States, an alarmed Congress quickly passed the April 1792 Act establishing a U.S. Mint in Philadelphia. Listed on page 83 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 19 in 63 Brown, 36 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2B73, PCGS# 705

**Washington Born Virginia Cent, VF25
Legend Reverse, Baker-60**



- 3045** (1792) Washington Born Virginia Cent, Inscribed Reverse, VF25 PCGS. Baker-60, W-10730, Musante GW-33, R.5. The Born Virginia varieties from 1792 are noted rarities within the Washington token series. The portrait of Washington is derived from the 1791 Small and Large Eagle cents. The reverse lists the most significant milestones of Washington's military and political careers. While moderately worn, this example boasts a conspicuous absence of problems and shows only the normal weakness at the center of the reverse. Listed on page 84 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Dr. Joseph M. Seventko Collection (Heritage, 8/2008), lot 5104; Steve Glenn Collection (Heritage, 4/2006), lot 193, which realized \$5,750. NGC ID# 2B79, PCGS# 723

**1795 Washington Liberty & Security Halfpenny
ASYLUM Edge, Baker-31A
MS63 Brown, None Finer**



- 3046** 1795 Washington Liberty & Security Halfpenny, ASYLUM Edge, MS63 Brown PCGS. Baker-31A, W-11005, Musante GW-48, R.6. The 1795 Liberty and Security halfpenny exists in two die marriages and four edge varieties. Baker-31A is regarded as very scarce. This Select example is toned medium brown with hints of apple-green across the legends. Marks are minimal overall, and the strike shows blending on the eagle's breast and the lined portion of the shield. Listed on page 86 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 4 in 63 Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2B7T, PCGS# 761

- 3047** (1795) Washington Liberty & Security Penny, Plain Rims, MS64 Brown NGC. Baker-30, W-11050, Musante GW-45, R.2. Ex: Ford. ASYLUM edge, 33.3 mm, 302.1 gn, per its Stack's auction appearance. The prooflike fields display iridescent sea-green, chestnut-gold, and powder-blue patina. Sharply struck throughout, despite the high relief of the Washington portrait. Listed on page 86 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: John J. Ford, Jr. Collection, Part II (Stack's, 5/2004), lot 38. NGC ID# 2B7V, PCGS# 767

- 3048** 1796 Repub. American Armies MS63 Brown NGC. Baker-68, Musante GW-61. Bronze, plain edge, 33 mm. Dies by Thomas Wyon. Although unlisted in the *Guide Book*, this is a well-known Washington variety regarded by many (including Fuld and Rulau) as an early American token. A sharply struck and unmarked chocolate-brown example with blue-green undertones.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. PCGS# 508309

- 3049** Washington Success Medal, Large Size, Plain Edge, AU53 NGC. Baker-265, DeWitt-GW-1792-1, W-10900, Musante GW-41. With the prominent die crack through the portrait between 10:30 and 3 o'clock. A lightly circulated olive-gray piece with minutely granular surfaces. Marks are inconsequential aside from a single thin horizontal line on the cheekbone. Listed on page 86 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2VZ5, PCGS# 779

**Undated Baker-267 Washington Success Medal
Small Size, Reeded Edge, MS63**



- 3050** Washington Success Medal, Small Size, Reeded Edge MS63 NGC. Baker-267, DeWitt-GW-1792-3, W-10875, Musante GW-44, R.5. The present lot is the single finest reeded edge small size Washington Success medal at NGC (10/16). Light golden-brown and dove-gray toning drapes the nicely struck surfaces. Thin marks on the reverse border near SUCCESS TO THE emerge beneath a loupe. Listed on page 86 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 80; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2010), lot 54. NGC ID# 2VZB, PCGS# 783

**Washington Funeral Urn Medal, VF30
Baker-166A, Silver**



- 3051** (1800) Washington Funeral Urn Medal, Silver, VF30 NGC. Baker-166A, Fuld 3-B, Musante GW-70B. 29.3 mm. Early American engraver Jacob Perkins made the Funeral Urn medals for George Washington's civic funeral procession, held February 22, 1800. Several die varieties are known, struck in gold, silver, copper, or white metal. Most pieces, including the present silver example, have a small hole at 12 o'clock. Gunmetal-gray fields contrast with cream-white high points. The urn displays moderate wear, but the surfaces are attractive despite a slight reverse rim nick near 6 o'clock.

From The Palos Verdes Collection.

- 3052** (1800) Washington Funeral Urn Medal, White Metal — Scratches — NGC Details. VF Baker-166C, Fuld 4-C2, Musante GW-70E. A gunmetal, walnut-brown, and cream-gray example. Evenly defined, but the borders and reverse field show scratches. Holed as usual near 12 o'clock.
Ex: Northwood Institute and Dr. H. Gladys Spear (Superior, 10/1979), lot 42.

From The Palos Verdes Collection.

- 3053** (1800) Washington Funeral Urn Medal, White Metal — Scratches — NGC Details. XF. Baker-166C, Fuld 3-C2, Musante GW-70C. The scarce Funeral Urn medals were made by Massachusetts engraver Jacob Perkins, for mourners to wear at George Washington's civic funeral procession in Boston. All examples encountered have a small hole inside the rim at 12 o'clock, as issued. This is a well-defined steel-gray medal with a cluster of pinscratches on the reverse between the urn and the border near 7:30.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

HALF CENTS

1793 C-1 Half Cent, VG10 Problem-Free One-Year Type Coin



- 3054** 1793 C-1, B-1, High R.3, VG10 PCGS. CAC. A medium brown representative of the scarce first-year, single-year Liberty Cap Head Left type. LIBERTY and the date are bold, as is the fraction, UNITED, and a majority of OF AMERICA. STATES and HALF CENT are faint but a majority of letters show. Minimally marked, and attractive for the designated grade. Our EAC grade Good 5.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35003 Base PCGS# 1000

1793 C-3, B-3 Half Cent, VG8 Lovely Two-Tone Display



- 3055** 1793 C-3, B-3, R.3, VG8 PCGS. The usual die state. Despite slight surface granularity on both sides, this is a pleasing example with a two-tone presentation. Chocolate-brown fields frame the tan devices on both sides. The date, LIBERTY, legend, and denomination are complete, as are the central obverse and reverse motifs. Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35009 Base PCGS# 1000

1793 C-4 Half Cent, Fine 12 Evenly Struck Type Coin



- 3056** 1793 C-4, B-4, Low R.3, Fine 12 PCGS. Manley Die State 2, as usual. This moderately worn example is pleasing for a variety that is usually seen in low grades with various impairments. The rims remain defined, and all legends and design elements are clear. The portrait and wreath retain major details. The worn relief elements exhibit smooth chocolate-brown surfaces, while the fields have deeper color with slight granularity. Our EAC grade Good 6. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35012 Base PCGS# 1000

1793 C-4, B-4 Half Cent, XF Details Struck Late in the Year



- 3057** 1793 C-4, B-4, Low R.3 — Smoothed — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Manley Die State 2.0 with a defect at the top of the 7. This is the final die state of the last 1793 half cent variety coined for the year. The total mintage of 35,334 half cents were coined from mid-July to mid-September 1793. The final delivery occurred on the coldest day of the month, September 18. That same day, the Mint ceased operations for two months so that personal could flee the yellow fever epidemic, although it was too late for some, such as engraver Joseph Wright who succumbed to the disease a few days earlier. Although smoothing and light scratches are evident on both sides, this piece has otherwise pleasing surfaces and lovely mahogany surfaces. Our EAC grade Fine 15.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

- 3058** 1794 Normal Head, C-1b, B-1b, R.6 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Manley Die State 1.0. The edge is partially visible within the holder, and the wide spacing of the RED in HUNDRED confirms the rare Small Edge Letters subvariety. This medium brown example is moderately granular and has a few hair-thin marks near the profile, along with a small pit southeast of the chin. Our EAC grade VG10.

- 3059** 1794 Normal Head, C-2a, B-2b, High R.2, Fine 15 PCGS. Manley Die State 3.0. A medium brown example with clear types and generally bold legends. Only the NI in UNITED is softly defined. Clashed near the profile, usual for C-2a, and a few minor marks are scattered, including a small dig beneath the A in STATES. Our EAC grade VG8. NGC ID# 2223, PCGS# 35024 Base PCGS# 35015

**1794 Half Cent, XF Details
C-2a, Small Edge Letters**



- 3060** 1794 Normal Head, C-2a, B-2b, High R.2 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. This sea-green and golden-brown representative is mildly glossy, but nonetheless exceptionally nice for this early and scarce date. The strike is consistently crisp, and the only mentionable marks are a few unobtrusive lines on the wreath below the C in CENT. Our EAC grade VF30. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

- 3061** 1794 Normal Head, C-2a, B-2b, High R.2 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Intermingled olive, chestnut, and steel surfaces exhibit moderate corrosion on both sides of this sharply detailed half cent. Prominent clash marks below the chin are partially obscured. Our EAC grade Fine 15.

- 3062** 1794 Normal Head, C-3a, B-5b, R.5, VF25 PCGS. Manley Die State 2.0. Die cracks appear under the chin, and a die bulge occurs right of the 4. This rare Small Edge Letters half cent is chocolate-brown with moderate granularity in the fields. The devices maintain bold detail despite having spent a fair amount of time in circulation. A few thin scratches are noted on the obverse. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 2223, PCGS# 35030 Base PCGS# 35015

**1794 Half Cent, VF35
Normal Head, C-4a**



- 3063** 1794 Normal Head, C-4a, B-6b, R.3, VF35 PCGS. The holder does not permit edge inspection, though leave may be given to presume C-4a, B-6b, a scarce variety, as opposed to its extremely rare cousin. The well struck devices display light to moderate wear, and the chocolate-brown fields present a degree of surface irregularity. Overall, the eye appeal is pleasing. Our EAC grade VF20. *Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 291.* NGC ID# 2223, PCGS# 35036 Base PCGS# 35015

- 3064** 1794 High Relief Head, C-9, B-9, R.2 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Manley Die State 3.0, the scarce late die state with a heavy crack through the cap, another through the tops of LIBERTY, and a rim break joining several dentils left of the fraction. The High Relief Head obverse is found on three varieties, Cohen-7, 8, and 9, and the other two are rarities, so the C-9 die pair is the ideal choice for type and major variety collectors. This example has glossy surfaces with minor flaws in the lower obverse field. The obverse is light tan with attractive blue, teal, and tan on the reverse. Our EAC grade VF20.

- 3065** 1795 Lettered Edge, Punctuated Date, C-2a, B-2a, R.3, Fine 15 PCGS. CAC. Manley Die State 3.0. A clash mark from the pole joins the base of the F in OF to the leaf. The Punctuated Date moniker is the result of a comma-like die defect between 17. This dark brown example maintains strong detail with softness near the central reverse. Lightly marked. Our EAC grade VG7. NGC ID# 2224, PCGS# 35070 Base PCGS# 1015

**1795 C-6a Half Cent, VG8
No Pole, Plain Edge
Flipover Double Strike**



- 3066** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole, Thin Planchet, C-6a, B-6a, R.2 — Flipover Double Strike in Collar — VG8 PCGS. No date is present, but the die marriage is confirmed by the absence of a pole and the presence of a leaf tip below the final A in AMERICA. The first strike was off center, with the fraction denominator and the U in UNITED nearly against the rim, as seen at 9 o'clock relative to the second strike. From the first strike, a majority of AMERICA and LIBERTY are also apparent, the latter near UNITED from the second strike. The second strike was properly centered. Despite the double strike, a letter O from the Talbot, Allum & Lee undertype is apparent near the O in OF. The medium brown surfaces are lightly granular, and a few faint thin marks are noted on the upper reverse, along with a small pit above the C in AMERICA (from the first strike). Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 35089 Base PCGS# 1018

- 3067** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole, Thin Planchet, C-6a, B-6a, R.2 — Broadstruck Out of Collar — VG8 PCGS. Struck approximately 10% off-center toward 10:30. All legends are intact but UNITED is close to the edge, and the right-side dentils are very wide. The STA in STATES is slightly faint but the remaining legends are sharp. A charming chocolate-brown No Pole half cent. Each side has a few hair-thin marks, and small spots are noted near the F in HALF and the C in AMERICA. Our EAC grade Good 4. NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 35089 Base PCGS# 1018

- 3068** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole, Thin Planchet, C-6a, B-6c, R.2, Fine 12 PCGS. An evenly defined and unabraded medium brown example with lightly granular surfaces. The obverse is nicely centered, but the reverse is misaligned several degrees toward 10 o'clock. Struck on a rolled-out 1794 Fuld-2 Talbot, Allum & Lee cent, with the ERT in LIBERTY apparent from the undertype at 3 o'clock on the obverse, while the reverse shows traces of M & LEE between 3 and 5 o'clock. Our EAC grade VG8. NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 35089 Base PCGS# 1018

- 3069** 1797 1 Above 1, C-1, B-1, R.2, VF20 NGC. Manley Die State 2.0, "very scarce," with a prominent field bulge west of the L in LIBERTY and delicate die cracks from the portrait. A pleasing medium to deep brown example. No marks are consequential, and the strike is even except on the H in HALF and the C in CENT. Our EAC grade Fine 12. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2228, PCGS# 35101 Base PCGS# 1042

**1797 Half Cent, VF30
1 Above 1, Cohen-1**



3070 1797 1 Above 1, C-1, B-1, R.2, VF30 PCGS. Manley Die State 2.0. Close inspection reveals a delicate vertical crack from the B in LIBERTY to the top of the portrait. This deep brown representative is only lightly abraded and shows minimal surface granularity. The upper reverse dentils are absent, but the rest of the design displays even wear. Most examples of the variety are in Very Good or lesser grades. The present midgrade half cent will please the devoted specialist. Our EAC grade VF20. NGC ID# 2228, PCGS# 35101 Base PCGS# 1042

3071 1797 Plain Edge, C-2, B-2, R.3 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. A sharp medium brown representative. No marks are apparent, but the surfaces are intermittently granular along the margins and across the central reverse field. The obverse field has a flake out above the tip of the pole. Our EAC grade VF20.

3072 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, VG8 PCGS. Manley Die State 2. This is a well-circulated example, but one that shows smooth, chocolate-brown surfaces. The devices are clearly outlined, and the peripheral legends are bold. There is light chatter in the upper-left obverse field and an unobtrusive rim bump at 4 o'clock on the same side. The overdate feature is plain. Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 222D, PCGS# 35125 Base PCGS# 1057

3073 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, VG8 PCGS. Manley Die State 2.0. The 1802/0 is a much better date. C-2 is the more available of the two marriages, both struck from the same overdated obverse die. This deep brown example has smooth surfaces, and wear is even except on the base of the 180. Abrasions are limited to a few thin marks on the portrait. Our EAC grade Good 6. NGC ID# 222D, PCGS# 35125 Base PCGS# 1057

3074 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, VG8 PCGS. Manley Die State 4.0, "very scarce." A chocolate-brown example of this challenging date. All legends are fully readable. The obverse displays a few minor marks, none of which merit further mention. Protected areas are moderately granular, as made from rusted dies. Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 222D, PCGS# 35125 Base PCGS# 1057

**Prized 1802/0 Half Cent, Fine 12
Reverse of 1802, C-2**



3075 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, Fine 12 PCGS. Manley Die State 2.0, struck before the obverse die was lapped to remove rust. Die States 1 and 2 have the curl left of the date closed with internal detail, while later die states have the curl open. The more available of two die pairs for the year, though it is still scarce in an absolute sense. This appealing Fine example has luminous chocolate-brown surfaces that show glimpses of violet and cinnamon. Each side is minimally marked for the amount of wear received. The central reverse shows weakness that is typical of nearly all known examples. Our EAC grade VG8. NGC ID# 222D, PCGS# 35125 Base PCGS# 1057

3076 1804 Crosslet 4, Stems, C-9, B-8, R.2, MS63 Brown NGC. Manley Die State 2.0, "scarce." A lustrous example with subtle lavender, olive-brown, and mahogany shades. Well struck except on the leaves east of the ribbon loops. Inspection reveals infrequent peripheral marks. Our EAC grade AU50. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222F, PCGS# 35155 Base PCGS# 1069

**1804 C-12 Half Cent, MS64 Brown
No Stems, Crosslet 4**



3077 1804 Crosslet 4, No Stems, C-12, B-11, R.2, MS64 Brown NGC. Chestnut and walnut shades embrace this lustrous and well struck Choice half cent. Marks are confined to a slight reverse rim bump at 5 o'clock. As usual for C-12, the obverse field shows clashes below the ribbon and a granular appearance, as coined from a long-in-use die. Our EAC grade MS60. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222F, PCGS# 35173 Base PCGS# 1072

**1806 Half Cent, AG Details
Small 6, Stems
C-3 Terminal Die State
The Discovery Coin**



- 3078 1806 Small 6, Stems, C-3, B-2, FS-301, Low R.6 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. AG Details.** This variety was not listed in the Gilbert reference, and was identified by B. Max Mehl. Walter Breen wrote:

“The discovery coin was ex Neil: 2235, originally identified by Neil as ‘Gilbert 2,’ and in the Neil sale as ‘Not in Gilbert,’ where it was purchased by Joseph Brobston. In November 1952, this designation was changed to read ‘Obverse Gilbert 1, reverse Gilbert 2,’ after Brobston had compared it with his uncirculated Gilbert 2, in conference with this writer.”

Manley Die State 3.0, with a dramatic cud over the IC in AMERICA. Dr. Ron Manley (1998) calls this state “extremely rare, only 5 known.” The cud is presumably the cause for the early discard of the reverse die, and the unusual rarity of C-3. This minimally granular medium brown example is nicely detailed for the AG level, and has a bold date. HALF CENT and UNITED STATES are also sharp. An narrow indentation at the B in LIBERTY causes a bend, and the fraction is worn smooth, as is the final A in AMERICA. OF AME is faint, but the all-important cud is distinct. Our EAC grade AG3.

Ex: Will W. Neil (B. Max Mehl, 6/1947), lot 2235; Joseph Brobston (Stack’s, 1963 FPL); Philip M. Showers (Stack’s, privately 1969); Willis I. duPont; Fred Werner (2/20/1977); Larry Goldberg (2/22/1977); Joe Flynn (4/26/1977); R. Tettenhorst (Davy Collection, Part II, Goldberg Coins, 9/2011), lot 332, where it realized \$6,038.

- 3079 1806 Large 6, Stems, C-4, B-4, R.1, MS62 Brown PCGS.** Manley Die State 1.0. A mahogany-brown example that has smooth fields and good eye appeal. The portrait displays a few small marks. The strike is good except on the bust tip and opposite near the second S in STATES. Our EAC grade AU50. NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 35200 Base PCGS# 1099

- 3080 1806 Large 6, Stems, C-4, B-4, R.1, MS62 Brown PCGS.** The oversized 6 attributes the variety. This primarily chocolate-brown Draped Bust half cent exhibits noticeable luster and impressively smooth surfaces. The second S in STATES and the uppermost portion of the wreath show softness. Our EAC grade AU55.
Ex: Rosemont Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 55, which realized \$1,840. NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 35200 Base PCGS# 1099

- 3081 1811 Wide Date, C-1, B-1, Low R.4 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. Good Details.** Manley Die State 4.0, “extremely rare. 5-6 specimens known,” with a cud affixed to the first two stars. Most survivors of this challenging variety are either the early die state without cuds, or the late die state with the cud extended through star 4. Although designated as Good Details, the obverse legends and stars are clear, as is UNITED STATES OF and HALF CENT. AMERICA is faint. The deep brown surfaces are granular, and the lower right reverse border displays a couple of linear depressions. Our EAC grade Fair 2. NGC ID# 222S, PCGS# 35239 Base PCGS# 1135

**1811 C-1 Half Cent, VF35
The Elusive Wide Date**



- 3082 1811 Wide Date, C-1, B-1, Low R.4, VF35 PCGS. CAC.** The dusky-brown surfaces are free of significant marks. The design motifs are well centered on the planchet and crisply reproduced overall, even if most of the obverse stars are flat. This is an acceptable Choice VF representative of this scarce, low mintage half cent delivery. Our EAC grade VF25. NGC ID# 222S, PCGS# 35239 Base PCGS# 1135

**1825 C-2, B-2 Half Cent, MS64 Brown
Early Die State**



- 3083 1825 C-2, B-2, R.1, MS64 Brown PCGS.** Manley Die State 1.0 with full definition on the branch stem. Curiously, clash marks within the wreath, characteristic of MDS 3.0, are also present. A beautiful deep brown near-Gem that exhibits lavender, rose, and sea-green undertones. The coruscating surfaces are virtually unabraded. Our EAC grade MS60. NGC ID# 222T, PCGS# 35249 Base PCGS# 1141

- 3084 1826 C-2, B-2, R.3 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc. Details.** Manley Die State 2.0, “rare”, with clash marks apparent within the wreath near the H and F in HALF. Cohen-2 is significantly scarcer than Cohen-1, and is seldom encountered with Mint State sharpness. This sea-green, powder-blue, and lilac example is slightly glossy and displays a few hair-thin marks above CENT. Our EAC grade AU50.

- 3085 1833 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS65 Brown PCGS. CAC.** Manley Die State 2.0. Plentiful glimpses of brick-red accompany design elements, but the fields and motifs are toned chocolate-brown. Remarkably free from contact, and exceptional for the designated grade. Our EAC grade MS62. NGC ID# 222Z, PCGS# 35282 Base PCGS# 1162

- 3086 1853 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS66 Brown PCGS. CAC.** A sharply struck medium brown type representative. The satiny surfaces show only minor imperfections. Unobtainable in a higher numerical grade. Our EAC grade MS62. Population: 12 in 66 Brown, 0 finer (11/16). CAC: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26YX, PCGS# 35327 Base PCGS# 1227

- 3087 1855 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** Ample initial pumpkin-gold cedes to gray on the open field and Liberty’s cheek and neck. Devoid of marks, although a faint fingerprint fragment is seen on the upper reverse. Well struck save for the right-side obverse dentils. Encased in a first generation holder. Our EAC grade MS63.

Ex: Los Angeles Signature (Heritage, 8/2009), lot 41, which realized \$2,070. NGC ID# 26YZ, PCGS# 35334 Base PCGS# 1234

PROOF BRAIDED HAIR HALF CENTS

1842 B-3 Half Cent, PR64 Brown
Second Restrike



- 3088** 1842 Second Restrike, B-3, R.6, PR64 Brown PCGS. The short die lines over RICA of AMERICA identify the Second Restrike proof half cents, also known as the Reverse of 1856 proofs, since the reverse die was first used for the 1856 half cents, then followed for the proof restrikes dated 1840 to 1849. This Choice proof exhibits lovely light brown on the obverse, and steel-brown on the reverse, with fully mirrored fields and splendid iridescent overtones. Our EAC grade PR62. PCGS# 35354 Base PCGS# 1263

1844 Half Cent, PR64 Brown
Second Restrike, B-3



- 3089** 1844 Second Restrike, B-3, R.6, PR64 Brown PCGS Secure. Die file marks at the border above RICA identify this as a Second Restrike half cent. With the sole exception of the 1849 Large Date business strikes, all half cents dated in the 1840s are proof-only issues, and they are known by the terms Original, First Restrike, and Second Restrike. This desirable proof is sharply detailed with olive and pale orange surfaces. The fields are moderately mirrored. Our EAC grade PR63. Population: 5 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26ZB, PCGS# 1275

1848 B-1 Original Half Cent
Large Berries, PR62 Red and Brown



- 3090** 1848 Original, B-1, Low R.6, PR62 Red and Brown PCGS. The series of Original proof-only Braided Hair half cents issued from 1840 to 1849, and in 1852, feature large berries in the wreath on the reverse, while First Restrikes and Second Restrikes had small berries in the wreath. This example has blue, green, and violet toning splashed on pinkish-orange surfaces with lightly mirrored fields around its sharply detailed devices. Trivial contact marks are evident on both sides. Our EAC grade PR50. PCGS# 1297

1852 B-2 Half Cent, PR64 Brown
First Restrike



- 3091** 1852 First Restrike, B-2, R.4, PR64 Brown PCGS. The doubled T in CENT signifies the First Restrike that is encountered as often as any other proof half cent variety. This is a great choice for a type collection. This piece has bold design definition and satiny light brown surfaces with little remaining mirrored surface. A nice match for a brown Mint State set of 1850s half cents. Our EAC grade PR60. Population: 4 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 4 finer (11/16). PCGS# 35402 Base PCGS# 1317

1855 C-1, B-1 Half Cent, PR62 Brown
Affordable Quality



- 3092** 1855 PR62 Brown NGC. CAC. C-1, B-1, R.5 as a Proof. A few small marks in the left obverse field, and trivial marks on the reverse, limit the grade of this attractive proof half cent. Both sides have fully mirrored fields with pleasing tan color and splashes of delicate blue toning. Our EAC grade PR60.
Ex: David Lawrence Rare Coins (Internet Auction #547, 1/2011), lot 5002. NGC ID# 26ZW, PCGS# 1326

1857 B-2 Half Cent, PR63 Brown
Final Proof Date



- 3093** 1857 PR63 Brown PCGS. B-2, R.4. Although the full strike and reflective fields confirm status as a proof, doubling on HALF CENT is also diagnostic for the Breen variety. A pleasing Select specimen with blended golden-brown and olive-green toning. Minor laminations, as made, are noted near star 13 and on the bust truncation above the 8 in the date. NGC ID# 26ZY, PCGS# 1332

LARGE CENTS

- 3094** 1793 Chain, AMERI., S-1, B-1, R.4, Poor 1 PCGS. Destined for a "Low-Ball" PCGS Registry set is this Chain cent that has surprisingly smooth surfaces for the grade. Both sides are pleasing olive-brown with a few small marks. Our EAC grade Poor 1. NGC ID# 223G, PCGS# 35432 Base PCGS# 1340

1793 S-2, B-2 Cent, Good 6 AMERICA Reverse



- 3095** 1793 Chain, AMERICA, S-2, B-2, High R.4, Good 6 NGC. The reverse has AMERICA spelled in its entirety on this variety that shares an obverse die with the Chain AMERI cent. This piece has smooth olive-brown surfaces with the date and LIBERTY weak but completely visible. As usual, the reverse is sharper with a bold chain. Our EAC grade Good 4. NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35435 Base PCGS# 1341

1793 S-4, B-5 Chain Cent, AG Details Periods Obverse



- 3096** 1793 Chain, AMERICA, Periods, S-4, B-5, R.3 — Smoothed — PCGS Genuine. AG Details. Although the surfaces of this olive-brown cent have been smoothed, the overall appearance is highly acceptable for a low-grade Chain cent. The obverse has a bold LIBERTY and weak date, with a nearly complete outline of the bust. The chain and denomination are particularly bold, with a weak but complete legend. Our EAC grade AG3.
Ex: Jack Beymer (1986). NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35444 Base PCGS# 91341

1793 Chain Cent, Good 4 Periods, S-4, B-5



- 3097** 1793 Chain, AMERICA, Periods, S-4, B-5, R.3, Good 4 PCGS. Though the date is nearly worn smooth, the period after the Y in LIBERTY is bold, confirming the variety. Generally doeskin-brown surfaces show areas of fresher copper-gold near the margins, especially where rim bumps occur. The mildly abraded reverse shows a degree of peripheral weakness, but the chain remains bold. Our EAC grade AG3.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 164. NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35444 Base PCGS# 91341

1793 S-4, B-5 Chain Cent, VG8 Periods Obverse



- 3098** 1793 Chain, AMERICA, Periods, S-4, B-5, R.3, VG8 PCGS. Breen Die State II, with two die cracks that begin at the border about 7:30, one extending inward toward the lower hair curls, and the other extending downward along the border toward the date. Both of these cracks are obscured by extremely light surface roughness on this cent. Both sides are pleasing in appearance with intermingled chestnut and walnut-brown toning. The obverse has a bold LIBERTY and period, with a weak date and outlined bust. The chain on the reverse is typically sharp with weak legends. Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35444 Base PCGS# 91341

3099 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-5, B-6, R.4 — Burnished, Rim Damage — NGC Details. Fine. Breen Die State III, “extremely rare,” with a cud joining the tops of the ER in LIBERTY. A later die state than ANS477, with an additional rim break over the Y. The deep brown surfaces are moderately glossy, and obverse edge knocks are noted at 2:30, 3:30, 5:30, and 10:30. Nonetheless, an above average example of this scarcer Wreath cent die variety. Our EAC grade Good 6.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

3100 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-6, B-7, R.3 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine. An evenly granular steel-gray example of this popular first-year, single-year type. The definition is sharper than expected for the Fine level, since all legends and berries are bold, and even the left-side reverse dentils are clear. Free from any relevant abrasions. Our EAC grade Good 6. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35450 Base PCGS# 1347

3101 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-8, B-13, R.3 — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. The rims on both sides have been filed to diminish the appearance of rim bumps or nicks on this late die state S-8 Wreath cent. The bisecting reverse crack has progressed to a diagonal bulge inside the wreath. Our EAC grade Good 4.
Purchased from Bowers and Ruddy in 1970.

**1793 S-8, B-13 Wreath Cent, Fine 15
Vine and Bars Edge**



3102 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-8, B-13, R.3, Fine 15 NGC. This Wreath cent exhibits steel patina on the chestnut-brown surfaces with slight roughness in the obverse fields, although not enough to prevent a numerical grade from NGC. The central reverse weakness is the result of a diagonal die bulge that is seen to some extent on all known examples of this variety. Our EAC grade VG8. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35456 Base PCGS# 1347

**1793 S-8 Wreath Cent, VF20
Bulged Reverse Die**



3103 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-8, B-13, R.3, VF20 PCGS. The reverse has a bulge inside the wreath along the diagonal die crack of earlier die states. This splendid Wreath cent exhibits lovely olive, steel, and deep maroon toning with microscopic granularity on each side. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35456 Base PCGS# 1347

3104 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-9, B-12, R.2 — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. The surfaces exhibit reddish-brown and tan surfaces with the obverse smooth to diminish corrosion, and the reverse mostly untouched. This early die state shows little evidence of the reverse cracks that form at the lower right. Our EAC grade Good 4.
Purchased from Jim Ritchards.

**1793 S-9, B-12 Wreath Cent, VF Details
Vine and Bars Edge**



3105 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-9, B-12, R.2 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. This appears to be an early die state, although the fine surface granularity may obscure the reverse die cracks. Both sides deep steel with traces of reddish-brown on the devices. This piece exhibits respectable detail with a nicely centered strike. Our EAC grade VG10.

**1793 S-10, B-10 Wreath Cent, VF25
Early Die State**



3106 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-10, B-10, R.4, VF25 PCGS. Breen Die State 1 with beading still visible on the obverse at 2:30 as that area of the border was protected by a die flaw. There should also be a rim break above UNITE, although wear and uneven centering has rendered that feature obsolete. This piece exhibits smooth olive and chestnut-brown surfaces with maroon patina. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35462 Base PCGS# 1347

**1793 S-11b, B-16b Wreath Cent, VF20
Lettered Edge**



3107 1793 Wreath, Lettered Edge, S-11b, B-16b, R.4, VF20 PCGS. This is the elusive Lettered Edge variety with two leaves following DOLLAR. Both sides have smooth and highly appealing olive-brown surfaces, exhibiting a few minuscule rim bumps and trivial marks on the obverse. This piece is from the renowned Philip Van Cleave Collection. Our EAC grade Fine 15.
Ex: John Zug (3/1934); Philip Van Cleave (Kagin's, 1/1986), lot 5012; Del N. Bland; J.H. Mackie; Jack Beymer. NGC ID# 223J, PCGS# 35474 Base PCGS# 1350

1793 Wreath Cent, VF Details
Lettered Edge, S-11c



- 3108** 1793 Wreath, Lettered Edge, S-11c, B-16c, Low R.3 — Burnished — NGC Details. VF. Breen Die State III, the obverse boldly clashed. A richly detailed example of this single-year design subtype, struck during the first year of coinage at the Philadelphia Mint. The medium to deep brown surfaces are minimally glossy and only minutely granular. Marks are confined to small edge nicks near the 1 in the date, the L in LIBERTY, and the T in UNITED. Our EAC grade Fine 12.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

- 3109** 1793 Wreath, Lettered Edge, S-11c, B-16c, Low R.3 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Breen Die State II. A richly detailed but somewhat granular walnut-brown Wreath cent. Marks are relatively few, but we note a vertical mark at the O in ONE, a small reverse rim ding at 8 o'clock, and a couple of faded thin vertical lines on the left obverse field. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223J, PCGS# 35477 Base PCGS# 1350

1793 S-13, B-20 Cent, Fine Details
Full Border Beads



- 3110** 1793 Liberty Cap, S-13, B-20, Low R.4 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. Despite the light surface corrosion on each side, this attractive example features lines of steel toning on its light brown surfaces with a nicely centered strike that shows full and complete border details on each side. The rims are sharp and clear with no edge bumps visible on either side. Our EAC grade Good 6.
Ex: Jack Beymer.

1793 S-14, B-17 Cent, VF Details
The Famous Bisecting Crack



- 3111** 1793 Liberty Cap, S-14, B-17, Low R.5 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. The Bisecting Crack variety is instantly recognized from a distance as all known examples feature the distinctive vertical die crack on the obverse through the E of LIBERTY, the bust, and down to the border just right of the 3 in the date. This example exhibits dark steel patina and lightly corroded yet attractive surfaces. Our EAC grade Fine 12.
Ex: Bowers and Merena (1987).

- 3112** 1794 Head of 1794, S-29, B-11, R.2, VF25 NGC. Breen Die State I. An olive-brown representative with pleasing definition. Surface granularity is confined to a spot on the base of the throat. Relatively minor marks are noted between the BE in LIBERTY and the NI in UNITED. Our EAC grade Fine 15. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35552 Base PCGS# 901374

1794 S-30, B-12 Cent, VF35
The First Marred Field



- 3113** 1794 Head of 1794, S-30, B-12, R.1, VF35 PCGS. Breen Die State III. Small die chips left of the hair curls identify this piece as the first Marred Field variety. Additional varieties from this same obverse die have enlarged die chips. Minor clash marks and a sharp die crack through the R of AMERICA are characteristic of the late die states. Both sides exhibit mottled mahogany and light tan surfaces with a faint scratch across the upper obverse. Our EAC grade VF20.
Ex: Bowers and Merena (11/1992). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35555 Base PCGS# 901374

- 3114** 1794 Head of 1794, S-55, B-47, R.2, VF30 PCGS. CAC. The obverse die crack and the position of the A in STATES are sufficient to identify this variety that is nicknamed the Office Boy reverse because the quality of engraving is far below the ability of Robert Scot, suggesting that a subordinate engraved the die. This piece exhibits smooth mahogany and light olive surfaces with a small rim bump over the cap. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35627 Base PCGS# 901374

1794 S-57, B-55 Cent, AU55
Button on Cap



- 3115** 1794 Head of 1794, S-57, B-55, R.1, AU55 PCGS. A small die lump attached to the lower left corner of the cap looks like a button and gives this variety its name. The parallel depressions in the right obverse field are present on most known examples. This pleasing piece has intermingled olive and steel-brown surfaces with considerable cartwheel luster. Our EAC grade XF45.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35633 Base PCGS# 901374

1794 S-63, B-37 Cent, XF45
The Famous Fallen 4 Variety



- 3116** 1794 Head of 1794, S-63, B-37, R.2, XF45 PCGS. Breen Die State II with obverse clash marks. This is an outstanding example of the Fallen 4 variety, named for the position of the 94 with the 4 lower than the 9. In reality, it should probably be named the "High 9" variety. Pleasing greenish-brown surfaces exhibit a trivial rim bruise below the date and another over the final S in STATES. Our EAC grade VF30.
Ex: Coin Galleries (5/1987), lot 1078; Chris Victor-McCawley (1993). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35651 Base PCGS# 901374

1794 Head of 1794 Cent, XF40
S-65, Terminal Die State



- 3117** 1794 Head of 1794, S-65, B-51, R.1, XF40 PCGS. CAC. Breen Die State IX, the terminal state for the Shielded Hair variety with broad radial cracks on the reverse at 12 and 5 o'clock. The second A in AMERICA is faint due to the failing reverse die, and the date exhibits two bold cracks. A pleasing tan-brown cent with hints of olive-green toning near the rims. The surfaces are minimally marked and void of verdigris. Our EAC grade VF25. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35654 Base PCGS# 901374

- 3118** 1794 Head of 1795, S-70, B-62, R.2, VF25 PCGS. Breen Die State II with a bold radial crack between the TY in LIBERTY. The deep brown surfaces exhibit a few narrow flan striations (as made) near the profile, but abrasions are limited to minor field ticks near the chin and the E in UNITED. Our EAC grade VG8.
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 45. NGC ID# 223R, PCGS# 35693 Base PCGS# 1365

1794 Liberty Cap Cent, AU53
S-70, Head of 1795



- 3119** 1794 Head of 1795, S-70, B-62, R.2, AU53 NGC. Breen Die State IV. The heavy radial die crack between the TY in LIBERTY helps attribute this lightly circulated Liberty Cap cent. Clashes near the right wreath stem confirm the late die state. The fields and motifs are practically devoid of marks, spots, and granularity, though the rims display a few unimportant knocks. Our EAC grade XF40.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 223R, PCGS# 35693 Base PCGS# 1365

1795 S-78 Cent, Fine Details
Triple Struck, Last Strike Flipover



- 3120** 1795 Plain Edge, S-78, B-8, R.1 — Triple Struck, Last Strike Flipover — NCS. Fine Details. The first strike was normal. The second strike was approximately 30% off center toward 10:30. The third strike, a flipover, was 10% off center toward 10 o'clock. Fortunately, all three dates are visible and complete, although the dates from the first two strikes are affected by lavender verdigris. The deep walnut-brown surfaces are evenly granular and are free from consequential contact. Our EAC grade Good 6.

**1796 Liberty Cap Cent, XF45
Scarce Sheldon-88**



- 3121 1796 Liberty Cap, S-88, B-9, R.4, XF45 NGC.** A scarce Sheldon variety of this better Liberty Cap date. The hair near the ear shows moderate wear but the remainder of the design is sharp. The blended tan-brown and gunmetal surfaces are impressively free from abrasions, though minor granularity is noted beneath the I in LIBERTY. Our EAC grade VF30. NGC ID# 223V, PCGS# 35771 Base PCGS# 1392

**1796 Flip-Over Double Strike Cent
S-89, B-10**



- 3122 1796 Liberty Cap, S-89, B-10, R.3 — Flip-Over Double Strike, Surfaces Tooled — PCGS Genuine.** The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests Damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of a VF specimen that has tooled surfaces. Although minor scratches and smoothing appear on the surfaces, this is a remarkable example that shows much of the wreath and reverse legend at the upper right and lower right obverse. Likewise, substantial detail from the bust and cap appear on the reverse. The first strike was off-center and the second strike was properly centered. Our EAC grade VG10.

- 3123 1796 Reverse of 1795, S-92, B-28, R.3, Fine 15 NGC.** This walnut-brown representative has evenly microgranular surfaces, and is unabraded aside from a few faint thin marks on the left obverse field. All legends are readable. UNITED and ONE CENT are bold. The curls behind Liberty's neck are well detailed. Our EAC grade VG10. NGC ID# 223W, PCGS# 35813 Base PCGS# 1401

**1797 S-123, B-12 Cent, MS64 Brown
Nichols Find Variety**



- 3124 1797 Reverse of 1797, Stems, S-123, B-12, R.4, MS64 Brown PCGS.** There are three varieties that are generally associated with the famous Nichols Find of large cents. The three are 1796 S-119, 1797 S-123, and 1797 S-135. The S-123 that is offered here may be quickly recognized by the small die flaw that is always present on Liberty's cheek below the eye. The reverse has a tiny rim break that connects two dentils over TA of STATES, and this reverse was also used for the 1796 S-119 cents, although on that variety in a later die state, proving that the 1796 coins were struck after these 1797 cents. This Choice Mint State piece exhibits splendid mahogany-brown surfaces with sharp design motifs. Most or all of the trivial surface marks were present on the planchet before this piece was struck. Our EAC grade MS60. NGC ID# 2242, PCGS# 35909 Base PCGS# 1422

- 3125 1798 First Hair Style, S-157, B-15, R.2, XF45 PCGS.** Bowers Die State III-IV. A late die state with advanced rust and crumbling on portions of the wreath and obverse field, as made. A well detailed walnut-brown cent with generally pleasing surfaces. We note a couple of tiny ticks near ONE CENT, and the right obverse field displays delicate vertical hairlines. Our EAC grade VF30. NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36035 Base PCGS# 1431

1798 S-161 Cent, Choice XF
First Hair Style



- 3126 1798 First Hair Style, S-161, B-22, R.2, XF45 NGC. Breen Die State IX. The large "cud" over the TES in STATES allows immediate specialist attribution of Sheldon-161. This golden-brown representative displays substantial mint shimmer and is evenly defined throughout. A slightly granular areas of gunmetal toning is noted near Liberty's shoulder, and moderate marks accompany the A in STATES. Our EAC grade VF25. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36047 Base PCGS# 1431

1798 S-187, B-40 Cent, AU58
Probable Condition Census



- 3127 1798 Second Hair Style, S-187, B-40, R.1, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Breen Die State II, with obverse cracks from TY to the border at 3 o'clock, and from the first crack to the border at 4:30. The reverse has cracks through CA to the right ribbon end. A lovely example that features olive-brown surfaces and golden-tan that is faded from original mint red. Our EAC grade AU55, placing this piece at the low end of the Condition Census for the variety. NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36128 Base PCGS# 1434

1799 S-189 Cent, VG10



- 3128 1799 S-189, B-3, R.2, VG10 PCGS. Breen Die State IV. A minimally abraded walnut-brown example of the Draped Bust key. Most of the date is bold, and the knobs of the 9s are distinct. The die chip below the E in ONE provides further confirmation. LIBERTY and the fraction are readable, and the remaining legends are clear. The high points and margins are moderately granular. Our EAC grade Good 5. NGC ID# 2246, PCGS# 36140 Base PCGS# 1443

- 3129 1800 S-209, B-23, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Breen Die State VI. Numerous clash marks occur on the obverse, and a die crack passes through the entirety of AMERICA. Interestingly, Liberty's portrait shows a series of bold, vertical reeding marks. This steel-blue and chocolate-brown cent is well-defined with localized softness near the upper-right reverse. Our EAC grade VF20. NGC ID# 2248, PCGS# 36215 Base PCGS# 1449

- 3130 1802 S-225, B-1, R.3, AU53 NGC. Breen Die State IV with a die break through several obverse dentils at 6 o'clock. S-225 ranks among the scarcer 1802 Sheldon varieties, and die state collecting further reduces the number of nice examples typically available. This deep golden-brown cent shows light wear on the leaves, along with minor marks on the right obverse field and moderate granularity near TED STA. Our EAC grade XF40. NGC ID# 224E, PCGS# 36290 Base PCGS# 1470

- 3131 1802 S-232, B-12, R.1, AU50 PCGS. CAC. Breen Die State II, with dentils clashed near AMERICA and a rim die break beneath the 18 in the date. A blundered obverse die with the T in LIBERTY over an errant Y, also seen on S-233. A smooth medium brown cent that has noticeable luster. An obverse edge nick appears at 6 o'clock, and the centers have a few shallow flaws. Our EAC grade VF35. *Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 71.* NGC ID# 224E, PCGS# 36305 Base PCGS# 1470

- 3132 1803 Small Date, Large Fraction, S-258, B-17, R.1, AU50 PCGS. Breen Die State IV with clash marks from the hair near the C in CENT, and an arc-shaped crack through the 1 in the date. The medium brown surfaces are exceptionally smooth, despite a small rim mark near the final A in AMERICA. Our EAC grade XF45. *Ex: Early Copper Auction #9 (7/1993), lot 632; The Mac MacDonald Collection (Heritage, 9/1997), lot 5163.* NGC ID# 224G, PCGS# 36398 Base PCGS# 1485

1803 S-264 Cent, Fine Details
Large Date, Small Fraction



- 3133 1803 Large Date, Small Fraction, S-264, B-24, High R.4 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. Breen Die State III, with a large biplanar die break at STATES. The Large Date, Small Fraction combination is the scarce *Guide Book* variety. This example shows strong interior detail, particularly in Liberty's hair curls, with mostly defined rims and readable legends. The high points of the design elements have reddish-brown patina. The fields show extensive corrosion that prevents a numeric grade. Our EAC grade Good 4. NGC ID# 224G, PCGS# 36410 Base PCGS# 1497

**1806 S-270 Cent, Choice AU
Conditionally Rare**



- 3134 1806 S-270, B-1, R.1, AU55 PCGS Secure.** Breen Die State III, multiply clashed near the portrait. The sole dies for this conditionally rare issue. Plenty of 1806 cents exist in grades through Fine, but examples with minimal wear are elusive. This sharp example exhibits deep walnut-brown and sea-green toning. Marks are nearly absent, but we note as an identifier a small wedge-shaped flaw on the obverse rim at 7:30. Our EAC grade XF40. Population: 2 in 55, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 224L, PCGS# 36436 Base PCGS# 1513

1807/6 Cent, S-273, AU53



- 3135 1807/6 Pointed 1, S-273, B-3, R.1, AU53 PCGS.** Breen Die State II, clashed. The strike is even and well-centered, showing bold definition of the central devices. Minor high-point wear determines the grade. This piece displays deep reddish-brown color with mostly smooth surfaces. There is an area of roughness behind the ribbon on the obverse and there are a few tiny marks along the lower reverse rim. Our EAC grade XF40. NGC ID# 224N, PCGS# 36442 Base PCGS# 1528

- 3136 1810 S-282, B-3, R.2, XF40 PCGS.** Breen Die State III. The fields are faded golden-brown, and the high points are gunmetal-gray. A pleasing, problem-free example of the conditionally scarce Classic type. The reverse die is misaligned a few degrees toward 1:30, with the tops of ES OF AM close to the rim. Our EAC grade VF25. NGC ID# 224S, PCGS# 36475 Base PCGS# 1549

**1812 S-288, B-3 Cent, MS62 Brown
Large Date**



- 3137 1812 Large Date, S-288, B-3, R.2, MS62 Brown NGC.** Breen Die State III, exhibiting extensive reverse flowlines with the top of S OF A merged into the rim. This delightful Classic Head cent features attractive chestnut-brown surfaces with splashes of steel toning and hints of frosty tan luster. Our EAC grade AU55. NGC ID# 224W, PCGS# 36505 Base PCGS# 1564

- 3138 1813 S-292, B-2, R.2, XF45 PCGS. CAC.** Breen Die State V. The reverse dentils are absent, and the obverse field has an orange-peel texture, all as made. A well defined deep brown example of the conditionally rare Classic Head type. No marks are of consequence. A minor spot is relegated to the field between the CA in AMERICA. Our EAC grade VF25. NGC ID# 224X, PCGS# 36511 Base PCGS# 1570

**1814 S-295, B-2, Plain 4 Cent, AU58
Chestnut-Brown and Steel-Blue Color**



- 3139 1814 Plain 4, S-295, B-2, R.1, AU58 PCGS.** An intermediate die state with an arcing die crack at the lower right obverse. Two distinctive varieties are known for the 1814 cents, the last of their kind. The copper supply was exhausted and the embargos of the War of 1812 delayed a new planchet supply from England. This near-Mint cent has frosty luster with chestnut and chocolate-brown surfaces. Steel-blue accents are seen throughout. Our EAC grade AU50. NGC ID# 224Y, PCGS# 36517 Base PCGS# 1576

- 3140 1819/(8) Large Date, N-2, R.1, MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC.** An outstanding Choice cent. The golden-brown surfaces shimmer with luster, and no marks or spots are apparent. The upper stars are incompletely brought up, and the peripheries display die rust, as made and usual for N-2. Our EAC grade MS60. NGC ID# 2255, PCGS# 36631 Base PCGS# 1603

**1826 N-6 Cent, MS64 Brown
From the Dan Holmes Collection**



- 3141 1826 N-6, R.2, MS64 Brown PCGS.** This lovely cent exhibits chestnut and mahogany-brown on the obverse, with rich walnut-brown on the reverse. The pristine surfaces exhibit a small area of lighter gold at Star 11. The strike is sharp, save for a few stars at the top of the obverse. Our EAC grade MS60.
Ex: Dr. Wallace Lee (Superior/M&G, 5/2003), lot 707; Tom Reynolds; Superior/M&G (9/2004), lot 800; Dan Holmes (Superior/M&G, 5/2010), lot 221. NGC ID# 225G, PCGS# 36826 Base PCGS# 1645

- 3142 1828 Large Narrow Date, N-6, R.1, MS63 Brown PCGS.** A sharply struck mahogany-brown and steel-gray example. The surfaces are satiny and display only minimal contact. A middle die state with clash marks near the C in CENT, and a crack on the lower right obverse, but no cracks from stars to the portrait. Our EAC grade AU55. NGC ID# 225J, PCGS# 36889 Base PCGS# 1654

**1834 N-2 Cent, MS66 Brown
Glossy and Eye-Appealing**



- 3143** 1834 Small 8, Large Stars, Medium Letters, N-2, R.1, MS66 Brown NGC. CAC. The usual die state with a crack from the A in AMERICA down to the wreath. Beginning in 1834, most large cent dates are much easier to find in Mint State grades than in previous years. Both sides are mahogany-brown and forest-green with vibrant mint luster. Traces of faded mint Red reside in selected protected areas. Our EAC grade MS60. NGC ID# 225R, PCGS# 37054 Base PCGS# 1708

**1837 N-10 Cent, MS67 Brown
Beaded Hair Cords**



- 3144** 1837 Head of 1838, N-10, R.1, MS67 Brown NGC. CAC. This stunning Superb Gem exhibits frosty surfaces and full cartwheel luster with vivid blue toning on its dark chocolate-brown surfaces. Traces of faded mint red is mostly visible at the center of the reverse. Although the stars are bluntly struck, the central design elements appear in bold relief. A lovely example for the early cent connoisseur. Our EAC grade MS63. Census: 2 in 67 Brown, 0 finer for all varieties of 1837 cents (11/16). PCGS# 37135 Base PCGS# 1729
- 3145** 1837 Plain Cords, Medium Letters, N-16, R.3, MS64 Brown PCGS. This lustrous cent exhibits ample red near the stars and around the portrait. The reverse is medium olive-brown. We note two ticks on the nose and cheek, and a spot on the reverse rim at 6 o'clock. Struck from a buckled reverse die, with low relief on UNITED STATES OF. Our EAC grade MS62. Population: 44 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 32 finer (11/16). PCGS# 37174 Base PCGS# 1735
- 3146** 1839 Petite Head of 1840, N-8, R.1, MS63 Brown PCGS. A lovely prooflike chocolate-brown example. The strike is bold, and the surfaces display minimal contact, confined to the upper obverse field. A transitional variety, Newcomb-8 is the only 1839 Petite Head die marriage. Our EAC grade AU55. NGC ID# 2265, PCGS# 37265 Base PCGS# 1817

**1839 Petite Head of 1840 Cent, MS65 Brown
Newcomb-8**



- 3147** 1839 Petite Head of 1840, N-8, R.1, MS65 Brown PCGS. Ex: Troy Wiseman Collection. First year of issue for the new Petite Head Braided Hair cent. This is the only known die combination known for the date with the Petite Head obverse design. Both sides of the present piece have frosty and intermingled olive and dark brown surfaces, with faint traces of faded mint red color. Our EAC grade MS60.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2006), lot 190; ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 1062. NGC ID# 2265, PCGS# 37265 Base PCGS# 1817

1839 N-9 Silly Head Cent, MS65 Brown



- 3148** 1839 Silly Head, N-9, R.2, MS65 Brown PCGS. Noyes Die State B with "mushy" denticles. The bisecting obverse die crack from 11 to 5 o'clock allows for prompt attribution. A satiny Gem with a well-struck portrait. The obverse is light golden-brown, the reverse is gunmetal-blue with glimpses of chocolate-brown. Unabraded save for a pair of minor marks near star 11. Our EAC grade MS60.
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 94; West Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 63. NGC ID# 225Y, PCGS# 37234 Base PCGS# 1748

**1839 N-9 Cent, MS66 Brown
From the Twin Leafs Collection**



- 3149** 1839 Silly Head, N-9, R.2, MS66 Brown PCGS. CAC. Ex: Twin Leaf Collection. This Choice Mint State N-9 cent has a bisecting obverse die crack from the border to the tip of the cornet, then down across Liberty's portrait. A narrow rim break is evident below the 18. This lovely cent exhibits full cartwheel luster with tinges of mellow orange mint luster on each side. This exceptional Premium Gem has splendid unmarked surfaces with grand eye appeal. Our EAC grade MS63.
Ex: Howard Newcomb (J.C. Morgenthau, 5/1945), lot 70; Floyd T. Starr (Stack's, 6/1984), lot 384; Roy E. Naftzger, Jr. (2/2001); Twin Leaf Collector (Stack's, 3/2016), lot 10201. NGC ID# 225Y, PCGS# 37234 Base PCGS# 1748

1840 Cent, MS66 Brown
Large Date, N-8
Ex: Naftzger



- 3150** 1840 Large Date, N-8, R.1, MS66 Brown PCGS. CAC. Ex: Naftzger Collection. Grellman Die State b. A gorgeous chocolate-brown Premium Gem. Contact is virtually absent, and carbon is confined to a couple of tiny tan and gray freckles near star 3. The Naftzger catalog stated that the present cent was "called MS65 and tied for CC#2 in the Noyes census, his photo #30970. Our grade is MS64, CC#3 in the Grellman census." We concur with Grellman's EAC grade. Population: 1 in 66 Brown, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: 1959 New York/New Jersey Auction Sales, 3/1959, lot 737; Del Bland; Willard C. Blaisdell; Ted Naftzger Collection Part III (Ira & Larry Goldberg, 9/2009), lot 613, which realized \$8,050. PCGS# 395840 Base PCGS# 1820

1844 N-1 Cent, MS65 Brown



- 3151** 1844 N-1, R.1, MS65 Brown NGC. Grellman Die State c with a delicate die crack through star 10. An exemplary medium brown cent. Contact is minimal, and the surfaces shimmer with luster. The rims show incompleteness near 6 and 12 o'clock, as made. Although N-1 is a common variety in circulated grades, Gems are undeniably rare, with none finer at either service (11/16). Our EAC grade MS60.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 226A, PCGS# 397719 Base PCGS# 1856

1847 N-2 Cent, MS63 Brown
Large Over Small 47



- 3152** 1847 Large Over Small 47, N-2, R.3, MS63 Brown PCGS. CAC. This is the most plentiful of the three die pairings that comprise the 1847 Large Over Small 47 *Guide Book* variety. Examples are seldom seen this fine and are rare any finer. The Select Brown coin in this lot displays a sharp strike that includes most of the peripheral stars and dentils. Lustrous olive-brown surfaces show hints of an underlying copper-red glow when tilted beneath a light. A few trivial marks on Liberty's portrait determine the grade. Our EAC grade AU55. Population (all three 47/47 varieties included): 15 in 63 Brown, 10 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 226D, PCGS# 37367 Base PCGS# 1880

1847 N-22 Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Intermediate Die State



- 3153** 1847 N-22, R.3, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Grellman Die State e, early. Die cracks near the bust tip help attribute the slightly scarcer Newcomb variety. Pockets of luminous orange-gold are especially prominent on the reverse, although gunmetal toning fills the open fields and high points. Marks are confined to tiny ticks on the nose and cheek. Our EAC grade MS62. PCGS# 37320 Base PCGS# 1878
- 3154** 1851 N-39, R.3, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Grellman Die State a. Fire-red outlines the stars, legends, and devices. Open areas and high points are medium brown. A sharply struck Gem. The obverse field exhibits faint brush marks, but both sides appear unabraded. Our EAC grade MS63. NGC ID# 226H, PCGS# 406771 Base PCGS# 1893

1853 N-3 Cent, MS65 Red
Splendid Peach-Red Color



- 3155** 1853 N-3, R.1, MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. Grellman Die State b. A lustrous orange-gold Gem. The strike is crisp despite a mint-made orange-peel texture to the fields, characteristic of long-in-use dies. Marks are essentially absent and carbon is inconsequential except for a small spot between the AM in AMERICA. Most high grade 1853 cents are N-25 or N-13. Our EAC grade MS64. Population: 69 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 16 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 3145, which realized \$4,230. PCGS# 405984 Base PCGS# 1903

1853 N-25 Cent, MS65 Red
Old Green Label Holder



- 3156** 1853 N-25, R.1, MS65 Red NGC. Grellman Die State b. A fire-red Gem with considerable eye appeal. Only incidental contact is present, along with the occasional small obverse fleck. The strike is good except on the lower stars. The 1853 cent is available in Red but most such pieces have mellowed somewhat over the past 163 years. The color for the present coin retains essentially all of its initial intensity. Housed in an old green label holder. Our EAC grade MS64. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 403925 Base PCGS# 1903

3157 1853 N-26, R.2, MS66 Brown PCGS. CAC. Grellman Die State c. A lovely olive-brown representative. The major devices are well struck, and marks are essentially absent. Minor strike-throughs (as produced) are noted on the central reverse and the reverse rim at 7 o'clock. Our EAC grade MS60. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 46832 Base PCGS# 1901

3158 1855 Upright 55, N-4, R.1, MS64 Red PCGS. Two die lumps near the earlobe are diagnostic for the variety. A well struck and lustrous Choice piece that shows ample orange-red along with gunmetal shades in open areas. An inconspicuous strike-through is noted above ONE. In an old green label holder. Our EAC grade MS63. Ex: *Phoenix ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2008)*, lot 170, which realized \$1,207.50. NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 406155 Base PCGS# 1909

3159 1856 Slanted 5, N-2, R.1, MS64+ Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Grellman Die State d. Faint peripheral obverse die cracks allow attribution of this lustrous and lovely large cent. Closer to Red than Brown, although the open fields have mellowed slightly. The strike is crisp except on the upper stars. Marks are absent except on the top of Liberty's neck. Our EAC grade MS64. PCGS# 406198 Base PCGS# 1923

1857 N-2 Large Cent, MS65 Red and Brown Small Date



3160 1857 Small Date, N-2, R.1, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. A single Large Date variety and four Small Date varieties are known for the 1857 large cents, but two of those four Small Date varieties (N-3 and N-5) are proof only issues. While the other two varieties (N-2 and N-4) are common, they are extremely popular with collectors who enjoy final-year coinage for type collections. These pieces are infrequently encountered with original mint red. This example has considerable orange mint color remaining, with delicate bluish-brown toning on each side. An impressive piece for an advanced collection. Our EAC grade MS63. Population: 6 in 65 Red and Brown, 1 finer for both Small Date varieties (11/16). NGC ID# 226P, PCGS# 148731 Base PCGS# 1932

FLYING EAGLE CENTS

3161 1857 MS64 PCGS. Snow-14. The first regular-issue Flying Eagle cents are always popular, but high-grade coins are particularly desirable. This lovely near-Gem features copious luster over tan-gold surfaces and minor marks at the lower obverse. Softness is limited to the eagle's head, tailfeathers, and the upper wreath elements. Snow-14 is a minor doubled die variety. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

3162 1857 MS64 PCGS. CAC. This splendid inaugural-year Flying Eagle cent would be ideal for type representation. The motifs are both sides are needle-sharp. Lustrous, pumpkin-gold surfaces are minimally marked for the grade. A die scratch occurs in the eagle's breast feathers, and a crack runs through AMER. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

3163 1857 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. This nicely impressed Flying Eagle cent represents the first affordable issue of the design that was issued from 1856 to 1858. This piece has frosty mint luster that enhances its pale golden surfaces. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

1857 Flying Eagle Cent, MS65 Vibrant Mint Luster



3164 1857 MS65 PCGS. CAC. Vibrant luster is the hallmark of this 1857 Flying Eagle cent, from an issue that can be difficult to find with that elusive quality. The surfaces are almond-tan in the center with glimpses of orange-gold near the rims. There are no mentionable signs of contact, save for a rim nick at 3 o'clock on the obverse. The strike is sharp throughout. PCGS has seen 16 finer submissions (11/16). Ex: *Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012)*, lot 3592. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

3165 1857 Doubled Die Obverse, Snow-4, FS-101, MS64 PCGS. CAC. This Choice Uncirculated Flying Eagle cent boasts vibrant mint luster and eye-appealing tan-gold surfaces that no doubt contribute to the CAC endorsement. The strike is uniformly well-rendered and marks are scant. Scarcely seen finer despite a mintage of 17.4 million coins. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 37378 Base PCGS# 2016

1858/7 Flying Eagle Cent, Snow-1, MS62 Guide Book Overdate



3166 1858/7 Large Letters, Snow-1, FS-301, MS62 PCGS. The flag of an errant 7 is visible at the upper-right corner of the final 8, denoting this as an earlier die state example of the popular *Guide Book* overdate. A small triangular dot in the field above the date confirms the attribution. Weakness is seen on the upper-right wreath as always, and the eagle's tailfeathers are similarly incomplete. Both sides display dusky olive-brown toning. There are no major abrasions. Population: 13 in 62, 50 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2277, PCGS# 37383 Base PCGS# 2022

1858 Flying Eagle Cent, MS65
Large Letters Obverse



- 3167 1858 Large Letters MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Frosty tan-gold luster illuminates the soft surfaces of this Gem Flying Eagle cent type coin. The eagle's tailfeathers are a trifle weak, but the strike is otherwise sharp. There are no bothersome abrasions. This short-lived type is popular in high grade. PCGS records 34 finer examples (10/16). NGC ID# 2277, PCGS# 2019

1858 Large Letters Cent, MS65+
Top-Notch Preservation



- 3168 1858 Large Letters MS65+ PCGS.** High Leaves Reverse. Closed E in ONE. Tinges of pumpkin-orange complement lustrous, tan-gold surfaces that have clearly been well taken care of. The eagle's breast feathers, the denomination, and the wreath bow are strongly impressed, while the beak and upper wreath elements are noticeably softer. The *Population Report* lists 34 finer submissions at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 2277, PCGS# 2019

- 3169 1858 Small Letters MS64 PCGS.** Low Leaves Reverse. Close E in ONE. Dusky peach-gold toning visits this intricately struck and lustrous near-Gem. Marks are minor, and the eye appeal is undeniable. An impressive example of the single-year Small Letters subtype. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

- 3170 1858 Small Letters MS64 PCGS.** CAC. Low Leaves Reverse. Closed E in ONE. A lustrous and well-preserved apricot-gold Choice cent. Carbon is inconsequential, and the eye appeal is superior for the third-party grade. The strike is crisp save for blending on STATES OF. Encapsulated in a first generation holder. NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

- 3171 1858 Small Letters MS65 NGC.** Low Leaves, Close E in ONE. Unabraded aside from a solitary tick below the eagle's head. Carbon is absent save for tiny flecks near the M in AMERICA. A sharply struck and lustrous pumpkin-gold and sea-green Gem. Certified in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

PROOF FLYING EAGLE CENTS

1856 Flying Eagle Cent, Snow-9, XF Details
Collectible Proof Variety



- 3172 1856 Snow-9 — Damage — PCGS Proof Genuine.** XF Details. Snow-9 is the usual 1856 Flying Eagle cent variety. This lightly circulated proof displays sharp detail for the XF grade level with uniform bronze-brown color. The interiors are mostly pleasant to the eye, although rim bumps and nicks appear around each periphery, preventing a numeric grade PCGS. An affordable 1856 Flying Eagle cent. NGC ID# 227A, PCGS# 147890 Base PCGS# 2037

1856 Flying Eagle Cent, Snow-9
Proof, Uncirculated Sharpness



- 3173 1856 Snow-9 — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine.** Proof, Unc. Details. The rims are filed near 9 o'clock on both sides, but this fully struck specimen is nonetheless pleasing. The pumpkin-gold fields are free from contact, and carbon is limited to a few tiny obverse flecks. Snow-9 is the usual die variety for proof 1856 Flying Eagle cents. They were an unofficial restrike from the late 1850s, during an era when Mint employees were striking back-dated proof coins for private gain, such as half cents, Seated dollars, and 1804 dollars.

INDIAN CENTS

- 3174 1859 MS65 PCGS.** The subtle "white copper" look of the 1859-64 copper-nickel cents does not easily lend itself to a "flashy" appellation, but this splendid Gem comes awfully close, with thoroughgoing luster over gold-almond surfaces and a near-total lack of distractions, save for some tiny flecks visible only with a loupe. There is even a moderate cameo effect, more perceptible on the obverse. The strike is full. NGC ID# 227E, PCGS# 2052

- 3175 1859 MS65 NGC.** The Indian cent made its debut in 1859, and was quickly modified to add a shield at the top of the reverse in 1860, creating a one-year design type. This Gem exhibits lovely pale gold surfaces with above average design definition and brilliant cartwheel luster. NGC ID# 227E, PCGS# 2052

1860 Pointed Bust Cent, Lustrous MS65



- 3176 1860 Pointed Bust MS65 PCGS.** The Pointed Bust subtype pairs the Indian portrait of 1859 with the oak wreath and shield reverse of 1860. Both sides display pleasing orange-gold luster and are devoid of mentionable contact marks or carbon spots. Sharply struck design features include all diamonds and feather tips. Population: 42 in 65 (3 in 65+), 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227F, PCGS# 2056

1860 Pointed Bust Cent, MS66+
Transitional FS-401 Variety



- 3177 1860 Pointed Bust, FS-401, MS66+ PCGS.** The transitional Pointed Bust variety is listed in both the *Guide Book* and *Cherrypickers' Guide*, which writes: "It is getting more accepted as a regular member of the basic Indian Head cent collection. Presently it is priced similarly to the 1859, but it is much scarcer." Both sides of this spectacular Premium Gem appear pristine upon first glance, and even careful inspection fails to turn up any significant distractions. The surfaces are tan-gold and fully struck. Population: 11 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227F, PCGS# 37393 Base PCGS# 2056

1860 Indian Cent, MS66
Well-Preserved Original Surfaces



- 3178 1860 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Despite the mintage of more than 20 million pieces, the 1860 Indian cent is very scarce at the MS66 grade level, and finer examples are condition rarities. This spectacular Premium Gem displays well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of softness on the tips of the headdress feathers. The well-preserved copper-red surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. Population: 55 in 66 (3 in 66+), 10 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227F, PCGS# 2058

- 3179 1862 MS66 PCGS.** Amber-gold surfaces exhibit a slight woodgrain pattern and a few carbon specks on the reverse. Each side is fully defined and minimally marked. A popular Civil War issue with a mintage of 28 million coins. Population: 89 in 66 (7 in 66+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227H, PCGS# 2064

- 3180 1863 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** A narrow rim break appears directly below the date on this brilliant golden-tan Gem. Both sides exhibit outstanding design definition with sharp feather tips, bold diamonds, and a full shield on the reverse. PCGS has only certified 73 finer examples/ CAC: 75 in 65, 25 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229D, PCGS# 2067

- 3181 1864 Copper-Nickel MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** Copper Nickel. Doubly recognized by the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement, this near-Gem cent is brightly lustrous and sharply struck. Outnumbered by cents struck from the new bronze alloy, the copper-nickel production is rare in high Mint State grades. A well-preserved nickel-gold example, sharply struck with glossy and appealing surfaces. A heavy die crack runs through the top-left shield corner. A nick at the hairline near the eye and a few inconsequential, pinpoint carbon flecks are noted. Population: 2 in 65+, 32 finer. CAC: 47 in 65, 10 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 227K, PCGS# 2070

1864 Copper-Nickel Cent, MS66
Rare at This Level



- 3182 1864 Copper-Nickel MS66 PCGS.** The 1864 is the final copper-nickel Indian cent issue and becomes quite rare in the Premium Gem level of preservation. Only 51 submissions have been reported in MS66 by the two major grading services and one finer. Reddish-orange surfaces exhibit sharply struck devices: all four diamonds stand out as do the feather tips and letters in LIBERTY. No bothersome carbon spots or marks are evident. Population: 32 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227K, PCGS# 2070

3183 1865 Plain 5 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Snow-10. The 8 in the date is repunched inside the upper loop. Snow notes, "a very scarce variety ... It seems the die broke very early." A sharply struck butter-gold Premium Gem that boasts vibrant luster and a bold strike. Very close to full Red, and carbon is relegated to a few flecks near the date. NGC ID# 227N, PCGS# 92083 Base PCGS# 2083

3184 1866 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. A Choice Mint State representative, this piece has a distinctive blend of tan and reddish-brown toning on its frosty and fully lustrous surfaces. CAC: 38 in 64, 25 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227P, PCGS# 2086

**1867 Cent, MS65+ Red
Ex: Gardner, One Coin Finer at PCGS**



3185 1867 MS65+ Red PCGS. CAC. The 1867 Indian cent is a lower-mintage date (9.82 million coins), as the Mint put most of its resources into the production of the new Shield nickel five cent piece. Still, the cents were minted in sufficient quantity that they did not initially attract collector interest. Today, Mint State examples of this date are rare in full Red. This piece offers copper-gold luster that alternates against occasional splashes of deeper orange. The sharp strike includes the four diamonds on the ribbon and all other devices. Population: 27 in 65 (2 in 65+) Red, 1 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Santa Fe Collection / Milwaukee ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007, as MS65 Red PCGS), lot 1562; Bowers and Merena (11/2007), lot 349; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014, as MS65 Red PCGS CAC), lot 98069; New York Signature (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 3047. NGC ID# 227R, PCGS# 2090

3186 1871 MS65 Brown PCGS. CAC. This Gem CAC coin displays a sharp strike and satiny, unabraded luster with no noticeable carbon spots. Both sides has moderate burgundy-brown toning, but tinges of copper-red appear around the borders of the relief elements. Population: 14 in 65 Brown, 2 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227V, PCGS# 2100

1873 Open 3, Conditionally Rare MS66 Red



3187 1873 Open 3 MS66 Red PCGS. The modified 3 in the date was apparently made in January 1873 when Chief Coiner Archibald Loudon Snowden complained about the similarity between the 3 punch that was used in the date and an 8. The 1873 Open 3 Indian cent is slightly more plentiful than the later Closed 3 variant. PCGS reports 87 Open 3 Red submissions and 46 Closed 3 submissions. Both are scarce to rare in the better Mint State grades with a Red designation.

Both sides of this Premium Gem emit copper-orange luster with a splash of soft violet on the Indian's hair. The design features are sharply struck including all four diamonds, the hair, LIBERTY, most of the feather tips, and the ribbing in the leaves of the oak wreath. No significant marks or unsightly spots are evident. Population: 6 in 66 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227Y, PCGS# 2108

3188 1873 Closed 3 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. After a couple months of production, the Mint began receiving complaints that the 3 looked too much like an 8, and they modified the punches, changing the Closed 3 to an Open 3. For most denominations, the circulation strike Closed 3 coins are much rarer. This Gem Indian cent exhibits rich reddish-orange luster that is blended with chocolate-brown toning. Population: 41 in 65 (2 in 65+) Red and Brown, 4 finer. CAC: 10 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227X, PCGS# 2110

3189 1873 Closed 3 MS65+ Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Closed 3 cents are scarcer than the Open 3 coins struck later in 1873, especially in high grades. Effulgent luster illuminates amber and copper-gold surfaces. Incompletely defined on the feather tips, ribbon, and date, but readily appealing nonetheless. Population: 41 in 65 (2 in 65+) Red and Brown, 4 finer. CAC: 10 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 227X, PCGS# 2110

3190 1875 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. A sharp strike and frosty luster give this mostly red Premium Gem terrific eye appeal. There are no distracting abrasions or carbon spots. Rich copper-red obverse color contrasts with an amber-orange reverse. Somewhere along the way a few wisps of deeper color appear to generate the Red and Brown designation. Population: 8 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2282, PCGS# 2122

3191 1877 AU50 NGC. Shallow N. A walnut-brown example of the famously scarce 1877 cent. The official mintage of 852,500 pieces is the lowest Philadelphia production of the series. All legends are sharp and no marks are consequential. Ideal for a high-quality circulated set. NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2127

**1877 Cent, MS64 Red and Brown
Cornerstone Date in the Series**



3192 1877 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. The woodgrain obverse displays mixed golden-brown and copper-orange coloration, while the reverse is largely draped in deep honey-brown hues that lighten somewhat near the upper border. The devices are incompletely rendered, likely limiting the grade, as there are few marks to report. An attractive example of this sought-after key. NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2128

**1877 Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Low-Mintage Key**



3193 1877 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. The 1877 has long held its status as the key to the Indian Head cent series thanks in large part to its low mintage of 852,500 coins. This Red and Brown Gem displays attractive shades of violet and blue patina. The diamonds on the ribbon are clear, and the feathertips are bold. Small marks are of little consequence. Population: 76 in 65 Red and Brown, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2128

**1877 Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Series Key in All Grades**



3194 1877 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. The certified population figures for this issue in high grade do not necessarily represent the availability of the issue on the market. The 1877 is a favorite key date among more collectors than just those who pursue the Indian cent series, and many high-end coins are held in private hands, off of the market. In Gem condition, the frequency of auction appearances is minimal, regardless of color designation. This Red and Brown example offers an ideal balance between color, quality, and affordability. Both sides display satiny luster with copper-orange and auburn hues, showing a distinctive ribbon of bright luster below STATES that serves as a pedigree marker. There are a few unobtrusive and grade-consistent flecks seen beneath a loupe, and a small, mint-made planchet defect is observed on Liberty's cheek. Population: 76 in 65 Red and Brown, 5 finer. CAC: 21 in 65, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2128

3195 1879 MS65 Red PCGS. The 1879 is one of the more plentiful 1870s issues in full Red condition. This Gem example displays a full strike and frosty copper-red luster with faint blushes of lavender and peach color. There are no major carbon spots. Population: 58 in 65 (2 in 65+) Red, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2286, PCGS# 2135

**1882 Indian Cent, MS66 Red
Conditionally Scarce**



- 3196 1882 MS66 Red PCGS.** The 1882 Indian Head cent becomes conditionally rare at the Premium Gem level with Red surfaces despite a substantial mintage of 38.5 million coins. This cent features light amber-gold color and vibrant luster that swirls over clean surfaces. Well-stuck with a trace of incompleteness over the feather tips and ribbon. Population: 25 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2289, PCGS# 2144

**1884 Cent, MS67 Red and Brown
Single Finest at PCGS**



- 3197 1884 MS67 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** A ruby-red portrait is framed by an orange-gold obverse field. The reverse is brick-red. The obverse exhibits cartwheel luster, while the reverse is semiprooflike. The two distinct looks converge to create a singularly appealing effect. Population: 1 in 67 Red and Brown, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228B, PCGS# 2149

- 3198 1888/7 Snow-1, FS-301, Good 4 PCGS. CAC.** Eagle Eye Photo Seal, card not included. The telltale rim cud above the TE in UNITED is worn away, but the bottom tip of the 7 is still visible at the lower-left corner of the final 8. This is a rare and sought-after variety. The present coin displays smooth light brown surfaces with even wear. Eye appeal is excellent for the grade. Population: 8 in 4, 37 finer. CAC: 1 in 4, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228G, PCGS# 37543 Base PCGS# 2169

- 3199 1888/7 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. FS-301, Snow-1.** This late die state shows a large rim cud over the dentils at 9 o'clock on the obverse. The underlying 7 is clear above and below the upper and lower loops of the last 8. Rick Snow refers to this rare 1888/7 overdate as "the top variety in the Indian Cent series." Brown-charcoal surfaces feature good detail with LIBERTY and the overdate clear. The noted environmental damage from improper storage does not overly detract. NGC ID# 228G, PCGS# 37543 Base PCGS# 2169

- 3200 1888 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Snow-18.** Snow states, "an interesting variety with the repunching of the 1 fairly bold." Protected areas are orange-gold, while the high points and open fields are magenta. Unabraded and attractive. NGC ID# 228G, PCGS# 2167

**1894/1894 Cent, MS64 Brown
Important Snow-1, FS-301 Repunched Date**



- 3201 1894/1894 Repunched Date, Snow-1, FS-301, MS64 Brown PCGS.** Widely considered among the top five varieties of the Indian Head cent series, the spread of this obliquely repunched date is dramatic and bold. Slanting upward in a northeast direction, the secondary digits are visible with increasing prominence until the underdigit 4 sits high and far-right of its proper place. The Snow reference assigns its five-star rating to the variety. This example is well-struck with copper-red color beneath blue overtones and a few minuscule carbon flecks. NGC ID# 228N, PCGS# 37582 Base PCGS# 92187

**1894/1894 Cent, MS64 Red
Snow-1, Repunched Date**



- 3202 1894/1894 Repunched Date, Snow-1, FS-301, MS64 Red PCGS.** The date is widely repunched east on this near-Gem Red 1894 Indian cent. This *Guide Book* variety is highly sought-after in all grades but rare in Mint State Red condition. This piece displays a bold strike and well-preserved, lustrous surfaces. Coppery-orange patina shows hints of lavender and olive-gold upon close study with a loupe. Population: 13 in 64 (1 in 64+) Red, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228N, PCGS# 37584 Base PCGS# 92189

**1896 Cent, MS66 Red
Eye-Catching Mint Frost**



- 3203 1896 MS66 Red PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This glowing Premium Gem Red example is conditionally rare, and finer pieces a prohibitively so. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty copper-red luster without significant evidence of carbon. Two microscopic grazes on Liberty's cheek are all that limit the grade. Population: 25 in 66 (4 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228R, PCGS# 2195

**1896 Cent, MS66 Red
Conditionally Rare**



- 3204 1896 MS66 Red PCGS.** The 1896 cent becomes conditionally rare in MS66 Red. The issue is slightly more challenging to locate at that level than its contemporaries like the 1894 or 1895. This strongly defined cent enjoys luminous copper-orange surfaces devoid of all but the most insignificant ticks. A clash mark is apparent in the field left of Liberty's headdress. Population: 25 in 66 (4 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228R, PCGS# 2195

- 3205 1899 MS66 Red PCGS.** Eye-catching magenta and copper-orange colors intermingle across each side, while accents of mint-green heighten the appeal even further. The strike is nearly full and the fields beautifully preserved. A singular tick occurs on the N in CENT. Rarely seen finer. NGC ID# 228U, PCGS# 2204

- 3206 1902 MS66 Red PCGS. CAC.** This fiery orange Premium Gem exhibits a nearly full strike with bold diamonds and complete shield definition. A lovely example with pristine surfaces, this piece is ideal for an advanced Registry set. Population: 59 in 66 (6 in 66+) Red, 12 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228X, PCGS# 2213

- 3207 1904 MS66 Red PCGS.** Incredibly frosty, original mint luster generates stellar eye appeal on this Premium Gem Red 1904 Indian cent. The strike is sharp, and the only mentionable surface characteristics are a tiny tick above the 9 in the date and a lone speck on Liberty's cheek. The fiery-orange obverse is more vivid than the orange-gold reverse. Population: 71 in 66 (4 in 66+) Red, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 228Z, PCGS# 2219

- 3208 1906 MS66 Red PCGS.** A bold strike and fiery mint luster are the keys to this pinkish-orange Premium Gem 1906 Indian cent. Fully brilliant examples of any date are elusive and extremely popular with collectors, especially if they exhibit full details as seen here. Population: 42 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2293, PCGS# 2225

**1908 Cent, MS66+ Red
Snow-6, Repunched Date**



- 3209 1908 MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. Snow-6.** Snow-6 shows bold repunching inside the lower loop of the 8 in the date, as well as below the flag of the 1. The 1908 Indian cent is scarce so well-preserved, and finer pieces are almost uncollectible. This Plus-designated Premium Gem is boldly struck, illuminated in frosty copper-red luster with unabraded surfaces. A couple microscopic specks are noted for accuracy, being virtually invisible to the unaided eye. Population: 86 in 66 (10 in 66+) Red, 2 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2295, PCGS# 2231

- 3210 1908-S MS65 Red PCGS.** Eagle Eye Photo Seal, card not included. The introductory San Francisco cent also ranks among the lowest-mintage issues of the series. The present sun-gold Gem is essentially unabraded, and carbon is confined to the field near UNITED. The strike is precise except on the shoulder curl and the upper headdress tips. Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013)*, lot 3098. NGC ID# 2296, PCGS# 2234

- 3211 1908-S MS65 Red PCGS.** A lustrous honey-gold Gem of this low-mintage and introductory branch mint issue. The strike is sharp and marks are absent, though the borders display glimpses of gray toning. Encapsulated in a first generation holder. Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2014)*, lot 3065. NGC ID# 2296, PCGS# 2234

- 3212 1909-S MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** Eagle Eye Photo Seal, card not included. A minimally abraded wheat-gold and apple-green near-Gem that is much closer to Red than Brown. Carbon is inconsequential, and the eye appeal is impressive for this popular low mintage key. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2239

**1909-S Indian Cent, MS64 Red
Low-Mintage Series Finale**



- 3213 1909-S MS64 Red PCGS. CAC.** The shield is fully struck and the bust tip is sharp, the two most important indicators of a strong strike on the 1909-S Indian Head cent. This is a glistening Red example, free of all but the most minor carbon flecks with terrific eye appeal. Frosty copper-orange color alternates with peach and lilac highlights amid coruscant mint luster. Just 309,000 pieces were struck, the lowest mintage of the series and far scarcer than the 1909-S VDB Lincoln cents. Importantly, this coin displays CAC endorsement. CAC: 23 in 64, 29 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2240

**1909-S Cent, MS65 Red
Key San Francisco Issue**



- 3214 1909-S MS65 Red PCGS.** Luminous golden and coppery-orange hues encompass the frosty surfaces of this Gem Red 1909-S Indian cent. The top three headdress feathers are a trifle soft, as usual, but the overall strike is above average for the issue. No mentionable abrasions or specks are seen. Coming from a mintage of only 309,000 pieces, the 1909-S is one of the most challenging acquisitions in the series. PCGS reports 26 numerically finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2240

**1909-S Indian Cent, MS65 Red
San Francisco Key**



- 3215 1909-S MS65 Red NGC.** An above-average strike for this key branch-mint issue, being notable for its pleasing honey-tan coloration that is free from much of the streakiness characteristic of the 1909-S Indian. A few trivial blemishes are clustered behind the portrait and there are only a few isolated signs of carbon. Rarely seen finer. Census: 48 in 65 Red, 8 finer (11/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 194. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2240

PROOF INDIAN CENTS

- 3216 1859 PR64 PCGS.** Bright golden-orange coloration bathes both sides of this near-Gem proof, and an attentive strike sharpens the design elements. Some light obverse marks and tiny reverse flecks preclude Gem classification. A planchet flaw is visible on the chin, and a strike through occurs at the AM of AMERICA. NGC ID# 2299, PCGS# 2247

**1859 Indian Cent, Premium Gem Proof
Introductory Issue and Single-Year Type**



- 3217 1859 PR66 PCGS.** The 1859 proof Indian cent offers numerous desirable qualities that collectors eagerly seek. It is the first date in the Indian Head series and a single-year type (the laurel wreath was changed to oak in 1860). The issue has a limited production estimated at 800 specimens, and Rick Snow believes "no more than half the mintage was sold." The issue is also from the earliest period of proofs marketed to the general public. Golden-olive and bronze patina colors the obverse of this Premium Gem example. The reverse features a wonderful array of hues, including orange, magenta, blue, and gold. As expected, the devices are fully struck. The fields show deep mirroring, though cameo contrast is minimal. NGC ID# 2299, PCGS# 2247

- 3218 1863 PR65 PCGS.** This lovely copper-nickel cent exhibits fully mirrored fields and satiny devices beneath delicate lavender toning. Light field-to-device contrast is nearly sufficient to warrant a Cameo designation. Population: 26 in 65 (1 in 65+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229D, PCGS# 2262

**1863 Indian Cent, PR67
Rare Cameo Example**



- 3219 1863 PR67 Cameo NGC.** No more than 800-1,000 proof Indian cents were struck in 1863 and survivors with cameo contrast are few and far between. This spectacular Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply reflective fields. The copper-red surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is extraordinary. Census: 3 in 67 Cameo (1 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26SX, PCGS# 82262

**1867 Cent, PR67 ★ Red Cameo
The Sole Finest Example at Both Services**



- 3220 1867 PR67 ★ Red Cameo NGC.** From an estimated mintage ranging from 850 to 1,100 proofs, this early date Indian cent is challenging to locate with full Red color. Rick Snow adds: "True gems are rare especially with cameo contrast." This spectacular 1867 Indian Head cent specimen combines both attributes. Eye-catching copper-orange coloration blends with profound depth of mirrors and strong field-device contrast. This is the single finest 1867 proof cent across all color designations with or without Cameo contrast at NGC and PCGS combined (11/16). Its importance cannot be overstated. Registry Set collectors are encouraged to bid appropriately. NGC ID# 229K, PCGS# 82290

- 3221 1871 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** Hints of light brown and pale blue toning appear on the lovely orange surfaces of this Gem proof 1871 Indian cent. This piece features a bold strike and excellent eye appeal. Population: 55 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red and Brown, 7 finer. CAC: 13 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229P, PCGS# 2301

**1871 Cent, PR66 Red and Brown
Among the Finest at PCGS**



- 3222 1871 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS.** Fire-orange and magenta hues paint the obverse in a slight woodgrain pattern, while the reverse displays predominantly tan-gold color. Flashy fields lack any significant contact, and the eye appeal is exquisite. The Mint struck 960+ proofs cents in 1871 (all with a Shallow N in ONE), yet none are reported finer across all color categories. Population: 7 in 66 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229P, PCGS# 2301



James B. Longacre, designer of the Indian Head cent.

**1876 Indian Cent, PR66 Red Cameo
Third Pair of Proof Dies Used**



- 3223 1876 PR66 Red Cameo PCGS. PR3.** This third die pair of the year is distinguished by a die lump on the jawline. Rick Snow does not give this die pair a glowing review, commenting "These might be confused with mint state examples or called a one-sided Proof." He goes on to say, however: "These are very difficult to find in high grade." This is just such a coin. It is very well produced. The fields are deeply reflective and the devices pop with contrasting mint frost. Each side is even red with just a hint of underlying yellow. Fully struck, of course. Population: 3 in 66 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229V, PCGS# 82317

- 3224 1877 PR55 PCGS.** Here is an affordable proof 1877 Indian cent that features a sharp strike and splashes of orange color. An area of steel-blue toning is evident at the central obverse, with microscopic hairlines on both sides. NGC ID# 229W, PCGS# 2318

**1877 Cent, Glossy PR64 Brown
Great Circulation Strike Alternative**



- 3225 1877 PR64 Brown PCGS.** The 1877 (852,500 coins) is well-known to students of American numismatics as the key date in the Indian Head cent series. High-grade circulation strikes are exceedingly elusive to obtain, and many collectors opt instead for a well-preserved proof. Mintage estimates range from 900 to 1,500 specimens. Ice-blue and olive-brown hues intermix over each side. Glossy, reflective fields offer few noticeable imperfections. An eye-catching example. Population: 33 in 64 Brown, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229W, PCGS# 2318

**Exquisite 1877 Cent
PR65 Red and Brown**



- 3226 1877 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** The 1877 proof cent mintage is controversial. Walter Breen (1989) estimates 510+ pieces, while the 2009 *Guide Book* gives a figure of 900 coins. Richard Snow (2006) suggests that "... at least 1,500 coins were produced, with the remaining unsold pieces being destroyed or released into circulation." In any event, Gem and finer coins in all color categories are challenging. This exquisitely struck Red and Brown PR65 displays noticeable field-motif contrast at certain angles. Whispers of purple and sky-blue patina visit nicely preserved surfaces. Population: 75 in 65 Red and Brown, 10 finer. CAC: 24 in 65, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 229W, PCGS# 2319

- 3227 1879 PR66 Red PCGS.** An outstanding Premium Gem proof with fully mirrored fields and brilliant luster. The obverse is light orange with splashes of deeper reddish-orange, while similar deep orange appears over most of the reverse. Population: 27 in 66 Red, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 229Y, PCGS# 2326

- 3228 1880 PR65 Red Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The frosty devices of this spectacular Gem contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields to produce a dramatic cameo effect. The design elements are sharply detailed and the surfaces are well-preserved. Population: 5 in 65 Red Cameo, 8 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 4 finer (11/16). Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 9/2012), lot 3484. NGC ID# 229Z, PCGS# 82329

- 3229 1881 PR66 ★ Red and Brown NGC.** Outrageous toning encircles both sides of this stunning Premium Gem proof with the NGC Star designation. Vivid shades of fuchsia pink, cobalt blue, and lime-green frame tangerine-orange central devices. Deeply mirrored fields are almost an afterthought given the spectacular display of color. This is the sole Star coin at this level by NGC. Census: 41 in 66 (1 in 66★) Red and Brown, 9 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22A2, PCGS# 2331

- 3230 1882 PR67 Brown PCGS.** Vivid yellow-gold and sea-green hues appear over each side of this Superb Gem Brown proof beneath a facade of auburn-brown. The strike is full, and each side displays seemingly flawless preservation with no obvious carbon spotting. Population: 25 in 67 Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22A3, PCGS# 2333

- 3231 1883 PR67 Brown PCGS.** Superb Gem examples of the 1883 proof cent are extremely rare outside of the Brown color category, and even pieces in this grade are scarce. The present example is among the finest seen by either grading service. The strike is full, and the fields are deeply mirrored. Both sides showcase vivid electric blue, violet, and sea-green toning. Population: 20 in 67 (4 in 67+) Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 842U, PCGS# 2336

**1883 Cent, PR67 Red and Brown
The Sole Finest at CAC
Mostly Red Surfaces**



- 3232 1883 PR67 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** Already a major condition rarity in its given grade, this Superb Gem proof 1883 Indian cent is also the only CAC-approved Red and Brown coin at this level. Additionally, one look at this coin in person and the viewer notices almost completely copper-orange surfaces — only a subtle blush of lavender-red toning on each side prevents a Red designation. The coin is fully struck and displays modest field-motif contrast. No distracting specks are seen. Population: 5 in 67 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22A4, PCGS# 2337

- 3233 1884 PR67 Brown PCGS.** This fully struck Superb Gem proof displays glimmering fields with beautiful lavender, cobalt-blue, and rose-red toning. No distractions are observed on either side. Rarely seen this fine. Population: 13 in 67 (1 in 67+) Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22A5, PCGS# 2339

**1892 Cent, PR67 Red
Unseen in Higher Grades**



- 3234 1892 PR67 Red NGC.** A considerable mintage of 2,745 proofs in 1892 would seem to suggest the issue's availability in high grades. However, the 1892 is extremely rare in PR67 Red. NGC reports five such submissions, while PCGS lists an additional two coins. Neither service has seen a finer example (11/16). Glassy fields surround predictably sharp motifs on each side. Pumpkin-gold color dominates carefully preserved surfaces. NGC ID# 22AE, PCGS# 2365

**1893 Cent, PR66 Red
Subtle Field-Motif Contrast**



3235 1893 PR66 Red PCGS. The 1893 proof Indian cent is conditionally rare in with full Red surfaces above the Gem grade level. This PR66 coin displays a sharp strike and reflective fields with a suggestion of cameo contrast. A few tiny pepper specks on the obverse portrait and across the central reverse are the only mentionable imperfections. Population: 6 in 66 Red, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AF, PCGS# 2368

3236 1893 PR65+ Red Cameo NGC. Sun-orange and auburn-red hues glimmer in the mirrored fields of this high-end Gem Red Cameo proof. The strike is sharp, and there are no bothersome marks. Field-device contrast just makes the requirement for a Cameo designation from NGC. Census: 2 in 65 Red Cameo (1 in 65+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22AF, PCGS# 82368

3237 1901 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Fully struck and deeply mirrored, this Premium Gem proof 1901 cent displays nearly full Red color, showing only subtle suggestions of reddish-brown toning at certain angles. A loupe reveals a few tiny pepper specks on the obverse. Population: 51 in 66 (3 in 66+) Red and Brown, 12 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AP, PCGS# 2391

3238 1904 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Outstanding turquoise and iridescent toning resides on the subdued orange surfaces of this Gem proof, an impressive example with bold design features and fully mirrored fields. Population: 53 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red and Brown, 19 finer. CAC: 15 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AT, PCGS# 2400

**1908 Cent, PR67 Red and Brown
Among the Finest Certified**



3239 1908 PR67 Red and Brown PCGS. A visually impressive coin that lacks any noticeable contact marks. While labeled as a Red and Brown coin, there is significant original red on each side. In fact, the obverse has bright orange-red and cherry-red mint luster present, while the reverse does indeed show a bit of deeper iridescent violet patina on the lower portion. The fields are deeply mirrored. Only 11 coins have been assigned this numeric grade by PCGS and NGC combined, all color categories included. Population: 5 in 67 (1 in 67+) Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2004), lot 5560; ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2007), lot 123. NGC ID# 22AX, PCGS# 2412

3240 1908 PR65 Red Cameo PCGS. This stunning Gem Cameo proof exhibits fully brilliant and fiery orange surfaces with bold design motifs and impressive field-to-device contrast between the mirrored fields and lustrous devices. Population: 5 in 65 Cameo, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AX, PCGS# 82413

**1909 Indian Head Cent, PR65+ Red Cameo
Eye-Catching Final-Year Proof**



3241 1909 PR65+ Red Cameo NGC. James B. Longacre's Indian Head cent design was employed for the final time in 1909, when 2,175 proofs and more than 14 million circulation strikes were produced. This outstanding Gem with cameo contrast has fire-orange surfaces and hints of rose. The fields are deeply reflective, and eye appeal is unparalleled. Census: 3 in 65 Cameo (1 in 65+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AY, PCGS# 82416

**1909 Cent, PR65 Red Cameo
Few Known With Field-Motif Contrast**



3242 1909 PR65 Red Cameo NGC. CAC. Ex: Highland Collection. Red Cameo proof 1909 Indian cents are rare in any grade. This Gem CAC coin offers appreciable contrast on each side with rich copper-orange over the obverse and a lighter golden reverse. Prolonged study with a loupe reveals a few tiny specks that melt into the mirrored fields at most angles. The strike is fully executed. Census: 3 in 65 Red Cameo (1 in 65+), 1 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AY, PCGS# 82416

LINCOLN

1907 Victor D. Brenner Lincoln Plaque Green Marble Backing With Bronze Stand Model for Lincoln Cent



- 3243** 1907 Victor D. Brenner Lincoln Plaque. **Cunningham-24-060Bz**. Bronze, 180 mm x 240 mm x 8 mm. Brenner's 1907 plaque was the model for the 1909 Lincoln cent. The plaque depicts an introspective half-length portrait of a bearded President Lincoln facing right. The plaque is backed by jade-green marble that measures 215 mm x 270 mm x 13 mm. The back of the marble features a bronze stand. Essentially as made aside from a couple of unimportant aqua spots.

LINCOLN CENTS

- 3244** 1909 VDB MS67 Red PCGS. The 1909 VDB cent features the designer's initials at the bottom of the reverse. The mint was soon forced to modify the design, removing those letters, due to negative public opinion. Both sides of this lovely Superb Gem cent exhibit brilliant pinkish orange mint luster with frosty surfaces and excellent design definition. PCGS has only certified one numerically finer example (11/16). NGC ID# 22AZ, PCGS# 2425

1909 VDB Cent, MS66 Red FS-1101, Doubled Die Obverse



- 3245** 1909 VDB Doubled Die Obverse, FS-1101, MS66 Red PCGS. **CAC**. LIBERTY and the date are die doubled, with the spread strongest on the RTY in LIBERTY and the 190 in the date. A beautiful Premium Gem whose fine-grained mattelike surfaces are apricot-gold with rose-red accents. Contact and carbon are virtually absent. Population: 14 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 1 finer (11/16). CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4JR9, PCGS# 37633 Base PCGS# 82425

- 3246** 1909 VDB Doubled Die Obverse, FS-1102, MS66+ Red PCGS. **CAC**. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. *Cherrypickers'* notes, "the doubling on this variety is evident as extra thickness on all obverse letters and numbers, but it is most noticeable on the date." The peach-red surfaces are lustrous and virtually void of contact. The reverse has a few minuscule flecks. Population: 18 in 66 (3 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AZ, PCGS# 37636 Base PCGS# 2425

- 3247** 1909-S VDB MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. A bold strike and virtually full orange mint brilliance are evident on both sides of this near-Gem Lincoln cent key. Hints of pale blue toning are noted, with microscopic spots on each side. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

- 3248** 1909-S VDB MS64 Red and Brown NGC. **CAC**. The lustrous surfaces of this near-Gem key-date representative display hints of golden-tan patination and sharply struck devices, including the VDB initials. An occasional fleck or light mark do not disturb. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red and Brown In an Old Green Label Holder



- 3249** 1909-S VDB MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. Although the 1909-S VDB cent survives in large numbers relative to its mintage (484,000 pieces), demand for the date in high grade exceeds the supply. This is the key to the Lincoln cent series. The present Gem Red and Brown coin displays golden luster beneath chestnut-brown toning. A sharp strike is evident, along with a few tiny ticks. Housed in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

1909-S VDB Cent, Gem Red and Brown Well-Struck and Carbon-Free



- 3250** 1909-S VDB MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. **CAC**. This almond-gold Gem is only slightly mellowed from a full Red coin, with a slight woodgrain appearance and excellent eye appeal. The designer's initials and the strike throughout are sharp, and even under a loupe there is no sign of carbon. A nice example to represent this key issue, CAC endorsed. PCGS reports just 59 numerically finer pieces (11/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2012), lot 3173. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red
Heralded Key to the Series



- 3251 1909-S VDB MS65 Red PCGS. This is a strongly defined Gem example of the widely heralded key to the ever-popular Lincoln cent series (484,000 coins). Aside from a few dark specks scattered across the obverse, both sides exude delicate amber-gold coloration and radiant mint luster. The all-important VDB initials are clear, and we note a minor planchet irregularity near PL in PLURIBUS. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red
Popular Key Issue



- 3252 1909-S VDB MS65 Red PCGS. The 1909-S VDB cent, with a mintage of 484,000, is a popular issue and one of the key issues to the Lincoln cent series, a coin that is known to collectors and non-collectors alike. This sharply detailed Gem exhibits lovely golden luster on the obverse and rich red luster on the reverse. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65+ Red
Splendid Color



- 3253 1909-S VDB MS65+ Red PCGS. The acquisition of a nice 1909-S VDB cent represents the pinnacle of achievement for collectors who specialize in this series. It claims a famously low mintage of 484,000 coins. Intense copper-orange hues color the majority of each side, yielding to occasional cherry-red and mint-green accents. Additional attributes include needle-sharp detail, minimal carbon spots, and vibrant mint frost. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red
Original Coloration



- 3254 1909-S VDB MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. This amber-gold coin displays the original, unmellowed color associated with S-VDB cents. Some show streakiness that is associated with improper mixture of the alloy, but not on this coin. The strike is strong, but not quite complete on Lincoln's beard, and there are no obvious or detracting marks. This is a special coin for an advanced set. Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2011), lot 3206. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

1909-S VDB Cent, MS65 Red
CAC Approval, Old Green Label Holder



- 3255 1909-S VDB MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. Despite the modest mintage of 484,000 pieces, enough high-grade examples of the 1909-S VDB cent were put aside that few considered it a potential rarity until the 1930s, and then grudgingly so. This attractive, medium-orange example displays peach-orange accents and a sharp strike. The surfaces are smooth and lustrous with only a few clusters of tiny, deep-orange spots on the reverse — one group above the N in ONE, and a minimal grouping beneath the C in AMERICA. An attractive and original Red coin, CAC-Approved. Housed in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

1909-S VDB Cent, MS66 Red
Premier Rarity in the Series



- 3256 1909-S VDB MS66 Red PCGS. The premier issue in the Lincoln cent series, the 1909-S VDB can be obtained in MS66 Red for a price. Finer examples, though, are extremely rare and have surpassed the six-figure mark on occasion. This Premium Gem enjoys a near-full impression and splendid amber-gold coloration. Pale streaks are noted across each side. VDB is bold, and a single tick occurs below RI in AMERICA. PCGS records 15 higher-graded representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

**1909-S VDB Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red
In a Green Label Holder**



- 3257** 1909-S VDB MS66 Red PCGS. This piece is fully struck with glowing golden luster and unabraded surfaces. A few tiny specks here and there are only seen with a loupe. An excellent example of the key to the Lincoln cent series. Housed in a green label holder. PCGS records only 15 numerically finer Red coins (11/16). NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

**1909-S VDB Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red
Well-Preserved Original Surfaces**



- 3258** 1909-S VDB MS66 Red PCGS. Vibrant mint luster and sharply detailed design elements are the calling cards of this delightful Premium Gem, from a series-low first-year mintage of 484,000 pieces. The original red surfaces of this important key issue show no mentionable distractions and the designer's initials are easily seen with the naked eye. PCGS has graded 15 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

**1909-S VDB Lincoln Cent, MS66+ Red
Famous First-Year Key**



- 3259** 1909-S VDB MS66+ Red PCGS. A Plus-graded Premium Gem example of this low-mintage, first-year key, with well-detailed design elements and well-preserved original red surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. The all-important designer's initials are bold and overall visual appeal is tremendous. PCGS has graded 15 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428

**1909-S Cent, MS66 Red
Remarkable, Untoned Mint Luster**



- 3260** 1909-S MS66 Red PCGS. Glowing, radiant mint luster delivers gold and rose-red hues over each side of this Premium Gem Red 1909-S Lincoln cent. There are no carbon spots, and a lack of any noticeable abrasions gives this piece unusually strong eye appeal even for the current grade. The luster is just as captivating from a distance as it is close up. PCGS has seen only nine numerically finer Red 1909-S Lincoln cents (11/16). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2434

**1909-S Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red
Underappreciated First-Year Issue**



- 3261** 1909-S MS66 Red PCGS. CAC. The 1909-S Lincoln cents without the designer's initials are actually scarcer than the VDB coins at this grade level and higher, though the latter receive far greater attention. This lustrous, pumpkin-gold Premium Gem offers razor-sharp strike definition on the devices, except for a trace of softness on the beard. Clean even for this lofty assessment. PCGS shows nine finer submissions. CAC: 36 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2434

- 3262** 1909-S/S S Over Horizontal S, FS-1502, MS66 Red PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A fully struck representative of this low mintage first-year issue. The chestnut-gold surfaces are lustrous and devoid of contact. Close inspection reveals minute gray freckles. Population: 86 in 66 (12 in 66+) Red, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 37645 Base PCGS# 92434

**1909-S Over Horizontal S Cent, FS-1502
MS66+ Red, Only One Finer**



- 3263** 1909-S/S S Over Horizontal S, FS-1502, MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. A first-year branch mint Lincoln cent that boasts vibrant luster and lovely orange-gold and olive-green surfaces. A trace of patina west of the T in CENT provides the sole visible imperfection. Population: 86 in 66 (12 in 66+) Red, 1 finer. CAC: 24 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 37645 Base PCGS# 92434

3264 1910 MS67 Red PCGS. Lovely sun-gold, coppery-orange, and pale olive hues adorn the thoroughly lustrous surfaces of this magnificent Superb Gem Red example. The strike is full, and a loupe reveals only the most trivial of ticks on Lincoln's jacket. None are numerically finer at either service. Population: 38 in 67 (4 in 67+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B5, PCGS# 2437

3265 1911-D MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. This is an appealing, beautifully colored, original Gem on which it is difficult to find a grade-limiting imperfection. The strike is bold on the obverse but slightly weak on the upper reverse, with some metal flowlines in the peripheral fields on each side. No significant carbon specks are seen. Population: 40 in 65 Red and Brown, 1 finer. CAC: 10 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23G6, PCGS# 2445

3266 1911-D MS65+ Red PCGS. CAC. This pleasing Red Gem exhibits sharp design details with satiny reddish-orange luster and splendid surfaces free of distracting marks. PCGS has certified just 60 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22B8, PCGS# 2446

3267 1911-S MS65 Red PCGS. Parallel brown toning lines appear on the obverse of this attractive, satiny Gem Mint State Lincoln cent with subdued orange luster. Population: 64 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B9, PCGS# 2449

3268 1911-S MS65 Red PCGS. A magnificent peach-gold Gem. Lustrous and fully struck with outstanding eye appeal and only microscopic imperfections. A desirable example of this elusive early branch issue. Certified in a first generation holder.
Ex: Dallas PNG Signature (Heritage, 2/2015), lot 3388, which realized \$2,585. NGC ID# 22B9, PCGS# 2449

3269 1911-S MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. This lustrous, satiny Gem Red 1911-S cent displays a sharp strike everywhere except on the O in ONE, the usual weak spot. No evidence of die erosion is seen, and neither are detracting carbon spots. Finer examples are rare. Population: 64 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 14 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22B9, PCGS# 2449

3270 1913 MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. An unabraded orange-red and sea-green representative. Glimpses of lilac are noted near the PL in PLURIBUS. Very rare any finer. Population: 83 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 9 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22BD, PCGS# 2461

1913-D Cent, MS66 Red Unsurpassed Quality



3271 1913-D MS66 Red PCGS. CAC. The quality of this Premium Gem 1913-D cent is unsurpassed. Amber-gold surfaces awash in satin mint luster shimmer when rotated under a light source. Further, they fail to show any singular marks under close inspection. Obverse design detail is pinpoint-sharp, while softness is confined to the O in ONE and the upper reverse border. This piece is sure to command the attention of Registry builders. Population: 20 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22BE, PCGS# 2464

1914 Cent, MS66 Red Orange-Gold Luster



3272 1914 MS66 Red PCGS. CAC. Orange-gold luster adorns both sides of this gorgeous Premium Gem, each of which exhibits sharply struck design features, including Lincoln's hair and bow tie and the grains and lines in the wheat stalks. A few trivial, grade-consistent marks do not detract from the coin's overall eye appeal. PCGS has seen a little more than 75 submissions in this level of preservation and a mere five pieces finer (11/16). This is a wonderful opportunity for the Lincoln cent specialist. NGC ID# 22BG, PCGS# 2470

1914-D Cent, MS64 Brown Satiny Amber-Toned Surfaces



3273 1914-D MS64 Brown PCGS. Original mint red color near the recesses and splashes of steel-blue complement the overwhelmingly amber-brown surfaces of this eminently appealing Choice semikey Lincoln cent. The devices exhibit good strike detail with a touch of incompleteness over the beard and shoulder. The 1914-D claims one of the smallest mintages in the series, just 1.1 million coins. Population: 63 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 84BX, PCGS# 2471

1914-D Cent, MS64 Red and Brown Iridescent Obverse



3274 1914-D MS64 Red and Brown NGC. Peach-orange, magenta, and steel-blue iridescence gives this Choice Denver key date a fantastic degree of visual appeal. The latter hue dominates the reverse. The motifs are strongly defined, including the O in ONE. Small marks do nothing to diminish the allure. Scarcely seen better preserved despite mintage of 1.2 million coins. NGC ID# 22BH, PCGS# 2472

- 3275 1915-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** This luminous 1915-S cent displays an unusually sharp strike and well-balanced copper-orange and auburn-brown hues. There are no significant abrasions or carbon spots. No Red and Brown coins are finer at PCGS. Population: 26 in 65 Red and Brown, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22BM, PCGS# 2484

**1915-S Cent, MS65 Red
Razor-Sharp Semikey**



- 3276 1915-S MS65 Red PCGS.** With a relatively low mintage of 4.8 million coins, the semikey 1915-S attains condition rarity status in MS65 Red, where PCGS has seen a meager 34 submissions (two in MS65+ Red) and only five pieces finer (11/16). Chestnut-gold patina includes accents of fire-orange and lavender, but the razor-sharp strike is arguably this Gem's most impressive attribute. Small ticks leave the eye appeal unaffected. NGC ID# 22BM, PCGS# 2485

**1916-D Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red
Conditionally Scarce**



- 3277 1916-D MS66 Red PCGS.** Ex: Lone Star Collection. David Lange, in *The Complete Guide to Lincoln Cents*, writes that: "1916-D is fairly common in the lower circulated grades. Coins grading VF through AU are scarce, as collecting from circulation didn't become popular for another 20 years. In Mint State, choice brown or red/brown examples are scarce at the very least, while coins displaying full, original color are unquestionable rare. When found, these tend to have a pinkish hue and are usually less than fully struck."

The strike on this Premium Gem Red piece does not fit the profile alluded to above. Excellent definition is apparent on Lincoln's hair, the legends, date, mintmark, the lines of the wheat stalks, and on all of the reverse lettering. Lustrous surfaces exhibit pinkish-orange hues on the obverse, and orange with hints of pink and sky-blue on the reverse. Both sides are impeccably preserved. A tiny mark to the right of the chin and above the 9 may help to pedigree the coin. Population: 17 in 66 (4 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16).

Ex: Tom Mershon Collection / FUN Signature (*Heritage*, 1/2007), lot 809, where it sold for \$34,500. NGC ID# 22BP, PCGS# 2491

**1918-D Cent, MS66 Red and Brown
The Only Coin So Graded at Both Services**



- 3278 1918-D MS66 Red and Brown NGC.** David Lange states of the 1918-D: "Despite the enormous number coined, Mint State pieces do not survive in abundance." A true understatement when one examines the number of Mint State pieces in the Red and Brown category: 1. That is one piece in MS66 Red and Brown at both services. This is a magnificent coin whose cherry-red surfaces have mellowed slightly and taken on emerald-green accents around the margins. Sharply struck. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 2508

**1918-D Cent, Scarce MS65 Red
Housed in a First Generation Holder**



- 3279 1918-D MS65 Red PCGS.** A lustrous, golden-red early branch mint cent, essentially void of abrasions and showing only a couple of minute flecks of carbon. The reverse periphery is blurry, as made, from a worn die, but the strike is strong on Lincoln's face and shoulder and on the O in ONE and the AM in AMERICA, unusual for this issue. Housed in an early, small-sized PCGS holder. Population: 34 in 65 (3 in 65+) Red, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22BW, PCGS# 2509

**1918-S Cent, MS66 Brown
Tied for Finest in Brown at PCGS**



- 3280 1918-S MS66 Brown PCGS.** This is a well-struck, beautifully preserved 1918-S cent, showing rich burgundy and auburn-brown toning over glowing coppery-gold luster. One tiny tick on Lincoln's jaw serves as a pedigree identifier. The 1918-S is rarely encountered this fine in the Brown color category. This piece is the plate coin for the CoinFacts webpage. Population: 2 in 66 Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22BX, PCGS# 2510

**1918-S Cent, MS65 Red
Among the Finest at PCGS**



- 3281 1918-S MS65 Red PCGS.** A pair of Brown coins are graded MS66 at PCGS, but that service has not seen any Red and Brown or Red pieces above Gem condition. This MS65 Red example is conditionally rare and among the finest certified. The strike is slightly weak on the O in ONE, as usual, but is sharp elsewhere. Both sides display frosty copper-orange luster with occasional wisps of amber. There are no obvious carbon specks. The last MS65 Red coin that we offered was a PCGS example in our October 2014 PNG Invitational Signature sale, lot 4629, which realized more than \$11,100. The present coin is better-struck than that piece and displays proportionately superior eye appeal. The reverse remains slightly fuzzy in the fields due to the usual die wear. Population: 17 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22BX, PCGS# 2512

**1919-D Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red
Registry-Grade, Original Color**



- 3282 1919-D MS66 Red PCGS.** The 1919-D Lincoln cent poses a roadblock for the competitive Registry collector due to the rarity of high-end examples in the full Red color category. This Premium Gem is a great condition rarity, and ranks a full grade point finer than the Gem Red example in the current highest-rated Registry Set. The design elements are fully rendered, although the rims are not completely squared. Satiny surfaces display glowing violet-red luster, with a couple trivial specks that are hardly worth mentioning. Population: 15 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22BZ, PCGS# 2518
- 3283 1920 MS66+ Red PCGS.** This impressive Premium Gem is essentially perfect with subdued orange luster and bold design motifs. PCGS has only examined nine of these in MS66+ Red, and just 10 finer pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 22C3, PCGS# 2524
- 3284 1920-D MS65 Red PCGS.** This sharply detailed, satiny Gem has brilliant light orange luster and outstanding eye appeal. The branch mint issues of the early twenties are elusive with full mint bloom. PCGS has only certified seven finer examples of the 1920-D cent. NGC ID# 22C4, PCGS# 2527
- 3285 1920-S MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** An intriguing piece with myriad raised dots on the reverse that are certainly as struck, and may be tiny gas bubbles inside the planchet. Sharply struck with subdued red luster and rich brown toning. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 2529
- 3286 1922-D Weak D MS64+ Brown PCGS. CAC.** The mintmark is faint on this high-end near-Gem, although still discernible with a glass. Both dies are heavily worn and flowlined, although the reverse is particularly eroded with the left wheat ear appearing melted into the field. Rich burgundy toning allows strong luster to emerge on each side, and hints of copper-red appear around the relief elements. Population (Weak D cents): 3 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 1 finer. CAC: 1 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22C8, PCGS# 3110 Base PCGS# 2537
- 3287 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, FS-401, XF40 PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Die Pair 2, strong reverse with a clear second 2 in the date. This is the popular No D variety. The present coin displays smooth chocolate-brown surfaces and expected light wear. A pleasing example of the variety. NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 37676 Base PCGS# 3285

1922 No D Cent, AU53
Desirable Strong Reverse Variant



- 3288 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, FS-401, AU53 PCGS.** This is a smooth, briefly circulated representative of the most desirable No D variety of the year from Die Pair 2. Chocolate-brown surfaces with steel-blue accents show minor marks in the fields, though none of them are singular in nature. The reverse is fully defined, while a bit of incompleteness occurs at the upper obverse.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 37676 Base PCGS# 3285

1922 No D Cent, Choice AU
Strong Reverse, FS-401



- 3289 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, FS-401, AU55 PCGS.** Die Pair 2. All diagnostics of the famous variety are present, such as a sharp second 2 in the date, strong definition on TRUST, and bold details on the wheat ears. This chocolate-brown cent has minimal wear and pleasing surfaces. Most FS-401 cents are well worn. At PCGS, the median grade is VF25. The present example is ideal for the advanced collection. Population: 89 in 55, 93 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 37676 Base PCGS# 3285

- 3290 1924-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS.** The 1924-S is rare at the Gem grade level, regardless of color designation. This Red and Brown coin displays shimmering luster with an amber-toned, reddish-brown hue over each side. There are no major abrasions, and scattered flecks are unobtrusive to the unaided eye. Population: 31 in 65 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CE, PCGS# 2556

- 3291 1924-S MS64 Red PCGS.** Few Red 1924-S cents are known finer. This near-Gem displays satiny copper-orange luster with no prominent abrasions. Considerable strike weakness — particularly on the obverse — is largely due to die wear, which also produces metal flowlines near the rims. Population: 88 in 64 (1 in 64+) Red, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CE, PCGS# 2557

1925-D Lincoln Cent, MS65+ Red
Only Two Finer Coins at PCGS



- 3292 1925-D MS65+ Red PCGS. CAC.** A Plus-graded Gem specimen of this popular branch mint issue, with sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. The original red surfaces are well-preserved, with no mentionable distractions. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 69 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 2 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CG, PCGS# 2563

1925-S Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Scarce This Well-Preserved



- 3293 1925-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS.** Gem-quality 1925-S Lincoln cents are scarce with any color designation, and finer pieces are extremely rare. This Gem is among the finest in Red and Brown. The strike is well-executed, and the fields reveal surprisingly little evidence of die wear, which often affects this issue. This piece displays satiny luster with blended coppery-gold and brown hues. A couple of carbon flecks are seen near the tip of the right wheat ear. Population: 12 in 65 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CH, PCGS# 2565

- 3294 1926 MS67+ Red PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A gorgeous orange-red and lime-green Superb Gem. Perfect save for a few minuscule flecks near the NT in CENT. One of just 14 cents to attain an MS67+ grade from PCGS, with none finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22CJ, PCGS# 2569

- 3295 1926-D MS65 Red PCGS.** A single dark spot at the left side of the obverse may be the only reason that this brilliant Gem didn't receive a higher grade. Both sides have bright orange surfaces with full cartwheel luster and far above average design definition. Population: 56 in 65 Red, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CK, PCGS# 2572

**1927-S Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Great Registry Set Candidate**



3296 1927-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. Pumpkin-gold combines with shades of amber and tan coloration. Two carbon spots occur in the right obverse field. A uniformly strong strike softness slightly over the O in ONE, as usual. The 1927-S ranks among the most elusive Lincoln cent issues in Uncirculated condition across all color categories. Population: 8 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CP, PCGS# 2583

3297 1929-D MS66 Red PCGS. Struck from worn dies with normal fuzziness on the devices. However, this same characteristic produces vibrant, frosty luster with original copper-red color. No abrasions are seen, and a few tiny flecks on the reverse are hardly noticed. Among the finest certified. Population: 30 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CV, PCGS# 2599

3298 1929-S MS66 Red PCGS. An impressive Premium Gem Mint State Lincoln cent, this piece exhibits brilliant pinkish-orange luster on its pristine surfaces. This piece is tied for the finest at PCGS with only three higher grade examples at NGC. Population: 41 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22CW, PCGS# 2602

**1931 Cent, MS67 Red
Superior Preservation and Eye Appeal**



3299 1931 MS67 Red PCGS. Ex: Lone Star Collection. A wonderfully preserved Depression-era cent that features scintillating luster and a blend of golden and reddish-orange color. The coin's Superb technical merits are, if anything, exceeded by its outstanding "curb appeal." Population: 23 in 67 (2 in 67+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 10123. NGC ID# 22D2, PCGS# 2614

**1931-S Cent, MS66 Red
Popular Low-Mintage Issue**



3300 1931-S MS66 Red PCGS. The 1931-S is popular as a low-mintage issue of 866,000 pieces. Both sides of this Premium Gem are awash with orange-gold luster. The design elements are sharply impressed, including Lincoln's bowtie and the grains and lines of the wheat stalks. There are a couple of light toning spots on the reverse, but the coin is free of the unsightly carbon spots that sometimes occur on this issue. Neither service has seen any examples finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22D4, PCGS# 2620

3301 1932 MS67 Red PCGS. Attractive flame-orange surfaces are spot-free and vibrant with coruscant frosty luster across both sides of this Superb Gem Red cent. The strike is razor sharp, while the fields and devices are nearly unmarked including Lincoln's shoulder and cheek. Tied for finest-certified at PCGS, and no coins exceed the MS67 grade at NGC as well. Population: 33 in 67 Red, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 85ZB, PCGS# 2623

3302 1933 MS67 Red PCGS. CAC. A worthy Registry Set contender, this Superb Gem cent displays lustrous and original peach-orange color on the obverse, with deeper copper-orange accents across the vibrant reverse. There are no distracting spots or marks to mention, just one or two pinpoint cloudy flecks on the reverse that blend into the natural coloration. The strike is convincingly sharp. One of the few coins at this grade with CAC endorsement, with no numerically finer pieces at PCGS. Population: 58 in 67 (2 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22D7, PCGS# 2629

**1934-D Cent, MS67 Red
CAC-Endorsed Registry Coin**



3303 1934-D MS67 Red PCGS. CAC. A conditionally scarce top-grade coin and among only five pieces in this grade endorsed by CAC, this Superb Gem Red 1934-D cent represents the ideal Registry Set acquisition for Lincoln cent collectors. The strike is bold, and the unabraded surfaces deliver frosty copper-orange luster. No mentionable carbon is observed. Population: 32 in 67 (1 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 5 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22DA, PCGS# 2638

**1935-S Cent, MS67 Red
Registry-Grade Example**



- 3304 1935-S MS67 Red PCGS.** A beautifully preserved, softly frosted example of this challenging Registry Set acquisition. The 1935-S cent is rare in MS67 Red and unknown finer, and PCGS-graded coins at this level are in the minority. This piece offers well-struck design elements and no surface distractions. Population: 17 in 67 Red, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22DD, PCGS# 2647

**1935-S Cent, MS67 Red
None Certified Finer**



- 3305 1935-S MS67 Red PCGS.** This satiny, fire-orange Superb Gem is among the finest 1935-S cents known, an essential Registry Set acquisition. Softness on the Lincoln portrait is mostly due to die fatigue, as the reverse is sharp. This coin shows no carbon spotting on the obverse, and the reverse has only a couple of tiny specks near the lower rim. Population: 17 in 67 Red, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22DD, PCGS# 2647

- 3306 1936 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** This is a beautifully frosty, orange-gold Superb Gem, tied with 23 over Plus-graded MS67 Red coins as the finest at PCGS (12/16). The reverse is pristine, the obverse exhibits a few scattered pepper specks under a 10x loupe. The strike is bold. CAC: 30 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2748, PCGS# 2650

**1936-D Cent, MS67+ Red
None Finer at PCGS**



- 3307 1936-D MS67+ Red PCGS.** Little searching is required for those looking to obtain a nice MS67 Red example of the 1936-D. Such coins are very scarce but fairly accessible. Plus-designated Superb Gems, however, are another animal and represent the top-graded coins at PCGS. This copper-orange Denver cent displays lavender hues near the rims and exceptionally clean surfaces. Lincoln's beard and the O in ONE are typically struck, but detail elsewhere is pinpoint-sharp. This is one of only 17 MS67+ Red coins at PCGS with none finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22DE, PCGS# 2653

**1936-D Cent, MS67+ Red
Top-Grade Example at PCGS**



- 3308 1936-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** Fiery-orange and rose-red luster blends over each side of this satiny Superb Gem 1936-D cent. The strike is bold, and there are no distinct abrasions or carbon spots. Although plentiful in MS67 Red, this Denver issue is rarely seen so-graded with a Plus designation. The present piece is among 17 MS67+ Red coins at PCGS (10/16). NGC ID# 22DE, PCGS# 2653

**1936-D Cent, Colorful MS67+ Red
Top-of-the-Line at PCGS**



- 3309 1936-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This is a condition rarity no matter what way you slice the pie: rare with a Plus designation, rare with a CAC endorsement, and unknown finer at PCGS. This top-grade 1936-D Lincoln cent displays seemingly flawless preservation with warm orange-gold interiors that cede to rose and cream-gold peripheral hues. The strike is sharp. Population: 17 in 67+ Red, 0 finer. CAC: 26 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22DE, PCGS# 2653

**1936-D Cent, MS67+ Red
Top-Grade PCGS Registry Coin**



- 3310 1936-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** There are only 17 Plus-graded MS67 Red examples at PCGS, with none finer (12/16). This CAC-endorsed coin displays a bold strike and frosty copper-orange luster with carbon-free surfaces. An essential Registry Set acquisition for a top-ranking collection and overall just a beautiful 1936-D Lincoln cent. NGC ID# 22DE, PCGS# 2653

**1937 Cent, MS68 Red
Tied With One Other for Finest Known**



- 3311 1937 MS68 Red PCGS.** Here offered is one of only two MS68 Red examples known, both PCGS coins (11/16). Both sides display luminous copper-orange luster with no abrasions or carbon spotting. The strike is sharp throughout, and eye appeal is exceptional. This piece is nearly half of a grade point finer than the coin in the current highest-rated Registry Set. NGC ID# 86CF, PCGS# 2659

- 3312 1937-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A magnificent orange-red Superb Gem. The lustrous and sharply struck surfaces show only infrequent and trivial imperfections. PCGS has certified 18 pieces as MS67+ Red with just three finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22DJ, PCGS# 2662

**1941 FS-103 Cent, MS66 Red
Doubled Die Obverse, None Finer**



- 3313 1941 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-103, MS66 Red PCGS.** Doubling is evident on Lincoln's earlobe, 19 in the date, and TY in LIBERTY. This Premium Gem Red cent ranks among the finest example of the variety, with PCGS reporting three submissions in this grade (one in MS66+ Red), and none finer (11/16). Effulgent luster flows over copper-orange surfaces that show small marks on the arm and in the upper reverse field, where the O in ONE is a touch soft. A great example for the connoisseur. NGC ID# 22DW, PCGS# 37786 Base PCGS# 92695

- 3314 1942 MS67+ Red PCGS.** The rich red mint luster has an accent of pale lilac around the border of the obverse. It is truly surprising that with a mintage of 657 million pieces, only 21 examples have been graded MS67+ Red by PCGS. A true Registry Set opportunity. NGC ID# 22L9, PCGS# 2704

- 3315 1942 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** An exquisite World War II era Lincoln cent, this Superb Gem features a bold strike, fiery orange cartwheel luster, and pristine surfaces. This piece is tied for the finest certified, with only 21 MS67+ Red examples at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 22L9, PCGS# 2704

- 3316 1947-S MS67+ Red PCGS.** Ex: Lone Star Collection. Smooth orange-gold satiny surfaces exhibit sharply struck devices, an unusual trait for this issue than often shows weakness. A beautiful high-end Superb Gem Lincoln cent devoid of any spots. NGC ID# 22ER, PCGS# 2758

- 3317 1948-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** A remarkable Registry coin, this high-end Superb Gem Red 1948-D cent showcases frosty fire-orange luster and boldly rendered design elements. An absence of carbon spotting and virtually flawless preservation deliver unsurpassed eye appeal. This piece is tied for the finest known. Population: 89 in 67 (6 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 8 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22ET, PCGS# 2764

**1950-D Cent, Lustrous MS67+ Red
Bold Registry Set Contender**



- 3318 1950-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** Bright orange-gold highlights complement deep red luster that radiates from both sides of this high-end Superb Gem. Razor-sharp definition is apparent on the design elements, including Lincoln's hair and the grains and lines of the wheat stalks. A few minor marks in the O of ONE do not distract. The 1950-D cent is extremely elusive in MS67+ Red, where it is tied with 10 others for the finest at PCGS. Population: 64 in 67 (11 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 10 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 83XR, PCGS# 2782

- 3319 1953-D MS67 Red PCGS. CAC.** An amazing Superb Gem, this 63-year-old Denver Mint cent exhibits fiery orange mint color with blazing mint bloom and exceptional eye appeal. The devices are boldly defined and the entire presentation is destined for the connoisseur's collection. Population: 57 in 67 (3 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 17 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22FA, PCGS# 2809

**1955 Cent, MS67+ Red
Top-Level Registry Coin**



- 3320 1955 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** The availability of the 1955 Lincoln cent declines sharply in MS67 Red, and the issue is almost unknown finer. This Plus-graded CAC coin displays satiny rose-red luster with lighter golden accents near the peripheries. The strike is sharp, and neither side exhibits distracting carbon spots. One of only two Plus-designated pieces at PCGS with none finer. The coin is nearly half of a grade point finer than the piece in the current highest-rated Registry Set. Population: 70 in 67 (2 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22FF, PCGS# 2824

- 3321 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS61 Brown NGC.** A pleasing Mint State Brown example of one of the most startling naked-eye blunders in U.S. numismatics. Traces of faded mint orange appear around the obverse rim, while the remainder of each side is attractive brown with bluish tinges. Scattered microscopic flecks and a couple of small contact marks are unobtrusive and in concert with the grade. Well-struck and nice for the grade. Ex: Orlando FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 3574; Chicago ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 3163. NGC ID# 4LNH, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

3322 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS63 Brown PCGS. A well struck olive-gold, lilac-red, and tan-brown example of the famous 1955 doubled die cent. Luster sweeps across minimally marked surfaces. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 4LNH, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

**1955 Cent, MS64 Brown
Doubled Die Obverse**



3323 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 Brown NGC. Olive-brown and bronze-gold hues characterize much of this Choice Brown doubled die obverse cent, although hints of coppery-red color emerge from the protected regions of the fields. Scattered light marks on the high points of the devices are not out of line for the grade. Housed in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 4LNH, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

**1955 Double Die Obverse Cent
Lustrous MS64 Brown**



3324 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 Brown PCGS. This Choice 1955 doubled die obverse cent displays thoroughly lustrous surfaces with substantial copper-red undertones beneath glistening plum and olive-brown toning. There are no major abrasions, and eye appeal far exceeds expectations for the grade. Undeniably a high-end example. NGC ID# 4LNH, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

**1955 FS-101 Cent, MS64 Brown
Doubled Die Obverse**



3325 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC. A sea-green representative with glimpses of fire-red in design recesses. Well struck and coruscating with no perceptible surface imperfections. The strongest and most famous doubled die of the Lincoln cent series. The variety bewildered collectors in 1955, during an era when hobby knowledge of Mint die manufacture was minimal. NGC ID# 4LNH, PCGS# 37910 Base PCGS# 2825

3326 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Red and Brown PCGS. The lustrous and crisply struck peach-red surfaces approach a full Red designation. The right obverse field displays unobtrusive abrasions. Arguably the most famous of all doubled die varieties. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 37911 Base PCGS# 2826

**1955 Cent, MS63 Red
Doubled Die Obverse**



3327 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS63 Red PCGS. This sharply struck full Red example displays frosty copper-orange luster with limited abrasions for the grade. Eye appeal surpasses that of many other coins in the same grade. A loupe reveals a few small specks near the upper-left obverse and right-hand reverse peripheries. NGC ID# 8H87, PCGS# 37912 Base PCGS# 2827

3328 1956 MS67 Red PCGS. CAC. Scarce in Superb Gem condition and unknown numerically finer than MS67 Red, the 1956 Lincoln cent presents a challenge for some Registry Set collectors. This CAC-endorsed example displays a bold strike with exceptionally well-preserved, satiny surfaces. The fields retain die polishing lines, suggesting an early die state. Copper-gold surfaces offer warmer rose-red and mint hues. Population: 50 in 67 (2 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# CEAA, PCGS# 2836

**1956 Cent, MS67+ Red
Tied With One Other for Finest**



3329 1956 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. This Plus-graded Superb Gem Red coin is tied with one other PCGS Plus coin for the finest 1956 Lincoln cent certified. None of the 177 MS67 Red coins at NGC are Plus-graded (11/16). This piece offers a full strike and glowing copper-red luster with beautifully pristine, frosty surfaces. A must-have Registry coin. Population: 50 in 67 (2 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# CEAA, PCGS# 2836

**1961-D Cent, MS67 Red
Tied for Finest Graded**



- 3330 1961-D MS67 Red PCGS.** This recently certified Red Superb Gem is tied for the top spot in the PCGS *Population Report* for its issue and changes the game for Registry collectors. Light copper-gold surfaces have subtly shimmering luster and high all-around eye appeal for this issue of more than 1.7 billion pieces. Population: 6 in 67 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22G2, PCGS# 2875

**1962-D Lincoln Cent, MS67 Red
Rich Orange-Gold Color**



- 3331 1962-D MS67 Red PCGS.** Bright mint luster and vibrant copper-gold colors are present on this outstanding Superb Gem example. Solidly struck throughout. A couple of tiny flecks do not detract from the coin's overall eye appeal. Population: 10 in 67 Red, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (*Heritage*, 1/2014), lot 3603. NGC ID# 22G4, PCGS# 2881

**1970-S Large Date Cent
Rare FS-101 Doubled Die Obverse
MS65 Red and Brown**



- 3332 1970-S Large Date, Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS65 Red and Brown NGC.** Cherry-pickers' states "this very strong doubled die is extremely rare." The variety is listed, but unpriced, in the 2017 *Guide Book*. The date and LIBERTY are nicely doubled, but the most dramatic spread is on IN GOD WE TRUST. The lustrous and mark-free orange-gold surfaces display occasional blushes of lilac-red, particularly on the reverse. Among the keys to a variety set of Lincoln Memorial cents. NGC ID# 22GN, PCGS# 37998 Base PCGS# 2938

**1971 Cent, FS-101, MS66 Red
Doubled Die Obverse, Among the Finest Certified**



- 3333 1971 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Red PCGS.** Dramatic doubling occurs on LIBERTY, IN GOD WE TRUST, and the date. The importance of this offering to the specialist is profound. This crisp Premium Gem cent is among the finest of the variety at both services. Chatter on the shoulder and a tick on the forehead define the grade. Beautiful copper-gold surfaces yield glimpses of lavender and fire-orange. Population: 6 in 66 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22GP, PCGS# 38009 Base PCGS# 92941

- 3334 1971-S MS67+ Red PCGS.** Coppery-pink luster gives this top-grade 1971-S cent magnificent eye appeal. There are no carbon spots, although a loupe reveals a small daub of violet toning around Lincoln's bowtie. None are known finer, making this piece an essential Registry set acquisition. Population: 32 in 67 (5 in 67+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22GS, PCGS# 2947

- 3335 1972 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The strongest among the several significant doubled die varieties for the issue. The spread between obverse hubbings is comparable with the famous 1955 FS-101. The lustrous peach-gold surfaces are boldly struck and display a few pinpoint flecks near ONE and TRUST. NGC ID# 22GU, PCGS# 38013 Base PCGS# 2950

**1972 Doubled Die Obverse Cent
MS67 Red, FS-101**



- 3336 1972 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS67 Red PCGS.** A splendid peach-red Superb Gem of the famous doubled die variety. The obverse legends exhibit a strong, broad spread, comparable with the iconic 1955 FS-101. The lustrous surfaces are essentially unabraded, though a couple of tiny spots are concealed on the columns of the Lincoln Memorial. Population: 46 in 67 Red, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22GU, PCGS# 38013 Base PCGS# 2950

**1972 Doubled Die Obverse Cent, MS67 Red
FS-101, Ranked 10th Greatest U.S. Modern Coin**



- 3337 1972 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS67 Red PCGS. CAC.** Taking 10th place on the list of the *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins* is the 1972 Doubled Die Obverse cent, offered here in nearly unsurpassed quality. Schechter and Garrett called this "one of the most visually dramatic varieties in the Lincoln memorial series." This Superb Gem representative displays virtually unmarked fire-orange surfaces and well-detailed motifs. The doubling is readily apparent. Population: 46 in 67 Red, 1 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# 22GU, PCGS# 38013 Base PCGS# 2950

- 3338 1973-D MS67 Red PCGS.** While more than 3.5 billion pieces have been produced none have certified finer than MS67 Red. This Superb Gem example is extremely rare and a likely target for a Registry Set. Rich orange surfaces have considerable reddish fire everywhere. Lincoln is extremely well brought up by the full strike. A few obverse grazes are within the confines of the grade designation. There are no discernible spots. Population: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22GY, PCGS# 2962

**1979-D Cent, MS67+ Red
Modern Condition Rarity**



- 3339 1979-D MS67+ Red PCGS.** It was not a lack of production that made the 1979-D Lincoln cent the major rarity it is today at this grade level. The Denver Mint did strike more than 4.1 billion of them. Examples were simply unsaved. PCGS records 27 MS67 Red submissions, but only two have been awarded a Plus designation, this piece included (11/16). Essentially pristine copper-gold surfaces exhibit a few tiny flecks on the shoulder and left columns. Otherwise, this piece is mark-free and strongly struck. NGC ID# 22HE, PCGS# 2998

**1983 FS-801 (036) Cent, MS68 Red
Doubled Die Reverse**



- 3340 1983 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801 (036), MS68 Red NGC.** All of the reverse lettering is boldly doubled on this variety. Both sides show extensive bubbles from imperfect copper plating on the zinc planchet. A seemingly pristine pumpkin-orange Superb Gem. Well struck aside from a hint of weakness on STATES. Census: 10 in 68 Red, 0 finer (11/16). *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2012), lot 3235, where it brought \$6,900.* **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# 22HW, PCGS# 38063 Base PCGS# 3056

**1985 Lincoln Cent, MS68+ Red
Among the Finest Known**



- 3341 1985 MS68+ Red PCGS.** This magnificent 1985 Lincoln cent is the finest example certified at PCGS. The design elements exhibit razor-sharp definition and the pristine original red surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Population: 28 in 68 (2 in 68+) Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22J3, PCGS# 3071

1992-D Cent, MS65 Red
Very Rare Close AM Subtype
FS-901, *Guide Book Variety*



- 3342** 1992-D Close AM, FS-901, MS65 Red PCGS. A transitional variety that has the reverse of 1993. The design subtype is identified by a close AM in AMERICA and distant FG initials from the Lincoln Memorial, and was used on all proof and business strikes for 1993. Apparently, a single reverse die intended to be paired with a 1993-D obverse instead was used to strike 1992-D cents, likely shortly prior to the date transition. Extremely rare, the PCGS website (Jaime Hernandez) states "about 5 known" though others presumably rest in obscure penny jars, perhaps never to be identified.

The present peach-gold Gem is pristine, without carbon or contact, and appears as struck with minor incompleteness of strike on the peripheral legends and a slightly matte appearance from microscopic gas bubbles beneath the copper plate. The population has not changed in the last three years. Population: 2 in 65 Red, none finer (11/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (*Heritage*, 2/2014), lot 3734. PCGS# 391429 Base PCGS# 83101

1995 Doubled Die Cent, FS-101, MS69 Red
Exquisite Color and Surface Quality



- 3343** 1995 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS69 Red PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A dazzling, Registry Set-ready cent that displays peach-gold and ruby-red coloration over nearly perfect, sharply struck surfaces. Strong doubling on LIBERTY is readily visible, as well as on IN GOD WE TRUST. This variety took the numismatic world by storm in 1995 and fostered a nationwide search that yielded very few examples in such a high grade. Population: 3 in 69 Red, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22JS, PCGS# 38105 Base PCGS# 3127

PROOF LINCOLN CENTS

- 3344** 1909 PR65 Red PCGS. The obverse of this boldly struck matte proof exhibits tan surfaces with rose overtones, while the reverse is bright orange. Both sides have full cartwheel luster. A highly appealing example for the first-year type collector. NGC ID# 22KS, PCGS# 3305

1909 Lincoln Cent, PR66+ Red
Lovely Inaugural-Year Representative



- 3345** 1909 PR66+ Red PCGS. The Mint doubled Lincoln cent proof production after the designer's initials were removed early on. This lovely Premium Gem was among 2,618 matte proofs struck without VDB in 1909. Copper-gold color dominates each side along with complementary shades of magenta, fire-orange, and lavender. Free of mentionable contact. Population: 45 in 66 (4 in 66+) Red, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KS, PCGS# 3305

- 3346** 1910 PR66 Brown PCGS Secure. CAC. This gorgeous Premium Gem matte proof Lincoln cent exhibits full cartwheel luster with walnut-brown surfaces and brilliant cobalt-blue overtones. The design motifs are completely defined. Population: 11 in 66 (1 in 66+) Brown, 2 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KT, PCGS# 3306

- 3347** 1910 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. The obverse is cast in rich violet, purple, and burgundy-brown toning, while the reverse displays more traditional burnt-umber and coppery-gold hues. The strike is full, and the rich matte luster is beautifully preserved. Population: 32 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red and Brown, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KT, PCGS# 3307

**1912 Lincoln Cent, PR66 Brown
Vivid Violets and Blues**



- 3348 1912 PR66 Brown PCGS.** Beautiful color paints each side of this Premium Gem proof in vivid electric-blue, sea-green, violet, and coppery-cold, while the underlying surfaces are devoid of distractions. The glowing matte surfaces provide a soft back light for the rich patina. Population: 22 in 66 (4 in 66+) Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3312

- 3349 1913 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** This lovely Gem matte proof exhibits brilliant orange luster with delicate bluish-brown toning on each side. Trivial pin-point carbon flecks on the obverse limit the grade of this important cent. CAC: 29 in 65, 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316

- 3350 1913 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS.** The obverse is fully red, but the reverse displays blushes of rose and olive toning. Both sides have scattered specks attesting to the originality of the surfaces. This Premium Gem matte proof is sharply struck and pleasing on the eyes. Population: 30 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316

- 3351 1913 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** A virtually flawless Premium Gem matte proof, this cent exhibits delicate brown toning on its subdued orange surfaces with full cartwheel luster and impressive design definition. Population: 30 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 4 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316

- 3352 1913 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** Golden-yellow luster adorns most of the obverse and about half of the reverse, while rich cherry-red and auburn toning embraces the remainder of each side. The strike is razor-sharp throughout, and there is minimal carbon spotting. Population: 30 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 4 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316

**1913 Cent, PR66+ Red
Seemingly Pristine**



- 3353 1913 PR66+ Red NGC.** Rose and violet shadings complement the eye-catching fire-orange coloration that characterizes each side of this matte proof Lincoln cent. Victor David Brenner's design is fully and completely brought-up. Seemingly pristine, save for a couple of microscopic ticks that only become apparent under a lens. Census: 9 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3317

**1913 Lincoln Cent, PR66+ Red
Remarkable Visual and Technical Quality**



- 3354 1913 PR66+ Red PCGS. CAC.** The 1913 has the second-highest mintage among matte proof Lincoln cents after the 1910. A total of 2,983 specimens were manufactured, and survivors are obtainable through Premium Gem condition with Red surfaces. This PR66+ representative inarguably approaches the technical quality of an even higher grade. Fully struck without any contact marks to report. Copper-gold hues adorn each side, accented by shades of orange and cherry-red. Population: 37 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 7 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3317

1914 Cent, Spectacular PR66 Brown



- 3355 1914 PR66 Brown PCGS. CAC.** Soft bluish-brown toning dominates this spectacular Premium Gem, particularly in the centers, transitioning to whispers of reddish-gold at the borders. The design elements are boldly defined and the matte surfaces are remarkably clean. Kevin Flynn, in his 2009 *Lincoln Cent Matte Proofs* writes: Because Lincoln cent matte proofs were wrapped in tissue paper when they were sold, the majority would have toned from the sulfur in the paper." This piece is well deserving of the CAC endorsement. Population: 22 in 66 (2 in 66+) Brown, 3 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3318

**1914 Lincoln Cent, PR66 Red and Brown
Sharply Detailed Matte Proof Issue**



- 3356 1914 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS.** The original red surfaces of this spectacular Premium Gem have mellowed to light brown in some areas, but the design elements are sharply detailed throughout and the well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is terrific. Population: 38 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3319

**1914 Cent, PR66 Red and Brown
Captivating Eye Appeal**



- 3357** 1914 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. From a distribution of 1,365 proofs, PCGS CoinFacts estimates 850 specimens survive in all. Captivating shades of violet-rose, steel-blue, and gold coalesce over chestnut-brown surfaces. The appeal is absolutely outstanding when taken with the full strike characteristics and broad, squared-off rims. Population: 38 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3319

**1914 Cent, PR66 Red and Brown
Splendid CAC-Approved Specimen**



- 3358** 1914 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Dave Bowers' *Guide Book of Lincoln Cents* notes of the 1914 proof cent: "These are scarce today. Most pristine (undipped) coins are a rich light brown color." Such a description aptly applies to this Red and Brown Premium Gem. The strike is full, the rims broad. Rose and steel-blue accents over moderately granular, near-pristine surfaces account for the CAC-approved visual appeal. From a mintage of 1,365 proofs. Population: 38 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red and Brown, 5 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3319

**1916 Matte Proof 65 Red and Brown Cent
Only 600 Pieces Produced**



- 3359** 1916 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. Second scarcest issue in this short and completable series with 600 pieces produced. This is a fully struck matte proof with impeccably well-preserved surfaces, showing rich burnt-umber toning with olive and brassy-brown accents. Population: 54 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red and Brown, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KZ, PCGS# 3325

**1916 Cent, PR66 Red and Brown
Amazing Color**



- 3360** 1916 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. Reddish-brown, steel-blue, and violet tones provide color to this impressive matte proof cent. Although a full strike and squared rims are expected, they are no less impressive. Smooth surfaces appear flawless to the unaided eye and reveal just a couple of minor ticks under close examination. From a final-year production of 1,050 proofs. Population: 20 in 66 Red and Brown, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KZ, PCGS# 3325

**1916 Cent, PR64 Red
Scarce Matte Proof Issue**



- 3361** 1916 PR64 Red PCGS. CAC. The 1916 is one of the rarest matte proof Lincoln cents, trailing only the 1909 VDB. Full Red examples are rare in any grade. This needle-sharp example displays rich copper-orange luster and is free of obvious marks. The faint remnants of a partial print appear in the left obverse field. Population: 15 in 64 Red, 18 finer. CAC: 2 in 64, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22KZ, PCGS# 3326

- 3362** 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR64 Red PCGS. Boldly defined with fully mirrored surfaces, this Choice proof Type Two cent exhibits splashes of vibrant lilac and blue toning near the borders. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

- 3363** 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR65 Red PCGS. Glimmering mirrored surfaces yield fiery orange coloration on this Gem Red 1936 brilliant proof. A few tiny specks appear beneath a loupe as is sometimes seen at this grade level. Finer Red proofs are scarce. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

- 3364** 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR65 Red PCGS. Rich fire-orange mirrors showcase wisps of lavender color, giving this Gem Red Type Two proof vivid eye appeal. The strike is sharp, and there are no distracting carbon spots. Finer examples are elusive. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

- 3365** 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR65 Red PCGS. This lovely Gem has brilliant mirrored surfaces as expected for the Type Two finish, here with bold details and excellent eye appeal. PCGS has certified only 58 finer examples (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

- 3366** 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR65 Red PCGS. An outstanding Gem proof with subdued orange surfaces that display mirrored fields around boldly defined devices. According to the PCGS population data, the Type Two or Brilliant proofs outnumber the Type One or Satin proofs about three to one, and are excellent candidates for proof sets or type collections. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

3367 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR65 Red PCGS. Rich reddish orange surfaces are fully mirrored with delicate gold overtones, displaying a few trivial spots that prevent a higher grade. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

1936 Brilliant Finish Cent, PR66 Red



3368 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR66 Red PCGS. Only 5,569 proof cents were struck in 1936, and two different finishes were used; thus limiting the number of possible coins of each finish to half that total. The Brilliant Finish proofs are more popular as they are more easily recognized as proofs, whereas the Satin Finish proofs take a practiced eye to discern them from business strikes. This is a light red example with occasional streaks of lilac interspersed. Deeply mirrored fields. Population: 56 in 66 (3 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335

**1937 Cent, PR67 Red
Condition Rarity**



3369 1937 PR67 Red PCGS. Rose-tinted copper-orange coloration adorns the glimmering mirror fields of this Superb Gem Red 1937 proof Lincoln cent. The strike is full, and no hairlines or marks are seen. A loupe reveals a few tiny, almost unnoticed specks. The 1937 proof is rarely encountered this fine, and no non-Cameos are known finer. Population: 22 in 67 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22L7, PCGS# 3338

**1937 Cent, PR67 Red
Among the Finest Examples**



3370 1937 PR67 Red PCGS. CAC. Proof production resumed in 1936, and output climbed to 9,320 Lincoln cent specimens the following year. Although many of them were saved, few match the technical quality of this PR67 Red coin, and none are certified finer at PCGS or NGC. This flashy, orange-gold Superb Gem is immaculately preserved. Close inspection yields minute ticks on the head, but the fields are pristine. Among the finest survivors. Population: 22 in 67 Red, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22L7, PCGS# 3338

3371 1939 PR67 Red PCGS. CAC. An impressive Superb Gem proof, this 1939 cent exhibits vibrant orange surfaces with mirrored fields and sharply impressed design motifs. Population: 42 in 67 (1 in 67+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 17 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22L6, PCGS# 3344

3372 1939 PR65 Red Cameo PCGS. A lovely Gem Cameo proof, this 1939 cent displays brilliant light orange mint color with fully mirrored fields that contrast nicely with the lustrous devices. According to data at PCGS Coin Facts, this is the only 1939 Lincoln cent to receive a PCGS Cameo designation (11/16). NGC ID# 22L6, PCGS# 83344

**1941 Cent, PR67 Red
Ideal Registry Candidate
Tied For Finest Certified**



3373 1941 PR67 Red PCGS. Proof Lincoln cent production continued its ascent in 1941, when 21,100 specimens were manufactured. Surprisingly, Premium Gems with Red surfaces are very scarce, and PR67 Red examples are extremely rare. The latter are highly sought-after among dedicated Registry Set collectors. This spectacular proof cent has seemingly pristine copper-gold coloration and complete design detail, as is to be expected. Reflective fields are essentially devoid of contact. A fantastic example worthy of inclusion in the finest collection of proof Lincoln cents. PCGS has certified eight PR67 Red submissions and none finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3H34, PCGS# 3350

**1941 Cent, PR67 Red
Tied for Finest Certified
Registry Set Essential**



- 3374** 1941 PR67 Red PCGS. The 1941 proof Lincoln cent is plentiful in most grades but becomes rare at the Superb Gem Red level. PCGS lists only eight submissions in PR67 Red and none finer, while NGC contributes just nine more in this grade, also with none finer (11/16). No Cameos are known. These rare top-tier coins are actively sought-after by Registry collectors. This piece is fully struck from highly polished dies, delivering watery copper-orange fields that display unsurpassed preservation. A couple of tiny flecks appear near the T in TRUST, but there are no other mentionable imperfections. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 3H34, PCGS# 3350

**1950 Cent, PR66 Red Deep Cameo
Stark Field-Device Contrast**



- 3375** 1950 PR66 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. Deeply mirrored fields set off the frosty copper-orange devices of this Premium Gem Deep Cameo proof cent. The strike is sharp throughout, and neither side exhibits notable carbon specks. Deep Cameo Red examples of this issue are scarce in any grade, and pieces grading finer than the present are genuinely rare. Population: 18 in 66 (2 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 93359

**1950 Cent, PR66 Red Deep Cameo
Stark Contrast**



- 3376** 1950 PR66 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. Thick, frosty luster on the devices gives this Premium Gem Deep Cameo dramatic field-device contrast. The mirrored fields are beautifully preserved, and each side showcases fully original copper-red color. A single speck appears on Lincoln's chin. Finer Deep Cameos are rare. Population: 18 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red Deep Cameo, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 93359

**1950 Lincoln Cent, PR67 Red Deep Cameo
Seldom Seen So Fine**



- 3377** 1950 PR67 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. Deep Cameo examples of this first modern Lincoln cent proof issue are seldom seen and eagerly pounced upon by collectors. This is a pleasing, deeply contrasted orange-red example that might achieve an even finer grade save for a few trivial ticks on Lincoln's shoulder, as made, possibly the result of the blank planchet not reaching the deepest part of the obverse die during striking. Population: 8 in 67 Red Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 93359

**1955 Cent, PR68 Red Deep Cameo
Registry-Grade Condition Rarity**



- 3378** 1955 PR68 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. Proof 1955 Lincoln cents are abundant in Red condition, but few high-grade Deep Cameos are reported. This remarkable PR68 example displays stark field-device contrast and incredibly deep mirroring in the fields. A loupe fails to reveal any noteworthy flaws. Only a single finer coin is known. Population: 10 in 68 Red Deep Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22LF, PCGS# 93374

1958 Cent, PR68 Red Deep Cameo
Exemplary Registry Coin



- 3379 1958 PR68 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. Relatively few 1958 proofs are certified as Deep Cameos, and only a rare handful achieve PR68 status. This remarkable Registry coin displays gleaming fields and glowing fire-orange devices with thickly frosted luster. No carbon specks or contact marks are seen. A magnificent type coin in every respect. Population: 6 in 68 Red Deep Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22LJ, PCGS# 93383

1990 No S Cent, PR67 Red Deep Cameo



- 3380 1990 No S, FS-101, PR67 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. The 1990 No S is the key to the proof Memorial Reverse series. It is especially rare in high grades, since many examples exhibit green rim verdigris from longtime storage in unduly humid Mint holders. But the present Superb Gem has pristine rims in addition to a needle-sharp strike and blatant cameo contrast. The textured fields are flawless. Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 5/2005), lot 5675; *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 3239. NGC ID# 274B, PCGS# 408239 Base PCGS# 93506

1990 No S Cent, PR68 Red Ultra Cameo
Only 250 Examples Believed Extant



- 3381 1990 No S, FS-101, PR68 Red Ultra Cameo NGC. This is the only issue in the Lincoln cent series with a missing mintmark, though similar varieties are known among Roosevelt dimes and Jefferson nickels. About 250 examples of the 1990 No S proof cent are known. Each side boasts marked field-device contrast with a pleasing orange-peel texture in the deeply reflective fields. No marks are worthy of mention. Ranked 13th on the list of the 100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins (2011). Census: 32 in 68 Ultra Cameo, 25 finer (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection*. NGC ID# 274B, PCGS# 408239 Base PCGS# 93506

1990 No S Cent, FS-101
PR69 Ultra Cameo



- 3382 1990 No S, FS-101, PR69 Ultra Cameo NGC. Although No S proof dimes are known from several years, the equivalent mint blunder for the cent denomination only occurred in 1990. A mint worker forgot to add the S mintmark to a proof cent die, and somehow the mistake went unnoticed until a few hundred sets had been distributed to fortunate collectors. The present fully struck specimen is free from contact, and the pumpkin-gold surfaces are nearly as made. NGC ID# 274B, PCGS# 408239 Base PCGS# 93506

1990 No S Cent, PR69 Red Ultra Cameo
Famous Missing-Mintmark Variety



- 3383 1990 No S, FS-101, PR69 Red Ultra Cameo NGC. The last major missing-mintmark proof variety occurred with the cents of 1990. This notable Ultra Cameo Red representative is near-perfect with Mint-fresh surfaces. The fields exhibit ample orange-peel texture that is more reminiscent of 1890 gold proofs than 1990 copper-plated zinc. Census: 25 in 69 Ultra Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 3629. *From The Mile High Collection*. NGC ID# 274B, PCGS# 408239 Base PCGS# 93506

**1990 No S Lincoln Cent, PR69 Red Deep Cameo
Among the Finest Known**



- 3384** 1990 No S, FS-101, PR69 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. A simply spectacular example of this celebrated modern-day rarity. The surfaces are fully brilliant, giving the piece the appearance of having just come from the dies a moment earlier. The devices are heavily frosted and the fields are glittering mirrors. Under magnification the fields have an "orange-peel" texture that is a characteristic of proof cents struck on copper-coated zinc planchets, a material which has been in exclusive use for the production of the one-cent denomination since 1982. The variety was produced when the die department at the Philadelphia Mint forgot to add an "S" mintmark to an otherwise normal obverse proof cent die, before shipping it to the San Francisco Mint. The quality control technicians failed to notice the missing mintmark until some of the resulting coins had already been struck and incorporated into proof sets. Evidently only a relatively small number escaped into the hands of collectors, and survivors rank among the most highly-valued varieties produced at the San Francisco Mint during the latter half of the 20th century. Population: 41 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 10127. NGC ID# 274B, PCGS# 408239 Base PCGS# 93506

TWO CENT PIECES

- 3385** 1864 Small Motto, FS-401, MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. Olive-brown and auburn toning allows some coppery-orange luster to remain on this Choice Small Motto two cent piece. The US in TRUST is weak from a partially filled die, but the remainder of the design is sharply struck. Satiny luster shows no major abrasions. PCGS# 38233 Base PCGS# 3580

**1864 Small Motto Two Cent, FS-401
MS64+ Red and Brown**



- 3386** 1864 Small Motto, FS-401, MS64+ Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. The Small Motto is much scarcer than its Large Motto successor. An unabraded orange-red near-Gem with a blush of gunmetal toning on the central reverse field. Carbon is minimal and the eye appeal is undeniable. Sharply impressed, though we note a shallow strike-through on the ST in TRUST.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 3280; Chicago ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 3191. PCGS# 38233 Base PCGS# 3580

**1864 Small Motto Two Cent
MS65 Red and Brown**



- 3387** 1864 Small Motto, FS-401, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS Secure. Along with the 1872, the 1864 Small Motto two cent piece is one of the two key issues in the series. This Gem Red and Brown example offers sharp detail and satiny luster with well-balanced gold, chestnut, and olive-green toning. Neither side exhibits major abrasions. Population: 54 in 65 Red and Brown, 6 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38233 Base PCGS# 3580

**1864 Large Motto Two Cent, MS66+ Red
Nearly Impossible to Upgrade**



- 3388** 1864 Large Motto MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. The first-year 1864 Large Motto two cent was clearly saved to some degree, as examples are readily obtainable in MS65 Red condition. Premium Gems are decidedly scarce, and coins are nearly impossible to find in MS67. This impressive example showcases delightful pumpkin-gold coloration with a few carbon specks on the reverse. The motifs are almost fully impressed, aside from the top of IN GOD. Population: 63 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 2 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3578

**1865 Plain 5 Two Cent Piece
MS66+ Red**



- 3389** 1865 Plain 5 MS66+ Red PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A lustrous and boldly struck Premium Gem. The obverse is principally orange-gold, and the central reverse is dusky peach-red. Virtually devoid of contact, and carbon is inconsequential. Portions of the peripheries are microgranular. Combined Plain 5 and Fancy 5 Population: 52 in 66 (3 in 66+) Red, 2 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38249 Base PCGS# 3584

**1865 Two Cent Piece, MS66+ Red
Plain 5, Doubled Die Obverse**



- 3390 1865 Plain 5 MS66+ Red PCGS.** The obverse is die doubled, apparent on the horizontal shield lines, the right arrowhead, and other shield and wreath elements. The diagnostics of the variety do not match any listed in the Kevin Flynn reference. A sharply struck and unabraded Gem with a few peripheral obverse pinpoint flecks. The obverse is orange-gold, and the reverse is primarily fire-red and apple-green. PCGS# 38249 Base PCGS# 3584

**1865 Two Cent, MS65 Red and Brown
Repunched Date**



- 3391 1865 Fancy 5, Repunched Date, FS-1301, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS Secure. CAC. Fancy 5.** The date is dramatically repunched on this popular *Cherrypickers'* variety, showing a wide spread most prominently on the 18. This Gem Red and Brown example offers sharp detail and luminous, satiny mint luster without distractions. Golden luster emerges from beneath a dusting of olive-brown toning on each side, giving the coin a well-balanced appearance. PCGS# 38260 Base PCGS# 38248

**1866 Two Cent Piece, MS66 Red
Among the Finest Certified**



- 3392 1866 MS66 Red PCGS.** Full Red examples of the 1866 two cent piece are scarce, and Premium Gems are rare. This coin displays luminous copper-orange luster and fully struck design elements. There are no bothersome abrasions, and only a single carbon speck is seen in the shield. Population: 12 in 66 Red, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 274R, PCGS# 3590

**1866 Two Cent, MS66 Red
None Certified Finer**



- 3393 1866 MS66 Red PCGS.** The 1866 claims the third-highest mintage in the series and is correspondingly available in high grades. This is a vibrant Gem that sports fresh reddish-orange surfaces and pleasing detail. A handful of tiny ticks on the shield preclude an even higher grade. Among the finest coins reported at both services. Population: 12 in 66 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274R, PCGS# 3590

- 3394 1867 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS.** The colors on each side of this Premium Gem two cent are incredible. Ice-blue and violet mingle near the centers, while fiery orange color glows near the rims. A full impression on the devices adds to the appeal of this splendid offering. Unseen in higher grades. Population: 12 in 66 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NB, PCGS# 3592

- 3395 1867 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS61 Brown NGC.** *Cherrypickers'* calls FS-101 "very rare in Mint State" and "by far the strongest doubled die known in the two cent series." IN GOD WE TRUST is die doubled clockwise. Other upper obverse design elements, such as the arrows and leaves, are also doubled. An unabraded and spot-free chocolate-brown example. The strike shows occasional incompleteness. NGC ID# 22NB, PCGS# 38271 Base PCGS# 3594

**1867 Two Cent Piece, MS63 Brown
Doubled Die Obverse**



- 3396 1867 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS63 Brown PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Die doubling appears most prominently on IN GOD WE TRUST but also spreads to the wreath and shield. Satiny luster displays medium copper-orange, amber, and olive-brown hues. The upper obverse and lower reverse exhibit minor strike softness. Population: 8 in 63 Brown, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NB, PCGS# 38271 Base PCGS# 3594

**1868 Two Cent Piece, MS65
Original Red Surfaces**



3397 1868 MS65 Red PCGS. The 1868 two cent piece claims a substantial mintage of 2.8 million pieces, but few survivors can match the quality and eye appeal of the present coin. This spectacular Gem offers well-preserved original red surfaces with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements were strongly impressed and eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 15 in 65 Red, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NC, PCGS# 3599

3398 1869 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. Premium Gem 1869 two cent pieces are rare, regardless of color designation. This Red and Brown coin displays sharp detail and splendid preservation. The coin appears virtually full red, although faint hints of auburn toning near the borders account for the Red and Brown designation. Population: 5 in 66 Red and Brown, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ND, PCGS# 3604

3399 1871 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. This lovely Gem exhibits satiny mint luster and sharp design motifs. Brilliant mint luster ranges from golden-orange to light brown. Population: 48 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red and Brown, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NF, PCGS# 3610

3400 1872 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Brown PCGS. Although undesignated on the PCGS holder, this is the scarce Cherrypickers' variety with TRUST die doubled north. But any Uncirculated 1872 two cent piece is desirable, due to a meager business mintage of 65,000 pieces. A sharply struck deep walnut-brown example with a fleck or two noted on the obverse margin near 5 o'clock. NGC ID# 22NG, PCGS# 38292 Base PCGS# 3612

PROOF TWO CENT PIECES

3401 1864 Large Motto PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Cherry-red, orange, and steel-blue enrich this precisely struck Choice proof. A pass beneath a lens cannot locate any contact marks, and carbon is limited to the area near the right ribbon end. Housed in a green label holder.
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2011), lot 3209. NGC ID# 274T, PCGS# 3622

**1864 Large Motto Two Cent, PR65
Red and Brown Surfaces**



3402 1864 Large Motto PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. The Large Motto 1864 two cent proof is by far the more affordable option for representing the inaugural issue in a proof date set, although it is scarce in high grade. This Gem Red and Brown coin is full Red on the obverse and mostly Red on the reverse, showing only a small blush of olive and amber toning around 2 CENTS. The coin is fully struck and displays deep mirroring in the fields. There are no distracting marks. Population: 40 in 65 Red and Brown, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274T, PCGS# 3622

**1864 Two Cent, PR65 Red and Brown
Colorful Large Motto Coin**



3403 1864 Large Motto PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. A conditionally scarce Gem Red and Brown example of this first-year type-coin issue, showing vivid violet, olive, and sun-gold hues throughout thoroughly reflective fields. The devices are sharp and offer subtle cameo contrast beneath the toning. Finer Large Motto coins are rarely seen in this color category. Population: 39 in 65 Red and Brown, 13 finer. CAC: 20 in 65, 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 274T, PCGS# 3622

3404 1867 PR64 Red PCGS. Two cent pieces with Red surfaces remain an undervalued and overlooked 19th century series. Prices have risen over the past 20 years, but when one considers the fragile nature of the large copper surfaces it is easy to see how few pieces remain in high grades. This piece shows even, light red color with just a tinge of yellow. The fields are nicely reflective on each side. Population: 31 in 64 Red, 26 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274W, PCGS# 3635

**1867 Two Cent, Fully Struck PR65 Red
First Generation Holder**



- 3405 1867 PR65 Red PCGS. CAC.** Fire-orange mirrored surfaces display razor-sharp raised devices and deep-red and lilac accents on both sides of this Gem two cent piece. Free of carbon except a few microscopic flecks that congregate primarily on the reverse, this example radiates strong mint luster and positive eye appeal. Well-preserved in an "old rattler" holder with CAC endorsement, PCGS reports just three numerically finer coins. Population: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 3 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274W, PCGS# 3635

**1867 Two Cent, PR65 Red
Very Rarely Found Finer**



- 3406 1867 PR65 Red PCGS. CAC.** The 1867 enjoys a mintage in excess of 625 proofs, and survivors can, for the most part, be located without too much difficulty. That becomes less true of specimens finer than this PR65 Red offering. Amber-gold coloration and a predictably complete impression are the most notable attributes. Wonderful aesthetic quality. Population: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 3 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274W, PCGS# 3635

**1870 Two Cent Piece, PR66 Red
Only One Numerically Finer Coin at PCGS**



- 3407 1870 PR66 Red PCGS.** A generous mintage of 1,000 or more proof two cent pieces was accomplished at the Philadelphia Mint in 1870, but it is unlikely all of those coins were distributed. This delightful Premium Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and brightly reflective fields throughout. The original red surfaces are impeccably preserved and overall eye appeal is terrific. Population: 17 in 66 (2 in 66+) Red, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 274Z, PCGS# 3644

**1872 Two Cent, PR65 Red
Attractive Color**



- 3408 1872 PR65 Red PCGS.** Lovely deep violet-red hues color the flashy, reflective surfaces of this Gem proof two cent piece. The motifs are predictably needle-sharp. Sure to please even the most discerning collector. Population: 39 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 14 finer (10/16). Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 5404. NGC ID# 2752, PCGS# 3650

**1873 Closed 3 Two Cent, PR64 Brown
In a Green Label Holder**



- 3409 1873 Closed 3 PR64 Brown PCGS.** A circulation strikes two cent piece collections ends with the 1872, but a complete date set of this series requires an elusive 1873 proof. This Choice Brown Closed 3 example displays fully struck design elements and thick chestnut-brown toning with hints of red and mint-green throughout. There are no distracting contact marks. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 45 in 64 (1 in 64+) Brown, 27 finer (11/16). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2753, PCGS# 3651

- 3410 1873 Closed 3 PR61 Red and Brown PCGS.** Both sides of this sharply defined proof exhibit considerable pale orange luster with splashes of delicate bluish-brown toning on the subdued surfaces. NGC ID# 2753, PCGS# 3652

**1873 Closed 3 Two Cent Piece, PR63 Red and Brown
Original Issue**



- 3411 1873 Closed 3 PR63 Red and Brown PCGS.** This proof-only "Original" issue has long been popular with collectors and prized in all grades. The present specimen comes by its Red and Brown designation with a blend of copper-orange and violet-claret shadings. Minor contact marks between the raised stripes on the shield account for the grade. Population: 54 in 63 Red and Brown, 277 finer (10/16). Ex: West Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 312. NGC ID# 2753, PCGS# 3652

**1873 Two Cent Piece, PR65 Red and Brown
Pleasing Closed 3 Example**



- 3412 1873 Closed 3 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** A complete set of two-cent pieces must include a proof-only Closed 3 example — and usually the Open 3 Restrike as well. This Gem Red and Brown Closed 3 example is sharply struck with modest mirroring of the fields. Umber-brown shades visit the high points, while the fields retain much of their original coppery-red sheen. A few dark flecks are scattered about the pleasing surfaces. PCGS lists just 31 numerically finer Red and Brown proofs (11/16). NGC ID# 2753, PCGS# 3652

**1873 Closed 3 Two Cent Piece
PR66 Red and Brown**



- 3413 1873 Closed 3 PR66 Red and Brown NGC.** Ex: Hilt Collection. A scarce proof-only date, the 1873 comes in two varieties. Specimens with a Closed 3 in the date are regarded as originals, while those with an Open 3 logotype are considered restrikes. It is possible, though, that the Open 3 pieces were also struck in 1873. The present Closed 3 Premium Gem has peach-gold, cherry-red, and olive-green surfaces. The strike is intricate and no carbon is perceptible. Census: 40 in 66 (1 in 66 ★) Red and Brown, 2 finer (10/16). Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 3454. NGC ID# 2753, PCGS# 3652

THREE CENT SILVER

**1851 Three Cent Silver, MS67
Tied for Finest at Both Firms**



- 3414 1851 MS67 PCGS.** The introductory 1851 is, along with the 1852 and 1853, best-suited for type purposes given its high mintage of 5.4 million coins. Examples can be located through MS67, but none are certified in higher grades. This tan-gold and powder-blue Superb Gem is thickly frosted with well-defined legends and stars. Virtually free of contact. Population: 20 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

**1851-O Silver Three Cent, MS65
Singular Branch Mint Issue**



- 3415 1851-O MS65 PCGS.** The only branch mint issue in the three cent silver series is highly sought-after in all grades. Gems are occasionally available, but finer coins are rare. This piece displays well-struck devices and softly frosted luster with a hint of light champagne toning. Flecks of russet appear on each side, attesting to the originality of the surfaces. Population: 60 in 65 (1 in 65+), 36 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22YY, PCGS# 3665

- 3416 1862 MS67 NGC.** An impressive Superb Gem, this frosty beauty exhibits an above average strike and highly lustrous silver surfaces with faint peripheral gold toning. Census: 24 in 67 (1 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

- 3417 1863 MS64 PCGS.** From a low Civil War mintage of 21,000 pieces, this attractive Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant satiny mint luster, with a few areas of prooflike reflectivity. Pale champagne-gold toning enhances the well-preserved surfaces of both sides. Population: 22 in 64, 42 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZD, PCGS# 3682

**1864 Three Cent Silver, MS66
Peripherally Toned**



- 3418 1864 MS66 PCGS.** Gorgeously toned in autumn-gold, lime-green, and fire-red. The borders exhibit the deeper colors. Well struck and shimmering with an immaculate appearance. The obverse is boldly clashed. A mere 12,000 pieces were struck of this scarce issue. Population: 19 in 66 (1 in 66+), 12 finer (10/16). Ex: *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 11/2008), lot 538; *Baltimore Signature* (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 388. NGC ID# 22ZE, PCGS# 3684

**1864 Three Cent Silver, Near-Pristine MS66
Only 12,000 Coins Minted**



- 3419 1864 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Output of three cent silver coins plunged to just 12,000 pieces in 1864. Choice Uncirculated is the most frequently awarded grade at PCGS and NGC, and Premium Gems such as this are conditionally rare. The shield is well-defined, and only a few of the olive leaves and stars display mild strike softness. Each side is richly toned in olive and violet-gray patina with semiprooflike fields, the surfaces practically pristine save for a few tiny flecks. Bold clash marks occur throughout. NGC ID# 22ZE, PCGS# 3684

**1864 Three Cent Silver, MS67+
Mottled Rainbow Toning**



- 3420 1864 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** With a small production of 12,000 coins, the 1864 is a challenging middle date in the series, demand for which is heightened by its Civil War association. The coins did not circulate stateside during that time. They were hoarded, and examples are available as high MS68. This MS67+ coin with CAC endorsement rivals those top-graded coins. Mottled rainbow iridescence covers the surfaces in their entirety. Nearly fully struck with light clash marks. Population: 7 in 67 (1 in 67+), 6 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZE, PCGS# 3684

- 3421 1865 MS63 PCGS.** Considerable luster percolates upward from beneath the surfaces decorated with a melange of mint, gold, copper, and gray patina. This attractive coin is held back from a higher grade by a small triangular flaw just above the star on the obverse. Only 8,000 pieces were struck of this mid-Type Three issue. Population: 13 in 63, 48 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZE, PCGS# 3685

**1865 Three Cent Silver, MS66
Toned and Well-Preserved**



- 3422 1865 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Mint State examples of the 1865 silver three cent are scarce, and Gems are rare. This Premium Gem displays excellent preservation and mottled olive-gold, amber, and forest-green toning. The fields are slightly reflective, although clashed on both sides as usual. Slight strike weakness is seen only on the high points of the shield and the olive branch. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 4 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZF, PCGS# 3685

**1869 Three Cent Silver, MS64
Scarce Circulation Strike, 4,500 Minted**



- 3423 1869 MS64 PCGS.** Remarkably well struck for the type, with clearly defined devices and none of the frequently-seen clash marks. Electric-blue and olive patina occurs on each side, mainly near the edges. A few wispy field marks limit the grade. Population: 16 in 64, 12 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 625. NGC ID# 22ZK, PCGS# 3689

**1871 Three Cent Silver, MS66
Richly Toned**



- 3424 1871 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** A beautifully toned representative of this challenging business-strike issue, beautifully detailed with warm luster that filters through profound green-gold, violet, sapphire, and rose-magenta patina. Incredible eye appeal for this issue of only 3,400 pieces. Population: 24 in 66 (1 in 66+), 12 finer. CAC: 13 in 66, 4 finer (10/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 572. NGC ID# 22ZM, PCGS# 3692

Impressive 1871 Three Cent Silver, MS68
Lightly Mirrored Fields



- 3425** 1871 MS68 NGC. CAC. This stunning Superb Gem has lightly mirrored fields and lustrous, sharply defined devices. The obverse has concentric gold, violet, and blue toning around its light silver center. The reverse has a ring of iridescent toning on otherwise mostly brilliant silver luster. NGC reports four examples at this grade level including one 68★ and another 68+. The four pieces are the finest existing 1871 three cent pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZM, PCGS# 3692

PROOF THREE CENT SILVER

1858 Three Cent Silver, Toned PR67



- 3426** 1858 PR67 NGC. CAC. Mintage estimates for the proof 1858 three cent silver range from 60-75 pieces, per Breen (1977), to 210, per the 2017 *Guide Book of United States Coins* (the Red Book). The latter estimate is thought to be more accurate, based on the 212 submissions (that likely include several resubmissions) reported by NGC and PCGS combined. The PCGS website suggests that approximately 100 coins are known.

Grayish patination imbued with whispers of grayish-blue visits both sides of this Superb Gem. The design elements are boldly struck and each side is impeccably preserved. Mild field-device contrast is noted on the reverse. CAC aptly recognizes the quality of this gorgeous coin. Census: 5 in 67 (1 in 67★), 1 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27C5, PCGS# 3705

1863/2 Three Cent Silver, Toned PR65



- 3427** 1863/2 PR65 PCGS. Breen-2944. Breen (1988) states: "Restrike. Proofs only. Very rare. Heavy 1863 punched over lighter 1862." What appears to be the downstroke of a 2 shows within the lower loop of the 3 in the date. Deep grayish-purple toning yields to whispers of gold on the central obverse. Boldly struck design elements further enhance the pleasing eye appeal of this piece. Population: 5 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZP, PCGS# 3713

- 3428** 1863 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The *Guide Book* reports a mintage of 460 proofs for the 1863. Examples come under heavy date pressure, as high-grade circulation strikes are exceedingly rare. This Gem proof has thickly frosted motifs and glassy fields that generate eye-catching contrast. Lightly toned in shades of blue, green, gold, and violet. Population: 8 in 65 Cameo, 8 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZP, PCGS# 83712

1865 Three Cent Silver, PR67 ★
Gorgeous Multicolor Toning



- 3429** 1865 PR67 ★ NGC. In terms of sheer eye appeal, this Superb Gem three cent silver proof has few equals. Designated with the important NGC Star for its out-and-out visual superiority, the coin displays equally flamboyant colors on both sides. The obverse dazzles with cerulean-blue, violet, and ivory shades around a bullseye of flame-orange and amber-gold toning at the heart of the star. The reverse shows brightly mirrored fields with pale pink and blue hues deepening to intense royal-blue and orange toning at the center. The strike is especially sharp for this Civil War issue, and aside from a few random, delicate lines hidden within the toning there are no marks. Census: 7 in 67 (1 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CB, PCGS# 3715

- 3430** 1865 PR64 Cameo PCGS. The Mint produced merely 8,000 three cent silver circulation strikes and 500 proofs. The unavailability of high-grade business strikes places significant pressure on proofs like this PR64 Cameo representative. Lightly toned borders cede to brilliant, boldly contrasted centers. Population: 6 in 64 (1 in 64+) Cameo, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CB, PCGS# 83715

**1867 Silver Three Cent, PR66+ Cameo
Attractive Toned and Contrasted**



- 3431 1867 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Due to the prohibitive rarity of Deep Cameos, high-end Cameos are usually the finest that most collectors can acquire when it comes to the 1867 proof three cent silver. This high-end Premium Gem displays full detail and deeply mirrored fields without noticeable surface distractions. Rose-gold, lavender-blue, and aquamarine toning encompasses each side, but the cameo effect is not subdued. Population: 18 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 6 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CD, PCGS# 83717

- 3432 1870 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Cameo proof 1870 silver three cents are scarce in all grades. This CAC-approved Gem Cameo displays a full strike from fresh dies with beautiful multicolor toning in the mirrored fields. No distracting marks are observed. Population: 6 in 65 Cameo, 15 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CF, PCGS# 83721

- 3433 1871 PR64 PCGS.** 1871 was another low mintage year for the trime. Only 960 proofs were issued, along with 3,400 commercial pieces. The present unblemished and fully struck near-Gem displays attractive golden-brown, navy-blue, and russet-red patina. NGC ID# 27CG, PCGS# 3722

**1872 Silver Three Cent, PR66 Cameo
Sharp and Appealing**



- 3434 1872 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The mintages of business strikes and proofs were nearly identical during the final year of striking three cent silver pieces for circulation. Just 1,000 circulation strikes were joined by 950 proofs. This contrasted Premium Gem is brilliant save for a mere hint of pale gold on the reverse. Glassy-mirrored fields contrast boldly with the frost-white raised devices. A tiny planchet void between OF and AMERICA is of little note, as are a pair of small lint marks and minor repunching on the date. The strike is sharp as expected, with only the usual flatness on the four bottom stars on the reverse. Population: 10 in 66 Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CH, PCGS# 83723

- 3435 1873 PR63 PCGS.** Dappled sea-green toning overlies reflective straw-gold surfaces. A crisply struck specimen that exhibits superior eye appeal for the third-party grade. A proof-only date with a scant mintage of 600 pieces. Housed in a green label holder.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 27CJ, PCGS# 3724

**1873 Three Cent Silver, PR66 Cameo
A Proof-Only Issue and Key Date**



- 3436 1873 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** This proof-only issue is the last of the three cent silver series. According to the 2016 *Guide Book*, 600 pieces were manufactured, all of the Closed 3 variety. Breen (1988) writes: "The Mint's publicity agent, Andrew Madsen Smith, had a hoard of at least 300. Others were melted in July 1873." Smith's hoard likely helps to account for the large number of examples certified by PCGS and NGC: 895 pieces. But that said, the original mintage may be suspect in terms of being underreported, or perhaps the grading services have seen a disproportionately larger number of resubmitted coins.

In any event, the proof-only 1873 is a significant key date in the silver three cent series, one necessary to complete a date set. The current Gem proof with CAC approval will be a standout in such a collection. Cobalt-blue toning resides on the lightly frosted central devices, enabling them to stand out against the mirrored fields, especially on the obverse. The design elements are sharply struck and neither side reveals significant marks, enhancing the pleasing eye appeal. Population: 8 in 66 Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CJ, PCGS# 83724

**1873 Silver Three Cent, PR66 Cameo
Remarkable Contrast and Eye Appeal**



- 3437 1873 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The availability of this final-year, proof-only silver three cent issue is primarily in non-Cameo or low-end Cameo representatives. Deep Cameos are rarely offered, and high-end Cameos are comparably scarce. This Premium Gem displays stark field-device contrast, accentuated by beautiful rainbow toning around both peripheries. The strike is full, and there are no distractions. Population: 8 in 66 Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CJ, PCGS# 83724

**1873 Three Cent Silver, PR65 Deep Cameo
Final, Proof-Only Issue**



- 3438 1873 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The three cent silver denomination was cancelled in 1873, after a proof-only mintage of 600 specimens was accomplished at the Philadelphia Mint. This spectacular Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields that contrast boldly with the frosty devices. Subtle shades of pale gold toning visit the impeccably preserved surfaces. Population: 4 in 65 Deep Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27CJ, PCGS# 93724

THREE CENT NICKELS

**1874 Three Cent Nickel, MS66+
Radiant Luster and Sharply Struck**



- 3439 1874 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Radiant luster issues from both sides of this high-end Premium Gem three cent nickel. Sharply struck design features include the beads and LIBERTY on the crown and the lines in the III. A few unobtrusive ticks do not detract. Population: 15 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2759, PCGS# 3742
- 3440 1876 MS66 PCGS.** The three cent nickel never caught on in circulation, and by 1876 production had fallen to 162,000 coins. Premium Gems are very rare, representing the finest submissions at both services. This flashy, brilliant example shows small marks limited to the first upright in the denomination. Pinpoint-sharp. Population: 14 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275A, PCGS# 3744

**1883 Three Cent Nickel, MS65
Circulation Strike Rarity**



- 3441 1883 MS65 PCGS.** While most of the 1880s three cent nickel pieces are extremely plentiful in proof format, virtually every issue is rare in circulation strike format. This piece has splendid champagne toning over frosty luster. Delicate peripheral gold and blue toning enhances the eye appeal. Population: 4 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3751

**1884 Three Cent Nickel, AU53
Rare Low-Mintage Key Issue**



- 3442 1884 AU53 PCGS. CAC.** This is the key issue in the business strike three cent nickel series, and examples are rare at all grade levels. While the 1884 had a tiny mintage of only 1,700 pieces, the business strike production was even smaller in 1885, at a mere 1,000 specimens. Survivorship is lower for the 1884, however. This example is boldly struck with mark-free, dove-gray surfaces that only reveal a modest degree of high-point wear on each side. Population: 3 in 53, 24 finer. CAC: 1 in 53, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2766, PCGS# 3752
- 3443 1885 XF40 PCGS. CAC.** An unusual year with only 1,000 circulation strikes minted, compared to nearly 4,000 proofs. This lightly circulated survivor exhibits fully natural light gray surfaces and good eye appeal. NGC ID# 275G, PCGS# 3753

1885 Three Cent Nickel, MS65
Low-Mintage Key Date



3444 1885 MS65 PCGS. CAC. By 1885 there was almost no commercial demand for the three cent denomination, as the public found the dime, five cent nickel, and cent perfectly adequate for small change purposes, after the government resumed specie payments in 1879. Only 1,000 business-strike three cent nickels were struck in 1885, the lowest mintage of the series. The issue was saved to some extent by contemporary collectors, but most numismatists of that period preferred to acquire proofs for their collections. The nominal proof mintage of 3,790 pieces was probably more than adequate to satisfy collector demand. Today, the 1885 three cent nickel is an elusive key date, and examples in MS65 condition are rare.

The present coin is an attractive Gem, with well-detailed design elements that show a touch of the usual softness on Liberty's hair. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with subtle hints of pale gold and lavender-gray toning. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 17 in 65 (1 in 65+), 16 finer. CAC: 8 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275G, PCGS# 3753

1887 Three Cent Nickel, MS66
Paltry 5,000-Coin Mintage



3445 1887 MS66 PCGS. Three cent nickels were essentially being struck to satisfy collectors and speculators by 1887, hence the token production of 5,000 coins that year and the impressive survival rate in this high grade. The mintage is the fourth-lowest circulation-strike total in the series, and demand is always strong as a result. This outstanding semikey offers golden patina over apparently mark-free surfaces. A razor-sharp Registry coin. Population: 46 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NU, PCGS# 3755

1888 Three Cent Nickel, MS67+
Only One Finer Coin at PCGS



3446 1888 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Superb Gem from a mintage of 36,500 pieces, this coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides, with a few hints of greenish-gold toning. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 48 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 16 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275H, PCGS# 3757

PROOF THREE CENT NICKELS

3447 1865 PR64 Cameo PCGS. A sharply struck, near-Gem proof example of the first three cent nickel coinage issue. While business strikes of this date are among the most common dates in the entire series, proofs are elusive and seldom seen, regardless of numerical grade. Faint champagne toning is present on both sides, with desirable Cameo contrast. Population: 19 in 64 Cameo, 73 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 275K, PCGS# 83761

3448 1866 PR66 Cameo PCGS. Lightly patinated with appealing contrast between the frosty devices and mirrored fields. This lovely, carbon-free Premium Gem is certainly in the upper echelon of surviving proofs. A brilliant and impressive Cameo proof, housed in a pre-barcode light blue-label holder. Population: 23 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer (10/16).
Ex: The David R. Poole Registry Collection of Proof Three Cent Nickels, FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 1104. NGC ID# 275L, PCGS# 83762

3449 1866 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. This is a fully struck proof with considerable field-device contrast on each side. Hints of light golden toning add to the eye appeal. Neither side exhibits the usual lintmarks and minor planchet laminations often associated with nickel three cent proofs. Population: 24 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 17 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275L, PCGS# 83762

3450 1867 PR66 Cameo PCGS. A lovely Premium Gem Cameo proof with bold design motifs, this early three cent nickel has a bold strike and untuned gray surfaces. An important "contrast-rarity" in the series. Population: 45 in 66 (4 in 66+) Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 83763

1867 Three Cent Nickel, PR67 Cameo
Sharp and Attractive, Smooth Cheek



- 3451** 1867 PR67 Cameo NGC. Delightful pale-blue toning with fawn-gold accents visits both sides of this Superb Gem Cameo proof. Glittering, deeply reflective mirrors surround the frosty and smooth motifs. Cameo proofs are in the minority throughout the three cent nickel series, and this is an exceptionally nice example. Census: 6 in 67 Cameo (1 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 83763

1867 Nickel Three Cent, PR66+ Deep Cameo
None Certified Finer



- 3452** 1867 PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS has seen only a dozen Deep Cameos in all grades, and this CAC-approved example is tied for the finest. The coin is sharply struck, and field-device contrast is stark on each side. The mirrored fields show no contact marks. A loupe reveals a few tiny russet specks on each side. Population: 9 in 66 (2 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 93763

1869 Nickel Three Cent, PR67 Cameo
A Top-Tier Registry Coin



- 3453** 1869 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The finest proof 1869 three cent nickels are graded PR67, including Cameos, Deep Cameos, and non-Cameos. This CAC-endorsed Cameo displays a full strike and frosty devices. Iridescent toning graces the reflective fields, offering pale rose, champagne, and powder-blue hues. The usual array of lintmarks is surprisingly almost nonexistent. Population: 7 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275P, PCGS# 83765

1871 Three Cent Nickel, PR67 Cameo
Sole Finest Cameo at PCGS



- 3454** 1871 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The proof 1871 nickel three cent piece is scarce in Cameo grades and extremely rare as a Deep Cameo. This CAC-approved Superb Gem is the single finest Cameo at PCGS (11/16). Fully struck, frosty devices deliver stark field-motif contrast, and the fields are deeply mirrored. Neither side exhibits mentionable toning. NGC ID# 275S, PCGS# 83767

- 3455** 1872 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Impressive Cameo contrast appears on this sharply defined and highly attractive Premium Gem proof. A hint of champagne toning appears on the brilliant nickel-gray surfaces. Population: 22 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26JT, PCGS# 83768

1874 Three Cent Nickel, PR67 Cameo
Tied for the Finest Cameo at PCGS



- 3456** 1874 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Deep Cameo examples of the 1874 proof are extremely rare, and none grade finer than PR66+ at PCGS. This Superb Gem Cameo is a major condition rarity itself, and in its lofty grade represents an ideal choice for Registry Set collectors. The strike sharp, and cameo contrast is excellent. Neither side exhibits notable toning or contact marks. Population: 4 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275V, PCGS# 83770

- 3457** 1875 PR65+ Cameo PCGS. As one would expect, the relief elements are fully impressed throughout this nickel-gray Gem with eye-catching Cameo contrast. Die chips appear on the cheek and neck. Signs of contact are few and far between. From a reported mintage of 700+ proofs. Population: 28 in 65 (7 in 65+) Cameo, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 83771

**1875 Three Cent Nickel, PR66 Cameo
Excellent Contrast**



- 3458 1875 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** Dramatic field-device contrast is apparent on the nickel-gray surfaces of this sharply struck Premium Gem Cameo. Several minuscule marks in the center of the first stand of the III will help identify this coin. Great overall eye appeal. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 83771

**1875 Three Cent Nickel, PR66 Cameo
Tied for Finest at Both Services**



- 3459 1875 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Brilliant surfaces facilitate the appreciation of bold white-on-black contrast on each side of this Premium Gem Cameo proof. The Mint struck 700+ three cent nickel proofs in 1875, few of which can match the level of all-around quality offered here. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 83771

**1877 Three Cent Nickel, PR65 Cameo
In-Demand Proof-Only Date**



- 3460 1877 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** Collectors with their sights set on putting together a complete run of three cent nickels will require an example of the 1877, an exceedingly challenging proof-only from a production of 900 specimens. This is a silvery gray Gem with bold contrast between the fully struck motifs and carefully preserved fields. Minor contact marks are largely unimportant. NGC ID# 275X, PCGS# 83773

**1877 Three Cent Nickel, PR65 Cameo
Key Series Date, 900 Proofs Struck**



- 3461 1877 PR65 Cameo NGC. Breen 2437, Flynn RPD-001.** A sharply struck and strongly contrasted proof with glassy mirrored fields, this brilliant example shows repunching at the base of the 1 in the date. A die scratch near the stand of the final 7 confirms the variety. With a reported mintage of 900 pieces, only proofs were struck in 1877 and no circulation strikes, making the issue essential for both date and proof series collectors. This beautifully contrasted Gem will enhance any advanced set. Census: 42 in 65 Cameo, 85 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275X, PCGS# 83773

**1877 Three Cent Nickel, PR66 Deep Cameo
One of Three Finest at PCGS
Finest of Two CAC-Endorsed**



- 3462 1877 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The 1877 proof-only issue is a "must have" coin for completing a three cent nickel collection. The nickel-gray surfaces of this Premium Gem Deep Cameo yield spectacular field-motif contrast and a bold strike. A few minute marks on the center-right edge of the first stand in III are mentioned solely as pedigree markers. This coin is the numerically finest of two 1877 Deep Cameos given the CAC sticker. Population: 3 in 66 Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275X, PCGS# 93773

**1878 Three Cent Nickel, PR68
Sole Finest Non-Cameo Proof**



- 3463 1878 PR68 PCGS Secure. Ex: TDP Collection.** As a proof-only issue, specialists have no choice but to opt for one of the 2,350 three cent nickel specimens manufactured in 1878. This happens to be the sole finest non-Cameo proof at PCGS, though the *Population Report* shows another PR68 Cameo coin at that service (11/16). Brilliant, deeply reflective surfaces offer occasional splashes of golden patina. Devoid of any consequential contact marks. NGC ID# 275Y, PCGS# 3774

3464 1878 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The 1878 three cent nickel was issued only in proof format. This Superb Gem Cameo displays sharp detail and appreciable contrast. Warm golden toning encourages prolonged admiration of the delicately preserved surfaces. Population: 39 in 67 (6 in 67+) Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 32 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275Y, PCGS# 83774

3465 1879 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. This impressively sharp Superb Gem Cameo proof exhibits frosty and fully lustrous devices that contrast nicely with the mirrored fields. A black-and-white proof, this piece is a borderline Deep Cameo example. Population: 44 in 67 (2 in 67+) Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 27 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 275Z, PCGS# 83775

3466 1883 PR67 PCGS. This lovely Superb Gem proof exhibits faint rose toning over its lovely gray surfaces with hints of cameo contrast on each side. The design motifs are boldly detailed with excellent field-to-device contrast. Population: 84 in 67 (5 in 67+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3779

3467 1883 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Hints of pale champagne toning appear on the lustrous devices of this brilliant Premium Gem Cameo proof. Sharply struck with pristine surfaces as expected. CAC: 35 in 66, 32 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 83779

1884 Three Cent Nickel, Unsurpassed PR68 For the Finest Date or Proof Set



3468 1884 PR68 PCGS. CAC. In a numismatically odd (but not unheard-of) reversal, the 1884 proof mintage exceeded its circulation strike mintage by more than 2 to 1. A year later, the 1885 three cent nickel one-upped the feat with a proof mintage that outpaced the business strikes by 3 to 1. Just two coins have achieved the PR68 level at PCGS and one other is listed at NGC, with none numerically finer at either service. This example displays a frosted, icy-blue portrait surrounded by glassy-mirrored fields imbued with pale iridescence. The intensity of color increases on the equally mirrored reverse, while both side are impeccably well-struck. This is the sole CAC-endorsed example for the grade. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26D7, PCGS# 3780

1884 Three Cent Nickel, PR68 Cameo None Finer at Either Service



3469 1884 PR68 Cameo PCGS. The 1884 is one of the traditional choices for type purposes in proof format with 3,942 pieces struck. And it is relatively abundant in lower grades, but it is an unquestioned condition rarity as a PR68 Cameo. Only three other pieces have been so graded by PCGS (11/16), and none are finer at either service. This is an immaculately preserved proof that is brilliant throughout. As expected, the devices are deeply reflective and give the coin a "black" background against the "white" frosted devices. We see no contact marks on either side. NGC ID# 2766, PCGS# 83780

3470 1885 PR67 PCGS. CAC. An amazing Superb Gem proof. This lightly blue-toned piece has accents of pale yellow on each side. Boldly defined with incredible mirrored fields and lustrous devices. Population: 38 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 21 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 496; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 441. NGC ID# 2767, PCGS# 3781

1887 Three Cent Nickel, PR67 Cameo Tied for Finest Certified



3471 1887 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Rare so fine, this Superb Gem displays silverlike surfaces with a hint of pale-blue patina plus wisps of almond-gold at the reverse center. The PCGS holder indicates that this proof is an overdate, but the coin is from a late die state and lapped to show little evidence of the underdigit. The reverse die was lapped as well, with the left ribbon and bow ends disconnected. A remarkably well-preserved and contrasted proof, with watery fields and crisply frosted devices. We have never offered the equal of this outstanding PR67 Cameo example. Population: 3 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2769, PCGS# 83783

**1889 Three Cent Nickel, PR68
Tied for Finest Non-Cameo**



- 3472 1889 PR68 PCGS.** The 1889 is popular as the last year of issue for the three cent nickel series. Many of the 1888 and 1889 issues were melted for recoinage into nickel five cent pieces when the law abolishing them was passed in 1890. The present example is a lightly patinated, Superb Gem proof that displays shimmering, partially reflective surfaces unencumbered by marks, hairlines, or annoying spots. Each side exhibits a pastel-golden and rose-red finish with hints of sky-blue as the coin is turned under a light. The 1 in the date is repunched, a trait that the Breen *Encyclopedia* says is found on a minority of proofs. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2005), lot 4051; *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 3105. NGC ID# 22NW, PCGS# 3786

SHIELD NICKELS

- 3473 1866 Rays MS65 PCGS.** A beautiful Gem of the briefly issued Rays subtype. Rich olive-green, wheat-gold, and lilac-red toning drapes unmarked and coruscating surfaces. Well struck, and devoid of any die cracks. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 22NX, PCGS# 3790

**1866 Nickel, MS66
FS-102, Doubled Die Obverse**



- 3474 1866 Rays, Doubled Die Obverse, FS-102, MS66 PCGS.** The motto IN GOD WE TRUST is plainly doubled left, and all four date digits are repunched north. Fivaz and Stanton remark: "This variety is unusual, as it is one of very few Shield nickels that has a doubled obverse die with no doubling evident anywhere on the shield." Also of note is that this is among the finest survivors from a mintage exceeding 14.7 million coins. Glints of gold around the borders blend with brilliant, nickel-gray centers. Strongly struck with the exception of the lower olive tips. Die cracks encircle each side. Population (all varieties): 57 in 66 (4 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38312 Base PCGS# 3790

**1866/1866 Rays Shield Nickel, MS63
FS-302, Repunched Date**



- 3475 1866/1866 Rays, Repunched Date, FS-302, MS63 PCGS.** FS-302 is one of the most dramatic doubled date varieties of the 1866 Shield nickel; an entire secondary date is seen in the spaces to the right of the primary digits. A couple of stars on the reverse are also recut. This popular variety is scarce in high grade and highly sought-after. The strike is a trifle soft on high points of the wreath and shield and on several stars, but abrasions are minimal for the grade. Frosty luster shows light golden toning. The obverse is heavily lapped, and the reverse exhibits peripheral die cracks. PCGS# 38315 Base PCGS# 3790

**1867 With Rays Shield Nickel, MS65
Elusive Gem Type Coin**



- 3476 1867 Rays MS65 PCGS. CAC.** Type and date collectors will find the 1867 Shield nickel to be a challenging acquisition in Gem condition, with finer representatives rarely seen. This CAC-approved MS65 coin displays satiny nickel-gray luster with a hint of champagne toning. The coin is well-struck but lacks complete definition on several stars and the right (facing) wreath leaves. Population: 38 in 65 (1 in 65+), 8 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22NY, PCGS# 3791
- 3477 1868 MS66+ PCGS.** The design elements of this Plus-graded Premium Gem are sharply detailed throughout and the well-preserved lustrous surfaces are visited by delicate shades of pale gold toning. Population: 47 in 66 (6 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22P2, PCGS# 3795
- 3478 1870 MS65+ PCGS.** Myriad die polishing lines are evident on both sides of this splendid Gem, with a die crack through the tops of UNITED STA that forms a small triangular break at the upper right side of the D in UNITED. This lovely piece has brilliant luster beneath delicate gold toning. Population: 75 in 65 (15 in 65+), 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22P4, PCGS# 3797
- 3479 1870 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** Prominent peripheral die cracks are evident on both sides of this lovely Gem. The top of the first S in STATES and the bottom of the S in CENTS are absent. Outstanding eye appeal results from brilliant nickel-gray luster and wispy champagne toning. NGC ID# 22P4, PCGS# 3797

1870 Shield Nickel, MS66
Among the Finest at PCGS



3480 1870 MS66 PCGS. This impeccably preserved, Registry-quality Shield nickel has fully brilliant surfaces and needle-sharp design detail. As usual, prominent die cracks appear on each side. The nickel composition proved exceedingly difficult to work with in the early years of the series. Population: 20 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22P4, PCGS# 3797

3481 1872 MS66 PCGS. CAC. Nearly unavailable any finer, this Premium Gem 1872 is razor-sharp despite multiple fine die cracks at the peripheries. The date is slightly recut, one of many recut date varieties for the issue. Faint-gold toning appears at the central reverse, although the piece is predominantly brilliant with strong satin luster. The outer curves and serifs of several letters in the reverse legend are missing. Population: 31 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3799

3482 1873 Open 3 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The Mint struck nearly 10 times as many Open 3 nickels in 1873 as Closed 3 nickels. Nevertheless, Open 3 representatives are very scarcely offered in this high grade. Blushes of gold appear over brilliant, nickel-gray surfaces. The reverse is better-defined than the obverse. Population: 51 in 65 (8 in 65+), 12 finer. CAC: 13 in 65, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22P8, PCGS# 3800

3483 1879 MS64 ANACS. A swath of subtle reddish-orange toning angles across the shield and glows beneath lilac overtones throughout the satiny surfaces of this scarce 1879 nickel. Business strikes were in short supply then as well as now — a result of the small 25,900-piece mintage. The fields show minor reflectivity and occasional flecks of cloudy gray toning. A sharply struck, Choice Uncirculated coin and very scarce this original. NGC ID# 5KWK, PCGS# 3808

1880 Nickel, XF45
Key to the Series



3484 1880 XF45 PCGS. The 1880 is the no-questions key date among circulation-strike Shield nickels. Apart from two proof-only issues in the 1877 and 1878, the 1880 has a series-low mintage of 16,000 coins. PCGS estimates a survivorship of about 100 pieces across the grade spectrum. This stone-gray XF representative retains good detail despite softness on the upper shield and leaves. A couple of small flecks occur within the verticals and in the reverse fields. Population: 6 in 45, 44 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 276E, PCGS# 3810

1881 Shield Nickel, MS64
Attractively Toned With Gold CAC Sticker



3485 1881 MS64 PCGS. Gold CAC. The 1881 is more available in business strike format than the 1880, but is nonetheless very scarce due to a little-saved production of 68,800 pieces. Pale caramel-gold and olive-green toning drapes the lustrous obverse and satiny reverse. Well struck. Certified in a first generation holder. Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 3371. NGC ID# 276F, PCGS# 3811

3486 1883/2 FS-302 AU58 PCGS. CAC. The curve, corner, and ball of the 2 underdigit are apparent. The heavy die crack above the date provides a secondary diagnostic. A satiny and unblemished pearl-gray representative that shows only a hint of wear on the leaf tips. FS-302 Population: 2 in 58, 5 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38413 Base PCGS# 3813

3487 1883/2 FS-302 MS63 PCGS. CAC. The curve of the underdigit 2 appears at the lower left part of the 3. The prominent die crack that passes through the 3 and the ball of the shield further confirms the variety. A lustrous mark-free example with straw-gold and ice-blue toning. A loupe reveals infrequent shallow strike-throughs, as made. Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 1192. PCGS# 38413 Base PCGS# 3813

PROOF SHIELD NICKELS

1867 No Rays Shield Nickel, PR66+
Sole Finest at PCGS



3488 1867 No Rays PR66+ PCGS. The first proof issue of the No Rays type, seldom seen in Premium Gem condition. This Plus-designated coin is the sole finest at PCGS (10/16). The strike is tack-sharp, with the relief elements rising boldly above deeply mirrored fields. Light champagne toning over each side reveals hints of pale rainbow color when tilted beneath a light. Population: 11 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 4T4L, PCGS# 3821

**1867 No Rays Shield Nickel, PR66 Cameo
Exemplary Strike and Contrast**



- 3489 1867 No Rays PR66 Cameo PCGS.** The star points between the AM in AMERICA on this usual reverse. The coin is sharply struck, and each side displays essentially brilliant, highly reflective fields. Cameo contrast is immediately obvious on each side. The 1867 No Rays proof is rarely seen this fine and prohibitively so any finer. Population: 30 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5EB6, PCGS# 83821

**1867 No Rays Nickel, PR66 Cameo
Well-Contrasted Surfaces**



- 3490 1867 No Rays PR66 Cameo PCGS.** The 1867 No Rays is elusive in Premium Gem Cameo and nearly unobtainable any finer; PCGS and NGC have graded only 42 coins in PR66 Cameo and a mere three finer. Sharply struck, frosty, silvery devices stand out against the gray mirrored fields. A few trivial light marks on the shield are within the parameters of the PR66 classification. Population: 30 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5EB6, PCGS# 83821

**1867 No Rays Shield Nickel, PR66 Cameo
A High-End Registry Coin**



- 3491 1867 No Rays PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Dramatic cameo contrast gives this high-end No Rays proof exceptional visual appeal, while a blush of golden border toning accents the liquidlike mirroring of the fields. The strike is razor-sharp, and neither side exhibits blemishes. Only three finer Cameos are reported by PCGS and NGC combined, and Deep Cameos are extremely rare. Population: 30 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5EB6, PCGS# 83821

- 3492 1868 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The depth of mirroring on this Premium Gem Cameo proof is reminiscent of a modern proof issue — certainly far more reflective than is typically seen on Shield nickel proofs. The strike is sharp, and cameo contrast is outstanding. The lower-right obverse displays a glint of light golden toning. The date is lightly recut, visible at the bases of the 18 and within the loops of the 68. Population: 23 in 66 (4 in 66+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276J, PCGS# 83822

**1868 Shield Nickel, PR66+ Cameo
Sharply Contrasted**



- 3493 1868 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Pale oil-slick toning glows over both sides of this brightly mirrored Gem Cameo proof 1868 Shield nickel. The strike is complete in all areas, and the mirrored fields are free of any obvious marks. Population: 23 in 66 (4 in 66+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276J, PCGS# 83822

- 3494 1870 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The sharply detailed design elements of this spectacular Premium Gem proof have a coat of mint frost that contrasts boldly with the reflective fields. The well-preserved surfaces show a few hints of pale gold toning. Population: 23 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276L, PCGS# 83824

- 3495 1871 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The mirrored fields of this high-end Premium Gem highlight the sharply struck design elements. Well-preserved surfaces further affirm the CAC endorsement. Finer numerical grades are virtually uncollectible with only three pieces certified. Population: 29 in 66 (4 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 16 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# AMU3, PCGS# 83825

- 3496 1872 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** A splendid Premium Gem Cameo proof, this Shield nickel exhibits impressive contrast with brilliant mirrored fields and lustrous devices. Faint gold toning appears on the light gray surfaces. NGC ID# AMU4, PCGS# 83826

- 3497 1873 Closed 3 PR65 NGC. CAC. Fletcher-2.** The 1 in the date is repunched. Light butter-gold toning adorns this prominently mirrored and boldly struck Gem. Devoid of contact. One slight gray spot noted near the obverse rim near 7:30. Housed in an early, pre-hologram holder. NGC ID# 5KX3, PCGS# 3827

1874 Nickel, Elusive PR67



- 3498 1874 PR67 PCGS.** The nickel-gray surfaces of this Superb Gem exhibit sharply struck design elements and are impeccably preserved. Mild contrast is noted on the obverse. PCGS and NGC combined report just 17 submissions in PR67 and none finer. Population: 12 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3828

3499 1875 PR66 Cameo NGC. This sharp proof displays excellent contrast and traditional nickel-gray color with hints of golden border toning. Cameos are rarely offered this fine and are almost uncollectible finer. Census: 12 in 66 Cameo (2 in 66 ★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276S, PCGS# 83829

3500 1875 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The design elements of this delightful Premium Gem are sharply detailed and frosty, creating intense cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. No mentionable surface flaws are evident. Population: 11 in 66 Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276S, PCGS# 83829

1876 Shield Nickel, PR67 Registry-Grade Non-Cameo



3501 1876 PR67 PCGS. CAC. The 1876 proof Shield nickel is readily available through PR65, but it becomes scarce in PR66 and is a major rarity at the Superb Gem level. This high-end Registry coin displays full detail in the shield, wreath, and stars, with deep reflectivity in the fields. A light blush of champagne toning graces each side. No distractions appear beneath a loupe. Population: 3 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4S39, PCGS# 3830

3502 1876 PR66+ Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. A brilliant and sharply struck Centennial-year Premium Gem. Icy motifs and legends confirm the Cameo designation. Finer Cameos are rare. Population: 32 in 66 (7 in 66+) Cameo, 8 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 7 finer (11/16). Ex: *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 3/2013), lot 3181. NGC ID# 276T, PCGS# 83830

1876 Shield Nickel, PR67+ Cameo Top-of-the-Line Cameo at PCGS



3503 1876 PR67+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. The Plus designation and CAC green label set this high-end Cameo apart from most of its peers, and none are finer at PCGS. This Registry-grade rarity displays full design definition and dramatic field-device contrast. Traces of light golden toning accentuate beautifully preserved surfaces. Population: 8 in 67 (3 in 67+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276T, PCGS# 83830

1877 Shield Nickel, PR65 Necessary for a Complete Date Set



3504 1877 PR65 PCGS. CAC. An important issue in the series, the 1877 Shield nickels were not struck at all for circulation, leaving collectors to vie for 900 proofs that were struck to represent the date in their sets. Today, it is the key to the date series and a conditionally challenged issue as well. This is a scarce Gem representative, housed in an old green label holder with CAC endorsement. Pale-gold and attractive lilac toning combine on both sides for strong eye appeal. The strike is sharp on the frosty motifs, with the obverse more reflective in the fields than the reverse. PCGS has seen just 40 numerically finer proofs (11/16). NGC ID# 276U, PCGS# 3831

1877 Shield Nickel, PR65 Cameo Proof-Only Key Issue



3505 1877 PR65 Cameo PCGS Secure. A great-looking representative of the key 1877 Shield nickel. This Gem proof displays nice field-device contrast with a uniformly sharp strike soft-gray freckles. The proof-only status of the 1877 nickel places it in high demand with series collectors, who have no alternative than to vie for one of the 900 pieces struck, a formidable challenge at the PR65 Cameo level. Population: 46 in 65 Cameo, 48 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 276U, PCGS# 83831

1877 Nickel, PR66 Cameo Only 900 Coins Struck of This Date



3506 1877 PR66 Cameo NGC. A well-struck Gem with undeniable Cameo contrast and light olive-gold patina. A tiny contact mark follows the S in CENTS and serves as a pedigree identifier. The first of two consecutive proof-only issues, the 1877 is much scarcer than the 1878. Cameo-designated representatives are particularly elusive. Census: 64 in 66 Cameo (3 in 66 ★), 4 finer (10/16). Ex: *New York Bullet Sale* (Heritage, 7/2002), lot 419; *Long Beach Bullet Sale* (Heritage, 9/2002), lot 478; *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 9/2003), lot 5948. NGC ID# 276U, PCGS# 83831

- 3507 1879/8 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** A Superb Gem proof example, showing razor-sharp detail and modestly reflective fields. Traces of light champagne toning appear over each side, and the preservation is exceptional. Population: 31 in 67 (1 in 67+), 7 finer. CAC: 13 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 3834

**1879/8 Shield Nickel, PR67 Cameo
Among the Finest Cameos Known**



- 3508 1879/8 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The overdate feature is visible within the loops of the 9. This CAC-approved Superb Gem Cameo is a major condition rarity for the issue, and none are known finer. No Deep Cameo examples of the overdate are known. This piece offers sharp detail and lovely contrast with a hint of light golden color. No bothersome contact marks are seen. Population: 8 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 83834

LIBERTY NICKELS

- 3509 1883 No Cents MS67 PCGS. CAC.** A spectacular Superb Gem example of this important first-year type coin, with well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under delicate shades of pale gold toning. Population: 39 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 15 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2772, PCGS# 3841
- 3510 1883 With Cents MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1883 With Cents nickels replaced their earlier counterparts part-way through the series' first year of issue. Examples of the second subtype were saved to a lesser degree and are very scarce in this impressive state of preservation. Fully brilliant and radiantly lustrous with softness on the stars and left ear of corn. Population: 80 in 66 (12 in 66+), 7 finer. CAC: 32 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3844
- 3511 1883 With Cents MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The modified design that corrected the omission of the word CENTS on the reverse, a critical design flaw that led to the famous Racketeer nickel. This delightful Premium Gem has a bold strike and lovely gold toning over brilliant satiny luster. Population: 80 in 66 (12 in 66+), 7 finer. CAC: 32 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3844

**1884 Nickel, MS66
Among the Finest at PCGS**



- 3512 1884 MS66 PCGS.** The collectible 1884 Liberty nickel (11.2 million coins) begins to pose a challenge in MS65 and becomes conditionally rare at the Premium Gem level. Indeed, PCGS has yet to handle a single Superb Gem. This impressive example has champagne-gold patina that is illuminated by cartwheel mint luster. Fully struck, including the left ear of corn. Population: 46 in 66 (12 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22PJ, PCGS# 3845

**1885 Nickel, Fully Struck MS64
Capstone Issue**



- 3513 1885 MS64 PCGS.** The 1885 is the hands-down key to the Liberty nickel series. It has the second-lowest mintage after the final-year 1912-S and an average certified grade barely higher than VF25. This fantastic Choice Uncirculated representative is fully struck. A loupe fails to reveal any consequential marks over nickel-gray surfaces. NGC ID# 2773, PCGS# 3846

**1885 Liberty Nickel, MS64+
Sought-After Series Key**



- 3514 1885 MS64+ PCGS.** Recognizable to specialists and the uninitiated alike as the key to the Liberty nickel series, the 1885 claims a low mintage of 1.4 million coins. Remarkably, the average certified example grades fractionally higher than VF25, placing this Choice Uncirculated representative in the top echelon of survivors. Each side is attractively toned in shades of peach-gold and ice-blue, though the reverse is noticeably lighter in hue. The stars are fully brought-up and the wreath elements boldly defined. One microscopic mark appears on Liberty's upper cheek. NGC ID# 2773, PCGS# 3846
- 3515 1886 MS62 PCGS.** This satiny, champagne-gray 1886 Liberty nickel is devoid of any noteworthy abrasions and offers pleasant luster. But significant strike weakness in the centers likely contributes to the MS62 grade; Liberty's portrait and several stars are poorly defined, and the wreath and Roman numeral V on the reverse show considerable weakness. An interesting example of this key date. NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3847

1886 Nickel, Colorful MS64



- 3516 1886 MS64 PCGS.** Although not as highly heralded, the 1886 Liberty nickel is actually scarcer than the 1885 in the upper Mint State grades. This collectible Choice example is beautifully toned in pastel rainbow hues. Satiny luster shows minimal signs of contact. The coin is well-struck save for the corn ear to the left of the wreath bow, which is almost always weak. NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3847

1886 Liberty Nickel, MS64
Attractive Example of This Overlooked Key



- 3517 1886 MS64 PCGS. CAC.** The 1886 nickel is overshadowed by the 1885, but both are key dates and there is little that separates their respective rarity. This is an attractive near-Gem whose satiny surfaces show just the slightest tinge of golden-olive toning. The centers are fully detailed, but peripheral weakness of strike is noted on each side. NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3847

1886 Nickel, Radiant MS65
Popular Low-Mintage Issue



- 3518 1886 MS65 PCGS.** Only the 1912-S and 1885 boast smaller mintages than the 1886, a heralded keystone issue with a production of 3.3 million pieces. Interestingly, PCGS ranks the 1886 ahead of all Liberty nickels in MS65 and finer, including the 1885. Wisps of amber-gold patina complement largely lilac-gray surfaces. Radiant luster flows over carefully preserved surfaces that show numerous die cracks. The stars and lower wreath elements are incomplete, but detail is good elsewhere. Population: 54 in 65 (2 in 65+), 9 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3847

1886 Nickel, Beautiful Gem Example
Low Population



- 3519 1886 MS65 NGC.** A highly lustrous example of this key Liberty nickel issue. Well-defined in the centers, though the stars and peripheral wreath elements display some softness. A thin layer of golden patina drapes much of the otherwise nickel-gray surfaces. Despite an original mintage of more than 3.3 million pieces, few examples were saved, and Mint State coins are elusive today. Census: 28 in 65, 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3847

- 3520 1887 MS66 PCGS.** The lustrous and frosty surfaces display intermittent iridescence with lavender, gold, and gray overtones on both sides of this sharply struck Premium Gem nickel. A mintage of more than 15 million pieces required 143 obverse dies, punished by the hard and unforgiving copper/nickel planchets. This piece received an exemplary strike, with sharp hair definition and more than 50% detail on the bowknot and left-hand ear of corn. Only three pieces are numerically finer at PCGS. Population: 32 in 66 (3 in 66+), 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22PL, PCGS# 3848

- 3521 1887 MS66 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Potent luster sweeps this well-preserved stone-gray Premium Gem. The strike is intricate aside from the left ear of corn. We note a small strike-through near star 2 and a slender retained lamination near the D in UNITED, both as made. Population: 33 in 66 (3 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PL, PCGS# 3848

1888 Liberty Nickel, MS66
None Numerically Finer



- 3522 1888 MS66 PCGS.** Pastel shades of golden-orange, sky-blue, sea-green, and violet combine to generate superior visual appeal. Unusually well-struck throughout, an irregularly shaped planchet void between stars 11 and 12 is the only mentionable mark on this Premium Gem. Locating examples with attractive luster and pleasing surfaces can be challenging. Population: 22 in 66 (4 in 66+), 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2774, PCGS# 3849

- 3523 1890 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Variegated iridescent toning adorns highly lustrous and pleasing surfaces that shimmer with mint luster on both sides of the coin. Tan, sky-blue, amber, and rose are among the colors that help to ensure the eye appeal of this noteworthy Premium Gem. Softly struck on the reverse left ear of corn, and also on some of the obverse stars, but this piece is well detailed in the centers. The glowing, matte-like surfaces seem pristine. Population: 24 in 66 (7 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 9 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22PM, PCGS# 3851

- 3524 1891 MS66 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Champagne-toned nickel-gray luster gives this Premium Gem 1891 Liberty nickel excellent visual appeal. A single tick on Liberty's cheek determines the grade. This piece shows above-average sharpness, although several stars and the lower-left wreath are not quite fully defined. Population: 35 in 66 (5 in 66+), 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2776, PCGS# 3852

- 3525 1891 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** High mintages matter little for Liberty Head nickels in high grades, since so few were well-made enough to qualify for Premium Gem or finer Uncirculated grades. The 1891 is a case in point. Nearly 17 million pieces were struck, yet fewer than three dozen coins have achieved the MS66 level at PCGS. This satiny qualifier exudes a melding of pale-orange and steel-blue toning amid swirling mint luster. A few of the top stars are round at their centers, and the infamous ear of corn shows not a kernel of detail, but the eye appeal and surface quality are fantastic. Population: 35 in 66 (5 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2776, PCGS# 3852

- 3526 1892 MS66 PCGS.** The 18 is widely repunched south. Unlisted (for now) in *Cherrypickers'*. Autumn-gold overlies the stone-gray toning. This lustrous Premium Gem displays a razor-sharp strike and exemplary preservation. A moderately better date, and a rarity at the MS66 level, unavailable in numerically finer grade. Population: 37 in 66 (5 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 516. NGC ID# 2777, PCGS# 3853

3527 1893 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Original peach-orange and lavender accents grace this brilliant Premium Gem nickel. The surfaces are clearly high-end for the grade, as affirmed by the Plus designation and green CAC approval sticker. The design elements are boldly rendered, except for the left ear of corn. Population: 33 in 66 (4 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2778, PCGS# 3854

3528 1894 MS66 PCGS. CAC. This is a satiny Premium Gem with generous tinges of olive and gold in the mix, along with powder-gray. The strike is full or quite close, even on the difficult left ear of corn on the reverse. While not a difficult date, this piece is conditionally rare so fine with just one coin numerically finer at PCGS. Population: 44 in 66 (8 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010)*, lot 517. NGC ID# 2779, PCGS# 3855

3529 1895 MS65+ PCGS. Lilac-gray and pale lavender accents cover both sides of this high-end, lustrous Gem nickel. Marks are limited to a few nicks on the neck visible with a lens. Sharply struck and frosty, the wreath is particularly well-struck including the bowknot and ear of corn. Population: 65 in 65 (5 in 65+), 33 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277A, PCGS# 3856

3530 1895 MS66 PCGS. CAC. The ear of corn in the left branch of the wreath is sharply detailed on this exceptional Premium Gem. Both sides are brilliant and untuned with frosty light gray luster. Population: 32 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277A, PCGS# 3856

1896 Liberty Nickel, MS66 Tied for Finest Certified



3531 1896 MS66 PCGS Secure. The issue often displays a weak strike and marginal luster, although this example is both boldly struck and sharply lustrous as expected for the Premium Gem grade. A pleasing hint of champagne gold covers the virtually mark-free surfaces, which show only a small carbon spot between the rim and star 12 and one or two tiny nicks. The wreath shows minimal blending on the ear of corn and other high points. A true condition rarity in this MS66 state, with no coins graded numerically higher by either service. Population: 23 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277B, PCGS# 3857

3532 1896 MS66 PCGS. CAC. A cool-blue nickel of stunning eye appeal. As a date, the 1896 does not stand out from its peers until reaching the Premium Gem grade level, where examples of the issue are rarely seen. This CAC-approved piece displays satiny champagne-gold luster with cool powder-blue accents throughout. The corn ear to the left of the wreath bow and a couple obverse stars are weakly defined, but the strike is otherwise pleasing. No distracting abrasions are present. PCGS reports no numerically finer pieces. Population: 23 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277B, PCGS# 3857

1900 Nickel, Frosty MS67 Needle-Sharp Strike



3533 1900 MS67 PCGS. CAC. Exemplary surfaces complement incredible, fully struck design elements on this Superb Gem CAC Registry coin. Faint traces of light champagne color add warmth to the frosty, vibrant luster, and there are no observable abrasions. A radial die crack descends from the reverse rim just right of the final S in STATES. The 1900 Liberty nickel is a rarity this fine and is unknown finer. Population: 10 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

3534 1903 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Beautifully frosted surfaces reveal no abrasions, although some strike weakness appears on several obverse stars and the lower-left portion of the wreath. Delicate sea-green and yellow-gold toning embraces each side. PCGS reports six finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 277E, PCGS# 3864

1905 Liberty Nickel, MS67 Tied for Finest at PCGS



3535 1905 MS67 PCGS. CAC. Subtle shades of lavender and pale gold toning visit the impeccably preserved surfaces of this spectacular Superb Gem, with vibrant mint luster shining through the patina. The design elements are sharply detailed, outside of just a trace of the usual softness on the lower left (facing) wreath. Eye appeal is tremendous. Population: 4 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277G, PCGS# 3866

3536 1906 MS66 PCGS. The surfaces are bright nickel-white overall with faint green-gold color at the upper-right obverse and around the reverse rim. Slight typical striking softness occurs at certain stars and on the lower wreath. The mint luster is extraordinary. PCGS reports no numerically finer coins. Population: 32 in 66 (6 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010)*, lot 496; *The Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part I (Heritage, 6/2014)*, lot 30158. NGC ID# 277H, PCGS# 3867

3537 1906 MS66 PCGS. The fact that more than 38 million nickels were struck in 1906 — yet no Superb Gem examples are certified by either service — is convincing evidence about how challenging it is to find a nice one. Premium Gems such as the present coin are very scarce as well, with fewer than 40 examples at both PCGS and NGC combined. This attractive, lightly toned MS66 coin displays smooth, nearly mark-free surfaces and strong mint luster. Slight weakness at the hair and wreath is unavoidable, yet the stars are sharp and the overall strike is above average. Population: 32 in 66 (6 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277H, PCGS# 3867

3538 1906 MS66 PCGS. The Liberty Head nickels of 1906 can be located with patience and searching through MS65. Premium Gems are rare, however, evidenced by the fewer than 40 examples certified by PCGS and NGC. Neither service reports any pieces finer. Warm gold-brown and ice-blue patina adheres to the well-cared for lustrous surfaces, and sharp definition shows on the design features, including Liberty's hair, the star centrils, and the wreath elements. Some of the latter are often weakly struck on this issue. Population: 32 in 66 (6 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277H, PCGS# 3867

3539 1908 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. This impressive, high-end Premium Gem is sharply detailed in most areas, with just a touch of softness on a few star centers and the lower wreath. The virtually pristine surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with outstanding eye appeal. Population: 27 in 66 (5 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 3869

3540 1909 MS66 PCGS. CAC. With the exception of the two branch mint issues, and of course the clandestine 1913, all 20th century Liberty nickels are essentially common dates from extensive original production totals. That said, high grade pieces such as this Premium Gem represent the caviar of the series. This frosty Mint State piece displays brilliant luster beneath light gold toning with sharp design features on both sides, qualifying as a full strike in this series. Population: 38 in 66 (5 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 1482. NGC ID# 277K, PCGS# 3870

3541 1911 MS66 PCGS. Both ears of corn show detail on the reverse of this boldly defined Liberty nickel. The pristine surfaces exhibit frosty luster beneath olive and iridescent toning. Population: 56 in 66 (3 in 66+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277M, PCGS# 3872

3542 1912-D MS65+ PCGS. CAC. The 1912-S gets all the attention, but the 1912-D is also scarce in high grades despite a dramatically higher mintage. The Denver Mint struggled in its first efforts to mint nickels, a victim of the steel-hard alloy and widely spaced dies. This example is remarkably well-struck — indeed, fully struck — with sharp star centers, hair definition, and even a fully detailed ear of corn. Golden mint luster lurks beneath deep-lilac toning. Population: 12 in 65+, 46 finer. CAC: 32 in 65, 11 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277P, PCGS# 3874

1912-D Nickel, MS66+ Top-Grade Example at PCGS



3543 1912-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC. A hint of champagne toning graces satiny surfaces on this CAC-approved Premium Gem. The strike is impressively sharp, and there are no mentionable abrasions. The Plus-designation sets this piece apart from most of its peers and ranks it among the finest at PCGS. Population: 46 in 66 (4 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277P, PCGS# 3874

3544 1912-S MS63 NGC. The 238,000 nickels struck at the San Francisco Mint in 1912 represented the first time that denomination was ever manufactured at a branch mint of the United States. The issue also happens to enjoy the smallest mintage in the series by a wide margin over the 1885. Eye-appealing multicolor patina is inarguably the hallmark of this Select semikey. The interiors show primarily blue and green coloration that progresses to intermingled hues of reddish-orange, mauve, and lemon-yellow. Well-defined with surprisingly few distractions. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

3545 1912-S MS64 PCGS. A great example of this popular mintmarked Liberty nickel key, well-defined overall with soft quicksilver luster beneath rich patina. Nickel-blue and olive shadings dominate, and splashes of green-gold are present near the margins as well. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

3546 1912-S MS65 PCGS. The obverse is frosty and brilliant, while the reverse has dusky dove-gray patina with blushes of red and violet color. Both sides offer sharply struck devices and exceptionally clean fields. Small die cracks begin to form near the denticles. Only 238,000 pieces were manufactured, and survivors are rare this fine. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

3547 1912-S MS65 PCGS. The 1912-S nickel is a challenging coin in MS65 and becomes elusive any finer where the two major grading services report fewer than 65 pieces (11/16). The nickel-gray lustrous surfaces of this Gem display well-struck devices save for minor softness on the last star. A couple of grade-consistent marks do not detract. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

3548 1912-S MS65 PCGS. An impressive Gem example of this low-mintage key, with well-detailed design elements that show just a touch of softness on stars 11-13. The well-preserved, lustrous surfaces display shades of pale gold toning. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

1912-S Nickel, MS65+ Final Year, Key Issue



3549 1912-S MS65+ PCGS. Uncommonly attractive and lustrous for a 1912-S nickel, this example displays bluish-gray toning with lilac and golden-rose highlights. The strike is moderately strong on both sides, with only slight weakness at the forecurls and at the lower wreath. A fine pinscratch is noted from star 4 to the nose, which crosses a noticeable bulge in the left obverse field. Population: 80 in 65+, 50 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

1912-S Nickel, MS65+ San Francisco Key



3550 1912-S MS65+ PCGS. This satiny, high-end Gem 1912-S Liberty nickel is better struck than usual on the obverse stars, but the corn ear to the left of the wreath bow on the reverse is predictably weak. A loupe reveals a few tiny ticks on the portrait that limit the grade. Both sides have faintly iridescent golden-gray toning. The 1912-S is one of the most poorly produced dates in the series with regards to strike and luster, and coins grading finer than the present example are seldom offered. NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

**1912-S Nickel, Satiny MS65+
Ideal for a Gem Date Set**



- 3551 1912-S MS65+ PCGS.** The 1912-S boasts a small mintage of 238,000 pieces, although it remains available for the patient collector through MS65. Finer examples become sincerely scarce. This Plus-graded coin displays a blush of champagne toning over the usual satin luster. Weakness on the right-hand stars and the lower-left portion of the wreath is typical of the issue. PCGS reports 50 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

**1912-S Nickel, MS66
Only 238,000 Coins Struck**



- 3552 1912-S MS66 PCGS.** The California facility was the first branch mint in United States history to try its hand at striking minor coinage when it manufactured cents in 1908. Four years later, both the San Francisco and Denver mints produced nickels for the first time. The former accomplished a meager production of 238,000 coins, by far the lowest in the series. This wholly brilliant, radiantly frosted Premium Gem nickel is boldly struck and impeccably preserved. The right ear of corn has distinct kernel detail. Population: 50 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277R, PCGS# 3875

PROOF LIBERTY NICKELS

- 3553 1883 No Cents PR67 PCGS.** Even after numerous transitional patterns were struck the previous two years, no one noticed the lack of the word CENTS on the reverse, or considered the possibility that the "ungodly" would take advantage of the situation and gold plate these pieces. It's one of the great stories in U.S. numismatics. This is an outstanding example with deeply mirrored fields and concentric rings of light toning encircling each side. Population: 8 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 3878
- 3554 1883 No Cents PR66 Cameo PCGS.** Splashes of gold toning appear on the brilliant light gray surfaces of this impressive Premium Gem Cameo proof. Both sides are boldly defined with excellent field-to-device contrast. PCGS has only certified 24 finer Cameo examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 83878
- 3555 1884 PR66 PCGS.** A brilliant Premium Gem proof, this piece exhibits light gray surfaces with a trace of contrast. Population: 58 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 3882

- 3556 1884 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** A Plus-graded Premium Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and reflective fields that contrast noticeably with the frothy devices. The well-preserved surfaces show a few hints of pale gold toning. Population: 58 in 66 (6 in 66+) Cameo, 15 finer. CAC: 25 in 66, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 83882

- 3557 1886 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** This important Gem Cameo proof represents a date that is elusive in circulation strike form, adding demand for the small number of proof survivors. This piece has brilliant nickel-gray surfaces and excellent contrast. Population: 18 in 65 Cameo, 28 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 83884

- 3558 1890 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** This sharp Premium Gem Cameo proof displays pleasing contrast and near-brilliant surfaces. A few small areas of planchet roughness (mint-made) near the top of the left wreath branch are not bothersome. Extremely rare any finer as a Cameo. Population: 22 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277Y, PCGS# 83888

- 3559 1890 PR66+ Cameo PCGS.** This spectacular Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits razor-sharp, richly frosted design elements that stand out boldly against the deeply mirrored fields to produce a dramatic cameo effect. The impeccably preserved surfaces exhibit attractive shades of pale gold toning. Population: 22 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 277Y, PCGS# 83888

**1891 Liberty Nickel, PR66 Deep Cameo
Traces of Ice-Blue and Champagne Toning**



- 3560 1891 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Dustings of ice-blue and champagne color accentuate the stark field-device contrast of this Premium Gem Deep Cameo proof. Exemplary detail characterizes the frothy motifs, and the fields reveal only a few trivial lines when studied beneath a loupe. The 1891 proof Liberty nickel survives in ample numbers but with only a few qualifying for the Deep Cameo category. Population: 10 in 66 (3 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 548V, PCGS# 93889

**1891 Liberty Nickel, Beautiful PR66+
Rare Deep Cameo Example, Tied Finest at PCGS**



- 3561 1891 PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The angle of view is all-important to fully appreciate the colorful toning and deeply mirrored surfaces of this high-end Premium Gem nickel. A band of lemon-yellow at the rims surrounds sky-blue centers and frosty, sherbet-orange centers for exceptional eye appeal. The strike is stiletto-sharp. CAC endorsed, there are no finer examples at PCGS. Population: 10 in 66 (3 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 548V, PCGS# 93889

3562 1892 PR65 Ultra Cameo NGC. CAC. A nominal proof mintage of 2,745 Liberty nickels was achieved in 1892, and the coin offered here is among the finest survivors. The sharply detailed design elements have a frosty texture that contrasts profoundly with the deeply mirrored fields, producing a dramatic cameo effect. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 3 in 65 Ultra Cameo (1 in 65+), 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 54DT, PCGS# 93890

**1893 Nickel, PR67 Cameo
None Certified Finer**



3563 1893 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Jet-black fields seen throughout this spectacular Superb Gem account for the Cameo designation. They produce a moderate degree of contrast against fully struck motifs. Each side remains completely brilliant, delivering an added level of appeal. Population: 20 in 67 (4 in 67+) Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2783, PCGS# 83891

3564 1896 PR67 NGC. A top-grade rarity for the non-Cameo category, this Superb Gem proof 1896 Liberty nickel displays fully struck design elements that are attractively separated from the glassy fields by frosty luster. A Cameo designation is foregone due to a blanket of multicolor pastel toning on each side. Census: 10 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2786, PCGS# 3894

3565 1897 PR67 Cameo PCGS. The 1897 proof is an outstanding consideration for the collector seeking a high-end Cameo type coin. The present Superb Gem Cameo displays full design definition with mirrored fields that produce stark field-device contrast. Neither side exhibits perceptible toning, and there are no distracting contact marks. Population: 18 in 67 (4 in 67+) Cameo, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2787, PCGS# 83895

3566 1901 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. The 1901 proofs seldom display deeply mirrorlike fields, but this brilliant and sharply struck Superb Gem proof does, especially on the obverse. Untoned save for a few fleeting glimpses of caramel-gold patina, the surfaces show virtually no imperfections and the lightly frosted devices are unblemished. PCGS has seen a single numerically finer example. Population: 42 in 67 (5 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 19 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 278B, PCGS# 3899

3567 1902 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. The 1902 proof nickel is rare in any Cameo grade. This high-end Premium Gem displays brilliant surfaces and excellent field-device contrast. Some strike softness is seen on the lower-left portion of the wreath and several obverse stars. Population: 7 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 10 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278C, PCGS# 83900

3568 1905 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. It is unusual for proofs of this era to show cameo contrast, but this spectacular Premium Gem displays sharply detailed frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply reflective fields. The untoned surfaces exhibit no mentionable flaws. Population: 10 in 66 (2 in 66+) Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278F, PCGS# 83903

3569 1906 PR66 PCGS. CAC. This brilliant Premium Gem proof exhibits fully mirrored fields and satiny, sharply detailed devices with rose, blue, gold, and violet overtones. Population: 56 in 66 (3 in 66+), 13 finer. CAC: 16 in 66, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278G, PCGS# 3904

3570 1906 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Impressively contrasted, particularly on an obverse. Pale canary-yellow and blue patina grows richer on the reverse, though the frostiness of the wreath and denomination are undiminished. CAC aptly recognizes the quality of this lovely piece. Population: 23 in 67 (1 in 67+) Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 19 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Chicago Signature (Heritage, 8/2011)*, lot 3420. NGC ID# 278G, PCGS# 83904

**1907 Nickel, PR67+
Subtle Field-Motif Contrast**



3571 1907 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. Struck during a period when cameo contrast was rarely produced on proof coinage, this high-end Superb Gem 1907 proof nickel displays surprisingly noticeable separation of the fields and devices. No significant toning is observed, and the strike is bold. No blemishes are seen. This piece is among the finest non-Cameos certified. Population: 23 in 67 (6 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278H, PCGS# 3905

**1911 Liberty Nickel, PR67 Cameo
None Finer at PCGS**



3572 1911 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Proof 1911 Liberty Head nickels are encountered only infrequently with a Cameo finish, especially at the lofty level of PR67. The deeply mirrored fields highlight the frosty design features, all of which are sharply struck. A veneer of light gold color graces surfaces devoid of mentionable marks or spots. The CAC label affirms the coin's above-average eye appeal. Population: 16 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 10 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2013)*, lot 3542. NGC ID# 278M, PCGS# 83909

BUFFALO NICKELS

3573 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Superb Gem example of this popular short-lived design type, with sharply detailed design elements throughout and outstanding eye appeal. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with a few subtle hints of gold and pink toning. PCGS has graded 18 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

3574 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The 1913 Type One represents the truest version of Fraser's design. Examples are readily available through MS67. This brilliant, satiny Superb Gem shows glints of golden patina on each side. Impeccably preserved and well-detailed, if a touch soft on the bison's head and the denomination. PCGS lists 18 higher grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

**1913 Type One Buffalo Nickel, MS63+
Cherrypickers' FS-901, Three and a Half Legs**



- 3575 1913 Type One, 3-1/2 Legs, FS-901, MS63+ PCGS.** Relapping of the reverse die partially effaced the bison's right front leg, reducing the lower leg to a ghostlike remnant visually similar to that seen on the famed 1937-D Three Legged variety. The Type One design is otherwise boldly brought up, although the Indian's portrait on the obverse shows noticeable strike doubling. Pale-gold highlights amplify the lustrous and satiny surfaces that display deep, lilac-gray fields and motifs. Population (for the variety): 3 in 63 (1 in 63+), 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38428 Base PCGS# 3915

**1913 3-1/2 Legged Nickel, MS64
FS-901, Single Finest at PCGS**



- 3576 1913 Type One, 3-1/2 Legs, FS-901, MS64 PCGS.** The bison's leftmost (facing) leg is indistinct. The most important Type One variety; the 1913-D "Two Feathers" listing is a distant second place. This variety is very rare in Mint State; only a few such pieces are known. The Indian's profile is lightly strike doubled. Dusky gold toning is most prominent near the denomination. A few pinpoint obverse flecks determine the grade. Population: 1 in 64, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Baltimore A.N.A. (Bowers and Merena, 8/2003), lot 3397; Cincinnati Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2009), lot 1124, which realized \$10,350.* PCGS# 38428 Base PCGS# 3915

- 3577 1913-D Type One MS67 PCGS.** Steel-blue and golden-tan alternate across the unperturbed surfaces. The only Denver Mint issue of this introductory design subtype, and unlike the vast majority of its Type Two successors, the present Superb Gem is intricately struck. Population: 71 in 67 (4 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 395.* NGC ID# 22PX, PCGS# 3916

- 3578 1913-D Type One MS67 NGC.** A spectacular Superb Gem example of this popular short-lived design type, from the first year of the iconic Buffalo design. This coin exhibits well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under dusky shades of ice-blue and greenish-gold toning. No mentionable distractions are evident. Census: 17 in 67 (1 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22PX, PCGS# 3916

**1913-S Type Two Nickel, Lightly Toned MS65
Fully Lustrous, Great Eye Appeal**



- 3579 1913-S Type Two MS65 PCGS.** A resplendent and sharply struck Gem Buffalo nickel, with predominantly pale-gold toning on the obverse accompanied by ice-blue accents. The colors are the same on the reverse, but with the shades of blue more extensive and intense, supplemented by golden highlights. The strike is sharp on this Type Two nickel except at LIBERTY, which is a bit blurry. Glossy and brilliant luster shines from both sides. PCGS reports just 41 numerically finer pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

- 3580 1913-S Type Two MS65 ANACS.** A lustrous and nicely struck Gem. Sea-green and lavender shades grace mark-free surfaces. No carbon is detected. A popular low mintage issue, and a semikey in all grades. Certified in a small-sized holder. NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

**1913-S Type Two Nickel, MS65
California Semikey**



- 3581 1913-S Type Two MS65 PCGS Secure. CAC.** Far fewer Type Two Buffalo nickels were struck at the California branch mint in 1913 than their Type One counterparts. Survivors represent some of the most sought-after coins in the series. This glimmering nickel-gray Gem is boldly defined, save for a touch of softness at the extremities. Glints of blue and gold provide top-notch eye appeal. Clashing occurs near the Indian's chin and neck, and E PLURIBUS UNUM. There are 41 finer submissions at PCGS. CAC: 25 in 65, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

**1913-S Type Two Nickel, MS65+
CAC-Endorsed Series Semikey**



- 3582 1913-S Type Two MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1913-S Type Two nickel is a series semikey with a relatively small mintage of 1.2 million coins. Gems are very scarce, while examples of comparable quality are truly rare. This lovely first-year example is well-defined at the centers, blending somewhat around the borders. Carefully preserved and largely untuned with glimpses of rose and gold color. NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

1914 Nickel, MS67
Among the Finest Certified



- 3583 1914 MS67 PCGS Secure.** Unlike the 1913, this second-year issue was not saved in vast quantities. Superb Gems like the present coin are very seldom offered. Nickel-gray surface gleam with soft, shimmering luster. Occasional blushes of gold patina are seen throughout, but each side is mainly brilliant. Razor-sharp with light clash marks in front of the portrait. Population: 30 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 3924

1914 Buffalo Nickel, MS67
Outstanding Luster and Toning



- 3584 1914 MS67 PCGS.** Subtle hints of violet and pale gold toning visit the impeccably preserved surfaces of this spectacular Superb Gem, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout and overall eye appeal is terrific. Population: 30 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 3924

1915-S Buffalo Nickel, MS65
Attractively Toned



- 3585 1915-S MS65 NGC.** Ice-blue toning highlights the sharply struck hair strands above the braid knot, while reddish-gold shades blend with lilac overtones for a pleasing, natural patina. The bison is sharply defined and attractively toned as well, and faint rainbow iridescence hugs the borders. The 1915-S is only moderately available in Gem condition, and it is scarce any finer. Census: 58 in 65, 28 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22R9, PCGS# 3929

1916 Doubled Die Obverse Nickel
Choice Fine, FS-101



- 3586 1916 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, Fine 15 PCGS.** The 1916 "Double Date" variety was not discovered until circa-1964. As a result, most survivors are well worn. In fact, the variety is rarer in all grades than the 1918/7-S, and is the key to the Buffalo nickel series. This example has a clear date, and shows the tell-tale curves from the initial hubbing near the 9 and 6. The feather tips are also doubled. The streaky cream-gray surfaces are free from consequential contact. NGC ID# 2TSS, PCGS# 145628 Base PCGS# 3931

- 3587 1916-D MS65 PCGS.** Both sides of this Gem Denver Mint nickel exhibit bold design features and outstanding eye appeal with frosty mint luster beneath brilliant gold toning. PCGS has certified just 20 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22RB, PCGS# 3932

- 3588 1916-S MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A lustrous and unabraded Gem bathed in lilac and straw-gold shades. The strike is crisp except on LIBERTY. A late die state with bold clash marks, obverse die cracks, and an orange-peel texture throughout much of the fields. NGC ID# 22RC, PCGS# 3933

- 3589 1917 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A mintage exceeding 51.4 million coins makes the 1917 a collectible early date in the popular Buffalo nickel series. Gem condition is the finest grade obtainable without difficulty. Premium Gems are very scarce, especially as nice as this offering. Delicate pastel hues adorn lustrous, nickel-gray surfaces. Fully struck and rarely seen finer. NGC ID# 22RD, PCGS# 3934

- 3590 1917-D MS65 PCGS.** An impressive Gem, this 1917-D nickel features delicate gold toning over light gray surfaces with full mint luster. The strike is far finer than usual for this scarce issue. PCGS has only certified 24 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22RE, PCGS# 3935

- 3591 1917-S MS64 PCGS.** Subtle rainbow toning visits the obverse, while the reverse is more spectacularly endowed with the same multicolor patina. The bison shows above-average sharpness for the issue, while the obverse displays minor incompleteness on the hair strands above the braid knot. A few tiny marks on the cheek and the bison's shoulder are well dispersed and microscopic in size. NGC ID# 22RF, PCGS# 3936

- 3592 1917-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Faint traces of golden patina adorn this lustrous near-Gem nickel, well-defined despite moderate softness on the hair above the braid and the bison's head. A prominent clash mark appears near E PLURIBUS. The 1917-S ranks among the most challenging issues in Mint State. NGC ID# 22RF, PCGS# 3936

**1917-S Nickel, Luminous MS65
Seldom Offered Finer**



3593 1917-S MS65 PCGS. Thoroughly lustrous surfaces show little evidence of contact on this Gem 1917-S Buffalo nickel. Slight strike weakness appears on the bison's shoulder and head, as well as on the hair above the Indian's braid, as usual for the issue. A hint of light golden toning lightens toward the centers. PCGS reports only 25 finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 22RF, PCGS# 3936

3594 1918 MS66 PCGS. A delightful Premium Gem representative of this popular issue, with well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. The mostly brilliant surfaces are impeccably preserved and show a few faint hints of golden-tan patina. Eye appeal is outstanding. PCGS has graded nine numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22RG, PCGS# 3937

3595 1918 MS66 PCGS. CAC. This Philadelphia issue represents a collectible date from the early part of the Buffalo nickel series. Premium Gem condition is where examples begin to pose a serious challenge, though. Pale blue, lavender, and gold hues adorn well-preserved and well-defined surfaces. Population: 63 in 66 (2 in 66+), 9 finer. CAC: 9 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22RG, PCGS# 3937

3596 1918/7-D FS-101 Fine 12 NGC. Pearl-white overall with charcoal toning in design recesses. The crossbar and downstroke of the underdigit 7 is apparent, as is the diagnostic small die crack above the braid. Void of relevant marks. The World War overdate is a key to the series, along with the 1916 Doubled Date. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

3597 1918/7-D FS-101 Fine 15 PCGS. A silver-gray key date example. Marks are relegated to a single thin line near the lips. The flat top and broad downstroke of the underdigit 7 is apparent, as is the small diagnostic die crack northeast of the Indian's braid. Among Buffalo nickel varieties, only the 1916 Doubled Date is considered more desirable. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

**1918/7-D Nickel, Well-Detailed VF20
Clear Date and Mintmark**



3598 1918/7-D FS-101 VF20 PCGS. CAC. This attractive, battleship-gray VF example shows light, even wear and uniform patina. Die wear in the fields does not affect the strike sharpness, and the mintmark and overdate features are clear. Pleasing midgrade examples of this elusive variety are widely sought by collectors. The current coin is ideal for the grade in every respect. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

**1918/7-D Nickel, Choice VF
Desirable Overdate Variety**



3599 1918/7-D FS-101 VF35 PCGS. A wheat-gold and silver-gray representative of the rare World War I overdate. The notched corners of the 7 are visible above the 8, and the thick downstroke of the underdigit is also apparent. Void of relevant contact, although two minor laminations (as made) are noted near the bottom of the large headdress feather. Ex: *Thomas Wolfe Collection, Part One (Heritage, 9/2005)*, lot 1859. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

**1918/7-D FS-101 Nickel, XF40
Interesting Planchet Flake Struck Into Reverse**



3600 1918/7-D FS-101 XF40 NGC. A key to the series and one of the most sought-after overdate varieties of the 20th century. This is a particularly interesting example. A planchet lamination flake from a previous coin stuck to the reverse die, then was struck into the current coin at the lower-left reverse. Although this piece has seen light circulation, the underlying 7 and other design elements are clearly detailed. Stone-gray with few marks of note. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

1918-D Nickel, Well-Struck MS65



3601 1918-D MS65 PCGS. An attractive, minimally toned representative of this World War I-era issue, well-defined by Denver Mint standards of the time. Though struck from worn dies, as evidenced by erosion at the margins, this piece offers unusually strong luster. It is pleasingly preserved and laudable in all respects. Population: 73 in 65 (4 in 65+), 27 finer (11/16). Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008)*, lot 434. NGC ID# 22RH, PCGS# 3938

- 3602 1918-S MS63 NGC. CAC.** Pastels of gold, azure, and lilac grace the highly lustrous surfaces of this Select S-mint specimen, and assume slightly deeper shades on the reverse. The design elements are fairly well defined, and both sides are devoid of significant marks. From a mintage of nearly 5 million pieces, this is one of the few examples to earn CAC endorsement. CAC: 6 in 63, 16 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2009)*, lot 749. NGC ID# 22RK, PCGS# 3940

1918-S Nickel, Lightly Toned MS64



- 3603 1918-S MS64 PCGS.** A well-preserved, golden-toned near-Gem example with pleasant eye appeal for the issue. Considerable strike weakness on the central high points is a common characteristic of the 1918-S. Die wear appears in the fields, and the obverse is lightly strike doubled. PCGS lists 40 numerically finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 22RK, PCGS# 3940

- 3604 1919 MS66+ PCGS.** This Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant, satiny mint luster throughout, with well-preserved surfaces that show a few subtle hints of champagne toning. PCGS has graded 19 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22RL, PCGS# 3941

- 3605 1919-D MS64 NGC.** The obverse and reverse dies appear mismatched in terms of sharpness on this coin, and that may be the reason for the MS64 grade rather than any obvious abrasions. The obverse is well defined, while the reverse is somewhat irregular with a full split in the bison's tail and softness over the horn. The surfaces are bright and satiny with lovely rose and lime-green iridescence. All in all, this piece has the appearance of an even higher grade. NGC ID# 22RM, PCGS# 3942

- 3606 1919-S MS64 NGC.** Although the strike is typically weak, this Choice Mint State 1919-S Buffalo nickel exhibits outstanding blue and peripheral gold toning on its frosty gray surfaces. A thoroughly attractive example for the advanced collector, and rarely encountered in higher grades with only 21 finer NGC-certified pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 22RN, PCGS# 3943

- 3607 1920-D MS64 NGC.** A lustrous medium golden-gray near-Gem of this challenging branch mint issue. All peripheral legends are sharp aside from the 19 in the date and the TY in LIBERTY. The horn is also bold, although the bison's hair and shoulder are somewhat blunt, as is the hair directly above the Indian's braid. No marks are visible, and the grade is only limited by the still reasonable strike. NGC ID# 22RR, PCGS# 3945

- 3608 1921 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** David Lange (2000) notes that the 1921 is scarcer than most P-mints in all grades. The current Premium Gem displays a hint of light gold color and is sharply impressed. The lustrous surfaces are devoid of apparent marks.
Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2007)*, which realized \$1,725.
NGC ID# 22RT, PCGS# 3947

**1921 Nickel, MS67+
None Graded Finer**



- 3609 1921 MS67+ NGC.** The 1921 Buffalo nickel is often seen with a sharp strike, and this high-end Superb Gem does not disappoint in that regard. All design elements are sharply detailed, and the impeccably preserved, lustrous surfaces are blanketed in attractive shades of champagne-gold and ice-blue toning. Census: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+, 3 in 67★, 1 in 67+★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22RT, PCGS# 3947

- 3610 1921-S MS63 PCGS.** This well-detailed Select example shows just the slightest trace of the usual softness on the Bison's head and shoulder. The lightly marked surfaces display satiny mint luster, with subtle hints of greenish-gold and lavender-gray toning. NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948

- 3611 1921-S MS64 NGC.** The 1921-S Buffalo nickel is a low mintage date, "somewhat scarce in all grades" in Q. David Bowers' estimation. This is a golden-brown near-Gem with powder-blue and lilac toning near portions of the rims. Luster shimmers across the undisturbed surfaces. The strike is sharp for this early branch mint issue, although the bison's head shows incomplete detail. NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948

- 3612 1924 MS66 PCGS.** This boldly detailed Premium Gem has a sharp braid on the obverse, with LIBERTY completely separated from the border. The only strike weakness is at the bison's head. This satiny example has fully brilliant and lustrous light gray surfaces with hints of gold toning. PCGS has only certified seven finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22RX, PCGS# 3951

**1924-S Buffalo Nickel, MS65
Elusive Issue in High Grade**



- 3613 1924-S MS65 NGC.** The 1924-S Buffalo nickel claims a low mintage of little more than 1.4 million pieces and few examples were saved by collectors. Gem representatives, like the present coin, are seldom encountered in today's market. This piece is well-detailed, showing just a touch of softness on the bison's shoulder, with subtle mint luster and hints of gold and ice-blue toning. Census: 19 in 65, 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012)*, lot 5317. NGC ID# 22RZ, PCGS# 3953

**1925-D Nickel, MS66
Colorful Peripheral Toning**



3614 1925-D MS66 PCGS. Vivid rainbow toning surrounds ivory-white interiors on this high-end Gem 1925-D Buffalo nickel. The strike is above-average for the issue, and the eye appeal also surpasses expectations. The reverse is rotated slightly counterclockwise. There are no finer examples certified at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 22S3, PCGS# 3955

3615 1925-S MS64 PCGS. The 1925-S is another of the well-known strike rarities from the 1920s, apparently created by broad set distances between the dies. Softness is a given, and any strength of strike is relative to what is usually encountered. This piece shows an above-average strike, but of course it cannot be compared to a 1925-P. The mint luster is softly frosted and just the slightest layer of rose and lilac patina is seen over each side. NGC ID# 22S4, PCGS# 3956

3616 1926 MS67 PCGS. Superb Gem examples of the 1926 are important condition rarities, three grade points finer than the typical coin seen at the certification services. Softly frosted luster illuminates pristine surfaces lightly toned in powder-blue and golden patina. A bold, eye-appealing representative. Population: 42 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 22S5, PCGS# 3957

3617 1926 MS67 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Iridescent lilac-red, powder-blue, and wheat-gold toning alternates across this lustrous and virtually pristine Superb Gem. One small retained lamination on the upper portion of the bison's front leg. Population: 42 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22S5, PCGS# 3957

**1926-S Buffalo Nickel
Choice About Uncirculated Example**



3618 1926-S AU55 PCGS. CAC. A nearly perfect collector grade, with sharp details for the strike-challenged issue and nice eye appeal, too. The fields are satin-smooth and glow with remaining mint luster, while the surfaces alternate rose, lilac, and steel-blue hues. The sub-1 million-coin mintage makes the 1926-S scarce, and the lack of decently struck, visually pleasing coins makes this example a rare opportunity. NGC ID# 22S7, PCGS# 3959

**1927-D Nickel, MS65
A Key Date in High Grades**



3619 1927-D MS65 PCGS Secure. This Denver issue is a better date in circulated grades and one of the most challenging Buffalo nickels to locate in Gem condition. The centers show bold strike detail, while the marginal elements display a hint of unimportant incompleteness. Daubs of gold and violet patina accent mainly brilliant surfaces. Scattered marks do not detract. Population: 81 in 65 (8 in 65+), 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22S9, PCGS# 3961

**1927-D Nickel, Lightly Toned MS65
Rare Any Finer**



3620 1927-D MS65 PCGS. The 1927-D Buffalo nickel is a scarce date in Gem condition, and finer pieces are rare. This example displays satiny luster with warm golden toning. It is struck from worn dies with metal flowlines in the fields and design weakness on the high points of the central devices. Population: 81 in 65 (8 in 65+), 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22S9, PCGS# 3961

3621 1927-S MS63 PCGS. This Select Mint State nickel enjoys a good strike for an issue that is never encountered fully struck. This piece has reflective surfaces beneath delicate gold and blue toning. NGC ID# 22SA, PCGS# 3962

3622 1934-D MS66 PCGS. This lightly toned Premium Gem exhibits pale yellow-gold patina, and the shimmering surfaces are essentially unabraded. The Indian's profile is slightly strike doubled, and the centers and tail lack absolute detail, although the strike is sharp for the issue. Population: 86 in 66 (5 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22SM, PCGS# 3973

3623 1934-D MS66 PCGS. CAC. More than 7.4 million Buffalo nickels were struck at the Colorado mint in 1934. Few coins, however, are as impeccably preserved as the Premium Gem offered here, which ranks among the finest at PCGS and NGC. Richly toned in crimson, gold, and blue patina, each side is well-detailed. Great eye appeal. Population: 87 in 66 (5 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22SM, PCGS# 3973

- 3624** 1935 Doubled Die Reverse AU58 PCGS. CAC. FS-801. Among the most dramatic of the doubled die varieties in the Buffalo nickel series. The FS-801 can be distinguished easily by the broad “notching” or doubling, with wide separation between the two letter sets, in FIVE CENTS in particular, but other reverse areas, such as UNITED and the motto, also exhibit doubling. Near-Mint State preservation and marvelous color — lilac and golden-pink predominant — complete the appeal of this coin, which should be near and dear to *Cherrypickers’* variety hunters and Registry Set collectors alike. Population: 7 in 58, 15 finer. CAC: 2 in 58, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 4463. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 93974

- 3625** 1936-D 3 1/2 Legs, FS-901, VF25 PCGS. A silver-gray representative of this popular *Guide Book* lapped die mint error. Smooth aside from a mark near the S in PLURIBUS. Much rarer than its famous 1937-D Three-Legged counterpart. Population: 10 in 25, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ST, PCGS# 38471 Base PCGS# 93978

**1936-D Nickel, Choice XF
3 1/2 Legs Variety, FS-901**



- 3626** 1936-D 3 1/2 Legs, FS-901, XF45 PCGS. CAC. This is a Choice XF example of the famous 3 1/2-Legged Buffalo nickel with rose and gold accents over nickel-gray surfaces. Quality is undeniably high for the assessment with bold detail on the hair above the braid and the bison’s head. An exceedingly difficult variety to find this nice. Population: 11 in 45, 12 finer. CAC: 5 in 45, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ST, PCGS# 38471 Base PCGS# 93978

- 3627** 1937-D MS67+ NGC. Tinges of crimson and forest-green appear throughout rich golden surfaces on this high-end Superb Gem 1937-D nickel. Worn dies produce metal flowlines in the fields, and strike weakness is seen on the bison’s shoulder and the hair above the Indian’s braid. No distracting abrasions are seen. NGC reports three finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 22SW, PCGS# 3981

- 3628** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS61 NGC. The famous Three-Legged variety has been a key to the Buffalo nickel series since the 1940s. This lustrous and nicely struck representative exhibits rose-red and sea-green fields. The motifs are dove-gray. Contact is confined to a hair-thin field line below the bison’s beard. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

- 3629** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS61 NGC. A pleasing Mint State example of this extremely popular die-polishing error, with well-detailed design elements and satiny mint luster, under shades of golden-tan and lavender-gray toning. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

- 3630** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS62 NGC. A coruscating cream-gray key date representative. A lens reveals only delicate marks. The most dramatic and best-known of the various Buffalo nickel lapped die varieties, which also include “3 1/2 Legs” and “Two Feathers” errors for assorted issues. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

- 3631** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS62 PCGS. The Three-Legged nickel is arguably the most famous variety of the Buffalo nickel series, known to casual collectors for generations. This is a pleasing representative with light straw-gold and stone-gray toning. No marks are noticeable and all diagnostics are clear. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

**1937-D Three-Legged Nickel, MS63
Famous *Cherrypickers’* Variety**



- 3632** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS63 PCGS. Iridescent apple-green, cherry-red, and stone-gray toning encompasses this coruscating Select key date nickel. The fields are devoid of contact, and the sharp strike shows all diagnostics of the variety, including the weathered back leg and trail of minuscule die dots below the bison’s flank. One tiny aqua speck noted within the first S in STATES. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

**1937-D Three-Legged Nickel, MS63
Outstanding Luster and Color**



- 3633** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS63 PCGS. This Select three-legged Buffalo nickel displays much better eye appeal than expected for the grade. Smooth, lustrous surfaces are free of mentionable abrasions, and each side offers a lovely blend of lavender, rose-gold, and pale blue toning. The strike is noticeably sharper than typical for the issue. Die erosion is at a minimum. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

**1937-D Three-Legged Nickel, MS63
FS-901, Perennially Sought-After Variety**



- 3634** 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, MS63 PCGS. The bison’s front right leg is completely polished away on this famous *Guide Book* variety. Areas of golden color complement nickel-gray surfaces that showcase satiny mint luster and minimal marks. A small rim nick occurs next to LIBERTY. The devices are well-struck with crisp detail on the hair above the braid and the bison’s head and shoulder. Metal flow lines appear on each side. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982

**1938-D Buffalo Nickel, Toned MS68
Exemplary Type Coin**



- 3635 1938-D MS68 NGC.** The year 1938 saw the final production of Buffalo nickels, with the Denver Mint striking 7 million coins. Intentionally or otherwise, a number of pieces were saved in high grades up to this seeming impossible level. Chestnut-gold patina dominates the outer areas, blending with powder-blue and pale yellow coloration at the centers. The strike is nearly full, and a single tick occurs on the bison's head. Census: 22 in 68 (1 in 68+, 7 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22T2, PCGS# 3984

**1938-D/S Nickel, MS67+
FS-513, Terrific All-Around Example**



- 3636 1938-D/S FS-513 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** The underlying S mintmark is apparent within the loop of and southwest of the D. E PLURIBUS UNUM shows slight doubling. This Superb Gem is outstanding in every possible respect. From its razor-sharp strike to the delicate splashes of gold, lavender, and powder-blue toning on each side, all specialists should find something to admire about this offering. A tiny tick on the forehead is noted for accuracy. Undeniably high-end for the grade, and the finest example of the variety at PCGS. Population: 2 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 569457 Base PCGS# 3984

PROOF BUFFALO NICKELS

**1913 Type Two Buffalo Nickel, PR67
Impressive Surface Preservation**



- 3637 1913 Type Two PR67 NGC.** Warm golden toning embraces the delicately preserved matte surfaces of this Superb Gem Type Two proof. The motifs are fully defined, and neither side exhibits a mentionable distraction. Type Two proofs are scarce in this grade and genuinely rare any finer. Census: 35 in 67 (1 in 67 ★), 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278S, PCGS# 3990

- 3638 1914 PR66 PCGS.** A delightful Premium Gem representative from a matte proof mintage of 1,275 pieces, this coin exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements, with strong matte luster on both sides. The surfaces are impeccably preserved with a few subtle highlights of pale gold toning. NGC ID# 278T, PCGS# 3991

**1914 Nickel, Exceptional PR67
Unusually Vibrant Matte Proof**



- 3639 1914 PR67 PCGS.** Untoned with bright, gleaming surfaces and a razor-sharp strike, this matte proof nickel seems like a hybrid of sorts, in between a brilliant proof and the expected, more subdued matte finish. It is a Superb Gem in any case, with stunning sharpness and extraordinary eye appeal. Just 1,275 pieces were struck, few of which can match the luster and compelling quality of this remarkable proof. Population: 91 in 67 (7 in 67+), 11 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 278T, PCGS# 3991

**1916 Nickel, PR66
Iridescent Accents**



- 3640 1916 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** This satiny matte proof nickel is mainly brilliant with glints of powder-blue and rose that affirm its originality. Predictably, the devices are completely rendered on each side. No overt distractions are seen. The 1916 (600 specimens manufactured) represents the final proof issue for 20 years. CAC: 23 in 66, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 278V, PCGS# 3993

- 3641 1936 Type One — Satin Finish PR66 PCGS. CAC.** This gorgeous Satin Finish proof is essentially devoid of color. The design elements are fully rendered, and the surfaces lack any blatant signs of contact. Eye appeal is tremendous. A small lint mark appears in the field left of the bison's head. NGC ID# 278X, PCGS# 3994

- 3642 1936 Type One — Satin Finish PR67 NGC. CAC.** Light rainbow toning at the peripheries yields to gold centers, joined by ice-blue in the reverse center. A solid strike brings out excellent detail on the design elements, and both sides are devoid of mentionable abrasions or spots. Collected as a separate variety from the Brilliant proof, this Superb Gem example is sharp and visually impressive. Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 489; *Pittsburgh Signature* (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 3417. NGC ID# 278X, PCGS# 3994

- 3643 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR66 PCGS. CAC.** The Type Two or Brilliant Finish 1936 proof cents and nickels have fully mirrored fields around the satin devices, compare to the Type One proofs that have satin fields. This brilliant Premium Gem has bold design definition and light lovely gray surfaces. NGC ID# 278Y, PCGS# 3995

**1936 Buffalo Nickel, PR67
Full Strike on the Indian and Bison**



- 3644 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR67 PCGS.** The Mint did an about-face when satin proofs met with lukewarm collector demand in 1936. Brilliant proofs proved more popular with the public, a lesson soon implemented on all denominations. This brilliant Superb Gem displays chromelike surfaces and a razor-sharp strike on the devices. A few subtle hints of gold toning do not diminish the overall silver sheen and outstanding eye appeal. PCGS reports just eight numerically finer proofs (11/16). NGC ID# 278Y, PCGS# 3995

**1936 Nickel, PR67
Brilliant Finish, CAC Approval**



- 3645 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR67 PCGS. CAC.** The Mint reverted to striking proof Buffalo nickels with a Brilliant Finish during the latter part of 1936 after an unsuccessful attempt to introduce a new Satin Finish. Both types are about equally available. This Superb Gem proof showcases faint traces of pale blue over essentially brilliant surfaces. Devoid of contact and fully struck, as one would expect of a proof. Housed in a green label holder. PCGS reports eight finer submissions. CAC: 79 in 67, 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 278Y, PCGS# 3995

- 3646 1937 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** Gleaming, glassy-mirrored fields surround sharply struck, reflective motifs of this brilliant-finish proof nickel. A hint of lemon-gold toning adds to the appeal. A Full Details Superb Gem proof, both deeply impressed and impressive to view. PCGS reports just 33 numerically finer examples. NGC ID# 278Z, PCGS# 3996

JEFFERSON NICKELS

**1938 Nickel, MS67+ Full Steps
Delicately Toned, Tied for Finest at PCGS**



- 3647 1938 MS67+ Full Steps PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This high-end Full Steps Registry coin appears virtually pristine under magnification. Ice-blue and subtle lavender hues adorn the interiors, ceding to pale champagne around portions of the peripheries. The strike is bold, and the overall eye appeal is such that this coin would gather appreciation even from collectors who have no regular interest in Jefferson nickels. Population: 30 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22T4, PCGS# 84000

- 3648 1938-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS.** An impressive Superb Gem, this first-year Denver Mint Jefferson nickel exhibits brilliant satin luster that shines through its lovely champagne toning. The reverse exhibits five and one-half full steps with typical weakness at the bottom center step. Population: 73 in 67 (12 in 67+) Full Steps, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22T5, PCGS# 84001

- 3649 1938-S MS67 Full Steps PCGS.** This exceptional Full Steps Superb Gem is tied for the finest certified at PCGS. The motifs are boldly rendered, set amid satiny nickel-gray luster that shows light golden toning. The surfaces are immaculate. Population: 13 in 67 Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22T6, PCGS# 84002

**1939 Nickel, FS-801, MS67
Doubled Die Reverse, None Finer**



- 3650 1939 Doubled Monticello, FS-801, MS67 PCGS. CAC.** The reverse shows dramatic doubling on MONTICELLO and FIVE CENTS. The *Cherry-pickers' Guide* gives this variety a very high interest factor, owing to the strength of the doubling, its inclusion in the annual *Guide Book*, and its absolute scarcity. The obverse is entirely brilliant, while the reverse displays pale golden accents. Scintillating luster covers pristine surfaces. Outstanding eye appeal. Population: 9 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22T8, PCGS# 38481 Base PCGS# 4004

**1939-D Reverse of 1940 Nickel
MS67 Full Steps, Key Series Issue**



- 3651 1939-D Reverse of 1940 MS67 Full Steps PCGS.** Little difference in rarity has been found between the coins with the Reverse of 1938 and those with the Reverse of 1940 — except for the pieces with Full Steps. The Reverse of 1940 pieces are much more frequently encountered and better serve as a representative of this key, low-mintage issue (only 3.5 million were struck). This satiny example has pale lilac and pale rose patina on each side, and as one would expect from the grade, it is free from any detracting abrasions. Population: 5 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TA, PCGS# 894005

**1942-D Over Horizontal D Nickel
FS-501, MS63 Full Steps**



- 3652 1942-D D Over Horizontal D, FS-501, MS63 Full Steps PCGS.** The D Mintmark was initially rotated a quarter turn, with the upright of the letter facing the top of the reverse. The mistake was immediately recognized, and the D was entered on top of the first punch with its correct orientation. This is one of many die errors in virtually every series that are collectively known as “blundered dies.” The strike is sharp with vibrant luster beneath chestnut-gold toning. The reverse displays a few tiny gray flecks. Population: 4 in 63 Full Steps, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 38496 Base PCGS# 84015

**1942-D Over Horizontal D Nickel, MS64 Full Steps
Rare Overmintmark**



- 3653 1942-D D Over Horizontal D, FS-501, MS64 Full Steps PCGS.** While in midyear 1942 San Francisco and Philadelphia switched from the traditional nickel alloy to the unusual wartime “silver nickel” composition of copper, silver, and manganese, the Denver Mint produced only 1942-D pieces with the traditional mix of metals, changing over in 1943 instead. According to the 2002 second edition of Bernard Nagengast’s *The Jefferson Nickel Analyst* (a wonderfully useful reference):

“This variety is possibly the rarest major Jefferson Variety in uncirculated. A small number of the coins were discovered in the late 1970’s and disbursed. Few have come to light since. Since the 1942D nickel is rarely seen by the roll, the variety may remain very rare unless an unusual number show up in an unsearched roll.”

The first D is punched horizontally, with the curved side facing down. The present example shows no break in the steps of Monticello and displays light lilac toning. Lovely satin luster abounds on both sides. A couple of small, inoffensive marks account for the MS64 grade, but this *Guide Book* variety coin should nonetheless see fierce bidding competition among the hordes of Jefferson nickel specialists.

Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 5/2009), lot 362. NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 38496 Base PCGS# 84015

**1943/2-P Nickel, FS-101, MS67
Among the Finest Non-Full Step Coins**



- 3654 1943/2-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS67 PCGS.** As with other World War II overdate issues, the 1943/2-P was created when working hubs of different dates were used to make a working die. This is a thoroughly lustrous Superb Gem that has mark-free surfaces and a hint of gold toning. The high points of Jefferson’s portrait show minor flan chatter, as struck. Population: 5 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 8GHB, PCGS# 38499 Base PCGS# 4019

- 3655 1943/2-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Full Steps PCGS.** Breen credits Delma K. Romines with the 1948 discovery of this wartime overdate. Similar to the 1942/1-D dime, IN GOD WE TRUST exhibits minor die doubling. Light straw-gold toning adorns this lustrous, well struck, and nearly unabraded Premium Gem. NGC ID# 22TR, PCGS# 38500 Base PCGS# 84019

- 3656 1943/2-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Full Steps PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The overdate is a highly desirable variety in the Jefferson nickel series but is seldom available in this lofty Full Steps grade. This piece displays frosty, virtually untouched surfaces with a hint of light champagne toning over each side. Population: 41 in 66 (5 in 66+) Full Steps, 7 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22TR, PCGS# 38500 Base PCGS# 84019

**1943/2-P Nickel, MS66+ Full Steps
FS-101, Guide Book Variety**



- 3657 1943/2-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66+ Full Steps PCGS.** Listed in both the *Cherrypickers' Guide* and the annual *Guide Book*, the 1943/2-P Jefferson nickel shows the diagonal of the 2 within the lower loop of the 3. Light chatter occurs on the raised areas, but the fields throughout this brilliant, strongly detailed Premium Gem are carefully preserved. Population: 42 in 66 (5 in 66+) Full Steps, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TR, PCGS# 38500 Base PCGS# 84019

**1943/2-P Nickel, MS66 Full Steps
Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101**



- 3658 1943/2-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Full Steps PCGS. CAC.** The base and diagonal downstroke of an underdigit 2 is apparent within the 3 in the date. Last of the wartime hubbed overdates, the 1943/2-P is also a minor doubled die obverse variety. LIBERTY and the date are minutely doubled. Brilliant and well-struck with booming luster and exemplary preservation. Population: 42 in 66 (5 in 66+) Full Steps, 7 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TR, PCGS# 38500 Base PCGS# 84019
- 3659 1943-P Doubled Die Obverse, FS-106, MS67 PCGS.** Strong doubling is evident on the date, LIBERTY, the motto, and Jefferson's eye. The variety's dramatic nature and inclusion in the *Guide Book* explain its popularity. The motifs are strongly struck, though the steps are fractionally incomplete. Minor marks occur centrally. This brilliant example ranks among the finest known pieces, and should generate spirited bidding. Population: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 38497 Base PCGS# 4174

**1943-D Nickel, Colorful MS68
Top-Graded Example at PCGS**



- 3660 1943-D MS68 PCGS.** Beautiful pastel hues of blue-green, lilac, and gold cover this nearly flawless MS68 nickel. Satin luster issues from the underlying, virtually mark-free surfaces. Strong design definition falls just shy of a Full Steps designation. Registry specialists will appreciate that this is the sole finest example at PCGS, and they should bid accordingly (11/16). NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 4020
- 3661 1943-S MS68 ★ NGC.** Exquisite sun-gold, apple-green, and ruby-red toning endows both sides of this pristine wartime nickel. The strike shows only minor incompleteness on Jefferson's jaw and the lower steps of Monticello. Census: 5 in 68 (3 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TT, PCGS# 4021
- 3662 1944-S MS68 PCGS.** Attractive shades of lavender and pale gold toning grace the flawless surfaces of this magnificent MS68 specimen. The design elements are sharply detailed and vibrant mint luster adds to the incredible eye appeal. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TW, PCGS# 4024

**1945-D War Nickel, MS68 ★
Spectacular Two-Sided Toning, None Finer**



- 3663 1945-D MS68 ★ NGC.** Storage in a coin album combined with the billion Wartime alloy likely caused the incredible colors on this impeccably preserved example. Outer bands of navy and violet fade to lime-green, mint, gold, and finally rose in the center, while the reverse has patches of lime and mauve patina. The surfaces are solidly struck with vibrant luster beneath the rich patina. Census: 7 in 68 (4 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2007), lot 614. NGC ID# 22TY, PCGS# 4026

1946-S Jefferson Nickel, MS67 Full Steps
Tied for Finest Certified



3664 1946-S MS67 Full Steps PCGS. Trumpet Tail S mintmark. One of just two Superb Gem examples at PCGS with Full Steps and with no similarly graded coins at NGC, this lustrous and meticulously struck nickel is destined for the finest Registry Set. A whisper of pale-gold toning adds faint patina to the otherwise brilliant surfaces, which show the Mint's die polish lines in the left obverse field but no marks to mention on either side. Population: 2 in 67 Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22U4, PCGS# 84030

3665 1949-D/S FS-501 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The San Francisco undermintmark is apparent as a curve at the northwest corner of the Denver mintmark. The upper serif of the S emerges above the D near its curve. *Cherrypickers'* states, "this variety is quite rare in Mint State and is highly sought after." A lustrous and essentially pristine chestnut-gold Premium Gem. NGC ID# 22UC, PCGS# 38511 Base PCGS# 4039

1950 Jefferson Nickel, MS67 Full Steps
Tied for Finest Certified



3666 1950 MS67 Full Steps PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The Nagengast reference suggests even five full steps are seen on only 1 of 150 examples, although that ratio is not necessarily so extreme at the highest grades. This attractive Superb Gem not only shows the five steps, but they are crisp and free of any marks amid overall sharpness on Monticello's architectural features. Lustrous gold and lilac toning adds to the eye appeal. Population: 9 in 67 Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22UE, PCGS# 84041

1952 Nickel, MS67+
Sole Finest at PCGS



3667 1952 MS67+ PCGS. The sole finest (by the margin of the Plus) at PCGS, this piece displays wisps of attractive patination in shades of pale rose, bold, sage, and ice-blue throughout both sides. A well-struck coin, even if short of Full Steps, and highly lustrous throughout. Population: 4 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22UK, PCGS# 4046

1953-S Jefferson Nickel, MS65
Five Full Steps, Sole NGC Example So-Honored



3668 1953-S MS65 Five Full Steps NGC. The 1953-S has an unwanted but accurate reputation as being among the worst-struck of all Jefferson nickels. The *Bowers Guide Book* suggests merely 1 in 5,000 examples have five full steps, and even that distinction does not guarantee sharpness anywhere else on the coin. This example is softly defined with some peripheral weakness, but among the few high-grade '53-S survivors it is sharp by comparison. The fields are partially prooflike and supremely lustrous with a pale champagne-gold hue. NGC reports just this single MS65 coin with the Five Full Steps designation (10/16). NGC ID# 22UR, PCGS# 84051

3669 1958-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. The Denver Mint was hard at work in 1958 striking more than 168 million Jefferson nickels. Incredibly, PCGS reports merely 16 Superb Gem submissions in the Full Steps category, this being one of only two examples with the added Plus designation (11/16). Faint blue-green, gold, and lavender hues complement brilliant, satiny surfaces. Important Registry offering. NGC ID# 22V5, PCGS# 84064

3670 1961 MS67 PCGS. Although not fully struck on the steps of Monticello, this Superb Gem 1961 Jefferson nickel is sharp elsewhere. Satiny luster displays a hint of champagne toning over each side. This issue is rarely seen so well-preserved, and none are certified finer. Population: 4 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22VA, PCGS# 4069

1963-D Nickel, MS65 Full Steps
Unsurpassed Quality, Rarely Seen This Fine



3671 1963-D MS65 Full Steps PCGS. Essentially untoned save for a faint hint of olive-gold color that bathes the lustrous surfaces and well-struck devices. A few tiny marks are scattered about both sides, limiting the grade, but the strike is bold. The 1963-D nickel is extremely rare in Full Steps, making this Gem piece an important offering for the Registry Set collector. Tied with two others for finest certified. Population: 3 in 65 Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22VF, PCGS# 84074

1965 Nickel, Satiny MS67
Tied for the Finest at PCGS



- 3672** 1965 MS67 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. With only a single Full Steps example of the 1965 Jefferson nickel known, this Superb Gem non-Full Steps piece is arguably the finest that Registry Set collectors can acquire. PCGS reports three pieces in this grade and none finer (11/16). The strike is mostly sharp, and both sides display satiny luster with a hint of champagne color. A hint of reflectivity can be seen in the fields. NGC ID# 22VJ, PCGS# 4077

2004 Peace Medal Nickel, MS68
Popular Single-Year Design, None Graded Finer



- 3673** 2004-P Peace Medal MS68 PCGS. The Peace medal design by Norman Nemeth was only employed in 2004, and remains extremely popular among collectors. This is an incredible condition rarity from a mintage of 361 million coins, one of only eight MS68 representatives at PCGS with none finer (11/16). Smooth, fully struck, and satiny, this brilliant Superb Gem nickel shows a single tick left of the E in E PLURIBUS UNUM. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 22XY, PCGS# 4154

PROOF JEFFERSON NICKELS

1938 Jefferson Nickel, PR68
None Graded Finer



- 3674** 1938 PR68 PCGS. A fully struck first-year proof with iridescent golden-gray toning over deeply mirrored fields. The 1938 proof is rare this fine and unknown numerically finer. Population: 14 in 68, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 279X, PCGS# 4175

1938 Jefferson Nickel, PR68
Top-Graded First-Year Proof



- 3675** 1938 PR68 PCGS. CAC. The Mint manufactured 19,365 Jefferson nickel proofs in 1938, the series' first year of issue. Although readily available through PR67, specimens become very rare in PR68, a level unsurpassed at PCGS or NGC. Pale blue overtones grace practically flawless surfaces. The devices are fully rendered. Population: 14 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 279X, PCGS# 4175

1939 Jefferson Nickel, PR68
Finest Certified at NGC



- 3676** 1939 Reverse of 1938 PR68 PCGS. A dazzling, brilliant proof with impeccable surfaces and glassy-smooth silver sheen across the mirrored fields and glossy devices. There are virtually no imperfections to be seen either in-hand or under a loupe. Jefferson's portrait is pristine. As expected, this glimmering nickel is tied for the finest certified by either service, housed in a previous generation blue label holder. A serious candidate for the finest Registry Set. Population: 11 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 279X, PCGS# 4176

- 3677** 1939 Reverse of 1940, FS-901, PR67 PCGS. CAC. The Reverse of 1940 represents a modified hub with straight and sharp porch steps on the reverse, rather than the wavy steps of the earlier reverse. This Superb Gem proof exhibits very slight contrast between its mirrored fields and satin devices. A fully brilliant and untoned Superb Gem. Population: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TR4, PCGS# 38534 Base PCGS# 94176

**1939 Reverse of 1940 Nickel, PR68
Tied for Finest Certified**



3678 1939 Reverse of 1940, FS-901, PR68 NGC. In 1939 the steps of Monticello were strengthened and straightened. The difference is immediately obvious when a coin such as this one is compared to the Reverse of 1938 with its so-called "wavy steps." The majority of 1939 proof nickels still used the previous year's reverse. This is an exceptional proof with no obvious defects and brilliant surfaces throughout. The fields are deeply mirrored and light mint frost can be seen over the devices. Census: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TR4, PCGS# 38534 Base PCGS# 94176

3679 1940 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. A lovely Gem Cameo proof with fully brilliant mirrored fields that frame the satin devices. Hints of light gold toning are noted on both sides. Cameo proofs from the 1936 to 1942 period are extremely rare. Population: 7 in 65 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 279Z, PCGS# 84177

3680 1940 Reverse of 1938, FS-901, PR67 PCGS. CAC. Apricot-gold toning dominates, although powder-blue and lilac shades visit portions of the reverse field. Monticello has wavy steps, as seen on all 1938 proof nickels. Most 1940 proof nickels are the straight steps subtype, introduced in 1939. Cherrypickers' calls FS-901 "an extremely rare variety." Population: 76 in 67 (7 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 12 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 279Y, PCGS# 38540 Base PCGS# 94177

**1942 Jefferson Nickel, PR68
Type One, None Certified Finer**



3681 1942 Type One PR68 PCGS. CAC. Direct angles reveal arcs of rainbow iridescence around the centers that yield to silver-gray hues as the coin rotates away from the light. Fully struck with pristine, Superb quality surfaces, tied for the finest-known with spectacular eye appeal. Population: 20 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 13 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27A3, PCGS# 4179

**1942-P Type Two Nickel, PR68
Iridescent Obverse Toning**



3682 1942-P Type Two PR68 PCGS. Iridescent colors emerge from the smoothly lustrous surfaces of this Superb Gem Type Two war nickel. Shades of lemon-yellow, violet, green, and pale-blue glow interchangeably depending on the angle of view. The reverse is brilliant. Both sides display razor-sharp devices with nearly full details across the mark-free fields and motifs. PCGS reports just one numerically finer example. Population: 16 in 68, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27A4, PCGS# 4180

**1942-P Type Two Nickel, PR66 Deep Cameo
Unheard of in This Format**



3683 1942-P Type Two PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. Always in demand as the sole "wartime silver" proof issue, this Type Two Deep Cameo nickel joins just one other coin to earn such a designation — regardless of grade — at either service. Virtually all proof Type Two nickels are non-Cameo pieces. Cameos are rare, and Deep Cameo examples are heretofore unheard of. Stunning, deep-mirrored surfaces show only a few microscopic lines, while the smoothly frosted devices are free of any marks or distractions. The strike is uniformly sharp throughout both sides. We repeat...PCGS reports just two pieces in all Deep Cameo grades. To our knowledge, this is the only 1942 Type Two Deep Cameo nickel to appear in any auction. We certainly have never seen another (much less finer) example. Population: 2 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 94180 Base PCGS# 4180

**1950 Nickel, PR67 Deep Cameo
Tied for Finest at PCGS**



3684 1950 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. The 51,386 proof sets produced in 1950 were widely hoarded, as there had been no supply of proofs to satisfy collector demand since 1942. The sets were also the first to contain the nascent Roosevelt dime and Franklin half dollar. Deep Cameo proof nickels from 1950 are rare in all grades, making this brilliant Superb Gem an ideal candidate for inclusion in a high-end Registry Set. Seldom-seen field-device contrast provides excellent visual appeal, and there are no mentionable flaws. Population: 11 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27A5, PCGS# 94182

1950 Nickel, PR67 Deep Cameo
Registry-Grade Representative



- 3685** 1950 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. A fully struck, beautifully preserved 1950 proof Jefferson nickel, showing nearly brilliant surfaces that have a hint of champagne color in the fields. Deep Cameo examples of the 1950 are rare, and the present coin is among the finest at PCGS. Population: 11 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27A5, PCGS# 94182

1953 Nickel, PR67 Deep Cameo
Intense Contrast



- 3686** 1953 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. Few examples of the 1953 Jefferson nickel proof (128,000 coins) have achieved this impressive technical assessment. Deeply reflective fields house few marks, none of any significance, and contrast boldly against frosted, needle-sharp motifs. The Deep Cameo effect is particularly noticeable on the obverse. Population: 8 in 67 Deep Cameo, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BBV3, PCGS# 94185

1954 Nickel, PR68 Deep Cameo
Among the Finest



- 3687** 1954 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. A magnificent PR68 Jefferson nickel, this piece possesses profound cameo contrast, unusual in proofs of the mid-1950s. The devices display pinpoint definition throughout, and the fields appear pristine. Housed in an old green label holder. Population: 10 in 68 (1 in 68+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27A7, PCGS# 94186

1954 Nickel, PR68 Deep Cameo
Tied for the Finest at PCGS



- 3688** 1954 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Wohlforth. This lovely Superb Gem Deep Cameo proof features a powerful strike and deeply mirrored fields that contrast nicely with the lustrous devices, all beneath delicate champagne toning that enhances the eye appeal. Population: 10 in 68 (1 in 68+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27A7, PCGS# 94186

1958 Nickel, PR68 Deep Cameo
In a Green Label Holder



- 3689** 1958 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. Deep Cameo examples of the 1958 proof Jefferson nickel are rare in any grade, and this high-end Superb Gem is particularly appealing. Virtually flawless, mirrorlike fields frame frosty, champagne-tinted devices to deliver outstanding eye appeal. An outstanding Registry Set candidate. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 7 in 68 Deep Cameo, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27A8, PCGS# 94190

- 3690** 1960 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Wohlforth. Incredibly frosted luster on the devices and liquidlike mirroring in the fields give this nearly flawless Deep Cameo proof astounding visual appeal. Warm golden toning over each side further contributes to the aesthetic impression. Conditionally rare this fine and unknown finer. Population: 9 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22YJ, PCGS# 94192

- 3691** 1971 No S, FS-501, PR68 Cameo PCGS. Few Cameo examples are finer than the present high-end Superb Gem. This No S proof 1971 nickel displays stark contrast, sharp devices, and incredible preservation. A hint of light golden toning warms each side, accentuating the mirrored fields. Population: 82 in 68 Cameo, 17 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22YN, PCGS# 569931 Base PCGS# 84204

- 3692** 1971 No S, FS-501, PR69 Cameo NGC. An estimated 1,655 proofs were struck in 1971 lacking the S-mintmark, an error created by the omission of an S mintmark on a proof obverse die. Only a few hundred examples have been certified. This brilliant, flashy piece displays frosted devices. Each side appears flawless. Census: 16 in 69 Cameo (3 in 69★), 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Schaumburg Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2012), lot 3703, which realized \$2,530.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 22YN, PCGS# 569931 Base PCGS# 84204

1971 No S Nickel, PR69 Deep Cameo
Top-Grade Registry Coin



- 3693** 1971 No S, FS-501, PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. Deep Cameo examples of this No S proof are seldom seen in any grade and are rare at the unsurpassed PR69 level. This piece displays a flawless strike and seemingly flawless preservation. A hint of light golden toning graces each side, delivering exceptional eye appeal. Population: 11 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (10/16). PCGS# 569932 Base PCGS# 94204

1971 No S Nickel, PR69 Ultra Cameo
Brilliant and Tied for Finest Certified



- 3694** 1971 No S, FS-501, PR69 Ultra Cameo NGC. The Mint confirmed that 1,655 proof nickels were struck in 1971 before the S mintmark was added to the die in Philadelphia. This is a tiny number of coins, especially when compared to the large and growing number of collectors of this series. This piece is tied for finest among Ultra/Deep Cameo examples. Each side is brilliant and we do not see any evidence of post-striking flaws that would prevent a perfect grade designation. Census: 5 in 69 Ultra Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2012), lot 4019.
From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 569932 Base PCGS# 94204

1971 No S Nickel, PR69 Deep Cameo
A Desirable Error Proof



- 3695** 1971 No S, FS-501, PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. Proof-only nickels were made in 1971, all at the San Francisco Mint. An oversight at the Philadelphia Mint resulted in the S mintmark being left off the dies used to strike 1971 proofs. Bowers writes in his 2007 *Guide Book of Buffalo and Jefferson Nickels*: "It is not known how many S-less Proofs were made, but the estimate of 1,655 coins from the Mint should be subtracted from the overall mintage of 3,220,733."
PCGS has certified only 12 Deep Cameo No S nickels in PR69 and none finer (11/16). This PR69 offering is fully struck and yields pronounced field-motif contrast. An unobtrusive tick on Jefferson's cheek will help to identify the coin. This is about as close to perfection as a Deep Cameo Proof can get. PCGS# 569932 Base PCGS# 94204

End of Session One

SESSION TWO

EARLY HALF DIMES

1794 Half Dime, Sharp XF45 Rare V-1, LM-1 Variety



- 3696** 1794 V-1, LM-1, R.6, XF45 PCGS. Lacking only the finest definition on Liberty's hair strands and on the eagle's breast feathers, this sharply struck LM-1 half dime is extremely Choice for the XF level. Light wear exists on the high points and a few hair-thin lines are seen beneath the bluish-gray and gold patina, yet this glossy example displays exceptional eye appeal for the grade. A glass reveals a few light adjustment marks between STATES and OF, but they are nearly entirely eliminated by the strong strike and subsequent circulation. The LM-1 variety is the scarcest of four 1794 varieties. Rated R.6 in the Logan and McCloskey reference, it is a prize for any early half dime collector or Flowing Hair specialist. Population (all 1794 varieties combined): 13 in 45, 87 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZT, PCGS# 38581 Base PCGS# 4250

1794 Half Dime, AU Details Rare V-1, LM-1 Variety



- 3697** 1794 V-1, LM-1, R.6 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Ex: Hilt Collection. The obverse center is caramel-gold, as is the reverse margin. The central reverse is cobalt-blue. This well defined half dime is moderately bright but ranks among the sharpest examples of its rare die variety. A couple of hair-thin marks are concealed within Liberty's hair. Ex: *Liberty USA Collection, Part 2* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 3683, which realized \$8,812.50.

1794 Half Dime, V-4, LM-4, VF Details



- 3698** 1794 V-4, LM-4, R.4 — Repaired — NGC Details. VF. This first-year Flowing Hair half dime may be exactly what some collectors have been seeking: a moderately well-detailed coin at an affordable price point. The deeply toned olive-green and gray surfaces reveal tooling marks and granularity beneath a lens, with softness on the portrait. But wear is even, and the variety is easily identified. This is an early die state coin without the heavy reverse die cracks.

1794 Half Dime, Multicolor VF30 V-4, LM-4, Strong Remaining Detail



- 3699** 1794 V-4, LM-4, R.4, VF30 PCGS. The wreath leaf beside the U in UNITED and the single berry above the I confirm the die pair. The 1794 half dime is an ideal option for those looking to procure a coin bearing that famous date. This wonderful piece displays gorgeous multicolor toning across each side, primarily in shades of blue, violet, and gold. Although well-circulated with the finer points of the hair and feathers worn away, the devices retain strong detail. NGC ID# 22ZT, PCGS# 38584 Base PCGS# 4250

1794 Half Dime, V-4, LM-4, XF45 Attractive and Well-Preserved



- 3700** 1794 V-4, LM-4, R.4, XF45 PCGS. Several stars are widely recut on some of their points. Steel-gray surfaces display dappled blue and olive overtones with traces of silver luster peeking through. Choice surfaces are sharply struck and minimally marked for the XF grade, with a few scattered remnants of adjustment marks on the reverse that are visible under a loupe yet unseen to the unaided eye. Half dimes were the first denomination struck at the United States Mint dated 1794, although some (or all) of the reported mintage of 7,756 pieces was struck in 1795. **From The Palos Verdes Collection.** NGC ID# 22ZT, PCGS# 38584 Base PCGS# 4250

**1795 Half Dime, Sharp AU55
Rare V-1, LM-1 Variety**



- 3701** 1795 V-1, LM-1, R.6, AU55 NGC. CAC. Here is a highlight coin for this session. LM-1 is one of the rarer die varieties of the 1795 Flowing Hair half dime. This high-end example is in an early die state, before the crack develops through the Y in LIBERTY. Pale gold and rich aquamarine toning embrace each side, allowing hints of luster to remain in the fields. The strike is sharp and even, and neither side exhibits distracting adjustment marks. This is an attractive Flowing Hair half dime and a simply outstanding representative of the variety, which is rarely encountered in any condition. CAC-approved in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 22ZV, PCGS# 38585 Base PCGS# 4251

**1795 Flowing Hair Half Dime, XF45
Scarce V-2, LM-3 Die Pair**



- 3702** 1795 V-2, LM-3, R.5, XF45 PCGS Secure. The lengthy die crack from the edge through the upright of R in LIBERTY extends downward through the hair strands to about mid-neck level. On the reverse, a grouping of raised die lines runs from the rim between E and S of STATES to the leaves below. Other than these Mint-related anomalies, there are few interruptions to the smooth surfaces of this Choice XF coin. Traces of reddish-gold luster glow beneath rich slate-gray toning. Two or three minor marks are the only evidence of handling or transport, while the strike is sharp and actual wear is minimal. NGC ID# 22ZV, PCGS# 38587 Base PCGS# 4251

**1795 Half Dime, AU Details
Rare V-7, LM-6 Marriage**



- 3703** 1795 V-7, LM-6, R.6 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Ex: Hilt Collection. The obverse cracks between 3:30 and 6 o'clock confirm the rare LM-6. Careful rotation beneath a light reveals delicate hairlines, but this rare variety Flowing Hair half dime will nonetheless be of significant interest to specialists of the series. Both sides are free from any distracting marks.
Ex: Liberty USA Collection, Part 2 (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 3691, which realized \$4,935.

**1795 V-5, LM-8 Half Dime, VF30
Attractive, Original Surfaces**



- 3704** 1795 V-5, LM-8, R.3, VF30 PCGS. CAC. This Flowing Hair half dime is remarkably free of marks from circulation. Some Mint-related adjustment marks join a long, rim-to-rim die crack that runs from below the 7 in the date through the head of Liberty to the rim above the Y in LIBERTY. On the LM-8 variety, the I and B of LIBERTY are spaced too far apart, and the left wing has no berries beneath it on either side of the stem. An excellent example for type — one of the few CAC-endorsed 1795 half dimes at the VF30 level or finer. CAC: 4 in 30, 79 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZV, PCGS# 38592 Base PCGS# 4251

**1795 Half Dime, XF Details
Toned V-6, LM-9 Example**



- 3705** 1795 V-6, LM-9, R.4 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. This is a well-detailed Flowing Hair type coin, showing bold central devices and a strong reverse rim. Both sides display bright sea-green toning in the centers with warmer gold and amber hues around the borders. An old scratch extends from the rim between the Y in LIBERTY and star 9 to Liberty's eye. The usual die cracks and clashes remain visible despite the cleaning. PCGS# 38593 Base PCGS# 4251

**1795 Half Dime, VF25
V-4, LM-10, Pleasing for the Grade**



- 3706** 1795 V-4, LM-10, R.3, VF25 PCGS. CAC. Digit 1 touches the curl, star 1 joins the tip of curl 2, and there is one outer berry between UN of UNITED. This later die state has developed a cud above TY and star 9. Pleasing medium gray patination embraces both sides, leaving the well-defined devices just a shade or two lighter than the fields. A planchet lamination is visible in the left obverse quadrant.
Ex: West Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 289. NGC ID# 22ZV, PCGS# 38594 Base PCGS# 4251

3707 1796 LIKERTY, V-1, LM-1, R.3 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. A well-defined example of the first Draped Bust half dime variety. The cream-gray surfaces are wavy near Liberty's ribbon and the E in UNITED. The obverse rim is indistinct near 3 o'clock. NGC ID# 22ZX, PCGS# 38596 Base PCGS# 4254

3708 1796/5 V-2, LM-2, R.6 — Repaired — NGC Details. Fine. Ex: Hilt Collection. An elusive *Guide Book* overdate. Gunmetal-gray toning visits the obverse border and a majority of the reverse. The portrait and obverse field appear whizzed, as do select portions of the reverse.
Ex: *Liberty USA Collection, Part 2 (Heritage, 4/2015)*, lot 3697, which realized \$1,880.

**1797 Half Dime, V-2, LM-1, AU53
Pleasing 15 Stars, Small Eagle Type**



3709 1797 15 Stars, V-2, LM-1, R.3, AU53 PCGS. The 15-Star obverse is the sole identification needed for the LM-1 die pair, since it is the only variety with that star count. The other 1797 half dime varieties show either a 16 Star or a 13 Star obverse. The Mint soon realized adding a star for each new statehood was not workable, and eventually the star count reverted to 13 stars to symbolize the 13 original colonies. A scattering of small marks on this attractive About Uncirculated example accompanies strong die clashing. The pleasing, silver-gray surfaces deepen to deep slate-gray at the margins. Population: 7 in 53, 43 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 22ZZ, PCGS# 38597 Base PCGS# 4258

**1797 16 Stars Half Dime, VG8
V-4, LM-2, All-Original Surfaces**



3710 1797 16 Stars, V-4, LM-2, R.4, VG8 PCGS. CAC. The placement of the leaf under the first T in STATES distinguishes LM-2 from the slightly scarcer LM-3. Both varieties have a 16 Stars Obverse. The Mint quickly realized after striking these half dimes that it simply could not continue adding stars as states joined the Union. Later in the year it reverted to 13 stars representing the original colonies. Although years of circulation have worn away most of the fine details, this problem-free gray example shows pale reddish color over the high points, and the legends are complete. Two pinscratches are noted on the bust. An all-original Small Eagle Reverse type. Population (both 16 Stars variants): 7 in 8, 64 finer. CAC: 1 in 8, 20 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22ZZ, PCGS# 38598 Base PCGS# 4259

3711 1800 V-1, LM-1, R.3, VF20 PCGS. Deep gunmetal-gray fields contrast with lighter gray relief elements on this midgrade 1800 half dime. This is a problem-free coin with just honest wear and minor circulation marks. The obverse rim is slightly weak from 7 to 9 o'clock, and the reverse exhibits weakness on the arrowheads and the stars above the eagle's head — not unusual for the variety. This piece is in an early die state before the rim cud develops beneath the date. NGC ID# 2326, PCGS# 38601 Base PCGS# 4264

**1800 Half Dime, VF35
V-1, LM-1, Attractive Patina**



3712 1800 V-1, LM-1, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Two small "o" punches were used for the 8 in the date, explaining the rudimentary appearance. Deep blue tones near the periphery meld with gold and lavender-gray patina near the centers. The resulting eye appeal is tremendous. Areas of incompleteness occur near the upper reverse stars and the right shield corner, while the obverse is generally well-defined, save for the upper curls. A curious set of ticks are visible around the clouds. NGC ID# 2326, PCGS# 38601 Base PCGS# 4264

**1800 Half Dime, V-1, LM-1, XF45
Late Die State Example**



3713 1800 V-1, LM-1, R.3, XF45 PCGS. CAC. A late die state example, showing a large rim cud below the date. This is a sharply struck Draped Bust type coin with bold central devices and mostly strong rims — only the obverse border grows weak at about 1 o'clock. This piece displays aquamarine and champagne toning with light handling marks consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 2326, PCGS# 38601 Base PCGS# 4264

**1800 V-1, LM-1 Half Dime, AU58
Original Luster Remains in the Fields**



3714 1800 V-1, LM-1, R.3, AU58 NGC. The late die state rim cud below the date has not yet developed on this near-Mint 1800 half dime. However, just to the left of the future cud location and still beneath the date is a small, jagged planchet clip that appears mint-made. The remainder of the rims are well-defined, and the interior devices show sharp definition. Golden, lavender, and pale blue toning appear in the fields amid remnants of delicate original luster. The eye appeal of this piece is magnificent for the collector who appreciates original, old-time coloration. Census (all varieties included): 22 in 58, 50 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2326, PCGS# 38601 Base PCGS# 4264

**1805 V-1, LM-1 Half Dime, XF45
Challenging Final-Year Draped Bust Issue**



- 3715** 1805 V-1, LM-1, R.4, XF45 PCGS. A single die pair was used to strike the 1805 mintage of 15,600 half dimes, the final half dime issue until 1829. In general, the 1805 production was carelessly done. The obverse stars and lettering are askew, with two (and possibly three) letter sizes in LIBERTY and the stars irregularly spaced. The date sits high with the 0 and 5 too close together. Poorly struck as an issue, the 1805 seldom exceeds the VF level. This Choice XF example is moderately well-struck in areas, although weak at the bust point and at the opposite field stars, clouds, and wingtip. A few light abrasions are noted on the pleasing golden-gray surfaces, which retain glimpses of mint luster. Population: 6 in 45, 9 finer (11/16).

**1832 Half Dime, V-6, LM-13, MS66
Nearly Brilliant, High-Grade Type Coin**



- 3720** 1832 V-6, LM-13, R.3, MS66 NGC. A number of high-grade LM-13 coins have surfaced over the years, making the scarce variety (R.3) an available selection for an advanced type collection or date set. This example is brilliant save for a faint golden hue surrounding the margins. Silver luster pours over both sides of the Premium Gem fields and devices. Sharply struck as expected for the grade, only some minor blending on the shield border is noted. The bottom of the 8 in the date is filled. Census (all varieties): 71 in 66 (1 in 66+, 6 in 66★), 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 232E, PCGS# 38684 Base PCGS# 4279

BUST HALF DIMES

- 3716** 1829 V-7, LM-1, R.2, MS65 NGC. A semiprooflike example — perhaps an early strike — representing the resumption of the half dime series after a 24-year absence for the denomination. Sea-green and peach-gold toning conveys a lustrous and pleasing visual impression of both sides. The strike is razor-sharp and no marks of any significance disturb the vibrant appeal of this little Gem, perfect for type. Census (all varieties): 38 in 65, 28 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 232B, PCGS# 38612 Base PCGS# 4276

- 3717** 1829 V-3, LM-2, R.1, MS65 PCGS. A repunched I in UNITED is the pick-up point for the Valentine variety. A well struck Gem with flashy fields and exemplary preservation. Brilliant except for a narrow streak of russet toning between stars 5 and 6. NGC ID# 232B, PCGS# 38613 Base PCGS# 4276

- 3718** 1831 V-1, LM-6, R.1, MS65 NGC. A well struck Gem with refreshingly smooth surfaces. Lustrous and lightly toned. Star 3 is repunched and the second S in STATES is filled. Both sides are clashed, and the reverse border displays spindly die cracks.
Ex: Tampa FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3228, which realized \$2,185. NGC ID# 232D, PCGS# 38661 Base PCGS# 4278

- 3719** 1832 V-1, LM-3, R.1, MS65 PCGS. Star 12 is repunched, and the M in AMERICA is defective. These are the two pick-up points for LM-3. An apple-green and lavender-red Gem that boasts dynamic luster, a good strike, and exemplary preservation. NGC ID# 232E, PCGS# 38665 Base PCGS# 4279

**1833 Half Dime, V-7, LM-1
Dynamic, Multicolor MS67 ★**



- 3721** 1833 V-7, LM-1, R.3, MS67 ★ NGC. Dramatic navy-blue, fire-red, and orange patina endows this lustrous and needle-sharp Superb Gem. Neither side displays any indication of contact. A small spur on the lower right corner of the U in UNITED helps identify this collectible variety. Dynamic eye appeal, tied for finest-known of the LM-1. Census: 15 in 67 (2 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Boston ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 4355, which realized \$7,762.50. NGC ID# 232F, PCGS# 38686 Base PCGS# 4280

**1834 Half Dime, Splendid MS67
V-1, LM-2, Vibrant Gold and Indigo Toning**



- 3722** 1834 V-1, LM-2, R.1, MS67 NGC. This is a beautiful coin with an rich and natural color scheme, ranging from deep gold to indigo — reminiscent of a coin that resided in a carefully preserved Wayte Raymond album or coin board, acquiring the vibrant hues of a late sunset from the sulfite-infused paperboard. Glowing luster and a strong strike only serve to further the visual appeal. To date, the major grading services have certified just a single 1834 half dime in a numerically finer grade, regardless of variety. Census: 9 in 67 (1 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 10. NGC ID# 232G, PCGS# 38702 Base PCGS# 4281

- 3723** 1834 V-4, LM-4, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1834 half dime in general is scarce above MS64, regardless of variety. This collectible near-Gem displays a sharp strike throughout the borders and central devices. Satiny luster illuminates pleasing olive-gold, lavender, russet, and aquamarine toning on each side. NGC ID# 232G, PCGS# 38703 Base PCGS# 4281

- 3724** 1835 Large Date, Large 5C, V-3, LM-3, R.1, MS65+ NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Dusky forest-green and dove-gray toning encompasses this well-struck, satiny, and essentially mark-free Gem. Struck slightly off-center toward 6 o'clock, although only the width of the rim is affected. V-3 has the largest period (following the C in 5 C) of any 1835 die variety.
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 3721. NGC ID# 232H, PCGS# 38709 Base PCGS# 4282

- 3725** 1835 Large Date, Large 5C, V-4, LM-7, R.3, MS65 NGC. This is a remarkably attractive, frosty example with the barest trace of light champagne toning. The strike is sharp around the borders but slightly incomplete on the central devices, which show parallel planchet striations that were not fully struck out by the coining press. The preservation and eye appeal are outstanding. NGC ID# 232H, PCGS# 38711 Base PCGS# 4282

SEATED HALF DIMES

- 3726** 1837 No Stars, Large Date (Curl Top 1) MS64 PCGS. V-1, Flynn MPD-001 and RPD-001. The date is prominently repunched south. A well struck near-Gem of the briefly issued and introductory No Stars subtype. Light to medium golden-gray and sea-green toning enriches satiny, unmarked surfaces. NGC ID# 232M, PCGS# 4311

- 3727** 1837 No Stars, Large Date (Curl Top 1) MS64 PCGS. CAC. A lovely near-Gem example of the cameo-like No Stars design, featuring only the Seated figure of Liberty and the date below. Both sides exhibit satin luster beneath rich gold and iridescent toning. The reverse is particularly colorful. CAC: 20 in 64, 38 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 232M, PCGS# 4311

- 3728** 1837 No Stars, Large Date (Curl Top 1) MS65 PCGS. CAC. Scarce in Gem condition. This high-end No Stars type coin displays a razor-sharp strike and glistening original mint luster with a dusting of champagne-gray and amber toning over each side. There are no mentionable abrasions, and eye appeal is superb. Population: 64 in 65, 35 finer. CAC: 21 in 65, 17 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 232M, PCGS# 4311

**1837 No Stars Seated Half Dime, MS66
Repunched Date**



- 3729** 1837 No Stars, Large Date (Curl Top 1), V-1, Flynn-MPD & RPD-001, MS66 NGC. This obverse die shows a boldly tripled date, with the secondary digits seen in the field below the primary. This No Stars type coin is boldly struck and beautifully preserved, showing golden-gray and lavender interiors amid deep ocean-blue margins. Finer pieces are rarely seen. Census: 83 in 66 (1 in 66+, 1 in 66★), 18 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 232M, PCGS# 4311

- 3730** 1837 No Stars, Small Date (Flat Top 1) MS65 PCGS. This is a completely mark-free Gem No Stars type coin with satiny luster and blended champagne and blue-gray toning. The strike is razor-sharp throughout. High-end No Stars half dimes are rare, and this piece deserves in-person inspection to fully appreciate its eye appeal. The obverse fields are modestly reflective. Population: 27 in 65, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 232M, PCGS# 4312

**1840 No Drapery Dime, MS67
Repunched Date**



- 3731** 1840 No Drapery MS67 PCGS. CAC. Flynn-RPD-001. The 18 in the date is lightly repunched, but the heavy vertical bisecting obverse die crack also provides numismatic interest. The sharply struck and semiprooflike surfaces are well preserved and display delicate straw-gold patina. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 6 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 232U, PCGS# 4321

**1841-O Seated Half Dime, MS67
Condition Census Example**



- 3732 1841-O MS67 NGC. V-4.** Any pre-1853 Seated Liberty half dime in Superb Gem condition is a rarity, and almost all such pieces are Philadelphia issues. New Orleans coinage was seldom preserved in large enough Mint State quantities to generate high-end survivors. For the 1841-O, NGC reports four MS67s and PCGS two, with none finer (11/16). However, possibly one or more resubmissions are reflected in these figures. We have offered a Superb Gem example on only two previous occasions. The obverse of this representative features light golden toning with scattered russet at the lower obverse and throughout the reverse. There are no notable marks. The dies are rough, and the surfaces are somewhat granular, as struck. The New Orleans Mint of the 1840s was desperate to extend die life, and as a result, the silver coinage of the period often exhibits various issues with cracked and eroding dies. NGC ID# 232Z, PCGS# 4329

**1842 Half Dime, MS66
Seldom Offered This Fine**



- 3733 1842 MS66 PCGS.** It has been more than a year since we offered a rare Premium Gem example of the 1842 half dime. The issue scarce in MS65 as well, but higher-grade pieces are what elude most collectors. This satiny representative is lavender-toned with champagne hues on the obverse, while the reverse is cast in rich ocean-blue and violet coloration. A sharp strike completes the eye appeal. Population: 8 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2332, PCGS# 4330

**1842 Half Dime, Colorful MS67
The Sole Finest at PCGS**



- 3734 1842 MS67 PCGS.** The number of Superb Gem-quality 1842 half dimes known can be counted on one hand with two fingers left over. This is the only PCGS-graded example, and its beautiful array of rose, mint-green, ocean-blue, and violet border toning around warm golden centers makes it arguably the most attractive example in this top grade. It is also the single finest representative that we have ever handled and the only Superb Gem known to have ever been offered at public auction. The strike is sharp, and the overall eye appeal matches the importance of this rare offering. NGC ID# 2332, PCGS# 4330

- 3735 1842-O Repunched Date, FS-301, MS63 PCGS.** The 8 in the date is repunched within the upper loop. A hint of straw-gold toning visits satiny and unmarked surfaces. The dies were apparently out of linear alignment, since the lower obverse and upper reverse are well struck, while the upper obverse and lower reverse show incompleteness. NGC ID# 385A, PCGS# 145428 Base PCGS# 4331

**1845 Half Dime, MS67
Vividly Toned**



3736 1845 MS67 PCGS. This is a boldly struck and beautiful Superb Gem condition rarity. The 1845 Seated half dime is available in lower Mint State grades, but the population declines significantly in Gem and finer condition. This piece displays frosty luster beneath shades of champagne, lilac, and aquamarine toning, with the latter hue most prevalent around the peripheries. Several thread-like strike-throughs appear on the obverse upon close examination. Population: 7 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2337, PCGS# 4335

3737 1846 VF30 PCGS. Just 27,000 pieces were struck, making the 1846 the most challenging Seated half dime issue until the Civil War years. This moderately worn example displays old-silver toning (deeply toned fields, lighter silver-gray on the high points) and sharp definition for the assigned grade. Few pieces are finer in any grade. Population: 10 in 30, 28 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2338, PCGS# 4336

**1849/8 Half Dime, MS65
FS-301, Champagne-Gold Patina**



3738 1849/8 FS-301 MS65 PCGS. This variety is distinguished from FS-302 by the placement of the 1 relative to the point of the shield (further left). Repunching on 49 is bold. The *Guide Book* lists the variety as 9 Over 6, but the underdigit is probably an 8. Traces of champagne-gold patina appear over frosty, impeccably preserved surfaces. Strongly defined on the stars, head, and wreath. Population: 5 in 65, 10 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38738 Base PCGS# 4343

**1849-O Half Dime, MS63
Scarcely Offered This Fine**



3739 1849-O MS63 PCGS. CAC. The 1849-O is a scarce and overlooked issue in the Seated half dime series, especially in any Mint State. The mintage of 140,000 pieces was moderate, and few pieces were numismatically preserved. This example is mostly brilliant with a few crimson speckles on both sides. Struck from heavily clashed dies, a small scrape is noted under star 7 above Liberty's shoulder. Mint luster at the margins adds to the appeal of this conditionally rare, key New Orleans issue. Population: 3 in 63, 9 finer. CAC: 1 in 63, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233E, PCGS# 4344

**1851-O Half Dime, MS66
Tied for the Finest at PCGS**



3740 1851-O MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1851-O had a mintage of 860,000 coins, and the best survivors are apt to fall in the lower Mint State grade range. The strike is a trifle weak on Liberty's head and a few stars, but any minor incompleteness of strike is trumped by the magnificent variegated toning in orange-gold, blue, and pale green hues plus reflective fields. This Premium Gem is tied with only two other submissions for the finest that PCGS has examined, with none finer (10/16). NGC ID# 233J, PCGS# 4348

**1853-O No Arrows Half Dime, AU55
Heavily Melted Issue**



3741 1853-O No Arrows AU58 PCGS. The 1853-O No Arrows half dime had a small mintage of 160,000 pieces, compared to more than 2 million coins for the With Arrows variety. This issue is scarce in all grades and a rarity in Mint State. The present Choice AU representative displays excellent detail and original lavender-gray toning. Eye appeal is outstanding for the issue. Population: 2 in 58, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233N, PCGS# 4352

**1853 Arrows Half Dime, MS67
None Certified Finer**



- 3742 1853 Arrows MS67 PCGS.** Emerald-green, lavender, and gold patina accounts for the extraordinary aesthetic appeal of this utterly original Superb Gem half dime. Liberty's head, the stars, and the wreath leaves are fully brought-up, while glittering luster radiates over each side. An unimprovable example worthy of inclusion in a fine set. Population: 11 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233Y, PCGS# 4356

**1854 Arrows Half Dime, MS66+
High-End Type Coin**



- 3743 1854 Arrows MS66+ NGC. CAC.** The 1854 is one of the two most plentiful With Arrows, Stars Obverse Seated half dime issues, making it ideal for the collector seeking a high-grade type coin. This Plus-designated Premium Gem displays an impressively sharp strike and satiny mint luster with a dusting of olive-gold toning. Finer examples are extremely rare. Census: 22 in 66 (2 in 66+), 4 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2342, PCGS# 4358

- 3744 1857 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** The 1857 half dime is rare in this level of preservation with just 12 submissions reported by PCGS and none finer, and 17 graded by NGC with one finer. Splashes of burnt-orange visit the obverse and a few grayish streaks occur on the reverse. Well-struck design features and impeccable preservation round out the coin's pleasing eye appeal, aptly recognized by CAC. NGC ID# 233S, PCGS# 4365

**1857 Half Dime, MS67+
Spectacular Preservation**



- 3745 1857 MS67+ NGC. CAC.** The 1857 is an available date, ideal for type representation. Nonetheless, Superb Gem examples are rare. This high-end, CAC-approved example displays a bold strike and simply marvelous surfaces that glow with untouched, frosty luster. Warm gold, rose-red, and forest-green hues adorn each side, the deeper colors most prominent on the reverse. A loupe fails to reveal a single complaint. Census: 17 in 67 (5 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 12 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233S, PCGS# 4365

- 3746 1858 MS67 PCGS.** Aside from the central motif, which remains brilliant, this marvelous Superb Gem is richly patinated in cobalt-blue, crimson, and violet hues. The strike is slightly incomplete, and parallel roller marks appear on each side. From a mintage of 3.5 million coins. Population: 20 in 67 (2 in 67+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233U, PCGS# 4367

**1858 Half Dime, MS67+
Stars Obverse Type Coin**



- 3747 1858 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** Many examples of the 1858 half dime are heavily clashed; this piece is clashed on the reverse, but die lapping has effaced most of the clash marks on that side and all of them on the obverse. Faint parallel polishing lines remain in the fields. This high-end Superb Gem is well-struck on the Liberty figure but slightly weak on select high points of the wreath. No significant abrasions are seen. Population: 20 in 67 (2 in 67+), 3 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 233U, PCGS# 4367

- 3748 1862 MS67 PCGS.** Dusky shades of magenta and sea-green toning visit the impeccably preserved surfaces of this spectacular Superb Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and dramatic clash marks on the obverse. Population: 74 in 67 (9 in 67+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234B, PCGS# 4381

- 3749 1862 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** Conditionally scarce this fine but still the ideal type coin. This Superb Gem 1862 half dime displays a sharp strike and reflective fields. The interiors are silver-gray, and the peripheries display rings of gold, lavender, and aquamarine toning. Both dies are heavily clashed. Population: 74 in 67 (9 in 67+), 4 finer. CAC: 31 in 67, 3 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 234B, PCGS# 4381

**1862 Seated Half Dime, Frosty MS67+
Sharply Struck and Attractive**



- 3750 1862 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** Light shades of aquamarine and reddish-gold surround the lustrous and frosty silver-gray central areas of this high-end Superb Gem half dime. The 1 and the 2 in the date show slight repunching south, while die clashing is faintly visible on the obverse but moreso on the reverse. There are no mentionable abrasions or marks. Sharply struck as expected, with the combined awards of the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement. Population: 9 in 67+, 4 finer. CAC: 31 in 67, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234B, PCGS# 4381

1866 Half Dime, Richly Toned MS66



- 3751 1866 MS66 PCGS.** Blue and burgundy tones sweep across the obverse of this Premium Gem, culminating in an azure field to the left. The strike is full, with LIBERTY well-defined and extensive detail on the hair. Violet and indigo shades splash over the reverse, and the remnants of a finger mark are evident above the wreath. Population: 6 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234J, PCGS# 4388

1866-S Half Dime, MS65 Conditional Rarity



- 3752 1866-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. V-1.** The 1866-S half dime is priced as a better-date type coin in circulated grades, but at the upper end of the Uncirculated range, the valuation rapidly escalates. Only a handful of examples exceed this coin, and even in the current grade, the present piece is legitimately rare. Rich toning blankets the obverse, showing navy and russet at the periphery leading toward lighter shades of green and gold at the center. The surfaces are smooth and lustrous, interrupted only by a couple of ticks in the right field. The silver-toned reverse exhibits blue-green and orange-burgundy hues at the rim, and the overall eye appeal of this CAC-approved example is strong. Population: 8 in 65, 5 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234K, PCGS# 4389

1869-S Half Dime, MS66 Conditionally Rare



- 3753 1869-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. V-2.** Uncirculated branch mint coinage challenges collectors of Liberty Seated material, and, while a few common issues exist, the 1869-S half dime is certainly not among them. This issue is extremely rare at the Gem level and substantially higher-valued than MS64 examples. This largely untuned Premium Gem reveals scattered hints of gray above the figure of Liberty and on the reverse within the wreath. The lustrous, smooth surfaces create substantial eye appeal, as the CAC approval attests. The obverse exhibits some strike weakness, at the rock and lower part of the shield, and the upper portion of the wreath is similarly struck. Population: 4 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234S, PCGS# 4395

- 3754 1870 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** This is a well-preserved 1870 half dime, showing champagne and lavender interiors amid aquamarine border toning. The obverse fields display a hint of reflectivity. The upper-left portion of the wreath and the correspond lower-left edge of the shield exhibit the usual strike softness. Population: 21 in 66 (8 in 66+), 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 234T, PCGS# 4396

1871 Half Dime, Incredible MS68 Among the Finest Known



- 3755 1871 MS68 NGC.** The devices of this amazing Superb Gem display brilliant and frosty silver luster, surrounded by equally brilliant and satiny fields, nearly prooflike in their appearance. A faint hint of pale ivory-gold toning visits the right-side borders. The obverse die appears lapped, at one time heavily rusted, with a central section of the design partially polished away. Census: 2 in 68 (1 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: *The Southwest Collection at Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2008), lot 59. NGC ID# 234V, PCGS# 4398

PROOF SEATED HALF DIMES

- 3756 1859 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** The 1859 half dime is a little-recognized single year design subtype. The stars have hollow centers, and the seated Liberty is engraved by Paquet instead of Gobrecht. At least two obverse dies were used for proofs. This is the Normal Date variety. The sharply struck surfaces display rich cobalt-blue, olive-gold, and tan-brown patina. Liberty's cheek shows a vertical lintmark. NGC ID# 235P, PCGS# 4438

1859 Half Dime, Lavishly Toned PR66 An Overlooked One-Year Subtype



- 3757 1859 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** Lavish aquamarine and rose-red colors cover this bold and flashy Premium Gem proof. The date shows no indication of repunching, unlike many proofs seen. An unheralded but significant one-year subtype, the stars have hollow centers, and Liberty has slimmer arms. This Paquet-engraved subtype was only struck during 1859 and on a few rare 'transitional' 1860 patterns; the Legend Obverse type introduced in 1860. Population: 11 in 66, 5 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 11/2005), lot 841; *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 61. NGC ID# 235P, PCGS# 4438

- 3758 1859 PR64 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Flynn-RPD-001.** Anthony Paquet is best-known for the briefly used reverse on 1861 and 1861-S double eagles. He was also responsible for the obverse of the 1859 half dime, which features hollow-centered stars and a new engraving of the seated Liberty. Alas for Paquet, the half dime design changed again in 1860, though his obverse also appears on the 1859 and 1860 Transitional patterns. A flashy near-Gem with lovely peripheral forest-green and golden-brown toning. NGC ID# 23CD, PCGS# 84438

3759 1859 PR64 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Flynn-RPD-001. Proofs were made available to the public for no extra charge in 1858 and 1859. The latter year saw the production of 800 proof half dimes. Cameo representatives are considerably rarer than their low-contrast counterparts. This Choice Cameo proof is lightly toned in violet-gray hues. Field reflectivity is unaffected. Population: 8 in 64 Cameo, 7 finer. CAC: 5 in 64, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CD, PCGS# 84438

**1861 Seated Half Dime, PR67
Tied With One Other for Finest at PCGS**



3760 1861 PR67 PCGS. CAC. This magnificent proof is tied with just one other non-Cameo for the finest at PCGS; the highest-grade Cameo at that service is only a single PR66 coin, and just a single Deep Cameo has been seen, grading PR64 (11/16). This boldly struck coin shows deep mirroring and excellent preservation. Deep cobalt-blue, violet, and gold toning on each side leaves a glimpse of silvery-gold color in the centers. NGC ID# 5LL5, PCGS# 4444

3761 1866 PR67 PCGS. A razor-sharp Superb Gem proof with stark white-on-black contrast on the reverse. The obverse displays dusky lavender-gray toning, precluding a Cameo designation. This 1866 proof half dime is beautifully preserved and possesses exceptional eye appeal. Tied with one other as the finest non-Cameo at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 2363, PCGS# 4449

**1868 Half Dime, PR66 Deep Cameo
Few Known With This Much Contrast**



3762 1868 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Deep Cameo examples of the 1868 proof are rare in all grades. This CAC-endorsed Premium Gem displays stark field-device contrast and a hint of light champagne toning. The upper-left portion of the wreath shows the only mentionable strike weakness. Only a single finer Deep Cameo is known. Population: 3 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 2365, PCGS# 94451

3763 1871 PR66 Cameo NGC. This late-date proof comes from a mintage of 960 specimens. The centers remain mostly untoned, while the peripheral areas showcase pale blue-green patina. Cameo contrast between the glassy fields and frosted motifs is pronounced. Census: 4 in 66 Cameo, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2368, PCGS# 84454

3764 1872 PR66 Cameo NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Lightly variegated golden-brown and slate toning drapes this fully struck and nicely mirrored high-grade half dime. The borders display glimpses of blue-green patina. From a proof mintage of 950 pieces. Census: 12 in 66 Cameo, 3 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 3787. NGC ID# 2369, PCGS# 84455

EARLY DIMES

1796 JR-1 Dime, Good 6



3765 1796 JR-1, R.3, Good 6 PCGS. The die break below star 1 attributes this cream-gray and charcoal-toned introductory year dime. All letters and stars are distinct, and the types are well outlined. Wear is even except near the base of the wreath. A couple of shallow pinscratches are present on the obverse. NGC ID# 236B, PCGS# 38742 Base PCGS# 4461

1796 JR-4 Dime, VF30



3766 1796 JR-4, R.4, VF30 PCGS. The first date of the dime denomination, the 1796 comes in seven different die marriages, all of which are collectible except for JR-7. This midgrade JR-4 example displays even wear and consistent cream-gray toning. Marks are absent aside from a faint vertical line near Liberty's ear, and a small obverse rim nick at 7 o'clock. NGC ID# 236B, PCGS# 38745 Base PCGS# 4461

**1798 Large 8 Dime, VF25
JR-4**



3767 1798 Large 8, JR-4, R.3, VF25 PCGS. This variety has 13 stars on the reverse, and a small 7 paired with a large 8 in the date. Lovely steel and gold-colored centers are encircled by violet and russet toning on the obverse, with only a hint of deep purple on the mostly steel-colored reverse. Light silver-gray toning is present in the protected areas, particularly on the reverse. Minimal amounts of luster can still be seen in the obverse field. There are no marks of any significance and a pronounced die crack begins at Liberty's chin. A low mintage of 27,550 pieces includes all four varieties for this year.
Ex: *Baltimore Signature* (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 56. NGC ID# 236E, PCGS# 38753 Base PCGS# 4466

**1800 JR-2 Dime, XF40
Partial Mint Luster**



3768 1800 JR-2, R.5, XF40 PCGS. The rarer of the two 1800-dated die varieties. JR-1 and JR-2 are similar, but STATES is more widely spaced on JR-2, and other minor differences emerge beneath a loupe. This is a charming sea-green and straw-gold example. Unimportant marks are scattered, but luster outlines design elements, and emerges from the curls and wings. The reverse is misaligned a few degrees toward 1 o'clock, although only dentil width is affected. NGC ID# 236H, PCGS# 38755 Base PCGS# 4470

3769 1805 4 Berries, JR-2, R.2, VF30 NGC. A principally dove-gray Draped Bust type coin with hints of powder-blue on the obverse and a more generous amount of golden-brown and olive-green toning on the reverse. Evenly defined and unblemished. NGC ID# 236S, PCGS# 38769 Base PCGS# 4477

**1805 JR-2 Dime, AU55
Bold 4 Berries Reverse Example**



3770 1805 4 Berries, JR-2, R.2, AU55 PCGS. A single obverse die and two reverse dies were used to strike 120,780 dimes in 1805. JR-2, identified by the four berries on the olive branch as opposed to five, is by far the more often seen. This is a late die state example with cracks through ERTY and the date. Each side is bright and untuned with remarkably strong device detail. Only the lower left reverse rim is soft. The portrait has a few small ticks near the eye, nose, and chin that should help identify this coin in the future. NGC ID# 236S, PCGS# 38769 Base PCGS# 4477

BUST DIMES

3771 1809 JR-1, R.4, Fine 15 PCGS. CAC. The sole die marriage for this scarce and low mintage introductory Capped Bust date. Well defined for the Choice Fine level, and the dusky peach-gold and stone-gray surfaces display only a few thin marks on the portrait. NGC ID# 236U, PCGS# 38771 Base PCGS# 4486

**1820 JR-13 Dime, MS64
Large 0 Obverse**



3772 1820 JR-13, R.2, MS64 PCGS. A splendid, near-Gem example of the scarce JR-13 variety, although it is somewhat obtainable among the three varieties representing the Large 0 date subtype. Star 7 points to the top of Liberty's forecurl, and the 1 in 10 C is sharply recut. Lustrous, gunmetal-gray surfaces display faint rose and blue highlights, brightening to cream-gray at the centers. The strike lacks sharpness only on a couple of right-side stars and the eagle's left (facing) claw. Population: 20 in 64 (1 in 64+), 18 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 4E45, PCGS# 38781 Base PCGS# 4492

**1821 JR-5 Dime, Toned MS65
Large Date**



3773 1821 Large Date, JR-5, R.3, MS65 NGC. Deep olive-gray and greenish toning blankets well-preserved surfaces on this Gem JR-5 example. The strike is even and well-centered, although Liberty's temple and the eagle's talons show slight weakness. The peripheral stars are well-defined. No major abrasions are observed. NGC ID# 236Y, PCGS# 38795 Base PCGS# 4496

**1821 Small Date Dime, MS64
Conditionally Rare JR-9**



3774 1821 Small Date, JR-9, R.2, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Deep gunmetal-gray, autumn-brown, and forest-green toning blankets satiny surfaces. This is a fully struck Capped Bust type coin, smooth aside from a few faded field marks above the date. The UNITED STATES OF AMERICA legend mixes small and large letters, with the C, M, and T in the latter category. PCGS reports only seven 1821 dimes attributed as JR-9 in all grades. Including all Small Date varieties, that service lists: 6 in 64 (1 in 64+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 236Y, PCGS# 38799 Base PCGS# 94496

1823/2 JR-3 Dime, MS62
Large E's, Unusual Die State



- 3775** 1823/2 Large E's, JR-3, R.2, MS62 NGC. Beautiful orange-gold toning fills the fields of this semiprooflike Bust dime. The borders offer sea-green patina with glimpses of cherry-red. Smooth aside from minor marks near the branch stem and the 1 in the date. An unlisted late die state with anomalous curved raised areas near the final date digit; a puzzle for the advanced specialist to ponder. Census (all varieties): 12 in 62, 39 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2372, PCGS# 38804 Base PCGS# 4499

1824/2 JR-1 Dime, MS64
Original Cream-Gray Toning



- 3776** 1824/2 Flat Top 1, JR-1, R.3, MS64 PCGS. CAC. One of only two known 1824-dated marriages, both of which feature the same overdated obverse die. This minimally abraded cream-gray near-Gem displays excellent eye appeal and minor incompleteness of strike on the eagle's neck and claws. A significant opportunity knocks for the alert bidder. Population: 7 in 64, 1 finer. CAC: 2 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). Ex: Orlando FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2010), lot 3458; Chicago Central States (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4822, which realized \$7,050. NGC ID# 2373, PCGS# 38805 Base PCGS# 4502

1825 Dime, JR-2, MS64
Sharp and Attractively Toned



- 3777** 1825 JR-2, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Although not as plentiful in Mint State as the 1827, the 1825 Capped Bust dime is a popular type-coin issue in this condition. The present JR-2 coin displays near-Gem surface quality that glistens with satiny luster. The obverse is toned in pleasing blue, lavender, and russet-gold hues; the reverse exhibits similar color but with the deeper hues tucked to the borders. The strike is even and notably sharp. This is a piece that the connoisseur will want to give close consideration. Population (all varieties included): 18 in 64 (1 in 64+), 9 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2374, PCGS# 38808 Base PCGS# 4503

1831 Dime, JR-3, MS65
Attractively Toned



- 3778** 1831 JR-3, R.1, MS65 NGC. This is the NGC Coin Explorer plate coin. The strike is sharp throughout, and lustrous fields deliver strong visual appeal. Champagne-toned interiors cede to deeper amber, russet, and aquamarine hues around the peripheries. Abrasions are minimal. Census (all varieties included): 26 in 65, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 237B, PCGS# 38851 Base PCGS# 4520

1831 JR-5 Dime, MS64
Mark-Free, Nearly White



- 3779** 1831 JR-5, R.1, MS64 PCGS. A lightly toned and mark-free near-Gem. Well struck on the stars, legends, and portrait, but the vertical shield lines show blending. An early die state without cracks, although obverse clash marks are prominent. JR-5 shares the same reverse die as JR-2, but the varieties can be distinguished by a slightly different date position. PCGS# 38853 Base PCGS# 4520

- 3780** 1832 JR-3, R.4, MS63 NGC. The heavy retained die break near the arrowheads is an identifier for JR-3. This well struck and semiprooflike example displays only trivial contact, along with splashes of sea-green and caramel-gold patina. NGC ID# 4D4X, PCGS# 38857 Base PCGS# 4521

- 3781** 1833 JR-1, R.3, MS63 PCGS. Light golden-gray toning visits smooth and lustrous surfaces. Well struck and exemplary. JR-1 is conditionally rare, and the present lot ranks among the finest known for the die marriage. PCGS has certified seven examples as JR-1, with the single finest (by 12 points) as MS62 (10/16). PCGS# 38862 Base PCGS# 4522

1835 JR-4 Dime, MS64
Base of 3 Repunched



- 3782** 1835 JR-4, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Housed in a green-label PCGS holder, this Choice Mint State piece represents a plentiful variety with several Mint State and proof examples known. As such, it is an ideal example for a date or type collection. The obverse has splashes of turquoise and golden-violet toning on its frosty silver surfaces, and the reverse has brilliant luster shining through the sky-blue and iridescent toning. PCGS has only certified 21 finer examples for all 1835 dime varieties (11/16). NGC ID# 237F, PCGS# 38882 Base PCGS# 4527

1835 Dime, Near-Gem
Razor-Sharp Strike, JR-5



- 3783** 1835 JR-5, R.1, MS64 PCGS. The 1835 has the highest mintage among all Capped Bust dimes — a production exceeding 1.4 million coins — and JR-5 is among the most plentiful varieties seen. These factors, combined with this Choice example's excellent preservation and eye appeal, make it an ideal type candidate. On the present example, the design motifs are almost fully rendered with the only area of incompleteness limited to the four lower olive leaves. Each side is richly patinated in shades of blue, olive, and violet-gray complementing light multicolor iridescence on parts of the reverse. Minuscule scattered marks are undistracting.
Ex: *Stack's* (12/1998), lot 1254; *Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV* (*Heritage*, 10/2015), lot 98226. NGC ID# 237F, PCGS# 38883 Base PCGS# 4527

SEATED DIMES

1838-O F-102 Dime, MS62
Minimally Abraded and Satiny



- 3784** 1838-O No Stars, F-102, R.3, MS62 NGC. A silver-gray representative with slightly deeper shades on the right borders and central reverse. The satiny surfaces lack any remotely noticeable marks. The 1838-O is the first branch mint dime issue, and the only branch mint issue of the No Stars subtype. Despite a comparable mintage, it is much scarcer than the 1837 No Stars dime, particularly in Uncirculated grades. NGC ID# 237T, PCGS# 537645 Base PCGS# 4564

1838 No Drapery, Large Stars Dime, MS66
Two Coins Finer at PCGS, Ex: Gardner



- 3785** 1838 No Drapery, Large Stars, F-110, R.4, MS66 PCGS. Sharply struck and attractive, this Premium Gem shows blended violet, lilac, blue, and orange hues over each carefully preserved side. Vibrant luster glistens through the patina, rounding out the appeal. Star 1 nearly touches the rock on this variety, and a die crack runs from the lower-right obverse rim below Liberty's sandal through the base to the lower gown. The reverse is a late die state of the Partial Drapery reverse with a weak die clash mark behind the E in DIME. Population (all varieties): 18 in 66, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Purchased by Eugene Gardner from Jason Carter* (11/2001); *Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV* (*Heritage*, 10/2015), lot 98231; *Long Beach Signature* (*Heritage*, 6/2016), lot 4384. PCGS# 537665 Base PCGS# 4570

1838 No Drapery, Large Stars Dime, Beautiful MS66



- 3786** 1838 No Drapery, Large Stars, F-111, R.4, MS66 PCGS. CAC. Attributed by a diagonal () crack bisecting the obverse from star 7 through Liberty, exiting below the foot to the rim; repunching of star 13; and die scratches behind the ribbon knot and lower portion of the wreath. Lustrous silvery surfaces exhibit sharply struck design elements and are impeccably preserved. The CAC sticker affirms the quality of this beautiful Premium Gem. Population: 18 in 66, 2 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 537657 Base PCGS# 4568

- 3787** 1838 No Drapery, Large Stars, F-111a, R.3, MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety, per Gerry Fortin's website SeatedDimeVarieties.com. Die cracks across the seated Liberty and the AT in STATES give this die state a memorable appearance. Lightly toned, lustrous, and well struck. Smooth aside from a luster graze on the upper reverse field. PCGS# 537658 Base PCGS# 4568

- 3788** 1839 No Drapery, F-106c, R.3, MS65+ NGC. Various interesting die cracks, including a vertical crack across Liberty's head, lock the attribution. This satiny early Seated dime is generally toned light golden-gray but displays lilac, cobalt-blue, and sea-green near the rims. Precisely struck and unabraded with a hint of lavender patina on Liberty's thigh and the ME in DIME. PCGS# 537678 Base PCGS# 4571

- 3789** 1840 Drapery, F-101, R.3, MS61 ANACS. There is only one known die pair for the 1840 Drapery dimes, and these pieces are quite rare in Mint State grades. This piece has bold design definition with rich gold and blue-steel toning over reflective surfaces. NGC ID# 2383, PCGS# 537747 Base PCGS# 4578

**1842 F-105 Dime, MS66
Light, Attractive Toning**



- 3790** 1842 F-105, R.2, MS66 NGC. A die crack from the wreath stem to the rim is the pick-up point for Fortin-105. Peach-gold and powder-blue patina graces this lustrous and carefully preserved example. The strike is crisp except for the dentils near 6 and 12 o'clock. For all die varieties, Census: 4 in 66, 2 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* PCGS# 537788 Base PCGS# 4581

**1845 Seated Dime, MS65
Fortin-107, Repunched Date Variety**



- 3791** 1845 Repunched Date, F-107, R.4, MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Seated Dime Variety. This Philadelphia issue claims a mintage of over 1.7 million coins. Several repunched date varieties exist, but none are as sought-after as Fortin-107. Also known as the 1845/1845 variety, repunching is evident on all digits in the date. Reverse F features a die crack from (STATE)S through OF to the rim above A(MERICA). The suggested premium for this variant is between 50% and 100%.

This Premium Gem is sharply defined throughout and expectedly clean given the high technical grade. Luminous golden-russet surfaces exhibit orange and violet accents, generating vivid eye appeal. A must-have coin for the Seated dime, variety, or Registry Set enthusiast. Population: 15 in 65, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 238B, PCGS# 537828 Base PCGS# 4586

**1846 Dime, Uncirculated Sharpness
Challenging in All Grades**



- 3792** 1846 F-101, R.4 Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. The 1846 is a major stopper for many collectors of Seated Liberty dimes, particularly in Mint State where only a handful of pieces are known. This example is unworn, and the strike is sharp throughout. Abrasions are minimal, although an old cleaning beneath deep olive-gray and army-green toning prevents a numeric grade from NGC. This is an excellent opportunity to acquire the scarce 1846 dime, which boasts a small mintage of 31,300 coins.

1851 Dime, Toned MS66+
One of the Two Finest Known



- 3793** 1851 Repunched Date, F-106, R.3, MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The 1851 dime is a significant condition rarity in Gem and finer, where the two services have seen a mere eight coins. Whispers of russet visit the margins of the silver-gray surfaces of this delightful Superb Gem, the toning being a shade or two darker on the reverse. Well-struck on the design features, though the foot is weak. Impeccable preservation contributes to the coin's pleasing eye appeal. Purchased by Eugene Gardner from John Feigenbaum at David Lawrence Rare Coins (7/2000); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98228. PCGS# 537909 Base PCGS# 4595

1853 No Arrows Dime, MS66
Only 95,000 Coins Struck



- 3794** 1853 No Arrows, F-101a, R.5, MS66 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Seated Dime Variety, struck from boldly clashed dies. The Mint produced a paltry total of 95,000 dimes in 1853 before adding arrows beside the date to signify a weight reduction. The facility struck another 12.1 million coins thereafter, highlighting the scarcity of the No Arrows coins. Survivors are unsurprisingly very rare as fine as this lightly toned and uniformly strong Premium Gem. Glimmering luster emanates through the thin overlay. Population: 11 in 66, 7 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 238R, PCGS# 537941 Base PCGS# 4599
- 3795** 1854 Arrows MS66 NGC. After the weight was reduced in 1853, mintages increased dramatically, with far higher survival rates. This Premium Gem displays satiny luster beneath vivid iridescent gold and heather toning. The design motifs are boldly detailed. Census: 13 in 66, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239A, PCGS# 4605

1855 Arrows Dime, MS65
Underrated Condition Rarity



- 3796** 1855 Arrows MS65 PCGS. Only the Philadelphia Mint struck dimes in 1855, and this issue is scarce in Mint State. Gems are rare and underappreciated. The present coin is sharp on the obverse but weak on portions of the reverse wreath. Both sides display satin luster and incredibly clean surfaces. The obverse has orange-gold and lavender toning, while the reverse yields lighter champagne color. Population: 5 in 65, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239C, PCGS# 4607

1856 Large Date Dime, MS66
The Second Finest Known



- 3797** 1856 Large Date, F-101, R.3, MS66 PCGS. The low 6 in the date is closer to the base of Liberty's rock than to the denticles and there is a die line connecting the tops of DI in DIME on this variety. The lustrous surfaces of this Premium Gem display light tan color and have been well cared for. The design elements are sharply struck throughout. Population: 0 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538072 Base PCGS# 4610

1856-S Dime, MS63
Only 70,000 Coins Struck
The First San Francisco Dime Issue



- 3798 1856-S F-101, R.5, MS63 NGC.** Concerning Mint State examples of the 1856-S dime, the new *Guide Book of Liberty Seated Silver Coins* by Q. David Bowers states: "... only a few exist." NGC lists three such coins and PCGS eight, although certified population figures have been suspected of reflecting resubmissions in the past and have a reputation for changing. In addition to this conditional rarity, the 1856-S draws attention as the first dime coinage from the San Francisco Mint and with its low mintage of only 70,000 pieces. The bold strike typically found on the 1856-S is on full display throughout this Select representative. Silver-gray surfaces with occasional golden tinges exhibit subtly frosted luster with moderate granularity in the fields. Three minute ticks on Liberty's left (facing) arm are the only mentionable flaws. A not-to-be-missed S-mint key date. Census: 1 in 63, 1 finer (10/16). PCGS# 538089 Base PCGS# 4613

1859 Dime, Frosty MS66+
Outstanding Stars Obverse Type Coin



- 3799 1859 F-105, R.2, MS66+ NGC. CAC.** Uncirculated 1859 Seated dimes are more or less evenly distributed throughout the MS62 to MS67 grades, although the pieces at the upper end of this spectrum draw significantly more collector demand than those at the lower. The present high-end Premium Gem example displays brilliant, glowing mint luster and razor-sharp detail. No mentionable abrasions distract from the eye appeal. Census: 15 in 66 (2 in 66+), 17 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2394, PCGS# 538136 Base PCGS# 4619
- 3800 1859 F-107, R.3, MS65 PCGS.** The date placement, and tiny die chips near star points, combine to attribute the Fortin variety. Forest-green borders and autumn-gold centers ensure the eye appeal of this satiny and nicely struck Gem. Contact is confined to the field above the ON in ONE. NGC ID# 2394, PCGS# 538139 Base PCGS# 4619
- 3801 1860-O F-101, R.3, Fine 15 PCGS. CAC.** Legend Obverse Seated dimes were struck at New Orleans only during the first and final years of the subtype. The 1891-O is common, but the 1860-O is rare. Only 40,000 pieces were struck, all from the same die pair. Fortin regards the 1860-O as R.4+ in Fine to Very Fine grades. This is a russet-brown and cobalt-blue example with a bold LIBERTY and no distracting marks.
Ex: Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 3487. PCGS# 538160 Base PCGS# 4632
- 3802 1862 F-109, R.3, MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A mere hint of golden patina visits this lustrous Civil War dime. The strike is generally good, and marks are limited to a graze on the left obverse field. For all die marriages, Population: 18 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538195 Base PCGS# 4635

1863-S F-101 Dime, MS63
Rare in Uncirculated Grades



- 3803 1863-S F-101, R.3, MS63 PCGS. CAC.** F-101 is the sole die marriage for this Old West Civil War issue. Although the mintage of 157,500 pieces suggests many survivors, PCGS has certified fewer than 100 examples in all grades, and only nine pieces as Mint State. This representative offers smooth powder-blue and wheat-gold surfaces. Population: 4 in 63 (1 in 63+), 4 finer. CAC: 2 in 63, 3 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538201 Base PCGS# 4638

**1864 F-102a Dime, MS65
Low-Mintage Civil War Issue**



3804 1864 F-102a, R.5, MS65 PCGS. Due to fractional currency and Gresham's Law, dimes did not circulate except in the West during 1864. Two pairs of dies were used to strike 470 proofs, then the same two die pairs produced the business mintage of 11,000 pieces. A fully struck and lustrous Gem with faint wheat-gold toning. The surfaces are clashed but virtually devoid of contact. Population: 15 in 65 (2 in 65+), 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239M, PCGS# 538202 Base PCGS# 4639

3805 1865-S F-101, R.4, AU50 PCGS. A lightly circulated and minimally abraded stone-gray representative of this elusive Civil War issue. Most 1865-S dimes are in Fine or lesser grades, since numismatists were few and far between in the Old West. Population: 5 in 50, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239R, PCGS# 538206 Base PCGS# 4642

**1869-S F-101 Dime, MS65
Iridescent Multicolor Toning**



3806 1869-S F-101, R.3, MS65 PCGS. The attractive orange-gold, olive-green, and stone-gray surfaces are coruscating and appear devoid of contact. Liberty's hair is well struck but the corners of Liberty's rock show blending, as do the letters in AMERICA. The 1869-S Seated dime is rarely offered this fine. Population (all varieties included): 8 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239Z, PCGS# 538246 Base PCGS# 4650

3807 1871 F-105, R.3, MS64 PCGS. Medium to deep slate-gray and tan-gold toning encompasses this satiny and mark-free near-Gem. A nicely struck representative of this conditionally rare and underappreciated issue. Population: 10 in 64, 14 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538255 Base PCGS# 4653

**1872 Seated Dime, MS66+
Rare This Fine**



3808 1872 Misplaced and Repunched Date, F-102, R.2, MS66+ NGC. The Plus designation draws attention to this coin's excellent preservation — only a few tiny ticks on Liberty's thighs limit the grade. The surfaces yield soft, satiny luster with brilliant centers and deeper lavender-gold hues around the peripheries. The boldly struck design elements complete the eye appeal. What appear to be misplaced date numerals are visible in the gown to the right of the scroll end. Census: 3 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 385A, PCGS# 145493 Base PCGS# 4656

**1873 Closed 3, No Arrows Dime, MS66
None Finer at PCGS
Fortin-103, FS-301, Repunched Date**



3809 1873 Closed 3, No Arrows, Repunched Date, F-103, FS-301, R.3, MS66 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Seated Dime Variety. The date is strongly repunched west to confirm the *Cherry-pickers'* Doubled Die Obverse. The Closed 3 design was replaced by the Open 3 variant later in the year and further revised to have a nominal increase in weight with arrows added left and right of the date. In the No Arrows format, surviving Closed 3 examples outnumber the Open 3 by perhaps 5 to 1 except in high grades, where both are rare. Frosty and lustrous pale ivory-gold toning joins a few powder-gray flecks on this otherwise brilliant Fortin-103 dime. The strike is far sharper than often seen for the type, with no visible marks visible of consequence. Population (all Closed 3 varieties): 7 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). PCGS# 145494 Base PCGS# 4659

**1874 Arrows Dime, MS66
Sharp Eye Appeal**



3810 1874 Arrows, F-115, R.4, MS66 PCGS. The right arrow is slightly higher than the left, and small cuds populate the rim between 9 and 11 o'clock on the obverse. The reverse is faintly cracked at the wreath top. Steel-blue and peach-gold toning cover both sides of this sharply struck Premium Gem Arrows dime, with frosty luster illuminating the fields. The reverse has slightly deeper original patina. Population: 27 in 66, 12 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538346 Base PCGS# 4668

1874-CC Arrows Dime, AU Details
One of the Rarities in the Seated Dime Series



- 3811 1874-CC Arrows, F-101, R.4 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** Carson City mintages were consistently lower than their Philadelphia, New Orleans, and San Francisco counterparts, accounting for the facility's popularity among collectors today. Breen's *Encyclopedia* explains: "Official orders deliberately limited the Carson Mint's output for political reasons, and this limitation in turn was intended to provide an official excuse for abolition!" Treasury Secretary George S. Boutwell's belief that coining operations should occur "chiefly at one mint upon the Pacific, and at one mint upon the Atlantic coast" given the advancements in railroad and communication networks further explains the smaller CC mintages. Production of dimes was limited to just 10,817 pieces in 1874, the second-lowest CC dime mintage, and the issue is the major key date in the series after the unique 1873-CC No Arrows dime. This is one of the finest examples known of this rarity from the standpoint of details. The surfaces were cleaned long ago and retain some underlying brightness, but each side has taken on patina once again. The center of the obverse is cream-gray with a deep russet and blue tinted margin, while the reverse is evenly toned the same russet-blue. Remarkably well-defined for this key issue. PCGS# 538347 Base PCGS# 4669

1877-CC Seated Dime, MS66+
Attractive Original Toning



- 3812 1877-CC Type Two Reverse, F-101, R.3, MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1877-CC is usually available in Mint State, but coins grading finer than MS66 are rare. This Plus-designated CAC coin offers satiny mint luster with a sharp strike and unmarked fields. Warm champagne interiors yield to lavender and aquamarine borders. Population: 67 in 66 (18 in 66+), 7 finer. CAC: 19 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538579 Base PCGS# 4683

1879 Dime, MS68
Fully Brilliant Semikey
One of Two Top Coins at PCGS



- 3813 1879 F-102a, R.4, MS68 PCGS. CAC.** Weakness on the base of the rock above 879 and a die scratch through the left portion of the lower-left wreath leaves attribute Fortin-102a. A mintage of 14,000 coins makes the 1879 a semikey date in the series in any condition. This stunning MS68 coin, however, is in a league of its own. Each side remains completely brilliant, as it was the day it was struck. Frosty luster radiates over pristine surfaces devoid of all but the most microscopic of imperfections. Reflective fields contrast modestly against strongly struck motifs, including fully defined kernels. Only the upper left wheat stalks are soft. A trophy coin for the advanced Seated dime specialist. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 539044 Base PCGS# 4776

1879 Dime, Attractively Toned MS67



- 3814** 1879 Repunched Date, F-104a, R.4, MS67 PCGS. The 18 in the date is repunched, attributing the variety. Just 14,000 1879 dimes were minted. Swaths of bluish-green, reddish-brown, and lavender patina run over the obverse, while bluish-green adheres to the reverse margin, transitioning to reddish-brown around the wreath. Sharply defined devices and well-preserved surfaces round out the coin's pretty eye appeal. Population: 28 in 67 (1 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23AS, PCGS# 538642 Base PCGS# 4687

1879 Dime, MS67 Prooflike
Fortin-104a, Repunched Date



- 3815** 1879 Repunched Date, F-104a, R.4, MS67 Prooflike NGC. A scarce prooflike example of Fortin-104a, with repunching of the 1 and 8 of the date, and less obviously on the 9. The fields are remarkably prooflike on both sides, with attractive iridescent border toning in shades of blue, amber-gold, and lemon-yellow. The strike shows incompleteness on Liberty's hair and the left half of the ribbon. Census: 7 in 67 (3 in 67 ★) Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23AS, PCGS# 538642 Base PCGS# 4687

1884 Dime, Frost-White MS68 ★
F-105, Brilliant and Lustrous Surfaces



- 3816** 1884 F-105, R.2, MS68 ★ NGC. Unlike the quarters and halves, a large number of dimes were struck in 1884. In fact, more than 3.3 million pieces were produced. Despite the large mintage, surprisingly few coins were set aside in the ultimate grades. This example has bright, dazzling mint luster and is totally brilliant on each side. Fully struck, there are predictably no abrasions on either side. Light die clashing exists on both obverse and reverse. Only three other MS68 ★ pieces have been certified and none are numerically finer at either service. Census: 7 in 68 (3 in 68 ★), 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *The Southwest Collection at Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2008)*, lot 121. PCGS# 538683 Base PCGS# 4692

1885 Dime, Toned MS67
Among the Finest at PCGS



- 3817** 1885 MS67 PCGS. Fortin-Unlisted. The 1 in the date is boldly recut at its base, but the position of the date is slightly different than that of F-105. This Superb Gem 1885 Seated dime is conditionally rare and among the finest at PCGS. The strike is sharp, and each side displays beautiful frosty luster with a hint of reflectivity in the fields. Original aquamarine and rose-gold hues embrace each side. Population: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23AZ, PCGS# 4694

1888-S Dime, Lustrous MS66
Original Toning, Condition Census



- 3818** 1888-S F-101, R.3, MS66 NGC. CAC. The 1888-S is a scarce issue in any Mint State grade. This Premium Gem CAC coin is among the finest at NGC. The strike is bold, and the frosty surfaces illuminate splashes of lavender-gold, gray, and aquamarine toning. Eye appeal is outstanding. It is almost impossible to imagine a finer example of this better San Francisco issue. Census: 4 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23B8, PCGS# 538783 Base PCGS# 4701

1889-S Dime, MS66
Few Known So Fine



- 3819** 1889-S Small S, F-107, R.4, MS66 PCGS. CAC. Peach-gold and pearl-gray toning increases the appeal of this lustrous, nicely struck, and well-preserved Premium Gem. The mintmark is lightly repunched, per Fortin, with traces of the errant mintmark west of the upper loop. The 1889-S dime is rarely encountered this fine. Population: 3 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). PCGS# 538830 Base PCGS# 4703
- 3820** 1890 F-102a, R.2, MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Cherry-red and forest-green embrace the obverse. The reverse is primarily aquamarine with glimpses of cream-gray. Well struck and lustrous with exceptionally smooth surfaces. Population: 56 in 66 (4 in 66+), 7 finer. CAC: 22 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538835 Base PCGS# 4704

PROOF SEATED DIMES

1837 No Stars, Large Date Dime, PR62 About 25 to 30 Proofs Known



- 3821 1837 No Stars, Large Date, F-101, R.7, PR62 PCGS.** This PR62 example of the 1837 No Stars dime shows the diagnostics of all genuine proofs, including a small tine of metal on the reverse rim above the first T in STATES, and a faint die scratch through ES and O. Both appear under light magnification. This piece features a better appearance than the grade might imply, with appealing champagne-gold and lavender-gray toning. A few faint hairlines appear under a loupe. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 3 in 62, 17 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010)*, lot 558. PCGS# 538978 Base PCGS# 4718

- 3822 1859 F-102, R.5, PR65 PCGS. CAC.** The number of proof dimes struck in 1859 amounted to 800 pieces. Many were melted as unsold or spent. Enough survive to the present day, however, to meet collector demand, especially through near-Gem. This is significant because the relatively low mintage of the circulation strikes, 429,000 pieces, makes locating higher-graded Mint State examples difficult. Bluish-green patination dominates the obverse of this Gem proof, accented with splashes of russet. A melange of golden-tan, purple, russet, and bluish-green cascades over the reverse. The design elements are sharply struck throughout. The pleasing eye appeal is appropriately recognized by CAC. Population: 29 in 65, 16 finer. CAC: 10 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CD, PCGS# 539006 Base PCGS# 4748

1861 Dime, Colorful PR66+ Subtle Field-Device Contrast



- 3823 1861 Type Two, F-101, R.4, PR66+ PCGS.** Type Two Obverse. Proof 1861 Seated dimes are rare above PR64 and almost unknown above PR66. This high-end Premium Gem displays razor-sharp detail and beautiful, deeply mirrored fields. Lavender and pale gold interiors cede to aquamarine and mint-green border toning, delivering splendid eye appeal. Population: 5 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CK, PCGS# 539008 Base PCGS# 4754

1866 Dime, PR66 Cameo Seldom Offered This Fine



- 3824 1866 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** Although Cameo examples of the proof 1866 Seated dime are more plentiful overall than Deep Cameo coins, Premium Gem examples of the two variants are both decidedly rare. This piece shows a full strike and deeply mirrored fields, producing stark field-motif contrast. A hint of light champagne toning appears over each side. Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CP, PCGS# 84759

1866 Dime, Stunning PR66 Ultra Cameo Excellent Choice for a Seated Dime Set



- 3825 1866 PR66 Ultra Cameo NGC. F-102, R.3.** The frosty white motifs of Liberty, the wreath, and ONE DIME appear to be suspended above the deeply mirrored fields of this stunning Premium Gem Cameo. Razor-sharp design elements and impeccably preserved surfaces further enhance the eye appeal. Each side is completely brilliant. The 1866 dime has the highest proof mintage, at 725 pieces, of the 1862-1869 era. Nevertheless, the rarity of the 8,000 business strikes produced places strong pressure on the proofs from date collectors. The present coin is a great choice for a high-grade Seated dime collection. Census: 2 in 66 Ultra Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CP, PCGS# 94759

1866 Dime, Resplendent PR67 ★



- 3826 1866 F-102, R.3, PR67 ★ NGC.** A total of 725 proof dimes were produced in 1866. A mere six examples at NGC have been awarded the Star designation. The Seated dime specialist will not want to miss out on this resplendent example. Slivers of deep cobalt-blue and lavender gravitate to the obverse margin, ceding to softer shades of russet in the center. Liberty's portrait displays modest contrast with the mirrored fields. The reverse features a melange of deep lavender, and lighter bluish-green, violet, and rose. The design elements are sharply impressed and both sides yield immaculate preservation. These attributes combine to affirm the coveted Star designation. Census: 7 in 67 (3 in 67 ★), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CP, PCGS# 539017 Base PCGS# 4759

**1866 Seated Dime, PR67 ★
Exemplary Eye Appeal**



- 3827** 1866 F-102, R.3, PR67 ★ NGC. A vivid array of multicolor toning supports the coveted Star designation on this Superb Gem 1866 proof dime. The design elements are fully brought up above deep, glassy mirroring in the fields. The 1866 proof had a moderate mintage of 725 pieces, supplementing a scant circulation-strike coinage of 8,000 representatives. Census: 7 in 67 (3 in 67 ★), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CP, PCGS# 539017 Base PCGS# 4759

**1869 Ultra Cameo PR66+ Dime
The Finest Certified**



- 3828** 1869 PR66+ Ultra Cameo NGC. CAC. F-105, R.3. There are actually two variants of proof 1869 dimes, one with a Short Flag on the 1 in the date and one with a Long Flag. This is the latter variety. It is also the single finest Ultra/Deep Cameo proof certified of this date by either service (10/16). This is also the finer of only two Ultra/Deep Cameos to receive CAC endorsement. This is a magnificent example that is brilliant throughout. The fields are deeply mirrored, and the frosted devices establish the Ultra Cameo contrast. The sole imperfection is that the strike is not full on the upper left portion of the wreath.
Ex: Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 3508; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 5518. NGC ID# 23CT, PCGS# 94762

- 3829** 1871 Repunched Date, F-101, R.5, PR66 PCGS. CAC. The 18 in the date is clearly repunched north. Lovely golden-brown, lavender, and ocean-blue toning dominates the obverse. The reverse has a wheat-gold center framed by mauve and aquamarine shades. This is an undisturbed and impressive CAC-approved specimen. Population: 13 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23CV, PCGS# 539027 Base PCGS# 4764

- 3830** 1878 Type Two Reverse, F-101, R.3, PR65 PCGS. CAC. Orange-gold and aquamarine embrace the obverse. The reverse has a powder-blue and lavender center framed by a golden-brown periphery. Sharply struck and flashy. Housed in a green label holder. Only 800 proofs were produced. NGC ID# 23D3, PCGS# 539041 Base PCGS# 4775

- 3831** 1879 PR66 Cameo PCGS. F-101, R.5. Peach-gold toning dominates, but the margins show hints of apple-green patina. Apparently an early die state of Fortin-101, since there are no reverse die cracks. The reverse exergue has a dappled appearance, and Liberty's drapery is partially lapped, all as made. Population: 7 in 66 Cameo, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23D4, PCGS# 84776

**1879 Dime, PR67 Cameo
Conditionally Rare**



- 3832** 1879 PR67 Cameo PCGS. F-101, R.5. The small mintage of 14,000 circulation strikes and their rarity in higher grades puts pressure on the proofs from date collectors. The current Superb Gem Star Cameo proof is a significant condition rarity in this level of preservation. Reddish-purple toning surround the obverse rim of this stunning PR67 Cameo dime, with barely a hint of color evident on the reverse. The design elements are sharply impressed and display pronounced contrast with the mirrored fields, especially on the reverse. Both sides are impeccably preserved. Population: 4 in 67 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).

Purchased from Jason Carter (12/2005); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98340. NGC ID# 23D4, PCGS# 84776

**1881 Dime, Toned PR67
Sharp and Attractive**



- 3833** 1881 F-102, R.3, PR67 PCGS. CAC. This Superb Gem proof is among the finest non-Cameos at PCGS and is conditionally rare as such. The figure and wreath are boldly defined and show softly frosted luster that glows beneath a light. The fields have deep reflectivity. Both sides offer aquamarine toning that precludes a Cameo designation where there otherwise would likely be call for one. Population: 11 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 12 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23D6, PCGS# 539050 Base PCGS# 4778

- 3834** 1890 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. F-103, R.4. This attractively toned 1890 proof displays appreciable contrast on each side amid golden interiors and ocean-blue borders. The devices are frosty, and the fields display deep mirroring. Population: 9 in 66 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23DF, PCGS# 84787

**1891 Dime, PR66 Deep Cameo
Rare So Starkly Contrasted**



- 3835 1891 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. F-130, R.3.** The final proof issue in the Seated dime series is extremely rare in Deep Cameo. This Premium Gem is among only six pieces at PCGS that have received that designation. The strike is bold, and the design elements are thoroughly frosted. Neither side exhibits noticeable toning, and the field-device contrast benefits considerably. Population: 2 in 66 Deep Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23DG, PCGS# 94788

BARBER DIMES

- 3836 1893 MS66+ PCGS.** The obverse of this Premium Gem exhibits intense gold, rose, and blue toning, while the reverse is brilliant with frosty luster beneath delicate champagne toning that deepens to light gold along the border. Population: 62 in 66 (25 in 66+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23DN, PCGS# 4800

**1894-O Barber Dime, MS64
Challenging in Mint State**



- 3837 1894-O MS64 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder.** This New Orleans issue is scarce in Mint State and rare at the Gem level. This near-Gem offers sharp detail and satiny luster. The interiors are brilliant, surrounded by olive-gold peripheral toning. Population: 12 in 64 (1 in 64+), 15 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23DU, PCGS# 4804

**1894-O Barber Dime, MS64
Rare This Well-Preserved**



- 3838 1894-O MS64 PCGS.** The 1894-O is a semikey in all grades and is nearly as scarce as the 1895-O in Mint State. This near-Gem representative displays a sharp strike and warm golden toning that cedes to olive-green and russet near the borders. A few minor marks are not distracting. Finer examples are exceedingly rare. Population: 12 in 64 (1 in 64+), 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23DU, PCGS# 4804

- 3839 1895 MS65 PCGS.** The 1895 is a better date in Gem condition. This example displays a bold strike and clean, satiny surfaces. Mottled gold, lavender, and aquamarine toning appears on the obverse, while the reverse is lighter champagne with hints of sea-green near the borders. Population: 19 in 65, 32 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 23DV, PCGS# 4806

**1895-O Dime, XF40 CAC
The Series Key in Outstanding Condition**



- 3840 1895-O XF40 PCGS. CAC.** Aside from the 1894-S, which is virtually uncollectible, the 1895-O is the lowest-mintage issue in the entire Barber dime series at just 440,000 pieces. This survivor displays medium gray color overall and even wear. Importantly, there are no marks worthy of mention. The 1895-O dime is seldom offered in this higher circulated grade. CAC: 2 in 40, 17 finer (10/16). NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807

- 3841 1895-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU.** Sea-green, straw-gold, and lavender toning embraces this slightly glossy example. Liberty's face is moderately abraded. The 1895-O is the key New Orleans issue, due to a meager mintage of 440,000 pieces and a low survival rate.

- 3842 1895-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS saw fit to encapsulate this coin reverse-up, given the spectacular multicolor patina that adorns that side. The obverse is more modestly toned in violet-gray and gold hues. Moreover, the reverse shows complete definition throughout, while the obverse displays minor softness over the headband leaves and forecurls. Population: 38 in 64 (3 in 64+), 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23DX, PCGS# 4808

**1897-O Dime, MS65
Colorful Patina, Full Strike**



- 3843 1897-O MS65 NGC.** This is one in a series of challenging New Orleans issues beginning with the 1894-O. Although more available than its predecessors, the 1897-O is an elusive issue in its own right. Comparable Gems are rare, and anything finer very rarely appears on the market. The mostly brilliant central obverse is tinged with golden-russet patina. Deep cobalt-blue and magenta hues adorn the margins. The reverse is deeply and uniformly toned in similar colors, save of a window of brilliance near the I in DIME. Fully struck. Census: 10 in 65 (1 in 65+), 7 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23E4, PCGS# 4813

- 3844 1898-O MS64 PCGS.** This near-Gem is exceptional with frosty silver luster and hints of gold and violet toning. The 1898-O is an important condition rarity in the Barber dime series. Population: 15 in 64, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23E7, PCGS# 4816

1901-S Barber Dime, Appealing MS66



- 3845 1901-S MS66 PCGS.** The 1901-S Barber dime is firmly established as one of a series of key dates within the Barber dime set, many of them having mintage below 1 million coins — 593,022 pieces, in the case of this issue. Particularly at the Premium Gem level and above, the 1901-S becomes quite scarce. This rose-gray PCGS example offers good eye appeal and no mentionable marks. The reverse is well-struck, although the central top portrait is a touch weak. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 7 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23EH, PCGS# 4826

1902-O Dime, MS66 Condition Census Example



- 3846 1902-O MS66 NGC.** This piece is mostly brilliant with hints of straw-gold toning around the reverse periphery. The strike is generally sharp, although we note a touch of weakness on the right obverse legend. The 1902-O is one of the scarcest dates to find in upper Mint State grades. This example shows minor die clashing within the reverse wreath. Census: 3 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). There are none finer at PCGS.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2005), lot 4031; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 209; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 581. NGC ID# 23EK, PCGS# 4828

1902-S Dime, Lustrous MS66+



- 3847 1902-S MS66+ NGC.** Splashes of greenish-tan patination visit the lustrous surfaces of this high-end Premium Gem. The design elements are sharply impressed and neither side reveals mentionable marks. The 1902-S is rare in this level of preservation; NGC and PCGS report only 14 coins in MS66 and a paltry two examples finer. Census: 5 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23EL, PCGS# 4829
- 3848 1905-O MS66 NGC.** Delicate bands of russet, magenta, and ice-blue toning surround brilliant interiors on each side with coruscating luster throughout. The devices display better strike detail than is usually encountered on examples from this O-mint issue. The date is a trifle soft, and a few light marks are of little importance. Census: 7 in 66, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23EU, PCGS# 4836

- 3849 1905-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** After restricting production to 800,000 dimes in 1904, the California branch mint manufactured more than 6.8 million coins in 1905. Choice examples are readily available, but the surviving population drops off severely in Gem condition. Premium Gems are very rare, and finer coins are almost unseen in today's marketplace. The combination of shimmering frosty luster and dramatic multihued toning provides the viewer with a memorable first impression. Closer inspection reveals stunning shades of blue and purple with green and orange accents over surfaces that are free from all but a few lightly scattered flecks. The bold strike is typical of S-mint dimes from the period. Housed in an older green label holder. Population: 13 in 66 (2 in 66+), 4 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 4 finer (11/16).

Ex: Elite Coin Auction (Superior, 7/2003), lot 1019; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98365. NGC ID# 23EW, PCGS# 4837

- 3850 1906-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** This colorful Premium Gem dime, undeniably on the cusp of an even higher grade, exhibits full definition on the wreath elements, including the kernels and wheat stalks, and Liberty's forecurls. Vibrant orange and green iridescence near the legends merges with violet-gray patina centrally. Population: 20 in 66 (1 in 66+), 9 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23EZ, PCGS# 4840

- 3851 1906-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** An overlay of champagne-gold patina covers brilliant, frosty surfaces on each side of this amazing Premium Gem Barber dime. Small ticks are noted near the nose. Strongly impressed with bold detail on the ear of corn and the upper wheat stalks. Population: 23 in 66 (4 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 13 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23F2, PCGS# 4841

- 3852 1908-D MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** A conditionally scarce Gem with satiny luster and olive-gold toning. The toning lightens over the centers to a grayish hue. Tiny bits of russet appear near the rims beneath a loupe. This piece is well-preserved and appealing. Some minor weakness on portions of the obverse peripheral legends is likely due to a partially clogged die. Population: 14 in 65 (1 in 65+), 21 finer. CAC: 7 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23F8, PCGS# 4847

- 3853 1909-S MS65 NGC.** The 1909-S dime stands out in the *Guide Book* for its mintage of exactly 1 million pieces. In the marketplace, it stands out for its scarcity in Mint State and rarity in Gem condition. This MS65 coin displays sharp detail and satiny luster with champagne toning. Census: 9 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23FE, PCGS# 4853

1910 Dime, Deeply Toned MS67 Thoroughly Lustrous Type Coin



- 3854 1910 MS67 PCGS.** Possibly originating from the end of an old bank roll, this Superb Gem 1910 Barber dime displays deep original toning on the obverse with peripheral color on the reverse. The coloration includes vivid crimson, sun-orange, forest-green, violet, and russet hues, with a light golden interior on the reverse. The strike is sharp, and the preservation substantiates the grade. The 1910 is rare in this grade and almost unknown finer. Population: 19 in 67 (6 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23FF, PCGS# 4854

- 3855 1910-S MS65 PCGS.** Faint almond-gold toning visits this lustrous and fully struck branch mint Gem. Both sides are uncommonly devoid of marks. The 1910-S is plentiful in well circulated grades, but Gems are very scarce. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 22 in 65, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23FH, PCGS# 4856

3856 1911 MS67 PCGS. Dusky shades of lavender, golden-brown, and amber toning visit the virtually pristine surfaces of this delightful Superb Gem. The design elements are sharply detailed and vibrant mint luster shines through the toning. Population: 19 in 67 (1 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23FJ, PCGS# 4857

3857 1912 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Bold crimson and various intensities of forest-green toning adorn portions of this high-end Premium Gem 1912 Barber dime. The strike is sharp, and neither side exhibits mentionable abrasions. Finer examples are rarely offered. Population: 55 in 66 (5 in 66+), 8 finer. CAC: 27 in 66, 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23FM, PCGS# 4860

3858 1913-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. This sharp, brilliant Gem displays untuned, satiny luster without any distracting abrasions. Held at a certain angle and viewed with a loupe, some faint lines on the obverse limit the grade. The 1913-S is a better date in the series, boasting a small 510,000-coin mintage, and it is scarce in Gem condition. Population: 24 in 65 (1 in 65+), 25 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 12 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23FS, PCGS# 4864

PROOF BARBER DIMES

1893 Dime, PR67+ Vibrant Ocean-Blue Toning



3859 1893 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. Vibrant ocean-blue toning covers this fully struck and undisturbed Premium Gem. The high points display glimpses of tan-brown patina. A colorful specimen of the second-year proof date from a mintage of 792 pieces. Population: 16 in 67 (2 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 14 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23G4, PCGS# 4877

3860 1893 PR66 Cameo PCGS. Sharp, satiny design elements stand out from mirrored fields on this Premium Gem, while the surfaces are well-preserved. The obverse has light golden-gray toning, while the reverse exhibits champagne and ice-blue toning. Population: 23 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23G4, PCGS# 84877

1893 Dime, PR67 Cameo A Single Proof Finer at PCGS



3861 1893 PR67 Cameo PCGS. The Mint cut Barber dime proof production by nearly 40% in the series' second year. Interest understandably waned once the public became familiar with the new coins, but today demand for high-end proofs is perennially strong. This starkly contrasted Superb Gem proof offers light mauve patina over the obverse and mixed shades of blue, violet, and gold across the other side. An impeccable example. Population: 11 in 67 Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23G4, PCGS# 84877

1895 Barber Dime, PR68 Cameo Exceptional Quality



3862 1895 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Each side of this marvelous Superb Gem Cameo Barber dime is brilliant and deeply contrasted with seemingly limitless fields that establishes a "black" background for Liberty's thickly frosted portrait. As one would expect of a proof in this remarkable grade, the surfaces are pristine and show razor-sharp detail on the devices. The Mint struck 880 proofs and issued them in sets alongside the famous Morgan dollar proofs of that year, furthering their interest factor. Population: 1 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23G8, PCGS# 84879

3863 1904 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. This is a rare high-end Cameo proof, showing pleasant field-device contrast amid warm champagne toning. There are no distracting marks or hairlines, just well-preserved and lightly toned proof surfaces. Population: 4 in 66 Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GH, PCGS# 84888

1908 Dime, PR67 Cameo
Infrequently Seen with This Finish



3864 1908 PR67 Cameo PCGS. The 1908 has the fourth lowest mintage (545 pieces) in the proof Barber dime series (excluding the branch-mint proof 1894-S), trailing only the 1911, 1914, and 1915. Of the 203 1908 proof submissions seen by PCGS, only 33 (16 percent) display a cameo finish. The present silver-gray Superb Gem Cameo exhibits moderate contrast, is boldly struck, and has impeccably preserved surfaces. This is a great piece for the proof Barber dime specialist. Population: 8 in 67 (2 in 67+) Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GN, PCGS# 84892

3865 1909 PR66+ PCGS. CAC. Glimmering mirrored fields offer modest cameo contrast on the obverse, but the reverse is more deeply toned. Russet, aquamarine, and lavender hues accent champagne undertones on each side. The strike is full, and there are no distractions. Population: 34 in 66 (2 in 66+), 22 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GP, PCGS# 4893

1911 Dime, PR67
Beautifully Patinated



3866 1911 PR67 PCGS. CAC. Exquisite peach-red, aquamarine, caramel-gold, and lilac toning endows this fully struck and pristine Superb Gem. Only 543 proofs were struck, and few survivors can match the beauty of the present specimen. One minute lint mark is noted on the reverse exergue. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 23GS, PCGS# 4895

TWENTY CENT PIECES

3867 1875-CC MS62 PCGS. CAC. BF-2, R.1. Satiny luster illuminates olive-gold toning on this Mint State 1875-CC twenty cent piece, giving it pleasing eye appeal for the grade. Some minor strike weakness is seen on the central high points as well as the upper edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. NGC ID# 23R6, PCGS# 5297

1875-S Twenty Cent, MS66
Border-Toned Type Coin



3868 1875-S MS66 PCGS Secure. BF-5, R.2. The obverse has a lightly toned center bounded by splashes of autumn-brown and apple-green. The reverse displays chestnut-tan and powder-blue margins. This lustrous Premium Gem is refreshingly free from abrasions. The strike is sharp except on the right-side stars. Population: 65 in 66 (6 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23R7, PCGS# 5298

1876 Twenty Cent, MS64
Lightly Patinated, Paltry Mintage



3869 1876 MS64 PCGS. BF-1, R.4. About 10% of known circulation strikes match the date placement and reverse die doubling seen on this Choice representative. The 1876 has the second-lowest mintage in this short-lived series — only 14,750 coins. Each side is lightly toned with blushes of golden patina and frosty mint luster. Nearly full struck and readily appealing. NGC ID# 23R8, PCGS# 5299

1876 Twenty Cent, MS64+
Scarce in High Grade



3870 1876 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. BF-1, R.4. This better-date twenty cent piece appears almost too nice for the Choice grade level, and thus the Plus designation; a loupe reveals a few faint lines in the right obverse field that prevent a Gem grade. The strike is sharp, and both sides display frosty mint luster with mottled olive-gold and pale gray toning. NGC ID# 23R8, PCGS# 5299

PROOF TWENTY CENT PIECES

1875 Twenty Cent, Toned PR65 Few Available Finer



- 3871** 1875 PR65 NGC. BF-1. Olive-gold and dusky blue-gray toning attests to the originality of this Gem proof 1875 twenty cent piece. The strike is sharp, and both sides are deeply reflective. Gem examples of the inaugural proof issue are infrequently seen, with or without a Cameo designation. This piece will appeal to type and date collectors of proof twenty cent pieces. NGC ID# 27GZ, PCGS# 5303

1875 Twenty Cent Piece, PR63 Cameo First Year of Issue



- 3872** 1875 PR63 Cameo PCGS. BF-2. Seldom seen as a cameo, this is a spectacular type coin with profound field-device contrast. This first year of issue had a mintage of 2,790 proofs, but only the first few pieces off the dies show a cameo effect. The fields are deeply mirrored, and the obverse is nearly brilliant. The reverse shows just the slightest tinge of golden-rose color. Light scuffing in the fields accounts for the grade. Population: 25 in 63 Cameo, 36 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2008), lot 333. NGC ID# 23X7, PCGS# 85303

1876 Twenty Cent, PR63 Cameo Brilliant and Reflective



- 3873** 1876 PR63 Cameo PCGS. CAC. BF-1, R.4. Ex: Teich Family Collection. This impressive second-year twenty cent proof is fully brilliant without any trace of toning over its lovely silver surfaces. Both sides are nicely mirrored around lustrous, strongly struck devices. From a mintage of 1,150 proofs. Population: 26 in 63 Cameo, 59 finer. CAC: 6 in 63, 20 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 4073. NGC ID# 27H3, PCGS# 85304

1878 Twenty Cent Piece, PR63 Only 600 Pieces Struck



- 3874** 1878 PR63 PCGS. CAC. BF-1, R.3. Ex: Teich Family Collection. Only 600 proof twenty cent pieces were struck in 1878, and some of those may have been melted after June 29 of that year, when the denomination was discontinued. This impressive Select specimen is fully detailed on the design elements on each side. Both sides exhibit mostly brilliant reflective fields, with a few accents of champagne-gold and cobalt-blue toning. The eye appeal is outstanding.
Ex: Teich Family Collection (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 4079, which realized \$4,112.50. NGC ID# 27H5, PCGS# 5306

1878 Twenty Cent, PR64 Cameo Low-Mintage Proof-Only Date



- 3875** 1878 PR64 Cameo PCGS. BF-1, R.3. A proof-only date with a mintage of just 600 pieces. This fully struck specimen displays light almond-gold toning with deeper shades on the left reverse rim. The motifs display noticeable contrast. The right obverse exhibits a wire rim. Final year of the briefly issued denomination.
Ex: Golden Jubilee Sale (B. Max Mehl, 5/1950), lot 1644. Lot ticket and auction catalog accompany the lot. NGC ID# 27H5, PCGS# 85306

EARLY QUARTERS

1796 Draped Bust Quarter, AG3 Scarcer B-1 Variety



- 3876** 1796 B-1, R.4, AG3 PCGS. A well-worn but problem-free example of this important key date. The 1796 Draped Bust quarter is always in demand as the first year of the denomination and the only date with the Small Eagle reverse. The surfaces are lightly abraded and minimally granular. The date is sharp, and all stars are at least partly present, but the reverse legends are weak except for the ICA in AMERICA.

Ex: Chicago Signature (Heritage, 8/2011), lot 3718, which realized \$6,900. NGC ID# 23RA, PCGS# 38919 Base PCGS# 5310

1796 Quarter, B-2, Fine Details Rare Single-Year Type



- 3877** 1796 B-2, R.3 — Repaired, Whizzed — NGC Details. **Fine.** The single-year Draped Bust, Small Eagle quarter is the second-rarest silver type, trailing only its half dollar counterpart. The present example has an ivory-white center with medium gray toning at the borders. The portrait is smoothed near the lower left base of the neck, and both sides are whizzed and hairlined. The obverse is granular and the eagle device is heavily worn relative to the rest of the coin. All legends are bold.

1804 B-1 Quarter, Fine 12 Challenging in Any Grade



- 3878** 1804 B-1, R.3, Fine 12 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/2. Clash marks appear near Liberty's bust and neck, and near the scroll end. B-1 is the more often seen of two die pairs for this very scarce date. Examples are identified by the 4 positioned close to the bust. A die scratch is frequently found near star 9, as here. Both sides remain well-detailed with slight softness near the lower reverse border and alternating shades of light and dark gray throughout. A challenging and highly desirable issue in any grade with a paltry mintage of 6,738 coins. NGC ID# 23RB, PCGS# 38921 Base PCGS# 5312

1804 B-1 Quarter, VF20 Strongly Defined Motifs



- 3879** 1804 B-1, R.3, VF20 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 3/3, with clash marks near Liberty's bust and chin, and the eagle's wings. Die cracks travel from the rim to the 0 in the date and across the tops of AMERICA. A die scratch near star 9 confirms the B-1 attribution. The central motifs are surprisingly bold despite an expected degree of wear from years spent in circulation. Silver-gray patina covers each side. This is a splendid, problem-free example with a small mark on the cheek. The 1804 owes much of its fame to the dollars bearing that date, but it is a rarity in its own right with a small mintage of merely 6,738 coins. NGC ID# 23RB, PCGS# 38921 Base PCGS# 5312

1805 B-2 Quarter, XF45 Challenging Variety This Fine



- 3880** 1805 B-2, R.2, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Tompkins Die State 2/2. Weakness at the right side of R in LIBERTY and multiple die clashing on the reverse define the die stage. While the Browning-2 variety is reasonably available in lower circulated grades, Choice XF or finer coins are scarce. This partially lustrous example displays tan-gold toning with blue accents. Traces of reflectivity remain in the minimally marked fields. The devices show moderate wear and, as usually seen, the field stars are weakly struck. NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 38924 Base PCGS# 5313

**1805 Quarter, B-2, AU58
Multicolor Toning**



- 3881** 1805 B-2, R.2, AU58 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/2. This is a satiny coin with magnificent multicolor toning. The borders are strong, although the central devices exhibit some of the usual strike weakness, mainly on the reverse over the lower shield and the stars above the eagle. The toning makes this piece an eye-catching Draped Bust type coin. Population (all varieties included): 14 in 58, 21 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 38924 Base PCGS# 5313

**1805 B-3 Quarter, XF40
Traces of Luster Remain**



- 3882** 1805 B-3, R.1, XF40 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 5/2. Mint luster remains around the raised devices, while silver-lilac and tangerine-gold toning combine for attractive eye appeal on this pleasing XF example. The B-3 variety is the most-available of the five 1805 die pairs and it is always a favorite choice for date and type. The surfaces on this example are smooth with slight weakness (as usually present) on the field stars. Struck from a late stage of the dies. NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 38925 Base PCGS# 5313

**1805 Quarter, B-3, AU58
Partially Lustrous Type Coin**



- 3883** 1805 B-3, R.1, AU58 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 5/3, the latest known. Cracks appear on each side but are most numerous on the obverse. Both sides are heavily clashed. Traces of tan-gold toning appear over otherwise brilliant surfaces with hints of luster remaining in the fields. The stars above the eagle's head are incomplete, but the strike is otherwise well-executed. Population (all varieties included): 16 in 58, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 38925 Base PCGS# 5313

**1806 Draped Bust Quarter, Toned AU50
B-2 Variety, Green Label Holder**



- 3884** 1806 B-2, R.2, AU50 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 3/4. The reverse rim cuds that identify the latest die state have yet to form, but numerous die cracks suggest they are in the offing. This well-preserved example shows minor weakness at the peripheries but it is sharp at the centers, including all but one of the field stars. Dappled olive-gray toning covers each side with silver luster peeking through. A glossy and highly attractive coin, with remarkably few marks and reflective fields beneath the rich patina. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 23RD, PCGS# 38928 Base PCGS# 5314

- 3885** 1806 B-3, R.1, VF35 PCGS. A gunmetal-gray Draped Bust type coin that offers minimally marked surfaces. The centers show softness of strike, but peripheral elements are well defined. B-3 is attributed by an absent left foot on the T in LIBERTY, and a lengthy die line from a leaf tip to the R in AMERICA. NGC ID# 23RD, PCGS# 38929 Base PCGS# 5314

- 3886** 1806 B-9, R.1, VF30 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 3/2. Medium to deep tan-brown, lavender, and cobalt-blue shades embrace this unabraded and attractively detailed Bust quarter. Struck from clashed dies, and the obverse has a bisecting die crack between the 1 in the date and the E in LIBERTY.
Ex: Glenwood Collection (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 810, which realized \$2,530. NGC ID# 23RD, PCGS# 38935 Base PCGS# 5314

BUST QUARTERS

- 3887** 1815 "E" Counterstamp B-1, R.1 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Slight granularity and microscopic pitting accompanies high point glossiness on this lightly cleaned B-1 quarter, which may have been in the ground at one time. It has since acquired umber-gray toning that deepens at the borders with underlying bright-silver surfaces emerging at the centers. The "E" countermark is bold above Liberty's cap, the exact purpose or maker of the counterstamp still uncertain despite much speculation and intensive research by specialists over the years.

- 3888** 1815 "L" Counterstamp, B-1, R.1 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The "Damage" designation refers to the counterstamp in PCGS lexicon, which is one of the reasons for lack of a numeric grade. Approximately 80% of the quarters struck at the Mint in 1815 utilized silver from Planters Bank in New Orleans and that portion of the mintage was shipped there, a fact that some researchers believe relates to the enigmatic "E" and "L" counterstamps that appear on a small number of 1815 and 1825 quarters. The "L" countermark is scarcer on 1815-dated quarters. This example is lightly toned with About Uncirculated sharpness. The coin also shows evidence of a light cleaning. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 38942 Base PCGS# 5321

**1815 B-1 Quarter, AU53
Scarce 'L' Counterstamp**



- 3889 1815 "L" Counterstamp, B-1, R.1, AU53 NGC.** The counterstamped "E" and "L" marks on 1815 quarters are all of the Browning-1 die variety. The same counterstamps on the 1825/4 quarters are found only on the Browning-2 die pair. The "E" countermark is more prevalent on the 1815 date, while the opposite is true on the 1825/4 quarters, where "L" is the more common letter applied. This briefly circulated example of the "L" on 1815 date is scarce. High point rub is the only sign of circulation, since there are no marks other than the mysterious "L" punched above the front of the cap. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 38942 Base PCGS# 5321

**1815 Quarter, MS61
Browning-1, 'E' Counterstamp**



- 3890 1815 "E" Counterstamp, B-1, R.1, MS61 NGC.** Tompkins Die State 2/2. Like many of the "E" counterstamped pieces, this one is in Mint State with faint blue accents over the lustrous, reddish-gold toning. Karl Moulton made the interesting observation that the "E" above Liberty's cap roughly corresponds to the position of E in LIBERTY seen on quarters dated 1796 to 1807. Likewise, the position of the "L" on L-stamped quarters approximates the position of L in LIBERTY on early-date quarters, in the open field just past star 7. This is a sharp and attractive example of the frequently seen "E" on an 1815 quarter. The position of the counterstamp is significant as one indication that the marks may have been applied at the Philadelphia Mint. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 38942 Base PCGS# 5321

**1815 B-1 Quarter, Attractively Toned MS62
'L' Counterstamp, Numismatic Mystery Coin**



- 3891 1815 B-1, R.1, MS62 NGC.** Tompkins Die State 1/1. A diagnostic die line off the forecurl pointing to star 7 and the lack of visible die clashing or die lapping suggests an early state of the dies. Shades of rose, lavender, and gold toning deepen at the borders of this smooth and attractive Mint State example. The "L" counterstamp is strategically punched near the front edge of Liberty's cap. Scarcer than its "E" counterpart when stamped on 1815 quarters, the "L" mark adds interest and confirms the high grade seen on many of these enigmatic counterstamped examples. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 38942 Base PCGS# 5321

- 3892 1818/5 B-1, R.2, XF45 PCGS.** Tompkins Die State 3/5. The flag of an underdigit 5 shows clearly in the top loop of the second 8 in the date. Scarce in this late stage of the dies with a defining crack through the period of 25 C. This is an album-toned, Choice example with deep-blue border toning around amber-gold and lilac-gray interiors. Sharply defined except at the eagle's head and neck, generous mint luster remains in the recesses. Population (all 1818/5 varieties): 7 in 45, 64 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23RJ, PCGS# 38953 Base PCGS# 5323

- 3893 1818 B-2, R.1, XF45 PCGS.** Tompkins Die State 2/1. The final star is repunched, and the die crack above Liberty's cap provides further confirmation of B-2. Mint-made die lumps are noted near the base of the 2 in 25 C. A lightly circulated, minimally marked, and minutely granular lavender-gray representative. NGC ID# 23RH, PCGS# 38943 Base PCGS# 5322

- 3894 1818 B-9, High R.5, Fine 12 PCGS.** A spur from star 2 and repunching on the U in UNITED are diagnostic. According to Steve Tompkins, "This is the rarest die marriage for 1818 and will be mostly found in lower grades." Although well-worn, this steel-gray quarter maintains clear outlines and strong legends. NGC ID# 23RH, PCGS# 38950 Base PCGS# 5322

- 3895 1819 Large 9, B-1, Low R.5, XF45 PCGS.** Tompkins Die State 3/2. The Large 9 type is rare compared to Small 9 varieties, and of the two Large 9 die marriages the Browning-1 is much scarcer than Browning-2. Still-lustrous surfaces display steel-blue accents at the rims with lilac-gray and orange-gold centers. The strike on this Choice XF coin remains sharp despite 15 points of wear. Struck from the late state of the dies, with a bold, rim-to-rim crack reaching from star 7 to star 12 across Liberty's eye, face, and neck. Seemingly underrated in all grades, but especially when Choice and attractive such as this coin. Population (Large 9 varieties): 6 in 45, 14 finer (10/16).

3896 1821 B-3, R.2, XF45 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 6/2. The B-3 variety is readily available but not as frequently seen in this late die stage as in earlier die states. A strong die crack through star 12 to the hair confirms the advanced condition of the dies. Amber-gold, blue, and olive-gray toning covers both sides of this pleasing quarter, where traces of remaining mint luster offset the moderate wear to define the Choice XF grade. Population (all varieties): 26 in 45, 98 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23RM, PCGS# 38965 Base PCGS# 5331

1822 B-1 Quarter, Attractive MS62



3897 1822 B-1, R.2, MS62 PCGS. Uncirculated 1822 quarters are rare in comparison to several other Capped Bust, Large Size issues. This toned coin shows autumn-gold, amber-red, cottonwood-green, lavender, and pale blue hues cast across softly lustrous surfaces. Few noticeable abrasions are present, as each side exhibits mostly light handling marks on the high points of the devices. An eye-appealing coin for the grade. Population (all varieties included): 10 in 62, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23RN, PCGS# 38969 Base PCGS# 5332

**1824/2 Quarter, B-1, Choice XF
Sought-After Semikey**



3898 1824/2 B-1, R.3, XF45 PCGS. Only one die pair was used for the quarter dollars bearing the 1824 date, and they are all 1824/2 overdates, adding demand to an already scarce issue from a mintage of 168,000 coins, a figure that included many pieces dated 1825. This attractive Choice XF piece has light silver-gray devices with pewter-gray fields and a few splashes of iridescence. Population: 12 in 45, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RR, PCGS# 38972 Base PCGS# 5335

**1825/4 B-2 Quarter, AU58
Rare 'E' Counterstamped Example**



3899 1825/4(2) "E" Counterstamp, B-2, R.2, AU58 NGC. Tompkins Die State 1/1. In a recent discussion with Karl Moulton, who has done extensive research on the counterstamped 1815 and 1825 quarters, the rarity of the "E" counterstamp on 1825 quarters came up. He surmised only about six examples exist in any grade. This example is richly toned and shows virtually no signs of circulation, with razor-sharp definition. Any 1825 with the E counterstamp is a prize for specialists, and this is an especially nice one.

That said, it is almost certain no quarters at all would have been struck at all in 1815 without the input of silver bullion from the New Orleans Planters Bank to coin 69,232 quarters, representing almost 78% of the total 1815 mintage that was shipped to the New Orleans bank. Some 1815 quarters display the counterstamp of either an E or an L above the cap of Liberty. It is also almost certain no 1825 quarters would show the same mysterious counterstamps unless they were connected in some way to the 1815 mintage. I

n 1825, an audit of the New Orleans Planters Bank showed a shortage from the 1815 shipment amounting to 147 quarters, either through an accounting **Error** or **Loss** (reportedly, coins fell out of their shipping crates during transport). Based on the original claim made in 1816 and confirmed in the 1825 audit, did the Mint set aside counterstamped quarters for this Error and Loss, as requested by Planters Bank?

Planters Bank was no stranger to counterstamped coinage, having released multiple issues of cut-and-counterstamped coins in the early 1800s, many of which made up the bullion used to strike the federal quarters they requested from the Mint. Soon after in 1826, Planters Bank was out of business. NGC ID# 23RS, PCGS# 38975 Base PCGS# 5336

**1825/4(2) Quarter, B-2, AU58
Attractively Toned on Each Side**



3900 1825/4(2) B-2, R.2, AU58 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 1/1. Dusky umber-gray toning joins almond-gold and deep-blue accents across the smooth surfaces of this near-Mint quarter. Silver luster shines through wherever an opening in the rich patina allows. A thoroughly original and attractive example of the Browning-2 variety, sharply struck from perfect dies (or nearly so — an extremely faint crack may exist from the rim to the right leg of the second A in AMERICA). The overdate is inscrutable as always, with the 5 over either a 2, 3, or 4, or a combination thereof. NGC ID# 23RS, PCGS# 38975 Base PCGS# 5336

**1825/4 B-2 Quarter, MS61
Richly Toned, 'L' Countermark**



- 3901** 1825/4(2) "L" Counterstamp, B-2, R.2, MS61 NGC. Tompkins Die State 1/1. The underdigit beneath the 5 in the date is indistinct on the B-2 variety, but it does not look like a 4, prompting many to settle for the 1825/4(2) descriptor. The counterstamped "L" above the left-front of the cap is much clearer and indisputable, but no less controversial among numismatic scholars. Much research has been done, but few answers provide any degree of certainty. The "L" countermark is more available on the 1825 quarters than the "E" variant, which is rarely seen, but together the 1825 quarters appear less-often with either counterstamp than the 1815 quarters. This is a glossy and attractively toned Mint State example with dappled iridescence and immense eye appeal. NGC ID# 23RS, PCGS# 38975 Base PCGS# 5336

**1825/4(2) B-2 Quarter, Attractive MS64
Unrecognized Prooflike Fields**



- 3902** 1825/4(2) B-2, R.2, MS64 NGC. Alternatively called an 1825/4 or 1825/3 overdate, the likelihood that the true underdigits are a 4 and a 2 is strong, making the correct overdate an 1825/4/2. The present richly toned example is struck from an early state of the dies, with much prooflikeness in the fields beneath the deep toning. Viewed at the proper angle, shades of cobalt blue, lavender, and rose-gold suggest longtime album storage. The strike is a bit soft on some high points but all of the stars are sharp. This attractive, original near-Gem quarter approaches the Condition Census for the variety and is sure to please the most perceptive bidder. Census: 8 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RS, PCGS# 38975 Base PCGS# 5336

**1828 25 Over 50C Quarter, B-3, VF25
Popular Guide Book Variety**



- 3903** 1828 25 Over 50C, B-3, R.5, VF25 PCGS. Fewer than 75 examples of this popular *Guide Book* variety are known, showing the denomination punched over an errant 50C. The present coin is well-detailed for the grade with smooth surfaces. Mottled olive-brown and golden-gray toning blankets each side. Most examples of the B-3 die marriage are heavily worn and in lower grades. Population: 4 in 25, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RV, PCGS# 38979 Base PCGS# 5343

**1831 Capped Bust Quarter, MS62 Prooflike
B-1 Small Letters, Reflective Mint State Example**



- 3904** 1831 Small Letters, B-1, R.3, MS62 Prooflike NGC. Tompkins Die State 1/3. The small, curl-base 2 in the denomination is diagnostic of the B-1 die marriage. Faint ivory-gold hues gather at the borders, although this prooflike quarter is for the most part brilliant and untoned. The portrait of Liberty and the eagle are frost-white with moderate contrast against the reflective fields, which are deeply mirrored on the reverse although less so on the obverse. Browning-1 is available up to the About Uncirculated grade, but challenging any finer. This razor-sharp Uncirculated example is struck from an early state of the obverse die, without die rust that indicates a later stage. A few delicate lines and small abrasions account for the assigned grade. Census: 3 in 62 Prooflike, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RW, PCGS# 38980 Base PCGS# 5348

1831 B-1 Capped Bust Quarter, MS64
Guide Book Variety, Small Letters



- 3905** 1831 Small Letters, B-1, R.3, MS64 PCGS Secure. Ex: Eliasberg. Tompkins Die State 1/5. Frosty-white cartwheel luster radiates from both sides of this near-Gem B-1 quarter. Faint traces of tan-gold toning do little to suppress the impressive brilliant-silver sheen. A few light abrasions in the left obverse field combine with minor incompleteness on the centers of stars 1 to 5 and Liberty's drapery folds. Otherwise, this Choice example displays eye appeal that exceeds its numeric grade. Tied with several other coins for fourth in the Rea-Koenings-Haroutunian Census for Browning-1. Population (all Small Letters varieties): 66 in 64 (3 in 64+), 22 finer (10/16). Ex: Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1396. NGC ID# 23RW, PCGS# 38980 Base PCGS# 5348

1831 Quarter, MS64
B-5, FS-301, Repunched Date



- 3906** 1831 Large Letters, B-5, FS-301, R.3, MS64 PCGS. Repunching of the date is most obvious at the 1s, where a larger digit was impressed over smaller numerals with the serifs of the underdigits clearly visible. The 8 and 3 of the date are also repunched, although less obviously so. Star 11 shows additional repunching. Olive-gray toning covers both sides of this sharply struck quarter, with reddish-gold accents at the borders. A sharp strike is seen throughout, with no significant marks to report and soft mint luster underlying the attractive, original patina. NGC ID# 23RW, PCGS# 38984 Base PCGS# 5349

- 3907** 1832 B-1, R.1, MS61 PCGS. Apple-green, ruby-red, and golden-brown embrace this well-struck and semiprooflike Bust type coin. Minor marks are confined to the left obverse field. The usual die state with rust near the arrowheads and a die crack along the lower right obverse. NGC ID# 23RX, PCGS# 38987 Base PCGS# 5351

- 3908** 1834 O Over F in OF, B-1, FS-901, R.1, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Tompkins Die State 4/5. A trace of wear on Liberty's curls confirms near-Mint status, but luster emerges from the borders. Blue-green fields cede to light golden-brown borders. A trio of thin marks on the reverse field, but otherwise smooth. Although the variety is technically FS-901, this is a late, lapped die state that shows little evidence of the blundered F in OF, relative to the prior use of the reverse die to coin the 1833 B-2. NGC ID# 23RZ, PCGS# 38992 Base PCGS# 5353

1834 B-1 Quarter, MS63
O Over F in OF, FS-901



- 3909** 1834 O Over F in OF, B-1, FS-901, R.1, MS63 NGC. Tompkins Die State 5/5. Struck from the late die stage, with a long curving die crack from the edge near star 1 across Liberty through star 13 to the edge. Both the A in STATES and the first A in AMERICA are filled, with the reverse die heavily lapped. Ear bars from die clashing are prominent on Liberty's ear. This frosty, Select Uncirculated example is lightly toned in a lustrous, silver-gray shade with sharply struck devices. A few light marks are noted beneath STATES near the eagle's head. Die doubling on OF and other anomalies in the reverse legend make up Cherry-pickers' FS-901 variety, although the lapped die state minimizes some of the features. NGC ID# 23RZ, PCGS# 38992 Base PCGS# 5353

1834 Quarter, Lightly Toned MS64
B-4, Choice Type Coin



- 3910** 1834 B-4, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 1/2. Two obverse dies and four reverse dies were used to create five die marriages in 1834, which were used to strike 286,000 pieces. This near-Gem example is the Browning-4 variety, with stars 8 and 10 recut on the outer points and 34 in the date repunched. Numerous die cracks encircle the reverse. Amber-gold toning adorns the sharply struck, lustrous surfaces where only inconsequential abrasions are visible under magnification. NGC ID# 23RZ, PCGS# 38995 Base PCGS# 5353

1835 B-2 Quarter, Lustrous MS62
Sharply Struck, Faint Toning Flecks



- 3911** 1835 B-2, R.2, MS62 NGC. Tompkins Die State 3/1. Brilliant and frosty silver luster covers much of this sharply struck Mint State coin, with bits of gray, blue, and almond-brown toning that cling to the edges of the raised devices and at the dentils. The denomination sits high beneath the arrow fletchings with a large, Curl Base 2, while the 3 is high in the date, and the eagle has a tongue — pick-up points for the B-2 variety. A few grade-consistent, light marks are noted. Census (all varieties): 26 in 62, 51 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23S2, PCGS# 38998 Base PCGS# 5354

1835 B-2 Quarter, MS64
Smooth and Lustrous



- 3912** 1835 B-2, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Tompkins Die State "4"/2, clashed from the shield below Liberty's ear. Light cream-gray and almond-gold toning visits this lustrous and precisely struck near-Gem. Traces of struck-in grease are noted on the lower reverse, but both sides are exceptionally free from marks. NGC ID# 23S2, PCGS# 38998 Base PCGS# 5354

1837 B-4 Quarter, MS63
Lightly Abraded, Lightly Toned



- 3913** 1837 B-4, R.3, MS63 PCGS Secure. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Ex: Marx. Tompkins Die State 2/1. Bold die cracks across STATES and the portrait promptly attribute this Bust quarter as the conditionally rare Browning-4 variety. The coruscating silver-gray surfaces are void of relevant contact. The strike is generally good, although the top of the eagle's wings show blending of impression. NGC ID# 23S4, PCGS# 39013 Base PCGS# 5356

SEATED QUARTERS

1838 Seated Quarter, MS62
Sharply Struck, Originally Toned



- 3914** 1838 No Drapery MS62 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. A pearl-gray and wheat-gold first-year Seated quarter. Satin luster rolls across sharply struck surfaces. Attractive for the designated grade. The only mentionable marks are a tick on the cheek and a slight rim bump on the reverse at 3:30. Population: 21 in 62, 57 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23SE, PCGS# 5391

1838 Seated Liberty Quarter, MS64+
Open Claws Reverse, No Drapery Obverse



- 3915** 1838 No Drapery MS64+ PCGS. CAC. This is the first year of issue for this No Drapery design of the quarter dollar, struck during a transition from the Capped Bust motif to Gobrecht's Seated Liberty design. Walter Breen noted that coinage of the new design began on September 13, 1838, and from that point forward, 466,000 of these coins were minted prior to December 31. This high-end, Choice Mint State piece displays strong definition with lilac-gold and slate-gray color on both sides. The rims are extra high on each side, somewhat at the expense of the dentils and peripheral strike on the stars, yet the figure of Liberty is sharp head-to-foot and the eagle shows full details. A pair of small marks on the thigh pedigrees this important first-year type coin. Population: 37 in 64 (3 in 64+), 7 finer. CAC: 6 in 64, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23SE, PCGS# 5391

1840-O Quarter, MS62
No Drapery, Briggs 1-A



- 3916** 1840-O No Drapery MS62 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 1-A, Flynn RPD-001. This satiny example offers a lovely blend of straw-gold and slate-gray patina. Well-defined with no trace of wear and only faint, wispy abrasions in the fields. A sharply impressed representative of this lower-mintage, conditionally rare New Orleans quarter. Population: 7 in 62, 8 finer. CAC: 1 in 62, 2 finer (10/16). Ex: Milwaukee ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 629; Scott Rudolph Collection (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 2303, which realized \$4,456.25. NGC ID# 23SG, PCGS# 5393

1842-O Small Date Quarter, VF25
Challenging Guide Book Variety



- 3917** 1842-O Small Date VF25 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. The 1842-O Large Date quarter is merely scarce, but its Small Date counterpart is a rare Guide Book variety known from a single die pair. This walnut-brown representative displays all letters in LIBERTY, although the L and Y are slightly faint. No marks merit mention. Population: 5 in 25, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23SN, PCGS# 5403

**1843 Quarter, Near-Gem
Tied for Finest at CAC**



- 3918** 1843 MS64 PCGS. CAC. Deep navy-blue borders encompass lavender-red and gunmetal-gray fields and motifs. A coruscating Choice quarter. The strike is bold, and the eye appeal is undeniable. Marks are inconsequential aside from a field recession near the M in AMERICA. Population: 10 in 64, 2 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4B6W, PCGS# 5404

**1844-O Quarter, Attractive MS65
Condition Census**



- 3919** 1844-O MS65 PCGS. Briggs 1-A, Flynn RPD-001. The head die shows minor repunching of the 4s in the date. This Gem 1844-O quarter dollar is tied for the finest at PCGS and is a major rarity as such. The strike is full, and frosty, original luster engulfs both sides. The reverse fields have a hint of reflectivity. Light champagne, peach, and sea-green toning appears over each side. Population: 3 in 65, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23SU, PCGS# 5407

- 3920** 1853/53 No Arrows, Briggs 1-A, FS-301, VG10 PCGS. The 53 in the date is widely recut. The sole die marriage for the scarce No Arrows variety, which has a *Guide Book* mintage of only 44,200 pieces. The issue was struck early in the year, prior to the February 21, 1853 law reducing the weight of the silver quarter. The present stone-gray and gunmetal example clearly displays the last five letters in LIBERTY. The LI are faint but apparent. Marks are confined to a slight obverse edge knock at 5 o'clock. NGC ID# 23TA, PCGS# 395930 Base PCGS# 5421

- 3921** 1853 Arrows and Rays MS63 PCGS. A satiny, champagne-toned Select example of this type-coin issue, showing minimal signs of contact. The strike is weak on Liberty's head and the surrounding stars, as well as on the fletchings on the reverse. A collectible Mint State Arrows and Rays type coin. NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 5426

**1853 Arrows and Rays Quarter, MS64
Exceptionally Clean**



- 3922** 1853 Arrows and Rays MS64 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B. In 1853, the weight of the U.S. quarter dollar was reduced from 6.68 grams to 6.22 grams. This change was signified by the addition of arrows to the obverse design near the date and rays around the eagle. The rays were omitted in 1854, however, making this an important one-year type. This example is well-struck and essentially untoned, save for a faint golden cast. Surface marks are absolutely minimal for the grade.

Ex: *Baltimore Signature* (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 1026; *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 771. NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 5426

**1853 Arrows and Rays Quarter
A Richly Toned and Lustrous MS65 Example**



- 3923** 1853 Arrows and Rays MS65 PCGS. The Arrows and Rays issue of 1853 is one of the most common Seated Liberty quarters in circulated grades. Even the most rudimentary collections will usually have a well-worn example. With a mintage of over 15 million pieces, this is not surprising. However, those seeking a Gem or better example of this issue will face a challenging pursuit. Quarter dollars were one of the workhorses of commerce in the 19th century and — with the exception of a handful of pieces — it is apparent that all of the 1853 Arrows and Rays quarters entered circulation. This is a splendid, deeply toned example that displays subtly variegated deep gray, olive, and rose patina on each side, but the reverse is several shades lighter in hue. The mint luster is strongly apparent even through the various layerings of color. The strike is full throughout and there are no obvious or detracting abrasions.

Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2004), lot 2052; *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 1633; *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 1079. NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 5426

- 3924** 1854 Arrows MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1854 Seated quarter is rarely seen finer than MS64, where the present coin resides. The surfaces are frosty and toned in lovely lavender-gray with daubs of olive near the obverse borders. Any minor grazes in the fields simply melt into the patina and vanish to the naked eye. Several obverse stars show the only mentionable strike weakness. PCGS reports 31 numerically finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 23U6, PCGS# 5432

- 3925 1854 Arrows MS64 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B.** The so-called "Compass Point" reverse, showing a circular void in the vertical shield stripes in the upper-left corner of the shield. This Choice Arrows type coin displays a pleasing strike and satiny luster. Daubs of russet border toning surround gray-gold interiors. A few light abrasions are seen beneath a loupe. Population: 73 in 64 (1 in 64+), 31 finer. CAC: 16 in 64, 12 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 23U6, PCGS# 5432

**1854-O Huge O Quarter, VF20
Deep Original Coloration**



- 3926 1854-O Huge O, Briggs 1-A, FS-501, VF20 PCGS.** This is a deeply patinated and original VF example with bold gunmetal-gray and army-green hues blending in the fields to create a stark circulation-cameo appearance with the lighter relief elements. The devices are well-detailed for the grade, and there are no surface problems. The unusually large O mintmark is believed to have been engraved by hand, possibly on a die that arrived from Philadelphia without a mintmark or that had a damaged mintmark. Population: 6 in 20, 38 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23U7, PCGS# 395933 Base PCGS# 5434

**1854-O Huge O Quarter, VF30
Problem-Free and Attractive**



- 3927 1854-O Huge O, Briggs 1-A, FS-501, VF30 PCGS.** A large, hand-engraved mintmark identifies this iconic die variety. The Huge O 1854-O quarter dollar is usually seen in low grade with unsightly surface flaws. This high-end VF coin is quite appealing for the issue with deep olive-gray fields and lighter-gray devices. The design remains well-detail, and the coin is truly problem-free. Population: 11 in 30, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23U7, PCGS# 395933 Base PCGS# 5434

**1857-S Quarter, Frosty MS64
Seldom Seen So Fine**



- 3928 1857-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 1-B.** This low-mintage issue is very rare in Mint State, according to Briggs. This near-Gem 1857-S quarter displays frosted mint luster through several layers of toning on each side in shades of gray, pale blue, and rose. A few small marks in the fields and on Liberty account for the grade, but this is a marvelous and conditionally elusive piece, with a sharp strike throughout both sides. Population: 4 in 64 (1 in 64+), 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23TG, PCGS# 5444

**1858 Quarter, Flashy MS66
Rim-Toned With Great Luster**



- 3929 1858 MS66 PCGS.** Generous luster combined with untuned silver-white centers and rim patina in shades of gold and rose produce top-notch eye appeal. The strike is sharp, but it is the luster that first grabs the viewer's attention. Two major die cracks show on the reverse. One links the tops of UN with the denticles on each side, to the two outside leaves, and back to the denticles. The other links the bases of ES OF A. With a mintage exceeding 7.3 million pieces for this issue, it is unsurprising that some dies seem not to be accounted for in Larry Briggs' now nearly 25-year-old reference. Only five obverse and five reverse dies are described. Briggs himself writes that "several other varieties exist, none seemingly rare." Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16).
Purchased from Jason Carter (10/2006); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (10/2015), lot 98444. NGC ID# 23TH, PCGS# 5445

**1858-O Quarter Dollar, MS64
Beautifully Toned Condition Rarity**



3930 1858-O MS64 PCGS. Unlike its common Philadelphia counterpart, the 1858-O Seated quarter is a rarity in Mint State, regardless of grade. A pair of Gems at PCGS and two more at NGC are the finest known. This near-Gem offers comparable visual appeal at a more affordable price point, and its technical quality is almost on par with its higher-graded counterparts. Sharp detail characterizes the devices, and the frosty fields radiate luminous luster. The interiors display warm golden and lavender hues, while the borders have deeper ocean-blue and mint-green toning.

The O-mint Seated Liberty quarter collection in Mint State presents a challenging but rewarding pursuit for ambitious collectors. The New Orleans Mint closed during the Civil War and did not resume coinage under federal control until 1879. Nonetheless, quarter dollars were not struck at that facility again until 1891. A complete date set requires only 20 coins. Population: 4 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 44LC, PCGS# 5446

3931 1858-S VF35 PCGS. Briggs 2-B. In the early years of the San Francisco Mint, half dollars were coined in quantity, while quarters had much smaller mintages. The issues were also little-saved, and are scarce today in all grades. This is an unblemished example with medium to deep cobalt-blue and steel-gray toning. LIBERTY is sharp, and the eagle's plumage is richly defined. NGC ID# 23TK, PCGS# 5447

**1860 Quarter, Lightly Toned MS65
Exceptional Preservation and Strike**



3932 1860 MS65 NGC. The central motifs of this spectacular Gem offering are frosty and nearly untoned, while the border areas exhibit crimson and golden-russet patina. Design definition is complete, and the only significant marks occur in the field above the eagle's head. This is easily among the top survivors from a mintage of 805,400 quarters. Census: 5 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23TP, PCGS# 5451

**1860-S Quarter, Fine 12
High-Attrition Semikey**



3933 1860-S Fine 12 NGC. Briggs 1-A. The 1860-S quarter did what it was always intended to do: circulate. Only one Uncirculated example has been certified in mint condition, the Jim Gray-Gene Gardner coin in MS61. All surviving examples from the 56,000-coin mintage are very scarce and highly collectible. This well-circulated Fine 12 quarter shows light steel-gray patina that deepens to olive hues within the peripheral recesses. LIBERTY and the shield are bold, and considerable feather detail remains. The R in QUAR is the only area that is noticeably soft. Census: 2 in 12, 14 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 442R, PCGS# 5453

**1860-S Quarter, XF40
Rarest S-Mint, Series Key Date**



3934 1860-S XF40 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. Scarce both in an absolute sense and in the context of the Seated quarter series, the 1860-S saw only 56,000 pieces produced, which were soon distributed in the booming West Coast commerce. Most examples of the issue are well-worn or impaired in one way or another. This solid XF coin survives with pleasing light, olive-gray toning and sharp motifs. The dentils and rims are bold on both sides. A few faint, angled abrasions run through the obverse shield to the bottom edge, yet the surfaces are essentially problem-free for the grade. Very scarce this fine. Population: 8 in 40, 7 finer (11/16).

**1863 Quarter, MS65+
Rare With CAC Seal**



3935 1863 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B. Although silver coins were hoarded from circulation by 1863, the Philadelphia Mint nonetheless struck 191,600 quarters that year. The present fully struck example displays areas of caramel-gold, pearl-white, and forest-green patina. The surfaces are clashed and free from bagmarks. The upper reverse field displays parallel striations. Population: 21 in 65 (1 in 65+), 10 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23TX, PCGS# 5458

3936 1864-S VF20 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. A low mintage of 20,000 coins and a high rate of attrition account for the paltry survivorship of about 100 to 150 pieces. Briggs writes: "A rare date that is in great demand." This pleasing VF quarter features deep olive-gray tones over the obverse and a light steel-gray reverse. The design elements are well-worn but clear. Population: 6 in 20, 35 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23TZ, PCGS# 5460

3937 1867 AU58 NGC. Briggs 1-A, the early die state without lapping on the reverse. This high-end AU example of the elusive 1867 Seated quarter displays sharp detail and partially lustrous fields. Both sides showcase original multicolor toning and have minimal abrasions. Census: 5 in 58, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23UD, PCGS# 5470

**1867-S Quarter, Choice XF
Underrated Old West Issue**



3938 1867-S XF45 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. The 1867-S had a mintage of only 48,000 pieces, and the absence of collectors in the West led to a low survival rate. NGC and PCGS combined have certified a total of only 88 examples, mostly in VF and lower grades. This is a well-defined dove-gray representative with relatively few marks. Population: 6 in 45, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23UE, PCGS# 5471

**1870-CC Quarter, VG Details
Rare Introductory Carson City Issue**



3939 1870-CC — Damaged — NGC Details. VG. During its first year, the Carson City Mint struck three silver denominations: the dollar, half dollar, and quarter. The 1870-CC quarter is by far the rarest of the three issues. The present dove-gray example is well defined for the VG level, and has a bold date and mintmark. The NGC designation refers to three curved impressions on the upper left reverse, which flatten and slightly bend portions of the design, such as IN GOD, the eagle's beak, star 1, and the TE in UNITED. Ex: Donald E. Bently Collection (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 3855.

**1871-CC Quarter, VF Details
A Key Carson City Date**



3940 1871-CC — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. Briggs 1-A, Flynn-RPD-001. Only one set of dies is known for this elusive Carson City issue, which comes from a small mintage of 10,890 pieces. The 1 in the date is minutely recut. This issue is known almost exclusively in circulated grades, and in low ones at that. The current lightly cleaned VF coin displays mottled olive-green and gray toning over smooth surfaces. The design elements show grade-appropriate detail. The 1871-CC is so elusive in the middle and upper circulated grades that even slightly impaired pieces experience demand.

3941 1872-CC Good 6 NGC. Briggs 1-A. Ex: Jules Reiver Collection. Medium gray toning with delicate gold and lilac iridescent highlights. The obverse rim is bold, while the reverse rim is slightly weak from 6 to 8 o'clock. Only 22,500 quarters were minted at the Carson City Mint during the year, and survivors are elusive in all grades. Census: 4 in 6, 20 finer (11/16). Ex: Jules Reiver Collection (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 21160. NGC ID# 23US, PCGS# 5482

**1872-CC Seated Quarter, AU Details
Some Luster Remains, Rare CC Issue**



- 3942 1872-CC — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Briggs 1-A.** Caramel-gold toning displays bluish accents and a nice amount of mint luster. The arm's-length appeal of this sharply struck quarter is pleasing, but a lens reveals some shallow scratches that encircle the portrait of Liberty as well as a few more that wander through the scroll to the left of the eagle's head. A few small digs include two depressions near the obverse rim opposite the left edge of the rock base. Such problems aside, the piece is attractive and extremely rare so well-defined. Many survivors of this Carson City issue are impaired in one way or another.

- 3943 1873 Arrows MS64 PCGS. Briggs 3-B.** Cracks and clash marks appear throughout this crisp, brilliant near-Gem from the first year of the Arrows subtype. The 1873 Arrows quarter is very scarce in MS64 and rarely encountered in Gem condition despite a substantial mintage of 1.2 million coins. Population: 39 in 64, 18 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BZMG, PCGS# 5491

**1873-CC Arrows Quarter, XF Details
Only About 50 Pieces Known**



- 3944 1873-CC Arrows — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Briggs 1-A.** The number of 1873-CC No Arrows quarters known is in the single digits. The With Arrows variety is not a whole lot more common, as PCGS estimates only about 50 examples are known. The latter comes from a mintage of only 12,462 coins. If numerically graded, the present representative would be near the Condition Census. But a light cleaning beneath deep olive-gray toning keeps this well-detailed rarity within the grasp of more budget-restricted collectors. A loupe reveals relatively smooth surfaces and little wear. This is absolutely an acceptable example of one of the keys to the Seated Liberty quarter series.

**1873-S Arrows Quarter, MS65
Condition Census Rarity**



- 3945 1873-S Arrows MS65 NGC. Briggs 2-B.** Nearly the entire mintage of 156,000 coins entered the channels of commerce, making the 1873-S very rare in all Mint State grades. The issue is the second-rarest Arrows quarter issue after the 1873-CC in high grades. Collectors seeking an example through AU condition should have little difficulty, but for those who demand one of perhaps 25 Uncirculated coins extant, patience is key. NGC and PCGS each list three coins in MS65 and none finer (11/16), possibly including one or two resubmissions or crossovers.

This Condition Census offering is a not-to-be-missed opportunity for series specialists. Mottled champagne-gold, russet, and olive hues embrace surfaces that remain frosty and brilliant beneath the iridescent patina. The left-hand stars are fully detailed, while the right-hand stars are typically flat, diagnostic of the variety. The eagle is boldly defined with a touch of softness on the olive leaves. A few small, dark toning spots on the reverse are the simplest pedigree markers. Wonderful preservation and eye appeal. NGC ID# BZMM, PCGS# 5493

- 3946 1877 MS66 PCGS.** The obverse of this Premium Gem exhibits delicate clash marks and die cracks, while the lower reverse has heavy peripheral die cracks through the letters. Gold, green, and iridescent toning appears over the entire obverse, and similar toning covers the lower half of the reverse. NGC ID# 23V5, PCGS# 5504

3947 1877 MS66 NGC. CAC. The 1877 is a popular type-coin issue in high grade. This CAC-approved Premium Gem displays well-struck motifs and rich, frosty luster. Near-brilliant interiors cede to peripheral halos of lavender and ocean-blue toning. Housed in a prior generation holder. Census: 57 in 66 (3 in 66+, 4 in 66 ★), 49 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23V5, PCGS# 5504

3948 1877-CC MS65 NGC. CAC. Briggs-Unlisted. Ex: Hilt Collection. The reverse is a match to Briggs' reverse A, but the obverse does not have the recut date numerals that are diagnostic of obverse 1. Both sides are notably semiprooflike in the fields, with mild die rust over the central motifs. Tinges of sky-blue in the peripheries accent warm sun-gold hues overall, and the corresponding eye appeal is exceptional. Census: 39 in 65 (1 in 65+), 21 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 14 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4127. NGC ID# 23V6, PCGS# 5505

3949 1877-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Attractive shades of champagne-gold and violet toning blanket the impeccably preserved surfaces of this Plus-graded Premium Gem, with well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster underneath. Population: 24 in 66 (12 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23V7, PCGS# 5506

3950 1877-S S Over Horizontal S, FS-501, MS63 PCGS. A delightfully toned example of the repunched mintmark classic, peach-gold and blue with an edge-and-center pattern on the obverse and a more patchwork appearance on the reverse. Radiant luster and fantastic eye appeal. Population: 7 in 63, 23 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Pittsburgh Signature* (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 3594. NGC ID# 23V7, PCGS# 145562 Base PCGS# 5506

3951 1878-CC MS64 NGC. The 1878 Bland-Allison Act compelled unprecedented mintages of silver dollars. The branch mints abandoned Seated coinage to strike the Morgan design. Nonetheless, Carson City managed to coin close to 1,000,000 quarters that year. This is a lustrous and sharply struck near-Gem with dusky russet-brown toning across the reverse periphery and most of the obverse. NGC ID# 23V9, PCGS# 5509

1879 Quarter Dollar, MS67 Low-Mintage Circulation Strike



3952 1879 MS67 NGC. A tiny die dot between the second and third vertical stripes in the reverse shield identifies this piece as one of the 13,600 circulation strike quarters of 1879, according to Larry Briggs. Both sides exhibit brilliant satin luster with reflective fields and lovely peripheral gold toning. Census: 27 in 67 (2 in 67 ★, 1 in 67+★), 7 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23VB, PCGS# 5511

1882 Seated Quarter, MS67 Brilliant and Frosty



3953 1882 MS67 NGC. Briggs 1-A. A brilliant and frost-white Superb Gem from a small mintage of just 15,200 circulation strikes. Marks are limited to a two or three light grazes on the frosty fields, but these are visible under a loupe and they are exceedingly minor. Some die clashing, as usual, on both sides appears under magnification. The strike is razor sharp with central details on the stars on either side of the head, and only star 1 lacking central definition. The 1 in the date shows a trace of repunching left of the base. Blazing silver luster covers both sides. Census: 10 in 67 (1 in 67★), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VE, PCGS# 5514

1885 Quarter, MS66 Low-Mintage Issue



3954 1885 MS66 PCGS. Briggs 2-A. The 1885 is among the low-mintage late-series issues that are highly popular with collectors, boasting a production of only 13,600 pieces. Mint State examples survive in collectible numbers due to contemporary hoarders, but high-end pieces are scarce. This Premium Gem displays a bold central strike and semiprooflike fields; the right-side obverse stars are weakly defined. The coin is brilliant with no distracting abrasions. Population: 37 in 66 (8 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VH, PCGS# 5517

1887 Seated Quarter, MS67+ Finest Example at PCGS



3955 1887 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Briggs 1-A. The 1887 Seated quarter is among the sought-after, low-mintage issues from the tail-end of the series, boasting a production of only 10,000 coins. Mint State examples survive in various grades but are nonetheless rare in Superb Gem condition. This Plus-designated coin is the sole finest at PCGS, and only a single MS68 coin is higher-grade at NGC. The strike is soft on the peripheral stars but well-defined on the central devices. Eye appeal is outstanding. Frosty luster illuminates lavender-gray and aquamarine toning, and the surfaces are beautifully preserved. Population: 13 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 8 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VK, PCGS# 5519

**1888 Quarter, MS65
Colorful Borders, Frosty Centers**



- 3956 1888 MS65 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 1-A.** The devices are generally well-struck, except for the obverse stars. Frosty surfaces remain untuned at the centers with beautiful russet and sea-green toning around the borders. Both sides of this luscious Gem are apparently pristine. A high-end example of this popular low-mintage date (10,000 coins struck).
Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2005)*, lot 6443. NGC ID# 23VL, PCGS# 5520

- 3957 1888 MS66 PCGS. Briggs 1-A.** Only 10,00 circulation strikes were produced in 1888, making the issue a sought-after semikey today. This colorful Premium Gem boasts melded shades of amber-gold, violet, and cobalt-blue. The centers are well-detailed, but the stars and olive leaves are soft. Highly appealing. Population: 61 in 66 (13 in 66+), 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VL, PCGS# 5520

1888 Quarter, Blaze-White MS66+



- 3958 1888 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Briggs 1-A.** While the 1888 is somewhat more available than its small 10,000-piece mintage might suggest, high-end Premium Gem coins are rare and in demand. This is an extraordinarily lustrous and frosty example, snow-white and silky smooth. Brilliant cartwheel luster radiates from the boldly struck centers, although the stars are not sharp. The top of Liberty's head and the foot lack some crispness, too, but the overwhelmingly vivid-white surfaces emanate an undeniable allure that trumps all. Population: 13 in 66+, 11 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VL, PCGS# 5520

- 3959 1890 MS66 PCGS. Briggs 2-B.** The 1890 has a mintage of 80,000 pieces. While a low figure, it was the largest production of quarters at the Philadelphia Mint since the advent of the Morgan dollar in 1878. This well preserved Premium has a forest-green obverse and a predominantly orange-gold reverse. Population: 24 in 66 (1 in 66+), 25 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VP, PCGS# 5523

**1891 Quarter, Splendid MS66+
Outstanding Quality**



- 3960 1891 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The Seated Liberty series concluded in 1891, when the Philadelphia Mint struck 3.9 million quarters. Many coins were saved in high grades as final-year souvenirs, explaining the availability of survivors through this remarkable grade level. However, this Plus-designated and CAC-approved Premium Gem is undeniably high-end for the grade with eye appeal to rival the finest coins known. Luminous mint frost percolates through an overlay of green, blue, and violet patina. The strike is strong with trivial softness on stars 10 through 13. Bold clash marks appear in the fields on each side. Population: 29 in 66 (4 in 66+), 4 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23VR, PCGS# 5524

**1891-O Quarter, Choice XF
In-Demand New Orleans Rarity**



- 3961 1891-O XF45 PCGS. CAC.** After a gap of 31 years, the New Orleans Mint resumed coinage of Seated dimes and quarters in 1891. The dimes are readily collectible, but the quarters are rare. Only 68,000 pieces were struck. Few were set aside, as collectors of the day generally paid little attention mintmarks. This Choice XF piece displays areas of gold, silver, and ice-blue color. Light scratches appear on both sides, but are partially concealed by the toning. Population: 7 in 45, 13 finer. CAC: 3 in 45, 4 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2013)*, lot 3344. NGC ID# 23VS, PCGS# 5525

**1891-O Quarter Dollar, MS63
Beautifully Toned and Prooflike**



- 3962 1891-O MS63 PCGS.** The 1891-O is the only post-Civil War Seated Liberty quarter struck at the New Orleans Mint. Only 68,000 pieces were produced, and Mint State examples are rare. This Select coin displays a bold strike with faint clash marks and reflective prooflike fields. Dusky champagne interiors cede to lavender, blue, and mint-green around the borders. Eye appeal surpasses expectations for the grade. Only light hairlines in the mirrored fields limit the numeric designation. Population: 3 in 63, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23VS, PCGS# 5525

PROOF SEATED QUARTERS

Patinated 1857 Quarter, PR65 Early, Better Proof Date



- 3963 1857 PR65 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 7-G.** The 1857 proof mintage is unrecorded, but undoubtedly small, since sales to the general public did not occur until 1858. Some were likely struck circa-1859, when Philadelphia "Midnight Mint" activity crested. PCGS estimates 75 to 100 1857 proofs are known. This sharply struck and unblemished Gem exhibits dappled forest-green, straw-gold, and lilac-red patina. Population: 4 in 65, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23WJ, PCGS# 5553

- 3964 1858 PR64 PCGS. Briggs 5-E.** This deeply mirrored Choice proof shows modest field-device contrast with a blush of light golden toning. The fields are incredibly reflective. The 1858 proof quarter is challenging in all grades and is highly popular as the first proof issue of the series that was directly marketed to collectors. Population: 14 in 64, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23WK, PCGS# 5554

- 3965 1858 PR64+ NGC. Briggs 5-E.** Ocean-blue dominates the obverse, as well as the reverse periphery. The reverse field is lilac-red. The obverse has a few small mint-made strike-throughs that suggest inexperience with proof production. 1858 was the first year that proofs were sold to the general public. The *Guide Book* estimates a proof mintage of 300 pieces. NGC ID# 23WK, PCGS# 5554

- 3966 1863 PR64 NGC. Briggs 4-D.** Surviving from a mintage of only 460 pieces, this Choice proof 1863 Seated quarter displays a full strike and deeply reflective fields. Dusky lavender-gray toning over each side precludes a Cameo designation. Census: 45 in 64, 26 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23WR, PCGS# 5559

1863 Quarter, Multicolor PR65 Elusive High-End Example



- 3967 1863 PR65 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 4-D.** QUAR. DOL. is lightly die doubled on this proof die pairing. With its small 460-coin mintage, the 1863 proof quarter is elusive in high grades. This Gem CAC coin displays razor-sharp detail and reflective mirroring with modest cameo contrast on the obverse. The obverse fields are colored in shades of orange-gold, violet, and ocean-blue, while the reverse shows bluish-gray borders around a champagne interior. Population: 13 in 65, 11 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23WR, PCGS# 5559

- 3968 1864 PR64 PCGS. Briggs 3-C.** Dappled ocean-blue and lavender toning endows the obverse fields. The reverse remains brilliant. Precisely struck and desirable. A loupe fails to locate perceptible hairlines. A Civil War date with a low proof mintage of 470 pieces. NGC ID# 23WS, PCGS# 5560

- 3969 1866 Motto PR65 PCGS. Briggs 2-B.** The butter-gold obverse margin frames the blue-green field and lilac-red center. The reverse is principally aquamarine, but displays cherry-red shades across the periphery. Intricately struck and flashy.
Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 3624, which realized \$2,350. NGC ID# 23WX, PCGS# 5565

- 3970 1867 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Mintage was low for both business strikes (20,000 pieces) and proofs (625 pieces). This is an impressive, deeply mirrored proof whose cameo contrast is evident even through the deep rose and cobalt-blue toning. It is coins such as this that underscore the terrific buys in today's type coin market. Population: 10 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 7 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23WY, PCGS# 85566

- 3971 1869 PR66 NGC. Briggs 2-B, Flynn-DDO-001.** The horizontal lines within Liberty's shield are lightly die doubled. Forest-green borders frame rose-red fields and cream-gray devices. A nicely struck and undisturbed specimen. A mere 600 proofs were issued. NGC ID# 29SH, PCGS# 5568

1869 Quarter, Toned PR66 Attractive and Conditionally Rare



- 3972 1869 PR66 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B.** The appeal of the proof 1869 Seated quarter is drawn substantially from the rarity of Mint State circulation strikes, but it is itself scarce in high grade. The proof issue had a mintage of 600 pieces, and this Premium Gem is tied for the finest non-Cameo survivor at PCGS (11/16). The design elements are boldly brought up amid glasslike mirroring in the fields. Both sides display vivid multicolor toning, and the eye appeal is exceptional. The obverse is lightly die doubled, as always on the proof issue. Population: 7 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 29SH, PCGS# 5568

1871 Seated Quarter, PR68
The Sole Finest Certified
From the Gardner Collection



3973 1871 PR68 NGC. Briggs 1-A, the proof die pair. Breen's *Proof Encyclopedia* recognizes two varieties, one with an earlier date logotype where the 71 nearly touch, another where the 71 are apart. The present offering is of the latter variety, which Breen contends makes up the majority of proofs. Because many of the 118,200 business strikes were probably destroyed in the 1873 silver melt, demand is high among date collectors for high-grade proofs.

Splashes of soft cobalt-blue, lavender, and russet cascade over both sides of this gorgeous Superb Gem proof, and the design elements are boldly defined. Close inspection reveals impeccably cared-for surfaces, further enhancing the coin's overall eye appeal. Certified in a prior generation holder.

Ex: Jason Carter (9/2011); Eugene H. Gardner, Sr. Collection (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98386; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 5342. NGC ID# 23X4, PCGS# 5570

3974 1873 Arrows PR64 PCGS. Briggs 5-D. Ocean-blue toning dominates the obverse. The reverse has a ruby-red and sun-gold margin bounding an apple-green center. Crisply struck and undisturbed. The Arrows, Motto proof subtype has a mintage of 1,200 pieces: 500 in 1873 and 700 in 1874. NGC ID# 23XR, PCGS# 5574

1873 Arrows Quarter, PR64
In-Demand for Type Purposes



3975 1873 Arrows PR64 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 5-D. While only slightly scarcer as a proof than other contemporary issues, there is significantly more demand for the 1873 Arrows as a type coin. This is an almost brilliant example with just the slightest accent of russet toning around the margins. A few light marks are minimal for the PR64 grade. Population: 34 in 64, 17 finer. CAC: 6 in 64, 3 finer (11/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3442. NGC ID# 23XR, PCGS# 5574

3976 1874 Arrows PR64 PCGS. Briggs 5-D. The Arrows, Motto subtype is scarce in proof format, as it was struck for just two years. This Choice specimen displays golden-brown and ocean-blue borders. The devices are moderately frosted. Minor contact on Liberty's legs determines the grade. NGC ID# 23XS, PCGS# 5575

3977 1874 Arrows PR64 PCGS. Briggs 5-D. The final year of the short-lived Arrows, Motto type, first adopted in 1873 when the Mint converted to the metric system. This well struck and unmarked Choice proof has pearl-white centers and a blush of peach-red toning near the rims. NGC ID# 23XS, PCGS# 5575

1874 Arrows Quarter, PR66+
Two-Year Proof Subtype



3978 1874 Arrows PR66+ PCGS. Briggs 5-D. Cherry-red, ocean-blue, and apricot-gold toning enriches the margins. The devices are stone-gray. This sharply struck and undisturbed Premium Gem exhibits exemplary eye appeal, and is one of only 700 proofs issued. A two-year design subtype. Population: 27 in 66 (15 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XS, PCGS# 5575

1876 Quarter, PR67
Beautiful Pastel Shades



- 3979** 1876 PR67 PCGS Secure. CAC. Type Two Reverse. Pastel shades of lavender, champagne, and mint-green are blended together across the immaculately preserved surfaces of this impressive Superb Gem proof. From a generous mintage of 1,150 pieces, struck in anticipation of the nation's Centennial celebration. Population: 2 in 67 (1 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 2 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TWJ, PCGS# 5577

1876 Seated Quarter, PR66+ Cameo
Rarely Seen Finer



- 3980** 1876 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. Briggs 9-J. A fairly generous mintage of 1,410 proof Seated Liberty quarters was struck in 1876, probably in anticipation of increased collector demand for this centennial issue. This Plus-graded Premium Gem displays sharply rendered design elements and deeply mirrored fields with dramatic field/device contrast. The well-preserved surfaces show a few hints of pale gold toning. Population: 4 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 3 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23X8, PCGS# 85577
- 3981** 1878 PR65 PCGS. CAC. Briggs 4-D. Type Two Reverse. Attractive blue-green toning graces both fields. The motifs are gunmetal-gray, and the borders display butter-gold patina. A fully struck and flashy Gem with exemplary preservation. NGC ID# 23XA, PCGS# 5579
- 3982** 1878 PR66+ NGC. Briggs 4-D. Type Two Reverse. A faint die crack between stars 3 and 4, and a die lump at the left base of Liberty's staff identify the obverse. The reverse die, one of two employed for proofs in 1878, shows a prominent die lump between horizontal lines 3 and 4 on the shield. A high circulation-strike mintage of over 2.2 million coins makes the 800 proofs far more elusive in relative terms. Census: 9 in 66 (1 in 66+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XA, PCGS# 5579

1881 Seated Quarter, PR67
Comprehensive Multicolor Toning



- 3983** 1881 PR67 PCGS. Briggs 2-B, Flynn-RPD-001. The 8s in the date are repunched within the loops. A well struck Superb Gem with rich ocean-blue and lavender centers. The margins are sun-gold and peach-red. From the mintage of 975 pieces, few have survived in the present exceptional quality. Population: 8 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XD, PCGS# 5582
- 3984** 1882 PR65 PCGS. Sea-green, caramel-gold, and rose-red toning embrace this flashy and fully struck Gem. Unblemished and desirable. Another low mintage date due to relentless silver dollar coinage. Ex: Fort Worth Signature (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 804; FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2012), lot 3593. NGC ID# 23XE, PCGS# 5583

1884 Quarter, Toned PR67
Low Total-Mintage Date



- 3985** 1884 PR67 PCGS. A low total-mintage date with 8,000 strikes for circulation plus another 875 proofs for collectors. The allure of the low mintage undoubtedly caused many to set aside examples of this date, but at the PR67 level it is definitely a condition rarity. Each side is lightly toned and the proof mirrors flash strongly through the color. The obverse is pale golden-rose while the reverse is teal with a dab of deep rose to the left of the eagle's head. Fully struck throughout. Population: 8 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TWH, PCGS# 5585
- 3986** 1885 PR65 Cameo NGC. CAC. Briggs 3-B. Ex: Hilt Collection. Warm lavender-gold toning yields areas of sky-blue on each side of this Gem Cameo proof, while the strike is sharp and the surfaces are free of mentionable distractions. Softly frosted design elements deliver pleasing contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. Census: 17 in 65 Cameo (2 in 65 ★), 25 finer. CAC: 8 in 65, 11 finer (10/16). Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4161. NGC ID# 23XH, PCGS# 85586

**1885 Quarter, PR65 Deep Cameo
Rich Peripheral Patina**



- 3987** 1885 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Briggs 3-B. Cherry-red and cobalt-blue toning adorns the margins of this attractive Gem. Icy motifs contrast with mirrored fields. The strike is sharp except on the uppermost stars. A lens reveals only delicate contact. One of 930 proofs produced. As of (11/16), PCGS has certified only three examples as Deep Cameo. NGC ID# 23XH, PCGS# 95586

**1886 Seated Quarter, PR67+
Registry Set Candidate**



- 3988** 1886 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. A nominal mintage of 886 proof Seated Liberty quarters was accomplished at the Philadelphia Mint in 1886, with all the coins struck for inclusion in the proof sets. Business strikes of this issue are quite rare, placing considerable pressure on the small supply of proofs to satisfy collector demand.

The present coin is an exceptional Superb Gem proof, devoid of contact marks or hairlines and patinated in rich lavender-gray, gold, violet, and pine-green hues. The fields are deeply mirrored and the only weakness in the relief elements is trivial softness on the left obverse stars, not unusual for the issue. The obverse exhibits modest cameo contrast. Population: 11 in 67 (3 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XJ, PCGS# 5587

**1886 Quarter, PR67 ★ Ultra Cameo
Few Known This Fine**



- 3989** 1886 PR67 ★ Ultra Cameo NGC. Briggs 2-B. Proof Seated Liberty type quarters don't come much nicer than this. The strike is fully rendered, and the level of contrast between the mirrored fields and frost-white devices is immediately eye-catching. This proof 1886 quarter is devoid of toning and shows no mentionable marks. Finer Ultra Cameos are prohibitively rare. Census: 7 in 67 Ultra Cameo (1 in 67+, 2 in 67 ★), 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23XJ, PCGS# 95587

**1887 Quarter, PR66 Cameo
Iridescent Patina**



- 3990** 1887 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Ex: Simpson. The Mint limited quarter dollar output to 10,000 circulation strikes and 710 proofs in 1887, as none were needed for circulation. Proofs often stand in for their business-strike counterparts, which can be difficult to obtain in high grades. This splendid Premium Gem proof shows eye-catching Cameo contrast uninhibited by the iridescent toning that shrouds each side. Colors include orange, rose, and blue. Population: 5 in 66 Cameo, 3 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XK, PCGS# 85588

- 3991** 1888 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Ex: Simpson. Reflective surfaces flash beneath a layer of peach-orange, lavender-rose, and magenta toning, allowing for considerable contrast between the frosty seated Liberty and the glassy obverse field. The CAC endorsement is well-deserved. The 1888 had a low total mintage of 10,833 pieces, 832 of which represented proof strikes. Population: 8 in 66 Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XL, PCGS# 85589

- 3992** 1889 PR66+ PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B. Collectors often turn to one of the 711 proofs struck in 1889 instead of the elusive circulation strikes. It should be noted, though, that specimens as fine as this are rarities in their own right. Original dusky patina drapes each side, including shades of violet and blue. The mirrors remain flashy underneath. Population: 16 in 66 (2 in 66+), 5 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 44CX, PCGS# 5590

- 3993** 1889 PR64 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Briggs 2-B. The obverse rim and all reverse high points exhibit thick Mint frost. The obverse displays autumn-gold and rose toning on the left and lower field, while the reverse is brilliant save for a glimpse of peach patina along the periphery. NGC ID# 23XM, PCGS# 95590

**1891 Quarter, PR66
Final-Year Proof, Lovely Toning**



- 3994** 1891 PR66 NGC. CAC. This final-year proof is one of 600 Seated Liberty quarter specimens struck in 1891. The CAC approval sticker is well-deserved, as each side offers gorgeous shades of lilac-gray, olive, and ice-blue patina that fail to mar reflectivity in the fields. Housed in a prior generation holder. Census: 22 in 66 (1 in 66+), 17 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XP, PCGS# 5592

BARBER QUARTERS

- 3995 1892 MS65+ PCGS.** Type One Reverse. The reverse is lightly die doubled, strongest on UNITED and QUARTER, similar to FS-801 but a different, *Cherry-pickers'*-unlisted variety. Well struck and lustrous with aquamarine, navy-blue, chestnut-gold, and orange toning. NGC ID# 23XT, PCGS# 5601

1892 Quarter, MS67 Magnificent Rainbow Toning



- 3996 1892 MS67 PCGS.** Type One Reverse. Splendid forest-green, dove-gray, and lavender toning encompasses this lustrous and unabraded high-grade Barber type coin. The strike is bold except for blending on the eagle's claws and fletchings. The 1892 was set aside in quantity as the first issue of a new design, but few survivors approach the pristine quality of the present Superb Gem. Population: 34 in 67 (5 in 67+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XT, PCGS# 5601

1892-O Barber Quarter, MS66+ Ideal Early Branch Mint Type Coin



- 3997 1892-O MS66+ PCGS.** CAC. Type One Reverse. The 1892-O Barber quarter represents the first year of the design, making it a popular choice of mintmark type collectors. This high-end Premium Gem exhibits a sharper-than-average strike and virtually pristine lustrous surfaces under shades of lavender-gray and golden-brown toning. Population: 19 in 66 (3 in 66+), 4 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XU, PCGS# 5602

1892-S Type Two Quarter, MS66 Ex: Steven Duckor Collection



- 3998 1892-S MS66 PCGS Secure.** CAC. Ex: Duckor. Type Two Reverse. An intricately struck example draped in freckled golden-brown, lavender, and sea-green toning. The coruscating surfaces are well preserved, since the reverse appears immaculate, and the obverse shows only incidental contact. The Duckor pedigree contributes further to the appeal. Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 1 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Steven Duckor Collection of Barber Quarters* (Heritage, 8/2009), lot 1090; *Chicago ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 3600. NGC ID# 23XV, PCGS# 5603

- 3999 1892-S/S Repunched Mintmark, FS-501, MS64 PCGS.** Type One Reverse. The mintmark is sharply repunched southeast. A satiny and well struck near-Gem with impressively clean surfaces. Casual collectors are said to set aside pieces from the first year of issue, but the 1892-S is an exception, since it is very scarce in Mint State. Population: 22 in 64, 14 finer (10/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 753. PCGS# 146098 Base PCGS# 5603

1894-O Quarter, Frosty MS66 Among the Finest at PCGS



- 4000 1894-O MS66 PCGS.** CAC. The 1894-O is a slightly better date in Uncirculated condition, and none are finer than the Premium Gem level at PCGS. This CAC coin displays sharp detail in almost all areas, lacking only slightly on the eagle's right (facing) talons — outstanding for a New Orleans issue from the 1890s. Frosty luster illuminates lavender-gray, olive-gold, and subtle greenish toning on each side. Liberty's cheek is particularly clean. Population: 12 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Y2, PCGS# 5608

1894-S Quarter, MS66
Extremely Rare This Well-Preserved



- 4001 1894-S MS66 PCGS.** Splashes of purple-amber, gold, and teal appear on each side of this Premium Gem 1894-S Barber quarter, although much more prominently on the obverse. Most of the reverse remains brilliant with daubs of purple coloration. This piece is fully struck and beautifully preserved. The 1894-S is elusive in Gem condition and rarely seen finer. Population: 4 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Y3, PCGS# 5609

1895 Barber Quarter, MS66+
Beautifully Preserved



- 4002 1895 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1895 Barber quarter is seldom seen at the Premium Gem grade level, and finer coins are extremely rare. This piece is fully worthy of the MS66+ designation, showing satiny luster that is free of distracting abrasions. Uncommonly bold definition characterizes the devices and each side shows soft lavender-gray and champagne toning. Population: 17 in 66 (2 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23Y4, PCGS# 5610

1896-O Quarter, MS64
Satiny and Brilliant



- 4003 1896-O MS64 PCGS.** Sharply detailed in most areas, this impressive Choice Uncirculated quarter shows just a touch of softness on the lower-left stars. A few delicate hints of golden-tan toning testify to this coin's originality. The well-preserved surfaces radiate satiny mint luster on both sides, and eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 9 in 64 (1 in 64+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Y8, PCGS# 5614

1896-O Barber Quarter, MS66
Lovely Original Toning



- 4004 1896-O MS66 NGC.** Somewhat overshadowed by its San Francisco counterpart, the 1896-O is an underrated semikey in high grades. Mint State representatives are scarce, regardless of grade, and pieces grading finer than even the MS63 level are genuinely rare. The Premium Gem example here offered is truly outstanding. Glowing luster highlights the frosty, well-preserved surfaces. Warm central hues of amber and gold yield to deeper aquamarine around the peripheries, while close study of Liberty's cheek and other problem areas fails to reveal any noteworthy abrasions. The reverse is unusually well-struck, although the obverse shows trivial weakness on several stars. Census: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Y8, PCGS# 5614

1896-S Quarter, AU Details
Toned and Sharp



- 4005 1896-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** An About Uncirculated 1896-S quarter is out of reach for many Barber series collectors, but this lightly cleaned and long retoned example may be accessible. The coin is sharply detailed and displays mottled olive-green and russet patina. Little high-point wear is observed. The 1896-S is one of the three big keys in the series, challenging in all grades.

1896-S Quarter, AU Details



- 4006 1896-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU.** The 1896-S is one of the three keys to the Barber quarter series, along with the 1901-S and 1913-S. The significance of its low mintage was unknown to the general public, and most survivors are in Very Good or lower grades. The present example shows only light wear, but the untuned surfaces are subdued and microgranular from dipping.

1896-S Quarter, Sharp AU53
High-End Example of This Key Date



4007 1896-S AU53 PCGS. Dusky pewter-gray toning gives the luster of this AU 1896-S quarter a flat texture, although close examination of the design elements fails to reveal any mentionable wear. Liberty's cheek is clean, and there are no distracting abrasions. Clash marks from the horizontal shield lines are seen inside Liberty's ear. The 1896-S is a scarce issue in this high of a grade, being among the top three keys of the series overall. Population: 6 in 53, 44 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Y9, PCGS# 5615

4008 1897-O MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1897-O Barber quarter has a reported mintage of 1.4 million pieces, but the issue is scarce-to-rare in all Mint State grades. This attractive Choice example exhibits well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under shades of greenish-gold and lavender-gray toning. Scarce with CAC endorsement. Population: 13 in 64, 38 finer. CAC: 2 in 64, 6 finer (10/16).
Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 3652. NGC ID# 23YB, PCGS# 5617

1900-O Barber Quarter, MS65
Well-Preserved Branch Mint Issue



4009 1900-O MS65 PCGS. The design elements of this impressive Gem Barber quarter exhibit razor-sharp definition throughout and the well-preserved lustrous surfaces are enhanced by shades of magenta and golden-brown toning. Overall eye appeal is excellent. Population: 12 in 65, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YL, PCGS# 5626

1900-O Quarter, Brilliant MS65



4010 1900-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse. A faintly toned and thoroughly lustrous Gem with exceptionally smooth fields and devices. The right-side stars, fletchings, and right wingtip are typically struck, but the remainder of the design is bold. Rare as a Gem despite a plentiful mintage of 3.4 million coins. Population: 12 in 65, 11 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YL, PCGS# 5626

1900-O Quarter, MS66
Lustrous and Nearly Untoned



4011 1900-O MS66 NGC. Type Two Obverse, Type Two Reverse. The surfaces of this impressive piece are brilliant save for the lightest blushes of silver-tinged iridescence. Liberty's portrait is sufficiently sharp for an O-mint delivery of this type, although we note some striking incompleteness on a few of the obverse star centers and the high points of the reverse eagle. Creamy mint frost overlies both sides, and no abrasions are out of context with the assigned grade. Census: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2002), lot 6553; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2010), lot 1092. NGC ID# 23YL, PCGS# 5626

1901-S Quarter, Good 4
Unchallenged Cornerstone Issue



4012 1901-S Good 4 PCGS. The 1901-S is the unchallenged cornerstone issue among Barber quarters with an ultra-low mintage of 72,664 coins. Most survivors are heavily circulated, as the coins were used extensively in Western trade. This steel-gray example shows a clear portrait outline and strong peripheral detail around the obverse. The reverse border is well-worn, but the legends and mintmark remain visible.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 23YR, PCGS# 5630

1901-S Quarter, Good 4
Problem-Free CAC Coin



4013 1901-S Good 4 PCGS. CAC. The 1901-S is one of the three major keys in the Barber quarter series and is heavily sought in problem-free, low-grade condition. This CAC-endorsed Good 4 coin displays original circulation-cameo coloration with battleship-gray devices and deeper pewter-gray fields. The obverse rim is bold, although the reverse rim merges with the legends in a few spots. The mintmark is clear. A small graze below Liberty's chin is the only noticed imperfection, which is invisible without the aid of a loupe. NGC ID# 23YR, PCGS# 5630

**1901-S Quarter, Very Fine Details
Conditionally Rare Series Key**



- 4014 1901-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF.** The 1901-S is key to the Barber quarter series. Partly due to the 1906 San Francisco earthquake and fire, the issue is rarer than the lower mintage 1913-S. Most survivors are in AG through VG grades. The present example has Very Fine sharpness but the stone-gray surfaces are microgranular, and the reverse is hairlined.

**1902 Quarter, Frosty MS66+
Exceptional Visual Appeal**



- 4015 1902 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The razor-sharp details and full, gleaming luster attract immediate attention. Only gradually does the viewer become aware of subtle peach and plum patina at the periphery with soft champagne cast over the centers. The 1902 quarter is rarely seen this fine and is extremely rare any finer. Population: 35 in 66 (3 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23YS, PCGS# 5631

1902-S Quarter, Razor-Sharp Gem



- 4016 1902-S MS65 PCGS.** The scarcity of the 1902-S Barber quarter becomes noticeable in higher circulated grades, and Mint State examples are particularly elusive. This Premium Gem is far finer than the typical example with an average certified grade of AU50. The strike is razor-sharp throughout. Frosty surfaces are beautifully preserved. The obverse glows with original amber, gold, and olive hues, while the reverse is a little brighter, showing similar shades around the periphery but pastel lavender and turquoise in the center. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YU, PCGS# 5633

- 4017 1903 MS65 NGC.** Radiant luster exudes from the silver-white surfaces of this gorgeous Gem quarter, and an exacting strike leaves crisp detail on all of the design features. Both sides display a semi-frost finish, and are devoid of serious marks. Census: 3 in 65, 4 finer (10/16).

Ex: *The Plymouth Collection, FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009)*, lot 2503. NGC ID# 23YV, PCGS# 5634

**1903-O Quarter, MS66
Just One Coin Certified Finer**



- 4018 1903-O MS66 PCGS.** David Lawrence once regarded the 1903-O as being on par with the 1896-S in Gem condition. Today, the population data reveals the former to be slightly more available than the latter in high grades, but the two issues are more alike than the wide price disparity would suggest. Richly toned surfaces exhibit well-defined motifs and few marks concealed beneath a layer of olive, gold, violet, and blue patina. Population: 7 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YW, PCGS# 5635

- 4019 1903-S MS65 PCGS.** A seldom seen Gem Mint State example of this heavily circulated San Francisco issue. The eagle's right (facing) talons and a few right-hand obverse stars are a trifle soft, but the strike is otherwise sharp. Satiny luster yields shades of lavender-gold, gray, and steel-blue toning. Population: 17 in 65, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YX, PCGS# 5636

**1903-S Quarter, Toned MS66
Few Known This Fine**



- 4020 1903-S MS66 PCGS.** An impressively sharp strike and vibrant, frosty mint luster deliver pleasing eye appeal on this Premium Gem 1903-S quarter. Deep olive-green and lavender-gray toning appears over otherwise pale champagne patina on each side, masking any insignificant surface flaws. The 1903-S is a major rarity this well-preserved. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YX, PCGS# 5636

1903-S Quarter, MS66+
Seemingly Unmarked



- 4021 1903-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** CoinFacts estimates that of the 1 million quarters struck at San Francisco in 1903, perhaps 175 coins survive in Uncirculated condition. The website's approximation drops to just 50 pieces at the Gem grade level or better. With no more than 18 examples certified in Premium Gem or higher at PCGS and NGC combined, Registry Set specialists should capitalize on this opportunity. This fresh San Francisco Premium Gem exhibits sharp strike definition. Only the lower feathers and right talon are trivially incomplete, while the stars, headband, hair, and wing feathers are crisply rendered. Nearly brilliant surfaces abound with frosty mint luster and display a faint trace of gold toning toward the rims. Each side appears unmarked to the naked eye. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YX, PCGS# 5636

1904 Quarter, Toned MS66
Nearly Unsurpassed Preservation



- 4022 1904 MS66 PCGS.** Both sides are fully patinated but vary wildly in appearance. The obverse displays magenta and orange at the border that cede to violet-gray and bluish-green centrally. On the other side, dusky lavender hues dominate, intermixed with ice-blue and olive tones. The motifs are well-defined with areas of localized softness. Surface preservation is nearly unsurpassed. Population: 11 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YY, PCGS# 5637

1904-O Quarter, MS67
None Certified Finer



- 4023 1904-O MS67 PCGS.** The New Orleans Mint delivered 2.4 million quarters in 1904, a total consistent with most of the other O-mint deliveries in the Barber quarter series. Since few Southerners in the early 20th century deliberately preserved the products of the branch mint in Louisiana, the rarity of the issue in high grades is such that only the most fortunate collectors will have the opportunity to acquire any Mint State representative, let alone one of the finest-certified examples.

When we first handled this piece in 2001, the consignor provided us with substantial pedigree information. Since we are unable to verify the information, it is included only for the benefit of interested bidders. The first sale of this coin was supposedly conducted by the Gutttag Brothers in the 1920s, after which it appeared in Marty Haber's Emory Nichols Sale and an unknown Christie's sale in either 1988 or 1989. Deeply and original toned, the surfaces display lavender-gray patina with cobalt-blue shades intermingled over the right reverse. The preservation is extraordinary with both sides free of even the most trivial abrasion. The frosty luster provides a shimmering, cartwheel sheen, and the strike is well above-average for an O-mint issue. Population: 3 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC lists a single Superb Gem, also with none finer.

Ex: Glenn J. Church Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2001), lot 6968; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98575. NGC ID# 23YZ, PCGS# 5638

1906-D Quarter, Frosty MS66
Few Available This Fine



- 4024 1906-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Beautifully preserved, frosty luster shows a hint of champagne color as it illuminates this Premium Gem Barber quarter type coin. The fletchings on the reverse exhibit the only mentionable strike weakness. Liberty's cheek is clean. The 1906-D is rare this fine and prohibitively so any finer. Population: 8 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23Z6, PCGS# 5643

1907-S Quarter, MS66
San Francisco Condition Rarity



- 4025 1907-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Considerably fewer quarters were struck at the San Francisco Mint than at Philadelphia, Denver, or New Orleans in 1907, and all but a small fraction of the 1.3 million examples produced have been lost through attrition. Mottled blue and lavender shades intermingle over both sides with splashes of golden-tan hues and radiant, softly frosted luster throughout. Strongly struck with moderate incompleteness over the reverse shield and the lower portion of the eagle. Housed in an old green label holder. Population: 8 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 2 finer (11/16).

Ex: Craig M. Morgan, M.D. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 11/1998), lot 151; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98588. NGC ID# 23ZB, PCGS# 5648

1909-O Barber Quarter, MS63
Low-Mintage, Final O-Mint Issue



- 4026 1909-O MS63 PCGS Secure.** Only 712,000 Barber quarters were struck at the New Orleans Mint in 1909, the final year of coinage operations at the famous Southern facility. Dusky shades of golden-brown and lavender-gray toning blanket the lightly marked surfaces of this impressive Select specimen, with satiny mint luster underneath. Population: 15 in 63, 26 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23ZJ, PCGS# 5655

1909-O Quarter, MS64
Scarce, Low-Mintage New Orleans Issue



- 4027 1909-O MS64 PCGS Secure.** The 1909-O is scarce across the board, where even XF and AU coins are challenging to find. High-grade Uncirculated examples are rare. This is an exceptional near-Gem example — lustrous and appealing, with richly toned surfaces that display blue and amber-gold shades and no mentionable marks. The strike is well above average for the New Orleans issue, struck in the swan song year of the Southern Mint. Population: 18 in 64, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23ZJ, PCGS# 5655

- 4028 1913 MS65 PCGS.** This Gem 1913 Barber quarter is conditionally scarce and is among the finer examples of the issue that can be obtained by budget-conscious collectors. The surfaces are frosty and well-preserved with soft champagne toning overall. The eagle's right (facing) wing junction is a trifle soft, but the remaining design elements are boldly defined. Population: 31 in 65 (1 in 65+), 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23ZU, PCGS# 5664

- 4029 1913-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF.** The 1913-S is the lowest mintage issue of the series, and a supermajority of certified examples are in AG through Fine grades. This pearl-white representative has VF sharpness, but is a bit bright from a wipe. The field is raised near the A in STATES and the first A in AMERICA.

- 4030 1916-D MS67 NGC.** Barber quarter output at the Denver Mint nearly doubled in the series' final year, rising to 6.5 million coins. Examples are rarely found so well-preserved. Blended rainbow hues color the obverse, while the reverse is almost fully brilliant. Detail is needle-sharp. Census: 15 in 67 (2 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2426, PCGS# 5674

PROOF BARBER QUARTERS

1892 Quarter, PR67
Brilliant With Peripheral Toning



- 4031 1892 PR67 NGC. CAC.** Type Two Reverse. Each side of this mostly brilliant Superb Gem proof exhibits daubs of violet and russet patina around virtually untuned centers. Certain motifs are partly frosted, generating areas of contrast between the mirrored fields. That is particularly evident on the reverse. The 1892 represents the first year in the Barber quarter series. Ideal type. Census: 22 in 67, 15 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2427, PCGS# 5678

1892 Quarter, PR67 Cameo
Type Two Reverse



- 4032 1892 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Type Two Reverse. The portrait and eagle are frosty, and rise above the glassy fields in full definition. A pristine Superb Gem of the introductory year proof Barber quarter. Although the 1892 has the largest proof production of the series, examples are rarely encountered with the eye appeal of the present piece. Population: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+) Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# CEF4, PCGS# 85678

- 4033 1893 PR66 NGC. CAC. The obverse on its own would likely garner a Cameo designation, mostly a highly reflective silver-white piece in the fields with fully frosted ivory-white devices complementing rim accents of cobalt-blue and amber. The reverse is a much deeper color, olive-green with tinges of blue. The strike is full throughout, but there is minimal reflectivity on the reverse. Census: 52 in 66 (1 in 66★), 30 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2428, PCGS# 5679

1893 Barber Quarter, Richly Toned PR68 ★
Sole Star Coin at This Grade Level



- 4034 1893 PR68 ★ NGC. CAC. This exceptional proof displays slightly deeper toning on the reverse than on the obverse, with the overall appeal of a coin from an old-time proof set. The mirroring in the fields is sufficiently deep to set off cameo contrast against the central obverse device, but the depth of color on the reverse makes this effect less obvious. Pale rose and patches of deeper blue are seen on the obverse, while the reverse displays deeper shades of the same rose color in the center and blue around the margin. As indicated by the staggeringly high grade, the surfaces are essentially perfect. Census: 8 in 68 (1 in 68★), 2 finer. CAC: 3 in 68, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2428, PCGS# 5679

1897 Barber Quarter, PR68
Exceptionally Sharp Detail
Sole CAC Example



- 4035 1897 PR68 PCGS. CAC. Noticeable field-motif contrast is present on the obverse, although the reverse is a bit too deeply toned to warrant a Cameo designation from PCGS. Rich hues of amber-gold, violet, and aquamarine encompass each side, and the underlying design elements showcase spectacular, full definition. By 1897, the novelty of the Barber quarter had passed and collectors' dislike of the design in general was fully reflected by the proof sales, which dropped to a then-all-time low of 731 pieces. A small number of high-end survivors are known, however, and they are in strong demand by modern-day specialists.
Ex: Purchased privately from Heritage (5/2001) by Eugene Gardner; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98424. NGC ID# 242C, PCGS# 5683

1898 Quarter, PR66+ Deep Cameo
Excellent Contrast and Mirroring



- 4036 1898 PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS. This is a conditionally scarce Cameo proof with a full strike and deep mirroring in the fields. Light golden toning appears on each side, deepest around the rims, while the reverse also displays a covering of dusky tan-gold patina over the lower half. Population: 5 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242D, PCGS# 95684

1899 Quarter, PR67 Cameo
Profound Reverse Contrast



- 4037 1899 PR67 Cameo NGC. Less than a third of the 1899 proof quarter submissions at NGC have received a Cameo designation, attesting to the scarcity of the issue with significant field reflectivity, as here. This brilliant Superb Gem specimen has flashy mirrors on each side, but contrast is particularly profound on the reverse. Census: 9 in 67 Cameo (1 in 67★), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242E, PCGS# 85685

**1900 Quarter, PR67 Cameo
Richly Toned With Bold Contrast**



- 4038 1900 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The design elements of this delightful Barber quarter exhibit razor-sharp definition and a rich coat of mint frost that creates intense Cameo contrast with the deeply reflective fields. Impeccably preserved surfaces are enhanced by spectacular shades of golden-brown, cerulean-blue, and magenta toning. Population: 13 in 67 (1 in 67+) Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 10 in 67, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242F, PCGS# 85686

1901 Quarter, Colorfully Toned PR67



- 4039 1901 PR67 NGC.** Aquamarine, mauve-red, gunmetal-gray, and sunset-gold toning encompasses this sharply struck and exemplary Superb Gem proof. The mirrored fields are undisturbed beneath the comprehensive and vibrant toning that covers both sides. A wonderfully original and richly colorful proof with terrific eye appeal. Census: 27 in 67 (1 in 67+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242G, PCGS# 5687

- 4040 1903 PR65+ PCGS.** The toning on this high-end Gem includes shades of rose-red and lime-green on the obverse. The reverse features ocean-blue and sun-gold. Population: 47 in 65 (1 in 65+), 41 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 6/2013), lot 3397. NGC ID# 242J, PCGS# 5689

- 4041 1903 PR66 PCGS.** Light to medium butter-gold and lilac-red toning endows the obverse. The reverse is deeply patinated lavender-red and cobalt-blue. A fully struck and unblemished Premium Gem, one of only 755 proofs produced. Encapsulated in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 242J, PCGS# 5689

**1903 Quarter, PR67 ★
Finest Non-Cameo With Star
Ex: Eric P. Newman**



- 4042 1903 PR67 ★ NGC.** Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection. Reddish and golden-brown, cobalt-blue, and lavender patination around the borders frames the mostly silvery central motifs. The design features are fully impressed and both sides are immaculately preserved. This Superb Gem is the single finest 1903 non-Cameo given the Star designation (11/16), affirming the coin's exceptional eye appeal. Census: 40 in 67 (1 in 67 ★), 9 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society*; *Eric P. Newman Collection, Part II* (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33243. NGC ID# 242J, PCGS# 5689

- 4043 1903 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** A brilliant, scarce Premium Gem Cameo with liquidlike mirroring in the fields and sharp, frosty design elements. The untuned surfaces are devoid of distractions, delivering strong eye appeal. Population: 12 in 66 Cameo, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242J, PCGS# 85689

**1904 Quarter, Toned PR68
Moderate Obverse Contrast**



- 4044 1904 PR68 NGC. CAC.** A dash of turquoise rim toning graces the upper obverse border, while the remainder of that side displays rich golden color; the reverse has a deep blend of aquamarine, lavender, and mint-green hues. This sharp 1904 proof quarter is a great rarity at the PR68 level and is the only so-graded non-Cameo at CAC. The obverse is noticeably contrasted, the reverse less so. Housed in a prior generation holder. Census: 5 in 68 (1 in 68 ★), 1 finer. CAC: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242K, PCGS# 5690

- 4045 1904 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Ex: Teich Family Collection. Medium autumn-gold toning embraces this fully struck and exemplary proof quarter. The motifs are nonetheless luminous. One tiny spot is noted above the arrowheads. Population: 4 in 64 Cameo, 15 finer (10/16).
Ex: *T.K. Harvin Collection* (Stack's, 6/1959), lot 872; *New York Signature* (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 3686; *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 9/2014), lot 4054. NGC ID# 242K, PCGS# 85690

**1904 Quarter, PR66 Cameo
Beautifully Preserved, Bold Contrast**



- 4046 1904 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** An attractive, translucent overlay of bluish-umber toning across the reflective fields does not restrain the underlying silver mirroring of this Premium Gem proof. The central motifs are silver-white and frosted with a mere hint of toning on Liberty's neck, easily earning the Cameo designation. Only about a dozen Cameo proofs exist at each of the two services in MS66 or finer. This example is razor-sharp with CAC endorsement. Population: 6 in 66 Cameo, 5 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242K, PCGS# 85690

**1905 Quarter, Toned PR67
From the Childs Collection**



- 4047 1905 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** This piece is believed to have had only two different owners for more than a century of its existence. Another opportunity to acquire this outstanding proof may not occur for another long span of years. "Fresh" coins such as this always attract strong interest from knowledgeable collectors. This Superb Gem proof shows an unusual pattern of deep sea-green and amber-gold encompassing much of the obverse. The reverse shows only subtle lavender-gold color around the peripheries. The satiny devices are boldly rendered and the fields exhibit ample mirroring. Population: 13 in 67 (1 in 67+), 3 finer. CAC: 14 in 67, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: Possibly acquired directly from the Mint by Walter H. Childs; Walter H. Childs Collection (Bowers and Merena, 8/1999), lot 301; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98615. NGC ID# 242L, PCGS# 5691

- 4048 1905 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements, with a rich coat of mint frost that creates intense cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The surfaces are impeccably preserved. Population: 6 in 66 (2 in 66+) Cameo, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242L, PCGS# 85691
- 4049 1908 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** A sharply detailed Premium Gem from a small proof mintage of 545 pieces, this coin offers virtually pristine surfaces, with deeply mirrored fields and a few wisps of pale gold toning. Population: 22 in 66, 26 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242P, PCGS# 5694

- 4050 1912 PR66 PCGS.** A well struck specimen that boasts reflective fields and a frosty portrait. The reverse displays faint almond-gold toning. Devoid of carbon. One of only 700 proofs issued. Population: 13 in 66, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242U, PCGS# 5698

- 4051 1912 PR66 NGC.** High-end 1912 proofs are scarce. This Premium Gem displays a sharp strike set against mirrored fields. Both side have vivid rose, sun-gold, and mint-green toning. Census: 23 in 66, 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242U, PCGS# 5698

**1914 Barber Quarter, PR67
Beautifully Preserved**



- 4052 1914 PR67 PCGS.** The 1914 proof quarter mintage was the lowest of the Barber type, and in fact the lowest proof mintage for any quarter since 1858. This fully struck specimen displays richly dappled lavender, golden-brown, and apple-green patina. The glimmering fields deliver great depth of mirroring, boosting the eye appeal. Few finer proofs are known. NGC ID# 242W, PCGS# 5700

- 4053 1915 PR66 NGC.** Daubs of lavender and russet border toning accent warm golden interiors on this Premium Gem 1915 proof. The eagle's right (facing) talons are slightly soft, but the shield corner and the obverse stars are bold. Modest cameo contrast emerges from beneath the patina. Census: 26 in 66 (1 in 66+), 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242X, PCGS# 5701

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

**1916 Standing Quarter, Good 6
Nice Original Surfaces**



- 4054 1916 Good 6 NGC.** This is a nice circulated 1916 Standing Liberty quarter. The date is weak as always at the Good grade level — the lower curve of the 6 only is visible — but the uniform, original color and problem-free surfaces are exactly what budget-conscious collectors seek to acquire. Medium pewter-gray patina shows wisps of golden toning near the borders, and the devices are set off by a halo of deeper gunmetal-gray toning in the recesses. The rims are complete.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2013), lot 4029. NGC ID# 43XR, PCGS# 5704

**1916 Standing Liberty Quarter, AU55
Seldom-Offered Grade**



4055 1916 AU55 PCGS. The 1916 is plentiful in low circulated grades and actively traded at auction in Mint State. What are often elusive, however, are XF and AU examples. This Choice AU coin displays virtually complete detail with partial definition on Liberty's head. The satiny surfaces retain glimpses of luster in the fields amid light grayish toning. The date is sharp and clear. NGC ID# 43XR, PCGS# 5704

4056 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. This radiant type coin is fully struck with glittering mint frost over each side. Largely brilliant surfaces showcase glints of crimson and golden-russet patina, indicative of this Premium Gem's blatant originality. Very scarce in better condition. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

4057 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. A sharply struck, lustrous Premium Gem with original, frosty surfaces that yield warm golden toning in varying intensities. A loupe fails to reveal noteworthy abrasions. The 1917 Type One quarter is the ideal type-coin issue for the short-lived bare-busted design. CAC-approved coins in the upper grade levels always seem to be in short supply. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

4058 1917 Type One MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC. A frosty and high-end example of the popular type-coin issue, silver through the interiors with gold-orange along the borders and a dab of violet at Liberty's head. The coin is sharply struck and just a couple of small marks away from Superb Gem status. Population: 521 in 66 (32 in 66+) Full Head, 87 finer. CAC: 137 in 66, 31 finer (10/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2012), lot 4174.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

**1917 Type One Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Briefly Issued Subtype**



4059 1917 Type One MS67 Full Head PCGS. CAC. A brilliant and extremely lustrous Superb Gem that has virtually pristine surfaces. The strike has the razor-sharp quality rarely found outside of the 1917 Type One issues. The sole imperfection is a lintmark (as struck) below the breast of the eagle. Housed in a green label holder.
Ex: James Farrington Collection (Heritage, 7/2002), lot 7880, which realized \$7,187.50. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

4060 1917-D Type One MS66+ Full Head PCGS. This high-end Premium Gem displays frosty, radiant mint luster and beautifully preserved, mostly brilliant surfaces. Liberty's head is sharp, but some minor strike weakness is seen on the high point of the shield rim and on the central eagle of the reverse. PCGS records only 26 finer Full Head pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709

4061 1917-D Type One MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC. Glistening, frosty luster adorns the beautifully preserved surfaces of this high-end example, while the design elements showcases bold definition. Champagne-tinted surfaces exhibit bits of russet toning near the rims. Eye appeal is outstanding. PCGS reports 26 finer Full Head coins (11/16). NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709

**1917-D Type One Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Dazzling Luster, Razor-Sharp Strike**



4062 1917-D Type One MS67 Full Head PCGS. CAC. Visually, this CAC-endorsed MS67 Full Head example easily rivals the sole finer MS68 Full Head coin at PCGS, and a loupe fails to reveal a single noticeable flaw. The strike is needle-sharp throughout Liberty's head, the shield, the gown folds, and the eagle. This piece is mostly brilliant, although a wisp of light golden color emerges from the peripheries. The 1917-D Type One is rare this fine and prohibitively so any finer. Population: 25 in 67 (3 in 67+) Full Head, 1 finer. CAC: 8 in 67, 1 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709

4063 1917-S Type One MS65 Full Head PCGS. The obverse of this Gem Full Head Type One quarter is well-struck, although the reverse exhibits slight weakness along the leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. Subtle russet and gold toning blankets the satiny surfaces. This piece was struck with lightly rusted dies, and evidence of die polishing is seen in the recesses around Liberty's legs. NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711

**1917-S Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Pinpoint-Sharp Type One Example**



4064 1917-S Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. The 1917-S Type One Standing Liberty quarter is a challenging date in Full Head, much more difficult to locate than the Denver and Philadelphia issues. The present coin features a pinpoint strike with full details on Liberty's head. Pristine surfaces are satiny and untoned. PCGS has certified only 16 coins finer with the Full Head designation (11/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 759. NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711

**1917-S Type One Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Few Available Finer**



- 4065 1917-S Type One MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC.** A 1917-S Type One quarter in MS66 Full Head is just as scarce as its Philadelphia counterpart in MS67 Full Head. This Plus-designated, CAC-approved example comes close to an even finer grade. The strike is sharply executed, and each side displays satiny luster cast in warm golden toning. A loupe reveals a few tiny grazes on Liberty's chest and the shield that determine the grade. PCGS records 16 finer Full Head coins (11/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711

**1917-S Type One Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Among the Finest at Both Services**



- 4066 1917-S Type One MS67 Full Head PCGS.** All elements of this beautiful 1917-S Type One quarter are sharply defined, and although sharp strikes are the rule rather than the exception, this piece is better than most. Virtually flawless silver surfaces exhibit champagne toning with gold, russet, blue, and violet accents. An impressive Superb Gem for an advanced collection. Population: 16 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Head, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711
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- 4067 1917 Type Two MS66 Full Head PCGS.** This Premium Gem 1917 Type Two quarter fully delivers in the strike department, showing needle-sharp detail on the head, shield, and eagle. The date numerals are clear but not fully rounded, as is often the case on this issue. Each side shows a hint of light champagne color with no obvious abrasions. PCGS records 14 numerically finer Full Head coins (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2434, PCGS# 5715

**1917-D Type Two Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Finer Pieces Are Rare**



- 4068 1917-D Type Two MS66 Full Head PCGS.** The 1917-D Type Two is the first issue in the series (save for the 1916) that is significantly elusive in high grade Full Head. This Gem displays frosty original mint luster with dusky champagne toning. Liberty's head is sharp, although the shield rivets are not fully defined. A few trivial surface grazes are not out of line for the grade. Population: 26 in 66 (3 in 66+) Full Head, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2435, PCGS# 5717

**1917-D Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Popular First-Year Type Two Issue**



- 4069 1917-D Type Two MS66+ Full Head PCGS.** Hermon MacNeil's Standing Liberty design for the quarter was modified in 1917 to include, in part, a coat of chain-mail armor over Liberty's torso. As the first year of the new design, the 1917-D is a popular date with branch mint type collectors. Despite a substantial mintage of 6.2 million pieces, the 1917-D is an elusive issue at the MS66 grade level with the Full Head designation. This Denver issue is among the first in the series to exhibit considerable strike issues with regards to sharpness and evenness.
- The present coin is a high-end Premium Gem, with sharply detailed design elements in most areas. Full Head definition is apparent, but a touch of the usual softness shows on a few shield rivets. The surfaces are impeccably preserved, with vibrant mint luster and a hint of pale gold toning. Population: 26 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 3 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2435, PCGS# 5717

**1917-S Type Two Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Superb Sharpness for the Issue**



- 4070 1917-S Type Two MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** Here is a lovely Premium Gem example of this early San Francisco issue. The strike is impressive for the date, most importantly on Liberty's head, the inner shield (displaying horizontal and vertical stripes), the gown lines, and, on the reverse, the eagle's breast feathers and the leading edge of its left (facing) wing. The 1917-S is the first date in the series that is genuinely scarce with a Full Head, and the present coin shows almost never-seen overall definition. Scintillating mint frost illuminates both sides. Only the lightest overlay of golden iridescence is noted as the surfaces rotate under the light. Encased in a green label PCGS holder. Population: 24 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 9 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 1 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2003), lot 6848; Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 8/2004), lot 6030; Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 790; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 3802.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2436, PCGS# 5719

**1918 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Rich Frosty Luster**



- 4071 1918 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** The 1918 Standing Liberty quarter was produced in large numbers (more than 14.2 million pieces) and is known as one of the better-produced issues in the series up to that point. A lovely Premium Gem example with Full Head details, this coin also exhibits all of the shield rivets. Frosty luster and subtle toning in shades of straw-gold and silver-gray add to the attractiveness of this piece. Population: 51 in 66 (3 in 66+) Full Head, 14 finer (11/16).
Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 3409. NGC ID# 2437, PCGS# 5721

**1918 Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Spectacularly Sharp**



- 4072 1918 MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC.** When found in Full Head, the 1918 often showcases sharp detail elsewhere, including on the shield, date, and eagle. The present coin is no exception. This CAC-approved, Plus-graded Standing Liberty quarter displays razor-sharp definition throughout the relief elements amid frosty, vibrant mint luster. Traces of light golden color appear on each side. There are no bothersome abrasions. Population: 51 in 66 (3 in 66+) Full Head, 14 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 5 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 2437, PCGS# 5721

**1918-D Standing Liberty Quarter, MS65
Elusive Full Head Example**



- 4073 1918-D MS65 Full Head PCGS.** From a mintage of more than 7.3 million pieces, the 1918-D Standing Liberty quarter is very scarce in MS65 condition, with the Full Head designation. This impressive Gem shows Full Head details, but a touch of softness is evident on the lower shield rivets. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, under subtle shades of gold and lavender toning. Population: 58 in 65 (3 in 65+) Full Head, 32 finer (11/16).
NGC ID# 3TWU, PCGS# 5723

**1918-D Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Conditionally Rare**



- 4074 1918-D MS66 Full Head PCGS.** This is an outstanding example, well-preserved with glistening champagne luster and complete head detail. The shield rivets, the central gown folds, and the leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing show trivial softness, as is characteristic of the issue. The 1918-D Standing Liberty quarter is rarely seen in high-grade Full Head, making this Premium Gem an important acquisition for the series specialist. Finer examples are almost unknown. Population: 31 in 66 (4 in 66+) Full Head, 1 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 3TWU, PCGS# 5723

**1918-D Quarter, MS66 Full Head
One Finer Coin at PCGS**



- 4075 1918-D MS66 Full Head PCGS.** J.H. Cline described the 1918-D in Gem Full Head as: "One of the little known scarce Standing Liberty quarters. ... I would give it 60 to 100 pieces." Comparable Premium Gems are even rarer, with PCGS having seen 31 submissions in this grade (four in MS66+ Full Head) and one coin finer (11/16). Golden accents delicately tint brilliant, satiny surfaces devoid of major marks. Liberty's head and the chainmail are bold, but a couple of shield rivets and the eagle's breast feathers show incompleteness. NGC ID# 3TWU, PCGS# 5723

**1918/7-S Quarter, VF20
Nice Collector-Grade Example**



- 4076 1918/7-S FS-101 VF20 PCGS.** The 1918/7-S Standing Liberty quarter resulted from a hubbing error, when a die was subjected to impressions from both 1917- and 1918-dated hubs. This variety was not discovered for about two decades after striking, so most examples seen are in well-circulated condition. The present coin is in the seldom-offered VF grade level, and it is a very nice piece for that grade. The surfaces are evenly worn with original silver-gray patina, and the date is clear, including the underlying 7 of the final digit. Collectors seeking a mid-level circulated example of this key issue should bid strongly for this lot. Midgrade examples of the overdate seldom come this appealing. *Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2011), lot 3592; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2012), lot 4201.* NGC ID# 243A, PCGS# 395949 Base PCGS# 5726

**1918/7-S Quarter, AU Details
FS-101, Famous Key Date**



- 4077 1918/7-S FS-101 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** This S-mint overdate is a key to the Standing Liberty quarter series along with the first-year 1916. Its importance not only within the set but among all 20th century issues explains the consistently strong demand from collectors of all ilk. This is a pleasing, well-detailed example with moderately bright surfaces. Specks of orange patina are visible near the recessed areas. Liberty's head, shield, and a couple of rivets are incomplete, but the date is strong. Hairlines appear throughout, and a few pinscratches are noted near Liberty's knees.

**1918/7-S Standing Liberty Quarter, AU58
Key Overdate Issue**



- 4078 1918/7-S FS-101 AU58 NGC.** The Mint was overworked at the end of 1917, with heavy demand for coinage in the wartime economy and a reduced staff. A number of notable hubbing errors were made during this period, including the famous 1918/7-S Standing Liberty quarter, which occurred when a working die was first impressed with a 1917-dated hub, then annealed and mistakenly hubbed a second time with a 1918-dated hub. A limited number of coins are known with the clear overdate that resulted, and the feature went unnoticed by the numismatic community until the 1930s, by which time most examples had become well-worn. The 1918/7-S is a sought-after key to the series today, and collectors prize examples in all grades and conditions. The NGC holder lists the old FS-008.5 number, but this issue is now classified as FS-101 in the popular *CherryPickers' Guide*.

The present coin is an attractive near-Mint specimen, with well-detailed design elements that show a little of the usual softness on the head and shield rivets. Just a trace of actual wear is present and the surfaces are lightly abraded on both sides. Much original mint luster remains intact and the overall presentation is most appealing. NGC ID# 243A, PCGS# 395949 Base PCGS# 5726

**1918-S Quarter, Luminous MS67
Magnificent Rarity This Well-Preserved**



4079 1918-S MS67 NGC. Intense gold, russet, and iridescent toning provides exceptional aesthetic appeal on this high-end 1918-S quarter. Although not fully struck, many design features are well-defined. On the obverse, the head, shield rivets, and Liberty's central torso are predictably weak. The reverse has some weakness on the eagle's body and along the leading edge of the left (facing) wing. This is the most elusive of the three 1918 issues in high grade and is a major rarity at the Superb Gem level. The specialist in the series will recognize the underrated nature of the presently offered example. Housed in a prior generation holder. Census: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 8/2004), lot 6033; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 4999. NGC ID# 2439, PCGS# 5724

4080 1919 MS66 Full Head PCGS. When found with a Full Head, the 1919 Standing Liberty quarter often shows sharp shield, star, and feather detail as well. Such are the attributes of this Premium Gem. Satiny luster is virtually untuned, and there are no distracting abrasions. The date and toes are boldly defined. Finer Full Head examples are scarce. NGC ID# 243B, PCGS# 5729

4081 1919 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. A sharply detailed Premium Gem, with Full Head definition and especially vibrant mint luster. The brilliant surfaces are impeccably preserved. Outstanding overall eye appeal. PCGS has graded 31 numerically finer examples (11/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2006), lot 714; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2012), lot 4205. NGC ID# 243B, PCGS# 5729

**1919 Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Sharp Throughout**



4082 1919 MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC. Pre-1925 Type Two quarters typically show sharper shield rivets and lines than the Recessed Date issues, and the 1919 is a frequent upholder of this phenomenon. Nonetheless, Liberty's temple is often weak, and the date is frequently flat. The present coin combines a sharp central strike with Full Head detail and a bold date. A lack of serious abrasions and frosty mint luster further boost the eye appeal. Close examination reveals delicate glimpses of champagne and lavender toning. PCGS reports 31 Full Head coins finer (11/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243B, PCGS# 5729

**1919-D Standing Liberty Quarter, MS66
Only One Finer Coin at NGC**



4083 1919-D MS66 NGC. From a mintage of 1.9 million pieces, the 1919-D is a semikey branch mint issue. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with a touch of softness on Liberty's temple, a few shield rivets, and the leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides and eye appeal is terrific. Census: 15 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243C, PCGS# 5730

**1920 Quarter, Luminous MS67
Deservedly Among the Finest Certified**



4084 1920 MS67 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Although PCGS and NGC combined report 50 grading events of non-Full Head 1920 quarters at the MS67 numeric level, none have achieved a finer grade. This frosty example displays exemplary surface quality and rich, largely untuned luster. The shield rivets are sharp, and there are none of the typical small abrasions along Liberty's forward leg. The 1 in the date and Liberty's temple are weak, as usual for this issue. Population: 25 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5734

4085 1920 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. *Ex: Newman.* A spectacular Premium Gem Standing Liberty quarter, with sharply detailed design elements, including full definition on Liberty's head and the shield rivets. Both sides are impeccably preserved and vibrant mint luster adds to the terrific eye appeal. PCGS has graded seven numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5735

**1920 Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Bold Head and Shield**



- 4086 1920 MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC.** As anticipated for a high-end example of this well-struck Philadelphia issue, this Plus-graded 1920 Standing Liberty quarter showcases sharp shield lines and rivets, a bold date, and crisp head detail, along with well-delineated eagle's feathers. Liberty's temple, which is frequently weak on this issue, is strong, and the overall surface preservation is excellent. A touch of iridescent champagne toning warms each side. Population: 41 in 66 (4 in 66+) Full Head, 7 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 1 finer (10/16).
Ex: Purchased by Eugene Gardner from Bill Nagle (2/2007); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98447; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4252.
From *The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters*. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5735

**1920-D Quarter, MS64 Full Head
A Full Strike**



- 4087 1920-D MS64 Full Head PCGS.** Full Head 1920-D quarters typically come with two different "looks." By far the more common shows full head detail but is slightly weak on the shield rivets and the central gown folds, and the top of the date numerals blend — or nearly blend — with the pedestal background. The present Choice Full Head coin represents the other, far rarer appearance. The strike is nothing short of full. Shield rivets are distinctly rounded, Liberty's head is intricately detailed, the figure is bold, and date numerals rise crisply from their background. Liberty's toes, the stars, and the dot-and-dash border pattern fail to show any weakness. The reverse mirrors this sharpness throughout the eagle and the stars. Each side is brilliant and satiny with no mentionable abrasions. This piece is undoubtedly worthy of premium bid. Population: 43 in 64 (3 in 64+) Full Head, 50 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243F, PCGS# 5737

**1920-S Quarter, Lightly Toned MS66
Rarely Seen This Fine**



- 4088 1920-S MS66 PCGS.** The rarity of the 1920-S in MS66 alone gives this coin significant appeal, although the specialist will also appreciate well-defined shield rivets and sharp eagle's feathers. Liberty's head and the top of the date numeral are soft, as is typical of the issue. Clash marks appear on the reverse above the eagle. Gorgeous luster with light golden toning appears over much of each side along with wisps of lavender seen upon closer examination. Population: 18 in 66 (2 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 2662. NGC ID# 243G, PCGS# 5738

- 4089 1921 MS63 PCGS.** This Select example's satiny luster and light golden toning are familiar sights for the 1921 quarter dollar. The shield lines and rivets are well-struck, and the eagle's plumage is bold. Liberty's temple and the 1 in the date show the usual weakness. Both dies are worn with metal flowlines in the fields, and scattered abrasions on the coin determine the grade. NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5740

**1921 Quarter, MS64
Old Green Holder, Green CAC**



- 4090 1921 MS64 PCGS. CAC.** This satiny Choice example shows bold shield lines and rivets as usual, as well as typical weakness on Liberty's temple, precluding a Full Head designation. There are no major abrasions, and each side displays light golden color. The 1921 is a semikey in all grades, and eye-appealing coins are distinctly elusive. This piece is visually excellent for the grade. CAC-endorsed in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5740

**1921 Quarter, Lightly Toned MS65
Challenging Philadelphia Issue**



- 4091 1921 MS65 PCGS.** The 1921 is a key date in the Standing Liberty quarter series. The issue boasts a moderately small mintage of less than 2 million coins, of which a huge number have had their dates worn off in circulation and are no longer identifiable. Gem examples of this date are scarce and in high demand among ambitious collectors. This example displays radiant luster beneath golden toning. The shield and central eagle are razor-sharp, although Liberty's temple is a trifle weak. There are no distracting abrasions. NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5740

**1921 Quarter, MS65 Full Head
Uncommonly Sharp Head and Eagle**



- 4092 1921 MS65 Full Head PCGS Secure.** Needle-sharp head and shield detail extends all the way to the horizontal lines of the shield's inner emblem. Bold definition of the date and Liberty's toes mirrors similar sharpness on the eagle's breast and wing. The 1921 is rarely encountered with this combination of intricate detail. The present coin offers satiny luster and warm golden toning without major abrasions. Population: 51 in 65 (1 in 65+) Full Head, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5741

- 4093 1923 MS65 Full Head PCGS.** J.H. Cline estimated that only 10% of the entire 1923 Standing Liberty quarter production (9.7 million coins) was struck with Full Head detail, and that such examples are actually scarcer than previously thought. This Gem features satiny luster over brilliant surfaces. The rivets, shield lines, chain mail, and feathers are boldly rendered, as is Liberty's head, while the 1 in the date is typically soft. Minor ticks are well-hidden and undistracting. Population: 45 in 65 Full Head, 44 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243J, PCGS# 5743

**1923 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Attractive Toning, Rare This Fine**



- 4094 1923 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** The 1923 is much scarcer in high grade Full Head than is widely recognized. Premium Gems are rare, and finer pieces are exceedingly so. This coin displays an incredibly sharp strike throughout the shield, head, and central gown and eagle areas. Vibrant luster illuminates the fields and recesses. Toning enthusiasts will appreciate warm golden, lavender, and sea-green hues that encompass each side. Population: 38 in 66 (4 in 66+) Full Head, 6 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243J, PCGS# 5743

**1923 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Sharp and Lustrous**



- 4095 1923 MS66 Full Head PCGS Secure. CAC.** Crisp luster illuminates bold head, shield, and star detail on this Premium Gem Full Head 1923 quarter. The date is also sharp, and the eagle's plumage is well-defined. Traces of light golden toning grace the vibrant surfaces. This issue is surprisingly elusive in high-grade Full Head and is rarely seen above the present grade level. Population: 38 in 66 (4 in 66+) Full Head, 6 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243J, PCGS# 5743

**1923-S Quarter, MS64
Bright Mint Luster**



- 4096 1923-S MS64 NGC.** An amazing Choice Mint State example of the elusive semikey 1923-S quarter, with brilliant silver luster, thickly frosted surfaces, and mostly sharp design features. The specialist will appreciate full definition of the date, stars, and peripheral dot-and-dash pattern. Faint champagne toning is detected on each side of this near-Gem. Census: 46 in 64, 67 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 1342. NGC ID# 243K, PCGS# 5744

**1923-S Quarter, Lightly Toned MS65
Pleasing in All Respects**



- 4097 1923-S MS65 PCGS.** Satiny luster illuminates lavender and russet toning on this Gem 1923-S, which lightens to near-brilliance in the centers. Liberty's head is weak at the ear hole, and the shield rivets are slightly weak, but the remainder of each side shows sharp definition. There are no distracting abrasions. This is a lovely Gem example of this key San Francisco issue. NGC ID# 243K, PCGS# 5744

**1924 Quarter, Incredible MS68
Few Standing Liberty Quarters Known So Fine**



- 4098 1924 MS68 PCGS. CAC.** The year 1924 was the last before a design modification placed the date in a recessed panel to prevent the digits from wearing away in circulation. Some collectors consider the 1924 the last of the Type Two design, and call those pieces from 1925 to 1930 Type Three. This issue is an extreme rarity in MS68, and the fact that so few dates in the series are even known this fine encourages strong collector demand from many different collecting pursuits.

Peripheral crescents of deep gold and dark green toning accent the ice-blue centers of this magnificent Standing Liberty quarter, with pale lavender along the lower obverse border. The design elements are well-detailed but fall just short of Full Head definition. A single short mark is noted over the ER of QUARTER and will serve as a pedigree characteristic on otherwise flawless surfaces. Blazing mint luster adds to the tremendous eye appeal. Population: 2 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 68, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 3627.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 3TWY, PCGS# 5746

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- 4099 1924 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Walnut-brown toning adorns the borders, while the fields and motifs are pearl-gray. This lustrous silver type coin has a good strike and a few minor grazes on Liberty's wall. NGC ID# 243L, PCGS# 5747

**1924 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Underrated This Fine**



- 4100 1924 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** The 1924 is a difficult acquisition in Premium Gem Full Head, and finer pieces are genuinely rare. The present coin showcases sharp head detail, shield lines, and date numerals, and the eagle's plumage is boldly defined. Warm champagne toning graces each side with no mentionable abrasions underneath. The strike quality and eye appeal of this piece noticeably surpasses that of many other comparably graded examples. Population: 65 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Head, 14 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 5 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243L, PCGS# 5747

**1924 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Rarely Seen Finer**



- 4101 1924 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** This impressive Premium Gem exhibits full details on Liberty's head, but a few shield rivets are a little soft. The brilliant well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and eye appeal is outstanding. Many Premium Gem examples of the 1924 do not compare to the present. Population: 65 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Head, 14 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: Rosemont Signature (Heritage, 8/2013), lot 3823. NGC ID# 243L, PCGS# 5747

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- 4102 1924-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** The 1924-D is a plentiful date through MS66, but PCGS has seen only 10 numerically finer examples (12/16). This CAC-endorsed Premium Gem displays brilliant, frosty luster with a few scattered marks. Liberty's head and the shield rivets show the usual weakness, and the top of the date blends into the pedestal. The eagle and stars are well-defined. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748

**1924-D Quarter, MS65 Full Head
Incredibly Sharp**



- 4103 1924-D MS65 Full Head PCGS.** The 1924-D is frequently seen with a flat, almost dished-out head similar to that for which the 1926-D is famous. The present Gem example is a scarce exception to the rule, showing full definition of the head, shield, and date, with the eagle's feathers sharply defined. This satiny, well-preserved coin displays warm golden toning over each side. Population: 62 in 65 Full Head, 24 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5749

1924-D Quarter, Toned MS65 Full Head



- 4104 1924-D MS65 Full Head PCGS.** In addition to a Full Head, this Gem quarter exhibits full definition in the chain mail, boldness on all rivets save for the third one from the bottom right, and completeness of the vertical stripes on the inner shield. Lustrous surfaces display soft aqua and reddish-brown toning that is deeper on the reverse. Both sides are very nicely preserved. Population: 62 in 65 Full Head, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5749

- 4105 1924-S MS65 PCGS.** CAC. A delightful example of this scarce San Francisco Mint issue. Well struck for this date and highlighted by medium russet iridescent patina. Population: 55 in 65 (3 in 65+), 54 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243N, PCGS# 5750

- 4106 1925 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** This untoned Premium Gem displays somewhat frostier luster than the 1925 quarter dollar is typically known for. The strike is bold on the head, shield, and eagle, and neither side exhibits bothersome contact marks. Population: 73 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 12 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 243P, PCGS# 5753

- 4107 1925 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** Full Head definition is apparent on this attractive Premium Gem, and nearly full shield rivets. The surfaces are well-preserved, with vibrant mint luster and highlights of golden-tan toning. PCGS has graded 12 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 243P, PCGS# 5753

- 4108 1925 MS66+ Full Head PCGS.** The 1925 is a scarce date in high-grade Full Head, rarely seen finer than the Premium Gem level. This Plus-designated piece offers satiny luster cast in warm golden toning with flecks of russet near portions of the borders. Liberty's head is razor-sharp, and the eagle is well-defined. But a couple of shield rivets and the central gown folds exhibit minor softness. A threadlike strike-through (mint-made) appears along the lower edge of the shield. Population: 73 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243P, PCGS# 5753

- 4109 1925 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** CAC. Exceptional silver-white luster overall and above-average detail on Liberty's shield as well as her head carry the eye appeal of this magnificent 1925 quarter. The coin is carefully preserved with exuberant eye appeal. This is the sort of quality that is rarely encountered on the 1925. Population: 73 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 12 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 4 finer (10/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 785.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243P, PCGS# 5753

**1925 Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Among the Finest Certified**



- 4110 1925 MS67 Full Head PCGS.** The 1925 is an interesting date in Full Head grades. The certified population data suggests a number of Gem and finer examples are extant, but the issue does not appear at auction as often as it theoretically should. This leads J.H. Cline to question the accuracy of the population figures, suggesting a number of resubmissions are reflected.

Of those that do exist, many are sharp enough on Liberty's head to qualify for the appropriate designation but still show weakness in the central regions, namely the shield rivets and the leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. The specialist will pounce on this example, therefore, not only for its superior numeric grade, but also for its unusually sharp strike. Liberty's head is full and the shield rivets are complete, if still soft around numbers 3 and 4, and the eagle's feathers are well brought up. The reverse displays a blush of golden toning, while the obverse exhibits vivid rose, gold, and mint-green hues, primarily around the periphery. Population: 12 in 67 (3 in 67+) Full Head, 0 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243P, PCGS# 5753

**1926 Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Impressive Strike, Few Coins Finer**



- 4111 1926 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** Light golden and iridescent toning are evident on each side of this remarkable quarter. It is frosty and brilliant with full mint luster, and bold strike definition prevails throughout Liberty's head, the shield, and the eagle's breast feathers and wing. There are no distracting abrasions. The 1926 is rarely seen this fine, and such pieces are exceedingly rare when seen as sharp as the present coin. Population: 47 in 66 (7 in 66+) Full Head, 3 finer (10/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 2669.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.
NGC ID# 243R, PCGS# 5755

**1927 Quarter, MS66+ Full Head
Rarely Seen Finer**



- 4112 1927 MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC.** The 1927 is usually available in Full Head, but high-grade examples with decent luster and eye appeal are far scarcer than most collectors may assume prior to trying to locate one. This Plus-designated Gem displays softly frosted luster beneath a dusting of champagne-gray toning. Liberty's head, the shield, and the eagle's feathers are sharply defined. There are no bothersome abrasions. A curious horizontal die crack appears across Liberty's chest. Population: 66 in 66 (7 in 66+) Full Head, 7 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 1 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243U, PCGS# 5761

- 4113 1927-D MS64+ Full Head PCGS. CAC.** The 1927-D Standing Liberty quarter is an underrated issue in high grade, from a mintage of 976,000 pieces. This Plus-graded Choice specimen exhibits full definition on Liberty's head and shows just a touch of softness on the shield rivets. The lustrous surfaces are lightly marked and lightly toned. NGC ID# 243V, PCGS# 5763

**1927-D Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Underrated and Rare in This Grade**



- 4114 1927-D MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** Collectors looking for the best coins in a series often focus on things that set apart certain pieces from their more common counterparts. The Full Head designation for Standing Liberty quarters is one of those "set apart" features. Though the 1927-D has many grading events combined from NGC and PCGS just a small fraction are designated Full Head. The scarcity of Full Head pieces is well recognized overall, but the rarity of Premium Gem-quality examples is often overlooked. The current representative ranks among the finest at PCGS. Its surfaces are remarkably bright and lustrous with the faintest trace of toning on each side. Liberty's head and the eagle are sharp, while the shield rivets exhibit minor incompleteness as normal. The date area and Liberty's foot are also bold, a characteristic that is rarely seen in combination with the Full Head. Population: 20 in 66 (1 in 66+) Full Head, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 333.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243V, PCGS# 5763

- 4115 1927-S AU53 PCGS. CAC.** A pleasing AU53 example of this low-mintage key, with minimal wear on the well-detailed design elements and lightly abraded surfaces, under shades of greenish-gold, lavender-gray, and amber toning. Some luster remains in the fields. The 1927-S is a rare coin in the lower AU grade levels, and few examples in any grade are CAC-approved. CAC: 3 in 53, 33 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243W, PCGS# 5764

**1927-S Quarter, Lustrous AU58
Collector-Grade Key**



- 4116 1927-S AU58 PCGS.** Pretty much any 1927-S quarter grading finer than VF is a scarce find, and near-Mint coins with original luster in the fields are genuinely rare. This piece is nearly brilliant and exhibits only slight high-point friction with much luster remaining. Liberty's head, the shield, and the eagle's feathers show the strike problems common to this issue. A boost of appeal is generated by a lack of clash marks on the reverse above the eagle. This piece would fit in well with an otherwise Mint State Standing Liberty quarter collection. NGC ID# 243W, PCGS# 5764

- 4117 1928 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** A razor-sharp strike appears on Liberty's head, the shield lines and rivets, the stars, and the eagle's feathers. Liberty's toes and the border dot-and-dash patterns are also well-defined. Both sides are well-preserved with satiny mint luster and light golden toning. Population: 62 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Head, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243X, PCGS# 5767

- 4118 1928 MS66 Full Head PCGS. Ex: Walser.** Soft russet patination covers the lustrous surfaces of this Premium Gem quarter. This particular coin is significant in that most of the design elements in addition to the head of Liberty are well-struck. Liberty's chain mail and the vertical stripes of the inner shield, for example, are virtually full, and all but a couple of rivets are bold. Even the eagle's torso displays some feather detail. Population: 62 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Head, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243X, PCGS# 5767

- 4119 1928 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** Sharp vertical shield lines, bold rivets, and intricate head detail immediately captivate the viewer of this Premium Gem 1928 quarter dollar. Frosty luster yields a hint of peripheral golden toning, while the surfaces overall are free of bothersome abrasions. Population: 62 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Head, 9 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 6 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243X, PCGS# 5767

**1928-D Quarter, MS66 Full Head
A Rare Date This Well-Preserved**



- 4120 1928-D MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** The strike sharpness of this scarcer D-mint quarter is uncharacteristically bold, narrowly missing full definition on the shield rivets but showing sharp vertical lines on the inner shield, a bold Full Head on Liberty, and well-defined breast feathers on the eagle. A light coat of golden toning is seen on each side. Essentially mark-free, just a couple of tiny abrasions are seen in the reverse field. Population: 18 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 3 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 2 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 6127; Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 593.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243Y, PCGS# 5769

- 4121 1928-S MS66 Full Head PCGS.** Small S. Both sides display a hint of olive-green, and the left reverse field offers a blush of lilac toning. A lustrous and well preserved Gem. The two shield rivets near the waist show inexactness.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2013), lot 4204, which realized \$1,645. NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

- 4122 1928-S MS66 Full Head PCGS.** This frosty Premium Gem displays a full head on Liberty and well-defined eagle's feathers, but the usual shield rivets show minor softness. Champagne-tinted luster has subtle lavender overtones on the obverse near the borders. Neither side exhibits mentionable abrasions. PCGS records 22 numerically finer Full Head representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

- 4123 1928-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** Large S. Brilliant aside from infrequent obverse glimpses of tan toning. A lustrous high-grade example of this popular branch issue. The strike is precise except on the usual two shield rivets. NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

**1928-S Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Among the Finest at PCGS**



- 4124 1928-S MS67 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** Although available in most grades, the 1928-S Standing Liberty quarter becomes a notable rarity in MS67 Full Head. The present coin is among the finest at PCGS and CAC. Several shield rivets are a trifle weak, but the overall strike is impressive for the issue. This piece displays brilliant, frosty luster without abrasions to distract. Visual appeal is extraordinary. Population: 22 in 67 (2 in 67+) Full Head, 0 finer. CAC: 20 in 67, 0 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

- 4125 1929 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** A Superb Mint State representative that benefits from creamy-smooth surfaces, luxuriant mint frost, and speckled golden-orange peripheral toning. While shy of Full Head status, the strike is also well above-average. Population: 3 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2442, PCGS# 5772

**1929 Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Surprisingly Rare This Fine**



- 4126 1929 MS67 Full Head PCGS.** Although generally considered to be a common date — and a well-struck one, at that — the 1929 Standing Liberty quarter is surprisingly rare in Superb Gem Full Head condition. The present coin is among the finest known, and it claims fewer than two dozen peers. The fully struck surfaces are highly lustrous and thickly frosted, with a hint color over each side. Eye appeal is exceptional. Population: 9 in 67 (3 in 67+) Full Head, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: Santa Clara Signature (Heritage, 11/2002), lot 7159; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 4217.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2442, PCGS# 5773

**1929-D Quarter, MS65 Full Head
Sharp Head and Shield**



- 4127 1929-D MS65 Full Head PCGS.** J.H. Cline has called the 1929-D underrated in Gem Full Head, and it is indeed a scarce date in this grade with few known finer. The present example displays satiny luster beneath light golden toning. Liberty's head and the shield rivets enjoy bold definition. Close study with a loupe fails to reveal a single notable abrasion. Population: 48 in 65 Full Head, 16 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2443, PCGS# 5775

**1929-S Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Ex: Just Having Fun Collection**



- 4128 1929-S MS67 Full Head PCGS Secure. CAC.** Ex: Just Having Fun. As expected for a coin with the Just Having Fun pedigree, this Superb Gem Full Head 1929-S quarter is tied for the finest at both PCGS and CAC, and it is rare as such. Although a couple of shield rivets are incomplete, the strike is far above average for the issue. Frosty, vibrant luster rolls over unabraded surfaces, delivering stellar eye appeal. Population: 17 in 67 Full Head, 0 finer. CAC: 13 in 67, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: Just Having Fun Collection (Stack's/Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11402.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2444, PCGS# 5777

**1930 Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Superb Type or Date Representative**



- 4129 1930 MS67 Full Head PCGS.** Strong mint luster dominates this exceptionally preserved Superb Gem. Pastel gold and sky-blue toning ensures the eye appeal. The devices are well struck except for a pair of shield rivets near the waist — often weak even on this issue. This is the final date of the prematurely ended Standing Liberty series, often selected by type collectors. Housed in a green label holder. Examples are scarce this fine and virtually unknown finer. Population: 31 in 67 Full Head, 0 finer (10/12).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 1999; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2009), lot 693; Houston Signature (Heritage, 11/2012), lot 3986.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2445, PCGS# 5779

4130 1930-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. This frosty Premium Gem displays original, glowing luster with wisps of russet and gold toning over each side. We observe no mentionable abrasions. Liberty's head displays adequate definition for the Full Head designation, although the more usual weakness appears on the shield rivets, central figure, and eagle. PCGS reports 29 numerically finer Full Head representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

4131 1930-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. Shimmering luster radiates from the untuned, impeccably preserved surfaces of this magnificent Premium Gem quarter. Excellent design definition is crowned with Liberty's Full Head. Only a few tiny ticks are detected with a loupe. PCGS has graded 29 finer Full Head examples (11/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2008), lot 611; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 805. NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

**1930-S Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Registry Set Quality**



4132 1930-S MS67 Full Head PCGS. As is characteristic of the issue, this exemplary Superb Gem 1930-S quarter showcases intense, frosty luster with a suggestion of light golden toning overall. A sharp Full Head complements better-than-average interior definition, and the preservation is truly superb. This dazzling final-year Standing Liberty quarter is nearly within the Condition Census and almost unsurpassed at PCGS. Population: 28 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Head, 1 finer (10/16).
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

**1930-S Quarter, MS67 Full Head
Registry-Grade Example**



4133 1930-S MS67 Full Head PCGS. Frosty, glowing luster keeps the reputation of the 1930-S alive on this Premium Gem Full Head example, radiating strong eye appeal and largely untouched surfaces. Liberty's head is sharp, but the shield and the eagle's breast retain some of the usual softness. Neither side displays mentionable toning. Finer examples are prohibitively rare. Population: 28 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Head, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

EARLY HALF DOLLARS

1794 O-101 Half Dollar, Fine 12



4134 1794 O-101, T-7, High R.3, Fine 12 PCGS. Flowing Hair half dollars were only coined in two years, 1794 and 1795. Examples of the latter date are found with little difficulty, but the 1794 is rare, and eagerly pursued in all grades. This example has bold legends and well outlined stars. Partial hair and feather detail is evident. The lavender, navy-blue, and olive-green surfaces are attractive, although a lens reveals occasional thin marks consistent with the grade. Struck during the first year of silver coinage at the First Philadelphia Mint, and a collectible, nicely defined representative of this important issue.
Ex: Boston Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3131, which realized \$10,350. NGC ID# 24E6, PCGS# 39200 Base PCGS# 6051

4135 1795 2 Leaves, O-102, T-26, R.4 — Plugged, Improperly Cleaned — NCS. VF Details. This evenly worn, pleasant Flowing Hair half dollar displays deep olive-gray toning in the fields with lighter hues over the relief elements. A well-plugged hole near star 1 on the obverse and beneath the A in STATES on the reverse blends in well to the lightly cleaned and toned surfaces, but missing berries on that portion of the left wreath arm are the giveaway that the details were reengraved after the hole was plugged. Still, this is a pleasing example of the type for a Details-graded coin. NGC ID# 37NX, PCGS# 39215 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795 O-103a Flowing Hair Half, VF30
Dramatic Die Break**



4136 1795 2 Leaves, O-103a, T-29, R.5, VF30 NGC. *Ex: Hilt Collection.* A heavy, two-pronged die break and cud at AME of AMERICA defines the late state of the reverse die for this interesting variety. An additional bold die crack travels past the I in UNITED, where it splits left and right of the eagle's left (facing) wing. The obverse of O-103a often shows weakening of the stars opposite the reverse die break, yet they remain strong on this example. Some light adjustment marks are visible with a glass in Liberty's hair and at the rim near stars 11 and 12. Beveling of the rim is visible above stars 7 and 8.
Ex: Liberty USA Collection, Part 2 (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4334, which realized \$8,225. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39218 Base PCGS# 6052

4137 1795 2 Leaves, O-104, T-24, R.4, Fine 12 PCGS. Die cracks across LIBERTY and through the C in AMERICA aid the attribution of this Flowing Hair type coin. Evenly defined with full dentilation. The slate-gray surfaces are minimally marked, with only a line below the L in LIBERTY and a slight rim knock near the E in UNITED worthy of mention. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39219 Base PCGS# 6052

- 4138** 1795 2 Leaves, O-108, T-17, R.4 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. Ex: Hilt Collection. A rim die break on the reverse near 6 o'clock is an identifier for Overton-108. This example is glossy from a thorough wipe, but has retoned in butter-gold and aquamarine shades. Well defined and minimally abraded. Ex: *Liberty USA Collection, Part 2 (Heritage, 4/2015)*, lot 4343, which realized \$1,938.75.

**1795 Two Leaves Half Dollar, Fine 15
Strong Detail, O-108a**



- 4139** 1795 2 Leaves, O-108a, T-17, R.4, Fine 15 PCGS. Bold borders, legends, stars, and date attest to an even, sharp strike on this mid-level circulated Flowing Hair type coin. The Liberty portrait is bold also, particularly in the definition of the hair strands. The eagle is worn flat, as usual, but shows a crisp outline. This piece displays deep, original olive-gray, lavender, and gunmetal-blue toning over mostly smooth surfaces. A small rim nick near star 8 on the obverse serves as a pedigree marker. The late die state O-108a variety exhibits a crack along the top of AMERICA, which is partially worn on this example. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39226 Base PCGS# 6052

- 4140** 1795 2 Leaves, O-110, T-21, R.3, Fine 12 PCGS Secure. Ice-blue and straw-gold toning visits this Fine Flowing Hair type coin. All legends are sharp except for the top of the F in OF, and the wings display nearly half of their wing feathers. Lightly abraded, despite one narrow field mark above the bust tip. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39228 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795 Flowing Hair Half Dollar, VF35
O-110, Choice Type Coin**



- 4141** 1795 2 Leaves, O-110, T-21, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/1. Berries 9/8, with five inside berries on each side of the wreath. The 9 in the date is widely repunched at the top left outer loop, and the U in UNITED is repunched at the bottom. This is a sharply defined O-110 half, with sharp dentils throughout both sides and strong details on Liberty's flowing hair. Struck from clashed dies, with only tiny marks across the mostly smooth surfaces. A small mark between OF and AMERICA is noted on the reverse. Pleasing warm-gray toning covers both sides. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39228 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795/1795 Half Dollar, VG8
Three Leaves, O-111
Memorable Flowing Hair Variety**



- 4142** 1795/1795 3 Leaves, O-111, T-19, High R.4, VG8 PCGS. The most distinctive of all 1795 die varieties. All four date digits are widely repunched south, as also seen on O-112, but only Overton-111 has a reverse with three leaves below each wing. The bold radial crack on the reverse, from 10 o'clock to the center, is seen on all examples of the marriage. A charming golden-brown and pearl-gray example. Well defined for the grade except on STATES, which is weak because of the nearby biplanar crack. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39245 Base PCGS# 6053

**1795/1795 3 Leaves Flowing Hair Half, Fine 12
O-111, 3 Leaves Beneath Each Wing
Date Dramatically Doubled**



- 4143** 1795/1795 3 Leaves, O-111, T-19, High R.4, Fine 12 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. While every aspect of the O-111 variety is interesting to examine, it is hard to choose which feature is more dramatic and desirable. This is the only Flowing Hair half with three leaves under each wing, making it unique as a variety and the sole choice for completeness of the type. The date is broadly doubled to the south (a characteristic shared with the Overton-112 variety), to the extent that parts of the figures reach into the dentils. Finally, the reverse is severely cracked with a heavy die break through the eagle's body, across the left wing, and to the milling near the S in STATES. Sinking of the die allows the lower portion of the reverse to show little wear in comparison to the rest of the coin regardless of grade. This example shows smooth wear over silver-gray surfaces. The rims are full. Unquestionably one of the most desired types in all of numismatics, the O-111 is a necessity for many collectors and its value normally exceeds both its numeric grade and its perceived availability. Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015)*, lot 5062. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39245 Base PCGS# 6053

- 4144** 1795 2 Leaves, A Over E in STATES, O-113a, T-14, R.4, VG10 NGC. Tompkins Die State 4/2. A circulation-cameo effect on both sides, with deeply toned slate-gray fields and light, silver-gray toning on the raised devices. A popular variety in a mid-to-late state of the dies, with a large, ragged die lump between 5 in the date and star 15. Generally smooth and nicely detailed surfaces for the VG grade, with the A in STATES clearly punched over a mistaken E. A rim bump at 9 o'clock on the reverse is noted. Ex: *Public Auction Sale (Stack's, 6/1988)*, lot 1463. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39254 Base PCGS# 39252

**1795 Half Dollar, VF30
O-113a, 'STETES' Reverse**



- 4145** 1795 2 Leaves, A Over E in STATES, O-113a, T-14, R.4, VF30 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 3/2. The die crack atop LIBERTY is faint but present. Deep cobalt-blue and lavender patina drapes this impressively unabraded Flowing Hair type coin. One tiny area of deep build-up between two dentils at 2 o'clock on the reverse will identify this pleasing representative. The dies are moderately rotated. Always popular for the A over E engraver's blunder in STATES. Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 936. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39254 Base PCGS# 39252

**1795 Half Dollar, VF25
Two Leaves, O-117a
Problem-Free, Originally Toned**



- 4146** 1795 2 Leaves, O-117a, T-3, R.4, VF25 PCGS. Rich autumn-brown and olive-gray toning blankets this uncommonly unabraded Flowing Hair type coin. The dies were slightly out of alignment, causing a soft impression on the ERT in LIBERTY and the CA in AMERICA. Clashed from the wing below Liberty's chin, usual for the die marriage. A very late die state with a buckled field near the bust tip. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39234 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795 Half Dollar, Fine 12
O-121, Y Over Star**



- 4147** 1795 2 Leaves, Y Over Star, O-121, T-2, High R.4, Fine 12 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/1. A scarce variety with Y of LIBERTY punched over a previously punched star. The O-121 variety is always in demand for its blatant engraver's error — the sole use of the heavily clashed obverse die, which cracked up the middle in its late stages. Three points of the overpunched star remain visible beneath the Y. Attractive bluish-gray toning covers both sides of this smoothly worn example. We note a minor rim bump above E in AMERICA, with light adjustment marks on the reverse margin that require a glass for viewing. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39256 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795 Flowing Hair Half Dollar, XF40
O-121, Two Leaves, Y Over Star Obverse**



- 4148** 1795 2 Leaves, Y Over Star, O-121, T-2, High R.4, XF40 PCGS. Remnants of a star are visible within the open spaces of the Y in LIBERTY, giving this variety its distinctive appeal. The CA in AMERICA is also noticeably recut. The present example is in the early die state without the heavy radial crack through the date. The strike is even and sharp, and the devices retain substantial detail. Softness on the eagle's breast was likely present before circulating. Clash marks appear in the central fields, and mint-made adjustment marks interrupt the border dentils along the right obverse periphery. Both sides have smooth surfaces and medium olive-gray coloration. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39256 Base PCGS# 6052

**1795 O-125, T-13 Half Dollar, Fine 15
Collectible 'Two Leaves' Reverse**



- 4149** 1795 2 Leaves, O-125, T-13, R.4, Fine 15 PCGS. The O-125 half dollar ranks among the plentiful varieties of 1795, and makes an ideal variety for type collectors who seek a single Flowing Hair representative. This piece has violet-gray and medium brown toning with a few splashes of ebony patina in the protected areas. A pleasing early half dollar with good eye appeal. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39241 Base PCGS# 6052

- 4150** 1795 2 Leaves, Small Head, O-126a, T-22, High R.4, Good 4 PCGS. The portrait, eagle, and wreath are well outlined. TES OF AMER is faint but readable, while the remainder of the legends are bold. The stars are distinct, as are the left-side obverse dentils. This cream-gray type coin shows only a single mentionable mark, a thin vertical line through the right (facing) wing. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39248 Base PCGS# 6054

**1801 O-101, T-2 Half Dollar, XF40
Important First Year Issue**



- 4151** 1801 O-101, T-2, R.3, XF40 ANACS. After producing a small quantity of Draped Bust, Small Eagle half dollars in 1796 and 1797, the Mint employed a new Heraldic Eagle reverse design in 1801, striking another 30,289 coins. These were the first of the new design, and are popular with type collectors today. This piece has pleasing light silver-gray surfaces with champagne, steel, and iridescent toning. The reverse is a trifle weak, but traces of luster remain. NGC ID# 24ED, PCGS# 39267 Base PCGS# 6064

**1801 Half Dollar, Choice VF
Challenging Overton-102**



- 4152** 1801 O-102, T-1, High R.4, VF35 PCGS. Overton-102 is the rarer of the two die marriages for this better Draped Bust date. Silver depositors at the early U.S. Mint preferred the largest denomination obtainable, which meant silver dollars were coined in greater quantity prior to 1805. The present 1801 half dollar exhibits straw-gold and steel-blue toning. Wear is moderate, and there are no distractions. NGC ID# 24ED, PCGS# 39268 Base PCGS# 6064

**1802 O-101 Half Dollar, VF25
Pleasing Mid-Grade Example**



- 4153** 1802 O-101, T-1, R.3, VF25 PCGS. Tompkins Die Stage 1/1. The 1802 half dollars (29,890 coins struck) share the same reverse as the 1801 O-102 coins. Collectors are always in search of examples from this capstone emission. This pleasing mid-grade survivor retains relatively strong detail on the obverse, while the reverse design exhibits a greater degree of high-point blending. Light lavender-gray patina with tan-gold accents. NGC ID# 24EE, PCGS# 39269 Base PCGS# 6065

**1802 Half Dollar, O-101, VF25
Appealing Circulation Cameo**



- 4154** 1802 O-101, T-1, R.3, VF25 PCGS. CAC. This is the sole die variety for the 1802 half dollar, which boasts a small mintage of 29,890 pieces. Date and variety collectors produce strong demand for examples in all grades. This CAC-approved VF coin displays original battleship-gray relief elements with deeper olive-gray and bluish field toning that delivers an outstanding circulation-cameo appearance. The surfaces are smooth and problem-free, and the devices are well-detailed. NGC ID# 24EE, PCGS# 39269 Base PCGS# 6065

**1802 O-101 Half Dollar, VF30
Capstone Draped Bust Issue**



- 4155** 1802 O-101, T-1, R.3, VF30 PCGS. Tompkins Die Stage 1/2. The 1802 represents a key date among Draped Bust, Heraldic Eagle half dollars thanks to a mintage of 29,890 coins. A single die pair was used, the reverse having previously been employed to strike half dollars in 1801. High-grade coins are exceedingly elusive, making this an ideal collectible representative with bold detail at an affordable price. Bright, steel-gray surfaces exhibit thin, wispy pin scratches, but none of them are singularly detracting. NGC ID# 24EE, PCGS# 39269 Base PCGS# 6065

**1802 O-101 Half Dollar, Strong VF35
Semikey Draped Bust Issue**



- 4156** 1802 O-101, T-1, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Tompkins Die Stage 1/1. A single die pair was used to strike the 29,890 half dollars manufactured in 1802. Examples are scarce in the absolute sense, and the certified population falls off markedly in XF and higher grades. An even layer of friction occurs over boldly detailed design elements throughout this better-date half dollar. Each side shows a mix of gunmetal-gray, steel-blue, and golden-olive patina. There are no significant imperfections to report. Population: 28 in 35, 56 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24EE, PCGS# 39269 Base PCGS# 6065

**1802 O-101 Half Dollar, Choice XF
Original Lavender-Gray Patina, CAC-Approved**



- 4157** 1802 O-101, T-1, R.3, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Tompkins Die Stage 1/1. The typical 1802 half dollar reported at the leading certification services grades about VF30. This Choice XF representative is incredibly attractive with minimal friction for the grade. Liberty's upper hair curls and the eagle's neck feathers strongly defined, and the original lavender-gray surfaces exhibit surprisingly few marks. The 1802 is a sought-after date with a small mintage of 29,890 coins. Population: 17 in 45, 28 finer. CAC: 7 in 45, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EE, PCGS# 39269 Base PCGS# 6065

**1803 O-103 Half Dollar, AU53
Large 3, Large Reverse Stars**



- 4158** 1803 Large 3, Large Reverse Stars, O-103, T-3, R.3, AU53 NGC. O-103 is the sole die marriage to combine a Large 3 obverse and a Large Stars reverse. The present partially lustrous example is lavishly toned sea-green, wheat-gold, and fire-red. The reverse appears unabraded, but we note wispy field marks near the shoulder curl and a slender mark below Liberty's ear. NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 39273 Base PCGS# 6066

**1803 O-103, T-3 Half Dollar, AU55
Large 3, Large Reverse Stars**



- 4159** 1803 Large 3, Large Reverse Stars, O-103, T-3, R.3, AU55 PCGS. Although there are no rare 1803 half dollar varieties, all four die pairs are elusive in higher grades. This Choice AU example has an above average strike with satiny champagne surfaces and brilliant silver luster. Population: 20 in 55, 14 finer for all 1803 varieties (11/16). NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 39273 Base PCGS# 6066

- 4160** 1803 Small 3, Large Reverse Stars, O-104, T-4, R.3, VF30 PCGS. CAC. Overton-104 is the only Small 3 variety of the date. This issue is seldom offered above the VF level. The present CAC-endorsed representative displays a sharp, even strike with original olive-gray and tan toning. Wear is consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 39274 Base PCGS# 6067

1805/4 O-102 Half, Choice VF



- 4161** 1805/4 O-102, T-5, R.3, VF35 PCGS. A stone-gray Choice VF representative. Both sides are refreshingly free from abrasions. Liberty's cheek and shoulder display moderate wear, and most letters within E PLURIBUS UNUM are clear. Evenly struck except for softness on the vertical shield lines. An early die state without any indication of the eventual radial crack through obverse star 7. NGC ID# 24EH, PCGS# 39292 Base PCGS# 6070

1805/4 O-102 Half Dollar, XF40



- 4162** 1805/4 O-102, T-5, R.3, XF40 PCGS. Deep forest-green, lavender, and golden-brown toning encompasses this moderately circulated and minimally marked half dollar. The underdigit 5 is obvious, since its base, stand, crosslet, and left corner are all partially present. A tiny lamination near the arrows is of mint origin, and a small obverse spot at 5 o'clock provides an identifier. NGC ID# 24EH, PCGS# 39292 Base PCGS# 6070

- 4163** 1806/5 O-101, T-6, R.3, XF45 NGC. Cracked above ITE on the reverse, but the cud has not yet formed. The date shows recutting of the 0 and remnants of a 5 in the upper loop of the 6. This is a sharply detailed coin with hints of luster remaining in the protected regions of the fields. Golden interiors cede to lavender and blue border toning. The strike is even but lacking complete sharpness on the central reverse. NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 39296 Base PCGS# 6077

**1806/5 O-101 Draped Bust Half, AU53
Knobbed Top 6 Over 5, Large Stars**



- 4164** 1806/5 O-101, T-6, R.3, AU53 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. A faint die crack crosses the tops of the letters ITE in UNITED, but no cud has formed, confirming the earlier die state of the variety. Thick stone-gray patina blankets both sides of this richly patinated half, with deeper charcoal-gray at the margins. Bold details remain on Liberty's hair with minimal wear. The eagle also displays sharp detail, although some of the field stars are weak. Notable abrasions are confined to two marks between STATES and OF on the reverse. Glimpses of reddish-gold luster remain in a few protected areas. Census: 7 in 53, 13 finer (11/16).
Ex: *Liberty USA Collection, Part 2* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4385, which realized \$3,995. NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 39296 Base PCGS# 6077

- 4165** 1806/5 O-103, T-8, R.2, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Peach-red borders accompanies sea-green fields and gunmetal-gray devices. Myriad pockets of luster glimmer from design recesses. Smooth aside from a pair of hair-thin horizontal marks near obverse star 10.
Ex: *Color Collection* (Heritage, 7/2012), lot 3655, which realized \$2,530. NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 39299 Base PCGS# 6077

- 4166** 1806 Knob 6, Large Stars, O-105a, T-5, R.2 — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Both rims are unobtrusively filed throughout to conceal minor rim knocks below the date. A partly lustrous pearl-gray Draped Bust type coin. Marks are essentially limited to a shallow scrape on the arrowheads and the UNIT in UNITED. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39305 Base PCGS# 6075

**1806 Half Dollar, Choice AU
Knob 6, Large Obverse Stars, O-105a**



- 4167** 1806 Knob 6, Large Stars, O-105a, T-5, R.2, AU55 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 4/1. Tompkins plate coin. The T in LIBERTY is blatantly repunched, and die scratches from the right shield corner and fletchings ensures the attribution. A whisper of gold patina graces this partially lustrous and minimally marked Choice About Uncirculated Bust half. The strike is soft on the rightmost cloud, as often seen for the type. This is the Knob 6, Large Stars obverse — contrary to the PCGS holder that calls it Small Stars — even though the correct Overton O-105a designation appears on the holder. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39305 Base PCGS# 6075

- 4168** 1806 Knob 6, Small Stars, O-107a, T-3, High R.4, XF40 PCGS. CAC. A less often seen Knob 6 variety, this coin showing sharp detail in the central devices and an excellent array of olive-green and gray toning. A few light marks appear in the fields with a loupe. This coin shows weakness in the stars above and right of the eagle's head, as is typical of the variety. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39308 Base PCGS# 6075

- 4169** 1806 Pointed 6, No Stem, O-109, T-15, R.1, XF40 PCGS. CAC. The pointed 6 in the date and no stem through the eagle's claw readily identify this plentiful variety. The present CAC-approved coin displays sharp detail with minimal high-point wear. Pleasing lavender-gray coloration shows olive-green hues near the borders, while the underlying surfaces are smooth and problem-free. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39310 Base PCGS# 6073

**1806 O-109, T-15 Half Dollar, AU50
Pointed 6, No Stem**



- 4170** 1806 Pointed 6, No Stem, O-109, T-15, R.1, AU50 PCGS. CAC. The engraver failed to extend the branch stem through the eagle's claw on this distinctive reverse die, creating a popular variety for today's collectors. This still lustrous piece has dappled gold and steel toning on its light gray surfaces. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39310 Base PCGS# 6073

**Rare O-114 1806 Half Dollar
Pointed 6, Stem, AU55**



- 4171** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-114, T-16, R.5, AU55 NGC. From the more elusive early reverse die state without the prominent horizontal die crack across the center. This well-struck example retains substantial luster beneath soft gold-orange and peach elements. Light, yet distinct wear is largely concentrated at the high points, such as Liberty's shoulder.
Ex: *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 453; *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3566. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39315 Base PCGS# 6071

- 4172** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-115, T-17, R.1, XF45 PCGS. This variety shows dramatic repunching on the T in LIBERTY. On the reverse, ME are joined at the bases. In this later die state, a crack extends across the top of STATES. This is an attractive Choice XF example with light dove-gray toning that turns to deep cobalt-green near the lower obverse and even deeper multicolored iridescence near the upper reverse borders. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39317 Base PCGS# 6071

**1806 Draped Bust Half Dollar, Sharp AU55
O-115a, Lightly Toned Example**



- 4173** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-115a, T-17, R.2, AU55 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 5/3. The latest state of the dies, with multiple cracks, die clashing, and the obverse stars drawn to the rims. Crisply struck and lightly toned, this early half saw only brief circulation and retains sharp detail throughout. Mint luster remains bright beneath pale champagne-gold toning that intensifies at the borders. The tail of the 6 in the date is repunched. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39318 Base PCGS# 6071

**1806 Draped Bust Half, MS62
O-115a, Obviously Original Surfaces**



- 4174** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-115a, T-17, R.2, MS62 PCGS Secure. Tompkins Die State 5/3. The late state of the dies, with numerous obverse die cracks and die chips around the outer points of star 2. A reverse die crack above STATES approaches the left wingtip. Rose-gray toning blankets both sides with gunmetal-blue shades at the borders and plentiful mint luster shining through. A thoroughly original and appealing early half, the TY of LIBERTY widely recut, with pleasing fields and a relatively sharp strike for the issue. Housed in a Secure holder. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39318 Base PCGS# 6071

- 4175** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-116, T-20, R.3 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Tompkins Die State 3/3. Struck from a middle die state on the reverse and from an advanced state of the obverse die. Tan, blue, and olive-gold toning covers both sides of this still-attractive Draped Bust half. Some faint lines are visible beneath the toning that suggest a long-ago light cleaning. Sharp definition remains on the central motifs.
Ex: Sheridan Downey Mail Bid Sale #9 (7/1993) as XF45+ uncertified.

**1806 Draped Bust Half, Album-Toned AU55
O-116, Pointed 6, Short Stem**



- 4176** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-116, T-20, R.3, AU55 PCGS. CAC. Tompkins Die State 3/5. A Choice About Uncirculated representative of the late die state for Overton-116. Attractive album toning is deepest at the margins of this example, with steel-blue shades merging into reddish-tan and magenta surrounding a silver-gray center. The reverse is more extensively toned in bluish-gray, reddish-tan, and aquamarine hues. Mint luster remains throughout. Multiple die cracks encircle both sides, with die clashing visible despite lapped dies. Faint triangular segments are visible in the field stars. Small abrasions do not lessen the appeal, which is considerable across the surfaces that are well-defined for the variety. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39319 Base PCGS# 6071

**1806 Half Dollar, Lustrous AU58
O-118a, Pointed 6, Stem Through Claw**



- 4177** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-118a, T-24, R.3, AU58 PCGS. The reverse is shattered on this late die state variant of O-118, showing heavy die cracks along the left-hand border as well as diagonally across the interior from below the fletchings to the the O in OF. This partially lustrous near-Mint coin displays little evidence of wear and has bright silver luster with a few stray lines seen beneath a loupe. Strike weakness occurs on Liberty's temple, the right-hand border stars, and the central reverse, as usual for the die pairing in this late state. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39322 Base PCGS# 6071

- 4178** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-119, T-27, R.3, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Tompkins Die State 2/3, intermediate between O-119 and O-119a. Splashes of aquamarine toning overlie slightly bright slate-white surfaces. Luster emerges from the wings, and marks are confined to a faint line above the ribbon and a few tiny oval-shaped depressions near Liberty's hair. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39323 Base PCGS# 6071

**1806 Pointed 6, Stem Half, AU58
O-120a, Internal Cud**



- 4179** 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-120a, T-28, R.4, AU58 PCGS Secure. Tompkins Die State 2/7. A large production of 839,576 Draped Bust half dollars was delivered in 1806, with 28 known die varieties to achieve the mintage. The present coin is an example of the rare O-120a variety, easily recognized by the medium-spread internal cud in the shield stripes on the reverse. This specimen is a splendid near-Mint piece, with a sharp strike and nearly full mint luster. The vibrant surfaces display areas of gold and pale-almond toning. Many diagnostic die cracks are evident including the crack across the tail feathers and a faint crack from the leaf to the base of RI. Population (all Pointed 6, Stem varieties): 43 in 58, 53 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 39326 Base PCGS# 6071

**1807 Draped Bust Half, O-102, AU55
Well-Detailed Type Coin**



- 4180** 1807 Draped Bust, O-102, T-8, R.2, AU55 PCGS. The obverse portrait and right-hand stars are sharp, although the left-hand stars are incompletely struck. The reverse is bold throughout. This Choice AU Draped Bust type coin displays uniform olive-gray toning with hints of luster in the reverse fields. The Overton-102 variety is plentiful overall, making this particular coin ideal for type purposes. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39339 Base PCGS# 6079
- 4181** 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, XF40 PCGS. Light golden-brown toning visits the borders, but this final-year Draped Bust half is predominantly pearl-gray. Glimmers of bright luster accompany design elements. Minimally abraded save for a hair-thin vertical field line above the portrait. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079
- 4182** 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, XF45 NGC. Ex: Andrew "Ko Ko" Koltko. A well-defined pearl-gray silver type coin. Luster illuminates the legends and motifs. The reverse is essentially unabraded, as is the portrait. The obverse field displays a few unobtrusive thin marks. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079

**1807 Draped Bust Half Dollar
Choice AU, O-105**



- 4183** 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, AU55 PCGS. Dusky autumn-brown and gunmetal-blue toning encompasses this unabraded and impressive Choice AU Draped Bust type coin. The die chip above the second U in UNUM is the pick-up point for the popular O-105 variety. An intermediate die state; the fields show faint clash marks but no break is apparent between the ED in UNITED. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079

**1807 Draped Bust Half Dollar, MS62
O-105, Sharp Type Coin**



- 4184** 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, MS62 PCGS. The more often seen early die state before the die lump develops between the ED in UNITED. This Mint State Draped Bust type coin displays a sharp, even strike with complete border dentils around each side. The central devices are well-defined and luster glows in the fields. Dusky gray toning is cast over light rose-gold surfaces. Light, scattered marks contribute to the grade. Population (all varieties included): 24 in 62, 37 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079

**1807 O-105a Draped Bust Half, AU55
Advanced Die State, Colorful Toning**



- 4185** 1807 Draped Bust, O-105a, T-4, R.4, AU55 PCGS Secure. Tompkins Die State 4/5. Luminous rainbow toning at the margins joins lilac-gray centers of this Choice About Uncirculated early half. Struck from the scarcer late die state (O-105a), with a heavy die break between E and D of UNITED that creates a large die lump there. A few tiny die lumps exist beneath D and the scroll, although not as large as those shown in the Tompkins reference. Only minor abrasions exist on the smooth and attractive surfaces. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39344 Base PCGS# 6079

4186 1807 Draped Bust, O-110, T-3, R.2, XF45 PCGS Secure. Some would argue that the attribution should be O-110a, since a die crack delicately descends past the final S in STATES to cloud 7. Deep dove-gray toning blankets moderately circulated surfaces. Lightly abraded overall, though we note a faint diagonal line on the cheek and a horizontal field line near the L in LIBERTY. NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39351 Base PCGS# 6079

4187 1807 Draped Bust, O-110a, T-3, R.2 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Both dies are cracked around the periphery on this late die state variety. This piece displays an even strike with light high-point wear on the devices. The surfaces are unnaturally bright with steel-gray color, but hints of gold toning emerge from the border recesses.

1807 Draped Bust Half Dollar, O-110a Uncirculated Details



4188 1807 Draped Bust, O-110a, T-3, R.2 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc. Details. The portrait is minutely granular from a chemical cleaning, but this coruscating and attractive Draped Bust type coin has retoned in pleasing powder-blue and chestnut-gold shades. The surfaces are surprisingly free from marks. A late die state with a crack between the tail feathers and the U in UNITED. Several other cracks are also present, inherited from earlier die states.

BUST HALF DOLLARS

4189 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, AU50 PCGS. Luster beckons from the borders and selected recesses of the devices. Medium chestnut-brown toning ensures the originality. A glass reveals a few faint marks, mostly near the eagle's head. The usually seen Overton variety of this popular overdenomination mint blunder.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 1452; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3575. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086

4190 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, AU53 NGC. Stone-gray and straw-gold shades embrace this lightly abraded example. Well struck across the margins, while the major devices have minor softness of strike. Struck from lightly clashed dies.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2001), lot 5868; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2001), lot 8352; Gary G. Walker Collection (Heritage, 7/2003), lot 7365. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086

1807 Capped Bust Half, AU55 Interesting 50 Over 20 Blunder, O-112



4191 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, AU55 PCGS. A charming first-year Capped Bust half with the engraving blunder 50 over 20. The diemaker began to enter the denomination as 25C before realizing the mistake. A similar 25 over 50C error occurs on 1822 and 1828 quarters. This example is tan-gray with gunmetal toning over the high points of the devices. Satiny luster shimmers from the protected areas. Impressively unabraded despite its light circulation.

Ex: Houston Signature (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 60596; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 1464. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086

1807 Capped Bust Half, MS62+ O-112, 50 Over 20, Large Stars



4192 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, MS62+ PCGS. CAC. The popular Guide Book engraving blunder. The die sinker began to enter the denomination as 25 C before recognizing the mistake. This first-year Capped Bust half dollar has aquamarine and straw-gold borders. No marks are noticeable, and satin luster crosses both sides. CAC: 2 in 62, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086

4193 1808/7 O-101, R.1, AU53 PCGS. CAC. The late die state with a heavy crack between star 3 and the bust. Overton was aware of the die state but did not assign it a subvariety. This lightly circulated and unmarked half dollar has cream-gray centers and steel-blue and russet borders.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 3887, which realized \$2,467.50. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091

1808/7 Half Dollar, O-101, AU55
Traces of Mint Luster, 'Secure' Holder



- 4194** 1808/7 O-101, R.1, AU55 PCGS Secure. Struck to the extent of more than 1.3 million pieces, the second-year of the new John Reich design required 10 die pairs, many of which were used beyond the normal wear and tear of the minting process. O-101 is the sole overdate for the 1808, and always in demand as the first overdate in the Capped Bust series. This example displays satin-smooth fields and an attractive, lilac-gray patina. Golden luster gleams at the margins. The strike is sharp and the die cracks are not as advanced as later states of the dies, with minor die clashing visible on both sides. A Choice About Uncirculated coin, housed in a PCGS Secure holder. Population: 24 in 55, 51 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091

1808/7 O-101 Half Dollar, AU58
Luster Remains in the Fields



- 4195** 1808/7 O-101, R.1, AU58 NGC. Slight wear on the highest design points defines the grade of this attractive overdate half dollar. Both sides have light gray and gold toning over subdued luster. No distracting abrasions are seen. The overdate is scarce in Mint State, making high-end AU coins widely popular among budget-conscious enthusiasts.
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3584. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091

1808/7 O-101 Bust Half, MS62
Sea-Green Peripheries



- 4196** 1808/7 O-101, R.1, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Splendid ocean-blue and apricot-gold toning fills the margins of this nicely struck half dollar. The fields are cream-gray, and glimpses of golden-brown outline the portrait. The semiprooflike surfaces are clashed but lack any consequential contact. An earlier die state than is usual for the 1808/7 overdate, without a second die crack between the bust and star 3. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091

1808 O-103 Half Dollar, MS64
Lightly Toned and Satiny



- 4197** 1808 O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Glimpses of orange-gold and rose-red toning overlies satiny stone-gray surfaces. This well struck Choice half dollar has a pristine reverse, and the reverse is unabraded save for a few wispy marks near the profile. An earlier die state than most examples of O-103, since peripheral elements are crisp and show minimal stretching toward the rims. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39364 Base PCGS# 6090

1808 Half Dollar
Near-Gem O-103 Example



- 4198** 1808 O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. The obverse is frosty, brilliant, and lustrous, with a mere suggestion of pale-gold patina at the rims. The reverse is equally frosty but displays olive-gold patina at the margins with diminishing intensity until merging with the nearly untuned, silver center. Die erosion suggests an advanced state of the dies, with the outer devices are drawn to the edge, weak dentils, and accompanying metal flowlines. The central motifs are sharp. Population (all non-overdate varieties): 25 in 64 (3 in 64+), 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39364 Base PCGS# 6090

4199 1809 Normal Edge, O-106, R.3, AU58 PCGS. Rich autumn-brown and gunmetal toning embrace this Borderline Uncirculated early Capped Bust half. Luster glimmers from the sharply struck surfaces. Marks are limited to a cluster of thin vertical field marks below the N in UNUM. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39395 Base PCGS# 6092

4200 1809 Normal Edge, O-106, R.3, MS62 NGC. A die line extending into the eagle's wing from the right corner of the shield and recutting on the N in UNITED identify the Overton-106 variety, which is the only appearance of this reverse. This is the usual later die state, showing a crack along the left-hand stars. This Mint State coin is well-struck and untuned, showing satiny luster and light, scattered abrasions. Census (all varieties included): 22 in 62, 37 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39395 Base PCGS# 6092

4201 1809 Normal Edge, O-106, R.3, MS62 NGC. A repunched N in UNITED identifies the Overton pairing. A lengthy die line from the right shield corner is also diagnostic. Medium chestnut-brown and lilac toning embraces this lightly marked representative. The surfaces teem with luster, and the device high points show only slight blending of detail.

Ex: Rosemont Central States (*Heritage*, 4/2011), lot 3631. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39395 Base PCGS# 6092

1809 Capped Bust Half Dollar, MS61 O-107, Lovely Toning



4202 1809 III Edge, O-107, R.3, MS61 PCGS. All Mint State 1809 halves are scarce and held in high regard by Bust half aficionados. On the O-107, the 1 in the date is positioned too far left in relation to the 809, and faint, incused segments are visible with a glass on the cap. The surfaces have a reflective, semiprooflike sheen and the strike is sharp except at stars 5 to 7 and the top fold of Liberty's cap. The reverse displays similar reflective fields with minor weakness at the top of 50 C., the eagle's right (facing) talons, and the branch stem. The wing detail and feathers are razor-sharp. Mottled shades of reddish-gold, blue, lilac, and olive-green combine with bright mint luster for a delightful, colorful patina. Population (all varieties): 6 in 61, 57 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39383 Base PCGS# 6094

1809 O-107a Capped Bust Half, MS62 III Edge, Tied for Finest of the Variety



4203 1809 III Edge, O-107a, R.4, MS62 PCGS. A scarce and interesting variety, the O-107a is known for a multipronged network of ragged die cracks that originate as a heavy crack between stars 11 and 12 before branching out north, south, and west. The reverse displays multiple areas of die clashing, including triple embossed segments extending from the arrowheads into AMERICA. Despite it all, the strike is sharp on all of the devices and the surfaces are smooth and appealing. Pale-blue and peach-gold toning provide a pleasing, light patina over the lustrous surfaces.

The III Edge variety is of special importance to series specialists, who — no doubt — will keep a watchful eye on the bidding on this attractive Mint State example. The current Stephen Herrman report (*Autumn*, 2016) shows this exact coin at the top of the listing for the O-107a variety, tied with three other pieces at the MS62 level. Incrementally more scarce than the earlier die state O-107 and a possibly unimprovable representative of the near-terminal die stage, we expect Bust half enthusiasts to offer keen competition when this lot is called. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39384 Base PCGS# 6094

4204 1809 III Edge, O-108, R.4, XF45 PCGS. CAC. O-108 is very scarce overall, and is conditionally rare. The present lot may qualify for the O-108 Condition Census. Liberty's cheek displays moderate wear, but the microgranular surfaces are only minimally marked. Rich lavender, stone-gray, and forest-green toning embraces both sides. PCGS# 39385 Base PCGS# 6094

1810 Half Dollar, MS63
Golden-Gray Patina, O-106a



- 4205** 1810 O-106a, R.3, MS63 PCGS. A die line through the right shield corner and the wing, and areas of flatness around the borders easily confirm the Overton-106a attribution. Frosty luster percolates through a blanket of golden-gray patina. The centers exhibit bold detail, while the margins are considerably softer. Few detracting marks appear on either side. NGC ID# 24ET, PCGS# 39413 Base PCGS# 6095

1810 Bust Half, MS62
Scarce Overton-108



- 4206** 1810 O-108, R.3, MS62 PCGS. Ex: Meyer Collection. Brilliant-silver luster dominates a speckling of powder-gray and olive-gold toning that congregates at the borders. The obverse stars are sharp with the exception of stars 8 and 9, which show minor flatness at the centers. The reverse displays some lengthy die cracks to represent a middle state of the dies. A scarce variety of this early Capped Bust date, ranking at the low end of the Condition Census according to both Parsley and Herrman. Population (all Overton varieties combined): 26 in 62, 37 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24ET, PCGS# 39416 Base PCGS# 6095

1811/10 Half Dollar, O-102, AU58
Originally Toned Surfaces



- 4207** 1811/10 O-102, R.4, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Dappled shades of pale-blue, russet-red, and cloudy-gray drift across the silver surfaces of this scarce and popular "18 dot 11" variety. The reverse is colorfully toned, adding peach-gold to the palette. Fatigued dies show wear, with some graininess at the borders where the obverse stars and reverse legend are pulled toward the edge, and with weakening of the dentils. The advanced state of the dies notwithstanding, this coin is close to full Mint State. Luster remains beneath the toning, and the central motifs are comparatively sharp. NGC ID# 24EV, PCGS# 39422 Base PCGS# 6099

1811 Half Dollar, AU58
Lustrous O-106 Representative



- 4208** 1811 Small 8, O-106, R.3, AU58 PCGS. Struck from a deteriorated die state with strong metal flowlines spreading toward the rims in the peripheral fields. This near-Mint O-106 half dollar displays a fairly even strike but with minor weakness on the right-hand stars. Neither side exhibits immediately obvious wear, and ample luster glows in the fields. Both sides have dusky champagne-gray toning and largely smooth surfaces. NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39429 Base PCGS# 6097

1811 O-109 Half Dollar, MS62+
Bold Radial Die Crack Through Scroll



- 4209** 1811 Small 8, O-109, R.2, MS62+ NGC. The surfaces of this interesting O-109 example are satiny and highly lustrous, with iridescent toning across both sides including shades of aquamarine, peach-gold, and russet-red. The variety is known for its sole use of a heavily cracked reverse die, with the crack running tangent to the first S in STATES where it creates a biplanar surface that bisects the scroll, before penetrating deep into the left (facing). Numerous other die cracks encircle the reverse margin and legends. The strike is nevertheless sharp on virtually all of the motifs. PCGS# 39433 Base PCGS# 6097

1811 O-109 Capped Bust Half, MS63
Small 8, Mint-Fresh Luster



- 4210** 1811 Small 8, O-109, R.2, MS63 PCGS Secure. The O-109 variety is readily identifiable by a strong, biplanar die break that travels from the edge along the left side of the first S in STATES, through the scroll, and deep into the left wing shoulder. Smooth and lustrous fields surround sharply struck central elements, while the outer edges are crisply struck as well except where affected by the reverse die crack. Translucent tan-gold toning occupies the margins, yielding to silver centers. A few small ticks and marks do not detract from the Mint-fresh appeal. Housed in a Secure holder. Population (all Small 8 varieties): 31 in 63 (1 in 63+), 33 finer (10/16). PCGS# 39433 Base PCGS# 6097

**1812/1 Capped Bust Half Dollar, MS64
Small 8, O-102a Guide Book Variety**



- 4211** 1812/1 Small 8, O-102a, R.2, MS64 PCGS. The small 8 in the date and the remnants of an undertype 1 below the primary 2 identify the O-102 variety. A blurry die crack from the base of the second 1 to the stand of the overpunched 1 and the clash marks above the date identify the late die state O-102a.

Iridescent shades of magenta and greenish-gold toning enhance the pleasing surfaces of this near-Gem specimen, with scattered, minor signs of contact and vibrant mint luster underneath. The design elements are well-detailed, showing some of the usual flatness on four of the obverse stars. In the late die state, Steve Herrman's Autumn 2016 listing shows a single MS65 coin at the top of the Condition Census, followed by several MS64 entries (10/16). NGC ID# 24EY, PCGS# 39444 Base PCGS# 6101

- 4212** 1812 Large 8, O-103, R.1, AU58 PCGS. A bright, lustrous near-Mint example with a sharp strike and even definition. Light handling marks fail to impact the naked eye. Uncirculated 1812 half dollars are available, but this piece possesses an unusual amount of luster and eye appeal for an affordable AU representative. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39446 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 Half Dollar, O-103, MS63
Highly Lustrous Surfaces**



- 4213** 1812 Large 8, O-103, R.1, MS63 PCGS. The strike is sharp but slightly uneven, with the right-hand stars incompletely defined. Metal flowlines in the margins fail to affect the strike sharpness. This lustrous Select O-103 half dollar displays vibrant luster and mottled golden and russet toning. Minor marks on the portrait and in the fields determine the grade but pose little distraction. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39446 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 O-103 Half Dollar, MS64
Lustrous, Originally Toned**



- 4214** 1812 Large 8, O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. A lovely cream-gray and lilac near-Gem with glimpses of apple-green, sun-gold, and plum-red across the margins. The lustrous surfaces are smooth aside from a few hair-thin marks near Liberty's jaw. The strike is sharp except on the right-side stars. Overton-103 is readily attributed by the vertical die lines above the eagle's left (facing) shoulder. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39446 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 Half Dollar, O-103, MS64
Lustrous Early Capped Bust Type**



- 4215** 1812 Large 8, O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. The reverse is rotated 20° clockwise. Rich lilac and gold toning covers the lustrous surfaces of this smooth and attractive near-Gem half. The O-103 variety shows a diagnostic die line to the right of the clasp and a series of die lines above the left (facing) eagle's wing beneath the neck. Recutting on the left curve at O in OF confirms the die pair. Housed in an old green label holder from time of purchase, this frosty and Choice example is CAC endorsed with a razor-sharp strike. Purchased from Allstate Coin Company (8/1992). NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39446 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 O-104a Half Dollar, MS64+
Intermediate Die State**



- 4216** 1812 Large 8, O-104a, R.1, MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The reverse has a ling die line through the feathers left of the shield, and that feature is diagnostic for this die pair. The obverse is perfect and the reverse is cracked through UNITED STATES on this intermediate die state. Later states have an obverse crack through the drapery from the 1 in the date to Star 1. This Choice Mint State piece has full luster that shines through lovely champagne toning with peripheral gold. PCGS has certified five in MS64+ with 26 finer for all 1812 varieties (11/16). NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39448 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 Capped Bust Half, Fine Details
O-105, Struck 5% Off Center**



- 4217** 1812 Large 8, O-105, R.1 — Scratches — NGC Details. Fine. A scarce Bust half error with the left-hand stars partially off the flan, merged with the coin's edge. A similar off-center west strike affects UNITED, with the top half of the letters gone. This coin saw heavy circulation, with resultant scratches on the obverse and a knifelike gouge in the left obverse field. Deep, bluish-brown toning blankets both sides of this appealing Mint error O-105 coin.
Ex: New York ANA Sale (Superior, 8/2002), lot 2626.

**1812 O-105a Half Dollar, MS64
Advanced Die State**



- 4218** 1812 Large 8, O-105a, R.2, MS64 NGC. The dies are heavily deteriorated on this late-state variety, although the obverse was still used for another die marriage (O-106). This Choice example displays champagne-gray interiors with aquamarine border toning. The strike is sharp despite metal flowlines in the fields that nearly eradicate portions of the border dentils. There are no major abrasions. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39450 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 O-107' Half Dollar, MS63
First Generation Holder**



- 4219** 1812 Large 8, O-107', R.3(?), MS63 PCGS. CAC. Orange-gold and bluish-gray shades figure most prominently in the iridescent palette that colors this Select Uncirculated 1812 half. Readily identified by the "Jumping 1" in the date, where the first 1 is high, and a sharp tine penetrates the wing from the right shield corner. Well-struck from an early state of the dies showing only minor weakness at the cap, stars 7 and 8, and at the lowermost arrowhead and nearby talons — now known as O-107', without the mound above the left (facing) wing seen on later die stage. This CAC-endorsed example ranks at the low end of the Condition Census for the early die state according to the Autumn, 2016 edition of the Steve Herrman listing (10/16). NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39452 Base PCGS# 6100

**1812 Bust Half, MS62
O-110, High-Mintage Early Date**



- 4220** 1812 Large 8, O-110, R.1, MS62 NGC. More than 1.6 million Bust halves were struck in 1812 from 10 die pairs, an average of more than 160,000 pieces per die marriage. This O-110 example shows evidence of die wear and erosion, and most of the stars are drawn to the edge. Other than these factors, the coin is sharp, pleasing, and original. Mint luster glows beneath golden-gray toning that intensifies at the margins. The date is widely spaced, with 81 close and with both the first 1 and 2 distant from their neighboring digits. Only a few small ticks are visible with a lens. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39457 Base PCGS# 6100

1813 O-103'a' Half Dollar, MS64
A Strong Coin for the Grade



- 4221** 1813 O-103'a', R.2, MS64 PCGS. CAC. The top of the 3 is partially filled on this example, as is typical for the variety. Although the variety is plentiful, the 1813 half dollar overall is scarce in MS64 and rare any finer. This CAC-approved Choice example displays a sharp, even strike and highly lustrous fields. Both sides are cast in olive-green and lavender-gold toning. No major abrasions are observed. Population (all varieties included): 22 in 64 (3 in 64+), 4 finer. CAC: 5 in 64, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24EZ, PCGS# 39461 Base PCGS# 6103

1813 Bust Half, MS64
O-110, Vibrant Album Toning



- 4222** 1813 O-110, R.1, MS64 PCGS. This example displays extremely heavy clash marks on the obverse, including almost all of the scroll beneath the bust and also left and right of the hair. The dies clashed at least three times, as certain individual letters can be seen in triplicate. The shield is multiply clashed above and over the ear. Although the star points are drawn to the edge and the obverse milling is weak, the central elements are sharply struck with near-Gem definition amid frosty luster and peripheral sea-green album toning with pink accents. This exact coin is listed in the second position of Steve Herrman's Autumn, 2016 listing (11/16). Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 1074; *Summer FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 591. NGC ID# 24EZ, PCGS# 39472 Base PCGS# 6103

- 4223** 1814 O-103, R.1, AU58 PCGS. Vertical die lines beneath Liberty's bust and a heavy die line from the scroll to the eagle's left (facing) wing are the primary identifiers of the O-103 die pair. This near-Mint example is struck from a later state of the dies, where multiple die clashing on the obverse shows inverted images of the eagle's wings, shield stripes, and scroll incused on and around the portrait. The surfaces are otherwise smooth and unmarked with softly lustrous, steel-gray patina and excellent eye appeal. NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39477 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-103 Half Dollar, MS63
Heavy Reverse Die Ridge



- 4224** 1814 O-103, R.1, MS63 NGC. CAC. Multiple areas of bold die clashing appear on both sides of this Select Uncirculated O-103 example, which is seldom seen in an unclashed die state. A heavy, ridgelike die line from the E of E PLURIBUS UNUM runs from the scroll to the midpoint of the eagle's wing. Vivid toning covers both the obverse and reverse, with steel-blue and amber-gold hues that surround silvery centers of this visually impressive piece. The coin is sharply struck for the state of the dies and essentially free of any post-Mint marks and abrasions. CAC endorsed, housed in a previous generation, pre-barcode NGC holder. NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39477 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-104 Half Dollar, MS63
Important Early Die State



- 4225** 1814 O-104, R.4, MS63 PCGS. The present piece is an early-intermediate die state that shows some, but not all, of the cracks of O-104a. It has tremendous eye appeal through a combination of frosty silver luster and lovely blue, gold, ivory, and iridescent toning. Mint State early half dollars are becoming more elusive with every passing month or year. PCGS# 39478 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-104a Half Dollar, MS62



- 4226** 1814 O-104a, R.2, MS62 PCGS. Light caramel-gold and cream-gray toning encompasses this lustrous Capped Bust half dollar. The strike is sharp except on the upper left stars, and marks are limited to minor chatter on the left obverse field. A roller mark on the cheek and ear was on the planchet prior to the strike, and does not affect the technical grade. NGC ID# 4G8D, PCGS# 39479 Base PCGS# 6105

4227 1814 O-105, R.2, AU58 PCGS. The golden-brown and ocean-blue surfaces are prominently clashed but refreshingly unabraded. Light wear on the cheek and curls determines the grade. A fairly late die state with UNITED drawn toward the rim, but not yet O-105a. NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39480 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 Half Dollar, MS63
O-105, Popular 'Ear Bars' Variety



4228 1814 O-105, R.2, MS63 PCGS. Die clashing on both sides define the unlapped O-105 variety, with three prominent shield stripes clashed below the ear and plain even to the unaided eye. A Select Uncirculated example, softly lustrous with dappled deep, steel-gray toning and pleasing gold and blue accents. The strike is sharp on all but the right-hand stars, which are typically flat on the variety. Housed in an old green label holder, this piece is close to the Condition Census for the variety according to both the Parsley and Herrman listings. Population (all 1814 varieties included): 25 in 63, 40 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39480 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-107 Half Dollar, MS62
Distinctive Obverse and Reverse Die Clashing



4229 1814 O-107, R.2, MS62 PCGS. A prominent die chip fills the angle of N in UNITED and a pair of die lines form a distinct pattern near the end of Liberty's ribbon on the obverse while star 13 shows a small spike from the end of the inner point nearest the curl. Multiple die clashing encircles the central motifs on both sides of the coin. Richly toned in autumn-gold hues, this deeply patinated Bust half displays soft and glowing mint luster beneath the toning and sharply struck devices. O-107 is a somewhat scarcer variety in Mint State, where MS62 approaches the low end of the Condition Census. NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39484 Base PCGS# 6105

1814 O-107 Half Dollar, MS63
Iridescent Peripheral Patina



4230 1814 O-107, R.2, MS63 PCGS. Rich jade-green peripheries frame cream-gray centers. A satiny and well preserved Select half dollar. Both sides display at least three sets of heavy die clash marks, as coined. A Condition Census example of this collectible variety. O-107 is often attributed by its two horizontal die lines in the field near the obverse ribbon end. NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39484 Base PCGS# 6105

1815/2 O-101 Bust Half, VF30
Vivid Gold and Blue Toning



4231 1815/2 O-101, R.2, VF30 NGC. A richly toned midgrade example of the low-mintage 1815/2 issue — a perennial favorite of Bust half specialists and a necessary component for date collectors of both the half dollar series and of U.S. coinage by year. The overdate is a bonus, joining other notable overdates that add interest to the Bust half type. Vibrant shades of orange-gold and steel-blue show bright silver accents at areas high point wear. Sharp definition on the motifs remains with hints of golden luster. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39491 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 Bust Half, O-101, VF35
Sharp Midgrade Example



4232 1815/2 O-101, R.2, VF35 PCGS. The dies clashed early on in the mintage of 47,150 pieces, and cracked soon thereafter. This O-101 example shows die clashing on both sides but none of the die cracks that indicate a later die stage. A band of deep bluish-gray toning surrounds silver-gray central devices on the obverse, with slightly less-intense toning on the reverse margins in blue and golden-brown shades. A few light lines and marks combine with light wear to define the Choice VF grade. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39491 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 Capped Bust Half Dollar, XF Details
O-101, Lowest Mintage of the Series



- 4233** 1815/2 O-101, R.2 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. The fields are finely granular with a swath of deep toning at ERICA of AMERICA, the only visible signs of cleaning with no overt hairlines or other distractions. Steel-gray toning with a bluish tinge covers both sides with hints of mint luster remaining. Light wear on the high points of the motifs results in XF sharpness over the still-pleasing surfaces.

1815/2 O-101 Half Dollar, AU50
Famous Low-Mintage Overdate



- 4234** 1815/2 O-101, R.2, AU50 NGC. Faintly iridescent toning combines blue, lilac, lavender, and pale-gold hues to embellish the light, silver-gray patina across both sides of this scarce, low-mintage Bust half. As usual, the overdate requires magnification but the curve of an underlying 2 is clearly outlined above the loop of the 5. No die cracks are apparent, but multiple obverse and reverse die clashing suggests a middle die state of the O-101 variety. Always in strong demand by series specialists and date collectors. Census: 18 in 50, 83 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39491 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 O-101 Half Dollar, AU55
Sought-After Key Date



- 4235** 1815/2 O-101, R.2, AU55 PCGS. CAC. An 1812 obverse die was overdated and paired with a single reverse to strike 47,150 half dollars in 1815. The entire run was delivered to the Mint treasurer on January 10, 1816, the very same day a fire destroyed the Mint's rolling and drawing machines, putting the facility out of commission until 1817. The 1815/2 is the acknowledged key to the series and widely sought-after as such. This blatantly original Choice AU half exhibits largely violet-gray patina intermixed with splashes of powder-blue and peach-orange hues. Strongly struck motifs show minimal friction over the high points. A marvelous example that is sure to take a well-deserved place in a high-end set of Capped Bust halves. Population: 32 in 55, 31 finer. CAC: 4 in 55, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39491 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 Capped Bust Half, VG10
O-101a, Low-Mintage Key Overdate



- 4236** 1815/2 O-101a, R.3, VG10 PCGS. An ideal example of the late die state, with a clashed and cracked reverse die. Tan toning yields to blue overtones across the fields for a pleasing two-tone effect. The margins are sharply detailed for the assigned grade, with heavier wear visible on the central motifs — the eagle's head, neck, and left (facing) wing shoulder as well as the high points of Liberty's portrait. Strong rims, dentils, and smooth fields add to the appeal. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39492 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 O-101a Bust Half, VF30
Lightly Toned, Late Die State



- 4237** 1815/2 O-101a, R.3, VF30 PCGS. Natural golden-gray toning deepens at the borders of this middle-grade key date half. Only quarters and half dollars were struck in 1815 for the silver denominations, plus a brief mintage of half eagles. This pleasing example retains glimpses of luster in protected areas with speckles of blue toning adding to considerable eye appeal. A glass reveals a few lines and small marks, including a V-shaped abrasion beneath the ribbon ends near Liberty's hair curls. Struck from a late state of the dies, with the associated die clashing and die cracks that exemplify the O-101a variety. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39492 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 Half, XF40
O-101a, Heavily Cracked Reverse Die



- 4238** 1815/2 O-101a, R.3, XF40 PCGS. Smooth, warm-gray surfaces display finely mottled deep-gray and orange-tan accents around the raised devices for the pleasing, original appeal of this XF half. Struck from a late state of the dies, with the reverse cracked across the arrowheads and through the denomination plus additional cracks within the legend. The Mint lacked not only silver bullion in 1815, but useable dies were in short supply as well. An unused 1812 die pair was overdated for the entire half dollar mintage of 47,150 pieces. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39492 Base PCGS# 6108

1815/2 O-101a Half Dollar
AU Sharpness, Smooth Surfaces



- 4239** 1815/2 O-101a, R.3 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. The occasional wayward, hair-thin lines notwithstanding, few signs of cleaning disturb the surfaces of this sharply defined, key date Bust half. It last appeared in the 1989 sale of The Brooks Collection, where it was described as: "By far, a much nicer-than-average example of this desirable 19th-century issue." Pale champagne-gold and soft-gray toning show occasional blue accents for quite pleasing eye appeal despite the minimal old wipe. Ex: *The Brooks Collection* (Bowers and Merena, 6/1989), lot 1260.

**1815/2 O-101a Half Dollar, Choice AU
Colorful Toning, High-End Surfaces**



- 4240** 1815/2 O-101a, R.3, AU55 NGC. The Mint struggled to produce any coinage at all in 1815, lacking silver bullion and suffering the residual effects that lingered from the War of 1812. Small mintages of quarters and half dollars were accomplished late in the year, with most of the quarters destined for Planters Bank in New Orleans and just 47,150 half dollars earmarked for much-needed local distribution.

The 1815/2 halves are in constant demand for date, type, and specialty collectors as well as for Bust half sets by date and Overton varieties. High-grade examples such as this Choice AU coin are especially coveted when attractive with lively surfaces. Peach-gold margins surround aquamarine centers on both sides of this sharply struck piece. Triple die clashing is readily apparent on the obverse and reverse, with the diagnostic die cracks of the O-101a late die state on full display. Mint luster remains prominent throughout for great eye appeal. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39492 Base PCGS# 6108

- 4241** 1817 181.7, O-103, R.2, AU53 PCGS. Overton's "Punctuated Date" variety with a die lump between the 17 in the date. Listed in the *Guide Book*, although late die state examples of the marriage lack the "punctuation." This early die state example offers attractive peripheral cobalt-blue and golden-russet toning. Marks are minimal, and luster dominates the peripheries. NGC ID# 24F6, PCGS# 39510 Base PCGS# 6110

- 4242** 1817 O-110, R.2, MS61 PCGS. A gunmetal-blue and dove-gray example that offers satiny and virtually unabraded surfaces. The strike is crisp, and the originality is undeniable. Overton-110 is often attributed by its triple dentil near star 13. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 24F6, PCGS# 39502 Base PCGS# 6109

**1817 O-110a Half Dollar, MS63
Attractively Toned, Late Die State**



- 4243** 1817 O-110a, R.2, MS63 PCGS. CAC. The triple dentil beneath star 13 confirms the variety, while a strong die crack through ERICA and the arrowheads on the reverse plus a crack from the top of the cap through the right-hand stars on the obverse indicates the O-110a late die state. This is a lustrous, champagne-gold example with a band of attractive blue album toning at the borders. The strike is remarkably sharp for the advanced state of the dies, with bold star centers and sharp central motifs. There are no distracting marks or abrasions to mention. Scarce this nice, with CAC endorsement. Housed in a small, first generation PCGS holder. Purchased from Allstate Coin Company (6/1989). NGC ID# 24F6, PCGS# 39503 Base PCGS# 6109

Appealing 1817 O-111 Half, MS64



- 4244** 1817 O-111, R.1, MS64 NGC. A heavy die line extends down from the ribbon end into the right obverse field, diagnostic for the variety. There is no evidence of the reverse crack seen in later die states. This impressive piece has outstanding gold and iridescent toning over frosty luster. Census: 15 in 64 (1 in 64+), 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24F6, PCGS# 39504 Base PCGS# 6109

**1818/7 O-101 Half Dollar, MS62
Lustrous Copper-Gold Color**



- 4245** 1818/7 Large 8, O-101, R.1, MS62 PCGS. CAC. A gap in the dentils beneath C in 50 C. confirms the reverse die, while the obverse shows the top of a distinct underdigit 7 above the primary 8. Coppery-gold toning gives way to blue overtones on each side of this lustrous Mint State example. The strike is crisp throughout, with sharp star centers and bold central motifs. Cartwheel mint luster shines across both sides of this CAC-endorsed coin. Population (all Large 8 varieties of the overdate): 5 in 62 (1 in 62+), 11 finer. CAC: 2 in 62, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FA, PCGS# 39540 Base PCGS# 6115

**1818/7 Half Dollar, MS64
O-102a, Small 8 Overdate**



- 4246** 1818/7 Small 8, O-102a, R.2, MS64 NGC. Dusky ocean-blue and autumn-brown toning embraces this coruscating Choice half dollar. The strike is good, and no marks require description. The two different 1818/7 obverses are known as the Large 8 and Small 8 overdates. On O-102a, a die break fills the upper loop of the second 8. The two "horns" above that digit are remnants of the 7 underdigit. NGC ID# 24FA, PCGS# 39537 Base PCGS# 6114

1818 O-108 Half Dollar, MS63



- 4247** 1818 O-108, R.1, MS63 NGC. Cherry-red, lime-green, peach-gold, and stone-gray embrace this coruscating and unblemished Select half dollar. Some O-108 halves are strongly clashed, and others are without any clash marks. The present piece is in the latter, unclashed category, even though the stars are drawn to the edge, indicative of a late die state. Al Overton paid close attention to cracks, but mostly ignored clashes, while compiling his classic reference. NGC ID# 24F9, PCGS# 39524 Base PCGS# 6113

- 4248** 1818 O-111, R.1, AU58 PCGS. A small spike protruding from the top of Liberty's cap confirms the die variety. This near-Mint example is sharply struck, with only a trace of friction evident over select high points on the obverse portrait. The fields remain radiantly lustrous while each side is accented by delicate golden-gray toning. NGC ID# 24F9, PCGS# 39528 Base PCGS# 6113

**1819/8 Half Dollar, MS63
Large 9 Overdigit, O-102**



- 4249** 1819/8 Large 9, O-102, R.2, MS63 PCGS. CAC. This Select Uncirculated half is an original and pleasing example of the overdate. Night-and-day toning visits the obverse, with the portrait and left-hand field lightly toned in silver-gray shades, opposed by a crescent of rich umber-gray patina that covers the right-hand field and stars. The reverse displays varying hues of tan-gold shades. Throughout, the strike is crisp and the natural eye appeal earns CAC endorsement. Population (all Large 9 overdate varieties): 7 in 63, 9 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FC, PCGS# 39556 Base PCGS# 6119

**1819 Half Dollar, O-111, MS63
Lightly Toned**



- 4250** 1819 O-111, R.2, MS63 PCGS. A sharp strike characterizes each side of this lustrous Select Mint State example. Dusky lavender-gold toning masks a few minor abrasions and attests to the originality of the surfaces. Overton-111 is an available variety, suitable for date or type purposes. Nonetheless, 1819 half dollars are scarcely seen above MS63. Population (all varieties included): 18 in 63, 23 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FB, PCGS# 39549 Base PCGS# 6117

**1819 Bust Half, MS63
O-112, TE in STATES Joined at Top**



- 4251** 1819 O-112, R.3, MS63 PCGS. Cerulean-blue, emerald-green, and rose toning grace the smoothly lustrous surfaces of this well-produced half dollar. The stars display sharp centers and are minimally drawn to the edge, while only the topmost folds in the cap show any sign of weakness. Marks or abrasions are absent from the Select Uncirculated surfaces. The O-112 is a scarcer variety among the 15 die pairs that struck more than 2.2 million half dollars for the year. This lovely coin is tied at the low end of the Condition Census for the variety (65, 65, 64, 64, 63). NGC ID# 4FXD, PCGS# 39550 Base PCGS# 6117

**1820/19 O-101a Half Dollar, AU58
Scarce Series Overdate**



- 4252** 1820/19 Square Base 2, O-101a, R.3, AU58 NGC. The late die state has the bottom loop of the underdigit 9 missing, and that part of the 9 is absent to confirm the O-101a variety. Soft mint luster is widespread beneath attractive autumn-gold toning with blue overtones adding antique charm to this near-Mint example. The surfaces are smooth and nearly mark-free with only a touch of faint, high point wear. An ideal AU58 representative of an important overdate in the Capped Bust series. Census: 31 in 58, 26 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4FXV, PCGS# 39573 Base PCGS# 6125

**1820 O-103 Bust Half, MS62
Curl Base 2, Small Date, Condition Census Coin**



- 4253** 1820 Curl Base 2, Small Date, O-103, R.1, MS62 NGC. Ex: Jules Reiver Collection. The 2 in the date is much smaller than the other digits, and the D in UNITED sits low with its base well below the E in UNITED. This example is uncommonly lustrous for the grade with sharp striking details throughout. Scattered golden-brown toning on the obverse joins even and pale coloration on the reverse, with considerable underlying brightness on both sides. Numerically tied for third in the Condition Census according to Parsley, and tied for second as an O-103 in the Autumn, 2016 Stephen Herrman listing (12/16).
Ex: George Ramont (12/20/1983); *The Jules Reiver Collection Signature Auction* (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 22815. NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39563 Base PCGS# 6121

- 4254** 1820 Curl Base 2, Small Date, O-103a, R.2, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Dusky tan-gold and steel-blue toning embraces this partly lustrous and lightly circulated Bust half dollar. Both sides are uncommonly free from marks. Population for O-103 and O-103a combined: 30 in 58, 25 finer. CAC: 9 in 58, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39564 Base PCGS# 6121

**1820 O-108 Capped Bust Half, MS62
Square Base 2, Large Date, Golden Patina**



- 4255** 1820 Square Base 2, Large Date, No Knob, O-108, R.2, MS62 PCGS. Prominent doubling on the leaves and berries is diagnostic of the O-108 reverse, while recutting on the lower points of star 5 help confirm the obverse for the slightly scarce knobless Square Base 2 variety. The stars are sharply formed on this gold-toned example, with grayish-blue overtones. Otherwise, the strike is a bit flat on the cap and some of the high point curls, as well as on the eagle's brow, wing shoulders, and talons. A few tiny marks are scattered about, consistent with the MS62 grade. The fields are semireflective and lustrous. Population (Square 2, Large Date, No Knob varieties): 9 in 62, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39570 Base PCGS# 6123

**1821 O-103 Half Dollar, MS65
Vibrant Luster, Colorful Patina**



- 4256** 1821 O-103, R.2, MS65 NGC. Cobalt-blue margins frame autumn-brown fields. The portrait high points are gunmetal-gray. A lustrous and nicely struck Gem with exemplary preservation. Among the finest survivors for the die marriage. Overton-103 is interesting for its defective letters in the reverse legend. The A punch had an absent right foot, and the E punch lacked its lower and upper left serifs. NGC ID# 24FF, PCGS# 39578 Base PCGS# 6128
- 4257** 1821 O-107, R.3, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Dusky jade-green, golden-brown, and gunmetal-gray toning embraces this coruscating and unabraded Bust half. The centers are sharply struck, while peripheral elements show intermittent inexactness. NGC ID# 24FF, PCGS# 39586 Base PCGS# 6128

1822 O-110 Half Dollar, MS65
Lustrous and Smooth Surfaces



- 4258** 1822 O-110, R.2, MS65 NGC. Satin-smooth surfaces radiate silver luster with faint-gold, blue, and orange toning deepening at the borders. The strike is notably sharp for the O-110 variety. Struck from an early state of the dies, this Gem Uncirculated example has surface quality and eye appeal that combine to make it among the finest examples of the variety. Census (all varieties included): 6 in 65, 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 4GAK, PCGS# 39597 Base PCGS# 6129

1823 Broken 3 Half, Scarce O-101
Choice About Uncirculated



- 4259** 1823 Broken 3, O-101, R.3, AU55 PCGS Secure. Laid on its backside, the Broken 3 looks like a poorly trimmed handlebar moustache. The 3 does, in fact, lean right as if it will fall over, and the top and bottom loops appear disconnected. It is the early die state of O-101, before the engraver attempted an awkward patch. This Choice About Uncirculated coin displays warm-gray surfaces with a hint of soft luster. A few light lines in the left obverse field are noted, with the stars mostly flat but the central motifs bolder. A significant *Guide Book* variety, scarcer than the Patched 3 or Ugly 3 varieties. Population: 9 in 55, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 39620 Base PCGS# 6132

1823 O-103 Half Dollar, MS64
Attractive Iridescent Toning



- 4260** 1823 O-103, R.2, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A series of die lines over the eagle's left (facing) wing confirm the reverse die, while star 7 is high and close to the front of the cap on the O-103 variety. This splendid near-Gem example displays iridescent toning over smooth, semireflective surfaces. Shades of blue, sea-green, rose, and silver-gray cover both sides. The strike is sharp but not full, with minor incompleteness on several of the star centers and at the eagle's lowest extremities. The fields and devices are problem-free and attractive. CAC-endorsed. Only the Pittman/Pogue coin outranks this example in terms of numeric grade, as well as perhaps one other MS65 mentioned in the Parsley Census (65, 65, 64, 64, 64). NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 39606 Base PCGS# 6131

- 4261** 1823 O-108, R.2, MS63 PCGS. CAC. The stars are large and well-formed. Star 7 is close to the milling where it points to the top of Liberty's forecurl. The 2 and 3 in the date are visibly larger than the 18. This Select Uncirculated example is razor-sharp on the obverse with nearly full details, with a few marks on the neck. The reverse is almost equally sharp but shows slight flattening of the talons where they grip the arrow shafts. Cerulean-blue, lilac, and peach-gold toning blankets both sides with frosty, original patina. A CAC-endorsed example, positioned at the lower end of the Condition Census for the variety as reported by both the Parsley and Herrman references. NGC ID# BZ98, PCGS# 39612 Base PCGS# 6131

1823 O-109 Bust Half, VF35
Very Scarce 'Crude 3' Variety



- 4262** 1823 O-109, High R.5, VF35 PCGS. The crude 3 for this Overton variety lacks a popular name, such as the Broken, Patched, and Ugly nicknames given to other *Guide Book* 1823 varieties. But the O-109 is rarer than any of the aforementioned varieties (rated High R.5), and it is further distinguished by a series of bold obverse die cracks, some quite spectacular. This partly lustrous Choice VF example displays autumn-gold and pearl-gray shadings over the smooth surfaces that show only a few light lines and small marks. Ranked near the Condition Census for this very scarce variety. Ex: *The Reginald Byron Mason Collection, ANA Signature* (Heritage, 3/2007), lot 771. NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 39614 Base PCGS# 6131

**1824/1 Half Dollar, MS64+
O-101a, Vibrant Luster, Full Strike**



- 4263** 1824/1 O-101a, R.2, MS64+ NGC. Reddish-gold iridescence over silver-gray surfaces complements the bountiful luster on this sharply struck bust half. A popular *Guide Book* entry, the O-101 variety is prized for the clear, overcut 1 beneath a large 4, with the underdigit showing on both sides of the 4's stand. Numerous die cracks at the reverse legend confirm a late state of the dies. There are hardly any distractions on this radiant half. A few tiny abrasions and luster grazes are all that keep it from a full Gem grade. The eye appeal is remarkable. NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 39641 Base PCGS# 6139

**1824 Over Various Dates Half Dollar
O-103, Beautifully Toned MS64**



- 4264** 1824 Over Various Dates, O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. This otherwise available variety becomes challenging in Mint State. Its inclusion in the *Guide Book* makes it highly desirable across all grade levels. Light golden-gray interiors meld with russet and blue shadings around the borders of this high-end overdate representative. Razor-sharp and seldom found finer. In fact, MS64 takes fourth place on the Condition Census. Population: 9 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 39646 Base PCGS# 6138

**1824/4 Half Dollar, Originally Toned MS62
O-110a, Widely Recut 4, Late Die State**



- 4265** 1824/4 O-110a, R.2, MS62 PCGS. A die crack from M in AMERICA into the eagle's wing identifies the late die state of this somewhat scarce recut date variety. The 1824 Bust half overdates include 1824/1 and 1824/Various Dates as separate *Guide Book* varieties along with the 1824/4, and Overton specialists vie for each kind. This Uncirculated example displays original, olive-gray patina and a boldly machine doubled portrait on Liberty. Silver luster with reddish highlights add eye appeal. NGC ID# 8VLC, PCGS# 39645 Base PCGS# 6140

- 4266** 1824 O-117, R.1, MS62 PCGS. A lustrous and attractively toned example of the O-117 variety, easily identified by a small tine off the left wing and D of UNITED much lower than the adjacent E. Vibrant shades of gunmetal-blue and rose-gold combine for nice eye appeal. Sharply struck for the variety, which always shows a touch of weakness at Liberty's cap folds and at the top of 50 C. on the reverse. NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 39639 Base PCGS# 6137

- 4267** 1825 O-101, R.1, MS62 NGC. UNITED STATES is spaced as a single word; the identifier for O-101. Golden-brown toning accompanies the margins of this lustrous and well struck half dollar. Both sides are unusually void of marks. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39647 Base PCGS# 6142

**1825 O-105 Half Dollar, MS65
Attractive Toning**



- 4268** 1825 O-105, R.2, MS65 PCGS. The portrait profile is strongly doubled and ITED are joined. It is easy to see why PCGS has awarded this high-end half dollar a Gem grade. The quality is absolutely exceptional. Design detail is strong, especially on the stars. Mint brilliance mixes with daubs of gold, blue, and magenta toning, explaining the top-notch aesthetic appeal. The 1825 half dollar is rarely seen this fine. Population (all varieties included): 17 in 65 (2 in 65+), 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39651 Base PCGS# 6142

- 4269** 1825 O-114, R.1, MS63 NGC. Rich golden-brown and steel-gray centers cede to aquamarine peripheries. This coruscating half dollar is exceptionally free from contact. The stars are incompletely impressed and drawn toward the rim, characteristic of the late die state.
Ex: Rocky Top Collection (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 3414; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2010), lot 4101. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39661 Base PCGS# 6142

**1825 Bust Half Dollar, Richly Toned MS65
O-115, Lustrous and Well-Preserved**



- 4270** 1825 O-115, R.3, MS65 PCGS. Struck from lightly clashed dies, a die state not mentioned in the Parsley reference. Liberty's profile shows strike doubling. As usual in later die stages, the large stars are flat and drawn to the edge — a result of prolonged die usage during the mintage of 2.9 million pieces. Few examples survive as well-preserved as this coin, with gleaming bronze-gold patina and sharp central motifs. Population (all varieties included): 17 in 65 (2 in 65+), 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39662 Base PCGS# 6142

**1825 Half Dollar, O-115, Toned Gem
Tied at the Top of the Census**



- 4271** 1825 O-115, R.3, MS65 NGC. A small bar to the right of 1 in the date is one pick-up point, and the left-leaning 5 in the date is another. Dappled golden-gray toning forms an overall rich patina on both sides of this Gem with strong silver luster shining through. Liberty's portrait is sharply struck, while the eagle's talons are less-sharp along with the obverse stars, which lack central details. A pleasing, obviously original Bust half with great natural eye appeal. This moderately scarce variety does not exceed the MS65 level in any of the references, although several equally graded pieces exist to make up the entire Condition Census at that grade (11/16). NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39662 Base PCGS# 6142

- 4272** 1826 O-102, R.1, MS62 PCGS. Medium dove-gray toning is predominate, but golden-brown and sea-green shades fill the margins. A satiny and practically unabraded Capped Bust type coin. The strike is sharp except on star 5. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39668 Base PCGS# 6143

- 4273** 1826 O-102, R.1, MS63 PCGS. An unabraded and satiny walnut-brown and olive-green representative. The reverse margin exhibits battleship-gray. The strike is crisp except on a few left-side stars. Ideal for the specialist in search of original toning and surfaces. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39668 Base PCGS# 6143

**1826 O-102 Bust Half, MS64
Rich, Comprehensive Toning**



- 4274** 1826 O-102, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Olive-green margins encompass lavender-gray and chestnut-gold centers. A satiny and magnificently preserved near-Gem. Except for star 5, the strike is precise, and the original eye appeal is exceptional. The pick-up point for Overton-102 is a die line within the upper right serif of the E in E PLURIBUS UNUM. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39668 Base PCGS# 6143

**1826 O-106 Half Dollar, MS64
Rich, Consistent Patina**



- 4275** 1826 O-106, R.3, MS64 PCGS. Intermediate between O-106 and O-106a, since a crack passes through STATES OF but no crack extends across the arrowheads. This die state appears scarcer than O-106a. The sea-green, straw-gold, and lavender-red surfaces are smooth aside from unobtrusive facial marks. A few stars lack a full impression, but the overall strike is good. NGC ID# 4ENF, PCGS# 39673 Base PCGS# 6143

**1826 O-108a Half Dollar, MS64
Lustrous and Well-Struck**



- 4276** 1826 O-108a, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Actually in between O-108 and O-108a, since the die crack through OF fades out near the AM in AMERICA. Rich olive-gold, lilac-red, and powder-blue patina endows this lustrous and precisely struck Choice half dollar. The reverse appears pristine, as does the left obverse field, while the right obverse field and Liberty's neck display only faint marks. Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2013), lot 3780. NGC ID# 4ENJ, PCGS# 39676 Base PCGS# 6143

**1826 O-118a Half Dollar, Radiant MS64
Sharp Strike, Reverse Die Cracks**



- 4277** 1826 O-118a, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A lightly toned, lustrous near-Gem example of this well-preserved Bust half struck from the late state of the O-118 dies. Frosty mint luster joins areas of reflectivity throughout the obverse and reverse fields. Pale-blue and light champagne-gold toning show glimpses of faint rose color amid the smooth, silvery surfaces. The strike is pinpoint sharp on all of the devices. Outstanding eye appeal, confirmed by the CAC endorsement. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39692 Base PCGS# 6143

1827/6 O-101 Half Dollar, MS63
Sought-After Series Overdate



- 4278** 1827/6 O-101, R.2, MS63 NGC. The overdate is more visible than usual for the O-101 variety, with the underdigit visible on the right, left, and top of the primary 7. Pale-gold toning with occasional blue accents drift across semiprooflike fields of this attractive Select Uncirculated example. The strike is needle sharp with only a few tiny ticks visible on either side of the coin. Census (all overdate varieties): 12 in 63, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 39751 Base PCGS# 6147

1827/6 Half Dollar, O-101, MS64
Popular *Guide Book* Variety



- 4279** 1827/6 O-101, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Three die marriages employ this overdated obverse, making up the popular *Guide Book* variety sought by collectors. This Choice Overton-101 example is conditionally scarce and displays sharp detail throughout the devices. Vibrant luster illuminates subtle champagne, mint-green, and pale lavender-gray toning on each side. No major abrasions are observed. Population (all overdate varieties included): 11 in 64 (2 in 64+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 39751 Base PCGS# 6147
- 4280** 1827/6 O-102, R.1, AU58 PCGS *Secure*. Light straw-gold and powder-blue toning accompanies this momentarily circulated half dollar. The fields exhibit luster and are remarkably free from abrasions. The last eight stars are incompletely impressed, but the rest of the design is well struck. NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 39752 Base PCGS# 6147

1827/6 O-102 Half Dollar, MS64+
Smooth Surfaces, Attractively Toned



- 4281** 1827/6 O-102, R.1, MS64+ PCGS. Medium cream-gray toning embraces the fields and devices. The borders display aquamarine and lilac patina. A lustrous and well preserved example kept from status as a full Gem by a small mark on Liberty's jaw. The strike is bold except on the right-side stars. The overdate is apparent as a curve to the east of the final date digit. NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 39752 Base PCGS# 6147

1827/6 Half Dollar, MS66
Among the Finest O-103 Halves



- 4282** 1827/6 O-103, R.4, MS66 NGC. The 7 is punched over a 6, crossbars on the shield extend into the right wing feathers, and the upright of the 5 in the denomination is recut. This Premium Gem is ranked second place against the most recent edition of Donald Parsley's Condition Census. Antique-gold and violet patina appears on each side, enriched by glowing mint luster. The borders are softly defined along the upper obverse and lower reverse, but the central motifs display bold detail. A late die state example with clash marks on each side. Population (all 1827/6 varieties): 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 39753 Base PCGS# 6147

- 4283** 1827 Square Base 2, O-104, R.1, MS62 PCGS. Sea-green and dove-gray toning encompasses this satiny and unmarked Capped Bust type coin. The strike is good except on the uppermost stars. A curved line above the lowest leaf pair is the identifier for Overton-104. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39696 Base PCGS# 6144

**1827 O-106 Half Dollar, MS64
Square Base 2, Lively Satin Luster**



- 4284** 1827 Square Base 2, O-106, R.2, MS64 PCGS. The 1827 issue had a mintage exceeding 5 million pieces, explaining the necessity of 49 die pairs to accomplish the production. While some of the varieties are readily identified, many others show only subtle pick-up points. The O-106 is one of the latter, identified by several vertical lines extending into the shield crossbars. This is a sharply struck, satiny near-Gem with stone-gray centers enlivened by gold highlights. Blue and tan toning surrounds the stars and legends. An attractive and lustrous piece, it is tied for second in the Condition Census for the variety. The strike and surface quality are first-rate. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39698 Base PCGS# 6144

- 4285** 1827 Square Base 2, O-112, R.3, MS63 PCGS. In between O-112 and O-112a, since a radial obverse crack is noted at 5 o'clock, but no crack is present between the 82 in the date. Peripheral forest-green and russet toning frames cream-gray and golden-brown fields and devices. Refreshingly devoid of marks for the Select level. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39705 Base PCGS# 6144

**1827 Square Base 2 Half, O-132, MS63
Richly Toned Example**



- 4286** 1827 Square Base 2, O-132, R.3, MS63 PCGS. CAC. The rose-gray centers cede to beautiful aqua, green, and russet patina near the rims on both sides. A few trivial luster grazes on Liberty are in concert with the grade. The strike is good on the lower hair curls and throughout the reverse. Several of the obverse stars are drawn to the rim. A die line starting beneath the headband below the serif of L in LIBERTY extends to the cap to confirm the O-132 die pair. This piece near the low end of the Condition Census for the variety according to the Autumn, 2016 Steve Herrman listing. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39731 Base PCGS# 6144

**1827 Half Dollar, MS64
O-132, Mint-Fresh Luster**



- 4287** 1827 Square Base 2, O-132, R.3, MS64 PCGS. A vertical die line centered above the LI in LIBERTY and a doubled serif on the C in the reverse denomination identify this collectible Square Base 2 variety. The present coin is impressively bold with radiant, frosty mint-fresh luster. Traces of golden toning add to the eye appeal. Other than a few trivial marks on the cheek and in the field, there are no obvious abrasions. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39731 Base PCGS# 6144

**1827 Bust Half Dollar, MS64
O-135, Square Base 2**



- 4288** 1827 Square Base 2, O-135, R.3, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Dove-gray and olive-green shades blend across this satiny and minimally marked near-Gem. The stars lack a full impression, but the strike is otherwise crisp. A late die state with peripheral elements drawn toward the rim. Dr. Glenn Peterson nicknamed O-135 the "Rotated A" variety, due to the tilted A in STATES. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39734 Base PCGS# 6144

- 4289** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-112, R.3, MS62 PCGS. An early die state with mint-made lines to the left and below Liberty's bust. The C in 50 C is repunched. This unblemished and satiny half dollar is richly patinated navy-blue, sea-green, golden-brown, and steel-gray. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39766 Base PCGS# 6151

**1828 O-112 Half Dollar, MS64
Large Letters, Square Base 2**



- 4290** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-112, R.3, MS64 PCGS. Medium butter-gold and powder-blue patina graces this semiprooflike and well preserved Bust half dollar. A few stars are lightly brought up, but the overall strike is bold. Within the Condition Census for the variety. An early die state of O-112, confirmed by the presence of die lines near star 1, the top of the cap, and the 1 in the date. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39766 Base PCGS# 6151

**1828 Large Letters Half, Lightly Toned MS64
O-115, Choice Original Surfaces**



- 4291** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-115, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Golden-brown and yellow-green colors frame the creamy pearl-gray centers. A well-struck example, since the major devices are consistently bold and only a few of the peripheral stars do not possess full central definition. Satiny luster rolls unencumbered across this originally toned and undisturbed near-Gem. A small bluish-gray accent near star 9 confirms the originality and serves as a useful marker. Population: 37 in 64 (6 in 64+), 13 finer (11/16). Ex: *Palm Beach Signature* (Heritage, 11/2004), lot 7395. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39769 Base PCGS# 6151

**1828 Large Letters Half, MS64
O-115, Square Base 2, Small 8s**



- 4292** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-115, R.2, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A CAC-endorsed near-Gem example of the Overton-115 die marriage, with star 13 equally close to the curl and the dentils point-to-point. Die defect lines between the eagle's left (facing) wing and scroll confirm the O-115 reverse, as well as one line each from shield stripes 3 and 5 extending to horizontal line 2 of the shield crossbars. Deep, gunmetal-blue toning at the margins lightens toward the almond-gold centers, with soft luster shining through. The surfaces are free of any significant marks, and the strike is sharp at the centers. A few of the obverse stars are lack their central radials. This coin is tied with several others just below the Conation Census for the variety. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39769 Base PCGS# 6151
- 4293** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-116, R.2, MS63 PCGS. This distinctive variety has die lines in the field to the left of the date, near the dentils. The strike is sharp on the central devices on this example, but the peripheral stars exhibit some mild softness. Vibrant luster shows hints of warm golden toning with trivial marks that define the grade. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39770 Base PCGS# 6151

**1828 O-118 Half Dollar, MS64+
Square Base 2, Large Letters**



- 4294** 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, O-118, R.3, MS64+ PCGS. Rich bands of forest-green and golden-brown toning embrace the borders. The high points are stone-gray, and the fields display chestnut hues. A lustrous and well struck near-Gem. The surfaces display clash marks but are free from mentionable abrasions. Condition Census quality for this moderately scarce variety. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39773 Base PCGS# 6151

**1829/7 O-101 Half Dollar, MS64
Lustrous and Smooth**



- 4295** 1829/7 O-101, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Forest-green and wheat-gold toning embraces the borders. Booming luster sweeps exceptionally mark-free surfaces. The strike shows blending on star 6 and the stem of the eagle's branch, but the quality is nonetheless remarkable for the designated grade. Among the finest examples of the popular *Guide Book* overdate. NGC ID# 24FT, PCGS# 39807 Base PCGS# 6155

**1829/7 Half Dollar, MS64
Toned and Appealing, O-101**



- 4296** 1829/7 O-101, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. The overdate feature is clear on this example. Two die pairings account for the overdate, which are collectively scarce in Choice condition and rare any finer. This CAC-endorsed coin displays satiny luster beneath pleasing amber, gold, russet, and green-gray toning. A few stars lack complete detail, and the point of the bust is not fully defined. Population (all 1829/7 varieties included): 23 in 64 (2 in 64+), 4 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FT, PCGS# 39807 Base PCGS# 6155

**1829 O-105 Small Letters Half Dollar, MS65
Exceptional Appeal**



- 4297** 1829 Small Letters, O-105, R.1, MS65 PCGS. Translucent shades of gold, blue, and rose-red cover both sides of this sharply struck, early die state Bust half. Cartwheel silver luster beams strongly beneath the attractive, light toning. O-105 is an available variety for the issue, yet few Uncirculated examples exceed the eye appeal of this minimally marked coin. A few light lines beneath the toning do not detract from the frosty Mint-fresh surfaces. Gem-quality examples of the 1829 half dollar in general are scarce. Population (all Normal Date varieties included): 25 in 65 (4 in 65+), 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 8YZY, PCGS# 39784 Base PCGS# 6154

1829 Half Dollar, O-112, Well-Struck MS64



- 4298** 1829 Small Letters, O-112, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A cluster of parallel die lines midway between the date and star 13, the I centered below T, and separated arrowheads confirm the variety. Grayish patination is slightly darker on the obverse. The design elements are well-struck though stars 5 and 7 are weak in the center. The surfaces have been well cared for. A very pleasing Bust half dollar. Population for the date: 54 in 64 (5 in 64+), 21 finer. CAC: 16 in 64, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 39795 Base PCGS# 6154

**1829 Small Letters Half Dollar, MS65
O-112a, the Late Die State**



- 4299** 1829 Small Letters, O-112a, R.2, MS65 PCGS. A series of parallel die lines between 9 of the date and star 13 normally makes attribution of O-112 easy, but the later die state is lapped, and the lines disappear. Line 3 of vertical shield stripe 5 extends upward to horizontal line 2 to help recognize the O-112a advanced die state. Tawny-gold luster at the margins surrounds lilac-gray centers of this sharply struck and appealing Gem example. It is tied for the finest O-112a according to Steve Herrman's Autumn 2016 reference listing. Population (all 1829 non-overdate varieties): 25 in 65 (4 in 65+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 39796 Base PCGS# 6154

- 4300** 1829 Small Letters, O-119, R.2, MS63 PCGS. A band of rainbow colors encircles both sides of this attractive Select Uncirculated half. Sharp and lustrous, the coin's central devices display a strong silver sheen while light-gold toning seeks a foothold in the fields. The O-119 variety shows multiple fine lines extending below vertical shield stripes 5 and 6 into the field just below the eagle's feathers. A few light marks do not distract from the excellent eye appeal and bountiful mint luster. NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 39805 Base PCGS# 6154

**1830 Small O Half Dollar, MS65
O-101, Exceptionally Preserved**



- 4301** 1830 Small O, O-101, R.1, MS65 PCGS. The primary pick-up point for this O-101 Small O variety is the A in STATES, which is recut on the outside left with a vertical die defect within the A. Vertical line 3 of stripe 3 extends below the shield. Golden-gray toning includes lilac overtones. Glittering mint luster shines from beneath the attractive patina. Sharply struck. Population (all Small O varieties): 23 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39810 Base PCGS# 6156

**1830 Half Dollar, O-101, MS65
Small O, Filled A and Low T in STATES**



- 4302** 1830 Small O, O-101, R.1, MS65 PCGS. CAC. This fully lustrous Gem ranks close to the top examples that have been auctioned in recent years. The nearly pristine surfaces display hints of blue over the ivory mint brilliance. The stars and other details are quite sharp. An exceptional example that should capture the attention of advanced collectors. Population: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer for all 1830 Small O varieties. CAC: 8 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39810 Base PCGS# 6156

**1830 O-104 Capped Bust Half, MS64
Small O, Virtually Unmarked Surfaces**



- 4303** 1830 Small O, O-104, R.3, MS64 PCGS Secure. CAC. Rich apple-green and golden-brown toning graces this lustrous and impressively unabraded Choice Capped Bust half. Most of the star centers are incomplete, but the strike is otherwise intricate. A visually pleasing near-Gem half, tied at the lower end of the Condition Census for the die pair.
Ex: *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 12/2010), lot 3659; *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2015), lot 4979. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39813 Base PCGS# 6156

**1830 Small O Half Dollar, MS65
Condition Census O-106 Representative**



- 4304** 1830 Small O, O-106, R.2, MS65 PCGS. Exquisite ocean-blue and butter-gold borders frame golden-brown fields and gunmetal devices. A beautiful and well preserved Gem. The strike is precise except for star 8 and the C in 50 C. This piece ranks highly within the Condition Census for the die marriage, and is unchallenged in terms of eye appeal. NGC ID# 4DC3, PCGS# 39815 Base PCGS# 6156

**1830 Small O Bust Half, MS64
O-110, Refinished Obverse Die**



- 4305** 1830 Small O, O-110, R.3, MS64 PCGS. CAC. No evidence of die rust or die cracks. The high, tall M in AMERICA shows its bottom serifs slightly higher than the flanking A and E, and the A in STATES displays a triangular defect above the crossbar. The reverse is shared with O-105 and O-112, with several crossbars visible in the right (facing) wing among the feathers. The obverse die was refinished, now with well-formed stars clear of the milling. The strike is sharp except on Liberty's drapery folds, and on the opposing reverse at STA of STATES and across the scroll beneath, where roller marks affect the strike. A scarce variety, ranking solidly in the Condition Census for the O-110 variety with CAC endorsement (66, 65, 64, 64). Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39821 Base PCGS# 6156

- 4306** 1830 Small O, O-113, R.2, MS63 PCGS. This is a later strike of the O-113 die marriage, showing a lump of metal in the upper loop of the 3 in the date. The coin is sharp and even with luminous fields. The obverse displays dusky olive-gray toning, while the reverse is cast in more traditional sea-green, gold, and amber over lavender-gray. There are no mentionable abrasions. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39825 Base PCGS# 6156

**1830 Large O Half Dollar, MS63
Scarcer O-121 Variety**



- 4307** 1830 Large O, O-121, R.3, MS63 PCGS. CAC. The scarcest of the four 1830 Large O die marriages, O-121 is often attributed by its "stair-step" date. The date digits are progressively further from the dentils. This nicely struck and lustrous Select Bust half displays caramel-gold and aquamarine patina. The fields are smooth, and Liberty's cheek shows only delicate marks. NGC ID# 9KXX, PCGS# 39832 Base PCGS# 6157
- 4308** 1830 Large O, O-123, R.1, MS63 PCGS. A satiny apple-green and tan-gold Select representative. The strike is crisp except on the uppermost stars. No marks are apparent, though we note a small granular steel-gray area on the field near star 10. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39834 Base PCGS# 6157

**1830 O-123 Half Dollar, MS64
Large O, Frosty and Border-Toned**



- 4309** 1830 Large O, O-123, R.1, MS64 NGC. The left-leaning Large O in the date is a tip-off for the O-123 obverse, while on the reverse several of the horizontal crossbars and a few of the vertical lines extend past the shield borders. Attractive pumpkin-gold and cobalt-blue border toning suggest this frosty and sharply struck near-Gem spent time in an old-time album or coin board. Just five Large O varieties exist, but none are particularly scarce or rare until the high Uncirculated grades. This Choice example is tied at the low end of the Parsley Condition Census for the O-123 variety, a position confirmed by the Autumn, 2016 Stephen Herrman Condition Census for Die Varieties. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39834 Base PCGS# 6157

**1830 O-123 Half Dollar, Brilliant MS65+
Large 0, Frosty and Lustrous**



4310 1830 Large 0, O-123, R.1, MS65+ PCGS. CAC. Several of the horizontal shield lines (the azure) extend well into the feathers beyond the right shield border, a characteristic of O-122, although the other diagnostics all point to O-123 as the correct variety for this mostly brilliant and frosty Gem coin. Both the left-side and right-side stars are sharp on the obverse, and the Large 0 leans left toward the 3 in the date. This coin ranks at the low end of the Condition Census according to Steve Herrman's current analysis and the Parsley reference. Population (all Large 0 varieties included): 8 in 65 (1 in 65+), 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39834 Base PCGS# 6157

4311 1831 O-101, R.2, MS63 PCGS. Medium autumn-brown toning adorns the peripheries of this highly lustrous Select half dollar. A loupe reveals only unimportant marks. The strike is bold, and the eye appeal is exceptional for the designated third-party grade. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39837 Base PCGS# 6159

**1831 O-102 Bust Half, MS65
Vivid Multihued Toning**



4312 1831 O-102, R.1, MS65 PCGS. Attributed by partly merged lines within the first vertical shield stripe, this lovely Gem Capped Bust half displays attractive aquamarine, tawny-gold, and lilac-rose toning. Lustrous and unmarked with minor strike incompleteness on the IB in PLURIBUS. Tied at the low end of the Condition Census for the variety. Population (all 1832 varieties): 63 in 65 (3 in 65+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39838 Base PCGS# 6159

**1831 O-103 Half Dollar, MS64
Lustrous and Unmarked**



4313 1831 O-103, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. The upright of the 5 in 50 C is repunched, the pick-up point for Overton-103. The borders display lime-green toning, the fields are wheat-gold, and the high points are cream-gray. A lustrous and unabraded near-Gem. A few stars are incomplete, but the strike is generally good. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39839 Base PCGS# 6159

**1831 O-110 Half Dollar, MS65+
Near the Top of the Condition Census**



4314 1831 O-110, R.2, MS65+ PCGS. The A in STATES is rotated clockwise, and a tiny tine above R in LIBERTY confirms the O-110 variety. The fields of this frosty Plus-designated Gem Bust half dollar are remarkably free of any marks, while small ticks on the portrait join some angled Mint roller marks on the reverse as the only anomalies when viewed with a glass. Faint olive-brown toning joins full silver luster on both sides, with the toning more extensive on the reverse. The Herrman-Parsley Condition Census for the variety shows a single MS66 finer. Population (all 1831 varieties): 62 in 65 (3 in 65+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39846 Base PCGS# 6159

- 4315** 1831 O-111, R.1, MS63 PCGS. The light die crack threading through the bottom of the date is diagnostic. The eagle and portrait are well struck, though the borders show selected softness. The untuned surfaces are minimally abraded.
Ex: Allgood Collection (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 3751, which realized \$1,725. NGC ID# 8Z74, PCGS# 39848 Base PCGS# 6159

**1831 O-118 Half Dollar, MS65
Top of the Census**



- 4316** 1831 O-118, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Probably the finest known of the variety. We offered the only other listed MS65 example (according to the Autumn, 2016 edition of Steve Herrman's Census) in our March, 2004 Portland, Oregon Signature auction. The current coin is sharper on the scroll — which is always weakly struck for the variety — and the motifs are exceedingly sharp throughout both sides of this lustrous Gem. Bronze-gold and blue toning rolls across the frosty and nearly mark-free, silver surfaces. CAC endorsed with impressive quality and eye appeal. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39855 Base PCGS# 6159

- 4317** 1832 Small Letters, O-107, R.2, MS63 NGC. A curl pierces the border of the headband between R and T of LIBERTY to confirm the obverse die, while the reverse shows the Ts in STATES cocked clockwise. Additional pick-up points include the 2 in the date riding high above 183, and a diagnostic tine off the right shield corner, through the feathers, into the field near the eagle's neck. Peach-gold and azure-blue shades grace the lustrous surfaces of this sharply struck Select Uncirculated example, which is tied at the low end of the Condition Census for the variety (65,64,64,64,63). NGC ID# 24FW, PCGS# 39865 Base PCGS# 6160

**1832 O-111 Half Dollar, MS64
Small Letters, Colorful Borders**



- 4318** 1832 Small Letters, O-111, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Dr. Glenn Peterson's attribution marker for Overton-111 is a diagonal die line beneath the TY in LIBERTY. The present Condition Census example displays extravagant apple-green and golden-brown peripheral patina. The fields and motifs are pearl-gray. The lustrous surfaces show only minor marks. A few stars are incompletely brought up. NGC ID# 9KXV, PCGS# 39869 Base PCGS# 6160

**1833 Half Dollar, O-109, MS65+
Top of the Condition Census Quality**



- 4319** 1833 O-109, R.3, MS65+ NGC. Frosty and extremely lustrous, this high-end Gem half rates at the top of the Parsley Condition Census for the O-109 variety by virtue of its Plus designation by NGC. Likewise, it would rank #1 in Steve Herrman's Autumn, 2016 listing for the same reason. Blue toning at the borders yields to brief russet accents and a pale-gold sheen, although the much of the coin is brilliant silver-white. The strike is quite sharp, with only a hint of weakness at the midpoint of the scroll. Census (all 1833 varieties): 29 in 65 (2 in 65+, 1 in 65★), 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FX, PCGS# 39897 Base PCGS# 6163

**1834 O-101 Half Dollar, MS65
Large Date, Large Letters**



- 4320** 1834 Large Date, Large Letters, O-101, R.1, MS65 NGC. The pick-up points for O-101 include joined forecurls on the obverse and recutting on the vertical stand of the 5 in the denomination on the reverse. This frosty and smooth Gem example is lightly toned with bright silver luster accented by shades of peach-gold and pale-blue. The strike is crisp and sharp on most of the elements, with only minor incompleteness (as always) on some left-side stars and at A in STATES and the scroll below. A few light lines on the cheek are visible with a lens. Tied for second in the Condition Census per Steve Herrman's Autumn, 2016 listing. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39905 Base PCGS# 6164

**1834 O-104 Half Dollar, MS64
Large Date, Small Letters**



- 4321** 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-104, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Dusky cobalt-blue and chestnut-brown toning encompasses this coruscating and unblemished Choice Bust half. The stars are incompletely brought up, but the remainder of the design is bold. Within the Condition Census for Overton-104, which is often attributed by the die line above the stem of the rightmost leaf pair. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39908 Base PCGS# 6165

1834 O-105 Half Dollar, MS65
Small Letters, Large Date



- 4322** 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-105, R.1, MS65 PCGS. The die line west of the O in OF is the pick-up point for Overton-105. The present Gem exhibits vibrant luster. The fields are peach-gold, the borders are apple-green, and the motifs are lavender-gray. Only trivial marks are apparent. As usual for the die marriage, the strike is incomplete on the left (facing) wing near the shield. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39909 Base PCGS# 6165

1834 O-106 Half Dollar, MS64
Large Date, Small Letters, 4 Over 4



- 4323** 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-106, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Of the 21 die marriages known for the year, O-106 is easily among the most popular. The date shows a large 4 punched over a small 4, and the M in AMERICA is recut. Gleaming mint luster shines brightly through variegated brassy-gold toning and lilac accents. The strike is crisp and deep. This Choice example barely misses out on the Condition Census. Population (all Large Date, Small Letters varieties): 33 in 64, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39910 Base PCGS# 6165

1834 O-109 Bust Half, MS64
Lustrous, Variegated Toning



- 4324** 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-109, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Stars 8, 9, and 10 show recutting and a double segment above the last S in STATES help identify the variety. Both sides of this near-Gem example show shades of gunmetal-blue, autumn-brown, and reddish-gold over steely silver surfaces with strong mint luster. The strike is razor-sharp throughout. The Condition Census for O-109 ranges from MS67 to MS65 — a typically well-produced Small Date, Small Letters variety. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39913 Base PCGS# 6166

1834 O-109 Bust Half, MS64+
Small Date, Small Letters



- 4325** 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-109, R.1, MS64+ PCGS. Star 10 is repunched, the primary identifier for Overton-109. Dynamic luster and an unmarked appearance confirm the quality of the present near-Gem. The medium steel-gray and golden-brown surfaces are nicely struck except for the stars. Not a rare variety, but desirable in the present exceptional condition. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39913 Base PCGS# 6166

1834 O-109 Half Dollar, MS64
Small Date and Letters



- 4326** 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-109, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. This beautifully toned Choice half dollar has aquamarine borders and chestnut-gold centers. The coruscating surfaces are unabraded aside from a hair-thin horizontal line on the reverse exergue. A couple of the stars are softly impressed, but most of the design is bold. Just outside the Condition Census for the die pairing. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39913 Base PCGS# 6166

1834 O-112 Half Dollar, MS64
Scarce Small Date, Small Letters Variety



- 4327** 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-112, R.3, MS64 PCGS. This coin is erroneously attributed on the PCGS insert as an example of the Large Date, Large Letters variety. It is instead an example of the Overton-112 variety, a scarce Small Letters, Small Date coin. Wonderfully lustrous, the satiny surfaces sparkle at all angles despite a thin veil of lilac-gray patina with a brief appearance of translucent gold toning at the margins. Both sides are virtually abrasion-free for the grade and the devices are boldly defined save for trivial softness on the denticles. An appealing near-Gem, the coin is housed in an older light-blue label holder with barcode on the reverse. Population: 84 in 64 (9 in 64+), 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 8S2S, PCGS# 39916 Base PCGS# 6166

4328 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-121, R.3, MS63 NGC. O-121, R.3. A Condition Census example draped in dusky lilac-red, gunmetal-gray, and forest-green shades. The satiny surfaces are splendidly unabraded. The stars are mostly soft, but the central strike is bold.

Ex: *Westmoreland, Virginia Collection, Part Two (Heritage, 1/2007)*, lot 4430, which realized \$1,495. NGC ID# 4EK5, PCGS# 39926 Base PCGS# 6166

4329 1835 O-106, R.1, MS62 PCGS. Gold CAC. The 1 in the date leans sharply to the right and the 5 is noticeably recut outside of the upright to identify the O-106 obverse, and the reverse confirms with a short tine off the left side of the eagle's neck. A sharp Mint State example of obvious originality and above-average surface quality, silver luster prevails at the centers with intermittent peach-gold and blue toning in the fields and along the margins. This coin received the CAC gold seal signifying a finer grade is warranted, currently housed in an old green label holder.

Ex: *Purchased from Numismatic Consultants; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2016)*, lot 3791. NGC ID# 24FZ, PCGS# 39932 Base PCGS# 6168

REEDED EDGE HALF DOLLARS

4330 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2 — Repaired — NGC Details. XF. The reeded edge 1836 half dollar is an historic issue, the first of the denomination coined by a steam press. The traditional mintage of 1,200 pieces is likely incorrect, given the number of survivors, but the issue is undeniably scarce and popular. This is an olive-gray and steel-blue example with microgranular and hairlined surfaces.

1836 Reeded Edge Half, AU50 Coveted First-Year Type



4331 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2, AU50 PCGS. The *Guide Book* mintage of 1,200+ is a beacon call to collectors to accumulate examples, and many have done so over the years. The actual mintage remains a hot topic among Bust half specialists, but the first-year output from the new Thonnelier steam press was small. This is a partly lustrous gunmetal-gray half dollar that displays impressive sharpness and only a solitary consequential mark, to the left of the date.

Ex: *The Yoder Family Collection, Part One at Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008)*, lot 1098. NGC ID# 2U28, PCGS# 531046 Base PCGS# 6175

1836 Reeded Edge Half Dollar, AU55+ Historically Significant, Low-Mintage Issue



4332 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2, AU55+ NGC. CAC. This is a lovely example of the famous Reeded Edge variety of the 1836 half dollar, the debut of Christian Gobrecht's design work on this denomination. The mintage of the 1836 Reeded Edge half is unknown, although the *Guide Book* lists a low estimate of 1,200+ coins. This high-end Choice AU piece displays sharp detail and satiny surfaces with glints of luster near the borders. Areas of olive, golden-gray, and lavender-blue toning appear over each side. NGC ID# 2U28, PCGS# 531046 Base PCGS# 6175

1836 Reeded Edge Half Dollar, AU58 Famous Early Steam Press Issue



4333 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2, AU58 NGC. The 1836 Reeded Edge half dollar is a historic issue, the first of the denomination coined on the Philadelphia Mint's new steam press. The mintage is traditionally given as 1,200 pieces, but enough are known in VF and XF to question that figure. At the near-Mint level, the issue becomes very scarce. This well struck and lightly abraded example displays deep sea-green, golden-brown, and lavender toning. Ex: *San Francisco ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005)*, lot 6287. NGC ID# 2U28, PCGS# 531046 Base PCGS# 6175

1836 Reeded Edge Half Dollar Near-Mint, Historic Issue



4334 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2, AU58 PCGS. CAC. The Thonnelier steam press ushered in a new era at the Mint, replacing the labor-intensive screw presses. The new press struck 1,200 reeded edge halves on November 8, 1836. An unrecorded number was likely struck at a later date, since the several hundred survivors (typically in VF to AU grades) suggests a larger emission. The present near-Mint example has the look of an Uncirculated coin despite an incomplete strike on the high points. The lustrous surfaces show few marks and are richly patinated peach-red, sea-green, and stone-gray. The left obverse exhibits a railroad (or broad wire) rim, which suggests growing pains with the new steam press. NGC ID# 2U28, PCGS# 531046 Base PCGS# 6175

**1837 Reeded Edge Half, MS64
GR-9, Original Toning**



- 4335** 1837 GR-9, R.1, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Regardless of variety, finer 1837 Reeded Edge half dollars are scarce. This Choice CAC coin displays sharp detail on the central devices with some minor weakness as usual on the arrowheads and several stars. The coin has lustrous fields and exhibits minimal abrasions. Original gunmetal-blue, olive-gold, and lavender-gray toning blankets each side. NGC ID# 24G4, PCGS# 531055 Base PCGS# 6176

**1837 Half Dollar, GR-23, MS63
Attractive Iridescent Toning**



- 4336** 1837 GR-23, R.2, MS63 PCGS. A short die crack from the edge to the outermost point of star 10 is the primary pick-up point for this Graham variety. Clash marks beneath the chin make a sparse goatee but a useful confirmation of the GR-23 variety. The outer devices are weakly struck on both sides of the variety, but it is sharp through the centers. Attractive iridescent toning emphasizes bronze-gold and shades of aquamarine, with strong mint luster shining through. PCGS# 531073 Base PCGS# 6176
- 4337** 1837 GR-24, R.2, MS62 PCGS. GR-24 is attributed by delicate die lines within the shield and on the field near the base of Liberty's neck. This coruscating representative is impressively unabraded. The strike is precise at the centers though peripheral elements show incompleteness. Dove-gray and wheat-gold toning embraces both sides. NGC ID# 24G4, PCGS# 531078 Base PCGS# 6176
- 4338** 1838 GR-3, R.2, MS63 PCGS. A lengthy die crack from the rim at 7 o'clock through the eagle's shield attributes GR-3. A crack through the ball in the cap provides further confirmation of the variety. A coruscating stone-gray example of this two-year type. The fields are smooth and the cheek shows only a single faded thin horizontal mark. PCGS# 531082 Base PCGS# 6177

- 4339** 1838 GR-4, R.1, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Splendid medium golden-brown and powder-blue patina endows this lustrous and well preserved representative. The strike is intricate and the eye appeal is outstanding for the MS63 level.
Ex: *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 770; *West Palm Beach Signature* (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 1014, which realized \$2,990. NGC ID# 24G5, PCGS# 531084 Base PCGS# 6177

- 4340** 1839-O GR-1, R.1, XF40 PCGS. CAC. New Orleans type collectors are obligated to purchase an 1839-O half dollar, due to the great rarity of the only other Bust O-mint issue, the 1838-O. The present XF example is toned cream-gray with glimpses of deeper gunmetal patina near the reverse legends. No marks are of any import. NGC ID# 24G7, PCGS# 531106 Base PCGS# 6181

1839-O Bust Half, GR-1, Boldly Struck AU58



- 4341** 1839-O GR-1, R.1, AU58 NGC. The obverse mintmark is repunched south, and the borders display lengthy bold die cracks. Generally untoned, although the margins offer dashes of orange-red toning. The obverse has hair-thin horizontal field marks and the neck has faded, closely spaced marks. The only collectible O-mint issue of the Bust type. Census: 41 in 58, 51 finer (11/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 1534. NGC ID# 24G7, PCGS# 531106 Base PCGS# 6181

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

- 4342** 1839 No Drapery, WB-101, XF45 PCGS. Wheat-gold and powder-blue patina embraces this lightly abraded and moderately circulated example. 1839 was the first year of the Seated half dollar, and the only date of the No Drapery subtype. NGC ID# 24GK, PCGS# 572000 Base PCGS# 6230
- 4343** 1839 No Drapery, WB-101, AU50 PCGS. The glossy and still-lustrous surfaces of this No Drapery half dollar display a thin veil of translucent golden toning, while the sharply struck devices retain much of their crisp definition despite 10 points of wear. Always popular as the first-year representative of Christian Gobrecht's intended Seated Liberty design, it is a mystery why more examples of the new design were not saved by collectors or as souvenirs by the public — perhaps half dimes or dimes fulfilled that need. The present coin saw only brief circulation, with faint lines and abrasions visible with a lens, yet the eye appeal is undeniable. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 22 in 50, 91 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24GK, PCGS# 572000 Base PCGS# 6230
- 4344** 1839 No Drapery, WB-101, AU53 NGC. This one-year No Drapery type is highly sought-after in all grades but only infrequently encountered in pleasing condition. This AU representative offers sharp design elements and uniform olive-gray and dusky lavender toning. Hints of luster remain in the reverse fields. Census: 6 in 53, 75 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24GK, PCGS# 572000 Base PCGS# 6230

**1841-O Seated Half, XF45
In-Demand Baseball Die Cracks Reverse**



4345 1841-O WB-102, Die Pair 2, R.5, Medium O Mintmark, Baseball Die Cracks Reverse XF45 PCGS. Scarce Medium O Mintmark. Struck from the initial die marriage of the obverse and reverse as indicated by a full foot support. After a first batch of coins was struck, the heavily cracked reverse die was set aside while the obverse was paired with a different reverse. Later, the cracked original reverse was reused to strike a second batch of showing a later state of the obverse die with weak foot support. Combined, the two mintages make up the popular Baseball Die Crack Reverse variety where the pattern of reverse die cracks resembles the stitching on a baseball. This Choice XF example shows stone-gray surfaces with light wear and traces of mint luster at the borders. A previous example of this scarce variety realized \$3,172.50 in our 2014 ANA Signature auction. PCGS# 543482 Base PCGS# 6237

4346 1842 Medium Date, Large Letters, WB-104, MS62 PCGS. Gold CAC. Warm coppery-gold luster shines beneath slate-blue overtones on this richly patinated Medium Date half. It is the Large Letters style reverse. The strike is notably sharp on the motifs, while marks are few and far between. Housed in a first generation PCGS "old rattler" holder, with the coveted CAC Gold label that indicates the assigned grade is understated. All Seated halves from the early 1840s are scarce in Mint State. Population: 17 in 62, 28 finer. Gold CAC: 6 in 62, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24GU, PCGS# 572013 Base PCGS# 6239

**1842 Half Dollar, Richly Toned MS65
Medium Date, Large Letters**



4347 1842 Medium Date, Large Letters, WB-104, MS65 PCGS. There are three known Medium Date, Large Letters die pairings and they are not differentiated by die pairs (yet). However, these three die pairs commonly show "die cracks and die file lines" according to the 1993 Wiley-Bugert reference. This particular half shows a die crack that shoots to the left and upward from the 1 in the date, past the rock base and into the rim beyond. The surfaces are richly toned with strong underlying mint luster. Sharply struck throughout. Population: 3 in 65, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24GU, PCGS# 572013 Base PCGS# 6239

**1842 Medium Date Half Dollar, MS64
Large Letters, Repunched Date, FS-301**



4348 1842 Medium Date, Large Letters, Repunched Date, WB-105, FS-301, MS64 PCGS. The date shows repunching north, widely on the 8, with multiple punchings of the 42 visible with a glass. A rare variety in Choice Mint State, this *Cherry-pickers' Guide* variety is clearly the most popular of the Medium Date die pairs — always in demand for type as well as for the repunched date. Rich, iridescent shades include deep-blue, lavender, and ruby-red hues drape sharply struck surfaces. Mint luster glows beneath the comprehensive toning. Population (all Medium Date varieties): 12 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24GU, PCGS# 413710 Base PCGS# 6239

4349 1843 Repunched Date, WB-103, AU58 PCGS. The 4 in the date is recut on this variety. Overall, the 1843 half dollar is scarce in Mint State, heightening the appeal of the present near-Mint coin. Luster glows in the fields, and original toning gives the reverse a silvery-gray hue while the obverse displays sea-green, rose, and blue-gray color. The design elements are well-defined despite heavy planchet striations that appear on each side. Population: 22 in 58, 56 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24GX, PCGS# 572020 Base PCGS# 6243

**1844 Seated Half, MS65
None Finer at Either Service, WB-101**



4350 1844 WB-101 MS65 NGC. A satiny Gem, with subtle multihued toning and a bold strike. The obverse displays light shades of peach-gold and olive-green with lemon-gold at the borders. The reverse shows a crescent of deep blue and russet-brown color merging into a smooth, pearlescent silver center. A few random, tiny ticks do little to disturb the otherwise unblemished fields and motifs. Mintages of early Seated halves are of little significance in Mint State grades — all dates and Mints are rare, particularly in Gem condition such as this lustrous and frosty coin. Census: 3 in 65 (1 in 65★), 0 finer (10/16). Ex: Jason Carter (7/2008); The Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98462. NGC ID# 24GZ, PCGS# 572025 Base PCGS# 6245

1847 Seated Half, MS64
Razor-Sharp and Semiprooflike



- 4351** 1847 WB-101 MS64 PCGS. All Mint State 1847 half dollars are rare, but those grading finer than MS63 are particularly so. This near-Gem example was struck from fresh, still-polished dies, showing semiprooflike fields and intricate, fully detailed design elements. Only a few light grazes limit the grade. This piece displays lovely shades of champagne, lavender, and powder-blue toning. Population: 7 in 64, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HA, PCGS# 572054 Base PCGS# 6257

1848-O WB-101 Seated Half, Frosty MS64
Ex: Dick Osburn Collection



- 4352** 1848-O WB-101, Die Pair 17, R.3, MS64 PCGS. Ex: Dick Osburn Collection. Lightly toned, frosty, and lustrous, this sharply struck near-Gem ranks among the finest of the New Orleans date and certainly of its die pair, which was headed for its imminent demise in the final use of the obverse and the sole use of a heavily cracked reverse. Nearly full details attend the devices despite the advanced state of the dies. Shades of lilac, peach-gold, and pearlescent silver provide exceptional eye appeal, seldom seen on this or any O-Mint issue. Population (all varieties combined): 5 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HD, PCGS# 572065 Base PCGS# 6261

1848-O Seated Half Dollar, MS64
Unlisted WB Variety, Conditionally Rare



- 4353** 1848-O WB-101 MS64 PCGS. **Unlisted Die Pair.** On this unlisted die pair the obverse has a prominent die lump between 18 in the date that matches none of the obverse dies in Bill Bugert's 2011 New Orleans half dollar reference. The Bowers and Merena cataloger believed the die chip may be a "faint remnant of a misplaced 1." A die crack through (STAT)ES and light clash marks in the shield suggest this may be Reverse K. *The Register of Seated Half Dollar Varieties Volume III: New Orleans Branch Mint 1840-O to 1853-O No Arrows* (2011) identifies 13 obverse and 15 reverse dies that were employed to manufacture more than 3.1 million half dollars at the Louisiana facility in 1848. Given the issue's sizeable mintage, it is entirely possible that this is an undocumented variety. An excellent chance for the Seated half specialist to procure an important discovery coin.

When this near-Gem is held at an angle under a lamp, the violet-gray patina that dominates each side reveals pleasing shades of antique-gold, lavender, and ice-blue. The reverse motifs are fully detailed, and the obverse is boldly impressed with sharp definition on Liberty's head and foot support. All but star 8 show full centers.

Ex: *Boston Rarities Sale* (Bowers and Merena, 8/2010), lot 549; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98622. NGC ID# 24HD, PCGS# 572065 Base PCGS# 6261

- 4354** 1849 WB-101 MS61 PCGS. The base of the 1 is repunched south, similar to WB-103, but the present coin is from a different obverse die unlisted in the classic 1993 Wiley-Bugert reference. A coruscating example without mentionable marks. The right-side stars are incomplete. Lightly toned overall, though glimpses of wheat-gold toning are noted throughout. NGC ID# 24HE, PCGS# 572069 Base PCGS# 6262

1849 Half Dollar, MS64+
Just Two Finer Coins at PCGS



- 4355** 1849 WB-101 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Despite a plentiful mintage, the 1849 is surprisingly elusive in finer grades, presumably the result of melting by speculators. The bullion content of silver coins exceeded face value by late 1849, as bountiful California gold mines wreaked havoc with the nation's bimetallic monetary system. This is a lustrous and lightly toned Choice half that shows a few minor obverse field marks and displays a sharp strike save for the eagle's left (facing) ankle. Population: 28 in 64 (1 in 64+), 2 finer. CAC: 10 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HE, PCGS# 572069 Base PCGS# 6262

4356 1849-O WB-101, Die Pair 11, R.3, MS63 NGC. Partially filled 4. Toned with attractive orange-gold and lilac-gray shades over the entire surface, with an arc of bright blue along the lower obverse. The reverse toning is mostly gold but with bold lilac highlights framing the eagle. The strike is sharp throughout, and the obverse die shows minor cracks. Identifiable by a single minor reeding mark just below star 10 in the field. The obverse die shows some evidence of rust on Liberty, where another humid New Orleans summer took its toll. A long, light die crack travels from the rim through the F in OF and follows the eagle's right (facing) wing, diagnostic of the die pair. Census: 6 in 63, 7 finer (10/16). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2005), lot 7259; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 3216; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 2715; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 1112; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 4440. NGC ID# 24HF, PCGS# 572073 Base PCGS# 6263

4357 1850 WB-101 AU58 PCGS. Blue-green borders and peach-red fields ensures the eye appeal for this well struck and prooflike half dollar. The date position appears identical to WB-102 but there is no sign of repunching on the 0. Population: 14 in 58 (1 in 58+), 25 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HG, PCGS# 572074 Base PCGS# 6264

1851 Half Dollar, Razor-Sharp MS63 WB-103, Repunched Date



4358 1851 Repunched Date, WB-103, MS63 PCGS. CAC. The remnants of an earlier 1 appear left of the flag of the second 1. An interesting die crack travels through the base of all four date digits, while another runs through the upper stars and Liberty's head. The devices are fully struck and produce slight contrast is noted against the bright, lustrous fields. Richly toned in shades of violet-gray, blue, and golden-russet. Terrific eye appeal. Population (all varieties): 6 in 63, 12 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24HJ, PCGS# 572080 Base PCGS# 6266

1853 Arrows and Rays Half, MS64 Well Preserved and Lustrous



4359 1853 Arrows and Rays, WB-101, MS64 PCGS. Arrows and rays were added to the Seated Liberty design in 1853, to distinguish new tenor silver coins from their heavier, mass-melted predecessors. The rays reduced die life, and were removed in 1854, ensuring single-year status for the type. This lustrous cream-gray near-Gem is well struck and uncommonly void of marks. A trace of struck-in grease is noted below star 7. Struck from moderately clashed dies. NGC ID# 24JJ, PCGS# 572085 Base PCGS# 6275

1853 Half Dollar, MS64 Single-Year Arrow and Rays Type



4360 1853 Arrows and Rays, WB-101, MS64 PCGS. After a slight weight reduction to stimulate the circulation of silver subsidiary coinage, Arrows and Rays were introduced to differentiate the lighter half dollars from their earlier counterparts. Inadvertently, a new subtype was created that continues to resonate with collectors. This nearly fully struck Choice type coin exhibits blushes of gold patina around the margins. Small marks are well-hidden. Lightly clashed. PCGS records 26 higher grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 24JJ, PCGS# 572085 Base PCGS# 6275

1853 Arrows and Rays Half Dollar, MS64+ Beautiful Coloration



4361 1853 Arrows and Rays, WB-101, MS64+ PCGS. An overlay of colorful patina includes mixed blue, green, and violet tones, affirming the originality of this Choice Arrows and Rays type coin. Interesting clash marks and die cracks are apparent on each side, but few post-Mint blemishes are seen. Both the strike and visual quality are phenomenal. PCGS lists 26 finer submissions (12/16). NGC ID# 24JJ, PCGS# 572085 Base PCGS# 6275

1854-O Arrows Half Dollar, MS65 WB-101, Heavily Cracked Obverse Die



4362 1854-O Arrows, WB-101, Die Pair 44, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Heavy die cracks in the date area and a strong crack above star 12 to Liberty's wrist signal an advanced state of the obverse die, while the sharp and uncracked reverse is free of any signs of die failure. Overall, the strike is sharp on both sides including Liberty's top hair strands. With the exception of star 8, the obverse stars are sharply formed. More satiny than frosty, the vibrant silver surfaces show only tiny marks and bits of amber-gold toning at the borders. A lustrous, high-end Gem coin housed in a first generation small PCGS holder with CAC endorsement. Population: 20 in 65, 18 finer. CAC: 8 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24JM, PCGS# 572088 Base PCGS# 6280

4363 1855-O Arrows, WB-101, Die Pair 4, R.4, MS63 PCGS. Considering the mintage of more than 3.6 million pieces, Mint State examples of the 1855-O are few and far between. This Select Uncirculated coin displays original multicolor toning supported by bright mint luster. Sharply struck except for slight weakness at star 13 and the eagle's left (facing) talon, the surfaces show bold motifs with remarkably few marks for the assigned grade. A rim mark at 12 o'clock on the reverse is the sole abrasion of note, while a radial die crack from to star 4 toward Liberty's arm confirms the variety. NGC ID# 24JP, PCGS# 572090 Base PCGS# 6283

4364 1855-O Arrows, WB-101, Die Pair 19, R.4, MS64 PCGS. The only use of this obverse and reverse, identified by die lines above (A)ME(RICA). Brilliant, radiant surfaces showcase a ring of golden-russet color around the lower obverse border. Razor-sharp, save for a couple of stars. PCGS shows 31 finer submissions, all varieties included (11/16). NGC ID# 24JP, PCGS# 572090 Base PCGS# 6283

**1856 Half Dollar, MS65+
Brilliant No Motto Rarity**



4365 1856 WB-101 MS65+ PCGS. This magnificent Gem No Motto half dollar should be of great interest to several collectors of type. The surfaces are remarkably bright and lustrous with just the slightest hint of toning. The centers are sharply defined with peripheral softness noted around the margins. Population: 5 in 65 (1 in 65+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HN, PCGS# 572092 Base PCGS# 6287

**1856-O WB-101 Seated Half, MS65
Ex: Eliasberg**



4366 1856-O WB-101, Die Pair 16, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. A satiny example with lilac-gray patina and subtle gold accents. The strike is bold at Liberty's head and the surrounding star centers, with only minor weakness at the eagle's left (facing) talon. Struck from a late state of the dies, with a radial die crack from the dentil through star 1 to Liberty's hand. An additional crack connects stars 10 through 13. A huge mintage of more than 2.6 million halves has resulted in few Gem or finer examples. This is an original, lustrous coin with an impeccable provenance. Population: 23 in 65, 3 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: Eliasberg Sale (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1966. NGC ID# 24HP, PCGS# 572095 Base PCGS# 6288

**1858 Half Dollar, Gleaming MS65
Collectible No Motto Issue**



4367 1858 Type One Reverse, WB-101, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Pearlescent pale-gold centers deepen to amber-gold toning at the margins of this smooth and lustrous Gem half dollar. The strike is comprehensively sharp except on stars 6 through 8 and in the opposing area of the left (facing) claw. Terrific eye appeal remains, with only a few faint marks visible under a loupe. More than 4.2 million pieces were struck, yielding many varieties yet to be fully documented but precious few Gem-quality or finer survivors. Population: 17 in 65, 5 finer. CAC: 7 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24HV, PCGS# 572108 Base PCGS# 6293

1858 Half Dollar, MS66
FS-301, Repunched Date
Among the Finest at PCGS



- 4368** 1858 Type One Reverse, Repunched Date, WB-105, FS-301, MS66 PCGS. This is a supposedly common date with a mintage in excess of 4.2 million coins. However, Premium Gem examples such as this can only be described as extremely rare. This magnificent coin boasts vibrant, frosty luster over mostly brilliant surfaces with an arc of deep aqua-blue and golden toning on the upper obverse and lower reverse. A shallow planchet flaw occurs in the lower left obverse field near Liberty's wrist. Remnants of an inverted 1 are visible right of the 5 in the date. Wiley and Bugert explain: "This blundered date appears to have the date repunched over an inverted date. The remnants of an inverted 1 can be seen as two lumps between the 58. Measurements of the distance between the two 'lumps' verify they are the tip of the serif and left base of the 1." A stellar representative of the issue, likely the finest-known example of this *Cherrypickers'* variety. Population (all varieties included): 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 413724 Base PCGS# 6293

1860-O Half Dollar, MS65
Type Two Reverse, WB-103



- 4369** 1860-O Type Two Reverse, WB-103, Die Pair 5, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Reverse Hub Variety Two. There is a sizeable amount of space between the tops of the LF in HALF, this feature confirming the attribution of the hub variety. As an issue, the 1860-O (1.2 million pieces produced) is not particularly rare in Mint State. (Wiley and Bugert, 1993, assign the date a Low R.4 rating in all MS grades.) In Gem, however, the 1860-O is conditionally rare. This is an originally toned survivor whose otherwise antique-copper overtones yield to rose-gray tinting throughout much of the reverse field. Both sides are appreciably sharp in strike, although we do note a little softness of detail over some of the obverse star centers. Solidly graded with only a few scattered abrasions that are well concealed by the toning. Population for all 1860-O halves: Population: 16 in 65, 8 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2XWU, PCGS# 572139 Base PCGS# 6300

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA

1861 Confederate Restrike Half Dollar, AU53
Struck in 1879 by J.W. Scott



- 4370** 1861 Scott Restrike AU53 PCGS. In 1879, leading numismatic dealer J.W. Scott purchased the C.S.A. half dollar die from Ebenezer Locke Mason. Mason had bought it from Dr. B.F. Taylor, the New Orleans Mint Chief Coiner in 1861, when the four original Confederate half dollars were struck. Scott promptly acquired 500 1861-dated half dollars, planed down their reverses, and overstruck them with the Confederate die. This action somewhat flattened the dated side, as seen on the present restrike. The Confederate side is toned golden-brown and shows light wear. The dated side has rich aquamarine patina and a few thin marks made by a curious finder. NGC ID# 2C4R, PCGS# 340402

1861 C.S.A. Half Dollar, Unc Details
J.W. Scott Restrike of 1879



- 4371** 1861 Scott Restrike — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. The original Confederate half dollar reverse die was obtained by J.W. Scott in 1879 through Ebenezer Locke Mason, Jr., who bought it and an original Confederate half from Dr. B.F. Taylor, Chief Coiner at the New Orleans branch mint under Confederate occupation. Scott acquired 500 1861 half dollars and used the reverse die to produce 500 of these restrikes. This piece shows the usual flatness around the obverse border and an uneven reverse impression. Evidence of an old cleaning does not overly distract.

1864 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, MS64
WB-101, Elusive Wartime Issue



- 4373** 1864 WB-101 MS64 PCGS. Influenced not only by wartime concerns, the Mint recognized that silver coinage simply did not circulate other than on the West Coast, and any half dollars issued served primarily as bank reserves. Just 379,100 pieces were struck. This example is one of a limited number of near-Gem survivors. Essentially full details exist in all areas, and each side is covered with even golden-olive and rose toning with problem-free surfaces. Population: 15 in 64 (1 in 64+), 11 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572158 Base PCGS# 6311

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

1861-S Half Dollar, MS64
Large S Mintmark



- 4372** 1861-S Large S, WB-101, MS64 PCGS. CAC. This spectacular near-Gem exhibits frosty silver luster with light gray surfaces that host splashes of pale gold toning on each side. The strike is bold with sharp hair on the obverse and full feathers on the reverse. The large S mintmark is centered over the F in HALF on the reverse. Population: 14 in 64, 6 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 6 finer (11/16). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2012), lot 3827. NGC ID# 24J5, PCGS# 572149 Base PCGS# 6306

1867-S Half Dollar, MS64
Brilliant and Beautiful



- 4374** 1867-S WB-103, Die Pair 4, R.3, MS64 PCGS. WB-103 exhibits a lightly repunched mintmark. An early die state with sharp definition except for the dentils. A brilliant and lustrous near-Gem with uncommonly smooth surfaces. The fields are clashed, as made. The 1867-S is rare in Mint State, despite a mintage of nearly 1.2 million pieces. For all die varieties, Population: 3 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572181 Base PCGS# 6322

1868 Half Dollar, MS64
Rare in Mint State



- 4375** 1868 WB-101 MS64 PCGS. About 50 Mint State representatives of the 1868 are believed to survive, the most frequently awarded grade being MS63. Choice Uncirculated coins are very rare. Liberty's head and star 9 are inconsequentially soft, but the other motifs show a pinpoint impression. Yellow-green, cobalt-blue, and violet patina hides any grade-limiting flaws, of which there are few. Population: 5 in 64, 7 finer (12/16). PCGS# 572182 Base PCGS# 6323

**1868-S Seated Half, MS65
WB-101, High Date Variety**



4376 1868-S WB-101, Die Pair 8, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. There are no “common” Uncirculated S-Mint half dollars from the 1860s, only those that are slightly less-scarce than others. The 1868-S falls into the challenging category, and it is very rare in Gem or finer grades. Perhaps because of its generous mintage (over 1.1 million pieces struck), the 1868-S is consistently underrated in high grades.

This Gem example beams cartwheel silver luster beneath dappled powder-gray and lilac toning. The strike is sharp through the centers with only minor weakness at some of the stars. Frosty surfaces show a few light abrasions but no distracting marks, and its natural appeal earns the sole CAC endorsement for the MS65 level. There are only three pieces numerically finer at both services combined. Population: 1 in 65, 2 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572184 Base PCGS# 6324

**1869-S Seated Half, Attractive MS65
WB-101, Lustrous and Frosty**



4377 1869-S WB-101, Die Pair 2, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. The tan-orange peripheral accents on the otherwise pearl-gray obverse deepen and join patches of sage on the lustrous reverse. Strongly struck in the centers with a degree of softness noted only at the obverse stars and a few vertical roller marks. Great eye appeal for this underrated issue, struck from an interesting die pair with the remnants of misplaced digits in Liberty's gown folds and to the left of the shield in the rock. CAC endorsed. Population: 2 in 65, 3 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24JY, PCGS# 572187 Base PCGS# 6326

4378 1872-CC WB-101, Die Pair 8, R.4, XF40 NGC. A dusky orange-gold and olive-green representative. The well-defined surfaces display ample hints of luster. One thin vertical mark noted near star 1. A better Carson City issue, scarcer than its implied by its mintage of 257,000 pieces. NGC ID# 64EJ, PCGS# 572203 Base PCGS# 6334

**1875-S Seated Half, MS66
WB-101, Unlisted Die Pair**



4379 1875-S Very Small S, WB-101, Unlisted Die Pair, MS66 PCGS. Not surprisingly, a large number of die pairs were required to strike 3.2 million pieces at the San Francisco Mint for the year. The latest Wiley-Bugert reference identifies 22 die pairs. While the reverse die is possibly identifiable as a late die state of Reverse E, in our opinion the obverse die does not match any of those pictured, making this a new variety for the issue. Specialists will find the die of interest, while all Seated half enthusiasts will be impressed with the high quality of the present coin. The surfaces are satin-smooth, lustrous, and lightly toned in hues of lilac and gold. The strike is sharp except at the center of star 8 and the highest strands of Liberty's hair. PCGS has seen just a single coin numerically finer for all varieties. Population: 27 in 66 (3 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KF, PCGS# 572229 Base PCGS# 6351

**1876 Open Bud Half Dollar, MS66
Richly Patinated**



- 4380 1876 Open Bud, WB-101, MS66 PCGS.** Rich antique patina shrouds the obverse, highlighted by glints of fire-orange near the borders and recesses. The reverse displays lovely shades of violet, blue, lime-green, and gold that progress from the centers out. This wholly original Premium Gem dollar is strongly struck, especially on Liberty's head. Practically impossible to upgrade. Population (all varieties): 4 in 66, 1 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 645N, PCGS# 572234 Base PCGS# 6352

**1876-CC Small CC Half Dollar, MS63
Select Mint State Carson City Type Coin**



- 4381 1876-CC Small CC, WB-101, Die Pair Unlisted, MS63 NGC.** Ex: Green, Newman. A well struck Carson City type coin draped in deep powder-blue and peach-gold patina. The satiny surfaces are free from any consequential contact. The Small CC is one of three mintmark sizes for the issue. A Mint State Carson City half dollar worthy of a high-grade set.
Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Eric P. Newman and B.G. Johnson; Eric P. Newman; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Eric P. Newman Collection, Part II (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33742, which realized \$3,818.75. NGC ID# 645M, PCGS# 572238 Base PCGS# 6353

**1876-CC Half Dollar, MS64+
Small CC, WB-101**



- 4382 1876-CC Small CC, WB-101, Die Pair 16, R.3, MS64+ PCGS.** The 1876-CC mintage approached 2 million pieces, but the Carson City type issue nonetheless becomes better Mint State grades. This crisply struck near-Gem offers blended golden-brown and lavender toning. Free from any remotely noticeable abrasions. Die Pair 16 is identified by its many spindly die cracks. For all die varieties combined, Population: 18 in 64 (2 in 64+), 18 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 645M, PCGS# 572238 Base PCGS# 6353

**1876-CC Seated Half, MS66
Large CC, Scarce Reverse Variant**



- 4383 1876-CC Large CC, WB-103 MS66 NGC.** Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green. With 40 die varieties for 1876-CC half dollars, the Large CC mintmark is the least available with a mere three die marriages. The Large CC dies were carried over from previous years, last being used in 1873. This specific die marriage is the second example in this sale (see previous lot), seen here in an even higher grade from a reverse die that was also used in 1871, 1872, and 1873. The key diagnostic is the die crack along the top of letters (AME)RICA. The obverse die has a thick die line behind Liberty's eye, a hub characteristic common to only four 1876 dies.
This half dollar has wonderfully attractive steel-blue, blue, and amber toning over lustrous fields. It is strongly struck and has remarkably abrasion-free fields and devices. An extraordinary Mint State Carson City half dollar. Census: 3 in 66, 2 finer, for all 1876-CC varieties (10/16).
Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$5.00; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society. NGC ID# 24KH, PCGS# 572240 Base PCGS# 6353

1876-S WB-102 Half Dollar, Sharp MS66
Multicolor Prooflike Fields



- 4384** 1876-S Open Bud, Very Small S, WB-102, Die Pair 22, R.4, MS66 PCGS. CAC. Type One Reverse, with an open bud. The 1876-S half dollar is elusive in the top Mint State grades. Splashes of cobalt-blue, lavender, and golden-brown toning decorate radiantly lustrous surfaces on this attractive Premium Gem. A well-directed strike brings up excellent definition on the design features. Some light marks on Liberty's upper arm and in the left obverse field are secondary to the multicolor patina and prooflike fields. Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007, lot 845. NGC ID# BNVD, PCGS# 572242 Base PCGS# 6354

1877/6 Half Dollar, MS64
Ex: Gardner, FS-301



- 4385** 1877/6 FS-301 MS64 PCGS. CAC. This variety has what appear to be remnants of a previous 6 visible on the top surface of the final 7 in the date. Wiley and Bugert question this variety's status as an overdate, offering the argument that the extra raised metal was the result of debris on the 7 punch. Nonetheless, it is recognized as an overdate in both the *Guide Book* and the *Cherrypickers'* reference, and is therefore attributed by both of the leading certification services. The obverse of this incredibly eye-appealing MS64 piece displays fully prooflike fields with peripheral sun-gold, russet, and ocean-blue toning. The reverse exhibits slightly more frosty luster with similar coloration. All design elements are boldly defined, and the overdate feature is clearly visible with a glass. Population: 2 in 64, 0 finer (10/16). Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 1699; Harry Laibstain (12/2008); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98491. PCGS# 396592 Base PCGS# 6355

**1877 Half Dollar, MS65
Semiprooflike Fields**



- 4386** 1877 Closed Bud, WB-103, MS65 NGC. The 1877 Seated half dollar is an available date in the context of the series, although high-end Mint State pieces are conditionally elusive. This Gem example displays a sharp strike and semiprooflike fields. Nearly brilliant interiors are surrounded by deeper autumn-gold and amber-red toning. Census: 26 in 65 (1 in 65+), 22 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 24KK, PCGS# 572246 Base PCGS# 6355

**1877 Half Dollar, MS66+
Complete Mint Brilliance**



- 4387** 1877 Closed Bud, WB-103, MS66+ PCGS. CAC. This marvelous Seated half dollar retains complete mint brilliance on each side, save for splashes of pale gold near portions of the rims. The outer areas, including the stars, head, sandal, and olive leaves, exhibit good definition, while the centers are softer with visible roller marks. Lightly clashed and cracked but virtually without a single blemish. Population: 27 in 66 (7 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KK, PCGS# 572246 Base PCGS# 6355

- 4388** 1878-CC WB-101, Die Pair 1, R.4 — Environmental Damage — NGC Details. XF. Carson City Mint officials needed a single die pair to strike 62,000 half dollars in 1878, creating a series semikey in the process. This sharply detailed example shows porosity in the fields and evidence of rust on the reverse, preventing a numeric grade.

**1878-CC Seated Half, AU Details
WB-101, Sole Dies for the Issue**



- 4389** 1878-CC WB-101 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Pervasive umber-brown toning occupies much of the territory on this very scarce Carson City half. Traces of the cleaning are disguised but not fully hidden by the deep coloration. Slight wear on the high points does not diminish the sharpness of the strike, nor does the cleaning — solid About Uncirculated details remain on both sides.

**1879 Seated Half, MS65
Only 4,800 Circulation Strikes Minted**



- 4390** 1879 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS65 PCGS. CAC. The satiny surfaces display a large amount of prooflike character on both sides of this sharply struck and well-preserved, low-mintage half. The obverse strike is full, while the reverse shows just a bit of blending at the eagle's left (facing) talon and ankle. Tan accents join steel-gray toning for pleasing eye appeal. CAC endorsed. Population: 44 in 65 (2 in 65+), 69 finer. CAC: 14 in 65, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KS, PCGS# 572260 Base PCGS# 6361

**1880 Half Dollar, MS66
Merely 8,400 Coins Produced**



- 4391** 1880 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS66 PCGS. CAC. The coinage of 8,400 half dollars in 1880 was purely for numismatic purposes. Such coins were unneeded in circulation thanks to an influx of old half dollars from abroad. Mottled iridescence shrouds the surfaces of this Premium Gem key date. As usual, the devices exhibit pinpoint detail. Population: 25 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KT, PCGS# 572262 Base PCGS# 6362

**1880 Half Dollar, MS67
None Certified Finer**



- 4392** 1880 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS67 NGC. In 1880, the Mint was too busy striking silver dollars to coin more than a token quantity of half dollars for commerce. From the business mintage of 8,400 pieces, dealers set aside perhaps 200 pieces. The remainder of the production went into circulation, and worn examples are seen less often than their Mint State counterparts. This is a pristine, fully struck, and semiprooflike Superb Gem. The obverse field is orange-gold and lilac-red, the reverse field is pearl-gray, and both borders display ocean-blue shades. Census: 7 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KT, PCGS# 572262 Base PCGS# 6362

**1880 Half Dollar, Rainbow-Toned MS67
WB-102, Tied for Finest Graded**



- 4393** 1880 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS67 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint used one obverse and two reverse dies to manufacture 8,400 business strike half dollars in 1880. Despite the low mintage, the 1880 is not particularly rare in an absolute sense. The story changes in the highest available grade, where only 12 coins survive in MS67 — four pieces at PCGS, eight examples at NGC — and none are finer at either service (11/16); some resubmissions may be represented in those numbers.

Every design feature on this Superb example exhibits razor-sharp detail, and the original toning is breathtaking in its kaleidoscopic display of colors. Cobalt-blue, salmon-pink, olive-gold, powder-blue, and lavender-gray shades cover both sides in a targetlike fashion. Isolated areas of near-brilliance also occur around the obverse devices. The semiprooflike finish readily appears at direct angles, and the surfaces are free of even the most trivial disturbance. NGC ID# 24KT, PCGS# 572262 Base PCGS# 6362

- 4394** 1881 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS64 NGC. A few trivial marks on each side prevent a higher grade. This exquisite Choice Mint State Seated half dollar has brilliant silver luster with delightful gold and blue toning. Census: 24 in 64 (1 in 64+, 1 in 64★), 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KU, PCGS# 572264 Base PCGS# 6363

**1881 Seated Half, Toned MS65+
Undesignated Prooflike Surfaces**



- 4395** 1881 Closed Bud, WB-102, MS65+ PCGS. CAC. The surfaces of this high-end Gem half dollar are fully prooflike on both sides, although PCGS does not designate prooflike surfaces on half dollars. Faint die lines in the denticles above ERICA confirm that this is indeed a circulation strike. Slight weakness at stars 7 to 9 and at Liberty's top hair strands as well as the eagle's left (facing) talons also suggest the prooflike circulation strike. Attractive orange-gold and blue toning cover the obverse, while the reverse adds mauve shades to the patina. Population: 16 in 65 (2 in 65+), 19 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KU, PCGS# 572264 Base PCGS# 6363

**1886 Half Dollar, MS66
Among the Finest Known**



- 4396** 1886 WB-101 MS66 PCGS. The prooflike surfaces are carefully preserved; the only readily apparent mark is a small tick in the right obverse field. Lavender-toned central motifs are moderately frosted and appear to float over watery fields colored in shades of cobalt-blue, turquoise, and violet. Liberty's head and the stars display a bit of strike softness, but the eagle is boldly struck. Only 5,000 Seated half dollars were struck at Philadelphia in 1886. The low-production total was essentially symbolic; 5,000 additional coins in circulation was akin to a drop of water in the ocean. Although many 1886 halves were saved in high grades, the supply is hardly enough to satisfy present-day demand, especially from Registry enthusiasts seeking the best-preserved pieces available.

Purchased from Jason Carter (3/2005); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98708. PCGS# 572271 Base PCGS# 6368

- 4397** 1887 WB-101 MS64 PCGS. CAC. Only 5,000 half dollars were issued for commerce in 1887, since the Philadelphia Mint struck a then-record 20,290,000 silver dollars instead. This is a well preserved and prooflike near-Gem with a bold strike and a whisper of golden-brown toning. Population: 30 in 64, 40 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24L2, PCGS# 572272 Base PCGS# 6369

**1888 Half Dollar, Pearlescent MS67
None Certified Numerically Finer**



4398 1888 WB-101 MS67 PCGS. CAC. Steel-blue toning circles the borders on each side, while pearlescent peach-gold and silver-lilac shades cover the centers of this lustrous and smoothly frosted Superb Gem half. A sharp strike attends the devices with only a touch of weakness at stars 7 and 8, as well as Liberty's uppermost hair strands. Eye appeal exists in abundance.

In lesser grades, the 1888 is one of the more available late-series, low-mintage Seated half dollars. That all stops at the MS67 level, where neither service reports a numerically finer example. Population: 0 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24L3, PCGS# 572273 Base PCGS# 6370

1889 Half Dollar, Original MS66



4399 1889 WB-101 MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1889, a sought-after late-date issue, claims a small mintage of 12,000 coins. Few survive as beautifully preserved and eye-appealing as the Premium Gem endorsed by CAC and offered here. Rings of cobalt-blue and violet surround gold centers with luminous luster beneath the toning. Flashy and strongly struck with a single mark in the right obverse field. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572274 Base PCGS# 6371

**1891 Half Dollar, Peripherally Toned MS66
Rare in This Lofty Grade Level**



4400 1891 WB-101 MS66 PCGS. Aquamarine and chestnut-tan toning drapes this satiny Gem, sharply struck aside from the stars near Liberty's head. A few minute ticks are seen on the right obverse, but the quality is exceptional overall. Production for 1891 was higher than the immediately preceding years, but the number of high-grade survivors from the mintage of 200,000 pieces is nonetheless low. Population: 16 in 66 (4 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572276 Base PCGS# 6373

PROOF SEATED HALF DOLLARS

**1859 Half Dollar, PR64+
Eye-Appealing Patination**



4401 1859 PR64+ PCGS. CAC. Type One Reverse. Reportedly, 800 proof half dollars were struck at the Mint in 1859, though an unknown number of specimens were probably melted at year's end. CoinFacts provides a survival estimate of about 300 coins. The often-seen blend of violet, gold, and blue colors blankets this partly reflective and decidedly high-end near-Gem. Lovely eye appeal, as affirmed by the CAC sticker. Population: 36 in 64 (1 in 64+), 14 finer. CAC: 7 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27TJ, PCGS# 6413

1860 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Fully Brilliant With Deep Mirrors
Extremely Rare So Fine



4402 1860 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Breen reports a net mintage of 525 specimens for the 1860 half dollar. Although 1,000 proofs were struck, nearly half of them were melted as unsold at the end of the year. This was the first time the Mint instituted a 13 cent fee for proofs, and demand declined as a result. Cameo proofs represent a minute fraction of the 1860 half dollars at PCGS, where less than 15% of submissions have met the requirements for such a designation.

This Premium Gem proof is entirely brilliant, appearing as it must have the day it was struck. The fields seem almost bottomless without any mentionable contact. As expected but not always seen, the devices are fully brought-up. This is simply a magnificent representative by any measure. Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 3 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27TK, PCGS# 86414

1861 Half Dollar, PR64
Reflective Mirrors Under Lavish Toning



4403 1861 PR64 PCGS. The mirrored surfaces are vibrantly reflective and attractively toned in steel-blue and grayish-lavender shades. The strike is needle-sharp, since the Mint took extra care with its proofs in 1861 — the second year of offering proofs at a premium cost to dealers and the general public. Many examples went unsold and were melted at year's end. This example shows a few delicate lines that account for the grade but they do not diminish the substantial eye appeal. Population: 24 in 64 (2 in 64+), 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27TL, PCGS# 6415

1861 Half Dollar, PR64+
Iridescent Toning



4404 1861 PR64+ PCGS. The Mint ramped up proof production in 1860 and 1861 after successful sales in 1858 and 1859, but officials failed to consider the effects of a new 13 cent fee implemented in 1860. While 1,000 proof halves were manufactured in 1861, as many as 600 specimens were melted as unsold. An overlay of iridescent toning covers flashy surfaces in rainbow hues that glitter when rotated under a lamp. The visual appeal is as strong as the strike characteristics. Population: 24 in 64 (2 in 64+), 17 finer (10/16). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 3174. NGC ID# 27TL, PCGS# 6415

1864 Half Dollar, PR64+
Original Toning



4405 1864 PR64+ PCGS. CAC. Breen's *Proof Encyclopedia* cites two varieties for the 1864 half dollar (470 specimens manufactured) with the 64 spaced either closely or widely apart. This is an example of the former. Each side is uniformly toned in lavender-gray, ice-blue, and olive hues that effectively conceal minor, grade-limiting contact marks. The quality for the grade is terrific. Population: 57 in 64 (1 in 64+), 24 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27TR, PCGS# 6418

1864 Seated Half, PR65
Colorfully Toned, Strong Contrast



- 4406 1864 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** Aside from the few coins that were numismatically preserved, 1864 halves are very scarce and underrated in both business strike and proof formats. Collectors preferred proofs, yet only 470 pieces were struck in 1864 when all silver coinage was hoarded and disappeared from circulation as soon as it was minted. This exceptional Gem proof was well-preserved and survives with multicolor surfaces that gleam with lavender, blue, mint-green, gold, and pale-rose shades. The raised motifs are sharply struck and frosted with undesignated cameo contrast, surrounded by glassy-mirrored and colorfully toned fields. Population: 17 in 65, 7 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 5 finer (10/16).
From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 27TR, PCGS# 6418

1868 Half Dollar, PR66+ Cameo
Beautiful Multicolor Toning



- 4407 1868 PR66+ Cameo NGC.** Cameo examples of this better proof issue are scarce in all grades, but those grading PR66 or finer are decidedly rare. This Plus-designated piece showcases full detail and deeply reflective fields. Appreciable field-motif contrast emerges from beneath beautiful gold, sea-green, blue, rose, and violet toning. Census: 7 in 66 Cameo (2 in 66+, 3 in 66 ★, 2 in 66+★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27U3, PCGS# 86426

1870 Seated Half Dollar, Sharp PR65
Lightly Toned, Attractive Surfaces



- 4408 1870 PR65 PCGS.** Pale iridescence covers the mirrored obverse in shades of light blue, gold, green, and pale-yellow. The reverse displays orange-gold border toning around a silver center with slate-gray accents. Diagnostic circular die lines run through the recessed areas of the shield and Liberty's gown. The strike is needle-sharp on this Gem proof, one of 1,000 pieces struck. Population: 15 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27U5, PCGS# 6428

1870 Half Dollar, PR65
Beautifully Toned



- 4409 1870 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** A plentiful proof issue that is almost never seen in Cameo grades. This Gem CAC 1870 proof half dollar is too deeply toned to deliver field-motif contrast, but the vivid sun-orange, violet, and ocean-blue toning that blankets each side is visually pleasing. The strike is bold, and the fields display reflective mirroring. Population: 15 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27U5, PCGS# 6428

1870 Half Dollar, PR65+
Popular With Motto Date



- 4410 1870 PR65+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1870 is a popular, early With Motto date that is useful for type purposes because of its abundant mintage of 1,000 proofs. However, not many were well-preserved, and today Gems are rare. This Plus-graded example displays fields that are brightly reflective with a modest amount of mint frost over the devices. A few small contact marks are scattered over each side, and the centers are generally brilliant with deep golden-rose toning around the margins. Population: 15 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 3 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2011), lot 3680. NGC ID# 27U5, PCGS# 6428

1871 Seated Half, Toned PR65



- 4411** 1871 PR65 PCGS. Sun-gold, mint-green, and lavender hues appear on the obverse of this Gem proof, while the reverse displays a uniform light golden appearance. The fields are deeply mirrored, and the strike is complete in all areas. Eye appeal is excellent for the grade. Population: 15 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27U6, PCGS# 6429

1871 Seated Half, PR64 Ultra Cameo
Sharp and Well-Preserved



- 4412** 1871 PR64 Ultra Cameo NGC. Light patina fails to impede the blatant contrast between deeply mirrored fields and lighter-colored, nicely frosted devices on this attractive near-Gem proof Seated half. The strike is expectedly sharp on all details, but the grade may be held back a bit by two small dark flecks with milky-white islands surrounding them, both in the obverse fields and not at all overt (and scarcely seen without magnification). Census: 1 in 64 Ultra Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 474T, PCGS# 96429

1873 No Arrows Half Dollar, PR67
Top Example at PCGS, NGC, and CAC



- 4413** 1873 No Arrows PR67 PCGS. CAC. The Mint struck 600 proof Seated half dollars prior to a change in the weight standard that resulted in the addition of arrows on each side of the date on April 1, 1873. All proofs were struck with a Closed 3. As might be expected, specimens are extremely rare at this grade level. PCGS reports five PR67 submissions, including one in MS67+. Additionally, there is a single PR67 Cameo coin at that service. As of (11/16), no specimens have achieved a PR68 assessment from either of the major grading firms, placing this Superb Gem among the finest survivors. Cobalt-blue, violet-gray, and gold meld over the entirety of each side, shrouding seemingly pristine surfaces. Flashy fields beneath the toning provide an added degree of appeal. CAC: 2 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27U8, PCGS# 6431

1874 Arrows Half Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Challenging Type in Proof Format



4414 1874 Arrows PR65 Cameo PCGS. As it had in 1853 through 1855, the Mint made a slight modification to the half dollar design starting in 1873, adding arrows flanking the date to signify what was effectively an indiscernible increase in weight. The arrows design was used for two years, ending in 1874. Merely 1,500 proofs were struck over the two-year period (700 specimens in 1874). All of the proof 1874 half dollars feature small arrowheads, a rare occurrence for circulation strikes but the norm for proofs. This high-end Gem Cameo example enjoys mirrored fields and sharp, frosted raised elements. Faint golden toning is deepest at the rims. Population: 5 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UV, PCGS# 86435

1878 Half Dollar, PR65
Richly Toned, Deeply Reflective



4415 1878 PR65 PCGS. This boldly struck, reflective Choice proof half dollar displays vivid multicolor toning in concentric shades of mint-gold, blue, lavender, and sun-orange. The obverse displays stark cameo contrast even through the patina, the reverse less so. A good coin for type purposes with 800 proofs minted. Population: 16 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UD, PCGS# 6439

1878 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Splendid Array of Colors



4416 1878 PR66 Cameo PCGS. WB-101. According to Breen, 820 proof Seated halves were coined during the first quarter of 1878. A total of 600 sets were delivered during that quarter, and another 200 sets in the second quarter. The remaining 20 proofs were apparently still on hand in January 1879, but Breen explains: "These all seem to have been sold during that year, none recorded as melted." The 2017 *Guide Book* and the Wiley-Bugert reference each cite a production of 800 half dollar proofs in 1878. Either way, survivors of similar quality are very rare.

The color palette on this amazing Premium Gem Cameo proof runs the gamut from shades of orange, yellow, blue, and green to rose, lavender, and violet. A rich coating of frost covers mostly brilliant central motifs on each side, generating the noted cameo contrast. A loupe reveals tiny flecks scattered throughout, though none of them are distracting. Population: 7 in 66 (2 in 66+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UD, PCGS# 86439

4417 1879 PR64 Cameo PCGS. WB-101. Type One Reverse with an open bud above the H in HALF. A sharply struck Choice proof half dollar. Peach-gold fields separate sea-green borders from pearl-gray motifs. Nearly a No Drapery example, with only a fragment of cloth below Liberty's raised elbow. Population: 21 in 64 (1 in 64+) Cameo, 23 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27UE, PCGS# 86440

1881 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Delightfully Toned



4418 1881 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The obverse of this Premium Gem Cameo proof displays pleasing field-device contrast with largely light golden color; amber, lavender, and blue toning appears along the margins. The reverse has more traditional yellow-gold, mint-green, and lavender-gray coloration. The 1881 proof is scarce this fine in the Cameo category. Population: 8 in 66 Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UG, PCGS# 86442

4419 1882 PR64 NGC. CAC. WB-102. Misplaced digits lurk within the dentils below the date. This impressive specimen displays obvious white-on-black cameo contrast, but its pre-hologram holder precedes the extension of the Cameo designation to the Seated half series. The borders offer golden-brown, ruby-red, and blue-green patina. NGC ID# 27UH, PCGS# 6443

**1882 Half Dollar, Toned PR66
Low Total-Mintage Date**



- 4420 1882 PR66 PCGS. WB-102.** The tops of two stray 8s are visible in the dentils beneath the left side of the 88 in the date. It is believed that WB-102 is a proof-only variety, although further examination of Mint State coins is necessary. This amazing proof has fully mirrored fields and frosty devices beneath delicate mauve, cobalt, emerald, and gold toning. Population: 21 in 66, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2005), lot 7226; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 2784; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 3530; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 788; Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2009), lot 756. NGC ID# 27UH, PCGS# 6443

- 4421 1883 PR64 NGC. CAC.** The pre-hologram holder is the only reason why the present coin lacks a Cameo designation. Both the eagle and seated Liberty display prominent frost. The glassy fields are undisturbed. The margins offer lovely autumn-brown and navy-blue patina. NGC ID# 27UJ, PCGS# 6444

- 4422 1883 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** This starkly contrasted Choice proof delivers a flash of vivid mint-green, electric-blue, violet, and amber-gold toning on the obverse when tilted beneath a light. The reverse shows blue and lavender in the upper-right quadrant with pale champagne color elsewhere. The surfaces are undeniably original, and a small tick next to star four is the only mentionable surface flaw. Population: 39 in 64 Cameo, 27 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 27UJ, PCGS# 86444

**1884 Seated Half, PR66+ Cameo
Gleaming Late-Series Proof**



- 4423 1884 PR66+ Cameo PCGS.** Peripheral shades of azure-blue, amber-gold, and magenta frame the frost-white central elements of this attractive Premium Gem Cameo proof. A few delicate lines are visible with a glass, but there are no real problems across the deeply mirrored fields, and the strike is sharp for the issue. PCGS has certified just two numerically finer proofs. Population: 19 in 66 (2 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UK, PCGS# 86445

**1885 Half Dollar, Richly Toned PR66
Ex: Phil Kaufman**



- 4424 1885 PR66 NGC.** *Ex: P. Kaufman.* A mere 5,200 business strike half dollars emerged from the presses of the Philadelphia Mint in 1885. The desirability of that issue has successfully transferred to the proof 1885, with survivors of the 930-piece mintage in constant demand. The present Premium Gem is richly toned in cobalt-blue peripheral shadings and copper-gray central patination. The outward dominance of this toning scheme does nothing to inhibit one's appreciation of the golden-blue undertones and reflective proof qualities. Census: 21 in 66 (1 in 66★), 9 finer (11/16).
Ex: Philip Kaufman Collection (Heritage, 9/2002), lot 6878; National Money Show Signature (Heritage, 3/2003), lot 5962; ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 584. NGC ID# 27UL, PCGS# 6446

**1885 Half Dollar, Toned PR66+
Elusive This Fine**



- 4425 1885 PR66+ PCGS.** Collectors seeking a high-end example of the 1885 proof half dollar will encounter a challenge. This Plus-graded Premium Gem is conditionally rare, and finer pieces are exceedingly so. The strike is a trifle soft on Liberty's temple and the two adjacent stars, but the remaining design elements are sharp. This glimmering proof displays uniform lavender-gray and aquamarine toning. Population: 19 in 66 (5 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UL, PCGS# 6446

**1886 Half Dollar, PR66
Blue, Pink, and Gold Patina**



- 4426 1886 PR66 PCGS.** In one of those curious numismatic coincidences, the proof mintage of the 1886 Seated half is recorded as 886 pieces. This clearly original example boasts gorgeous patina and super eye appeal, with electric blue encircling the rim and ceding to pink and gold hues at the centers on both sides. The strike is uniformly sharp throughout, and as expected for the grade, there are no distractions of any kind. Population: 15 in 66, 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 656. NGC ID# 27UM, PCGS# 6447

1888 Half Dollar, PR65
Low-Mintage Late Date in the Series



- 4427 1888 PR65 PCGS.** Struck during the decade that saw remarkably low mintages for Seated halves, the lack of high-grade business strikes results in a “coattails effect” that influences demand for Gem or finer proofs to this day. Only 832 proof halves were produced. This example is lightly and attractively toned in blue and powder-gray shades on the obverse with powerful mirrors in the fields. The reverse is less extensively toned in pale-champagne hues. The motifs are sharply defined and frosty throughout — strongly contrasted on the reverse, but less-so on the obverse. Population: 16 in 65, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UP, PCGS# 6449

1888 Seated Half, Needle-Sharp PR66



- 4428 1888 PR66 NGC.** Light, even patina covers both sides of this lovely Premium Gem proof 1888 Seated half, which further exhibits a needle-sharp strike and excellent preservation throughout. The PR66 grade level is the highest in which examples can be located with any regularity. Only 832 proofs accompanied the circulation-strike mintage of 12,001 pieces. Census: 12 in 66, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UP, PCGS# 6449

- 4429 1891 PR64 NGC.** This final-year example is deeply toned and full of eye-appeal. The obverse is iridescent gold and mint-green at the center with deeper red and blue colors at the rims. The reverse is much lighter with a thin ring of antique-gold at the border. The proof qualities illuminate the profusion of colors, and the sharply struck devices are evident at all angles.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2003), lot 7119. NGC ID# 27UT, PCGS# 6452

BARBER HALF DOLLARS

- 4430 1892 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** A frosty, well-struck 1892 Barber half dollar, possibly among the coins deliberately set aside as a first-year-of-issue keepsake in 1892. Neither side exhibits significant abrasions, and the interiors show only light golden toning. The borders display deep amber and aquamarine color. NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461

1892 Half Dollar, MS66+
Frosty, High-End Type Coin



- 4431 1892 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1892 Barber half dollar was well-saved as a first-year issue, but its availability declines sharply above the MS65 grade level, and it is genuinely rare finer than MS66. This Plus-graded example boasts thickly frosted luster beneath a veil of iridescent lavender-gray and pale gold toning, with deeper olive-green colors also seen around the obverse peripheries. The strike is bold and there are no noticeable abrasions. Population: 52 in 66 (5 in 66+), 13 finer. CAC: 22 in 66, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461

- 4432 1892-O MS63 PCGS.** Splashes of copper-orange appear intermittently, but each side is overwhelmingly antique-gold and olive-green in tone. The fletchings and tailfeathers are strongly defined, as are the upper obverse stars and forecurls. The rich patina effectively conceals minor marks. NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462

- 4433 1892-O MS64 PCGS.** A Choice branch mint specimen from the first year of the Barber design, this coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The lightly marked surfaces show a few hints of toning at the peripheries, with outstanding eye appeal. Population: 43 in 64 (2 in 64+), 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462

1892-O Micro O Half Dollar
Good 4, FS-501



- 4434 1892-O Micro O, FS-501, Good 4 PCGS.** The rare Micro O 1892-O half dollar has a grade distribution pattern similar to the Barber series as a whole. That is, the variety is usually either well circulated or Mint State. PCGS has certified a total of 61 examples, and half of those (31) are graded between Fair 2 and Good 4 (11/16). The present caramel-gold and stone-gray representative has a bold date and motto. The all-important mintmark is nicely defined. The reverse peripheral legends are readable although faded near 4 and 11 o'clock. PCGS# 391216 Base PCGS# 6463

**1892-S Half Dollar, MS65
Green Label Holder**



- 4435 1892-S MS65 PCGS.** In Very Good and lower grades, the 1892-S is the key date of the series, if varieties such as the 1892-O Micro O are excluded. A number were nonetheless saved in AU and Uncirculated grades, perhaps set aside as a new design during the first year of the Barber series. Gems are unquestionably rare. This high grade example has a sharp strike and light almond-gold toning. The reverse appears pristine, and the obverse shows only minor imperfections. Certified in a green label holder. Population: 25 in 65 (8 in 65+), 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24LJ, PCGS# 6464

**1892-S Half Dollar, MS65+
Attractive Original Toning**



- 4436 1892-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** While the 1892 Barber half dollar is readily available in high grade due to hoarding at the time of issue, the San Francisco issue from this year is more in line with the rest of the series, being rare in MS65 and extremely rare any finer. This Plus-graded example displays full design definition and frosty original luster. Mottled amber-gold and lavender toning embraces each side. Population: 25 in 65 (8 in 65+), 4 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LJ, PCGS# 6464

**1893 Barber Half Dollar, Colorful MS66
Only Two Coins Numerically Certified Finer**



- 4437 1893 MS66 PCGS. Ex: Shireman.** Although the second-year 1893 was saved to a far lesser extent than its Philadelphia predecessor, examples are still somewhat available in MS65 and MS66. The pursuit of one of two finer Superb Gems will require patience, resources, and an understanding that such an offering may not present itself for many years to come. Marvelous violet, blue, and orange tones combine over wonderfully preserved surfaces with vibrant luster that percolates through the patina. Razor-sharp detail and equally strong aesthetic appeal. Population: 13 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LK, PCGS# 6465

1893-O Half Dollar, Glistening MS64



- 4438 1893-O MS64 PCGS. CAC.** A primarily brilliant example with hints of soft-gray patina confirming the originality of this Choice half dollar. The obverse strike is well-impressed for this early New Orleans issue, although some blending on the eagle from the neck to the arrow fletchings is noted. Eye appeal is terrific for the near-Gem grade, as confirmed by the CAC endorsement. Population: 42 in 64 (1 in 64+), 9 finer. CAC: 6 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LL, PCGS# 6466

**1894 Half Dollar, MS65+
Outstanding Surface Quality**



- 4439 1894 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** A collectible date in Uncirculated condition but seldom seen at the Gem level. This softly frosted 1894 Barber half dollar is boldly struck and well-preserved, showing olive-green and golden toning. Liberty's cheek is particularly clean, and a few stray lines that limit the grade are hidden beneath the patina. Population: 27 in 65 (2 in 65+), 15 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LN, PCGS# 6468

**1894-O Half Dollar, MS65
Prooflike Fields**



- 4440 1894-O MS65 PCGS Secure.** Like many other branch mint issues in the series, the 1894-O Barber half dollar becomes a condition rarity in MS65 and is exceedingly rare any finer. This remarkable coin displays prooflike fields that produce subtle cameo contrast with a hint of light champagne color. Close study with a loupe fails to reveal any noteworthy abrasions. The strike is weak, as usual on this New Orleans issue, showing incompleteness on the right-hand obverse stars as well as the eagle's right (facing) shoulder and talons, and the associated shield corner and fletchings. Population: 9 in 65, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LP, PCGS# 6469

4441 1894-S MS64 PCGS. Only the fletchings on the reverse lack bold definition on this Choice 1894-S Barber half dollar. The devices are satiny, and the fields exhibit semiprooflike mirroring. Warm golden toning appears over each side. The 1894-S is rarely available finer. Population: 40 in 64 (1 in 64+), 12 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24LR, PCGS# 6470

4442 1895-O MS64 PCGS. Intermixed shades of gunmetal-blue and olive-green patina provide color to this Choice New Orleans half dollar, one of 1.7 million coins struck. The stars are fully raised, and incredibly the right shield-wing juncture and tailfeathers show complete definition. The 1895-O is very scarce in Uncirculated condition. Near-Gems are rare. Population: 21 in 64 (1 in 64+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LT, PCGS# 6472

**1895-O Half Dollar, MS64+
Few Seen Finer**



4443 1895-O MS64+ PCGS. Gem or finer examples of the 1895-O Barber half are rarely offered, making this Plus-designated near-Gem highly appealing to the budget-conscious collector. The strike is sharp everywhere except on the eagle's right (facing) talons and the fletchings. Frosty luster illuminates russet, olive, and champagne toning on each side. A few small marks below Liberty's eye define the grade. Population: 21 in 64 (1 in 64+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LT, PCGS# 6472

4444 1896-O XF40 PCGS. The 1896-O is a better date in all grades. This XF coin displays bold detail with smooth, lightly worn surfaces. Pale lavender-gray patina yields bluish tints in the fields. Higher-grade examples are scarce, and Mint State representatives are decidedly rare. Population: 24 in 40, 65 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 24LW, PCGS# 6475

4445 1896-O AU50 PCGS. The 1896-O is a slightly better date in all grades but becomes significantly scarce in AU and Mint State. This example displays a bold strike and uniform olive-gray patina. Hints of luster remain in the protected regions of the fields. Population: 8 in 50, 43 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LW, PCGS# 6475

4446 1896-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. The tab-toned obverse exhibits a crescent russet and crimson patina over much of that side, along with a window of brilliance near the upper border. Similar hues cling to the margins on the reverse, leaving the centers frosty and untuned. This near-Mint half is fully struck. Population: 8 in 58 (1 in 58+), 57 finer. CAC: 3 in 58, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LX, PCGS# 6476

**1896-S Half Dollar, Appealing MS64
Above-Average Strike and Minimally Marked**



4447 1896-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. Striking problems and excessive bagmarks plague the typical 1896-S Barber half dollar, accounting for its scarcity in the better grades of Mint State. The current near-Gem fares much better in the above attributes. The design elements are sharply struck save for the usual touch of softness on the upper-right shield corner. Moreover, both sides reveal significantly fewer mentionable marks for the issue, or for that matter, for the designated grade. Lustrous surfaces display just the slightest hint of light gold-tan color. All in all, this coin exhibits above-average eye appeal, appropriately recognized by CAC. Population: 24 in 64 (1 in 64+), 15 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24LX, PCGS# 6476

**1898 Half Dollar, MS66+
Lustrous, Richly Toned**



4448 1898 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Tied with four others at the MS66+ level for the second finest PCGS has certified. This stunning Premium Gem has satiny silver luster beneath rich gray-gold and iridescent toning with virtually flawless surfaces and a bold strike that imparted full design definition. The collector who seeks Gem or finer PCGS certified Barber half dollars will find this issue quite challenging, with only 32 submissions certified in the MS65 to MS67 grade range. NGC ID# 24M3, PCGS# 6480

4449 1898-O AU55 PCGS. The 1898-O is a better date in the Barber half dollar series with a relatively low mintage of 874,000 coins. Mint State examples are truly rare. Faint traces of gold around the borders accent totally brilliant, partly lustrous surfaces that show wispy abrasions on each side. Razor-sharp obverse. Population: 7 in 55, 69 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24M4, PCGS# 6481

**1898-S Half Dollar, MS65
California Condition Rarity**



- 4450 1898-S MS65 PCGS.** The 1898-S Barber half dollar is an elusive, underrated issue, despite its substantial mintage of 2.3 million pieces. A number of coins were sent to the Philippines after the U.S. acquired the islands in the Spanish-American War. This attractive Gem is sharply detailed in most areas, but the eagle's claw and shield point show a touch of the often-seen softness. The well-preserved, lustrous surfaces are enhanced by shades of lavender-gray and greenish-gold toning. Population: 10 in 65 (1 in 65+), 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24M5, PCGS# 6482

**1899-S Half Dollar, MS65
Heavily Exported Issue**



- 4451 1899-S MS65 PCGS.** The 1899-S half dollar is much scarcer than its mintage of 1.6 million pieces might indicate. Many half dollars were shipped from San Francisco Mint to the Philippines after the United States took possession of the islands after the Spanish-American War the previous year. This is a remarkably smooth example that exhibits even steel-gray and light blue toning across each side and bright underlying mint luster. Population: 18 in 65 (1 in 65+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24M8, PCGS# 6485

1900 Barber Half, Moderately Toned MS66+



- 4452 1900 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Moderate olive-gold patina complements top-notch preservation and a strike that many a proof coin could envy on this superlative Premium Gem 1900 Barber half. Intense luster proceeds from beneath the patina despite its intensity. One wonders if the CAC powers that be contemplated a gold sticker for this piece. Population: 19 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24M9, PCGS# 6486

**1900-S Half Dollar, MS66
Ex: Friend, Only Two Finer Coins Known**



- 4453 1900-S MS66 PCGS. Ex: Friend.** David Akers describes the 1900-S as "one of the unheralded rarities of the Barber half dollar series." Our experience is similar, with few top quality pieces appearing in past auction sales. In more than two decades, we have only offered 13 pieces graded better than MS65, including eight MS66 and five MS67; four of these Superb Gem appearances were by the same coin, the Eliasberg specimen, while the fifth was an offering of the fabulous Price coin. Three of our previous MS66 offerings are earlier appearances of the Friend coin. This piece is finer than the Pryor coin and nearly as magnificent as the outstanding Price and Eliasberg Superb Gems.

This piece is struck from different dies than the Price coin, though with a nearly identical die crack across the base of the neck truncation. The mintmark is in a different position, centered beneath the tail feathers. On the Price coin, the mintmark is right of center and canted to the right. Subtle splashes of champagne and deeper gold toning accompany delightful chestnut-brown surfaces on this sharply defined 1900-S half dollar. Population: 4 in 66, 1 finer (11/16).

Ex: Dennis Nagy; *The Dale Friend #2 All-Time PCGS Registry Set of Barber Half Dollars / FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 3886; *Greensboro Collection, Part VI / New York Signature* (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 3290; *Sunday Internet Coin Auction* (Heritage, 1-2/2016), lot 21070. NGC ID# 57PC, PCGS# 6488

1904-S Half Dollar, XF40
Excellent Color and Detail



- 4454 1904-S XF40 PCGS.** Light, even wear defines the grade, while each side of this 1904-S Barber half dollar displays original olive-gray toning that deepens around the borders. The surfaces are smooth and problem-free. The 1904-S is a better date in the series, elusive in the upper circulated grades. NGC ID# 24MP, PCGS# 6500

1904-S Half Dollar, Toned AU58
Key Issue to the Series



- 4455 1904-S AU58 PCGS.** Only a trace of high point rub and a few light marks keep this glossy and still-lustrous 1904-S from a full Mint State designation. The surfaces display golden-gray toning with dappled multicolor accents along with much underlying brightness. The obverse has some faint roller marks and a few light abrasions, most of which are only visible with magnification. Otherwise, there are no post-striking defects worthy of mention.

The 1904-S is a widely recognized key to the Barber half series, and one that is generally not available in mint condition. Its key status makes it of primary interest to date-and-mintmark collectors. As such, this example should garner a great deal of interest when it crosses the block. Population: 11 in 58, 37 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24MP, PCGS# 6500

1905 Barber Half Dollar, MS66
Seldom Available This Fine



- 4456 1905 MS66 PCGS.** Frosty silver luster radiates boldly from both sides of this sharply struck and attractive Premium Gem 1905 half. Rare any finer, the coin displays traces of golden toning at the margins with a blush of pale-gold on Liberty's cheek. Nearly full details on the central elements adds to the visual and technical merit of the piece. The 1905 is a low-mintage issue in the series (fifth-lowest, to be exact) — an often undervalued Philadelphia date among Barber halves. Population: 10 in 66 (2 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28PX, PCGS# 6501

1905-S Barber Half Dollar, MS65
Underrated Condition Rarity



- 4457 1905-S MS65 PCGS Secure.** Ex: Shireman. The issue's mintage of almost 2.5 million coins perpetuates the idea that the 1905-S is available through MS65 and beyond, but that is far from true. In reality, examples are very rare at the Gem grade level with 12 submissions split evenly between PCGS and NGC. There are six higher grading events at the former service, and a single coin finer at the latter (11/16). Daubs of pale gold patina accent the otherwise brilliant surfaces of this frosty S-mint Gem. The issue's strong strike is on display here, though the right talon is incomplete. Trivial marks on the portrait and headband define the grade.

Ex: Harry Laibstain (5/28/1999); Dr. Peter and Janice Shireman Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 4129. NGC ID# 24MT, PCGS# 6503

- 4458 1906 MS65 NGC.** A mintage approaching 2.7 coins might suggest otherwise, but the 1906 is rarely seen at the Gem grade level. Each side is sharply struck, including the stars, fletchings, and the right shield corner. Specks of crimson patina cover the mostly brilliant obverse. The reverse features an area of golden-russet color near the right border. Census: 18 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24MU, PCGS# 6504

- 4459 1907-D MS66 PCGS.** The 1907-D is rarely offered in Premium Gem or finer condition. This colorfully toned example displays sun-gold, lavender, and ocean-blue over each side. Some strike weakness appears on the eagle's right (facing) talons and shoulder, as usual. Population: 13 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24MZ, PCGS# 6509

1907-D Half Dollar, Fully Struck MS66



4460 1907-D MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 3.8 million-coin mintage might easily mislead one to conclude that the 1907-D half dollar is available in high grades. However, it is very rare in MS66 and extremely rare any finer. Tan-gold and powder-blue patina covers each side. Fully struck devices. Housed in a green label holder with a green CAC approval sticker. Population: 13 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24MZ, PCGS# 6509

4461 1907-O MS65 PCGS. Satiny mint luster gives this Gem 1907-O Barber half dollar pleasing eye appeal, while each side displays a hint of light golden toning. Slight weakness appears on the upper-right shield corner, although the strike is sharp elsewhere. The 1907-O is scarce this fine and rare any finer. Population: 15 in 65 (2 in 65+), 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24N2, PCGS# 6510

1907-O Half Dollar, Colorful MS66
Incredible Near-Full Strike



4462 1907-O MS66 PCGS. The 1907-O is regarded as a major strike rarity in the series, often considered the worst-struck among all Barber halves. This Premium Gem is a glaring exception with complete definition on the stars, tailfeathers, fletchings, and claws. Even the right shield corner is strongly impressed. Softly frosted luster percolates through delightful, original patina in shades of green, blue, gold, and violet. A couple of tiny flecks occur in the lower-right obverse field. Population: 7 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24N2, PCGS# 6510

1907-S Barber Half, MS65
Attractive Uniform Toning



4463 1907-S MS65 PCGS. The 1.25 million pieces struck for this San Francisco half dollar issue went from the Granite Lady out into an earthquake-devastated city. Little thought was given to saving examples for the future, and the vast majority of the issue went straight into commerce. High-end survivors such as this satiny Gem are rare and treasured exceptions to the rule of heavily circulated examples. With its pleasing design definition and rich rose, orange, green, blue, and violet patina, this carefully preserved coin is a winner in every respect. Population: 9 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 5582. NGC ID# 24N3, PCGS# 6511

1908 Barber Half Dollar, Brilliant MS66
Ex: Thaine Price



4464 1908 MS66 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Price. A stellar coin for the grade, this Premium Gem shows thick mint luster and blazing white surfaces. The surfaces are fairly well struck on both sides, although the usual minor weakness appears on the upper-right shield and arrow feathers. This coin is identifiable by a tiny milling mark on the left middle of the O in DOLLAR and a trivial scuff in the field below the US of PLURIBUS. A delicate die crack from star 13 through the bust tip nearly reaches the 8. The reverse die is perfect. Dr. Thaine Price, whose collection was sold by David Akers in May 1998, formed an exceptional set of Barber half dollars, nearly equal to the Eugene Gardner set of Barber halves. Ex: Dr. Thaine B. Price Collection (David Akers, 5/1998), lot 174; FUN Signature Sale (Heritage, 1/2005), lot 4249; purchased from Harry Laibstain (10/2007); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98560. NGC ID# 24N4, PCGS# 6512

1908-O Barber Half Dollar, MS67
Vivid Multicolor Toning



4465 1908-O MS67 PCGS. From a substantial mintage of 5.3 million pieces, the 1908-O Barber quarter is an available issue in lower Mint State grades, making it a favorite choice of branch mint type collectors. Few survivors can match the high technical quality and tremendous eye appeal of the present coin, however. Vivid shades of golden-brown, slate-gray, and magenta toning blanket the impeccably preserved surfaces of this spectacular Superb Gem. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout and vibrant mint luster shines through the patina. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 15 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24N6, PCGS# 6514

1908-O Half Dollar, MS67
Great Visual Appeal



4466 1908-O MS67 PCGS. CAC. Though the New Orleans Mint was nearing closure after the turn of the 20th century, it put out one last solid issuance of half dollars in 1908 (more than 5.3 million pieces), before production dipped below a million coins in its last obscure year. The 1908-O halves are available with some regularity in lesser Mint State grades, but PCGS has graded just 15 pieces as MS67 and one finer (11/16). This richly patinated example is one of those exceptional coins, toned rose-violet and blue through the fields with softly frosted, golden-gray interiors. Well-defined and smooth with great all-around visual appeal. NGC ID# 24N6, PCGS# 6514

1908-S Half Dollar, MS66
Underrated Rarity in This Grade



- 4467 1908-S MS66 PCGS.** Dappled tan-gold patina with traces of lilac-gray colors this conditionally rare Premium Gem Barber half dollar. The strike is incomplete over the centers, but the stars, fletchings, and tailfeathers are well-detailed. The 1908-S is underrated in the upper reaches of Mint State. Gems are rare and Premium Gems extremely so. This piece deserves a place in the finest of sets. Population: 5 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24N7, PCGS# 6515

1909-S Half Dollar, Sunset-Orange MS67
The Sole Finest at NGC



- 4468 1909-S MS67 NGC.** This high-end coin is sharply struck and shows not even a single distracting abrasion. Slightly variegated orange-gold surfaces feature abundant luster in the fields. Like virtually all S-mint Barber half dollars, this issue is scarce not only in Gem condition, but across the board in Mint State. Produced in respectable numbers (1.7 million pieces), the 1909-S was apparently not widely saved at the time of issue. The present coin is the single finest seen at NGC (9/16). NGC ID# 24NA, PCGS# 6518 Base PCGS# 6518

1910 Half Dollar, MS65
Better Philadelphia Issue



- 4469 1910 MS65 PCGS.** The 1910 Barber half dollar is scarce in MS65 and rarely seen finer. This piece offers a bold strike and frosty luster with a hint of light champagne toning. A few minuscule ticks determine the grade. Barber half dollars, even the high-mintage dates, were seldom preserved in high grade. The 1910, with a limited 418,000-coin production, is even scarcer than some other issues in Gem condition. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 23 in 65 (3 in 65+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NB, PCGS# 6519

1910-S Barber Half, Toned MS65



- 4470 1910-S MS65 PCGS.** Surviving Mint State 1910-S half dollars are dispersed throughout many grades, but those in Gem or better condition are scarcely seen. The present coin displays frosty mint luster beneath gold, olive-green, and lavender-gray toning. The eagle's right (facing) talons and the fletchings show the only mentionable strike weakness. There are no significant abrasions. Population: 10 in 65, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NC, PCGS# 6520

1911 Half Dollar, MS66
Fully Struck



- 4471 1911 MS66 PCGS.** Ex: Shireman. The 1911 Barber half is among the better-produced issues in the series. All of the star centers are full on the obverse of this Premium Gem, the hairline shows full separation along its whole length, and most of the leaves on Liberty's headdress are well brought-up. A touch of light iridescent color appears near the obverse rim. The reverse shows a similar color palette, and ample luster prevails throughout. Even the usual upper-right shield area and the eagle's right (facing) claw are bold, a phenomenon seldom seen. Population: 14 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: Dr. Peter and Janice Shireman Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 4145. NGC ID# 24ND, PCGS# 6521

1911-D Half Dollar, MS66
Delicately Toned and Frosty



- 4472 1911-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Ex: Shireman. The recently released 20th volume in the *Guide Book* series, *A Guide Book of Barber Silver Coins* (2015), comments: "At the gem level, this is one of the key Barber half dollars of the 20th century." Golden-gray tones embrace each side with occasional gunmetal elements that add to the visual appeal. The right shield corner is fully defined, as are the stars and hair strands. A incredible example with radiant mint luster. Population: 10 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). Ex: Joseph O'Connor (10/28/2003); Dr. Peter and Janice Shireman Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 4146. NGC ID# 24NE, PCGS# 6522

- 4473 1912-D MS65 NGC.** The nearly color-free and radiantly lustrous surfaces of this Gem half dollar display well-struck devices with the usual softness on the upper-right shield corner and the arrow feathers. From a mintage of 2.3 million coins, the 1912-D is seldom offered this nice. Census: 30 in 65, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NH, PCGS# 6525

**1913 Half Dollar, MS64
Better Date, Lightly Toned**



- 4474 1913 MS64 PCGS.** This better Philadelphia issue boasts a small mintage of 188,000 pieces — only the 1914 and 1915 issues have lower production totals. Gems are rare, but this Choice example remains within the grasp of most series enthusiasts. The fletchings and the upper-right shield corner on the reverse are slightly weak, but the obverse is better struck. Softly frosted luster illuminates golden and russet toning on each side. A small reed mark behind Liberty's eye is the only notable abrasion. Population: 28 in 64, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NK, PCGS# 6527

**1913 Barber Half Dollar, MS64
Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue**



- 4475 1913 MS64 PCGS.** The 1913, 1914, and 1915 Barber halves comprise a trio of scarce Philadelphia issues to cap off the series, each with a mintage of less than 200,000 pieces. Of the three, the 1913 shows the largest mintage at 188,000 pieces, yet it is equally as challenging as the other two dates in near-Mint and finer conditions. This is a frosty example with great mint luster on both sides. Pale ivory-gold patina joins a bold strike with only minor incompleteness at the right (facing) side of the eagle. Population: 28 in 64, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NK, PCGS# 6527

**1913 Barber Half Dollar, MS65
Key Philadelphia Issue**



- 4476 1913 MS65 PCGS.** Like the 1910, 1914, and 1915 half dollars, the 1913 is a key-date in the Barber series, from a low mintage of only 188,000 coins. Although a single point below the Hugon coin, Dale Friend's 1913 half dollar is equal to the Price coin and finer than the Pryor coin. Eliasberg had a proof.

The Gem Dale Friend coin is brilliant and lustrous with frosty silver surfaces and only a trace of pale gold toning on each side. It is a bold strike with weakness right of the shield and at the arrow feathers, usual locations of weakness on nearly every Barber half dollar. Population: 15 in 65, 6 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend #2 All-Time PCGS Registry Set of Barber Half Dollars / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 2964. NGC ID# 24NK, PCGS# 6527

- 4477 1914 AU58 PCGS.** Always in demand for its low mintage, the 1914 is a key date in the late Barber series. This example retains most of its mint luster with spotty almond-gold toning surrounding most of the raised elements. Sharply struck with only slight merging at the upper right shield corner. Two tiny ticks below the eye and a shallow abrasion beneath the jawline are noted. Population: 21 in 58 (1 in 58+), 138 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24NN, PCGS# 6530

**1914-S Half Dollar, Strong MS65
Old Green Holder, CAC Approval
From the Norweb Collection**



- 4478 1914-S MS65 PCGS. CAC.** The 1914-S (nearly 1 million coins struck) is more accessible than the low-mintage 1914. It is often the target of collectors assembling a date set of Barber half dollars. The issue becomes conditionally challenging at this high grade level, and only a handful of Premium Gems are known finer. Softly frosted and fully brilliant, this Gem offers bold design details on the stars, forecurls and tailfeathers. The right shield-wing juncture is well-defined. Eye appeal is tremendous. Encapsulated in a first generation holder with CAC approval. Population: 17 in 65 (2 in 65+), 9 finer. CAC: 8 in 65, 9 finer (10/16).
Ex: Norweb Collection (Bowers and Merena, 11/1988), lot 3663. NGC ID# 24NP, PCGS# 6531

**1915 Barber Half Dollar, MS65
Final Year of Design**



- 4479 1915 MS65 PCGS.** The Barber half dollar design was retired after 1915, in favor of the Walking Liberty motif. A small mintage of 138,000 coins was struck at the Philadelphia Mint that year, making the issue an elusive series key. This attractive MS65 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of the usual softness on the shield point. The well-preserved surfaces show dusky shades of golden-brown and lavender-gray toning, with satiny mint luster underneath. Population: 17 in 65 (2 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NR, PCGS# 6532

**1915-D Half Dollar, Lightly Toned MS66+
Perfect Type Coin**



- 4480 1915-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Ex: Shireman.** The 1915-D Barber half dollar has one of the highest Mint State survival rates among all series issues, making it a go-to coin for type purposes. Examples at the Premium Gem level, however, are far less available than Gem pieces. This MS66+ PCGS coin offers generous luster over light gold and rose-toned surfaces. Both sides are virtually immaculate. Strike weakness shows on the right shield corner and right eagle's claw, but this piece displays top-notch eye appeal. Population: 19 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 0 finer (11/15).
Ex: Dr. Peter and Janice Shireman Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 4162. NGC ID# 24NS, PCGS# 6533

- 4481 1915-S MS65 NGC.** Deep brass-gold toning encompasses much of the obverse, while the reverse shows the same but in a significantly lighter hue. Trivial incompleteness on the eagle's right (facing) talons is the only mentionable strike deficiency. Liberty's cheek is free of distracting abrasions. Census: 44 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NT, PCGS# 6534

PROOF BARBER HALF DOLLARS

**1892 Half Dollar, PR67
Eye-Catching Inaugural-Year Type**



- 4482 1892 PR67 NGC. CAC.** Unbridled originality is the defining feature of this eye-catching Superb Gem proof from the first year of Barber half dollar production. Contrasted and untuned centers cede to splashes of violet, blue, and crimson patina near the rims. Mirrored fields are seemingly unmarked, even under close scrutiny. From a mintage of 1,245 specimens. Census: 15 in 67, 2 finer. CAC: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NU, PCGS# 6539

**1893 Half Dollar, PR66+
Original Toning, Modest Obverse Contrast**



- 4483 1893 PR66+ PCGS. CAC.** A conditionally rare Premium Gem example of this early proof Barber half dollar, showing razor-sharp, frosty design elements and deeply reflective fields. Modest cameo contrast emerges from deep toning on the obverse. This piece shows hues of sun-gold, violet, ocean-blue, and lavender-gray, with mint-green also seen in the reverse peripheries. Eye appeal and surface quality are exceptional. Population: 17 in 66 (1 in 66+), 14 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24NV, PCGS# 6540

**1894 Half Dollar, PR66+
Attractive Eye Appeal**



- 4484 1894 PR66+ NGC. CAC. Ex: Rev. Dr. James G.K. McClure.** The 1894 proof half dollar is fairly plentiful in the context of the series, but Superb Gem examples are rare. This high-end PR66 coin remains within the grasp of many collectors. The fields are deeply reflective, and the satiny motifs are well-struck. The obverse displays sun-gold toning with daubs of blue around the borders, while the reverse has mostly mint-green and lemon-gold color. Census: 26 in 66 (1 in 66+), 22 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 4 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2016), lot 4574, which realized \$3,055. NGC ID# 24NW, PCGS# 6541

**1894 Barber Half Dollar, PR67
Strong Registry Set Candidate**



- 4485 1894 PR67 PCGS.** From a fairly generous mintage of 972 specimens, this stunning Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a touch of the usual softness on the shield point. The impeccably preserved surfaces are blanketed in attractive shades of sea-green and violet toning, with deeply mirrored fields underneath. Population: 10 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NW, PCGS# 6541

**1894 Half Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Colorful Obverse Border Toning**



- 4486 1894 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** The obverse displays cobalt-blue, magenta, and golden-orange border toning around brilliant centers. The reverse is largely untuned with pale daubs of color near the peripheries. Glassy mirrors on each side account for the Cameo designation. This Gem proof has terrific eye appeal and an expectedly full strike. One of 972 Barber half dollar specimens manufactured in 1894. Population: 16 in 65 Cameo, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NW, PCGS# 86541

- 4487 1896 PR65 NGC.** This Gem proof 1896 Barber half is deeply toned in olive-gold, amber-orange, sea-green, and russet-gray hues, with deeply mirrored fields and sharp motifs. A few stray hairlines are well-hidden by the rich patina. Finer examples are occasionally seen but harder to acquire for the budget-conscious collector. Census: 34 in 65, 46 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NY, PCGS# 6543

**1896 Barber Half, PR65 Cameo
Popular Date for Type Purposes**



- 4488 1896 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** Deep multicolored patina decorates the fully struck, near-pristine surfaces of this Gem proof, in an interesting mix of variegated colors that include olive, sea-green, maroon, and sky-blue. Virtually mark-free, with profoundly reflective fields, a few wispy die polish lines (as struck) extend across the lower obverse. This issue is quite scarce at the Gem level of preservation, and with the Cameo designation. Population: 10 in 65 Cameo, 17 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 1/2004), lot 5979. NGC ID# 24NY, PCGS# 86543

**1897 Half Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Contrasted Proof Type Coin**



- 4489 1897 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** A collectible, yet well-preserved Cameo example of this available proof issue, showing pleasant contrast and light golden toning. A few stray lines in the fields are not obvious to the unaided eye. The strike is sharp save for a bit of weakness on the eagle's right (facing) wing junction. Population: 14 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24NZ, PCGS# 86544

**1897 Half Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Deeply Mirrored Fields**



- 4490 1897 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The obverse is untuned, while the reverse displays a swath of golden patina over the upper and central areas. The surfaces "fade to black" on each side when the coin is tilted slightly, the result of deep reflectivity in the fields and thick mint frost on the devices. Trivial signs of contact preclude an even finer grade. Population: 14 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 21 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 8 finer (11/16).
Ex: Beverly Hills Signature (Heritage, 11/2011), lot 3450. NGC ID# 24NZ, PCGS# 86544

1899 Half Dollar, PR67+ Cameo
Delightful Border Toning



- 4491** 1899 PR67+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. Superb Gem Cameo examples of this popular type-coin proof issue are rare. This Plus-graded, CAC-approved example displays a full strike and deeply mirrored, watery fields that produce impressive contrast. The interiors are brilliant, while the borders display lovely sun-gold and vivid blue toning. Population: 7 in 67 (4 in 67+) Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 13 in 67, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24P3, PCGS# 86546

1899 Half Dollar, PR67 Deep Cameo
Only One Deep Cameo Finer



- 4492** 1899 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Deep Cameo examples of the proof 1899 Barber half dollar are rare. NGC lists only two such pieces, neither of which grades numerically as fine as the present Superb Gem PCGS coin. This CAC-endorsed Registry coin ranks within the Condition Census of Deep Cameo examples. The strike is fully rendered on the obverse and on the reverse is lacking only on the upper-right shield corner. This piece is devoid of toning and showcases dramatic field-device contrast. Population: 6 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P3, PCGS# 96546

1900 Barber Half, PR65 Cameo
Stark Contrast



- 4493** 1900 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. This Gem proof is in the collectible, median grade level for Cameo coins, producing stark field-device contrast and excellent preservation. The design sharpness is fully brought up, and each side is brilliant save for a hint of light golden color around the extreme outer peripheries. Population: 24 in 65 (2 in 65+) Cameo, 28 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P4, PCGS# 86547

1900 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Multicolor Toning Around the Margins



- 4494** 1900 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Cobalt-blue, rose-violet, and golden-orange patina at the rims turns to brilliant centers on both sides, confirming the originality of this reflective Premium Gem Cameo half dollar. Proof production increased to 912 specimens at the turn of the century. Population: 21 in 66 (7 in 66+) Cameo, 7 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P4, PCGS# 86547

1900 Half Dollar, PR68 Ultra Cameo
Stark White-on-Black Contrast
None Graded Higher



- 4495** 1900 PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC. Proof half dollar production surged in the first year of the new century, reaching numbers unseen since 1892 and 1894. A total of 912 specimens were manufactured, many of them carefully preserved as souvenirs. Locating a high-grade example with or without Cameo contrast should be eminently achievable for most serious collectors, yet the story is entirely different when it comes to proofs with Ultra Cameo contrast. Any Ultra or Deep Cameo coin is rare, but this PR68 represents the absolute highest quality that one could obtain for the issue. NGC and PCGS each report two PR68 Ultra Cameo submissions with none finer (11/16). Breathtaking white-on-black contrast characterizes pristine, brilliant surfaces. Eye appeal is terrific. NGC ID# 24P4, PCGS# 96547

4496 1905 PR65 PCGS. Only 727 proof Barber half dollars were struck in 1905. This impressive Gem offers sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields throughout. The well-preserved brilliant surfaces add to the terrific eye appeal. Population: 44 in 65, 46 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P9, PCGS# 6552

4497 1905 PR65 PCGS. Bluish-gray surfaces of this Gem are accented with slivers of cobalt-blue and reddish-gold at the obverse rim. Fully struck design elements and well cared for surfaces round out the coin's lovely eye appeal. Population: 44 in 65, 46 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P9, PCGS# 6552

**1905 Barber Half Dollar, PR66
Only 727 Examples Struck**



4498 1905 PR66 PCGS. CAC. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply reflective fields, as expected from a proof issue. Vivid shades of sea-green, violet, and silver-gray toning enhance the outstanding eye appeal of this remarkable piece. From a nominal proof mintage of 727 pieces. Population: 30 in 66 (1 in 66+), 16 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P9, PCGS# 6552

**1905 Half Dollar, PR67
Rich Color Palette**



4499 1905 PR67 PCGS. One of the few finest survivors of this midseries Barber half entry, the present Superb Gem 1905 half dollar displays a rich palette of olive, gray, and iridescent (but pastel) aqua, lilac, and violet, along with a full proof strike even on the upper-right shield corner. Population: 15 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P9, PCGS# 6552

4500 1908 PR65 PCGS. CAC. A spectacular Gem proof from a tiny mintage of 545 pieces, this coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields on both sides. The brilliant surfaces show no mentionable distractions. Population: 30 in 65, 28 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PC, PCGS# 6555

**1909 Half Dollar, PR67
Dramatic Multicolor Toning**



4501 1909 PR67 NGC. This Superb Gem Barber half displays what appears to be original proof set toning — a dramatic combination of colors and hues that characterize a hoard of original proof sets that were released into the market shortly after certified grading gained acceptance. Glassy-mirrored surfaces exist on both sides of this example, although the mirroring is visually secondary to the vibrant obverse shades of cobalt-blue, violet, amber-gold, pumpkin-orange, and pale ivory. The reverse shows primarily pale peach-gold patina with deep-blue accents. Technical quality is superb. The strike is pinpoint sharp and there are no intervening marks or lines even under magnification. Census: 18 in 67, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PD, PCGS# 6556

**1909 Half Dollar, PR67
Beautiful Multicolor Patina**



4502 1909 PR67 PCGS. What this Superb Gem proof half dollar lacks in contrast, it makes up for in beautiful, eye-catching patina. Colorful shades include purple, lavender, gold, and blue. The fields remain flashy beneath the toning and display few marks visible to the unaided eye. Population: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PD, PCGS# 6556

**1911 Barber Half, PR65
Only 543 Pieces Struck**



4503 1911 PR65 PCGS. By 1911, the Barber design had lost favor with many collectors, numismatists, and politicians. Perhaps undermined by the excitement over the Saint-Gaudens gold issues and the Lincoln cent, the serviceable Barber Liberty Head motif hung on for another five years with declining mintages of both proofs and business strikes. Just 543 proofs were struck in 1911. This Gem survivor is nicely mirrored beneath thin olive-gray patina, with the reverse less toned than the obverse. A sharply struck proof, scarce in PR65 or finer. Population: 32 in 65, 26 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PF, PCGS# 6558

4504 1914 PR64 PCGS. This sought-after date has the lowest mintages in both proof and circulation strike format within the entire Barber half dollar set. Just 380 proofs were minted alongside the 124,230 P-mint business strikes. Budget-minded collectors looking to fill this key date in their set with a high-quality coin should definitively consider this offering. Colorful toning throughout this Choice proof includes shades of yellow, green, gold, lavender, and indigo. Lightly patinated devices and richly toned, deeply mirrored fields give each side a moderate cameo appearance. Minor contact occurs beneath the lavish toning on both sides.
Ex: 67th Anniversary Sale (Stack's, 10/2002), lot 836; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98771. NGC ID# 24PJ, PCGS# 6561

4505 1914 PR65 PCGS. A low circulation-strike total of 124,230 places explains the high demand for proof examples of the 1914, but only 380 specimens were manufactured that year. Light toning covers mostly brilliant surfaces. Cameo contrast defines the reverse. Minimal contact marks. Population: 25 in 65 (1 in 65+), 40 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PJ, PCGS# 6561

**1915 Half Dollar, PR65
A Key Date in Both Formats**



4506 1915 PR65 PCGS. The 1915 Barber half dollar enjoys key date status in proof and circulation-strike formats thanks to a low total mintage of 138,450 pieces. This largely brilliant proof displays pale gold and powder-blue shadings. The devices on each side are fully impressed, though they contrast minimally against the fields. Population: 15 in 65 (1 in 65+), 30 finer (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24PK, PCGS# 6562

**1915 Half Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Very Rare with Pronounced Contrast**



4507 1915 PR66 Cameo PCGS. A veil of light toning fails to inhibit stark field-device contrast on each side. This Premium Gem Barber half dollar proof is, as one might expect, fully struck. The Mint employed a brilliant finish on proofs of this era. Specimens with pronounced contrast are very rare and command healthy premiums. A key date in circulation-strike and proof format. Population: 2 in 66 Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PK, PCGS# 86562

EARLY DOLLARS

**1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, B-9, BB-13, Fine 12
Head of '94, Rare Clashed Die State**



4508 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-9, BB-13, R.4, Fine 12 PCGS. Die State II, heavily clashed. BB-13 is a scarce Head of '94 variety, almost always seen only in lower grades; no Mint State examples are currently known. Moreover, the present example is in a rare late die state, with bold clash marks from the wreath and eagle impressed into the obverse fields all around the portrait. The coin is evenly circulated and displays uniform gunmetal-gray patina. Some detail remains in the eagle's feathers and in Liberty's hair curls. Close study with a loupe finds a faint scattering of tiny specks on each side, not obvious to the unaided eye. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39980 Base PCGS# 6853

**1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, Attractive VF35
B-2, BB-20, Two Leaves**



4509 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-2, BB-20, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. Struck from lapped dies, with the left-hand stars small and spindly compared to the right-hand ones. A short "bar" inside of star 4 is sharply visible on this example. The BB-20 seldom survives in grades finer than XF, making this Choice VF coin an optimal selection for a midgrade collection. The golden-gray surfaces are smooth and problem-free with a hint of luster. A glass reveals a small abrasion near the eye, but no significant marks exist for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39985 Base PCGS# 6853

**1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VG8
B-1, BB-21, Two Leaves**



4510 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2, VG8 PCGS. A circulated but problem-free Flowing Hair type coin draped in autumn-brown and dove-gray toning. A few letters in STATES OF are faded, but the remainder of the legends are bold, and the stars are well outlined. Refreshingly unabraded, with only a brief line noted at the base of the left (facing) wing. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39986 Base PCGS# 6853

1795 B-1, BB-21 Dollar, VG8
Blundered Date



- 4511** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2, VG8 PCGS. Light silver-gray devices contrast with the pewter-gray fields on this Flowing Hair dollar. Both sides have trivial, scattered marks with an old scratch on the eagle. Even though this is the second most plentiful 1795 variety, there are no collectible die states as all known examples are from perfect dies. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39986 Base PCGS# 6853

1795 B-1, BB-21 Dollar, Fine 12
Popular Blundered Date



- 4512** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2, Fine 12 NGC. After punching the central device in the die, the engraver set about entering the stars, letters, and numerals, one at a time, working backward as the die is a mirror image of the struck coin. He probably punched the 5 and 9 first, then mistakenly reached for a digit 1 punch, and entered the next element. He likely then uttered an 18th century unmentionable before continuing his work, punching a 7 over the errant 1. This pleasing piece has smooth surfaces with rich steel-blue and pale gold toning.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39986 Base PCGS# 6853

1795 B-1, BB-21 Dollar, VF Details
Blundered Date



- 4513** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Perfect dies as always. The 7 in the date is punched over an errant 1 on this blundered obverse die. The matte-like surfaces exhibit light gray devices, and deep golden-gray fields. Cleaned long ago, this piece is nicely and naturally retoned with excellent eye appeal.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VF Details
B-1, BB-21, Two Leaves



- 4514** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. This Flowing Hair Two Leaves type coin displays a sharp, even strike on a planchet that does not show any of the often-seen adjustment marks. One small lamination appears near the rim between stars 3 and 4. The coin has smooth surfaces and uniform olive-gold and greenish toning that masks evidence of an old, light cleaning. The devices are impressively well-detailed for the grade.

1795 B-1, BB-21 Dollar, VF20
Two Leaves Reverse



- 4515** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2, VF20 NGC. This blundered date variety was struck from perfect dies, as always for the variety. Small lamination defects below the 9 and at star 4 could be mistaken for die cracks. The surfaces show a few marks and small scratches, with a rim bump at star 1. Deep gray surfaces exhibits lighter golden-tan devices.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39986 Base PCGS# 6853

1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VF25
Collectible B-1, BB-21 Type Coin



- 4516** 1795 Flowing Hair, Two Leaves, B-1, BB-21, R.2, VF25 NGC. Bowers Die State I. Diagnostic markers for this available variety include two leaves under each wing, berries arranged 9x10, the berry under the right foot of the A in AMERICA, and one point of star 1 touching the lowest curl. Bowers notes that most examples grade between VF20 and VF35, though a number of high-grade pieces are known. This well-circulated Flowing Hair dollar has varying shades of steel and olive-gray patina. The motifs, though worn over the high points, maintain good detail overall. A few wispy marks are noted on the portrait. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39986 Base PCGS# 6853

- 4517** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-6, BB-25, R.3, VG8 NGC. A charming cream-gray Flowing Hair type coin. The eagle's left (facing) wing is well defined, and no marks are remotely worthy of comment. B-6 is a scarcer die marriage, certainly more elusive than either B-1 or B-5.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

- 4518** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-6, BB-25, R.3 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Attractively toned sea-green, almond-gold, and rose-red. The surfaces are microgranular, and exhibit evidence of smoothing on the lower obverse rim, the reverse exergue, and the eagle's right (facing) leg. B-6 is substantially scarcer than the two most prevalent Flowing Hair varieties, B-1 and B-5.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

1795 B-6, BB-25, Flowing Hair Dollar, VF20
Attractive Three Leaves Variety



- 4519** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-6, BB-25, R.3, VF20 PCGS. The curl point is shortened at star 1. Paired with a reverse that shows two berries below first T of STATES. Die State III, the obverse was heavily lapped to remove clash marks with certain design elements removed in the process. Reiver State b. Traces of the erroneous R beneath the E in LIBERTY are only faintly visible, and the tips of the hair curls are mostly shortened. Light grayish-silver surfaces with peripheral champagne color. A few minor digs are evident in the left obverse field, with other faint hairlines and small imperfections. The reverse is rotated 45 degrees counterclockwise. The earliest die state of this variety was once considered to be a separate die variety.
Ex: I. Kleinman (2/2003); FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 4953. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39975 Base PCGS# 6852

1795 B-5, BB-27 Dollar, VG10



- 4520** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-5, BB-27, R.1, VG10 PCGS. The plentiful Three Leaves variety with a diagnostic diagonal bar adjacent to the top hair curl. About one-third of all 1795 Flowing Hair dollars are from this die pair, and are great candidates for a type collection. This piece has light gray surfaces with with a few splashes of rich steel-blue toning. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39977 Base PCGS# 6852

- 4521** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-5, BB-27, R.1 — Obverse Graffiti — NGC Details. VF. Bowers Die State III. This is an attractive, naturally toned Flowing Hair dollar with solid VF definition and strong rims. Golden-tan toning displays blue overtones. An interesting pellet of extra metal is obvious above the 9 in the date, but very few marks exist on the smooth surfaces aside from some crudely inscribed, shallow graffiti in both the left and right obverse fields — the name "Solomon" in cursive letters at the right, and perhaps Wilm. or Wilson at the left. Traces of luster persist at the margins.

1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VF20
B-5, BB-27, Three Leaves



- 4522** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-5, BB-27, R.1, VF20 PCGS. The die line behind Liberty's highest neck curl is well-known to specialists as the identifier for Bolender-5. This originally toned crown-sized Flowing Hair type coin has dusky peach-red fields. The motifs are stone-gray, and the obverse margin is forest-green. Marks are inconsequential aside from minor field chatter in front of Liberty's nose. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39977 Base PCGS# 6852

1795 Flowing Hair Dollar, VF30
B-5, BB-27, Splendid 3 Leaves Type



- 4523** 1795 Flowing Hair, Three Leaves, B-5, BB-27, R.1, VF30 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. Deep, olive-gray toning gives way to silver-gray high points on this attractive BB-27 Flowing Hair dollar. A splendid representative for a midgrade type set, the surfaces are minimally marked for 30 points of wear and the hair definition is sharp for the grade and the variety. There are no adjustment marks, and the few marks that exist require a glass for viewing. NGC ID# 24WZ, PCGS# 39977 Base PCGS# 6852

1795 Draped Bust Dollar, Fine 12
Off-Center, B-14, BB-51



- 4524** 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, Fine 12 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. According to Bowers' *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia*, "1795 B-14 is one of the more readily available issues of the year. An estimated 350 to 550 exist in all grades combined." This piece is an attractive example of the date and type, with pewter-gray devices surrounded by charcoal-gray fields. Parallel adjustment marks are noted between the rim and AMERICA, but post-strike abrasions are relatively unobtrusive.
Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 3636. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39996 Base PCGS# 96858

**1795 B-14, BB-51 Dollar, XF40
Off Center Draped Bust**



- 4525** 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, XF40 PCGS. All known examples of this popular variety were struck from perfect dies. The uncentered bust encroaches upon star 1 on this distinctive obverse die. Rich blue-steel toning appears in the fields on both sides with light silver-gray devices and hints of gold overtones. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39996 Base PCGS# 96858

**1795 Draped Bust Dollar, AU53
Off-Center Bust, B-14, BB-51**



- 4526** 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, AU53 PCGS. Only two varieties are known for the 1795 Draped Bust silver dollars, and they are easily distinguished by the position of the bust, either centered or left of center as on this example. Both sides of this piece have generous remaining portions of original mint luster with light gray color and faint steel toning intermingled on the surfaces. Light hairlines and other slight abrasions are visible with close examination. Most references state that this variety is only known from perfect dies, although this example shows faint traces of clash marks on the obverse.
Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 3597. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39996 Base PCGS# 96858

**1795 Draped Bust Dollar, VF20
Centered Bust, B-15, BB-52**



- 4527** 1795 Draped Bust, Centered, B-15, BB-52, R.2, VF20 PCGS. The Draped Bust design was introduced in 1795, and the type is much scarcer than its Flowing Hair counterpart. There are two known varieties of the Draped Bust motif, with the present coin representing the BB-52 variety, characterized by the central placement of the bust. This attractive VF20 example displays pleasing gray patina and no problems. A minuscule reverse rim bruise is evident at 5 o'clock. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39995 Base PCGS# 6858

**1795 B-15, BB-52 Draped Bust Dollar, XF45
Bust Centered, First Year of the Type**



- 4528** 1795 Draped Bust, Centered, B-15, BB-52, R.2, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State IV. The BB-52 variety shows the portrait of Liberty properly centered on the planchet, with the highest wave of hair located under the E of LIBERTY. The obverse is paired with a reverse showing six berries on the olive branch and a leaf under the A of STATES. This example is richly toned with bluish-gray fields and tan toning on the central motifs. Bright silver luster surrounds raised elements. Light rub on the high points confirms the Choice XF grade, yet sharp definition remains on the hair strands, stars, and eagle to suggest an even finer level. Abrasions are few and there are no discernible adjustment marks. Population: 44 in 45, 87 finer. CAC: 7 in 45, 13 finer (11/16).
From *The Palos Verdes Collection*. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39995 Base PCGS# 6858

**1796 Small Date Dollar, VF Details
B-4, BB-61, Large Letters Reverse**



4529 1796 Small Date, Large Letters, B-4, BB-61, R.3 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. Bowers Die State I. BB-61 is the sole collectible Large Letters reverse for the 1796 date, with the BB-64 extremely rare (just three known specimens). A long-ago light cleaning is not particularly distracting on this example, since the silver-gray surfaces retain a golden hue and areas of light-tan toning. Small marks are visible with a glass, as well as a series of parallel field marks between Liberty's forehead and stars 10 to 12. A small rim bump is noted between stars 5 and 6.

4530 1796 Small Date, Large Letters, B-4, BB-61, R.3 — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. The BB-61 variety is moderately available, yet it is the only readily obtainable example of the Small Date, Large Letters type for early dollar specialists. This example displays solid XF details and pleasing golden-gray toning with blue accents at the margins. A series of five radial pinscratches in the right obverse field may account for the PCGS Genuine grade, yet they are light and perhaps only part of the reason, since a few other light lines are visible on the obverse.

**1796 B-4, BB-61 Silver Dollar, XF40
Small Date, Large Letters**



4531 1796 Small Date, Large Letters, B-4, BB-61, R.3, XF40 PCGS. Bowers Die State 1, the usual die state for these dies with the hair details at the top of the obverse complete and sharply detailed. This lovely dollar has excellent relief, with pewter and golden-gray surfaces, exhibiting a ring of steel toning on the reverse. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# CAUF, PCGS# 40000 Base PCGS# 6860

**1796 Draped Bust Dollar, Fine 12
B-5, BB-65, Small Eagle Type Coin**



4532 1796 Large Date, Small Letters, B-5, BB-65, R.2, Fine 12 ANACS. Bowers Die State VI. A large die lump joins IC with die rust at ER in AMERICA. Light gray surfaces with minor obverse and reverse rim bumps present well for the grade. Faint traces of pale gold toning appear in the protected areas of the reverse. A nice Small Eagle type coin for the budget-restricted collector. *Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 1173.* NGC ID# 24X3, PCGS# 40002 Base PCGS# 6861

**1796 B-5, BB-65 Dollar, VF35
Sole Large Date Variety for the Year**



4533 1796 Large Date, Small Letters, B-5, BB-65, R.2, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State IV. The amount of die rust between E and R in AMERICA suggests an even later die state, although the determining die lump between I and C does not extend beyond C, but rather follows its curve. Liberty's portrait displays Choice definition for the VF grade, and the eagle is reasonably well-defined. Attractive burnt-orange toning joins charcoal accents and fleeting glimpses of mint luster to enliven the silver-gray surfaces. An attractive and minimally abraded early dollar, always in demand for its Large Date logotype. NGC ID# 24X3, PCGS# 40002 Base PCGS# 6861

**1796 B-5, BB-65 Silver Dollar, XF Details
Massive Reverse Die Break**



4534 1796 Large Date, Small Letters, B-5, BB-65, R.2 — Improperly Cleaned — NCS Details. XF. This variety is always identified at a single glance by the die break between the I and C of AMERICA. That break varies in size, and on this example covers nearly the entire upper half of the I and joins outside left curve of the C. Cleaned and retoned, this Draped Bust, Small Eagle dollar exhibits blue-steel and gray-gold toning with trivial surface marks. NGC ID# 24X3, PCGS# 40002 Base PCGS# 6861

1796 B-1, BB-66 Silver Dollar, VF35
Important Early Die State



4535 1796 Small Date, Small Letters, B-1, BB-66, R.4, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State I, which he states may not exist for the variety, but the plate coin in the second edition of the early dollar book appears to be the early die state. The wreath ribbon is complete, and the lowest leaf below the U in UNITED is similarly complete. The variety is scarce, and the early die states is extremely rare. This attractive example displays delicate blue and gold toning on its light gray surfaces.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X3, PCGS# 39999 Base PCGS# 6859

1797 B-3, BB-71 Dollar, VF30
10x6 Stars, Large Letters



4538 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2, VF30 NGC. Bowers Die State III, with both dies lapped. This is the usual die state for the variety. Traces of luster are still apparent on this attractive gray dollar with champagne overtones. Both sides exhibit scattered but trivial surface marks that are consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40004 Base PCGS# 6865

1797 Small Eagle Dollar, Pleasing VF35
B-3, BB-71, 10x6 Stars, Luster Remains



4539 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. The 10x6 star arrangement is perhaps slightly scarcer than the 9x7 stars Large Letters variety (BB-73), but the unusual star configuration is a favorite of early dollar and type collectors. This is a Choice midgrade example with lavender and pale-blue shades at the borders and lilac-gray centers. Ideal for a circulated set, the original surfaces are pleasing with sharp definition remaining on the devices. A surprising amount of mint luster remains in protected areas. The reverse shows faint adjustment marks at the margins, visible with a glass but much less so in-hand. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40004 Base PCGS# 6865

1797 B-3, BB-71 Dollar, Fine 12
10x6 Stars



4536 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2, Fine 12 PCGS. Bowers Die State III, the usual state for these dies. Each of the three 1797 die varieties is also a major *Guide Book* variety combining two obverse star arrangements and two reverse letter sizes. This representative is a splendid example for the grade, with smooth light gray surfaces and delicate champagne toning. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40004 Base PCGS# 6865

1797 Small Eagle Dollar, VF20
B-3, BB-71, 10x6 Stars



4537 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2, VF20 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. A total of 16 obverse stars are arranged with six stars at right and 10 stars left, the only such arrangement on an early dollar, and a configuration that is unique in the entire dollar series. Always in demand for type, this midgrade example is pleasing with warm-gray toning and traces of tan-gold at the borders. Surface marks are small and muted by wear. A small rim ding outside of star 14 is noted, yet the rims are otherwise full and sharp. Nice definition remains across both sides for the assigned grade. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40004 Base PCGS# 6865

**1797 Draped Bust Dollar, Choice VF
10x6 Stars, B-3, BB-71, Smooth Surfaces**



- 4540** 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. A line of tiny nicks on the cheekbone and some angled, Mint-made adjustment marks on the central reverse are the only marks to note on this Choice VF early dollar, which displays remarkably smooth and attractive bluish-gray fields and pleasing silver-gray patina on the high points of the motifs. BB-71 is known as the first of three die marriages to be struck dated 1797 — each is a distinct *Guide Book* variety. Usually early dollar collectors seek all three types to complete the year as part of a Draped Bust set. The Bowers numbering system indicates BB-71 was the first of the 1797 dollars off the coinage presses for the year. If so, some 10x6 Stars, Large Letters type may have been struck during 1797 — if any of the 1797-dated dollars were — while most of the other 1797 varieties were likely struck in 1798.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40004 Base PCGS# 6865

**1797 Dollar, AU Sharpness
B-3, BB-71, 10x6 Stars Obverse**



- 4541** 1797 10x6 Stars, Large Letters, B-3, BB-71, R.2 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. This BB-71 example is sharply defined on the hair and eagle's breast with traces of mint luster at the margins. Attractive steel-gray toning covers both sides. Under a loupe, many small lines and hair-thin scrapes comprise tooling done to minimize surface imperfections. The marks are invisible in-hand without magnification, but they are ample reason for the PCGS decision to not assign a numeric grade. Still, About Uncirculated sharpness exists on both sides with considerable arm's length appeal.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

**1797 B-2, BB-72 Dollar, VF20
Elusive Small Letters Variant**



- 4542** 1797 9x7 Stars, Small Letters, B-2, BB-72, R.4, VF20 NGC. At one time considered a major rarity, the B-2, BB-72 dollar remains elusive in all grades. Both sides exhibit grayish-gold surfaces with lighter silver devices. Trivial surface lines and marks fail to diminish the excellent eye appeal of this important dollar. NGC ID# CAUT, PCGS# 40005 Base PCGS# 6866

**1797 Small Letters Dollar, VF25
Scarce and Popular B-2, BB-72 Variety**



- 4543** 1797 9x7 Stars, Small Letters, B-2, BB-72, R.4, VF25 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. As recently as 25 years ago, the Bolender-2 Small Letters, 9x7 variety was considered a great rarity of the Draped Bust series. In theory, it was a rarer than 1794 Flowing Hair dollars. Common sense has since prevailed, and current estimates suggest as many as 200 to 300 pieces survive. The B-2, BB-72 Small Letters variety is still, by far, the scarcest of the 1797 dollars and in strong demand. This solid VF25 example is sharper on the obverse than the reverse as usually seen, a function of die lapping on the reverse that reduced the rim and subjected the reverse elements to premature wear. Some light porosity joins a few small abrasions and lines on the attractive silver-gray surfaces, which deepen to blue-gray in protected areas. Two or three inconsequential rim nicks do not diminish the pleasing eye appeal. Population: 13 in 25, 40 finer (11/16).
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# CAUT, PCGS# 40005 Base PCGS# 6866

1797 9x7 Stars Dollar, VF35
B-1, BB-73, Large Letters, Sharply Defined



- 4544** 1797 9x7 Stars, Large Letters, B-1, BB-73, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. An oblong pellet (die lump) exists between star 9 and the hair to confirm the unlapped state of the obverse die. No sign of die clashing is visible confirming the early die state, and occasional roughness (possibly die rust) in the date area also characterizes the early state of the dies. Dappled shades of bluish-gray toning overlay tan-gray surfaces, which are sharply defined for the Choice VF grade. About 50% of the eagle's breast feathers remain visible — a surprising amount of detail for the assigned grade. There are no adjustment marks on either side.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40003 Base PCGS# 6863

1798 B-2, BB-81 Dollar, Fine Details
Small Eagle, 15 Stars



- 4545** 1798 Small Eagle, 15 Stars, B-2, BB-81, R.3 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. Bowers Die State II, the usual state for this die pair. Although lightly cleaned with scattered marks as expected for the grade, this Small Eagle silver dollar exhibits pleasing light gray surfaces and delicate peripheral gold toning on the obverse.

1798 Small Eagle Dollar, VF20
15 Stars, B-2, BB-81



- 4546** 1798 Small Eagle, 15 Stars, B-2, BB-81, R.3, VF20 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. An attractive, smoothly worn example of the Small Eagle type with 15 Stars. Moderate wear covers both sides and minimizes any marks or abrasions from circulation. A well-centered example with nice definition on the central devices and strong rims for the grade. Population: 10 in 20, 81 finer (11/16).
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X5, PCGS# 40007 Base PCGS# 6868

1798 B-2, BB-81 Dollar, VF30
Small Eagle, 15 Stars



- 4547** 1798 Small Eagle, 15 Stars, B-2, BB-81, R.3, VF30 NGC. Bowers Die State III, early, with a crack from the top element of the hair ribbon to the lower point of Star 7. The important Small Eagle dollar of 1798, featuring 15 stars arranged eight left and seven right on the obverse. This piece has intermingled pewter-gray and rose toning with exceptional eye appeal. A later state, Die State III, exists with a prominent crack from the underside of the chin to the border between Star 15 and the drapery. NGC ID# 24X5, PCGS# 40007 Base PCGS# 6868

1798 Small Eagle Dollar, VF35
B-2, BB-81, 15 Stars



- 4548** 1798 Small Eagle, 15 Stars, B-2, BB-81, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. This Small Eagle type coin displays bold borders and sharp detail on Liberty's portrait. The eagle's breast is worn flat, but substantial feather detail remains in the wings. Both sides have dusky champagne-gray toning with relatively smooth surfaces. No adjustment marks are observed. NGC ID# 24X5, PCGS# 40007 Base PCGS# 6868

1798 Dollar, Small Eagle, VF35
B-2, BB-81, 15 Stars



- 4549** 1798 Small Eagle, 15 Stars, B-2, BB-81, R.3, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. Deep multicolor toning embraces both sides of this Choice VF 1798 Small Eagle type coin. Bold central devices include partial detail on the eagle's breast feathers, while the rims are sharply defined everywhere except at 2 o'clock on the reverse, where the dentils grow thin. The surfaces are smooth, and there are no distracting adjustment marks. NGC ID# 24X5, PCGS# 40007 Base PCGS# 6868

1798 Small Eagle Dollar, XF45
B-1, BB-82, Ex: Cardinal Collection



- 4550** 1798 Small Eagle, 13 Stars, B-1, BB-82, R.3, XF45 PCGS. Ex: Cardinal Collection. Bowers Die State III, lapped obverse, cracked reverse. There are only two Small Eagle 1798 silver dollar varieties, one with 15 stars on the obverse and the other with 13. These are both separate *Guide Book* varieties, heightening their appeal to collectors. BB-82 is the 13 Stars Obverse variant. This die pairing is usually available, but only in VF or lower grades. Dave Bowers writes in his silver dollar *Encyclopedia*: "EF examples are quite scarce, and any coin in better grade is rare." This is consistent with the modern auction appearance rate of the variety. This example is boldly and evenly struck, showing strong borders and unusually sharp detail on Liberty's hair curls and the eagle's breast and head, where the eye is visible. Pleasing lavender-gray toning blankets each side, and the surfaces are mostly smooth. An outstanding example of this essential variety. Population: 23 in 45, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24X5, PCGS# 40006 Base PCGS# 6867

1798 B-32, BB-91 Dollar, VF35
Extremely Rare Variety
W.G. Baldenhofer's Discovery Specimen



- 4551** 1798 Large Eagle, Knob 9, 5 Vertical Lines, B-32, BB-91, R.6, VF35 NGC. Bowers Die State II. When we offered this exact dollar in the Jules Reiver sale, we detailed the information from the 1975 ANA sale that the coin was an unlisted variety and likely unique at the time. Since then, early dollar collector, dealer, and researcher, W. David Perkins, has proven that this is William G. Baldenhofer's discovery specimen that M.H. Bolender confirmed in 1956. Another collector, Frank M. Stirling, publicized the new variety in the June 1957 issue of *The Numismatist* where it was plated. To the best of our knowledge, only four collectors have owned this coin: Baldenhofer, A.J. Ostheimer, Reiver, and the present consignor who purchased the piece directly from the Reiver sale.

Today this coin is a light silvery-gray color, with some luster in the protected areas. There are some small nicks near Liberty's ear, otherwise the coin is average for the grade. A well pedigreed and pleasing example for the variety specialist. Apparently one of the first varieties struck in 1798, soon after the small eagle coins were coined as this die pairing uses the same obverse die from the Bolender-1 issue but with additional die cracks.

The B-32, BB-91 dollar of 1798 is a rare variety and, today, has a total population of just over a dozen pieces. While a small number of finer pieces are known, no others can claim to be the Baldenhofer Discovery coin.

Ex: W.G. Baldenhofer; A.J. Ostheimer; 1975 ANA Sale (*Superior*, 8/1975), lot 853; *Superior* (2/1977), lot 472; *Jules Reiver* (*Heritage*, 1/2006), lot 23553. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40009 Base PCGS# 40008

4552 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, 5 Vertical Lines, 10 Arrows, B-17, BB-101, R.5, VG8 PCGS. A fairly early die state that shows a lapped shoulder curl and a break near the I in AMERICA, but with only one of the eventually several obverse die cracks. B-17 is a very scarce die marriage, one of four Bolender varieties with five lines in each vertical shield stripe. A green-gray and wheat-gold example with only one mentionable mark, beneath the upper left cloud.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40017 Base PCGS# 40016

4553 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date, B-22, BB-104, R.4, VF25 NGC. Bowers Die State I. A stone-gray example with dappled gunmetal toning. Evenly worn without conspicuous marks. Struck a few degrees off center toward 2 o'clock, with wide dentils on the left side while the right-side dentils are nearly absent. Struck on a planchet with a narrow, straight clip, apparent on the reverse at 4 o'clock. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40021 Base PCGS# 40018

4554 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date, B-19, BB-106, R.5, VF30 PCGS Secure. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Bowers Die State IV. A much better Bolender variety, typically attributed by its obverse bisecting vertical die crack. Medium golden-brown borders frames cream-gray fields and pearl-white high points. Without any noticeable marks. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40023 Base PCGS# 40018

1798 Pointed 9 Dollar, XF40
B-21, BB-107, Scarce 10 Arrows Variety



4555 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, 10 Arrows, B-21, BB-107, R.5, XF40 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. The diagnostic and interesting "tadpole" die break above the 7 and 9 in the date confirms the obverse, while a headless stick among only 10 fully formed arrows does the same for the reverse. Paired together, the two dies comprise the scarce BB-107 variety (rated R.5). Dappled blue accents over golden-gray toning covers both sides of this sharply struck early dollar. A tiny indent on the rim near the second S in STATES may be a minute planchet flaw. In any case, marks are minimal and the eye appeal is substantial for this ideal midgrade example.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40024 Base PCGS# 40018

4556 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, B-11, BB-111, R.3 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Bowers Die State VI. The heavy diagonal die crack across the portrait to star 13 readily attributes this stone-gray and straw-gold early silver dollar. No marks are consequential. The conditional scarcity of B-11 is underappreciated, and the present lightly hairlined example will satisfy many Bolender variety collectors.

4557 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-27, BB-113, R.2, Fine 15 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. A charming Heraldic Eagle type coin. Dusky peach-gold and gunmetal fields contrast with lighter stone-white high points. Marks are minor for the Choice Fine level, but we note a small reverse rim bump at 9 o'clock.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40030 Base PCGS# 40018

1798 B-27, BB-113 Dollar, XF40
Usual Late Die State



4558 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-27, BB-113, R.2, XF40 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State III, the late die state with reverse cracks through STA and through S OF. This impressive piece exhibits distinct golden-champagne toning over its rich silver-gray surfaces. Both sides are pleasing and virtually mark-free. An attractive example for the grade. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40030 Base PCGS# 40018

1798 B-27, BB-113 Dollar, XF45
Late Die State



4559 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-27, BB-113, R.2, XF45 PCGS. The die states in the second edition of the Bowers *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia* are confusing as Die State II calls for an obverse crack, and Die State III requires a perfect obverse die. This example is clearly Die State III, per the description of the reverse die cracks. An attractive example with dappled gold and steel toning, retaining much underlying mint luster.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40030 Base PCGS# 40018

1798 B-27, BB-113 Dollar, AU53
Intermediate Die State



4560 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-27, BB-113, R.2, AU53 NGC. Bowers Die State II, early, with the obverse perfect and a delicate die crack from above the final S to the tops of OF and the right facing wing tip, continuing to the border over the first A in AMERICA. This lovely dollar has rich golden-brown toning on both sides with much underlying luster. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40030 Base PCGS# 40018

**1798 B-26, BB-114 Dollar, AU53
Heraldic Eagle, Pointed 9
Ex: Warren Miller**



- 4561** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-26, BB-114, R.5, AU53 PCGS. Ex: Miller. Bowers Die State V. The Warren Miller Collection was perhaps the most extensive of all early dollar holdings. It was compiled over 32 years, and contained 118 different die marriages. The present example of the very scarce BB-114 is fifth on the list of the Bowers' *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia* Notable Specimens for the variety. It is well defined and partly lustrous with rich autumn-brown, lilac, and cobalt-blue patina. The fields exhibit a number of unobtrusive thin marks. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40031 Base PCGS# 40018

- 4562** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-31, BB-115, R.4, VF25 PCGS. Bowers Die State I or II, possibly the elusive early die state with a perfect reverse die, but more likely Die State II with the reverse crack not visible due to wear. Either way, this is an important piece for the specialist and exhibits lovely pewter-gray surfaces with lighter silver-gray on the devices. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40032 Base PCGS# 40018

- 4563** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-29, BB-119, R.4 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Bowers Die State I. Unknown in full Mint State, the BB-119 die marriage is scarce with an estimated 200 to 350 survivors in all grades. Deep, iridescent toning hides evidence of cleaning, but this example is boldly defined with smooth surfaces that display shades of rose and olive-gray. Some weakness in the field stars is noted, not unusual for the variety, interrupting the line star pattern. Numerous die cracks exist on the obverse despite the early die state, a result of its prior use as the obverse on the BB-113 variety.

**1798 B-12, BB-120 Silver Dollar, VF35
Line Star Pattern, All Field Stars Visible**



- 4564** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date, B-12, BB-120, R.4, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II, the defining die crack through UNITED, the left wing tip, and at the top of STAT of STATES is faint but present. The field stars beneath the clouds are all present with only slight weakness above the eagle's head, attesting to the sharp strike on this Choice VF example. Natural golden-gray toning retains traces of luster in recessed areas. As expected, a few small marks are present but overall the surfaces are smooth and attractive for the assigned grade. There are no adjustment marks. A scarce variety, the BB-120 exists mostly in well-worn grades. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40037 Base PCGS# 40018

**1798 Draped Bust, Heraldic Eagle Dollar, AU55
Pointed 9, B-12, BB-120, Ex: Cardinal Collection**



- 4565** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Wide Date, B-12, BB-120, R.4, AU55 PCGS. Ex: Cardinal Collection. An attractive specimen of this scarce variety, the surfaces are toned a pleasing silver-gray, with considerable mint luster remaining beneath the toning. The devices are sharply rendered in most areas, with some softness showing on the reverse stars. Only the slightest traces of wear can be detected on the high points of the design. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40037 Base PCGS# 40018

**1798 Heraldic Eagle Dollar, XF40
B-9, BB-121, Pointed 9, Close Date**



- 4566** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-9, BB-121, R.4, XF40 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. Traces of silver luster remain in Liberty's hair and around the date and stars, while the well-centered reverse displays remaining mint luster as well. The BB-121 is popular as "The Amateur Diecutter's Reverse," where the field stars above the eagle are a jumble and several other shortcomings appear on the crudely formed reverse elements. The reverse die is used only on BB-121, a scarce R.4 variety, in demand for its unusual (and sloppy) die work.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40038 Base PCGS# 40018

**1798 Heraldic Eagle Dollar, VF35
Pointed 9, Close Date, B-25, BB-123**



- 4567** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-25, BB-123, R.4, VF35 PCGS. Die State II. Pointed 9, Line Star Pattern. Whisker variety with a tiny point down from the lower edge of the chin; stars 3 and 4 overlap the clouds. This is an important early die state. The reverse has a vertical crack from the border to the stem end, yet the peripheral obverse die cracks have not yet developed. In the Bowers-Borckardt reference, the comment is made that only one example was known to the authors, although several are now known. Both sides of this piece have light silver-gray surfaces with wisps of blue color. The surfaces are excellent, although probably cleaned long ago. The obverse has vertical adjustment marks up from the lower border.
Ex: *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 11/2006), lot 1065. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40040 Base PCGS# 40018

**1798 Heraldic Eagle Dollar, AU53
B-25, BB-123, Pointed 9**



- 4568** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Close Date, B-25, BB-123, R.4, AU53 PCGS Secure. Bowers Die State IV. The obverse border exhibits several lengthy cracks. On the very scarce Bolender-25, the reverse stars appear in a line pattern with the top stars overlapping the clouds, known as the "Blundered Stars" reverse. The unblemished pewter-gray surfaces display delicate gold highlights. Luster illuminates the margins and motifs. The stars above the eagle's head are lightly brought up, but the remainder of the strike is good.
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2014), lot 4532, which realized \$7,000. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40040 Base PCGS# 40018

- 4569** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Four Berries, B-8, BB-125, R.2, VF20 NGC. Bowers Die State III. Four large berries on the reverse. Struck from a mid-to-late die state, with numerous die cracks on both the obverse and reverse plus signs of die failure on both sides. The left obverse is weak while the reverse at UNITED shows loss of detail from die buckling. Brownish-blue patina covers the surfaces with deep, natural toning. A readily available variety, almost always found in circulated grades. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40042 Base PCGS# 40018

**1799/8 Dollar, B-2, BB-143, VF35
Lustrous Fields, 13 Stars Reverse**



- 4570** 1799/8 13 Stars Reverse, B-2, BB-143, R.4, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State II, reverse cracked through STATES OF. This is a less often seen reverse, paired to the popular overdated obverse. A heavy die line from the rim to the D in UNITED aids in attribution. This coin displays an even strike and light golden toning. Unusual amounts of luster remain in the fields, despite the grade. There are no adjustment marks observed. NGC ID# 24X8, PCGS# 40066 Base PCGS# 6884

**1799 B-13, BB-151 Irregular Date Dollar, VF30
Very Scarce Variety, 13 Stars Reverse**



- 4571** 1799 Irregular Date, 13 Stars Reverse, B-13, BB-151, R.5, VF30 PCGS. Attractive coppery-gold and blue toning cover both sides of this moderately worn, yet partially lustrous midgrade example of the scarce and popular BB-151 Irregular Date variety. The reverse die is in its sole use on BB-151 and shows diagnostic die rust above and around the E in STATES. The obverse die displays an unusually aligned date, with the two 9s slightly askew. This example is colorfully toned and well-defined despite 30 points of wear. The Bowers reference assigns an R.5 rating with an estimated 40 to 75 survivors in all grades — the scarcest 1799-dated Draped Bust dollar variety.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40044 Base PCGS# 6880

**1799 7x6 Stars Dollar, AU Details
B-18, BB-154, Rare Early Die State**



- 4572** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-18, BB-154, R.4 — Planchet Flaw — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bowers Die State I. A planchet flaw is noticeable between the rim and obverse star 1. The same flaw is only faintly apparent on the reverse, between the ST in STATES. The flaw is barely a distraction, and does not affect the coin's technical grade. A rare "prime" die state, without the radial crack between the ED in UNITED that is nearly always seen on B-18. The caramel-gold and ice-blue surfaces display substantial luster, and lack any consequential contact. A prize for the knowledgeable specialist. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40046 Base PCGS# 6878

**1799 7x6 Stars Draped Bust Dollar, AU50
Very Scarce B-18, BB-154 Pairing**



- 4573** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-18, BB-154, R.4, AU50 PCGS. Bowers Die State IV. A bold die crack from the left (facing) shield point to the rim between the ED in UNITED identifies this challenging BB-154 marriage. Glimpses of almond-gold overlie cream-gray fields and devices. Circulation wear is minimal, and luster beckons from the hair and plumage. The Bowers reference calls this variety the second-rarest die variety of 1799 (only BB-151 is scarcer) with just 60 to 100 pieces known. Housed in a green label holder. Ex: *Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009)*, lot 757. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40046 Base PCGS# 6878

- 4574** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-5, BB-157, R.2 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Bowers Die State III. Deep lavender and cobalt-blue toning encompasses a majority of this Draped Bust type coin, although light golden-brown and pearl-white areas are also present. A richly detailed example with minor hairlines and refreshingly few abrasions. A few unobtrusive spots are noted between obverse star 2 and the ribbon. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

- 4575** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-16, BB-158, R.2, VF25 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. "Wave" clash marks appear above the date. Gunmetal-gray and champagne-gold toning blanket this well-detailed Draped Bust dollar. Each side is smooth without any overly detracting flaws, as small marks are largely concealed beneath the patina. A great early type coin. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40050 Base PCGS# 6878

**1799 7x6 Stars Dollar, XF40
B-16, BB-158, Ideal for the Grade**



- 4576** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-16, BB-158, R.2, XF40 NGC. Bowers Die State III. The obverse die shows bold die clashing above the date, with long, curving die cracks that intersect at the base of Liberty's neck. Smooth and attractive golden-gray surfaces deepen to gunmetal-blue near the borders, while the reverse displays deep bluish-gray toning with golden highlights. Small nicks and ticks are visible with a glass and a sequence of small planchet voids exists among the field stars on the reverse, yet the motifs are well-struck and minimally worn for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40050 Base PCGS# 6878

**1799 B-16, BB-158 Dollar, XF40
7x6 Stars, Dramatic Die Cracks**



- 4577** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-16, BB-158, R.2, XF40 NGC. Bowers Die State IV with many lengthy obverse cracks. Deep charcoal-gray toning embraces the obverse border and all of the reverse. The portrait and obverse field display light cream-gray and tan-gold patina. Both sides are surprisingly void of abrasions, though the lower reverse exhibits parallel roller marks, as issued. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40050 Base PCGS# 6878

1799 B-23, BB-159 Dollar, XF45
Famous 8x5 Stars Obverse
Rare Terminal Die State Example



4578 1799 8x5 Stars, B-23, BB-159, R.3, XF45 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State "IV." This popular and important 8x5 Stars 1799 dollar displays an advanced state of the dies that is later than the listed Die State III in the Bowers reference, but is further described therein as the terminal die state. Struck from heavily clashed dies, the obverse is extensively cracked — with a pair of arcing die cracks that intersect at Liberty's neck, creating a biplanar surface and die bulge that also weakens the the strike on reverse field stars and clouds between STATES and OF. A related die crack runs from the edge above star 10 into the right obverse field. Jules Reiver's 1999 reference, *Early Silver Dollars*, mentions Die State c as "Heavy cracks around and over bust," but no further details are given.

A check of our archives (nearly 100 pictured examples) does not show any additional examples of this advanced die state. An Uncirculated coin with the same terminal die state ranks high in the Bowers list of Notable Specimens — the Amon Carter, Jr. coin — described in the Stack's 1984 sale of that collection as lot 226: "Brilliant Unc. The terminal state of the die, with an arc-like crack from star 1 across neck to below star 13, resulting in massive bulging of the die."

Remarkably, the present coin retains sharp definition except where influenced by the heavy cracks. Choice, deep silver-gray surfaces are richly toned with blue overtones and bits of silver luster shining through. The BB-159 variety is the sole 8x5 Stars die marriage, essential for type and listed separately in the 2017 *Guide Book* on page 222. We expect enthusiastic competition from early dollar specialists when this CAC-endorsed lot crosses the block.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40063 Base PCGS# 6881

1799 Dollar, Toned AU53
B-17, BB-164, 7x6 Stars



4579 1799 7x6 Stars, B-17, BB-164, R.2, AU53 PCGS. Bowers Die State III, with a crack through ST(ATES). Variety BB-164 features a die lump in the drapery above the first 9 in the date, and two die lines below star 2 on the reverse. This Large Eagle type coin is evenly struck and shows just trivial wear over the high points of the design. Both sides exhibit deep lavender-gray toning with the occasional glimpse of olive color. The stars are sharp and the border dentils are complete. No adjustment marks are observed. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40055 Base PCGS# 6878

4580 1799 7x6 Stars, B-9, BB-166, R.1, VF30 PCGS. Bowers Die State IV. A midgrade example of the "Apostrophe" variety, named for the die break after the second S in STATES. The die crack from the chin to star 10 is also usual for Bolender-9. The dusky cream-gray surfaces are minimally abraded. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40057 Base PCGS# 6878

1799 B-9, BB-166 Dollar, AU55
Shattered Obverse Die



4581 1799 7x6 Stars, B-9, BB-166, R.1, AU55 NGC. Bowers Die State V, the latest reported, with a shattered obverse die and "apostrophe" cracks at the border on each side of the final S. This is a plentiful variety with many AU and Mint State coins known. This piece has delicate champagne toning on the lustrous silver surfaces. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40057 Base PCGS# 6878

4582 1799 7x6 Stars, B-14, BB-167, R.3, VF20 PCGS. Bowers Die State IV. This wheat-gold and dove-gray representative is much sharper than implied by the designated grade. No post-strike abrasions are noticeable, but the portrait displays prominent mint-made adjustment marks, and the surfaces are faintly hairlined. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40058 Base PCGS# 6878

4583 1799 7x6 Stars, B-21, BB-169, R.3 — Cleaning — PCGS **Genuine.** XF Details. Bowers Die State IV. The cream-gray and tan-brown surfaces are microgranular and slightly subdued. A well-defined representative that is surprisingly devoid of abrasions. On B-21, obverse star 2 is repunched, and die lumps accompany the inner points of the rightmost reverse star.

From The Palos Verdes Collection.

1800 B-2, BB-182 Dollar, AU50
Elusive Variety



- 4584** 1800 B-2, BB-182, R.5, AU50 PCGS. Bowers Die State II, the usual die state with a crack through the first A in AMERICA. Perhaps 40 to 50 examples of this variety are known in all grades, and this piece ranks high in the Condition Census. Both sides exhibit satiny light gray surfaces with pastel reddish-gold toning on the devices. A small mint clip is noted at 10 o'clock. The list of notable specimens in the second edition of the Bowers *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia* lists just two pieces in higher grades. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40068 Base PCGS# 6887

1800 B-20, BB-185 Silver Dollar, VF20
Rarest Variety for the Year, Seldom Offered



- 4585** 1800 B-20, BB-185, R.6, VF20 PCGS **Secure**. Bowers Die State II. The BB-185 variety is generally considered to be the rarest variety of the year, with approximately 20 to 40 examples extant in all grades. Far fewer than that have been certified or traced in the early dollar references. The obverse is distinctive with star 8 almost touching Y with the top and bottom star points — similar to the obverse of the 1804 dollars. (Indeed, two examples of the BB-185 are known to have been altered at the last digit of the date in a futile attempt to impersonate an 1804.) The surfaces of the present coin display pleasing silver-gray surfaces with rich brownish-gray accents and traces of gold patina in protected areas. Some light, hair-thin lines are visible with a lens beneath the toning but marks from circulation are small and sharp definition remains on the devices. This example has a small planchet flaw on the rim near star 3, a pedigree marker that confirms this is the former H. Roland Willasch specimen, a ranking example in the Bowers list of Notable Specimens and a piece that resides near the low end of the Condition Census for the BB-185 variety.
Ex: H. Roland Willasch Collection, Boys Town Sale (Superior, 5/1990), lot 577. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40071 Base PCGS# 6887

1800 Dollar, AU Sharpness
B-16, BB-187, Attractive Light Toning



- 4586** 1800 B-16, BB-187, R.2 — Obverse Scratched — NGC **Details**. AU. Bowers Die State III. The obverse is unique to the BB-187 variety, distinguished by a die dot adjacent to the top curl at left. Pleasing lilac and gold shades visit the lightly toned surfaces, which retain a generous amount of mint luster for the grade and sharply defined motifs. A few fine pin scratches and shallow scrapes in the right obverse field and at Liberty's lower portrait determine the NGC net grade.
Ex: The 400 Sale (Stack's, 1/1988), lot 1170, as "extremely fine and choice."

1800 Dollar, XF40
B-5, BB-189



- 4587** 1800 B-5, BB-189, R.5, XF40 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. A bold, even strike produces sharp detail on the stars, dentils, and interior devices. There are no adjustment marks observed, and other than some faint granularity in portions of the reverse fields, the surfaces are problem-free. Both sides display blended champagne-gray and lavender hues with subtle olive accents. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40075 Base PCGS# 6887

1800 Dollar, Choice XF
Very Scarce B-5, BB-189



- 4588** 1800 B-5, BB-189, R.5, XF45 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. A better Bolender variety, readily attributed by the die lump above the right foot of the R in LIBERTY. This well-defined representative displays olive-green, powder-blue, and apricot-gold toning. No marks are remotely noticeable, and luster fills the borders and curls. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40075 Base PCGS# 6887

1800 B-5, BB-189 Dollar, XF45
Perfect Dies



- 4589** 1800 B-5, BB-189, R.4, XF45 NGC. Bowers Die State I, from perfect dies with no obverse or reverse cracks. A lovely gold-toned example with iridescent overtones and traces of underlying luster. This lovely dollar exhibits a few widely scattered marks that are nearly invisible without a glass. Bowers estimates that as many as 200 examples survive, although that estimate seems optimistic. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40075 Base PCGS# 6887

1800 AMERICA1 Dollar, Condition Census AU55
B-11, BB-191, Dramatic Toning



- 4590** 1800 AMERICA1, B-11, BB-191, R.4, AU55 NGC. Bowers Die State Peach-gold, violet, and deep-umber toning visit the Choice surfaces of this colorful About Uncirculated dollar. Mint luster glows generously beneath the glossy, richly patinated surfaces. The BB-191 is the scarcer of two AMERICA1 varieties, so-named for the diagnostic die scratch that resembles an "I" (sort of) after AMERICA. The Low 8 in the date confirms the variety. As always, the variety is weakly struck on the reverse at the eagle's head and surrounding field stars and ribbon. Only minor marks from circulation are present. This example ranks well within the Condition Census for the BB-191 — an important *Guide Book* variety.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40081 Base PCGS# 86888

- 4591** 1800 Dotted Date, B-14, BB-194, R.3, VF25 PCGS. Bowers Die State IV. The well-known *Guide Book* variety with several prominent die lumps near the first 0 in the date. The largest of these, directly below the digit, allows B-14 to be attributed upon first sight, at arm's length. This is a cobalt-blue and stone-gray example, smooth aside from hair-thin lines near the left-side reverse stars.

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40078 Base PCGS# 6889

1800 B-14, BB-194 Dollar, VF35
Popular Dotted Date Variety



- 4592** 1800 Dotted Date, B-14, BB-194, R.3, VF35 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State IV. The die defect that characterizes BB-194 resembles a series of dots (thus the "Dotted Date" moniker) yet in reality the dots are the result of minute die cracks with miniature retained, dotlike cuds. In the late die state, numerous larger die cracks exist both on the obverse and reverse. Gunmetal-gray toning covers much of the coin, with silver-gray patina at the high points where wear is apparent. Even with the advanced state of the dies, the strike is sharp and the die dots are especially bold on this Choice VF example. Population: 11 in 35, 46 finer. CAC: 5 in 35, 6 finer (11/16).

From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40078 Base PCGS# 6889

1800 Dotted Date Dollar, XF40
B-14, BB-194, *Guide Book* Variety



- 4593** 1800 Dotted Date, B-14, BB-194, R.3, XF40 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State IV. The popular *Guide Book* variety with several prominent die lumps near the first 0 in the date. These allow the variety to be identified at arm's length, something that cannot be said for most Bolender varieties. The present pleasing example displays rich forest-green, golden-brown, and gunmetal toning. No marks are noticeable, and the well defined surfaces display glimmers of luster. CAC: 2 in 40, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40078 Base PCGS# 6889

1801 B-2, BB-212 Dollar, VF30
Scarce Late Die State



- 4594** 1801 B-2, BB-212, R.3, VF30 PCGS. CAC. Bowers Die State III. Struck from a late state of the dies, probably in 1802 or later. Only 54,454 silver dollars dated 1801 were struck, but most of those were distributed in later years. This example is richly toned in walnut-brown shades with blue overtones. Glimpses of orange-gold toning surround some of the raised devices. Sharp definition on most of the motifs remains, although the E in LIBERTY is weak. NGC ID# 24XA, PCGS# 40084 Base PCGS# 6893

- 4595** 1801 B-3, BB-213, R.3, Fine 12 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. A golden-brown and pearl-gray representative. Void of consequential marks, and a prize for the everyman date or variety collector. BB-213 is promptly attributed by the defective Ts in UNITED STATES. All three lack a right foot, due to a broken letter punch. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 24XA, PCGS# 40085 Base PCGS# 6893

1802/1 Silver Dollar, XF45
Narrow Date, B-4, BB-232



- 4596** 1802/1 Narrow Date, B-4, BB-232, R.3, XF45 NGC. Bowers Die State II. Predominantly cream-gray surfaces display glimpses of peach-gold and powder-blue at the margins. Liberty's curls show moderate wear but luster shimmers from design recesses. The coin is void of any consequential marks, although a few tiny marks join some light surface porosity visible with a lens. Still, this is a Choice and desirable example of the overdate for a midgrade collection. *Ex: Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 3513.* NGC ID# 24XC, PCGS# 40092 Base PCGS# 6898

1802/1 Dollar, VF20
Narrow Date, B-4, BB-232



- 4597** 1802/1 Narrow Date, B-4, BB-232, R.3, VF20 PCGS. Bowers Die State II. A somewhat scarce overdate, the BB-232 exists to the extent of about 400 to 750 pieces according to the Bowers *Encyclopedia* of early dollars. This VF20 example is well-defined and problem-free for the grade. Warm-gray toning displays slate-gray accents around the raised elements. A nicely centered coin with strong rims and dentils, as well as smooth surfaces and no adjustment marks. The 2/1 overdate is bold. NGC ID# 24XC, PCGS# 40092 Base PCGS# 6898

1802/1 Wide Date Dollar, XF40
Difficult B-9, BB-235 Variety



- 4598** 1802/1 Wide Date, B-9, BB-235, R.5, XF40 PCGS. Bowers Die State I. A challenging die marriage often attributed by the horizontal die lump beneath the B in LIBERTY. A chestnut-gold and aquamarine silver dollar with substantial luster throughout the legends. A hair-thin line passes through obverse star 12, but no other marks are of any consequence. NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40095 Base PCGS# 6899

1802 B-6, BB-241 Dollar, VF35
Lapped Die State



- 4599** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, VF35 PCGS. Bowers Die State III, with the die lapped, removing the die crack from the point of star 7, and disconnecting some of the hair strands at the lower curls. This lovely dollar has light gray surfaces that deepen to attractive peripheral blue and gold. NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40088 Base PCGS# 6895

- 4600** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1 — Obverse Scratched, Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Bowers Die State III as always. The obverse displays mottled silver-gray and powder-blue surfaces. The reverse is toned walnut-brown and navy-blue. A short thin mark near Liberty's mouth accounts for the strict NGC assessment. A slight rim bump is noted below the 02 in the date.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

1802 B-6, BB-241 Dollar, AU53
Narrow Date, Ample Luster Remains



- 4601** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, AU53 PCGS. Bowers Die State III. Silver luster remains at the borders and motifs of this pleasing About Uncirculated Narrow Date dollar. The margins display sea-green and slate-blue shades, while light golden-gray visits the fields and devices. The motifs retain sharp definition and the fields show a few abrasions including a thin mark beneath the hair ribbon and a bright, slender mark near star 7.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 2420; Rosemont Signature (Heritage, 8/2013), lot 4193. NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40088 Base PCGS# 6895

1802 B-6, BB-241 Dollar, AU53
Narrow Normal Date



- 4602** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, AU53 NGC. Bowers Die State III with the obverse lapped to remove a die crack that formed earlier. This lustrous example features wispy gold toning on its light gray surfaces with microscopic lines and marks. A splendid example of the plentiful 1802 Narrow Date variety that is ideal for a type collection NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40088 Base PCGS# 6895

1802 Dollar, B-6, BB-241, AU58
Sharp, Deeply Toned



- 4603** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, AU58 NGC. Die State III, as usual, with die lapping evident in the hair curls. BB-241 exists in moderate numbers in AU and lower Mint State grades, but the rarity of most other die pairings in this grade range puts increased demand on BB-241 by type collectors seeking a single high-end Draped Bust dollar. This example is a firmly graded, original representative. Both sides exhibit deep gunmetal-gray toning, but the design elements display seemingly untouched high points — the overall sharpness is superb for an AU coin. Border dentils are complete on each side and the design elements are boldly brought up. There are no distracting adjustment marks and the surfaces are pleasantly smooth. NGC ID# 24XB, PCGS# 40088 Base PCGS# 6895

1803 B-6, BB-255 Dollar, AU55
Large 3 Obverse



- 4604** 1803 Large 3, B-6, BB-255, R.2, AU55 NGC. Bowers Die State I, the usual die state with a perfect obverse die. This is the only 1803 variety with a Large 3 in the date, having an upper left serif. It is a plentiful variety that is often chosen for date or type collections. This pleasing Choice AU example has pleasing grayish-gold surfaces with nearly full luster. Wisps of blue and violet enhance the eye appeal. NGC ID# 24XD, PCGS# 40101 Base PCGS# 6901

**1803 Small 3 Dollar, VF30
Much Better B-3, BB-256**



- 4605** 1803 Small 3, B-3, BB-256, R.5, VF30 NGC. All four confirmed Small 3 1803 die marriages are scarce to rare, with B-3 firmly in the latter category. The variety is surprisingly difficult to locate in grades above VF, and the present piece is as sharply defined as some we have seen certified finer. The lightly abraded fields exhibit powder-blue and peach-gold tints, while the devices are stone-gray. A slightly curved line below Liberty's neck provides an identifier. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 24XD, PCGS# 40100 Base PCGS# 6900

SEATED DOLLARS

**1840 Silver Dollar, Near-Mint
Green Label Holder, Repunched Stars**



- 4606** 1840 Repunched Stars AU58 PCGS. OC-2, High R.4. A Top 30 Variety. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/b. Silver bullion was in short supply and the demand for silver dollars was limited in 1840 when the first Seated Liberty dollars were struck. Just 61,005 pieces made up the inaugural mintage. This example is prooflike on both sides although undesignated as such on the green label holder. Stars 6 and 7 are repunched at their lower outside star points, a Top 30 variety according to seateddollarvarieties.com. Attractive lilac and orange-gold toning joins iridescent shades at the borders. A few small marks are scattered across the surfaces, well-hidden in the dappled patina, and the strike is uniformly sharp except at the top hair strands and some rounding on star 9. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 24YA, PCGS# 6926
- 4607** 1841 MS60 PCGS. CAC. OC-3. Osburn-Cushing Die State c/c. Struck from a first-time use of the obverse die and from a transitional reverse die from 1840. This example shows prooflike surface at the margins amid thick, original brown and tan toning interspersed with golden mint luster. Sharply struck, with slight loss of definition on Liberty's hair but bold feather details on the eagle. The sole CAC endorsed coin at the MS60 level from either service. CAC: 1 in 60, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YB, PCGS# 6927

**1843 Silver Dollar, MS62
Toned and Well-Struck**



- 4608** 1843 MS62 PCGS. OC-2. A well-detailed Mint State example of this No Motto issue, suitable for type purposes. The lightly marked surfaces display lavender-gray and green-gold toning in deep hues, with some reflectivity observed in the fields. The 1843 Seated dollar is challenging in finer Mint State grades. Population: 18 in 62, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YD, PCGS# 6929

**1844 Silver Dollar, MS63
Famous 'Quad Stripes' Variety**



- 4609** 1844 MS63 NGC. OC-1, R.2. The sole business die pair for the date, OC-1 is the "Quad Stripes" variety with fairly strong die doubling on Liberty's shield. From the mintage of 20,000 pieces, several hundred survivors exist, but Mint State examples are undeniably rare. This satiny representative displays comprehensive tan-brown and cobalt-blue toning. Tiny marks are scattered but none are consequential. Census: 2 in 63, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YE, PCGS# 6930

**1847 Silver Dollar, MS61
Scarce in Mint State**



- 4610** 1847 MS61 PCGS. CAC. This boldly struck 1847 Seated dollar exhibits semiprooflike mirroring in the fields with light, scattered abrasions. Both sides show iridescent champagne and pale lavender hues, with lightly mottled grayish overtones, the latter primarily over the devices. There are no major abrasions. This issue is one of the more often seen dates from this decade but is elusive in Uncirculated condition. Population: 12 in 61, 55 finer. CAC: 2 in 61, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YJ, PCGS# 6934

**1850-O Silver Dollar, AU55
Old-Time Patina**



- 4611 1850-O AU55 PCGS.** Only the second silver dollar struck at the New Orleans Mint, the 1850-O is a scarce date that is genuinely rare in Uncirculated condition. The low 40,000-coin mintage, combined with heavy circulation in the South, produced this semikey branch mint issue. Here offered is a Choice AU example with sharp detail and hints of luster. Deep olive-green and gray toning blankets each side, attesting to the originality of the surfaces. Population: 14 in 55, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YN, PCGS# 6938

**1850-O Seated Dollar, AU55
Scarce New Orleans Issue**



- 4612 1850-O AU55 PCGS. OC-1.** Osburn-Cushing Die State b/c. The low mintage of just 40,000 pieces qualifies this New Orleans issue as a semikey date in the Seated dollar series, although the issue is slightly more available than the Philadelphia coins from the same year. This example displays tan-gold, patchy-blue, and iridescent toning over semireflective silver surfaces. Abrasions are infrequent and generally light across the surfaces to justify the Choice About Uncirculated grade. Luster remains on both sides of this well-struck and appealing dollar. Population: 14 in 55, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YN, PCGS# 6938
- 4613 1853 AU55 PCGS. OC-1, R.2.** Osburn/Cushing Die State b-c/a. Die cracks are noted between the first 3 stars only. One die pair only struck the business mintage of 46,110 pieces. The present sharply struck representative displays rose-red, straw-gold, and jade-green patina. The surfaces display lacquer but only lightly abraded. Encapsulated in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 24YS, PCGS# 6941

**1854 OC-1 Silver Dollar
MS60, Gold CAC**



- 4614 1854 MS60 PCGS. Gold CAC. OC-1, High R.3.** Light to medium wheat-gold toning adorns this sharply struck rare date Seated dollar. A scant 33,140 pieces were struck, excluding the rare proofs. The fields display small marks, mostly between star 12 and Liberty's knees, but luster dominates most of the design. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24YT, PCGS# 6942

**1854 Silver Dollar, MS62
Repunched Date, OC-1**



- 4615 1854 MS62 PCGS. OC-1, High R.3.** Iridescently toned in olive-green, butter-gold, rose-red, and gunmetal shades. A satiny and sharply struck representative of this scarce issue. The business mintage of 33,140 pieces consisted of only die pair, identified by repunching on the base of the 4 in the date. This example is smooth aside from a single thin mark on the upper reverse field. Population: 4 in 62, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YT, PCGS# 6942

**1855 Seated Dollar, MS62
Series Key, Seldom Offered This Fine**



- 4616 1855 MS62 PCGS. OC-1.** The Mint employed a single pair of dies to manufacture 26,000 circulation-strike Seated dollars and 60 to 75 proofs in 1855. The new online reference published by Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing (seateddollarvarieties.com) proposes a survival rate of 300 business strikes, adding: "1855 is a key date in the Liberty Seated Dollar series, part of the low mintage run of coins minted in the 1850's. With a mintage ranking of 18th out of 47 the collector would expect that it would not be difficult to locate, but that's usually not the case. ... Mint State examples are very rare." PCGS reports 22 Uncirculated survivors, but that figure is likely inflated by resubmissions. As always, the strike falls short of full with softness on the stars, head, sandal, and wingtips. What this coin lacks in sharpness, though, it makes up for in attractive golden toning with pale blue accents. Semiprooflike and lightly marked. Population: 10 in 62, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YU, PCGS# 6943

**1856 Silver Dollar, AU53
Better Philadelphia Issue**



- 4617 1856 AU53 PCGS.** The 1856 is a challenging issue in all grades, scarcer than population figures and price guides would suggest. This AU example displays partially lustrous fields beneath a dusting of mottled lavender-gray and light golden toning. Moderate weakness of strike on the eagle's left (facing) leg and talons is consistent with the issue's reputation. Uncirculated examples of this date are genuinely rare. Population: 11 in 53, 56 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YV, PCGS# 6944

**1859-O Dollar, Well-Defined MS64+
An Important Condition Rarity**



- 4618 1859-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1859-O Seated Liberty dollar, with a mintage of 360,000 pieces, is among the highest production issues in the series. PCGS and NGC combined report nearly 960 Mint State submissions, mostly in the MS60 to MS62 range. Select examples can be located with patience and searching, but near-Gems such as the present offering are rare with only 55 pieces seen by the two services. Higher-grade coins are for all practical purposes unavailable, with only three submissions reported.

Whispers of grayish-tan patina are slightly more extensive and deeper on the obverse of this high-end near-Gem. Lustrous surfaces exhibit well-struck design elements, including strong definition on Liberty's head, the star centrils, and the eagle's plumage. A few minor obverse scuffs preclude Gem classification. This coin is well deserving of the CAC endorsement, and worthy of a generous bid. Population: 31 in 64 (2 in 64+), 2 finer. CAC: 6 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YY, PCGS# 6947

- 4619 1859-S VF35 PCGS. OC-2.** As the only No Motto S-mint Seated dollar issue, the 1859-S is requisite for San Francisco Mint type sets. Just 20,000 pieces were struck, and two die marriages are known. This slate-gray example displays blushes of charcoal toning near the Liberty cap and STATES. The somewhat subdued surfaces are lightly to moderately marked. NGC ID# 24YZ, PCGS# 6948

1859-S Silver Dollar, MS62
Scarce This Fine



- 4620 1859-S MS62 PCGS. OC-1.** An early die state coin, showing the 18 repunched at their bases. Coming from a small 20,000-coin mintage, the 1859-S Seated dollar is a rarity in Mint State. This example is boldly struck and displays satiny luster with warm champagne toning. Light, grade-limiting abrasions are not significant except for a mark in the reverse field below the D in UNITED and a thin scratch across Liberty's jaw toward the rims. Population: 8 in 62, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YZ, PCGS# 6948

- 4621 1860-O MS61 NGC. OC-2.** The 1860-O is one of the few Seated dollars that can be acquired with little difficulty in Mint State. Many were distributed from the Treasury during the early 1960s. Splashes of cobalt-blue and golden-orange patina combine with areas of significant mint brilliance. Well-struck with slight softness near the borders. NGC ID# 24Z3, PCGS# 6950

1860-O Silver Dollar, MS63
New Orleans Type Coin



- 4622 1860-O MS63 PCGS.** The 1860-O is one of the most plentiful No Motto Seated dollars, frequently chosen for type purposes. The presently offered Select example showcases the luster, strike, and overall quality that this issue presents to the average collector — quality that if found on an example of most other dates in the series would represent a price tag far out of reach. This piece shows few significant abrasions, and each side is cast in shades of champagne and olive-green. Finer examples of this popular New Orleans issue are elusive. NGC ID# 24Z3, PCGS# 6950

1862 Silver Dollar, MS62+
Elusive in Mint State



- 4623 1862 MS62+ PCGS.** A better date in circulated grades and scarce in Mint State, the 1862 Seated dollar represents one of more challenging No Motto acquisitions in the series regardless of one's scope for the grades in their collection. This Plus-designated MS62 coin offers a sharp strike and softly frosted mint luster. Both sides display lavender-gray and pale golden toning. Grade-limiting abrasions are light and scattered. Population: 18 in 62 (2 in 62+), 35 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24Z5, PCGS# 6952

1870-CC Seated Dollar, Attractive VF30



- 4624 1870-CC VF30 PCGS. OC-6.** Osburn-Cushing Die State b/a. An essential for collectors of Carson City Seated dollars and the first-year key to the series, the 1870-CC saw a production of around 12,000 pieces — different sources vary. Although it is the most available of the four CC-mint Seated dollar issues, its status as a historic Western issue — these were the first coins ever struck in Carson City — the 1870-CC sees ceaseless demand. The present VF30 PCGS example is extremely attractive, lightly toned, and showing some moderate abrasions on each side that befit a considerable spate in circulation. The VF grade range is typical for the average certified survivor. NGC ID# 24ZE, PCGS# 6964

1870-CC Silver Dollar, AU50
Carson City's First Coin



- 4625 1870-CC AU50 NGC. OC-9.** Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. The monumental Comstock Lode was discovered in the late 1850s, and news reached the public in 1859. Still recognized as Nevada Territory, Congress authorized the Carson City Mint in 1863. Statehood came near the end of the following year, and the Mint facility finally struck their first coins, silver dollars, in February 1870. The present coin has pleasing pewter and light gray surfaces with blue peripheral toning on the obverse. The date is centered vertically. Traces of luster remain visible on this attractive and historic coin. Census: 14 in 50, 82 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24ZE, PCGS# 6964

**1871 Seated Dollar, MS62
Brilliant and Semiprooflike**



- 4626 1871 MS62 PCGS. OC-9.** Although the 1871 is one of only two issues in the Seated Dollar series with a mintage in excess of 1 million pieces, it is scarce in Mint State. This coin features prooflike fields that contrast against frosty motifs. The design elements are generally well-struck, with only Liberty's hair and foot, the stars along the upper right (facing) obverse border, and the top of the eagle's right wing displaying some of the usual softness typically found on this issue. The reverse is exquisitely preserved, while the obverse shows just a few minute marks. Housed in an old green label holder.
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 6629. NGC ID# 5DNV, PCGS# 6966

**1872-CC Silver Dollar, XF40
Rare Carson City Issue**



- 4627 1872-CC XF40 NGC. OC-1, High R.3.** Glimpses of peach-gold luster emerge from the predominantly cream-gray surfaces. All letters in LIBERTY are bold, and neither side shows any mentionable abrasions. Substantial drapery and plumage detail is present. The sole dies for this rare Carson City issue. Only 3,150 pieces were struck. NGC ID# 24ZK, PCGS# 6969

- 4628 1872-S XF40 PCGS. OC-1, Low R.3.** The 1872-S is the only collectible Motto San Francisco issue, and a mintage of only 9,000 pieces ensures the scarcity. Most of the production was exported as bullion, and problem-free examples in better circulated grades are highly elusive. This coin has minimally abraded and attractive stone-gray surfaces. NGC ID# 24ZL, PCGS# 6970

- 4629 1872-S XF45 PCGS.** An unknown quantity of 1872-S dollars were melted in April 1873, making the issue even scarcer than its already-low mintage of 9,000 pieces would suggest. This example features bright, silver-gray surfaces with a pleasing amount of detail remaining. Marks are evenly scattered over each side. NGC ID# 24ZL, PCGS# 6970

**1872-S Seated Dollar, Original MS61
Low Mintage, Mint State Rarity**



- 4630 1872-S MS61 NGC.** The 1872-S Seated dollar is the last available S-mint issue in the series (no examples of the 1873-S are known to survive). As such, the 1872-S offers a special cachet beyond what the low mintage of 9,000 coins would indicate. Most examples were either melted or circulated extensively. This MS61 dollar is softly lustrous with semiprooflike reflectivity beneath golden-brown and powder-blue patina. Marks are minor overall, though we note a hair-thin line on the left (facing) wing. Census: 2 in 61, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24ZL, PCGS# 6970

PROOF SEATED DOLLARS

**1865 Seated Liberty Dollar, PR63
Elusive Cameo Example**



- 4631 1865 PR63 Cameo NGC. OC-P2.** *Ex: Hilt Collection.* The design elements of this attractive Select proof are sharply detailed throughout, and the mirrored fields contrast boldly with the frosty devices. Shades of pale gold toning blanket the surfaces of both sides and a few minor contact marks and hairlines do not seriously detract from the strong overall eye appeal. Census: 17 in 63 Cameo, 27 finer (10/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4855. NGC ID# 252K, PCGS# 87008

1867 Dollar, Sharp PR64



- 4632 1867 PR64 PCGS. OC-P1.** The scarcity of circulation-strike 1867 Seated dollars in high grade makes the proof variant attractive for date representation. This Choice example is fully struck and deeply reflective. A mottled pattern of milky-gray and cream-gold toning over each side masks a few scattered hairlines in the fields that limit the grade. Eye appeal is pleasing. Population: 63 in 64 (2 in 64+), 16 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 252N, PCGS# 7015

1867 Silver Dollar, PR64
Lovely Peripheral Toning
Modest Field-Device Contrast



- 4633 1867 PR64 PCGS.** Champagne interiors cede to sun-gold, violet, and blue peripheral toning on this Choice 1867 proof Seated dollar. The strike is razor-sharp, and each side displays modest cameo contrast undesignated on the old green label holder. A few light lines in the fields define the grade but pose little distraction. Seldom offered finer, with or without a Cameo designation. Population: 63 in 64 (2 in 64+), 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252N, PCGS# 7015

1867 Seated Liberty Dollar, PR64
Only 625 Examples Struck



- 4634 1867 PR64 PCGS. OC-P1, R.3.** Only 625 proof Seated Liberty dollars were struck in 1867, from a single pair of proof dies. All proofs show a diagnostic die line in the motto from the right top corner of N, down through the bottom of GOD. This well-detailed Choice specimen is blanketed on both sides in intense shades of sea-green, lavender-gray, and cerulean-blue toning. The reflective fields show few signs of contact. Population: 63 in 64 (2 in 64+), 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252N, PCGS# 7015

1867 PR63 Cameo Seated Dollar
Second Year of the With Motto Type



- 4635 1867 PR63 Cameo PCGS.** The 1867 is one of the more frequently seen proof Seated dollars, but only 600 proofs were struck. A relatively large percentage of surviving proofs show cameo contrast, making this date very popular with type collectors. This piece has remarkably bright, mirrored fields and the center of each side is almost brilliant while the margins show russet-brown patina. Fully defined in all areas. Population: 13 in 63 Cameo, 26 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252N, PCGS# 87015

- 4636 1868 PR60 ANACS. OC-P2.** Autumn-gold toning enriches the borders, along with occasional freckles of cobalt-blue patina. The eagle exhibits impressive cameo frost. The right obverse field is faintly hairlined, and the strike shows slight inexactness on the eagle's neck and the crest of the left (facing) wing. NGC ID# 252P, PCGS# 7016

1868 Seated Dollar, PR64
600 Pieces Struck



- 4637 1868 PR64 NGC. OC-P2.** The 1 and the second 8 in the date are repunched. An iridescently toned Choice specimen. The borders are ocean-blue, and the reverse field is apricot-gold. Well struck and undisturbed with exceptional eye appeal. Only 600 proofs were issued, and the mintage was shared with OC-P1, which shows a misplaced date on the obverse rim. NGC ID# 252P, PCGS# 7016

1869 Silver Dollar, PR63
Frosty Eagle and Liberty



- 4638 1869 PR63 PCGS. OC-P2.** Light peach-gold, lilac, and powder-blue toning visits the peripheries of this nicely struck specimen. The seated Liberty and eagle display substantial frost, although the circa-2000 PCGS holder lacks a Cameo designation. A few field hairlines near star 10, but nonetheless exemplary for the third-party grade. A scant 600 proofs were produced. NGC ID# 252R, PCGS# 7017

**1869 Silver Dollar, PR64
FS-301, RPD and MPD**



- 4639 1869 PR64 PCGS. CAC. FS-301, OC-2.** A repunched date and misplaced date variety. The base of the 1 is lightly repunched, and the top of a date digit emerges from the dentils below the 6. Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing believe only business strikes were coined from the die marriage, but the present lot is a Choice Proof with reflective fields and an intricate strike. The cobalt-blue and autumn-brown surfaces are unblemished. NGC ID# 252R, PCGS# 7017

- 4640 1870 PR61 PCGS. OC-P1.** Peach-gold patina endows the peripheries of this flashy and lightly hairlined proof silver type coin. The strike is good, but slightly shy of full. Moderate cameo contrast is apparent, although the coin is undesignated as such due to its old green label holder. NGC ID# 252S, PCGS# 7018

**1870 Seated Liberty Dollar, PR64
Intense Multicolor Toning**



- 4641 1870 PR64 PCGS. OC-P1.** From a relatively generous mintage of 1,000 pieces, the 1870 proof Seated Liberty dollar is one of the more available proof issues of the series. This impressive Choice example offers well-detailed design elements and reflective fields, under attractive shades of cerulean-blue and golden-brown toning. Population: 55 in 64, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252S, PCGS# 7018

**1871 Seated Dollar, PR62
Richly Toned With Motto Type Coin**



- 4642 1871 PR62 PCGS.** Since the With Motto Seated dollar series only lasted from 1866 to 1873, there is a limited range of possibilities for proof type coins. In 1871, there were 960 proof dollars struck and probably no more than 200 exist in all grades today. Rose-red, peach-gold, and sea-green shades visit this nicely struck and scarcer proof type coin. Liberty's legs and the right obverse field exhibit moderate marks, but the remainder of the coin is essentially unabraded. NGC ID# 252T, PCGS# 7019

1871 Silver Dollar, Brilliant PR63



- 4643 1871 PR63 PCGS. OC-P1.** A sharp, pleasing Select proof Seated dollar, showing brilliant surfaces that yield a hint of contrast on each side. Scattered hairlines in the fields limit the grade but are unnoticed by the naked eye. The 1871 is among the more plentiful With Motto proofs in the series, suitable for type collections. NGC ID# 252T, PCGS# 7019

**1871 Seated Dollar, Choice Proof
Exquisitely Toned**



- 4644 1871 PR64 PCGS. OC-P1, R.2.** A splendidly toned near-Gem. The margins exhibit cobalt-blue, lavender-red, and sun-gold shades. The fields display orange patina. Fully struck and nicely mirrored. Patient rotation reveals delicate hairlines on the right obverse field. A desirable representative of the proof mintage of 960 pieces. NGC ID# 252T, PCGS# 7019

- 4645 1873 PR61 PCGS. OC-P1, R.3.** OC-P1 is the sole proof marriage for this final-year date. Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing consider it a Top 30 variety, due to the die doubling on IN GOD WE TRUST. Aquamarine and mauve toning visits both sides but is more prominent on the obverse. The fields display delicate hairlines. Certified in a green label holder.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 252V, PCGS# 7021

- 4646 1873 PR61 PCGS. OC-P1, R.3.** Uniform almond-gold toning blankets this boldly struck and minimally marked specimen. Rotation beneath a light reveals hairlines consistent with the grade. Just 600 proofs were issued for the final year of the series. NGC ID# 252V, PCGS# 7021

TRADE DOLLARS

1873 Trade Dollar, MS65 Conditionally Rare Type Coin



- 4647 1873 MS65 PCGS.** The debut Trade dollar issue from the Philadelphia Mint is a rarity at the Gem grade level and exceedingly scarce any finer. Nonetheless, it is still the most collectible first-year issue of the series in this condition. This piece displays vivid sun-orange toning with lavender overlays near the borders. Liberty's head is a trifle soft, and the eagle's right (facing) talons are incomplete, but no other mentionable weakness is seen. Scattered minor abrasions are a trivial secondary consideration at this grade level. Population: 12 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16).
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 252W, PCGS# 7031

1873 Trade Dollar, MS65 Important First-Year Issue



- 4648 1873 MS65 PCGS.** The Trade dollar was issued in 1873 for the purpose of circulating in the foreign trade, primarily in the Orient. The standard silver dollar bearing Christian Gobrecht's Seated Liberty design circulated little domestically since before the Civil War and was primarily exported for trade, but it was a trifle lighter than comparable silver coins of other countries and suffered proportionately in popularity among Oriental merchants. The Trade dollar was about half of a gram heavier than the Seated dollar, and its silver weight (420 grains) was inscribed on the reverse. Although successful to some extent in foreign trade, the new dollars created a problem in domestic circulation and were discontinued five years later.

This attractive Gem example of the inaugural Philadelphia issue is a major condition rarity. The design elements are sharply detailed, and the well-preserved surfaces show much prooflike reflectivity under vivid shades of greenish-gold, bluish-gray, and magenta toning. Population: 12 in 65 (1 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252W, PCGS# 7031

1873-CC Trade Dollar, MS62 Seldom Encountered in Mint Condition



- 4649 1873-CC MS62 PCGS.** The mintage of 124,500 pieces seems adequate for the 1873-CC Trade dollar, maybe a bit on the low side. But collectors are well aware how difficult this issue is in mint condition. The reason undoubtedly lies in how the coins were distributed. The first 2,580 dollars were released to local depositors on July 23; then most of the remaining production run was exported to China for their intended purpose as Trade dollars. This is an attractive example with bright mint luster and just the slightest gray patina over each side. The strike is generally strong, but not complete in all areas. There are several abrasions located above the eagle's head, but otherwise the surfaces show only minor marks. Population: 20 in 62, 17 finer (11/16).
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 252X, PCGS# 7032

1873-CC Trade Dollar, AU58
Rare FS-301 Misplaced Date Variety



- 4650** 1873-CC Misplaced Date, FS-301, AU58 ANACS. The remnants of a 7 appear in the denticles below the date, centered between 8 and 7. *Cherrypickers'* calls this variety "very prominent," and we agree. This rose-gray Trade dollar is only lightly circulated, showing some diagonal planchet striations in the lower-left quadrant of the obverse. The strike is quite soft on the upper obverse at the topmost stars and the head of Liberty, as well as on the reverse on portions of the top and bottom peripheries.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. PCGS# 145814 Base PCGS# 7032

- 4651** 1873-S MS62 PCGS. An elusive issue in all Mint State grades, and this example displays brilliant silver surfaces with sharp design motifs and reflective, nearly prooflike, fields. Both sides exhibit the usual quota of trivial marks that are expected for the grade. Population: 29 in 62, 63 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252Y, PCGS# 7033

1874 Trade Dollar
Lustrous and Frosty Near-Gem



- 4652** 1874 MS64 PCGS. CAC. No period after FINE. 1874-dated Trade dollars from all three mints come with and without a period after FINE, for no known reason. This frosty example is lustrous and lightly toned with a nice strike and only a few delicate field grazes on each side. Most pieces were exported to Asia, and Uncirculated examples are very scarce. This near-Gem example is CAC-endorsed. Population: 30 in 64, 8 finer. CAC: 7 in 64, 4 finer (11/16).
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 785.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 252Z, PCGS# 7034

1874-CC Trade Dollar, MS62
Eye-Appealing for the Grade



- 4653** 1874-CC MS62 PCGS. Tall CC, with period after FINE. Only six issues comprise the Carson City short set of Trade dollars, none of which are out of reach for most collectors, at least in low grades. Here is an opportunity to acquire a nice Mint State coin for the collection. This 1874-CC dollar is sharply struck everywhere except on the eagle's right (facing) talons, and frosty luster engulfs each side with a hint of light golden toning. Scattered abrasions determine the grade, but none are individually bothersome. NGC ID# 2532, PCGS# 7035

- 4654** 1874-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. Large S. Period after FINE. A lightly toned and highly lustrous type representative. Surprisingly free from abrasions for the Select level. A loupe reveals scattered minute strike-throughs (as made), most apparent near Liberty's waist and the lower right obverse field. Very scarce with a CAC green seal. CAC: 9 in 63, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2533, PCGS# 7036

1874-S Trade Dollar, MS64
Lovely Golden-Violet Patina



- 4655** 1874-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. Breen-5785. Type One Obverse and Reverse. A scarce variety with a Large S mintmark and a period after FINE. Radiant mint luster illuminates surfaces that exhibit attractive golden-violet patination and reddish-orange accents on each side. Although the issue is known for a sometimes problematic strike, the devices appear sharply detailed save for minor softness on Liberty's head and the eagle's claws. A handful of lightly scattered marks do not diminish the appeal. Population: 26 in 64 (1 in 64+), 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: David Lawrence Rare Coins (2/2010); The Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98617.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2533, PCGS# 7036

- 4656 1875-S Type One Reverse MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Large S. Light to medium steel-gray toning complements this brilliant type coin. Well-preserved aside from a slender abrasion near the U in UNITED and a few light marks on the left obverse field and Liberty's raised forearm. The strike is bold except on the right claw. Thickly frosted and certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 510101 Base PCGS# 7039

**1875-S Trade Dollar, MS65
Lustrous and Well-Preserved**



- 4657 1875-S Type One Reverse MS65 PCGS.** Large S mintmark. The 1875-S is a favorite type-coin issue and is available through MS64. Gems are scarce but are well worth the effort to locate. Any Trade dollar in such fine condition is elusive and usually far more beautiful than the bulk of MS64 examples. This piece showcases vibrant luster and immediately apparent Gem-quality preservation of the fields. Some strike weakness on Liberty's head and the eagle's right (facing) talons is typical of the type in general but is less obvious on this piece than it is on many lower-grade examples. This is a coin that will stand out in a Trade dollar collection or a silver dollar type set. Population (all varieties included): 32 in 65 (1 in 65+), 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 510101 Base PCGS# 7039

**1875-S Trade Dollar, Vibrant Gem
Rare Type Two Reverse**



- 4658 1875-S Type Two Reverse MS65 NGC.** Large S. This plentiful San Francisco issue becomes conditionally scarce at the Gem grade level, and such coins are highly popular for type representation. This piece is beautifully preserved, with frosty luster and clean fields. Subtle russet and amber-olive hues accent a touch of champagne toning over each side. The reverse is incompletely struck and displays prominent mint-made vertical roller marks. Examples with the Type Two Reverse are significantly rarer than their Type One counterparts. Census: 35 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 510102 Base PCGS# 7039

- 4659 1875-S/CC FS-501 AU55 NGC.** Type One Reverse. Large S. A partly lustrous straw-gold and stone-gray example. Marks are chiefly absent but we note a vertical retained lamination through star 9. The very late die state of FS-501 with distinctive die cracks throughout the reverse periphery. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 145813 Base PCGS# 7040

**1876 Trade Dollar, MS64+
Attractively Toned**



- 4660 1876 Type One Obverse, Type One Reverse, MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** A study of our archives by Mark Borckardt, Heritage Senior Numismatist, reveals the Type One Obverse paired with the Type One Reverse on the 1876 issue occurs about half as often as the Type One obverse matched with the Type Two reverse. The current coin has no period after FINE. In lesser grades, the 1876 Trade dollar is one of the more easily obtainable issues, but it quickly becomes rare at the Gem grade level. This MS64+ example displays complementary hues of blue, turquoise, and amber beneath soft champagne toning overall, with semiprooflike underlying fields. A lustrous, sharply struck type representative. Population: 6 in 64+, 32 finer. CAC: 14 in 64, 8 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2014), lot 4601.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2539, PCGS# 40110 Base PCGS# 7041

- 4661 1876 Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse, MS63 PCGS.** Satin luster accompanies deep layers of gunmetal, russet, and lavender toning. The design elements are well-detailed, and the surfaces show only minor signs of contact. A popular Centennial-year type coin. NGC ID# 2539, PCGS# 40111 Base PCGS# 7041

**1876-CC Trade Dollar, MS61
Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801
Rare in Mint State**



- 4662 1876-CC Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS61 NGC. VP-001.** Tall CC. Type One Obverse and Reverse. This doubled die variety has long been pursued by Trade dollar specialists. Although the first hubbing was relatively light, the spread between hubbings is dramatic. The pick-up point is the branch above FINE. Strong doubling exists on the branches, the eagle, E PLURIBUS UNUM, and the legends. Scarce in Mint State, this is among the nicest known examples. The devices and legends shimmer with luster, and the borders display the ocean-blue and plum-red shades. Close inspection beneath a loupe locates only minor marks on the partially prooflike fields, mostly near the left scroll end and at 900. Census: 5 in 61, 3 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 2180; *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 3978.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253A, PCGS# 145815 Base PCGS# 7042

**1876-S Trade Dollar, MS64
Lightly Toned and Lustrous**



- 4663 1876-S Type One Obverse, Type One Reverse, MS64 PCGS.** With a period after FINE, as usual. This near-Gem 1876-S Trade dollar displays a bold strike and frosty mint luster with occasional light marks. Hints of multicolor toning appear around the outer rims, leaving the interiors with a light golden glow. PCGS has seen only seven numerically finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 4EMM, PCGS# 40114 Base PCGS# 7043

**1876-S Trade Dollar, MS64+
Dappled Iridescent Toning**



- 4664 1876-S Type One Obverse, Type One Reverse, MS64+ PCGS.** Large S. Lightly dappled chestnut-gold, plum-mauve, and aquamarine toning graces the obverse. The reverse is brilliant aside from peripheral butter-gold patina. A lustrous, Choice type coin with a nice strike and no more than the expected number of wispy field grazes. The eye appeal alone is worthy of the PCGS Plus designation. Population: Few pieces are finer. 3 in 64+, 7 finer (11/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 4682.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 4EMM, PCGS# 40114 Base PCGS# 7043

**1876-S Trade Dollar, MS64
Lightly Toned, Frosty Luster**



- 4665 1876-S Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse, MS64 NGC.** CAC. Minute S. The end of the scroll points left on the obverse, while on the reverse there is no berry under the eagle's claw. Lustrous surfaces exhibit light, creamy-gold toning. Well struck, save for the usual softness on the upper obverse and on the eagle's left (facing) leg and wing. A few light peripheral cracks are visible, but this is a frosty, nicely preserved coin. NGC has seen 22 numerically finer examples (11/16).
Ex: Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 2431.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253B, PCGS# 40115 Base PCGS# 7043

- 4666 1877 MS63 PCGS. CAC.** This Select Trade dollar displays intermingled shades of champagne-gold and lavender toning over deeply reflective prooflike surfaces. The design elements are well-detailed and no mentionable distractions are noted.
Ex: Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 3547. NGC ID# 253C, PCGS# 7044

1877-CC Trade Dollar, Deeply Toned AU58



- 4667 1877-CC AU58 PCGS.** Deep, variegated aqua-green and lavender toning dominates both sides of this near-Mint State Trade dollar, accented with whispers of reddish-brown around the borders. The design elements are well-impressed, and just a few unobtrusive minute marks associated with brief circulation are noted. The 1877-CC is a scarce issue, with fewer than 400 submissions seen by PCGS and NGC. Many of the 534,000 pieces minted must have been melted either at the Mint or in the course of Oriental trade. Population: 26 in 58, 88 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253D, PCGS# 7045

**1877-CC Trade Dollar, MS63
Nevada Condition Rarity**



- 4668 1877-CC MS63 PCGS. Breen-5817.** The base of the 1 in the date is repunched. Numerous die cracks occur around each side of this Select Carson City Trade dollar, one of 534,000 examples struck at that facility in 1877. About 400 pieces are believed extant, only a quarter of them in mint condition. Most Uncirculated survivors grade in the MS62 to MS63 range, and finer representatives are very rare. Light golden toning encircles the brilliant obverse. The other side features a veil of dusky antique patina. The motifs display a good impression. A tick on Liberty's visage merits mention. Population: 34 in 63 (2 in 63+), 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253D, PCGS# 7045

- 4669 1877-S Doubled Die Reverse, FS-802, MS63 NGC.** Large S. The reverse legends are die doubled, most prominently on 420 GRAINS and TRADE. This sharply struck example offers booming luster and light to medium wheat-gold and aquamarine toning. The fields display scattered minor contact. The Trade dollar series has many interesting doubled die varieties, and the majority are unlisted.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 145810 Base PCGS# 7046

1878-CC Trade Dollar, VF35
Challenging Issue in Any Grade



- 4670** 1878-CC VF35 NGC. With a mintage of only 97,000 pieces, the 1878-CC is the final Carson City issue in the Trade dollar series. This Choice VF example is ideal for a midgrade collection. Wear is light and even, and the problem-free surfaces yield warm golden-gray patina. Census: 8 in 35, 67 finer (11/16).
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7047

1878-CC Trade Dollar, AU55
Key to the Circulation Strike Series



- 4671** 1878-CC AU55 PCGS. CAC. A significant number of 1878-CC Trade dollars were melted before they left government control, and today even About Uncirculated coins are very scarce. Finer examples are borderline rare. This Choice AU piece retains its appeal despite a degree of light wear across the high points and into the fields. Gunmetal-gray toning with traces of golden mint luster covers both sides. The smooth fields are free of all but a few tiny, well-scattered marks. CAC endorsed. Population: 11 in 55, 47 finer. CAC: 2 in 55, 9 finer (11/16).
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7047

1878-S Trade Dollar, MS64
Minor Tripled Die Obverse



- 4672** 1878-S — Tripled Die Obverse — MS64 PCGS. Noted by PCGS to have die doubling on the obverse, though the signs are subtle. Some minor doubling is also noted on the reverse lettering, though the variety is not listed in the *Cherrypickers'* reference. This piece displays brilliant, radiant centers with thin rings of golden-orange and aquamarine toning around the periphery. The strike is well-executed, and the surfaces are only minimally abraded for the grade.
Ex: Houston Money Show (Heritage, 12/2014), lot 4221.
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253G, PCGS# 7048

PROOF TRADE DOLLARS

1873 Trade Dollar, PR63
Richly Toned



- 4673** 1873 PR63 PCGS. The iridescent aquamarine reverse field cedes to lightly frosted legends and devices. The obverse offers peripheral lemon, rose, and sky-blue toning. This scarce first-year specimen is nicely struck, since incompleteness is only apparent on the eagle's right (facing) leg. Faint criss-cross lines near Liberty's waist were likely on the planchet preceding the strike. Population: 52 in 63 (1 in 63+), 37 finer (10/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2006), lot 1145. NGC ID# 27YJ, PCGS# 7053

1873 Trade Dollar, PR63 Cameo
Scarce With Field-Device Contrast



- 4674** 1873 PR63 Cameo PCGS. The inaugural Trade dollar proof is scarce with Cameo contrast. This Select example displays a full strike on the obverse but is slightly weak on the eagle's right (facing) talons. The fields are deeply mirrored and show minimal hairlines for the grade. A warm golden hue adds to the eye appeal. This obverse shows heavy horizontal die lines in Liberty's lower gown. Population: 19 in 63 (1 in 63+) Cameo, 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YJ, PCGS# 87053

**1873 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Popular First-Year Proof Issue**



- 4675 1873 PR64 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** This gold-toned, near-Gem Cameo proof displays the Patched Letters Reverse, unique to the first-year Trade dollar proofs. The tops of the E in STATES and the F in OF are patched. Two thin, parallel die scratches beneath the branch stem curve through the lowest arrow, through 00 of 900, terminating between A and R of DOLLAR. A prominent die scratch on the obverse extends from the bottom-left cotton bale through the gown, disappearing into the waves above Liberty's ankle. Weakness at the right (facing) talon is characteristic of the reverse die, although the balance of this contrasted, glassy-mirrored proof is sharp. Population: 30 in 64, 7 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). *From The Sounder Collection, Part II.* NGC ID# 27YJ, PCGS# 87053

- 4676 1874 PR62 Cameo PCGS.** A scarce Cameo example of this early proof Trade dollar, showing stark contrast and a hint of light golden toning. Strike weakness on the eagle's right (facing) talons is not unusual. Both sides display grade-consistent hairlines in the fields. Population: 14 in 62 Cameo, 44 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YK, PCGS# 87054

- 4677 1875 PR62 PCGS.** Type One Reverse. Lightly and evenly frosted devices rise above untoned and faintly hairlined fields. The strike is bold except on the eagle's right (facing) claw. A scant 700 proofs were issued. NGC ID# 27YL, PCGS# 7055

**1875 Trade Dollar, PR63 Cameo
Attractive Peripheral Patina**



- 4678 1875 PR63 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Type One Reverse with a berry below the claw, moderately scarcer than the Type Two Reverse (no berry below the claw) for the proof date. A beautifully toned specimen with peach-gold, cherry-red, cobalt-blue, and apple-green margins. The major devices are luminous, and contrast with the mirrored fields. The strike is good except on the eagle's right (facing) leg. Population: 23 in 63 Cameo, 32 finer. CAC: 8 in 63, 13 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27YL, PCGS# 87055

**1876 Trade Dollar, Toned PR64
Deeply Mirrored and Attractive**



- 4679 1876 PR64 NGC.** Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse. A golden-toned, reflective example of this Centennial-year proof Trade dollar issue. Proof sales in 1876 experienced a modest spike from the previous year up to 1,150 pieces, as the Centennial International Exposition was held in Philadelphia that year and many attendees made time to tour the Mint building and acquire souvenirs. This near-Gem shows a bold strike and has an interesting Mint strike-through from the ribbon end through WE in the motto. There are no significant post-Mint imperfections. Census: 45 in 64 (1 in 64+), 21 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YM, PCGS# 7056

**1876 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Frosty Devices, Excellent Contrast**



- 4680 1876 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Scarce Type Two Obverse and Reverse combination. This Choice Cameo displays frosty, well-struck design elements and deeply mirrored fields. Barely perceptible champagne toning appears over each side. Finer Cameos are rarely seen. Population: 25 in 64 Cameo, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YM, PCGS# 87056

**1876 Trade Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Nicely Toned Gem With Contrast**



- 4681 1876 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** Type One Obverse. Type Two Reverse. The flashy fields and icy motifs are generally brilliant, but the obverse margin displays attractive peach-gold patina, and the reverse exhibits blushes of steel-gray near the eagle's neck and left (facing) wingtip. A couple of lint marks (as coined) near star 3 and above Liberty's head provide further identifiers. A well-struck Gem. The proof mintage of 1,150 pieces was higher than the prior three years of the type, due to sales of proof sets at the Mint booth of the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia. Population: 10 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27YM, PCGS# 87056

1876 Trade Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse
Transitional Variety



- 4682 1876 PR65 Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC.** Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse. A transitional variety with the obverse used from 1873 to 1876 and the reverse used from 1876 to 1885. An attractively contrasted specimen with untuned centers and arcs of burnt-orange, cobalt-blue, and violet toning partially framing each side. The obverse displays excellent sharpness throughout, while a touch of softness is noted on the more stressful points (left wingtip, leg feathers, and talons) of the eagle. While receiving less fanfare than the proof-only issues, the 1876 is actually scarcer in such an outstanding grade. Population: 10 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 4 finer. CAC: 8 in 65, 1 finer (11/16).
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YM, PCGS# 87056

1877 Trade Dollar, PR63 Cameo
Excellent Contrast



- 4683 1877 PR63 Cameo PCGS.** A scarce Cameo proof, showing excellent field-device contrast and sharp design elements. The fields are deeply reflective, and grade-limiting hairlines fail to impact the unaided eye. Neither side is toned. Most Cameo-designated 1877 proofs reside in PR63 or PR64, with fewer finer or lesser examples. Population: 19 in 63 Cameo, 31 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YN, PCGS# 87057

1878 Trade Dollar, PR63 Cameo
Proof-Only Philadelphia Issue



- 4684 1878 PR63 Cameo PCGS.** Dusky gold patina graces the surfaces of this Select Cameo proof, one of 900 Trade dollars struck at the Philadelphia Mint in 1878 (all in proof format). Each side maintains considerable field-device contrast despite the light toning. Moderate marks account for the grade. Population: 39 in 63 (1 in 63+) Cameo, 43 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YP, PCGS# 87058

1878 Trade Dollar, PR64
Elusive Cameo Example



- 4685 1878 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Although some business strikes were struck at the branch mints, production of Trade dollars at the Philadelphia Mint was limited to 900 proof examples. This attractive Choice specimen displays frosty design elements, with razor-sharp definition, that contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields. The surfaces show a few minor contact marks and hairlines, under pleasing shades of pale gold toning. Population: 29 in 64 Cameo, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YP, PCGS# 87058

1878 Trade Dollar, Spectacular PR65+ Cameo
Rainbow Toned Proof-Only Issue



- 4686 1878 PR65+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** Although regular issue Trade dollars were produced by the Carson City and San Francisco Mints in 1878, the Philadelphia Mint struck only proofs. A mere 900 pieces were issued, and the present coin is one of the better examples extant. Magnificent rainbow toning envelops the surfaces with violet, blue, red, and green toning on both sides with a circular window of pale russet on the obverse and lemon-yellow shades around the Liberty's portrait.

The sharply struck devices display delightful cameo contrast against the watery fields, which is duly recognized by the Cameo designation as well as the Plus designation (the sole 1878 Cameo proof at this level to be so-honored). This well-preserved, high-end Gem has great eye appeal and would make a wonderful addition to any proof or Trade dollar collection. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 11 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 3 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YP, PCGS# 87058

1879 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Attractive Proof-Only Issue



- 4687 1879 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** A robust 1879 mintage of 1,541 proofs was struck in anticipation of strong collector demand, which never fully materialized as the controversial Trade dollars were phased out in favor of the new Morgan silver dollars. Only proofs were made for Trade dollars through 1885, although the rare 1884 and 1885 representatives were not official Mint issues. This contrasted near-Gem proof displays a ring of blue and gold border toning surrounding faintly toned silver centers. A few delicate field lines do not impair the sharply struck central devices or the nicely mirrored fields. Population: 53 in 64 (2 in 64+) Cameo, 36 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27YR, PCGS# 87059

1879 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Popular Proof-Only Date



- 4688 1879 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** The 1879 Trade dollar claims a generous proof-only mintage of 1,541 pieces. This impressive Choice specimen exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the deeply reflective fields contrast profoundly with the frosty devices to create an intense cameo effect. The well-preserved surfaces show subtle highlights of pale gold toning. Population: 53 in 64 (2 in 64+) Cameo, 37 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YR, PCGS# 87059
- 4689 1880 PR62 PCGS.** This brilliant proof is fully struck and brilliant, showing modest field-device contrast on each side. Hairlines in the fields appear beneath a loupe, limiting the grade but posing minimal distraction. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 7060

1880 Trade Dollar, PR63
Old Green Label Holder, Nice Contrast



- 4690 1880 PR63 PCGS. CAC.** Considerable contrast exists between the frosted devices and glassy-mirrored fields of this brilliant Select proof. Housed in an old green label holder with CAC endorsement, the gleaming surfaces display only a few delicate lines and a pair of inconsequential lint marks to interrupt the smooth and attractive fields. The strike is sharp both centrally and on the peripheral elements. A proof-only issue, essential for both grade and proof collectors of the series.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 7060

1880 Trade Dollar, PR64
Delightful Toning



- 4691 1880 PR64 PCGS. CAC.** Here is an appealing, near-Gem proof Trade dollar type coin, showing mirrored fields bathed in splashes of ocean-blue, lavender, and champagne toning. The strike is full, and there are no major marks. The 1880 proof Trade dollar boasts a substantial mintage of 1,987 pieces, the highest proof coinage of the series. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 7060

1880 Trade Dollar, Brilliant PR64 Cameo



- 4692 1880 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Brilliant surfaces allow for the full appreciation of bold Cameo contrast on each side. A few wispy contact marks in the fields define the grade but fail to affect the excellent eye appeal of this deeply reflective Choice proof. Only 1,987 Trade dollar specimens were manufactured for collectors in 1880. No circulation strikes were made, putting strong pressure on all surviving proofs. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 87060

1880 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Important Die Doubled Reverse



- 4693 1880 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** This Choice Cameo proof has exquisite, untuned silver surfaces with excellent contrast between the mirrored fields and the lustrous devices. Slight peripheral weakness is evident at the right side of the obverse. Close examination shows that the bottoms of 420 GRAINS, 900 FINE are minutely doubled, with additional doubling inside the tops of TRADE DOLLAR. We are unaware of similar doubling described for 1880 proof Trade dollars, although similar reverse doubling has been reported for 1881 and 1882 proof Trade dollars. Here is an important coin for further research. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 87060

1880 Trade Dollar, PR64+ Cameo
Proof-Only Issue



- 4694 1880 PR64+ Cameo PCGS.** Speculator demand for this proof-only issue resulted in a generous mintage of 1,987 proof Trade dollars in 1880. This Plus-graded Choice example displays sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields that contrast boldly with the frosty devices. A few minor hairlines can be detected under attractive hints of pale gold patina. Population: 66 in 64 (6 in 64+) Cameo, 50 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 87060

1880 Trade Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Thickly Frosted Motifs



- 4695 1880 PR65 Cameo PCGS Secure.** Gold and blue patina at the rims lightens to mainly brilliant centers, allowing for the frosted devices to stand out starkly against reflective fields. Each side is carefully preserved with only minor, wispy marks. The 1880 is the second in a series of proof-only dates with which the set concludes. Output totaled 1,987 specimens. Population: 26 in 65 (1 in 65+) Cameo, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 87060

1881 Trade Dollar, PR64
Gold CAC Sticker



- 4696 1881 PR64 NGC. Gold CAC.** Trade dollars had not been struck for circulation since 1878, but the Mint continued to manufacture proofs for numismatic purposes in 1881. That year, 960 specimens were produced. Violet and blue tones coalesce over flashy, reflective fields. Fully struck and inarguably high-end for the Choice assessment. Housed in a prior generation holder with a Gold CAC sticker. NGC shows 64 finer submissions. Gold CAC: 7 in 64, 16 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27YT, PCGS# 7061

1881 Trade Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Attractive, Well-Matched Patina on Each Side



- 4697 1881 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** The 1881 is a collector-favorite. It is a proof-only issue with a mintage limited to only 1,987 pieces. This sharply struck Gem Cameo example represents an especially good value for the Trade dollar collector since PCGS has certified only a dozen finer proofs with Cameo contrast. It is one of the few examples for the grade that carry CAC endorsement as well. The fields are deeply reflective and each side displays nearly identical toning patterns — rose-gold centers surrounded by light-blue margins. The devices are noticeably frosted and present strong contrast against the deeply mirrored fields. Population: 28 in 65 Cameo, 12 finer. CAC: 6 in 65, 7 finer (11/16). *From The Sounder Collection, Part II.* NGC ID# 27YT, PCGS# 87061

**1882 Trade Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Uniformly Toned, Yet Contrasted**



- 4698 1882 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Though deeply toned, this attractive near-Gem is undoubtedly a Cameo thanks to the stand-out frost across the central devices, which are lighter in color than their surrounding fields. Deep blue-green and lavender toning covers most of each side. The obverse is attractive for the grade, though the reverse has a thin scratch that passes from the eagle's head through the left (facing) wing. Population: 51 in 64 (4 in 64+) Cameo, 20 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2010), lot 4418. NGC ID# 27YU, PCGS# 87062

- 4699 1883 PR61 NGC.** As it had for the past three years, the Philadelphia Mint limited Trade dollar production to proofs in 1883. A total of 979 specimens were struck. This brilliant example displays partial field-device contrast, areas of dusky patina, and scattered, wispy marks throughout. NGC ID# 5DP8, PCGS# 7063

**1883 Trade Dollar, PR64
Attractive Toning**



- 4700 1883 PR64 NGC.** The year 1883 marked the final official coinage of the Trade dollar, although pieces dated 1884 and 1885 would surface in later years. This Choice 1883 proof displays a sharp strike with an attractive combination of mirrored fields and satiny devices. Lavender-gray and sun-orange hues dominate the interiors, ceding to vivid blue around the peripheries. NGC ID# 5DP8, PCGS# 7063

**1883 Trade Dollar, PR64+ Cameo
Final-Year Proof Type Coin**



- 4701 1883 PR64+ Cameo PCGS.** The 1883 is among the more plentiful Trade dollar proofs with Cameo surfaces, ideal for type representation. This high-end Choice example displays a bold strike accentuated by softly frosted design elements. The mirrored fields glimmer beneath a hint of light golden toning. Population: 38 in 64 (5 in 64+) Cameo, 35 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YV, PCGS# 87063

End of Session Two



SESSION THREE

MERCURY DIMES

- 4702** 1916-D Fine 12 NGC. Natural light silver surfaces characterize this important key-date Mercury dime. Both sides exhibit scattered handling marks consistent with the grade. Hints of pale gold toning cling to the borders, with dark steel toning around the devices.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906
- 4703** 1916-D — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. Most survivors of this key date are in Fair to Fine grades, but the present example displays nearly complete vertical lines in the fascies, and the top of the wing is well defined. The lavender-brown and sea-green surfaces are lightly hairlined, and we note a rim mark near the T in LIBERTY.

1916-D Mercury Dime, VF30 Collector-Grade Example



- 4704** 1916-D VF30 PCGS. Midgrade 1916-D Mercury dimes are in high demand among collectors who seek more detail than the typical low-end coin offers but cannot afford to stretch for a Mint State example. This higher-end VF representative displays original battleship-gray patina with hints of gold throughout. Wear is even and consistent with the grade. A mark on the D in DIME is the only mentionable abrasion. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906

1916-D Mercury Dime, AU Details Pleasing Silver-Gray Color Remains



- 4705** 1916-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Any cleaning is not readily apparent since the lightly toned surfaces retain their original patina with traces and rose-gold and silver luster still present. Two marks on Liberty's jawline are the sole mentionable abrasions. The 1916-D is in demand regardless of condition or grade. This lot is sure to garner interest despite the lack of a numeric grade. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906

1916-D Dime, AU58 Full Bands Attractively Toned Series Key Issue



- 4706** 1916-D AU58 Full Bands PCGS Secure. CAC. A pressing need for Barber quarters prevented the Denver Mint from striking more than a scant mintage of Mercury dimes in 1916. Thanks to an earlier and more-plentiful Philadelphia mintage, the Denver production of 264,000 pieces was released without fanfare — well after the novelty of the new Winged Liberty design had subsided. As a result, the 1916-D sits alone as the unquestioned key issue for the series.

This attractive example displays original steel-gray toning with underlying blue and gold accents. Faint rub on the fascies and on Liberty's winged cap accounts for the borderline Mint State grade. The coin is ideal for a high-grade circulated set, and it fits equally well into a Mint State collection. A few tiny ticks do not distract from the smooth and attractive surfaces that glow with soft mint luster. CAC endorsement adds to the appeal. Current population data shows just two AU58 examples have received the Plus designation by PCGS (10/16). NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4907

**1916-S Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands
First-Year Branch Mint Type Coin**



- 4707** 1916-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. This conditionally rare Superb Gem ranks among the finest Full Bands 1916-S Mercury dimes known. The lower diagonal band and the bottom of the E in ONE show the only mentionable strike weakness. Frosty luster is mostly untuned but tinges of russet and gold appear near the borders. Population: 25 in 67 Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GZ, PCGS# 4909

**1916-S Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands
Among the Finest Known**



- 4708** 1916-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. The 1916-S Mercury dime is significantly rarer in Superb Gem condition than its Philadelphia counterpart. This top-grade Full Bands example displays vibrant, champagne-tinted luster with flecks of russet toning on each side. The lower diagonal fasces band is weak, but the horizontal bands are split. There are no mentionable abrasions. Population: 25 in 67 Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GZ, PCGS# 4909

**1916-S Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands
Distinctly Original Patina**



- 4709** 1916-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. Flecks of olive-gray and deep umber toning adorn this otherwise lightly patinated 1916-S, which is remarkable for both its technical quality and its uniquely original surfaces. The strike is extremely sharp for this San Francisco issue — unlike most, the centers are bold and the bands are split and rounded. No examples are numerically finer at either service, the quality confirmed by CAC endorsement. Population: 24 in 67 Full Bands, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23GZ, PCGS# 4909

**1917 Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands
Registry Set Contender**



- 4710** 1917 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. The obverse of this delightful Superb Gem is fully brilliant, but the reverse shows highlights of bluish-gray, lime-green, and amber patina. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout, with Full Bands definition on the fasces, and the impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster. Population: 29 in 67 (4 in 67+) Full Bands, 0 finer. CAC: 10 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23H2, PCGS# 4911

**1917-D Dime, MS65 Full Bands
Lightly Toned**



- 4711** 1917-D MS65 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. Long overshadowed by the 1916-D, the 1917-D is scarce in high grades and especially so with Full Bands detail. This is an original coin with light gray, green, and golden toning over each side. The underlying mint luster pops through the patina. Fully detailed throughout with no noticeable abrasions. Population: 43 in 65 Full Bands, 14 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23H3, PCGS# 4913

- 4712** 1919 MS66 Full Bands PCGS. Thin streaks of champagne-gold patina traverse the mostly brilliant obverse. The reverse is entirely toned in mixed rainbow hues, giving this Premium Gem phenomenal visual quality. Central detail is needle-sharp on each side, though the outer elements display faint softness. Strike doubling appears on the portrait and date. Population: 89 in 66 (6 in 66+) Full Bands, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23H8, PCGS# 4923

**1919 Dime, MS67 Full Bands
Magnificent Eye Appeal**



- 4713 1919 MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** The 1919 Mercury dime sports a generous mintage approaching 36 million pieces. Full Bands specimens are not all that difficult to locate, but those in Superb Gem are unquestionably rare. PCGS and NGC combined report just 18 submissions in MS67 Full Bands and none finer. Silvery surfaces emit bright luster and have been impeccably preserved. Fullness in strike transcends the middle bands. This coin yields truly magnificent eye appeal. Population: 16 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23H8, PCGS# 4923

**1919-D Dime, MS64 Full Bands
Strike Rarity**



- 4714 1919-D MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** The 1919-D is among the most challenging issues in the Mercury dime series in Full Bands. This Choice example displays gold-tinted luster and impressively sharp definition. Faint grazes on Liberty's cheek are all that limit the grade. PCGS has seen only 22 numerically finer Full Bands representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 23H9, PCGS# 4925

- 4715 1919-S MS66 PCGS.** This spectacular Premium Gem displays vibrant mint luster and well-detailed design elements, with a deeply reflective area of die polish at Mercury's nose. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 26 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5LLM, PCGS# 4926

**1920 Mercury Dime, MS66
Sharply Detailed Full Bands Example**



- 4716 1920 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** Despite the mintage of 59 million pieces, the 1920 Mercury dime is seldom encountered in grades above the MS66 level. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements, with Full Bands definition on the fasces, and well-preserved lustrous surfaces, under attractive shades of greenish-gold toning. PCGS has graded 29 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 23HB, PCGS# 4929

- 4717 1920-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** It was a dark and stormy night. A pirate ship appeared over the horizon. The king lived in splendor and plenty while the people starved. Nice coin.
Or, as another cataloger wrote with less literary flourish:
Most collectors clamor for Full Bands pieces, leaving the rare high-end non-Full Bands examples of the 1920-D Mercury dime somewhat underrated. This CAC-approved Premium Gem displays brilliant, satiny mint luster and well-preserved surfaces. Weakness on the central reverse is not unusual for the issue. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HC, PCGS# 4930

- 4718 1920-S MS66 PCGS.** The bands are nearly fully separated, barely preventing a formal designation. No matter, for this Premium Gem ranks among the finest 1920-S dimes in terms of its technical preservation. Each side is minimally toned with coruscating mint frost. Population: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HD, PCGS# 4932

**1920-S Dime, MS66 Full Bands
Tied for Finest at NGC**



- 4719 1920-S MS66 Full Bands NGC.** In Full Bands, the 1920-S is a scarce issue above MS64. This Premium Gem rarity is tied with five others as the finest at NGC (11/16). The strike is fully rendered, and the dies show satiny luster with finely textured fields that still have die finishing lines visible. The surfaces are essentially untuned and devoid of mentionable abrasions. A Registry-grade condition rarity. NGC ID# 23HD, PCGS# 4933

**1921-D Dime, MS65 Full Bands
Few Available This Fine**



- 4720 1921-D MS65 Full Bands PCGS.** A sharply struck Gem example of this key Denver issue, showing satin luster beneath dappled olive-gold and aquamarine toning. Full Bands examples of this date are seldom seen in MS65 and rarely finer. With a mintage of barely more than 1 million coins, the 1921-D is the scarcest regular issue in the series after the 1916-D. Population: 68 in 65 (1 in 65+) Full Bands, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HE, PCGS# 4937

**1924-S Dime, MS65 Full Bands
Major Strike Rarity**



4721 1924-S MS65 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS CoinFacts ranks the 1924-S as the second-rarest issue in the Mercury dime series with Full Bands behind the 1919-D. A mintage of slightly more than 7.1 million coins apparently had little effect on assuring the availability of the 1924-S in high grades, with or without a Full Bands designation. All Gems are rare, and finer coins are virtually unheard of. Champagne-gold toning encircles brilliant, thickly frosted centers, where the strike is needle-sharp. Detail softens ever so slightly around the borders. Magnification reveals a few microscopic specks on the fasces. Population: 19 in 65 (1 in 65+) Full Bands, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HL, PCGS# 4947

**1926-D Dime, MS66 Full Bands
Prohibitive in Finer Grade**



4722 1926-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS. Full Bands examples from this Denver emission are very scarce but obtainable in this high grade, while finer representatives are prohibitively rare. The legends are a touch incomplete, while the centers are sharply detailed. Small ticks are well-concealed within the design elements. Brilliant and satiny. Population: 50 in 66 (9 in 66+) Full Bands, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HS, PCGS# 4957

**1926-D Dime, MS66+ Full Bands
Fully Struck Throughout**



4723 1926-D MS66+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC. Premium Gem-quality Full Bands examples of the 1926-D Mercury dime are scarce, and finer pieces are rare. This Plus-graded CAC coin displays completely defined relief elements and satiny, champagne-tinted mint luster. There are no mentionable abrasions, and eye appeal is excellent. Population: 50 in 66 (9 in 66+) Full Bands, 5 finer. CAC: 15 in 66, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23HS, PCGS# 4957

**1927-S Mercury Dime, MS65 Full Bands
Noted Strike Rarity in the Series**



4724 1927-S MS65 Full Bands PCGS. The 1927-S is rare with Full Bands, making this Gem example in great demand as part of a high-grade set. The "Achilles heel" for the issue are the central bands on the fasces, but they are distinct and sharply defined on this coin. Gleaming silver luster dominates a few faint glimpses of golden-gray toning on the frosty surfaces. Interesting die clashing frames the obverse portrait. Population: 34 in 65 Full Bands, 23 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23HW, PCGS# 4965

4725 1929-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. A delightful Superb Gem, with sharply detailed design elements, including Full Bands definition on the fasces. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with terrific eye appeal. Population: 48 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23J4, PCGS# 4977

**1930 Mercury Dime, MS67 Full Bands
Virtually Unobtainable Any Finer**



4726 1930 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. A magnificent Superb Gem Mercury dime, with Full Bands definition on the fasces and sharply detailed design elements throughout. The surfaces are remarkably free of contact marks, with vibrant mint luster and subtle hints of golden-tan toning. Population: 19 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23J5, PCGS# 4979

**1931-S Dime, MS66 Full Bands
Lightly Toned and Frosty**



4727 1931-S MS66 Full Bands PCGS. High-grade examples of the 1931-S with Full Bands definition are exceedingly difficult to come by, all the more reason for specialists to seriously consider this thickly frosted and beautifully preserved Premium Gem. The obverse displays blushes of golden-russet and crimson patina around brilliant centers. Splashes of deep purple patina appear throughout the reverse. Population: 49 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Bands, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23J9, PCGS# 4987

4728 1935-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. The originality of the surfaces and the super-sharp strike will draw the Mercury dime enthusiasts to this satiny Superb Gem. Dappled iridescent colors cover both sides. Finding a sharp and attractively toned 1935-S takes patience, but the wait is over for one fortunate bidder. PCGS reports just one numerically finer example (12/16). NGC ID# 23JE, PCGS# 4997

4729 1938-S MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC. This Registry-quality dime retains full mint brilliance on both sides. Strike characteristics are complete, and the fields are mark-free. In fact, the only thing preventing an even higher grade is a microscopic tick on the lower part of the fasces. PCGS counts six finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 23JP, PCGS# 5015

**1941-S Dime, MS68 Full Bands
Top-Grade Registry Coin**



4730 1941-S MS68 Full Bands PCGS. Plentiful in most grades, the 1941-S dime becomes rare in MS68 Full Bands where Registry Set collectors seek to acquire an example. This piece displays sharp detail and brilliant, glistening surfaces. Portions of the fields show hints of reflectivity. No finer Full Bands examples are known. Population: 9 in 68 Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23JZ, PCGS# 5033

4731 1942/1 FS-101 MS61 NGC. A whisper of gold toning graces this lustrous key date dime. The overdate is obvious to the unaided eye, and marks are essentially absent save for a small reverse rim knock between the ME in AMERICA. NGC ID# 23K4, PCGS# 145473 Base PCGS# 5036

4732 1943-D MS68 Full Bands PCGS. This brilliant and essentially perfect Superb Gem has reflective fields and satin devices that impart a slight cameo appearance that is rarely encountered on World War II era silver coins. This piece is fully lustrous with bright silver surfaces, save for slight toning at the upper obverse. Population: 37 in 68 (2 in 68+) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23K9, PCGS# 5047

**1944 Dime, MS67+ Full Bands
CAC-Approved Registry Coin**



4733 1944 MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This high-end Superb Gem showcases a sharp strike and glittering champagne luster with wisps of lavender atop the obverse borders. There are no distracting abrasions. PCGS reports only four finer Full Bands examples, making the present coin easily fine enough for Registry Set inclusion. CAC: 30 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23KB, PCGS# 5051

PROOF MERCURY DIMES

4734 1936 PR67 PCGS. A spectacular Superb Gem specimen from the first proof Mercury dime issue, this coin offers razor-sharp definition on all design elements and deeply mirrored fields, with highlights of greenish-gold and amber toning. Population: 75 in 67 (3 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27DG, PCGS# 5071

4735 1937 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Pristine, brilliant, and fully struck. An outstanding example of this lower mintage proof date. The fields exhibit a starburst effect, as coined from long-in-use dies. NGC ID# 27DH, PCGS# 5072

4736 1938 PR68 NGC. After the revival of proof sets in 1936, such pieces enjoyed continually increasing popularity until the wartime cancellation of the program in 1942. This decisively struck 1938 piece offers gleaming surfaces beneath a thin veneer of silver-gray, turquoise, and gold patina. NGC has certified a single finer representative (11/16). NGC ID# 27DJ, PCGS# 5073

4737 1940 PR68 PCGS. Powder-blue interiors meld with gold and lavender patina around the borders, accounting for the excellent eye appeal of this outstanding PR68 Mercury dime. A technically pristine example from a production of 11,827 proofs. Population: 27 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27DL, PCGS# 5075

**1941 Dime, Border-Toned PR68
Extravagant Eye Appeal**



4738 1941 PR68 NGC. A high-end Registry-grade example of this proof issue, showing beautiful rainbow toning around the obverse periphery. The interior obverse and most of the reverse display dusky sky-blue and light golden color. The strike is full throughout, and the fields are deeply mirrored beneath the toning. Census: 61 in 68 (11 in 68 ★), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27DM, PCGS# 5076

**1942 Mercury Dime, PR68+
Among the Finest Known**



- 4739 1942 PR68+ PCGS. CAC.** A stunningly toned final-year proof Mercury dime with pale blue inner toning and reddish-orange peripheral color as a ring on the obverse and patches on the reverse. Excellent detail and eye appeal. This issue is rare so fine with a Plus designation, and higher-grade coins are prohibitively so. Population: 86 in 68 (7 in 68+), 1 finer. CAC: 51 in 68, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27DN, PCGS# 5077

ROOSEVELT DIMES

**1947-S Dime, MS68 Full Bands
Fabulous Pastel Tones**



- 4740 1947-S MS68 Full Bands PCGS.** A panoply of pale pastel tones covers this fabulous S-mint dime. Shades include reddish-orange, gold, blue, green, and mauve. The horizontal torch bands are fully separated, and Roosevelt's portrait is crisply impressed. There are simply no marks to report. Population: 8 in 68 (1 in 68+) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23KP, PCGS# 85087
- 4741 1948-D MS68 Full Bands NGC.** This fully struck, frosty Superb Gem appears nearly flawless beneath a loupe. Areas of sun-orange and cottonwood-green toning in the obverse margins contrast with an essentially brilliant reverse. The 1948-D is rare this fine and unknown finer, a must-have item for Registry Set collectors. Census: 7 in 68 (2 in 68 ★) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23KS, PCGS# 85089
- 4742 1948-S MS68 ★ Full Torch NGC.** The obverse exhibits cherry-red, orange-gold, forest-green, and powder-blue toning. The reverse displays similar shades, but they are relegated to the borders. Lustrous and practically pristine. Census: 12 in 68 (1 in 68+ Full Torch, 3 in 68★ Full Torch, 1 in 68★ Full Torch Prooflike), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23KT, PCGS# 85090

**1949-D Dime, MS68 ★ Full Bands
Beautifully Toned**



- 4743 1949-D MS68 ★ Full Bands NGC.** Few 1949-D dimes are known in this top-most Registry grade. This Star-designated example offers vibrant multicolor toning over each side with areas of silver brilliance shining through. The strike is full, and there are virtually no abrasions seen. A finer example may not exist. Census: 6 in 68 (5 in 68 ★) Full Bands, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23KV, PCGS# 85092

- 4744 1950-D MS68 ★ Full Torch NGC.** Both borders display splendid fire-red, jade-green, and autumn-gold toning. Fully struck and lustrous with pristine fields and only delicate contact on the portrait. Tied with one other piece for the status of finest NGC-certified. Census: 4 in 68 (2 in 68★) Full Torch, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23L3, PCGS# 85095

**1951-D Dime, Toned MS68 Full Bands
One of the Five Finest at PCGS**



- 4745 1951-D MS68 Full Bands PCGS.** The 1951-D dime is a fairly plentiful issue in high grades, and Full Bands representatives are not overly elusive in general. The number of Full Bands pieces awarded the lofty grade of MS68, however, is minuscule, as PCGS has seen only five such pieces and none finer (11/16). Razor-sharp details and frosty mint luster illuminate vivid lime-green and cherry-red hues over much of this stellar coin, delivering seemingly unrivaled visual appeal. NGC ID# 23L3, PCGS# 85098
- 4746 1954-D MS68 Full Bands NGC.** This is the sole finest Full Bands/Torch 1954-D Roosevelt dime at either leading service. The strike is full, and both sides offers vibrant, frosty mint luster. Lovely gold and emerald-green obverse toning complements blushes of amber-gold and green on the reverse. Eye appeal is excellent. NGC ID# 23LC, PCGS# 85107
- 4747 1964-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS.** The two major services report only about 55 Superb Gem Full Band examples. Sky-blue, lavender and gold patination resides on the obverse of this high-end Superb Gem, joined by splashes of violet, forest-green, and rose on the reverse. Well-struck and impeccably preserved. Population: 26 in 67 (4 in 67+) Full Bands, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23M3, PCGS# 85129
- 4748 1964-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS.** This fully struck Roosevelt dime from the final year of silver composition displays a band of magenta and fire-orange iridescence along the lower obverse border. The other areas are totally brilliant and beautifully preserved. Population: 26 in 67 (4 in 67+) Full Bands, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23M3, PCGS# 85129

SMS ROOSEVELT DIME

1967 SMS Dime, SP68 Deep Cameo
Rarely Offered So Fine



- 4749** 1967 SMS SP68 Deep Cameo PCGS. Although plentiful in the absolute sense, the 1967 Special Mint Set dime is a rarity with Deep Cameo contrast. This high-end Superb Gem example showcases stark white-on-black contrast and a full strike. Neither side is toned, and the preservation is outstanding. An ideal Registry Set candidate. Population: 3 in 68 Deep Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27F2, PCGS# 95242

PROOF ROOSEVELT DIMES

1950 Dime, PR68 Deep Cameo
Tied for Finest Certified



- 4750** 1950 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This exceptional, Registry-caliber Deep Cameo proof is brilliant throughout with glassy-mirrored fields and frost-white raised devices. A virtually flawless Superb Gem, suitable for the finest proof Roosevelt dime set. One of just six examples so-graded in Deep Cameo PCGS with none finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27EJ, PCGS# 95225

1951 Dime, PR67+ Deep Cameo
Very Scarce Early Proof With Contrast



- 4751** 1951 PR67+ Deep Cameo PCGS. The Roosevelt dime series is still-evolving and as a result some issues are underpriced compared to their rarity. The 1951 dime is very scarce with Deep Cameo contrast, as seen here, and paired with the PR67+ grade. The surfaces are brilliant throughout and defect-free with significant field-device contrast seen on each side. Population: 5 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27EK, PCGS# 95226

1956 Dime, PR69 Deep Cameo
Tied for Finest Known



- 4752** 1956 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. A major condition rarity this fine, the present 1956 proof dime is tied with two other Deep Cameos as the finest at PCGS (11/16). The strike is full, and both sides exhibit stark white-on-black contrast with no sign of toning. The preservation is unsurpassed at either service. A must-have item for the Registry Set collector of proof Roosevelt dimes. NGC ID# 42VC, PCGS# 95231

1970 No S Dime, PR69 Cameo
Tied for Finest Certified



- 4753** 1970 No S PR69 Cameo PCGS. The 1970 No S proof dimes are the most collectible of the three missing-mintmark issues. Still, fewer than 500 specimens are believed to exist. Among those that are known, this PR69 Cameo representative is tied for the finest certified. Untoned and mark-free, this proof displays noticeable field-motif contrast. A prize for anyone trying to assemble a set of the 100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins. Population: 12 in 69 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 59SD, PCGS# 85248

1983 No S Dime, PR70 Deep Cameo
Among a Handful of Top-Graded Specimens



- 4754** 1983 No S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Thickly frosted, fully struck motifs stand out dramatically against the jet-black fields. Each side of this 1983 No S dime is completely devoid of contact. The variety is well-known to series specialists and listed among the 100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins, according to Scott Schechter and Jeff Garrett. Extremely rare in this unimprovable state. Population: 4 in 70 Deep Cameo, (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 95265

WASHINGTON QUARTERS

4755 1932-D MS64+ PCGS. The 1932-D quarter is unquestionably the key date in the series, even though its mintage is slightly higher than its well-known counterpart, the 1932-S. The Bowers reference estimates the Denver issue is perhaps 5 to 10 times scarcer than the San Francisco issue in Select Uncirculated or finer grades. This high-end Choice Mint State piece is sharply struck with natural silver-gray color. Mint luster glows beneath the light patina, with bits of reddish-brown toning at the margins. A few hidden lines on Washington's head and a trio of tiny nicks on the eagle's right (facing) leg are noted. Population: 31 in 64+, 90 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791

4756 1932-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. Famous as the key to the Washington quarter series in high grades, the 1932-D was struck to the lowly extent of 436,800 coins. This is a wonderful Choice example, richly toned in reddish-orange, violet, and cobalt-blue patina. Glittering satin luster emanates from the underlying surfaces. NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791

1932-D Quarter, MS64+ CAC Exemplary Eye Appeal for the Grade



4757 1932-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Close examination of this Plus-graded, CAC-approved near-Gem fails to reveal any noticeable distractions, and the overall eye appeal easily rivals that of many MS65 coins on the market. This piece displays sharp detail and frosty champagne luster with bits of olive and russet toning on each side near the borders. Washington's cheek is clean. Finer examples of this key issue are scarcely offered. NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791

4758 1932-S MS65 PCGS. A thin overlay of faint blue and golden hues appears over this virtually brilliant Gem key date quarter. The portrait and eagle exhibit a crisp impression, and no major blemishes are seen. A small reeding mark in the left obverse field aids in pedigree attribution. There are merely four higher grading events at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

4759 1932-S MS65 PCGS. This key-date Washington is challenging to locate in Gem condition and is extremely rare any finer. Indeed, PCGS and NGC report only 10 submissions finer than MS65. Freckles of golden-brown patina gravitate to the margins, slightly more extensive and deeper on the obverse. Both sides are well struck and devoid of mentionable marks. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

4760 1932-S MS65 PCGS. Frosty luster and golden-gray tones accompany bold design definition on each side of this Gem example, while small orange-gold, lilac, and amber accents are seen periodically around the obverse periphery. This issue boasts the lowest business-strike mintage of the series (408,000 coins), and has long been considered a key date. PCGS records four finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

4761 1932-S MS65 PCGS. The 1932-S has an impressively low mintage of only 408,000 pieces, actually the lowest in the entire series. As a result, Gem examples are few and far between and always of interest to collectors. The keys issues have taken on added importance (and value) because of the recent interest brought about by the Statehood quarter program. This is a highly lustrous example that has deep, russet toning scattered over each side with a strong underlying presence of original mint brilliance seen on both the obverse and reverse as well. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

4762 1934-D Heavy Motto MS66+ PCGS. The 1934-D is most often found in MS64 but can be acquired with minimal effort through MS65. The Premium Gem grade level is where the issue begins to pose a serious challenge. This satiny MS66+ quarter shows sky-blue, mint-green, violet, and golden-orange patina around brilliant centers on the obverse. The reverse is minimally toned. Population: 58 in 66 (14 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 244C, PCGS# 85796

4763 1935 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This amazing MS67+ quarter with CAC approval is easily among the finest survivors from a mintage in excess of 32 million coins. Intermingled shades of orange, magenta, and ice-blue swathe the obverse, leaving the other side mostly brilliant with daubs of color around the border. Well-rendered without any blatant imperfections. PCGS reports a single coin finer (11/16). NGC ID# 244D, PCGS# 5797

4764 1936-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC. A frosty, high-end Premium Gem with the dual advantages of the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement. The original silver surfaces display faint traces of golden-gray toning and soft mint luster. Sharply struck devices inhabit mark-free fields and show only two or three tiny, insignificant ticks on the eagle. Population: 14 in 66+, 22 finer. CAC: 29 in 66, 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

1936-D Quarter, MS67 Tied for Finest Certified



4765 1936-D MS67 NGC. This obviously original Superb Gem is ideal for the collector who desires nothing but the finest example available. Magenta, crimson, and orange-gold patina colors the obverse periphery, leaving the centers on that side and virtually the entire reverse brilliant. Satiny and fully struck. Census: 12 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

4766 1937-D MS65 Prooflike NGC. This attractive Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and the well-preserved surfaces have hazy, reflective fields. This coin is the only prooflike example in the NGC Census. Census: 1 in 65 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 75804 Base PCGS# 5804

1938-S Quarter, MS67+ Tied at the Top at PCGS



4767 1938-S MS67+ PCGS. The Plus designation is often sought and seldom received for Superb Gem 1838-S quarters, one of the key low-mintage dates in the series. Deep, iridescent border toning surrounds satin-smooth silver surfaces on both sides of this lustrous and painstakingly preserved and sharply struck quarter. Registry Set enthusiasts are sure to take note that just a single NGC coin has achieved a higher numeric grade, and that no coins at PCGS are finer. PCGS population: 9 in 67+, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 244P, PCGS# 5807

**1939-D Quarter, MS67+ CAC
Tied for Finest Known**



4768 1939-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS reports seven Plus-graded coins in MS67 as the finest at that service (10/16). This example shows a hint of iridescent toning atop satiny luster and sharp devices. A single, tiny tick on Washington's cheek appears to be the only discernible blemish. CAC: 24 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 244S, PCGS# 5809

4769 1940-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. An exquisite Superb Gem, this 1940-S Washington quarter boasts delicate champagne toning on both sides, within an iridescent rainbow frame of peripheral toning. Population: 89 in 67 (8 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 36 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TEK, PCGS# 5813

4770 1942 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A delightful Superb Gem, one of few similar examples surviving from a mintage that exceeded 100 million coins. This piece has satiny silver luster with peripheral gold and iridescent toning. Population: 55 in 67 (10 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 25 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2452, PCGS# 5817

4771 1942 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Delicate gold and iridescent toning frames the brilliant silver centers of this remarkable Superb Gem. Population: 55 in 67 (10 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 25 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2452, PCGS# 5817

**1942-D Quarter, Toned MS67+
Registry Set Candidate**



4772 1942-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A virtually flawless example of this conditionally elusive Denver issue, ideal for Registry Set purposes. Vibrant luster is toned in blended russet, amber, lavender, and blue-gray hues. Finer examples are extremely rare. Population: 46 in 67 (6 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 13 in 67, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2453, PCGS# 5818

4773 1943-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This Plus-graded Superb Gem 1943-D quarter carries significant Registry Set importance in light of the fact that only two finer coins are certified by PCGS and NGC combined (10/16). This CAC-approved example offers a richly toned lemon-gold, crimson, and forest-green obverse with a light champagne reverse. The strike is sharp. Population: 88 in 67 (14 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 33 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2456, PCGS# 5821

4774 1944-D MS68 NGC. A stunning MS68 specimen of this popular Washington quarter, with sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under pleasing shades of sea-green and lavender-gray toning. No coins have been certified in higher grade by either of the leading grading services. Census: 5 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2459, PCGS# 5825

**1944-S Quarter, Splendid MS68 ★
Beautifully Toned Surfaces**



4775 1944-S MS68 ★ NGC. A quarter moon of caramel-gold and coffee-brown toning meets an equally splendid display of lustrous lilac-silver on the obverse of this impressive, satin-smooth 1944-S. The reverse adds pale aquamarine and mustard yellow to the palette. Awarded the NGC Plus designation for outstanding visual appeal, the surfaces are immaculate and fully struck. Arguably tied as the finest-known of this San Francisco issue and the NGC Coin Explorer plate coin. Census: 4 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245A, PCGS# 5826

4776 1945 MS68 NGC. The remarkable preservation, frosty luster, and blatantly original toning of this high-end 1945 Washington quarter will pique the interest of any numismatist who appreciates sheer quality and eye appeal. Take into account the fact that this sharply struck coin is also tied with just five others for the finest certified at both services combined, and Registry Set collectors should bid aggressively when this coin crosses the auction block. Census: 4 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245B, PCGS# 5827

**1946-S Quarter, Astonishing MS68
Tied for Finest Certified**



4777 1946-S MS68 NGC. The NGC Coin Explorer plate coin. Extraordinary multicolor toning blankets both sides of this amazing MS68 example, an interesting juxtaposition vibrant rainbow shades versus earthy colors except where areas of silver luster intervene. There are no numerically finer Superb Gem quarters at either service for comparison, although the standout coloration of this Washington quarter is clearly beyond compare. Census: 4 in 68 (1 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245G, PCGS# 5832

**1947-S Washington Quarter, MS68
Memorable Obverse Toning**



- 4778 1947-S MS68 NGC.** Flame-orange, jade-green, and ruby-red toning coexists with forest-green and golden-tan undertones for a remarkable display of color on the obverse of this smooth and appealing 1947-S. Dappled tan-gold shades filter downward from the upper rim over the silver and pale-lilac center on the reverse. A resplendent Superb Gem, with none numerically finer at either service. Census: 5 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245K, PCGS# 5835

**1947-S Quarter, MS68 ★
Tied for Finest at NGC and PCGS**



- 4779 1947-S MS68 ★ NGC.** The 1947-S is a comparatively low-mintage issue, since only 5,532,000 pieces were produced. The rarity of this date in MS68 is evident from the combined NGC and PCGS population figures that show only eight pieces certified in the grade, with none certified numerically finer. Moreover, the example we offer here is the finest-certified by NGC with the coveted Star designation (11/16). A few tiny marks on Washington's face are mentioned solely for accuracy, but overall the lustrous surfaces are meticulously well preserved. Amazing multicolor iridescent toning graces each side of this superlative Superb Gem. This is the NGC Coin Explorer plate coin. Census: 5 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245K, PCGS# 5835

- 4780 1948-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1948-S is scarce but obtainable in Superb Gem condition. However, MS67+ coins, particularly those with approval from CAC, are downright rare. Brilliant interiors meld with chestnut-brown, ice-blue, and golden-orange hues peripherally. A nearly unimprovable example with a single coin finer at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 245N, PCGS# 5838

**1948-S Washington Quarter, MS67+
Sharp Strike, Vivid Toning**



- 4781 1948-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** Although the 1948-S Washington quarter can be found in lower grades with little difficulty, Plus-graded Superb Gem examples are quite rare. This magnificent specimen offers impeccably preserved surfaces that are blanketed in vivid shades of golden-brown and magenta toning. The design elements exhibit razor-sharp definition and vibrant mint luster adds to the outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded one numerically finer example (11/16). NGC ID# 245N, PCGS# 5838

- 4782 1949-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** This 1949-D Washington quarter is surpassed by only two coins in MS68 at PCGS, and tied with a small handful in MS67+. Cartwheel luster enlivens each side, but the rich patina in hues of jade, gold, and cherry is the hallmark of this pristine price. Population: 75 in 67 (10 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 49 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245R, PCGS# 5840

**1950-S Washington Quarter, MS68
Tied for Finest at NGC and PCGS**



- 4783 1950-S MS68 NGC.** To date just three 1950-S quarters have achieved the MS68 grade level by both services combined — each is exceptional in its own right. This example displays incomparable shades of azure-blue and chestnut-gold toning with immutable mint luster shining through the complex and compelling patina. The strike is razor-sharp. Census: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245V, PCGS# 5844

- 4784 1951 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** This stunning Superb Gem exhibits brilliant silver luster that shines through its iridescent toning that is especially vibrant on the obverse. Population: 77 in 67 (10 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 34 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 43WS, PCGS# 5846

- 4785 1951 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Registry Set assemblers will encounter a challenge when it comes to locating the finest possible 1951 quarter. Plus-graded with none finer, this Superb Gem CAC coin is arguably the most eye-appealing and high-end coin known in a PCGS holder. Frosty luster is untuned on the reverse but showcases vivid rainbow rings around the obverse periphery. The strike is sharp, and neither side displays anything that can be considered a distraction. Population: 77 in 67 (10 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 34 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 43WS, PCGS# 5846

- 4786 1951-S MS68 NGC.** A major condition rarity, tied for the finest 1951-S quarter certified. This piece displays a full strike and frosty, vibrant mint luster. A smattering of russet toning on each side yields to multicolor peripheral undertones. Ideal for the Registry Set collector who loves original toning. Census: 9 in 68 (4 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245Y, PCGS# 5848

- 4787 1951-S MS68 ★ NGC. CAC.** Cherry-red and apple-green dominate the entire obverse and the reverse border. The central reverse is cream-gray with scattered minute tan freckles. The fields are immaculate, and thorough study is required to locate the slight contact on the portrait. Census: 9 in 68 (4 in 68★), 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245Y, PCGS# 5848

**1952 Quarter, Toned MS68
Capstone of a Toned Set**



- 4788 1952 MS68 NGC.** A crescent of rainbow toning grabs the eye, yet the subtle nuances of iridescent hues and a speckling of blue, umber, plum, and olive shades provide an earthy melding of colors that make this Superb Gem quarter among the finest known. The obverse is richly toned, moreso than the reverse. A glass reveals a die crack across the upper cranium and two or three tiny marks within the toning. This quarter is lustrous and exceptional, currently the NGC Coin Explorer plate coin. NGC ID# 245Z, PCGS# 5849

- 4789 1952-D MS67 NGC.** An impressive and original example, this lovely Superb Gem has highly lustrous light gray surfaces, a sharp strike, and delightful gold toning about the borders. Census: 34 in 67 (2 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2462, PCGS# 5850

- 4790 1952-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** Light gold toning and splashes of ice-blue appear over parts of the obverse with a broadly silver reverse. Aside from a tiny depression on Washington's nose, there are no flaws warranting individual mention. The eye appeal is strong. Population: 17 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2462, PCGS# 5850

- 4791 1952-S MS68 NGC.** The 1952-S Washington quarter claims a modest mintage in the context of the series, at 13.7 million pieces. Few survivors can match the technical quality and incredible eye appeal of the present coin. This stunning MS68 specimen is sharply detailed and impeccably preserved, with lustrous surfaces under vivid shades of forest-green and lavender-gray toning. Census: 10 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TEV, PCGS# 5851

- 4792 1952-S MS68 NGC.** Vivid shades of burnt-orange, sea-green and magenta toning blanket the impeccably preserved surfaces of this incredible MS68 specimen, with intense satiny mint luster underneath. Census: 10 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TEV, PCGS# 5851

- 4793 1952-S MS68 ★ NGC.** Splendid bands of plum-red, forest-green, and golden-brown embrace the margins. The obverse field and portrait are lime-green, and the central reverse displays light lilac toning. A well struck and virtually immaculate example of this lower mintage issue. Census: 10 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3TEV, PCGS# 5851

- 4794 1953-S MS68 NGC.** A Condition Census example, finer than any PCGS-graded coin. This luminous 1953-S Registry coin displays a degree of preservation and luster quality that captivates the viewer. Both sides are uniformly toned lavender and sky-blue in the centers with olive-gold and amber border coloration. Eye appeal is exceptional. Census: 4 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2466, PCGS# 5854

**1955-D Quarter, Toned MS66+
Few Known Finer**



- 4795 1955-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Deep autumn-red, sun-orange, and lemon-yellow hues adorn the satiny, beautifully preserved surfaces of this high-end Premium Gem. The strike is sharp, and the color balance is eye-appealing. The 1955-D Washington quarter is available in MS66, but PCGS lists only three Superb Gems finer (10/16). This Plus-graded "intermediate" coin will appeal to a number of Registry collectors. NGC ID# 246A, PCGS# 5859

- 4796 1956 MS68 NGC.** NGC records only two 1956 Washington quarters this fine, and PCGS has so-graded just one (11/16). None are finer at either service. This example is beautifully preserved and well-struck with frosty mint luster. Rich aquamarine and golden-olive toning blankets each side. NGC ID# 246B, PCGS# 5860

- 4797 1956-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Cherry-red, forest-green, and orange-gold shades consume the obverse. The reverse displays minute russet freckles throughout. The semiprooflike surfaces are lustrous and practically pristine. Population: 29 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 21 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 246C, PCGS# 5861

**1957-D Quarter, MS68
Ideal Surfaces, Wildly Colorful Reverse**



- 4798 1957-D MS68 NGC.** A smooth and sharp Superb Gem, with a circular band of rainbow colors that cedes to blaze-orange and lemon-gold shades around a satiny silver portrait on the obverse. The reverse is an array of vivid coloration ranging from bright orange to and baby-blue to lime-green, lemon-yellow, and fuchsia-pink at the center. PCGS has yet to certify an MS68 example of the 1957-D, while NGC reports just two pieces at this high grade. Census: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 246E, PCGS# 5863

**1961-D Quarter, Registry-Quality MS67
Tied for Finest Certified**



4799 1961-D MS67 PCGS. Nearly flawless surfaces and dazzling mint bloom give this boldly struck, gold-tinted Superb Gem truly remarkably visual appeal from every angle. A conditionally rare date, as PCGS has awarded only 6 examples the MS67 grade, with none finer (11/16). This 1961-D is an important and conditionally rare offering for the advanced collector, as it exceeds the demand for quality of even the highest-rated Registry Set. Population: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 246N, PCGS# 5871

**1964 Quarter, Attractively Toned MS67+
Top-Grade PCGS Registry Coin**



4800 1964 MS67+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1964 Washington quarter is an overlooked rarity in top condition at PCGS, the grade level in which Registry Set collectors seek this issue. The present coin is one of only a handful of Plus-graded MS67s at that service with none finer. The strike is sharp, and the frosty luster appears nearly pristine beneath a loupe. The obverse showcases a swath of beautiful rainbow toning across the upper-left border, while the reverse is cast in soft hues overall. Population: 25 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 246U, PCGS# 5876

4801 1965 MS67+ PCGS. The 1965 quarter dollar is a rarity in Superb Gem condition at PCGS, and the present piece stands apart as one of the two finest at that service. The strike is full, and both sides exhibit remarkable preservation. Warm golden toning accents satiny mint luster. Population: 27 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 246W, PCGS# 5878

**1967 Quarter, Delicately Toned MS68
The Sole Finest at PCGS**



4802 1967 MS68 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This is the sole finest 1967 Washington quarter at PCGS, and a similarly lone MS68 coin ranks as the finest at NGC (11/16). Obviously, this piece is nearly half of a grade point finer than the example in the current highest-rated Registry Set. The strike is bold despite die wear that produces metal flowlines in the fields and on areas of the obverse portrait. Both sides display champagne interiors surrounded by lovely lavender and ice-blue border toning. No major abrasions are observed. The sky is the limit when this coin crosses the auction block in the presence of eager Registry Set collectors. NGC ID# 2494, PCGS# 5880

4803 1970-D MS68 PCGS. The survival rate of the 1970-D in MS68 is remarkably small considering an astonishing production of 417 million coins. This near-perfect Superb Gem is colorfully toned in magenta, gold, green and blue pastel hues. There is a single tick on Washington's forehead that prevents an even higher grade. Population: 7 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25ZA, PCGS# 5886

**1976-D Bicentennial Quarter, MS68
Single Finest Coin at NGC**



- 4804 1976-D Clad MS68 NGC.** No fewer than 860 million quarters were manufactured at Denver in 1976 with the Bicentennial reverse. Somehow, NGC has only seen a single submission in MS68 — the coin offered here. Both sides are satiny and brilliant. A strong lens reveals a few otherwise indiscernible ticks. Census: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 11052, where it realized \$3,220.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# B764, PCGS# 5897

- 4805 1988-D MS67 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A sharply struck, immaculate, and lustrous Superb Gem. Pastel butter-gold toning denies full brilliance. A prize for the competitive Registry holding. Population: 11 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2489, PCGS# 5925

SMS WASHINGTON QUARTER

**1967 SMS Quarter, SP68 Deep Cameo
Fantastic Registry Offering**



- 4806 1967 SMS SP68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** Deep Cameo representatives issued in Special Mint Sets are extremely rare at this grade level. This outstanding Superb Gem is fully brilliant and completely brought-up with smooth, unmarked fields. The devices are lightly frosted, adding to the appealing. Population: 4 in 68 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4C6S, PCGS# 95999

PROOF WASHINGTON QUARTERS

- 4807 1939 PR67+ PCGS.** A Plus-graded Superb Gem from a proof mintage of 8,795 pieces, this coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved surfaces, with reflective fields and highlights of sea-green toning. PCGS has graded four numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 27HS, PCGS# 5978

1939 Quarter, Attractive PR68



- 4808 1939 PR68 NGC.** A fantastically well-preserved example of this early proof Washington quarter issue, one of just 8,795 specimens struck. Delicate gold-green and silver-white shadings allow the full reflectivity of the gleaming fields to pass through. One of 21 PR68 pieces graded by NGC, with none numerically finer (11/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 808. NGC ID# 27HS, PCGS# 5978

**1952 'Superbird' Quarter, PR69
FS-902, Hand-Engraved Tail Feathers**



- 4809 1952 Superbird, Hand Engraved Tail Feathers, FS-902, PR69 NGC.** Cherrypickers' states that FS-902 is "far scarcer than the earlier die states [i.e. FS-901] with only the 'Superbird' feature." The 'Superbird' variety is named after the delicate S-shaped die scratch at the center of the eagle's breast, reminiscent of comic book hero Superman. FS-902 is a late die state with die lines intentionally added (by a mint worker on the working proof reverse die) to strengthen definition of the wings and tail. As of (11/16), the sole example of the Superbird variety graded PR69 by either leading service. PCGS# 511254 Base PCGS# 5984

**1953 Quarter, PR68 Ultra Cameo
Gorgeous Black-and-White Proof**



- 4810 1953 PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC.** Watery mirrors undisturbed by post-Mint contact surround thickly frosted motifs, delivering Ultra Cameo contrast and exceptional eye appeal. John Flanagan's long-standing Washington design is fully rendered. The Mint manufactured 128,000 proofs in 1953. Just four years later that total would balloon to ten times that number. Census: 13 in 68 Ultra Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4C5K, PCGS# 95985

1959 Quarter, PR69 Deep Cameo
The Sole Finest at PCGS



- 4811 1959 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** Neither leading certification service has seen a flawless proof 1959 quarter, although PCGS reports a single Deep Cameo in PR69 (11/16) — a grade that appears flawless to most human eyes. That top-grade coin is offered here, showing fully brilliant, stark white-on-black contrast with deep mirrors. The design elements are fully brought up. Eye appeal is remarkable. NGC ID# 248Z, PCGS# 95991

1990-S Doubled Die Obverse Quarter
FS-101, PR70 Deep Cameo, Sole Finest



- 4812 1990-S Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101 PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS.** This piece remains the *sole finest* certified in PR70 Deep Cameo, although PCGS has graded five pieces in PR69 Deep Cameo (11/16). Strong doubling is apparent on the date and mintmark, and this silvery example is every bit as pristine as the grade implies. Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2012)*, lot 4346, where it brought \$4,887.50.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249C, PCGS# 145156 Base PCGS# 96026

STATEHOOD QUARTER

- 4813 2008-P Arizona MS68 PCGS.** Featuring the 48th state that joined the Union in 1912, this incredible Statehood quarter is fully struck and impeccably preserved, with delicate shade of champagne toning. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24CD, PCGS# 39044

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

- 4814 1916 MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This frosty, champagne-tinted Gem 1916 Walker delivers exceptional quality and visual appeal, even for this lofty grade. The strike is razor-sharp, and observable abrasions are minimal. The 1916 is highly popular as the debut issue of the type and a challenging acquisition in high grade. NGC ID# 24PL, PCGS# 6566
- 4815 1916-D MS65 NGC.** A satiny Gem example, with dappled golden-gray toning over lustrous silver surfaces. Liberty's head and branch hand show sharp definition with only slight blending on the gown lines. A seemingly high-end coin for the assigned grade. The eye appeal is exceptional. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

1916-D Half Dollar, MS65
Colorful Toning



- 4816 1916-D MS65 PCGS.** The obverse of this first-year Gem is layered in vivid target toning that begins with mint-green in the centers and deepens to orange, rose, and emerald-green as it advances peripherally. Less dramatic violet and olive-brown toning affects the outer portions of the reverse. An eye-appealing example that would prove difficult to improve.
Ex: *ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007)*, lot 1056, which realized \$3,737.50. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

- 4817 1916-D MS65 PCGS Secure.** Particular vibrant, frosty mint luster on this Gem 1916-D half dollar exhibits a blush of translucent lavender toning. The strike is bold, and the only grade-limiting flaw is a faint graze in the field above IN GOD WE TRUST. Finer 1916-D halves are seldom offered. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

1916-D Half Dollar, MS66+
Outstanding Color and Luster



- 4818 1916-D MS66+ NGC.** The 1916-D Walker is scarce in Premium Gem condition and rare any finer. This Plus-designated piece displays a bold strike and luminous surfaces with mottled olive, gold, amber, and sea-green toning. There are no distracting abrasions, and the eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 38 in 66 (3 in 66+, 1 in 66 ★), 9 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

1916-D Half Dollar, MS66
Iridescent Surfaces



- 4819 1916-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** The 1916-D Walker is infrequently seen in MS66 and rarely finer. CAC-approved coins in these grades are collectively rare. The present Premium Gem displays a mostly sharp strike save for slight softness on Liberty's head. Softly frosted luster backlights olive-green, gold, and lavender toning. There are no major abrasions. Population: 71 in 66 (1 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 19 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

**1916-D Walking Liberty Half, Frosty MS65
Dramatic Doubled-D Mintmark, FS-501**



- 4820 1916-D/D FS-501 MS65 PCGS.** Undesignated on the old green label holder, this sharply struck and frosty Gem Walker displays a boldly repunched mintmark that prompted *Cherrypickers'* to comment, "This dramatic RPM has yet to yield many specimens." The secondary D is sharply evident southwest of the primary D. Vibrant orange-and-blue toning at the top of the obverse complements similar shades that appear briefly near the reverse rim. Nearly full thumb separation exists on the branch hand of this lustrous and appealing half dollar. NGC ID# 4R6D, PCGS# 145780 Base PCGS# 6567

- 4821 1916-S MS62 PCGS.** Mattelike luster compliments the sharply struck design elements on this Mint State 1916-S Walking Liberty half dollar. Light handling marks limit the grade in the absence of singular abrasions. The coin is mostly brilliant but with a hint of champagne toning near the rims. NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568

**1916-S Half Dollar, MS64
Scarcest of the Inaugural-Year Walkers**



- 4822 1916-S MS64 NGC.** Scarcest of the three 1916 Walking Liberty issues, this San Francisco half dollar displays the characteristic finely grained surfaces, flat rims, and attractive satiny luster that appeal to collectors. Pleasing pale-blue and olive-gold toning ventures in from the borders toward the silver centers, with occasional rose highlights. The strike is sharp for the issue, with satisfactory head and thumb details. Marks are nearly nonexistent on both sides of this Choice near-Gem half. NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568

**1916-S Half Dollar, Frosty MS65
First S-Mint Representative**



- 4823 1916-S MS65 PCGS.** The inaugural-date status of the 1916-S combined with its small mintage of 508,000 coins (fourth-lowest total in the series) explain its perennial popularity. Each side is typically frosty, though the level of preservation is anything but usual. This strongly defined Gem is conditionally scarce, and finer representatives are exceedingly rare. Brilliant with translucent gold accents. PCGS reports 14 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568

- 4824 1917-D Obverse MS64 PCGS.** This attractive Choice example features the popular obverse mintmark, which was moved to the reverse later in the year. The design elements are sharply detailed and the well-preserved lustrous surfaces show delicate shades of champagne toning. NGC ID# 24PR, PCGS# 6570

- 4825 1917-D Reverse MS62 PCGS.** A sharply detailed MS62 specimen from the first year with the mintmark moved to the reverse, this coin exhibits lightly toned surfaces with the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 24PS, PCGS# 6571

**1917-D Half Dollar, Lustrous MS64
Reverse Mintmark, Natural Patina**



- 4826 1917-D Reverse MS64 PCGS.** An attractive glow of golden mint luster resides beneath an overall speckling of slate-gray toning, a sure sign of originality for this richly patinated Walker. A few light marks are noted, yet the surfaces are exceptionally Choice and well-struck save for trivial weakness through the centers. The Reverse Mintmark variant is elusive at the MS64 level and very scarce any finer. PCGS reports only 55 numerically finer certifications (11/16). NGC ID# 24PS, PCGS# 6571

**1917-D Half Dollar, MS65
Reverse Mintmark**



- 4827 1917-D Reverse MS65 PCGS.** Mattelike luster is essentially untuned as it illuminates Gem-quality surfaces on this 1917-D Reverse Mintmark Walker. The fields are clean, and only a few tiny ticks are seen on Liberty's figure beneath a loupe. This issue is scarcer in Gem condition than its Obverse Mintmark counterpart, and pieces grading finer than this are rare. The date continues to be one of the more challenging acquisitions in a Gem-grade date and mintmark set. Population: 50 in 65 (2 in 65+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PS, PCGS# 6571

**1917-S Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS62
Obverse Mintmark Variant**



- 4828 1917-S Obverse MS62 PCGS.** The mintmark was moved to the reverse on the Walking Liberty half dollar later in the year, but not before 952,000 examples were coined of the older Obverse type. This attractive MS62 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of the central softness usually seen on this issue. The lightly marked, lustrous surfaces show a few hints of greenish-gold toning. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 6572

- 4829 1917-S Reverse MS64 PCGS.** An adaptation of the Walking Liberty half dollar design in 1917 moved the mintmark from the obverse to the reverse of the coin, creating a second variety for the year that is scarce in high grade today. This near-Gem offers satiny luster and champagne-gray toning with scattered russet flecks. The strike is sharp. NGC ID# 24PU, PCGS# 6573

1918-D Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS64



- 4830 1918-D MS64 PCGS.** The 1918-D Walking Liberty half dollar claims a mintage of 3.8 million pieces, making the issue somewhat scarce at the MS64 grade level, and a borderline rarity any finer. This attractive Choice specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with a touch of the often-seen softness on the wreath hand and eagle's leg. The pleasing surfaces are lustrous and lightly marked. PCGS has graded 31 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 24PW, PCGS# 6575

- 4831 1918-S MS63 PCGS.** The 1918-S claims a large mintage of 10.2 million coins and an average certified grade of Choice AU. This Select half dollar stands far above the typical representative. Brilliant, softly frosted surfaces reveal pale mauve hues marginally. Well-struck with partial thumb separation on the branch hand, though Liberty's head and the eagle's leg feathers are a touch soft. NGC ID# 24PX, PCGS# 6576

**1918-S Half Dollar, MS64
Frosty Champagne Luster**



- 4832 1918-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** This lustrous near-Gem half features obviously original toning combined with nearly mark-free surfaces. The strike is bold at the peripheries but weaker at the centers — a common occurrence for the 1918-S. Deep umber shades occupy areas of the right obverse field and the reverse rims, while gold-tinged, pearlescent silver shades dominate elsewhere. CAC endorsed. Just 36 pieces are numerically finer at PCGS (10/16). NGC ID# 24PX, PCGS# 6576

1919 Half Dollar, Frosty MS63



- 4833 1919 MS63 ANACS.** Frosty mint-fresh luster gives this Select 1919 Walker exceptional eye appeal despite scattered light marks that determine the grade. Neither side is toned, and thorough cartwheel luster presents well. The 1919 is a slightly better date in Uncirculated condition but remains accessible in MS63 for most budget-conscious collectors. NGC ID# 24PY, PCGS# 6577

**1919-D Half Dollar, AU58
Denver Semikey**



- 4834 1919-D AU58 NGC. CAC.** The half dollars struck at the Denver Mint in 1919 are widely desired across all grade levels and prove especially difficult to locate in Mint State. This CAC-approved, nearly Uncirculated example shows virtually indistinguishable evidence of high-point friction over typically defined motifs. Dove-gray surfaces emit glints of golden luster. From a relatively low mintage of 1.1 million coins and seldom found finer. NGC ID# 24PZ, PCGS# 6578

1919-D Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS63
Scarce in All Mint State Grades



- 4835 1919-D MS63 PCGS.** From a nominal mintage of 1.1 million pieces, the 1919-D Walking Liberty half dollar is one of the most challenging issues of the series in Mint State grades. This attractive Select specimen shows some of the typical softness on the central devices, but the lustrous surfaces exhibit few signs of contact, under pleasing shades of pale gold toning. NGC ID# 24PZ, PCGS# 6578

1919-S Half Dollar, AU58
Partially Lustrous Fields



- 4836 1919-S AU58 ANACS.** The scarcity of the 1919-S in Mint State draws many budget-conscious collectors to high-end AU examples. This near-Mint coin displays a sharp strike and satiny surfaces. A hint of light golden toning complements a lack of distracting abrasions. High-point wear is almost not discernible. NGC ID# 24R2, PCGS# 6579

1920 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS65+
Underrated Early Issue



- 4837 1920 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** This is one of the surprising dates in the early Walker series. The mintage exceeded 6 million coins, yet less than 0.00002% of the mintage has been certified as Gem or finer quality by PCGS. This particular Gem has light gold and iridescent toning over satiny luster on the obverse, with extremely heavy russet toning over the entire reverse. Although the central details are a trifle weak, the overall quality is exceptional. NGC ID# 24R3, PCGS# 6580

1920-D Half Dollar, MS64
Rich Border Toning



- 4838 1920-D MS64 PCGS.** High-grade Mint State examples of the 1920-D are scarce, particularly above MS64. This near-Gem displays satiny luster and a bold strike that is sharp on Liberty's head but slightly soft on the branch hand. Warm gold, olive, and sea-green border toning around each side represents a dramatic departure from the near-brilliant, washed-out appearance of most 1920-D half dollars seen. No major abrasions are observed. NGC ID# 24R4, PCGS# 6581

1920-S Half Dollar, MS63
Light Champagne-Gold Patina



- 4839 1920-S MS63 PCGS.** Typically frosted with a thin veil of champagne-gold patina, this Select 1920-S Walking Liberty half dollar enjoys uninhibited mint frost and shows surprisingly few overt distractions. A dark toning spot occurs on the eagle's head. The 1920-S is a challenging early date to locate in high grades, though a 4.6 million-coin mintage might suggest otherwise. Encapsulated in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 24R5, PCGS# 6582

1921 Walking Liberty Half, MS63
Green Label Holder, Original Toning



- 4840 1921 MS63 PCGS. CAC.** A lovely Select example draped in medium wheat-gold and silver-gray shades. Sharply struck and lustrous with minor marks above the motto. The 1921 is the second-lowest mintage of the series, trailing only its Denver cousin. Mintages of most denominations plummeted that year, because the Pittman Act compelled immense coinage of silver dollars. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 24R6, PCGS# 6583

1921-D Walking Liberty Half, MS63
Scarce Key Issue, Always in Demand



- 4841 1921-D MS63 PCGS.** With the lowest circulation-strike mintage of the entire Walking Liberty series, the 1921-D continues to rank high on most collector want lists. Just 208,000 pieces were struck. This Select Uncirculated example shows very few marks and above-average definition on the central portrait and the eagle's trailing leg. A light cloak of attractive, tan-gold toning covers both sides, with satiny mint luster shining through. NGC ID# 24R7, PCGS# 6584

1921-S Walker, AU53
King of the Series



- 4842 1921-S AU53 PCGS.** This issue is sometimes called the King of Walkers for its rarity in higher grades. Mintage of this issue was a paltry 548,000 coins, fifth lowest of the series. Pale gray surfaces have hints of dusky gold toning. Just a few typical abrasions are visible on each side. The reverse has a tiny rim bruise at 9:30, not encroaching upon the fields or design. Multiple high grade circulated examples of this issue are offered in the present sale, affording collectors an opportunity to choose their favorite. NGC ID# 24R8, PCGS# 6585

1927-S Half Dollar, Lustrous MS64



- 4843 1927-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Strong luster issues from both sides of this near-Gem Walker. The obverse is mostly silver-white while the reverse takes on light grayish-tan color. The thumb on Liberty's branch hand shows more delineation than often seen on the 1927-S. Marks on Liberty's head and a reverse rim bruise at 9:00 limit the grade. NGC ID# 24RA, PCGS# 6587

1927-S Walker, Border-Toned MS65
Scarce This Well-Preserved



- 4844 1927-S MS65 PCGS.** Most Uncirculated 1927-S halves grade MS63 or MS64. This Gem is scarce, and finer pieces are decidedly rare. Liberty's branch hand is slightly weak, as usual, but the remainder of the design is well brought up. The surfaces display champagne-toned interiors with amber-gold and aquamarine peripheral toning. Population: 88 in 65 (6 in 65+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RA, PCGS# 6587

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- 4845 1929-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** This sharp, satiny 1929-D displays light golden toning over minimally abraded surfaces. The Plus designation boosts the appeal. This Denver issue is a better date in higher grades. NGC ID# 24RC, PCGS# 6589

- 4846 1929-D MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1929-D is infrequently seen finer than the present Gem. This coin displays sharp motifs and frosty luster cast in delicate champagne toning. There are no major abrasions. NGC ID# 24RC, PCGS# 6589

1929-S Half Dollar, MS65
Seldom Offered Finer



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- 4847 1929-S MS65 PCGS. CAC.** This conditionally challenging issue is out of reach for most collectors above MS65. The present CAC-approved Gem offers tremendous eye appeal with frosty, brilliant luster and a lack of severe abrasions. Strike weakness on Liberty's head and branch hand mirrors softness on the eagle's trailing leg. Faint die polishing lines can be seen in portions of the fields. PCGS reports 54 finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 24RD, PCGS# 6590
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1929-S Half Dollar, Untoned MS65



- 4848** 1929-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. The 1929-S proves more slightly more challenging than the 1929-D in MS65 and higher despite its considerably higher mintage of 1.9 million coins. That total is still relatively low within the larger context of the series. This wholly untoned Gem has semiprooflike tendencies and crisp detail over the outer areas. The centers are incompletely defined. Seldom seen finer. CAC: 42 in 65, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RD, PCGS# 6590

1929-S Walking Liberty Half, MS66
One Numerically Finer Coin at PCGS



- 4849** 1929-S MS66 PCGS. The 1929-S Walking Liberty half dollar is a challenging issue in high grade, from a smallish mintage of 1.9 million pieces. This delightful Premium Gem displays sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a touch of the usual softness on the wreath hand. The well-preserved lustrous surfaces show a few hints of greenish-gold toning. Population: 53 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RD, PCGS# 6590

1933-S Half Dollar, MS65
Vibrant Mint Luster



- 4850** 1933-S MS65 PCGS. This mid-series San Francisco issue is elusive in Gem condition and scarcer in higher grades. The present coin displays brilliant satin luster and a pleasant cartwheel effect. Liberty's branch hand and the eagle's trailing leg are notably sharp. A few small marks in the right reverse field define the grade. NGC ID# 24RE, PCGS# 6591

1933-S Half Dollar, MS67
Tied for the Finest Known
Incredible Multicolor Toning



- 4851** 1933-S MS67 PCGS. With a reported mintage of nearly 1.8 million pieces, the 1933-S Walking Liberty half dollar is not too difficult to locate in most Mint State grades, but the issue is a condition rarity above MS66. This MS67 coin is among the finest known. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout, and the impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster under attractive shades of champagne-gold, aquamarine, and violet toning. Few Superb Gems exhibit the sort of multicolor toning observed on this piece. Population: 15 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RE, PCGS# 6591

**1933-S Half Dollar, MS67+
Bright Mint Luster**



4852 1933-S MS67+ NGC. The onset of the Great Depression greatly diminished the country's need for larger denomination coinage. As a result, no half dollars were struck in 1930, 1931, and 1932. In 1933 only the San Francisco mint struck this denomination, and then only 1.7 million pieces were produced. These coins were remarkably well-produced, a fact that is notable after the uniformly weak strikes seen throughout the 1920s. The keen observer of the Walking Liberty half series might well say, "Show me a weakly struck 1933-S!" This is certainly a fully detailed example, as expected. It also displays bright, radiant mint luster. The centers are nearly brilliant while the margins are surrounded by deep russet-brown patina. This MS67+ shows no abrasions, nor would any be expected on such a superior coin. Census: 10 in 67 (5 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RE, PCGS# 6591

4853 1934 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Caramel-gold and ocean-blue compete for territory across this lustrous and precisely struck Superb Gem. The reverse margin contributes ruby-red toning. As of (11/16), PCGS has certified 11 pieces as MS67+ with only eight finer. NGC ID# 24RF, PCGS# 6592

1934 Half Dollar, Stunning MS68



4854 1934 MS68 PCGS. This stunning Walker is awash with ebullient luster. The design elements are boldly struck, with fullness in Liberty's branch hand and head and the eagle's breast. Flawless surfaces round out the coin's magnificent eye appeal. Fewer than 20 specimens grading MS68 have been reported by PCGS and NGC and none finer. This will be the centerpiece of a Walking Liberty collection. Population: 8 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RF, PCGS# 6592

4855 1934-D MS66 PCGS. Frosty mint luster glows beneath warm champagne toning on each side of this Premium Gem 1934-D half dollar. Liberty's branch hand is fully defined, and there are no bothersome abrasions. PCGS lists only four Superb Gems finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24RG, PCGS# 6593

**1934-S Walking Liberty Half, MS66+
Most Elusive Middle Series Issue**



4856 1934-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Among middle-date Walking Liberty half dollars, the 1934-S is the most elusive issue, from a reported mintage of little more than 3.6 million pieces. This well-preserved Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements, with a touch of softness on Liberty's head and vibrant mint luster throughout. Hints of emerald-green and violet toning visit the peripheries. PCGS records only eight finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 24RH, PCGS# 6594

**1935 Half Dollar, MS67
Only One Coin Finer at PCGS**



4857 1935 MS67 PCGS. CAC. Plentiful in lower grades, the 1935 Walker becomes conditionally scarce in MS67 and is almost unknown finer. This CAC-endorsed representative offers vibrant, brilliant luster and sharply struck motifs. A lack of distracting abrasions in the fields attests to the grade. Suitable for the quality-conscious Registry Set collector. Population: 55 in 67 (5 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 28 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RJ, PCGS# 6595

**1935 Walking Liberty Half, MS67+
Extremely Rare at This Plus-Graded Level**



4858 1935 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The 1935 Walking Liberty half dollar is a perennial favorite with type collectors because of its availability in high grade. The 1935 is still very scarce at the MS67 grade level, however, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable. This spectacular, Plus-graded Superb Gem is sharply detailed in most areas, with just a trace of the usual softness on the wreath hand. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with subtle hints of greenish-gold toning. CAC endorsed. Population: 5 in 67+, 1 finer. CAC: 28 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RJ, PCGS# 6595

4859 1935-D MS65 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Delicate ice-blue toning is prevalent, though the right reverse margin displays a blush of peach-gold patina. This lustrous and exceptionally smooth Gem shows minor incompleteness on Liberty's head and branch hand. NGC ID# 24RK, PCGS# 6596

4860 1935-D MS65 PCGS. Liberty's head is bold, partial thumb separation is clear, the sandal is well-defined, and the eagle's breast feathers are crisply detailed throughout this Gem 1935-D half dollar. Fully brilliant with thick, frosty luster and minimal abrasions. Seldom seen in higher grades. NGC ID# 24RK, PCGS# 6596

**1935-S Half Dollar, MS66
Conditionally Elusive S-Mint Issue**



4861 1935-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1935-S Walking Liberty half dollar is one of the most elusive issues in the latter half of the series to obtain in Gem condition. Premium Gems are very scarce, and Superb Gems should be regarded as unobtainable for all but the most well-financed specialists. This piece, with its shimmering frost and slight central incompleteness, is typical of the San Francisco facility. Wonderfully preserved with accents of gold at the upper obverse and between the eagle's legs. PCGS shows just three finer grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 24RL, PCGS# 6597

4862 1936-D MS67 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Golden-brown, rose-red, lemon-gold, and sea-green toning enriches the margins of this lustrous and sharply struck Walker. Delicate contact on the obverse field denies perfection. Population: 39 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RN, PCGS# 6599 Base PCGS# 6599

4863 1936-S MS66+ PCGS. This essentially unabraded 1936-S Walker displays satiny mint luster beneath a glaze of light golden toning that warms each side. Flecks of russet appear near portions of the peripheries. Liberty's branch hand is a trifle soft, but the remaining design elements show good definition. PCGS reports 11 finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 24RP, PCGS# 6600

**1937-D Half Dollar, MS67+ CAC
Beautifully Toned Registry Coin**



4864 1937-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A remarkably beautiful Registry coin, tied for the finest at PCGS (10/16). This high-end Superb Gem 1937-D half dollar displays a full strike set off by vibrant, frosty mint luster. Beautiful lavender, mint-green, sun-yellow, and orange-gold toning encompasses each side. The only other Plus-graded PCGS coin in this grade resides in the current highest-rated Registry Set. Population: 63 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 31 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

**1937-S Walking Liberty Half, MS67+
None Finer at Either Service**



4865 1937-S MS67+ NGC. CAC. Brilliant, frost-white surfaces radiate flashy silver luster throughout this Superb Gem half. The 1937-S is typically well-produced and attractive, yet this CAC-endorsed example takes eye appeal to a new level. The strike is sharp overall, lacking completeness only on a few central details. Three or four tiny ticks on the eagle and another hidden in the laurel leaves are the sole marks on this remarkably smooth coin, but they require a loupe and a keen eye. It is the sole Plus-graded MS67 at NGC, where it is also the finest-certified. Census: 16 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 20 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RT, PCGS# 6603

4866 1938-D MS66+ PCGS. This Plus-graded Premium Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the eagle's leg. The lustrous, lightly toned surfaces show no mentionable distractions. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605

4867 1939-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. Rich powder-blue and olive-gray patina endows this lustrous and beautifully preserved Superb Gem. The strike is bold aside from the fingers of the branch hand. Population: 93 in 67 (5 in 67+), 2 finer. CAC: 53 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RX, PCGS# 6607 Base PCGS# 6607

4868 1939-S MS67 PCGS Secure. CAC. A lovely piece with beautiful alabaster-ivory surfaces that are impressively smooth and clean. Boldly struck with nearly full thumb separation on Liberty's branch hand and attractive speckled russet border accents on each side. NGC ID# 24RY, PCGS# 6608

**1940 Half Dollar, Immaculate MS68
An Important Condition Rarity**



4869 1940 MS68 NGC. CAC. Intense luster exudes from the silver-gray surfaces imbued with soft gold. The design elements are boldly impressed, including virtually full delineation in Liberty's branch hand. As expected, both sides are immaculately preserved. The 1940 is an important condition rarity in the MS68 level of preservation. Census: 21 in 68 (3 in 68★), 1 finer. CAC: 22 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24RZ, PCGS# 6609

4870 1940-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. This S-mint half dollar appears as it must have the day it was struck. Each side lacks the faintest suggestion of color. Coruscating luster radiates over immaculately preserved surfaces. The 1940-S has infamously soft strike characteristics. This piece is exceptionally bold with partial thumb separation. PCGS counts 13 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610

4871 1940-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Vibrant frost-white luster engulfs largely unmarked surfaces on this CAC-endorsed, Plus-graded Premium Gem, although a small graze in the right obverse field prevents a Superb Gem designation. Liberty's branch hand shows minor softness consistent with the issue's reputation. PCGS reports only 13 finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610

4872 1941-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The 1941-D Walking Liberty half dollar is not difficult to locate in high grade, but Plus-graded Superb Gems, like the present coin, are rare and finer specimens are virtually unobtainable. This spectacular example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The impeccably preserved, mostly brilliant surfaces show highlights of sea-green and amber toning at the peripheries. NGC ID# 24S4, PCGS# 6612 Base PCGS# 6612

4873 1941-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Bits of iridescent rainbow toning at the rims confirm the natural surfaces of this otherwise brilliant, satin-white 1941-S. One of the "strike rarities" of the late-date series, the San Francisco issue seldom exceeds 60% strike on the head or hand, and the eagle's leg is normally without much feather definition. This high-end Premium Gem exceeds those limits, with a few small marks but excellent eye appeal. PCGS reports just nine numerically finer examples. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613

**1944-D Half Dollar, MS67+
Few Examples Are Finer**



4874 1944-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A mere 10 coins have achieved the Superb Gem grade with the PCGS Plus designation from a wartime mintage of more than 9.7 million pieces. Pale-gold toning accompanies vibrant silver luster over the satin-smooth and sharply struck surfaces. Marks are limited to a trifling few ticks, none of which are apparent to the unaided eye. Population: 10 in 67+, 1 finer. CAC: 131 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24SD, PCGS# 6622 Base PCGS# 6622

4875 1944-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Large S. A hint of butter-gold patina precludes full brilliance, but the lustrous surfaces are remarkably unabraded. The obverse field exhibits vertical die polish lines, as made. The strike shows the usual merging on the central skirt lines and branch hand. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

4876 1946 MS67 PCGS. CAC. A sliver of yellow-gold, rose, bluish-green, and brown patina clings to the obverse margin of this Superb Gem Walker. The reverse assumes more extensive and deeper whispers of brown accented with light green and orange around some of the margin. The branch hand and head exhibit sharp definition, and the surfaces have been well-cared for. The 1946 is a difficult coin in MS67 and virtually unobtainable any finer. Population: 69 in 67 (5 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 29 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SJ, PCGS# 6627 Base PCGS# 6627

**1946 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, Brilliant MS66
FS-801, Strong Doubled Die Reverse**



4877 1946 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS66 PCGS. A lustrous and essentially brilliant example of the pronounced doubled die that affects the wing feathers and E PLURIBUS UNUM on the reverse. The broad doubling is dramatic, sharply struck from an early state of the dies. Many Walking Liberty specialists consider FS-801 the most impressive doubled die of the series — the only variety of the series given a separate *Guide Book* listing. This Premium Gem shows only a few small marks and about 80% details on the head and branch hand. Population (FS-801 variety): 22 in 66 (4 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SJ, PCGS# 145152 Base PCGS# 6632

**1946 Half Dollar, MS66
Doubled Die Reverse**



- 4878** 1946 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS66 NGC. CAC. This popular *Guide Book* variety displays dramatic die doubling on the reverse, mostly evident on E PLURIBUS UNUM and the eagle. The coin is beautifully preserved with vibrant luster that shows a hint of light champagne toning. Liberty's branch hand is incomplete, but the strike is otherwise sharp throughout. NGC ID# 24SJ, PCGS# 145152 Base PCGS# 6632

**1946 Half Dollar, MS66+
Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801**



- 4879** 1946 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The only *Cherrypickers'* variety for the series listed in the classic *Guide Book*, FS-801 exhibits strong die doubling on E PLURIBUS UNUM and the eagle's plumage. This is a brilliant and essentially pristine example that boasts booming luster and a crisp strike on Liberty's head and skirt lines. Population: 22 in 66 (4 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24SJ, PCGS# 145152 Base PCGS# 6632
- 4880** 1946-S MS67 PCGS. Knob S. Light to medium silver-gray toning adorns this lustrous and pristine Superb Gem. The branch hand shows softness but the remainder of the strike is sharp. Population: 76 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SL, PCGS# 6629
- 4881** 1946-S MS67 PCGS. Trumpet Tail S. Rose-red and apple-green toning graces the borders of this lustrous and high grade San Francisco Walker. Smooth aside from delicate marks on the right obverse field. Liberty's branch hand shows incompleteness but her head and skirt are well defined. Population: 76 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SL, PCGS# 6629
- 4882** 1946-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. Knob S. Plum-red, apple-green, and golden-brown freckles adorn the obverse border. The remainder of this lustrous Superb Gem is close to brilliant. The 1946-S has a better strike than the immediately preceding San Francisco issues, and the present piece corresponds to that rule despite blending on the branch hand. Population: 76 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 32 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24SL, PCGS# 6629
- 4883** 1947 MS67 PCGS. The final Walking Liberty half dollar from the Philadelphia Mint is scarce in MS67 and unknown numerically finer. This piece displays a full strike and incredibly frosty mint luster. The obverse is mostly brilliant, the reverse displays woodgrain pattern of olive-gold toning. Population: 73 in 67 (4 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SM, PCGS# 6630

**1947-D Half Dollar, MS67
Lightly Toned Registry Coin**



- 4884** 1947-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. Frosty golden-toned luster embraces unabraded surfaces on this Superb Gem, CAC-endorsed 1947-D Walker. This piece is among the finest at PCGS and is scarce as such. Liberty's branch hand is slightly weak, but the design is otherwise well-defined. Population: 40 in 67 (3 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 17 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5ESK, PCGS# 6631

**PROOF WALKING LIBERTY
HALF DOLLARS**

1936 Half Dollar, Toned PR66



- 4885** 1936 PR66 PCGS. Mottled olive-gold toning over each side of this Premium Gem example shows tinges of violet and forest-green in the reverse recesses. The fields are deeply mirrored, and the motifs display full definition. The debut proof Walking Liberty half dollar is scarce any finer, with PCGS reporting only 42 such submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 27V4, PCGS# 6636

**1936 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, PR67
Only One Numerically Finer at PCGS**



- 4886** 1936 PR67 PCGS. With a mintage of 3,901 pieces, the 1936 proof Walking Liberty half dollar represents the first proof issue of the series. This stunning Superb Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields that show a few hints of lime-green toning at the peripheries. Population: 41 in 67 (3 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27V4, PCGS# 6636

**1937 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, PR67+
Sharply Struck and Nicely Mirrored**



4887 1937 PR67+ PCGS. CAC. A brief appearance of pale-gold and deep-olive toning adds natural appeal to the mirrored surfaces of this high-end proof Walker. The 1937 brilliant proofs are somewhat available at the Superb Gem level, yet few have achieved the dual recognition of PCGS Plus designation as well as CAC endorsement. This example is one of about two dozen pieces to be so-honored. Population: 23 in 67+, 10 finer. CAC: 101 in 67, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5ESS, PCGS# 6637

**1942 Walking Liberty Half Dollar, PR68
Last Proof Issue Until 1950**



4890 1942 PR68 PCGS. CAC. A mintage of 21,120 proof Walking Liberty half dollars was accomplished in 1942, before production of proof coins was suspended due to the extra demands of the wartime economy. This magnificent PR68 specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply reflective fields, with impeccably preserved surfaces and a few hints of greenish-gold and magenta toning. Population: 60 in 68 (3 in 68+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642

**1938 Half Dollar, Border-Toned PR68
Rarely Offered CAC Example**



4888 1938 PR68 PCGS. CAC. We rarely have a chance to offer a 1938 proof in PR68 PCGS, and only one such coin has been seen in our auctions with a CAC endorsement. That lovely coin, housed in a green label holder, garnered \$25,850 in our October 2012 ANA Signature sale. The present example is visually comparable in every aspect all the way down to the lovely multicolor toning that hugs the borders. The interiors exhibit dusky champagne color, and both sides offer deeply reflective fields and sharp motifs. Population: 18 in 68, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27V6, PCGS# 6638

**1942 Half Dollar, PR68 CAC
Final Proof Walker Issue**



4891 1942 PR68 PCGS. CAC. Rich crimson, gold, and powder-blue circle portions of the obverse and reverse. The remainder of the coin has only faint cream-gray toning. A faint mint-made retained lamination between the eagle's legs will be missed by nearly all observers. Fully defined and exceptionally attractive. Population: 60 in 68 (3 in 68+), 1 finer. CAC: 38 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642

**1939 Half Dollar, PR68
Exceptional Quality, Great Eye Appeal**



4889 1939 PR68 PCGS. A nearly brilliant and immaculately preserved Superb Gem proof, with glimpses of clear-gold toning over the glassy-mirrored, silver surfaces. The strike is fully detailed on the raised elements, with faint mint frost on the eagle and portions of Liberty's gown. This coin ranks among the finest graded at PCGS. Population: 41 in 68, 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 5ESU, PCGS# 6639

4892 1942 PR68 PCGS. CAC. The final proof Walker is a rarity this well-preserved and certified by PCGS. The present Registry Set candidate displays sharp detail and mirrored fields. Hints of iridescence appear throughout champagne-toned surfaces. Population: 60 in 68 (3 in 68+), 1 finer. CAC: 39 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642

FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

1948-D Franklin Half, MS67 Full Bell Lines Top-Tier Registry Coin None This Fine at NGC



4893 1948-D MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. This is a rare opportunity to acquire one of the few finest-known 1948-D Franklin half dollars with Full Bell Lines. PCGS reports six pieces in this grade and none finer; none are this fine at NGC. Even without the Full Bell Lines designation, PCGS shows no Superb Gems, and NGC records only one (11/16). This top-graded Registry coin displays an incredibly sharp strike and frosty original mint luster that glistens with a hint of champagne toning. Population: 6 in 67 Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 86652

4894 1949-S MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Premium Gem Franklin half, with sharply detailed design elements and Full Bell Lines definition. This coin displays well-preserved lustrous surfaces under dusky shades of golden-brown and magenta toning. PCGS has graded eight numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 24SV, PCGS# 86655 Base PCGS# 86655

1950 Half Dollar, MS67 Full Bell Lines Among the Finest Certified



4895 1950 MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. Although plentiful in lower grades, the 1950 Franklin half dollar becomes rare in Superb Gem condition where Registry Set collectors actively seek the issue. This coin displays sharp detail and frosty mint luster. The central obverse and most of the reverse are brilliant, while the obverse border shows forest-green, lavender, amber, and golden toning. Population: 19 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24SW, PCGS# 86656

1950 Half Dollar, MS67 Full Bell Lines Original Patina, None Known Finer



4896 1950 MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. Areas of gold, orange, and crimson toning cling to the margins, ceding to the often-seen shades of violet and ice-blue over the interiors. Needle-sharp strike detail and nearly mark-free surfaces are to be expected. The 1950 Franklin half dollar can be found through MS66 with Full Bell Lines, but Superb Gems are of the utmost rarity. Population: 19 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24SW, PCGS# 86656

4897 1953-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Superb Gem example of this popular Franklin half dollar, from a mintage of 4.1 million pieces. This coin features well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under shades of sea-green and lavender-gray toning. Population: 33 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 19 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24T8, PCGS# 6666

1954 Franklin Half, MS66+ Full Bell Lines Few Certified Finer



4898 1954 MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. Vibrant, frosty mint luster rolls over beautifully preserved surfaces on this high-end Premium Gem example. Attractive toning blankets most of both sides, including shades of rose, lavender, forest-green, ebony, and plum. The strike is sharp. PCGS has seen only three Superb Gems finer in the Full Bell Lines category (10/16), making this CAC-endorsed representative highly important for Registry purposes. NGC ID# 24T9, PCGS# 86667

4899 1954-S MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. This high-end Premium Gem is among the finer-known Full Bell Lines 1954-S Franklins. PCGS reports 22 Plus-graded examples in this grade and a single Superb Gem finer (12/16). This piece offers beautiful, frosty mint luster and unabraded surfaces. Original multicolor toning embraces each side. NGC ID# 24TB, PCGS# 86669

**1956 Franklin Half, MS67 Full Bell Lines
Delightful Toning, None Known Finer**



- 4900 1956 MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC.** Delicate blue and lavender toning appears overtop of light golden luster on this frosty Superb Gem. The strike is sharp, and the frosty surfaces are devoid of mentionable abrasions. The surfaces glow when rotated beneath a light. This Philadelphia issue is rarely encountered this fine and never numerically finer. Population: 30 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer. CAC: 22 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TD, PCGS# 86671

- 4901 1956 MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC.** Gold, ice-blue, lavender, and bluish-gray toning visits the obverse of this Superb Franklin while freckles of brown run over the reverse. The lustrous surfaces are nicely preserved and exhibit well-struck design elements. The 1956 with Full Bell Lines is rare in this level of preservation and unknown any finer. Population: 30 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer. CAC: 23 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TD, PCGS# 86671

**1958 Half Dollar, MS67 Full Bell Lines
Strike Rarity, None Certified Finer**



- 4902 1958 MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. Type One,** with four flattened feathers left of the eagle's perch. The 1958 Franklin half dollar is the most challenging Philadelphia issue from 1948 to 1960 to find with Full Bell Lines. This conditionally rare Superb Gem is lightly toned and thickly frosted with blushes of russet patina. A couple of minute ticks do nothing to affect the appeal. Population: 19 in 67 (1 in 67+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TH, PCGS# 86674

- 4903 1960-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** This frosty and highly lustrous Premium Gem exhibits brilliant silver surfaces and iridescent wisps. An excellent Set Registry candidate. Population: 36 in 66 (1 in 66+) Full Bell Lines, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TM, PCGS# 86679

- 4904 1962 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Frosty mint luster rolls around freely beneath mottled multicolor toning on each side. The strike is a trifle weak on the bell lines near the crack but is well-executed elsewhere. No finer examples are certified at PCGS. Population: 46 in 66 (3 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TR, PCGS# 6682

**1962 Half Dollar, MS66 Full Bell Lines
A Top-Certified Representative**



- 4905 1962 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** A delightful Premium Gem Franklin half dollar with sharply detailed design elements that show full definition on the bell lines and virtually pristine surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Hints of golden-tan, magenta, and burnt-orange toning add to the outstanding eye appeal. Population: 14 in 66 Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TR, PCGS# 86682

**1962-D Half Dollar, MS66 Full Bell Lines
An Ideal Registry Set Candidate**



- 4906 1962-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** No 1962-D Franklin halves are known in Superb Gem condition, with or without a Full Bell Lines designation. This Premium Gem example is among the finest Registry Set collectors can acquire, and it is conditionally rare as such. The sharp strike complements satiny luster. Champagne and olive-gold toning encompasses each side. Population: 31 in 66 (1 in 66+) Full Bell Lines, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TS, PCGS# 86683

PROOF FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

- 4907 1950 PR67 PCGS.** Notable for the lack of any consequential marks along the fully defined bell lines, this Superb Gem proof is untuned with strong silver mirrors that abut lightly frosted raised devices. A hint of haze along the margins does not detract from high-quality eye appeal. Population: 75 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

- 4908 1950 PR67 PCGS.** The Mint resumed proof set offerings in 1950 and a mintage of 51,386 Franklin half dollars was accomplished. This spectacular Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved brilliant surfaces, with fantastic visual appeal. Population: 76 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

- 4909 1950 PR67 NGC.** After an eight-year slumber, proof half dollar production resumed in 1950, this time with the Franklin design. Mintages were low at 51,386 pieces, relative to the much higher proof coinages by the end of the series. This is a lustrous, brilliant, and immaculate Superb Gem. Certified in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

- 4910 1950 PR67 PCGS.** A delightful Superb Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and deeply reflective surfaces that show no mentionable signs of contact. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 76 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

4911 1950 PR67 PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Light golden toning shows wisps of lavender throughout each side of this Superb Gem proof 1950 Franklin half dollar. The strike is full, and the fields are deeply reflective. Examples of the debut proof in the series are scarce this fine, with or without a Cameo designation. Population: 75 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 34 in 67, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

4912 1950 PR67 PCGS. CAC. A brilliant, fully struck example of the debut proof in the Franklin half dollar series. This Superb Gem is nearly flawless in its preservation and is conditionally scarce as such. Population: 76 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 35 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

4913 1950 PR65 Cameo PCGS. The glassy-mirrored fields avoid nearly all haziness while the strike is quite sharp on the well-frosted motifs. The white-on-black contrast is unmistakable. A brilliant proof, the fields are free of hairlines and the bell lines are undisturbed. All of these factors combine to suggest an incrementally finer grade is possible. Housed in an earlier generation light blue-label holder. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 86691

**1950 Half Dollar, PR66+ Cameo
Brilliant With Strong Contrast**



4914 1950 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. First-year Franklin half dollar proofs are scarce with Cameo contrast in Gem condition, and this example is considerably finer than that in Premium Gem with the PCGS Plus designation. The mirrored fields contrast nicely with frosted devices, where moderate contrast on the obverse joins and heavy cameo effect on the reverse. Glassy-smooth, reflective mirrors surround sharply defined raised devices on both sides. Population: 5 in 66+ Cameo, 20 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 86691

**1950 Franklin Half Dollar, PR66+ Cameo
Brilliant, First-Year Franklin Half Proof**



4915 1950 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Premium Gem representative of the first proof Franklin half dollar issue, from a mintage of 51,386 pieces. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout, with a rich coat of mint frost that creates a stunning cameo effect against the deeply mirrored fields. Well-preserved brilliant surfaces add to the outstanding eye appeal. Population: 69 in 66 (5 in 66+) Cameo, 20 finer. CAC: 33 in 66, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 86691

**1950 FS-101 Half Dollar, PR67
Quadrupled Die Obverse**



4916 1950 Quadrupled Die Obverse, FS-101, PR67 PCGS. The obverse legends are die quadrupled, with the most significant spread on the date and TRUST. A lightly toned and lustrous Superb Gem with unabraded surfaces and slight incompleteness of strike at the centers. A few pinpoint flecks are noted on the left obverse field. A rare variety designated URS-4 (5 to 8 known) by *Cherrypickers'*. Population: 3 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). PCGS# 396179 Base PCGS# 6691

**1951 Half Dollar, PR67 Cameo
Rare at This Grade Level**



4917 1951 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Cameo 1951 halves are scarce in any grade, and rare at the PR67 level. Only 22 other pieces have been so graded by PCGS with none finer (11/16). This is an all-brilliant example that exhibits deeply reflective fields on each side with noticeably contrasting frosted devices. Light die striations (as made) are seen over the devices. NGC ID# 27VB, PCGS# 86692

4918 1952 PR67 Cameo PCGS. A spectacular Superb Gem proof, with intense cameo contrast between the sharply detailed frosty design elements and the deeply mirrored fields. The impeccably preserved surfaces show a few subtle hints of pale gold toning. Population: 61 in 67 (4 in 67+) Cameo, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VC, PCGS# 86693

4919 1952 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC. As a general rule, Cameo 1952 halves are not as attractive as the preceding year. Many (most?) show die striations on the central devices that have confused many collectors in the past. This is a remarkably well-produced 1952. The fields display unfathomable depth of reflectivity and there is a significant amount of frost over the devices. No apparent contact marks can be seen. Brilliant except for a slight dab of golden patina on the lower portion of the reverse. NGC ID# 27VC, PCGS# 86693

**1952 Half Dollar, PR68 Cameo
CAC-Approved Registry Coin**



4920 1952 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The 1952 proof Franklin half presents a challenge for the Registry Set collector. Deep Cameos are rare in any grade, and the sole finest at PCGS — a PR67 Deep Cameo — is already housed in the current highest-rated Registry Set. Cross over into the Cameo category, however, and this issue becomes more readily obtainable. It is also known in finer numeric condition with the Cameo designation. The present offering is one of five PR68 Cameos that rank as the finest at PCGS (11/16). Field device contrast is nearly as dramatic as it is on Deep Cameos, and the level of preservation gives this coin significant appeal over a Deep Cameo two grade points lower. The coin is brilliant and yields remarkable depth of mirroring in the fields. The CAC endorsement further adds to the appeal, an award not given to the finest Deep Cameo coin at PCGS. CAC: 5 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VC, PCGS# 86693

4921 1954 PR68 Cameo PCGS. The sharply detailed frosty design elements of this spectacular PR68 specimen create intense cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The virtually pristine surfaces add to the terrific eye appeal. Population: 74 in 68 (1 in 68+) Cameo, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VE, PCGS# 86695

**1955 Half Dollar, PR68+ Deep Cameo
The Single Finest at PCGS**



4922 1955 PR68+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Awarded the Plus designation for its superior technical quality, this high-end Deep Cameo proof ranks as the sole finest at PCGS, a status that makes it nearly half of a grade point finer than the piece in the current highest-rated Registry Set. The surfaces are brilliant and display eye-catching field-device contrast. No mentionable imperfections are observed with a loupe. Population: 36 in 68 (1 in 68+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 23 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VF, PCGS# 96696

4923 1956 Type One, FS-901, PR68 Cameo PCGS. A fully struck, brilliant Superb Gem example of the challenging Type One 1956 proof, showing low relief feathers on the reverse eagle. This piece is among the finest Cameos seen by PCGS. Population: 60 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 24TV, PCGS# 510120 Base PCGS# 86686

4924 1956 Type One, FS-901, PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Most proof 1956 Franklin halves depict a high relief eagle with three feathers left of the perch. Only a small percentage of the issue uses the prior design, which shows a lower relief eagle that has four feather tips left of the perch. An immaculate specimen with a hint of mauve toning across the obverse margin. Population: 60 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TV, PCGS# 510120 Base PCGS# 86686

**1956 Franklin, PR69 Deep Cameo
Sharp Type Two Reverse**



4925 1956 Type Two PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. A Registry-grade coin, among the finest 1956 Franklin half dollars certified by either service. PCGS has not seen any Type One Deep Cameos this well-preserved. This example displays fully struck, frost-white design elements against seemingly immeasurable depth of mirroring in the fields. Population: 69 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TW, PCGS# 96697

4926 1956 Type Two PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. This PR69 Deep Cameo half dollar ranks among the finest 1956 proofs reported at either of the leading grading services. Dramatic contrast is the result of thickly frosted motifs set against practically flawless, deeply mirrored fields. Sure to be a highlight in any Registry Set. Population: 69 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TW, PCGS# 96697

4927 1959 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. A beautifully preserved, brilliant Superb Gem, among the finest Cameos at PCGS. The strike is full, and the degree of field-device contrast is nearly worthy of a Deep Cameo designation. Population: 45 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 19 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VJ, PCGS# 86700

4928 1960 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. A Registry-grade example with brilliant, deeply mirrored fields and gorgeous contrast. The strike is fully executed, and the preservation is outstanding. Finer Deep Cameos are rare. Population: 88 in 68 (4 in 68+) Deep Cameo, 9 finer. CAC: 21 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TY, PCGS# 96701

1960 Half Dollar, PR69 Deep Cameo Franklin Proof Registry Coin



4929 1960 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. Nine PR69 Deep Cameos are the finest proof 1960 Franklin halves seen at PCGS (11/16). One is housed in the current highest-rated Registry Set, and another is offered here. This piece showcases remarkable contrast and depth of mirroring, with frosty-white luster on the devices and no evidence of toning on either side. A loupe fails to reveal any perceptible imperfections. Proof Franklin half dollars of this degree of quality and eye appeal are rare, regardless of issue. Here is an important opportunity for the advanced collector to get one step closer to assembling a complete collection of finest-known proof Franklin half dollars. NGC ID# 24TY, PCGS# 96701

1961 Half Dollar, PR67 FS-801, Doubled Die Reverse



4930 1961 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, PR67 PCGS. CAC. The reverse is dramatically die doubled on this popular *Guide Book* variety. The present piece is a conditional rarity at the top of PCGS population. The obverse displays pleasing cameo contrast, but the reverse is less pronounced and does not warrant the Cameo designation from PCGS. Both sides are brilliant and virtually flawless. Population: 17 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24TZ, PCGS# 145292 Base PCGS# 6689

1962 Half Dollar, PR69 Deep Cameo Registry Set Must-Have



4931 1962 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. This virtually flawless Deep Cameo proof is tied for the finest known. Stark white-on-black contrast complements brilliant surfaces. The fields are fully mirrored, and the relief elements have thick, frosty luster. With so few PCGS-graded coins known this fine, Registry Set collectors should not let the present opportunity pass by. Population: 16 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VK, PCGS# 96703

KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

4932 1965 MS67 PCGS. A frosty Superb Gem, this 1965 Kennedy half dollar represents the first issue of silver-clad coinage with the actual silver content reduced from 90% to 40%. That reduction made no difference in the outward beauty of these coins as the present piece indicates. The surfaces are frosty and bright. This piece is tied for the finest certified. Population: 18 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24U4, PCGS# 6708

1966 Kennedy Half, MS67
Registry-Grade Condition Rarity



- 4933 1966 MS67 PCGS.** Although the regular-issue 1966 Kennedy half dollar boasts a nine-figure mintage, PCGS has seen only a dozen pieces that survive in grades of MS67 or better. The present example is a rare find for the Registry Set collector. The strike is sharp, and there are but a few trivial grazes on the devices. Satiny luster yields a hint of light golden toning. Population: 11 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24WH, PCGS# 6709

1967 Kennedy Half, MS67
Delightfully Patinated, Tied for Finest



- 4934 1967 MS67 PCGS.** Rainbow shades at the borders yield to faintly dappled, translucent bluish-gray toning in the fields surrounding brilliant-silver central motifs on this Superb Gem Kennedy half dollar. The strike is sharp and satiny mint luster illuminates the smooth surfaces. The coin strikes a balance with both toned and brilliant eye appeal. Tied for finest at either service and rare as such. Population: 21 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24WJ, PCGS# 6710

1967 Kennedy Business Strike, Top-Grade MS67
Spectacularly Toned on Both Sides
Among the Finest We Have Ever Offered



- 4935 1967 MS67 PCGS.** Although the 1965-67 Special Mint Set Kennedy halves are quite common in MS67 (or SP67, as PCGS has begun recently certifying them), the business strike 1965-67 Kennedys are quite *uncommon* so fine. This colorfully toned, pristine example is mounted reverse-side-up in the PCGS holder to display its admirable qualities, but the obverse is just about as nice. The reverse shows gold, sunset-orange, and soft jade hues with complete mint luster, while the obverse offers a similar palette. We note that even some of the top Registry Sets at PCGS show MS66 grades for the 1965-67 business strikes. This coin should see spirited bidding from series fans. Population: 21 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Summer FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2012), lot 4203. NGC ID# 24WJ, PCGS# 6710

1970-D Kennedy Half, MS67
Only Available in Mint Sets



- 4936 1970-D MS67 PCGS.** With a mintage of slightly more than 2 million coins, the 1970-D Kennedy half dollar was recognized as a key-date almost from the year of issue. Collectors were unable to acquire this issue from their local bank, as examples were only struck for mint sets that were sold to collectors. Despite the special striking for collector sets, few high-grade pieces survive. This example is fully brilliant and lustrous with hints of peripheral gold toning. Population: 14 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 4610. **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# CC4U, PCGS# 6713

- 4937 1974 MS67 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Medium caramel-gold and powder-blue toning graces this lustrous and pristine Superb Gem. The fields exhibit an orange peel texture, as coined from long-in-use dies. Population: 14 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24UG, PCGS# 6722
- 4938 2006-D MS68 PCGS.** The strike is impressive on this Superb Gem Kennedy half, with razor-sharp hair definition and and vibrant silver luster to showcase the bold, immaculate surfaces. There are no visible impairments on this outstanding, Registry Set candidate. Tied for finest certified by either service. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VY, PCGS# 6791

SMS KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

- 4939 1965 SMS MS66 Deep Cameo PCGS.** The 1965 Special Mint Set Kennedy half is scarce in all Deep Cameo grades. This Premium Gem example displays stark contrast and brilliant surfaces with excellent preservation. The strike is sharp throughout. Population: 20 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 34CB, PCGS# 96845

1965 SMS Kennedy Half Dollar
MS67 Ultra Cameo



- 4940 1965 SMS MS67 Ultra Cameo NGC.** The Mint distributed 2.3 million Special Mint Sets in 1965 after discontinuing proof production the previous year. Kennedy half dollars from those sets are rarely found as fine as the MS67 Ultra Cameo example offered in this lot. Each side is all-brilliant with profound field reflectivity. A razor-sharp strike is unsurprising. Census: 31 in 67 Ultra Cameo, 2 finer (11/16). **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# 34CB, PCGS# 96845

**1966 SMS Kennedy Half Dollar
Brilliant SP68 Deep Cameo
Tied for Finest Known**



- 4941 1966 SMS SP68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** In the absence of proof sets, the Mint issued Special Mint Sets in 1965, '66, and '67. These coins were midway between regular issues and proofs. They were struck once on unpolished planchets but with heavily polished working dies, contrasting with proof coinage which involved heavily polished dies striking a polished planchet twice. Moreover, SMS coins were not as carefully handled at the Mint as were the proofs of years past, resulting in some pieces leaving the Mint with small contact marks. These factors make high-grade, deeply contrasted SMS coins scarce and highly sought-after, and they make the present SP68 Deep Cameo 1966 half dollar a major condition rarity and Registry Set essential. The coin is brilliant and untuned with stark white-on-black contrast that rivals true proof coinage. The quality and eye appeal are about as magnificent as is possible for an SMS half dollar. Population: 6 in 68 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24WH, PCGS# 96846

**1967 SMS Half Dollar, SP68 Deep Cameo
Stark-White Motifs on Jet-Black Fields**



- 4942 1967 SMS SP68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** This magnificent SP68 example offers sharply detailed and frosty design elements that contrast dramatically with the deeply mirrored fields. The Mint issued Special Mint Sets from 1965 through 1968 in lieu of proof sets. Appropriately, the half dollars were struck on 40% silver-clad planchets, like their regular-issue counterparts. The brilliant surfaces of the present coin are impeccably preserved with eye appeal that defines its unsurpassed grade at PCGS. Population: 17 in 68 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24WJ, PCGS# 96847

PROOF KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

**1964 Half Dollar, PR70
Pristine and Brilliant**



- 4943 1964 PR70 PCGS.** Type Two Reverse. This razor-sharp and prominently mirrored proof half appears as made aside from small tan freckles at the top of Kennedy's cheekbone and on the obverse rim at 3 o'clock. Due to the advent of the Kennedy half, the 1964 proof set has a high mintage, but surprisingly few have met the demanding standards of the PR70 grade. Population: 29 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 24WF, PCGS# 6800

**1964 Half Dollar, PR69 Deep Cameo
Elusive This Fine at PCGS**



- 4944 1964 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** The finest Deep Cameo proof 1964 Kennedy halves grade PR69, and at PCGS coins in this grade are scarce. Here offered is a brilliant, starkly contrasted example with razor-sharp detail and near-flawless surfaces. The mirrored fields display seemingly infinite depth. A must-have item for Registry Set collectors and an incredible proof type coin as well. Population: 88 in 69 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24WF, PCGS# 96800

1964 Kennedy Half, PR68 Ultra Cameo
Accented Hair Subtype



- 4945** 1964 Accented Hair, FS-401, PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC. Type One Reverse. The 1964 Accented Hair “variety” is actually a subtype of the initial Kennedy half dollar issue of 1964. This issue, with its bold part in President Kennedy’s hair, is seldom found with black-and-white contrast, and it is highly elusive in PR68 Ultra Cameo. This Superb Gem is fully brilliant with frosty silver devices and deeply mirrored fields. Census: 10 in 68 Ultra Cameo, 2 finer (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 5052, where it brought \$9,987.50.
From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 145627 Base PCGS# 96801

1973-S Half Dollar, PR70 Deep Cameo
Very Rare in This Unsurpassable Grade



- 4946** 1973-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. A very rare issue to find in this superlative and unsurpassable grade. Totally brilliant with bold contrast between the reflective fields and deeply frosted devices. A keeper for the Kennedy specialist. Population: 35 in 70 Deep Cameo, (11/16).
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2006), lot 3174. NGC ID# 27WM, PCGS# 96809

MORGAN DOLLARS

1878 8TF Silver Dollar, MS66
VAM-6, ‘Pierced Eyelid’



- 4947** 1878 8TF Pierced Eyelid, VAM-6, MS66 PCGS. Only a wisp of golden-gray toning accompanies this lustrous and well struck Premium Gem. The fields appear pristine, and the cheek displays only wispy grazes. VAM-6 is named after a delicate vertical die line through Liberty’s eye lid northwest of the eye. As of (11/16), NGC and PCGS have certified hundreds of examples as VAM-6, with the single finest as MS65+. The present lot exceeds that grade, though the die marriage is unlisted on the PCGS insert. NGC ID# 76LZ, PCGS# 133789 Base PCGS# 7072

1878 8TF Silver Dollar, MS66
High Grade VAM-14.1A



- 4948** 1878 8TF Alligator Eye, VAM-14.1A, MS66 PCGS. A late die state of VAM-14.1 with a double set of clash marks above the shoulder curl. Peach-gold, blue-green, and dove-gray toning drapes this lustrous and sharply struck Premium Gem. As of (11/16), PCGS and NGC have certified a total of 390 1878 dollars as VAM-14.1, with none above MS65. The present piece would rank as the single finest of the variety at either leading service, had it been submitted as VAM-14.1. NGC ID# 253H, PCGS# 133796 Base PCGS# 7072

1878 8 Tailfeathers Dollar, MS63
Very Rare VAM-14.11, Wild Eye Variety
25 to 30 Examples Extant



- 4949 1878 8TF Wild Eye, VAM-14.11, MS63 NGC. A Top 100 Variety. According to VAMWorld.com, this variety "is an ultra rarity with perhaps a dozen known. ... The VAM-14.11 is defined by two 'spikes' in front of the eye. The first is upward short and square-ended. The second is longer downward and sharply pointed. The letters in 'E PLURIBUS' are all doubled, showing small notches on the left serifs." The certification totals at NGC and PCGS suggests a survivorship closer to 25 or 30 coins. This Select first-year dollar is entirely brilliant and fully struck. The obverse features partial contrast. Small marks over each side are unimportant relative to the significance of this offering. Census: 2 in 63, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 224X, PCGS# 133806 Base PCGS# 7072

1878 8TF Morgan Dollar
MS63 Deep Prooflike
Very Rare VAM-14.12



- 4950 1878 8TF Eye Dots, VAM-14.12, MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAMworld.com states, "VAM-14.12 is an ultra rarity with less than ten known in all grades." The pick-up point is in front of Liberty's eye, which shows a couple of tiny die dots. Additional die dots are found in a fold of Liberty's cap, west of the second U in UNUM. This is a flashy Select example with peripheral peach-gold patina. Moderate contact on the left obverse determines the grade. The introductory and briefly issued eight tailfeather Morgan dollars are widely collected by VAM variety, and the rarest 8TF VAMs command enormous premiums over "common" varieties, such as VAM-17. Population: 2 in 63 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253H, PCGS# 40170 Base PCGS# 97073

1878 Eight Tailfeathers Dollar
Wild Lips, Hot 50 VAM-14.16
MS62 Prooflike



- 4951** 1878 8TF Wild Lips, VAM-14.16, MS62 Prooflike PCGS. A Hot 50 Variety. Liberty's profile is die doubled, similar to (though less dramatic than) the famous VAM-4 "Hot Lips" 1888-O dollar. VAMworld.com calls VAM-14.16 "ultra rare," and the present lot ranks among the finest examples of the variety. The mirrored surfaces are untoned, well struck, and moderately abraded. Population: 4 in 62 (2 in 62+) Prooflike, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 253H, PCGS# 40177 Base PCGS# 7073

1878 7/8TF Dollar, MS65 Prooflike
VAM-34, Hot 50 Variety



- 4952** 1878 7/8TF 7/4 Strong, VAM-34, MS65 Prooflike PCGS. A Hot 50 Variety. A brilliant Gem with flashy fields and crisply struck devices. Field marks are negligible, and the portrait displays delicate grazes. VAM-34 shows a die scratch from a cotton leaf, and GOD WE is lightly die doubled. Parallel diagonal die lines are embedded in the tail feathers. PCGS# 40209 Base PCGS# 7075

1878 7/8TF Morgan Dollar, MS65+
VAM-38 Doubled Obverse



- 4953** 1878 7/8TF Strong, VAM-38, MS65+ PCGS. The Strong 7/8 Tailfeathers subtype is rarely seen finer than this high-end Gem. VAM-38 shows five underlying tailfeathers with a die doubled obverse. The strike on this coin is sharp, and neither side exhibits obtrusive abrasions. Mottled olive-green, gold, and reddish-orange toning blankets each side. NGC ID# 2TXZ, PCGS# 134035 Base PCGS# 7078

1878 7/8TF Silver Dollar, MS66
Popular VAM-38 Variety



- 4954** 1878 7/8TF Strong, VAM-38, MS66 PCGS. A lustrous and lightly toned Premium Gem. The fields are smooth and the strike is sharp. The sweet spot of the cheek is unmarked, though Liberty's chin displays a few delicate grazes. An outstanding example of the widely collected doubled tailfeathers *Guide Book* variety. For all Strong 7/8TF Varieties: Population: 16 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TXZ, PCGS# 134035 Base PCGS# 7078

1878 7/8TF Silver Dollar, MS66
VAM-41C 'Bearded Lady'



4955 1878 7/8TF Weak, VAM-41C, MS66 PCGS. A Super CD Variety. VAMworld.com calls VAM-41C the "Bearded Lady" variety, due to the prominent clash marks along Liberty's profile and neck. This lightly toned and thoroughly lustrous Premium Gem has nearly pristine fields, though we note mint-made strike-throughs above the leaves of the eagle's branch. Wispy grazes on Liberty's cheek determine the grade. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 134038 Base PCGS# 7074

4956 1878 7/8TF 7/4 Weak, VAM-41A, MS64 Deep Prooflike NGC. The 7/4 Tailfeathers VAM-41A is a later, lapped die state of the VAM-41, a 7/7 Tailfeathers variety. This Deep Prooflike representative must have been one of the earliest VAM-41A examples struck, given its exceptional field reflectivity. The nearly brilliant surfaces are well struck and inoffensively marked. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 40212 Base PCGS# 97075

1878 7/8 Tailfeathers Morgan Dollar
VAM-41A, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike



4957 1878 7/8TF 7/4 Weak, VAM-41A, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAMWorld.com writes: "VAM-41A is the repolished VAM-41 and exists in prooflike condition due to that." Four tail ends appear under the primary tailfeathers, and no die lines are present under Liberty's chin. A gouge left of the wreath bow helps identify the variety. Each side is wholly brilliant with deeply reflective fields and frosted motifs. This Gem first-year dollar is strongly defined, and the sole mark of note appears below the olive branch. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 40212 Base PCGS# 97075

1878 Morgan Dollar, MS66+
Seven Tailfeathers, Reverse of 1878
Among the Finest at Either Service



4958 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. This is the Short Nock variant of the Reverse of 1878 with parallel arrow feathers and 7 Tailfeathers. VAM enthusiasts will note the missing wing feathers where the eagle's right (facing) wing is overpolished, doubling on LIBERTY, and crumbling on the G in GOD.

Dazzling mint frost covers this nearly brilliant, high-end Premium Gem. All of the design details are crisply impressed, and the reverse is beautifully preserved. Liberty's cheek is very clean, and only a faint luster graze in the left obverse field precludes an even finer grade designation. The important PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement ensures a prominent place among the finest-known examples of the 7TF type. Population: 7 in 66+, 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7074

4959 1878 7TF Reverse of 1879 MS65+ PCGS. A Plus-graded Gem from the first year of the Morgan dollar design, this piece exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved lustrous surfaces, under attractive shades of greenish-gold and violet toning. PCGS has graded 25 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 253L, PCGS# 7076

4960 1878-CC MS65+ PCGS. CAC. A needle-sharp strike complements frosty, untuned mint luster on this high-end Gem Carson City "cartwheel." The reverse is nearly pristine, while the obverse shows a few faint grazes that determine the grade. An eye-appealing example of this slightly better CC-mint issue. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

4961 1878-CC MS65+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-9. The mintmark is tilted right on this variety, and numerous distinctive die lines appear in the reverse fields. This high-end Gem 1878-CC Morgan dollar displays fully struck devices and frosty, untuned mint luster with just a few trivial grazes. Eye appeal is generous. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

**1878-CC Morgan Dollar, MS66
First-Year Carson City Issue**



- 4962 1878-CC MS66 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The strike on this Premium Gem CC-Mint dollar is sharp, and only a few faint abrasions are visible in the fields even with a loupe, suggesting this coin did not suffer the rigors of rail transportation and was well-preserved throughout the years. Occasional blue and orange toning is limited to the edges, while frosty silver luster dominates both sides of the coin. The inaugural Carson City issue is very rare above the MS66 level, with PCGS reporting just six numerically finer pieces (10/16). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

**1878-CC Morgan, MS66
Rare in Finer Grades**



- 4963 1878-CC MS66 PCGS.** This scarce variety features a long die scratch that is seen as a thin line extending down from the R in LIBERTY, a thick line at the middle of the eye lash, a thin line at the bottom of the eye, and a thick one at the back of the nostril. The coin is frosty and beautifully preserved, with light golden toning overall and intermittent violet and teal overtones seen around the borders. PCGS has certified only six numerically finer 1878-CC dollars (10/16). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

**1878-CC Morgan Dollar, Toned MS66
Rarely Encountered Finer**



- 4964 1878-CC MS66 PCGS.** Blue and violet patina near the margins combine with light apricot-orange hues centrally, accounting for the tremendous eye appeal of this Premium Gem Carson City dollar. A remarkably toned example from the series' first year of issue, only a few tiny marks and abrasions exist — and they are lost amid the rich toning. Liberty's portrait is pristine, while frosty luster illuminates strongly struck devices, where only the talons lack sharpness. PCGS shows just six numerically finer coins (11/16). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

- 4965 1878-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** A sharp strike complements frosty mint luster on this Premium Gem 1878-S Morgan dollar. The obverse displays a light champagne interior, ceding to deeper amber-orange border toning. The reverse has mottled orange-gold, lavender-gray, and ocean-blue hues. PCGS reports 36 numerically finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 253R, PCGS# 7082

- 4966 1878-S MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC.** Splendid golden-brown, rose-red, and forest-green patina adorns the margins of this flashy and fully struck silver dollar. Well-preserved aside from a hair-thin vertical line above Liberty's eye. NGC has seen 29 higher grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 56ZC, PCGS# 97083

- 4967 1879 MS66 PCGS.** A second-year Premium Gem devoid of color, this brilliant offering has incredibly smooth fields and lacks any mentionable marks on the cheek. The centers are well-defined. Cartwheel luster rolls over each side, adding to the mint-fresh allure. There are only five higher-graded submissions at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

- 4968 1879 MS66 NGC.** Liberty's cheek is smooth, rounded, and unblemished on this Premium Gem dollar. Brilliant and frosty luster dominates the nearly immaculate surfaces, which show only a couple of small rim ticks and a single, tiny abrasion beneath the lowest arrowhead. With nearly 15 million pieces struck, the 1879 Philadelphia issue maximized many of the dies. This coin displays some signs of die wear as well as a touch of blending over the ear, yet the overall eye appeal is terrific. NGC reports just five numerically finer pieces. Census: 82 in 66 (4 in 66+, 3 in 66★), 5 finer (10/16).

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

- 4969 1879 MS66+ PCGS.** A sharp, frosty example of this conditionally elusive Philadelphia issue, showing brilliant interiors surrounded by vivid orange-gold, violet, and blue peripheral rings. A loupe reveals a few insignificant grazes. PCGS reports only five Superb Gems finer (12/16). NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

**1879 Silver Dollar, MS66+
A Rare Date Any Finer**



- 4970 1879 MS66+ PCGS.** This common Philadelphia issue becomes elusive in Premium Gem condition, and finer coins are genuine rarities. The current Plus-graded example offers a balances between quality and affordability. Frosty mint luster is cast in shades of champagne-gray, sea-green, and amber-orange toning, while the underlying surfaces are beautifully preserved. Minor strike weakness is seen on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear, as usual. PCGS and NGC each record five finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

**1879 Morgan Dollar, MS66+
Extremely Rare Any Finer**



- 4971 1879 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** This Plus-designated, CAC-stickered Premium Gem is about as high-end as most collectors can hope to acquire when it comes to the conditionally challenging 1879 Morgan dollar. Finer coins number only five pieces each at PCGS and NGC (10/16). This coin displays a bold strike and brilliant, frosty cartwheel luster. A few faint grazes on the obverse are all that limit the grade. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

1879-CC Dollar, Frosted MS62
Normal Mintmark



- 4972** 1879-CC MS62 NGC. Normal Mintmark. This lustrous and well-struck key date Carson City dollar is primarily brilliant, although the margins have blushes of apricot toning. The left obverse is typically abraded, but the remainder of the coin is well-preserved. Housed in a prior generation holder.
Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 2340. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC Silver Dollar, MS63
Appealing for the Grade



- 4973** 1879-CC MS63 NGC. VAM-4, a Normal Mintmark variety that shows a die chip on the left side of the 8 in the date and a pair of die lines extending downward from Liberty's nose. This example is frosty and lustrous with a hint of pale champagne toning. Abrasions are surprisingly minimal for the grade. Minor strike weakness occurs on the eagle's breast and on the hair above Liberty's ear. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC Dollar, MS63
Normal Mintmark



- 4974** 1879-CC MS63 PCGS. After the 1889-CC, no other Nevada issue proves as difficult to locate in mint condition as the 1879-CC. The Carson City Mint struck 756,000 Morgan dollars that year. This is an untoned Select example with light marks peppered throughout. Well-defined with trivial central incompleteness. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC Silver Dollar, MS64
Second-Rarest Carson City Morgan



- 4975** 1879-CC MS64 PCGS Secure. Lack of silver bullion was the primary reason just 756,000 silver dollars were struck at the Carson City Mint in 1879. Among CC dollars, the 1879 is second only to the 1889-CC in rarity despite several other Carson City issues with lower mintages. This example displays a trace of pale golden-gray toning over brilliant and frosty surfaces. Cartwheel silver luster shines from both sides of this sharply struck near-Gem example. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

1879-CC VAM-4 Dollar, MS64
Lightly Toned, Booming Luster



- 4976** 1879-CC MS64 PCGS. VAM-4. The right C in the mintmark is lightly repunched. A lengthy die line descends from Liberty's nostril, and a small die break emerges from the center-left of the 8 in the date. Most collectors, though, will be more impressed by the dynamic luster and carefully preserved surfaces of this lightly toned key date Carson City dollar. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

**1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64+
Frosty, Luminous Mint Luster**



- 4977 1879-CC MS64+ PCGS. VAM-4.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The mintmark is lightly doubled on the inside of the second C on this lesser VAM variety. Frosty mint luster embraces mint-fresh surfaces on this high-end near-Gem, accentuated by a hint of light champagne toning. Slight weakness on the eagle's talons and breast barely translates to the hair above Liberty's ear. There are a few minor grazes on the obverse, but the overall surface quality is excellent. The 1879-CC is a secondary key date in the Carson City short set, trailing only the 1889-CC in importance. The Capped Die variety of this year gives the issue even more focus from series specialists, although it is the Normal Mintmark varieties such as that of the present coin that are the most elusive at auction. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

**1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Prooflike
Bold Contrast, Sharp Strike**



- 4978 1879-CC MS64 Prooflike ANACS.** Normal Mintmark. This is a lovely cameo example with fully mirrored fields around richly frosted devices. Both sides are lustrous with only slight champagne toning that deepens somewhat at the rims. A few minuscule marks are evident on each side, and while the mirrored surfaces tend to magnify the appearance of any individual blemishes, this sharply struck piece is close to Gem quality.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 5387; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 1416.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 7087

**1879-CC Dollar, MS62
VAM-3, Capped Die Variant**



- 4979 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS62 PCGS.** A Top 100 Variety. A classic example of the Capped Die variety, with numerous minute die chips near the mintmark. The cream-gray fields and devices are bounded by honey-gold and ice-blue toning. The centers are slightly soft, but the remainder of the piece is sharply defined.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 2344. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

**1879-CC Dollar, MS62
VAM-3A, 'Capped Die'**



- 4980 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3A, MS62 ANACS.** A Top 100 Variety. Known as the "Capped Die" Variety, VAM-3 was shunned by collectors during the 1970s, due to the unfamiliar appearance of the mintmark. Eventually, numismatists identified it is a Large over Small CC variety, with the die chips added by a mint worker to conceal the wrong-sized mintmark. In 2012, Lance Newman noticed that a minority of examples had die gouges near the first A in AMERICA. This late die state was designated VAM-3A. A lustrous semikey Carson City dollar with light butter-gold toning and relatively few marks for the MS62 level. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Capped Die Dollar, MS62
A Top 100 Variety



- 4981** 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS62 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. Die chips around the mintmark are the ready identifier of this popular VAM variety. The present Mint State example is moderately abraded, but the frosty luster and soft champagne and russet toning are original, giving the coin heightened appeal. The strike is bold. Grade-limiting abrasions are mostly restricted to the obverse, with the reverse appearing quite well-preserved under a loupe. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS63
Popular Capped Die Variety, VAM-3



- 4982** 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. Only 756,000 Morgan dollars were struck at the Carson City Mint in 1879 and many examples (including this coin) show the famous Capped Die reverse, the result of stamping a large CC mintmark over the partially effaced remnants of a smaller CC. The present coin is a well-detailed Select example, with lustrous brilliant surfaces on both sides. A few roller marks on Liberty's cheek are the only marks of note.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Dollar, Solid MS63
Popular VAM-3, 'Capped Die' Variety



- 4983** 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The unmistakable, raggedly-done overmintmark shows a Large CC over Small CC (the so-called Capped Die) VAM-3 variety was discovered in stages — the reverse by Art Kagin in October, 1962, and the obverse by Leroy Van Allen in December, 1965. The nuances of the obverse die are less obvious but equally interesting, with recutting of the date visible on all four digits. This Select Uncirculated example is brilliant and frosty with strong silver luster. A few light abrasions determine the MS63 grade. The strike is sharp although not fully complete over the ear. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

1879-CC Dollar, MS64
VAM-3, Top 100 Capped Die



- 4984** 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. A mint employee entered the wrong size CC mintmark, then effaced it with minute chisel marks before repunching the mintmark with the correct size. Medium almond-gold toning blankets this lustrous key date Carson City Morgan. A good strike exists despite moderate incompleteness at the centers. Minor grazes on the cheek and reverse field correspond to the grade. An original example of this curious *Guide Book* variety. PCGS reports just 13 numerically finer Capped Die coins (11/16). CAC: 45 in 64, 5 finer (11/16).
Ex: Tampa FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 5865, which realized \$7,762.50. NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

- 4985** 1879-O MS65 PCGS. The 1879-O is a conditionally elusive date at the Gem level. PCGS has seen only 26 finer representatives (11/16). This golden-toned Gem displays a bold strike and excellent preservation — only a few tiny ticks on the cheek prevent an even finer grade. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

- 4986** 1879-O MS65 NGC. Well-struck through the centers, with pleasingly detailed hair above the ear and only a hint of flatness on the eagle's breast. The surfaces are unusually smooth, with Liberty's cheek particularly clean, and the eye appeal is great. This O-mint issue is a rarity any finer, with NGC certifying only eight numerically superior pieces (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2006), lot 1798; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2009), lot 1017. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

1879-O Dollar, MS65+
First Post-War New Orleans Issue



- 4987** 1879-O MS65+ PCGS. CAC. This second-year example represents the first Morgan dollar issue from the New Orleans Mint, which had been out of commission since the beginning of the Civil War. The strike is remarkably strong for an O-mint product, and each side is wholly brilliant with coruscating luster. Excellent eye appeal. Very rare any finer. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

- 4988** 1879-S Reverse of 1878, VAM-43, MS64+ PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. A sharply struck and brilliant near-Gem that boasts semiprooflike fields and a well preserved obverse. The reverse field is moderately marked above the arrowheads. NGC ID# 253W, PCGS# 133864 Base PCGS# 7094

**1879-S Silver Dollar, MS67
Beautiful Obverse Toning**



4989 1879-S MS67 PCGS. Extraordinary cherry-red, cobalt-blue, and aquamarine toning illuminates the obverse. The reverse is essentially brilliant. This glamorous 1879-S Morgan type coin is well-struck and thoroughly lustrous. A tick on the cheekbone denies perfection. Finer representatives are scarce, even for this plentiful San Francisco issue. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7092

4990 1879-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Radiant, blazing mint luster engulfs untoned surfaces on this Superb Gem 1879-S Morgan dollar. A few faint grazes on Liberty's cheek are all that deny perfection. The 1879-S is a popular type-coin issue, particularly when located with a CAC green label, such as is seen here. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7092

**1880 Morgan Dollar, MS66+
Tied for the Finest Certified**



4991 1880 MS66+ PCGS. The 1880 Morgan dollar is an anomaly in the series. It is only marginally scarce in MS66 but yet unknown in MS67. The present example is one of 15 Premium Gems that stand above the pack with a Plus designation at PCGS — the finest certified (11/16). No Plus-graded coins exist at NGC in this grade. The strike is bold, and the frosty surfaces are devoid of toning. No major abrasions are seen. NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

**1880 Morgan Dollar, MS66+
None Certified Finer at PCGS or NGC**



4992 1880 MS66+ PCGS. This brilliant, high-end Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved surfaces with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The sole mark of note is a short reeding mark near the ear. The 1880 Philadelphia issue saw a mintage exceeding 12 million pieces, many of which were not distributed until the middle of the next century. Despite the huge mintage and large Treasury releases, MS66 specimens are scarce and neither grading service has certified any coins at the MS67 level or above. Population: 15 in 66+, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

4993 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. Harry Forman is credited with the 1964 discovery of the present die variety, which led to increased numismatic interest in 1880-dated Morgan varieties. The present VAM-4 Gem has a crisp strike and only a hint of golden-gray toning. The lustrous surfaces are exceptionally nice, even by the high standards of the MS65 grade. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108

4994 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS65+ PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. This lustrous CC-mint Gem is brilliant save for a circular tan freckle near Liberty's forehead. The fields are well preserved. VAM-4 is the most prominent overdate of the series, and the obsolete Second Reverse contributes further to its appeal. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108

**1880/79-CC VAM-4 Dollar, MS66
Second Reverse**



4995 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS66 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The three most prominent overdates of the Morgan dollar series are found on 1880-CC dollars (VAMs 4, 5, and 6). It is as if Mint workers at Philadelphia (where all dies were made) intentionally shipped the three offending obverse dies to Carson City, where the overdates would least likely be noticed. The present brilliant and lustrous example has a good strike and exceptionally smooth fields. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108

**1880/79-CC Morgan Dollar, MS66
VAM-4, Reverse of 1878**



4996 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS66 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The underlying 79 is plainly visible within the loops of the 80 in the date. The present coin is among the four finest VAM-4 representatives attributed at PCGS (11/16). The devices are sharp and thickly frosted, and the fields display a hint of reflectivity. Both sides are brilliant, and the preservation is outstanding. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 133876 Base PCGS# 7108

1880/79-CC Dollar, MS65 Prooflike
VAM-4, Reverse of 1878



- 4997** 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, MS65 Prooflike PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The 80 is clearly punched over 79, a variety discovered in 1964 by Harry Forman. Bowers writes of the 1880-CC, Reverse of 1878: "Coins with significant prooflike surface[s] are very rare." Brilliant, boldly contrasted surfaces show glints of gold. The devices are well-impressed with faint parallel roller marks across the chin and over the ear. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+) Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 41131 Base PCGS# 7109

1880-CC Silver Dollar, MS66
VAM-5, 8 Over High 7



- 4998** 1880-CC 8 Over High 7, VAM-5, MS66 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety, seldom seen in this lofty grade. Vibrant mint luster rolls over delicately toned champagne and lavender surfaces on this CAC-approved Premium Gem, while a loupe fails to reveal any noteworthy abrasions beneath the patina. The eagle's breast and talons show minor strike weakness, but this hardly impedes the eye appeal. The overdate feature is plain on the VAM-5 variety. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 133877 Base PCGS# 7102

1880-CC 8 Over Low 7 Dollar, VAM-6
Brilliant MS66+ Prooflike



- 4999** 1880-CC 8 Over Low 7, VAM-6, MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. This is a prominent overdate, made even more so by the lower location of the 7 with the top of that digit showing strongly across the top loop of the second 8 in the date. The reverse is easily attributed by the die scratch through the M in AMERICA and another at the bottom of the eagle's left (facing) wing. This is a lovely CC dollar. The surfaces are brilliant throughout and the devices heavily frosted. The fields are brightly reflective. The strike details are complete in all areas, and there are no obvious or detracting abrasions as often seen on Carson City dollars. For all 1880-CC 8 Over Low 7 dollars: Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+) Prooflike, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 35BH, PCGS# 41135 Base PCGS# 7105

- 5000** 1880-CC 8 Over Low 7, VAM-6, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The 1880-CC VAM-4, VAM-5, and VAM-6 are the three most prominent overdate varieties of the Morgan dollar series. VAM-6 shows the ear, crossbar, downstroke, and dash of the underdigit 7. This brilliant and highly lustrous near-Gem offers icy motifs and glassy fields. PCGS# 41136 Base PCGS# 97105

- 5001** 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-3, MS66 PCGS. An iridescent violet and sky-blue crescent graces the right obverse border, while the remainder of this Carson City dollar displays light wheat-gold patina. The lustrous surfaces are uncommonly free from marks. The central strike shows slight incompleteness.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 5065. NGC ID# 35ER, PCGS# 41128 Base PCGS# 7100

5002 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-3, MS66 PCGS. Light wheat-gold toning visits the borders of this lustrous and well preserved Carson City Premium Gem. The centers shows minor inexactness, but the strike is otherwise bold. VAM-3 displays die rust near the mintmark and shows recutting on the lower loop of the first 8 in the date. NGC ID# 35ER, PCGS# 41128 Base PCGS# 7100

5003 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-3, MS66 PCGS. A trace of gold toning visits this lustrous and well preserved Premium Gem. The strike is incomplete at the centers. Courtesy of the GSA auctions of the 1970s, the 1880-CC is collectible by VAM variety in quality Mint State grades. NGC ID# 35ER, PCGS# 41128 Base PCGS# 7100

5004 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-3A, MS66 PCGS. CAC. A Super CD Morgan VAM. Die rust near the mintmark and a clashed portrait attribute VAM-3A. This highly lustrous Carson City dollar offers booming luster and smooth, minimally toned surfaces. The strike is good, although slightly inexact at the centers. NGC ID# 35ER, PCGS# 41128 Base PCGS# 7100

5005 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-8, MS66 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Brilliant aside from a blush of peach patina near UNUM. This Carson City Premium Gem offers vibrant luster and a nice strike. The fields are smooth and the cheek displays only wispy contact. PCGS# 41142 Base PCGS# 7100

5006 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-8, MS66 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Light straw-gold toning adorns this lustrous Carson City Morgan dollar. The centers exhibit light roller marks, as coined, but the overall strike is good. The reverse is close to pristine, and the obverse displays only minor grazes. PCGS# 41142 Base PCGS# 7100

1880-CC Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike Reverse of 1879 Condition Rarity



5007 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-8, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. This distinctive variety features a die line through the M in AMERICA and die chips within the C's of the mintmark. As an 1880-CC dollar, this Gem Deep Mirror Prooflike coin is conditionally rare. The devices are well-struck and frosty, and the fields show well-preserved mirroring. Hints of golden toning appear around the borders. Housed in an old green label holder. Population: 24 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 35BR, PCGS# 41144 Base PCGS# 97101

1880-CC VAM-9 Dollar, MS66+



5008 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-9, MS66+ PCGS. CAC. A round die lump above the foot of the second L in DOLLARS is the pick-up point for VAM-9. A thoroughly lustrous Premium Gem with light silver-gray toning and uncommonly smooth surfaces. The strike is generally sharp, although faint vertical roller marks (as made) cross Liberty's ear. NGC ID# 35BS, PCGS# 41145 Base PCGS# 7100

5009 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-10, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. Prominently reflective fields and icy motifs ensure the Deep Mirror Prooflike designation. The strike is good and the fields are exceptionally smooth. Liberty's cheek and neck display grazes consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 35BW, PCGS# 41150 Base PCGS# 97101

1880-CC Silver Dollar MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike



5010 1880-CC Reverse of 1879, 8/7 Dash, VAM-10, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. A brilliant and beautiful Carson City silver dollar. Icy motifs and reflective fields ensure remarkable eye appeal. The strike is precise, and the fields show only minor contact. The portrait displays delicate grazes usual for the series. The pick-up point for VAM-10 is a hook-shaped die scratch (as made) on Liberty's upper lip. NGC ID# 35BW, PCGS# 41150 Base PCGS# 97101

5011 1880-O MS64 PCGS. A well-struck, lustrous near-Gem with original, untuned surfaces. This 1880-O Morgan dollar displays a few minor abrasions, but none are out of line for the grade. Housed in an old green label holder. PCGS records only 43 numerically finer submissions (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 7114

**1880/79-O Morgan Dollar, MS64+
Popular VAM-4 Overdate**



- 5012 1880/79-O Crossbar, VAM-4, MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** A Top 100 Variety. The remnants of an undertype 79 are visible below the last two primary digits in the date and the mintmark is small, identifying the popular VAM-4 variety. This high-end Choice example is sharply detailed with well-preserved lustrous surfaces under shades of champagne-gold and lavender toning. Population: 29 in 64 (7 in 64+), 2 finer. CAC: 12 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 133880 Base PCGS# 7116

- 5013 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** Medium S. Potent luster sweeps this well struck Superb Gem. Brilliant save for a blush of russet toning above the eagle's right (facing) shoulder. The fields are smooth and the cheek shows only light grazes. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

- 5014 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** Large S. A brilliant and beautiful Morgan dollar type coin. Dynamic luster sweeps across pristine fields and intricately struck motifs. The cheek shows only trivial grazes. The San Francisco Mint must have handled sealed bags of silver dollars with great care during the early 1880s. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

**1880-S Morgan Dollar, MS68
Flashy Untoned Surfaces, Partly Prooflike**



- 5015 1880-S MS68 NGC. CAC.** The obverse is decidedly prooflike and the reverse is moderately so, despite the absence of any such designation on the NGC insert. This boldly struck and nearly fully brilliant Superb Gem is delightfully free of visible contact, and would provide an exceptional addition to a 19th century silver type set. There are only five higher-graded submissions at NGC (11/16). NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

- 5016 1881 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** A high-end Gem representative of this popular type issue, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved brilliant surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster. Overall visual appeal is terrific. NGC ID# 2546, PCGS# 7124

- 5017 1881-CC MS66 PCGS Secure.** The thick, frosty luster of this Premium Gem 1881-CC is an eye-catching reminder of why Carson City Morgan dollars are so popular in high grade. The coin is well-struck and reveals only a few tiny ticks here and there. Traces of light golden toning over each side add warmth that encourages prolonged viewing of the delicately preserved surfaces. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

- 5018 1881-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-2.** The popular 1881-CC Morgan dollar becomes challenging above MS66. This Plus-graded example offers tremendous quality and eye appeal without breaking the bank. The strike is sharp, and both sides showcase frosty, vibrant mint luster without any discernible toning. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

**1881-CC Morgan Dollar, MS67
Rarely Seen Finer**



- 5019 1881-CC MS67 PCGS.** The 1881-CC Morgan dollar had a modest production total of 296,000 coins, but most of those remained in Mint and Treasury vaults for nearly a century until the GSA sales in the 1970s. Those sales supplied most of the Mint State examples of this and many other Carson City dollars to the numismatic marketplace. This Superb Gem was probably from the GSA distribution, and exhibits fully brilliant and untuned silver surfaces with an above average strike and exceptional frosty mint luster. PCGS has only certified four finer pieces (12/16). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

**1881-CC Dollar, MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Attractive Cameo Contrast**



- 5020 1881-CC MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Many collectors would consider the only thing more attractive than a high-grade Carson City Morgan to be a high-grade Carson City Morgan with prooflike cameo contrast. Such is presented by this Premium Gem 1881-CC dollar. The coin is sharply struck and offers thick, frosty luster on the devices. Mirrored fields are devoid of the usual scattered nicks, and each side has a hint of light golden toning. Deep Mirror Prooflike examples are seldom offered in this condition. Population: 60 in 66 (2 in 66+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 97127

- 5021 1881-O MS65 PCGS.** The mint luster is especially pronounced on this piece and is more frosted than the usual satiny variant seen on New Orleans dollars. This is in spite of the significant presence of rose and blue toning seen over each side. Fully struck and showing no mentionable abrasions. NGC ID# 2548, PCGS# 7128

- 5022 1881-O MS65 PCGS. CAC.** Beautifully preserved, untuned surfaces offer unusually vibrant luster for this New Orleans issue, boosted by a subtle hint of reflectivity in the fields. The strike is also sharper than normal for the date. PCGS records only three dozen numerically finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 2548, PCGS# 7128

**1881-S Morgan Dollar, MS68
Well-Made Issue, Seldom Seen Better**



- 5023 1881-S MS68 NGC.** The 1881 Morgan dollar is plentiful issue in high grade, but few survivors can match the technical quality and eye appeal of the present coin. This spectacular MS68 example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The virtually pristine surfaces display vivid shades of lime-green and violet toning, with most of the color on the reverse. NGC has graded no coins in higher numeric grades (11/16). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

**1881-S Dollar, MS68 ★
Semiprooflike and Beautifully Toned**



- 5024 1881-S MS68 ★ NGC.** A sharp, beautifully preserved type coin, this high-end Superb Gem 1881-S Morgan dollar displays semiprooflike fields with a radiant cartwheel effect. The reverse is brilliant, but the obverse showcases remarkable multicolor toning that is well-deserving of the Star designation. No 1881-S dollars are numerically finer at NGC (11/16). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

- 5025 1881-S MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Frosty, brilliant mint luster glistens on the sharp devices of this Premium Gem type coin, while the mirrored fields deliver modest cameo contrast that is seldom seen on the 1881-S. The coin is well-preserved and has a soft halo of peripheral gold toning. Population: 81 in 66 (4 in 66+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 97131

**1882 Morgan, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Subtle Cameo Contrast**



- 5026 1882 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** This is a boldly struck, brilliant Gem example of this conditionally better-date Philadelphia issue, showing mirrored fields and a hint of cameo contrast. Few abrasions are observed on either side. Deep Mirror Prooflike examples of this issue are rarely offered in this high of a grade. Population: 34 in 65 (4 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254A, PCGS# 97133

- 5027 1882-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A boldly struck, brilliant Premium Gem with the coveted CAC green label and PCGS Plus designation. A few trivial grazes in the left obverse field are all that prevent full MS67 classification. Finer coins are elusive. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7134

- 5028 1882-CC MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** A beautifully contrasted, brilliant Deep Mirror Prooflike Gem with fully mirrored fields and glistening, mint-fresh frosty over the relief elements. A few light marks are not out of line for the grade. Finer Deep Mirror Prooflike 1882-CC dollars are scarce. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 97135

**1882-CC Silver Dollar, VAM-3D
MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike**



- 5029 1882-CC MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAM-3D.** A popular VAM with many interesting die cracks. This snow-white Premium Gem exhibits dazzling field reflectivity and frosty, well struck motifs. Delicate contact on the cheek and reverse field fails to diminish the eye appeal. The 1882-CC emerged in quantity from the 1970s GSA sales, but examples of the present quality are always in demand. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 97135

**1882-CC VAM-2C3 Silver Dollar
Hit List 40 Variety
MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike**



- 5030 1882-CC Counter Clash Lip, VAM-2C3, MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** A Hit List 40 Variety. VAMworld.com documents five die states of VAM-2C, as VAM-2C1 through VAM-2C5. VAM-2C3 has a counter-clash on Liberty's upper lip, a die break on the back of Liberty's cap, and multiple sets of clash marks. A brilliant and prominently mirrored Premium Gem with remarkably well-preserved surfaces. PCGS# 413033 Base PCGS# 97135

- 5031 1882-O MS65 Prooflike PCGS.** Strong contrast between the richly frosted devices and the smooth, reflective fields makes this lustrous and prooflike 1882-O stand far above the normal New Orleans issue for the year. The 1882-O normally shows an indifferent strike and lackluster surfaces. This Gem example is brilliant and sharply struck — the hair over the ear is sharp and the eagle's lower extremities show full details. Only minor signs of contact are present, none of which diminish the eye appeal. Population: 42 in 65 Prooflike, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7137

**1882-O Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Rare in This Format**



5032 1882-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS Secure. While the 1882-O is normally considered a readily available New Orleans issue, it is scarce in Gem or finer grades in all formats and rare in full Gem Deep Mirror Prooflike. This nearly brilliant example shows a faint hint of powder-gray toning that visits the deeply mirrored fields. The frosty central elements contrast boldly with the reflective fields. It is worth noting PCGS reports just one numerically finer coin in Deep Mirror Prooflike, while NGC has seen none finer. PCGS population: 24 in 65 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 97137

5033 1882-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. An impressive Gem Morgan dollar, with sharply detailed design elements and deeply reflective fields that show minimal signs of contact, with hints of cobalt-blue and lime-green toning. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 97137

5034 1882-O/S O/S Broken, VAM-5, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. Besides the mintmark, attribution diagnostics include die lines within Liberty's ear, a die chip on the first 8 in the date, and die rust throughout the eagle's plumage. A satiny and lightly marked near-Gem bathed in lavender and rose-red toning. The margins offer glimpses of lime-green patina. NGC ID# 254D, PCGS# 133893 Base PCGS# 7136

1882-S Silver Dollar, MS66+★



5035 1882-S MS66+★ NGC. CAC. Beautiful forest-green, violet, and sun-gold toning embraces the obverse in swirling patterns, leaving the reverse mostly brilliant. The strike is sharp, and this high-end 1882-S dollar displays the vibrant, frosty luster for which it is widely admired. A loupe reveals a few minor grazes on the cheek that prevent a full MS67 grade. NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

**1883-CC Morgan Dollar, MS67
Exceptional Color**



5036 1883-CC MS67 PCGS. An outstanding Carson City type coin, this Superb Gem 1883-CC Morgan showcases radiant, frosty mint luster and unabraded surfaces. The obverse is fully toned in mottled multicolor hues, while the reverse exhibits a faint champagne glow over the interior and amber, violet, and olive-gold around the periphery. PCGS lists five MS68 coins finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

5037 1883-CC MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. VAM-3. A brilliant and thoroughly lustrous Carson City type coin. The strike is good and the fields are uncommonly free from contact. The sweet spot of the cheek is smooth, and the remainder of the portrait exhibits minimal grazes. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7145

5038 1883-CC MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. VAM-5B. A brilliant and well struck Gem that boasts impressive contrast between the frosty motifs and the glassy fields. The cheek is clean and the fields show only incidental contact. Carson City Morgan dollar demand is particularly strong for DMPL examples. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 97145

5039 1883-O MS66+ PCGS. Brilliant throughout, the fields show a bright semiprooflike finish that gives this fully struck O-mint dollar even more eye appeal. Minimal abrasions can be expected from a 66+ and that is what is seen here. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

5040 1883-O MS67 PCGS. An impressive Superb Gem, this frosty and fully lustrous beauty is entirely brilliant and untuned with bright silver surfaces. Population: 55 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

5041 1883-O MS67 NGC. This Superb Gem dollar surpasses the typical 1883-O in every regard — strike, surface quality, and eye appeal. The fields are remarkably free of marks and reflective on both sides with a satiny sheen that radiates cartwheel luster. The sharply struck devices show a healthy coat of mint frost and display sharp definition over the ear and at the eagle's talons. A thin vignette of reddish-gold and blue toning at the borders frames brilliant-silver centers. Neither NGC nor PCGS has seen a numerically finer example of the issue. Census: 41 in 67 (3 in 67★), 0 finer (10/16). *From The Stichter Collection.* NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

5042 1883-O MS67 PCGS. The 1883-O is a readily available New Orleans issue across most grade levels, but not so in MS67. Multicolor patina paints the right-hand borders on each side, ceding to brilliance elsewhere. Radiantly lustrous and generally well-struck. Population: 55 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

**1883-S Dollar, MS64+
Blazing Mint Luster and Attractive**



- 5043 1883-S MS64+ PCGS Secure. CAC.** Radiantly lustrous with a blush of light golden toning, this Choice 1883-S Morgan dollar yields stellar eye appeal for the grade and issue. The strike is sharp, and the CAC-endorsed surfaces reveal only a few trivial grazes on the cheek and in the nearby field. Finer coins are rare, with 22 so-graded at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 254K, PCGS# 7148

**1884 Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Eye-Catching Contrast**



- 5044 1884 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Prooflike examples of the 1884 Morgan dollar are, in the words of Dave Bowers, "in the distinct minority." Deep Mirror Prooflike dollars become truly rare at the Gem grade level. This is an all-brilliant representative with profound depth in the fields and a blanket of frost over needle-sharp devices. The effect is eye-catching. Population: 36 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 97151

**1884 Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Clean and Fully Brilliant**



- 5045 1884 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Liberty's cheek is smooth and the portrait frosted. The eagle, too, features a thick overlay of mint frost, generating bold, eye-catching contrast against the watery fields. Such qualities are seldom found among 1884 Morgan dollars. Strongly struck over the centers, if a touch soft at the lower obverse. Population: 36 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 97151

- 5046 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-7A.** An interesting variety with many distinctive characteristics described at VAMworld.com. A lustrous and stone-white Carson City type coin with exceptionally smooth surfaces. The strike is crisp except on the eagle's left (facing) claw, usual for VAM-7A. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

- 5047 1884-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** Dramatic field-device contrast and uninhibited mint brilliance deliver the terrific eye appeal for which CAC has appropriately awarded a CAC sticker. Technical quality, too, is impressive without mentionable marks on Liberty's cheek. Boldly defined with a few light field grazes and an alloy spot within the lower curls. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

- 5048 1884-CC MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** Bold white-on-black contrast captures the attention of the viewer. Each side remains totally brilliant with a thick layer of frost over the devices and deep mirroring in the fields. Faint roller marks appear over the central obverse, where the strike is marginally incomplete. A superb Carson City type representative. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

- 5049 1884-CC MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAM-4.** This high grade Carson City type coin exhibits flashy fields and only a wisp of gold and mauve toning. The obverse is well preserved, and the reverse is smooth aside from minor field chatter above the Motto. A late dies VAM-4 example, double clashed and lapped, yet without the VAM-4A Pinned Wing Gouge. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

- 5050 1884-CC MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. VAM-6.** A brilliant Carson City type coin with dazzling field reflectivity and a sharp strike. The flashy surfaces are exceptionally free from marks. Census: 52 in 66 (1 in 66+ Deep Mirror Prooflike, 3 in 66★), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

- 5051 1884-O MS67 PCGS. CAC.** Silver-white luster emanates from this magnificent Superb Gem. A fair amount of detail is evident in the hair over Liberty's ear and on the eagle's breast feathers. A few minor grazes do not distract. The 1884-O is not seen that frequently in MS67, and higher-grade pieces are virtually unobtainable. NGC ID# 254N, PCGS# 7154

- 5052 1884-S AU58 PCGS.** The 1884-S is well-known as a series key in high grades. Near-Mint condition is about the highest condition most collectors can aim for. This brightly lustrous, untoned example has minor cabinet friction over the high points, but detail remains strong. Wispy marks are lightly distributed over each side. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

- 5053 1884-S AU58 PCGS.** Luster remains in the fields of this near-Mint 1884-S Morgan dollar, illuminating untuned surfaces that show expected light handling marks. The strike is sharp, and high-point wear is barely discernible. The 1884-S is a scarce issue in Mint State. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

**1884-S Silver Dollar, AU58+
Lustrous Fields**



- 5054 1884-S AU58+ PCGS.** The fields of this brilliant, high-end near-Mint 1884-S Morgan dollar display substantial mint luster, while the devices show little evidence of wear. Scattered abrasions accompany the grade, but none are individually bothersome. The Plus designation makes this an ideal choice for collectors assembling a circulated Registry Set or seeking an affordable 1884-S that will fit in with a Mint State collection. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

1884-S Dollar, Pleasing AU58+



5055 1884-S AU58+ PCGS. Large numbers of 1884-S dollars were released into circulation in the 19th century. Consequently, worn examples are plentiful. That said, the present high-end near-Mint State example possesses several favorable attributes. It contains considerable luster on its silver-white surfaces, its design elements are well-defined except for the often-seen weak centers (though the hair over Liberty's ear shows a fair amount of detail), and its surfaces are quite clean for a large, heavy silver dollar that saw some circulation. This coin will be an excellent addition to a high-grade Morgan dollar collection. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

5056 1884-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. Some reflectivity in the fields heightens the eye appeal of this near-Mint 1884-S dollar. The strike is well-executed, and each side is mostly brilliant. Moderate luster remains in the protected regions, while the open areas show minor surface chatter. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

**1885 Morgan Dollar, MS67+
High-End, Remarkable Surface Quality**



5057 1885 MS67+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A pale, ivory-gold sheen glimmers translucently over the bright and smooth silver surfaces of this virtually unmarked and pristine Plus-graded Superb Gem. Imperfections are negligible and the eye appeal is outstanding. Sharply struck with satiny cartwheel luster across both sides. Population: 16 in 67+, 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158

5058 1885 MS67 PCGS. CAC. This spectacular Superb Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, under attractive shades of champagne-gold toning. The well-preserved surfaces add to the outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded three numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158

**1885 Morgan Dollar, MS67+
Brilliant With an Arc of Rainbow Color**



5059 1885 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The surfaces are entirely brilliant, save for an arc of multicolor rainbow patina that adorns the upper-right obverse border. Each side is pristine, as expected of a coin at this high grade level. A few spindly die cracks appear throughout. Strongly defined on the breast feathers and talons, while the hair above the ear is trivially soft. The 1885 is collectible through MS67, but MS67+ dollars with CAC approval are very rare indeed. PCGS reports three finer examples. CAC: 70 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158

**1885 Morgan Dollar, MS67 Prooflike
Cameo Contrast, Conditionally Rare**



5060 1885 MS67 Prooflike PCGS. Prooflike 1885 Morgan dollars exist in quantity but are usually only seen in MS65 or lower grades. Premium Gems are scarce, and MS67s are extremely rare; none are known finer. This piece displays a sharp strike and considerable cameo contrast with mirrored fields. A hint of reddish-gold toning emerges from the outer peripheries, highlighting brilliant interiors. No distracting abrasions are observed. Population: 4 in 67 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYWR, PCGS# 7159

5061 1885-CC MS66 PCGS. VAM-2B. Collectors have the GSA release of the 1970s to thank for the availability of high-grade 1885-CC dollars. A total of 148,285 pieces were put out at that time. Glittering cartwheel luster cascades over completely brilliant surfaces, generating a phenomenal mint-fresh look. Very scarce in better condition. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

5062 1885-CC MS66 PCGS. VAM-2. Light tan-brown toning adorns the portrait, and the reverse field shows hints of sun-gold patina, but many observers would regard this silver dollar as brilliant. Nicely struck and highly lustrous with a smooth reverse and a few delicate grazes on the left obverse. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

5063 1885-CC MS66 PCGS. VAM-2. The "Dash Under 8" die variety, not to be confused with the Hot 50 "Doubled Dash" VAM-4. A lustrous and brilliant Premium Gem of this popular and low mintage Carson City Morgan issue. The obverse is practically pristine, but displays a few shallow strike-throughs (as coined) on the portrait, along with minor roller marks (as made) near the ear. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

**1885-CC Silver Dollar, MS66+
Frosty, Original Luster**



- 5064 1885-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Original, frosty mint luster delivers a radiant cartwheel effect on this high-end Premium Gem, illuminating well-struck design elements and unabraded fields. The 1885-CC is popular due to its low mintage of 228,000 pieces, although Mint State examples are readily collectible after the GSA sales of the early 1970s. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

**1885-CC Silver Dollar, MS67
White and Lustrous**



- 5065 1885-CC MS67 PCGS. VAM-3.** A brilliant and high-grade example of the popular and low mintage 1885 Carson City silver dollar. The lustrous surfaces are well struck, though a few parallel roller marks (as made) are retained on the field near the right (facing) wing. Minor contact on the upper reverse field is of little import. Population: 87 in 67 (4 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

**1885-CC Dollar, MS67
Dramatic Obverse Iridescence**



- 5066 1885-CC MS67 NGC.** The allure of the CC mintmark and low 228,000-coin mintage places ever-strong demand on the 1885-CC, but the Treasury release of the 1960s and 1970s ensures an adequate supply of high-grade survivors. The obverse of this Superb Gem is richly toned in blended rainbow iridescence, while the reverse is frosty and brilliant. The coin is razor-sharp and virtually unabraded. NGC reports just five finer grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

- 5067 1885-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. VAM-2.** An eye-catching Deep Mirror Prooflike example of this popular Carson City dollar, showing stark white-on-black contrast and essentially untuned, near-Gem-quality surfaces. The mirroring in the fields is deep, and the frosty motifs are well struck. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 97161

- 5068 1885-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAM-3.** Reflective fields and icy devices combine for exemplary cameo contrast. A brilliant and well struck example of this better Carson City emission. Minor field chatter determines the grade. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 97161

**1885-CC Morgan Dollar, Sharp MS66
Rare Deep Mirror Prooflike Example**



- 5069 1885-CC MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. VAM-3.** Visually impressive, this Premium Gem Deep Mirror Prooflike coin shows only a few faint field abrasions with a deeply frosted, clean cheek on Liberty. The coin displays a hint of gold patina on the rims, but is essentially brilliant with dramatic silver flash and strong cameo contrast throughout both sides. The strike is pinpoint sharp. Variety collectors will note the die scratches in front of Liberty's eye and a left-leaning mintmark, diagnostic of the VAM-3 die pair. Population: 49 in 66 (5 in 66+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 97161

**1885-O Dollar, MS67
Tab-Toned Obverse**



- 5070 1885-O MS67 PCGS.** This tab-toned dollar showcases a window of brilliance over 60% of the upper obverse, while the remaining 40% features an arc of gold, green, blue, and violet patina. Combined with a fully brilliant, the two effects account for the tremendous eye appeal of this Superb Gem dollar. Impressively sharp for an O-mint coin. PCGS shows a single finer example in MS68 (11/16). NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

- 5071 1885-O MS67 PCGS.** The mint luster, which is the life of any coin, is bright and satiny. Both sides are brilliant and nearly devoid of any evidence of coin-to-coin contact. Fully detailed throughout. NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

- 5072 1885-O MS67 PCGS.** Although plentiful in MS67, the 1885-O is highly sought-after in this grade due to the prohibitive rarity of anything finer. This piece displays champagne-tinted frosty luster on the obverse and a vibrant rose-gold reverse. Trivial softness on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear is typical of the New Orleans manufacture. PCGS reports a single numerically finer representative (12/16). NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

**1885-O Morgan Dollar, MS67+
Only One Finer Coin at PCGS**



5073 1885-O MS67+ PCGS. From a substantial mintage of 9.1 million pieces, the 1885-O Morgan dollar is an available issue all the way up to the MS67 grade level, but finer coins are prime condition rarities. This Plus-graded Superb Gem offers well-detailed design elements and impeccably preserved lustrous surfaces, with a few subtle hints of golden-tan toning. PCGS has graded only one numerically finer example (11/16). NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

5074 1886 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This spectacular Superb Gem is duly recognized by PCGS and CAC for its high quality within the grade. The borders are delicately toned in shades of blue, violet, and reddish-gold, merging with fully brilliant interiors. Crisply impressed and undeniably original with die cracks around the obverse. There are eight finer submissions at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

**1886 Morgan Dollar, MS68
Ex: Ted Binion**



5075 1886 MS68 NGC. VAM-6A. Ex: Binion Collection. The letter N from IN is clashed in front of Liberty's neck, a feature favored in recent years by Morgan VAM specialists. This highly lustrous high grade Morgan dollar is brilliant aside from a glimpse of gold toning on the upper obverse rim. Well struck and magnificently preserved with one small shallow strike-through on Liberty's jaw. Ted Binion had a colorful life, and was the son of Dallas gangster and Las Vegas casino owner Benny Binion. Census: 30 in 68 (3 in 68+, 2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011)*, lot 5967.
From *The Mile High Collection*. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

**1886 Morgan, MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Among the Finest at PCGS**



5076 1886 MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. A stunningly beautiful Premium Gem dollar. Deeply mirrored fields grace both sides of this seemingly distraction-free exemplar. The obverse displays an even champagne hue whereas the reverse is richly toned throughout — fiery sunset-orange iridescence occupies the upper and lower quadrants, with intense electric-blue and lavender coloration elsewhere. Population: 32 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: *FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009)*, lot 4571. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 97167

**1886 Morgan Dollar, MS63
Doubled Date VAM-20, Hot 50**



5077 1886 Doubled Date, VAM-20, MS63 PCGS. A Hot 50 Variety. Broad repunching is evident below the 18 in the date, and within the loop of the 6. This lustrous and lightly abraded Select representative has booming luster and a good strike. Faint golden toning visits the centers, and a glimpse of russet patina is noted on the obverse rim near 6 o'clock. Population: 8 in 63, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 134000 Base PCGS# 7166

5078 1886-O MS62 NGC. The silver-white lustrous surfaces of this O-mint Morgan exhibit well-struck design elements, including a fair amount of detail in the hair over Liberty's ear. Scattered light obverse marks limit the grade. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

5079 1886-O MS62 PCGS. From a mintage of 10.7 million pieces, the 1886-O Morgan dollar is easily located in circulated grades, but high-grade specimens are among the most challenging of the series. This well-detailed, lustrous MS62 specimen shows the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade and only a short scratch on Liberty's cheek is worthy of individual mention. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

5080 1886-O MS62 PCGS Secure. The 1886-O is a better date in Uncirculated condition. This piece displays frosty, vibrant luster and better-than-average preservation and eye appeal for the grade. A hint of light golden toning graces the surfaces. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

**1886-O Dollar, Scarce MS63
Better O-Mint in Select or Finer Grades**



5081 1886-O MS63 PCGS. Sharply struck with only a faint hint of lilac toning in the fields, this Select Uncirculated 1886-O is seldom available in finer grades and, when offered, the price is steep. The present example is a more reasonable alternative, with attractive and frosty surfaces that retain cartwheel mint luster on both sides and plenty of eye appeal. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

**1886-O Dollar, MS64
Conditionally Challenging O-Mint Issue**



5082 1886-O MS64 PCGS. Despite the 10 million+ piece mintage, the 1886-O is very difficult in the better grades of Mint State. This near-Gem example displays radiant mint luster and lightly toned peripheral areas. The design features are well-impressed, though the hair over Liberty's ear reveals minor softness. Luster grazes on Liberty's cheek and neck, and in the left (facing) obverse field, limit the grade. PCGS has certified a mere seven coins finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 6617.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

**1886-O Morgan Dollar, MS64
Conditionally Very Rare Any Finer**



5083 1886-O MS64 PCGS. Despite the mintage of more than 10.7 million pieces, the 1886-O Morgan dollar is a rare issue in high grade and always has been. Although some coins were released into circulation, most of the mintage was held in government storage at the time of issue, as the coins were not needed or wanted in the national economy at that time. No really large numbers were ever seen in the Treasury releases of later years, however, so it is likely that many coins were melted under the provisions of the Pittman Act in 1918. This attractive Choice example exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. There is a faint die crack from the rim to the 1 in the date. The well-preserved brilliant surfaces show only minor signs of contact and eye appeal is outstanding. PCGS has graded only seven numerically finer examples (10/16).

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

**1886-O Silver Dollar, MS64
Prohibitively Rare Any Finer**



5084 1886-O MS64 PCGS. Despite a mintage exceeding 10 million coins, the 1886-O Morgan dollar is a better date in Uncirculated condition and is prohibitively rare at the Gem level. This near-Gem representative is among the finest most collectors will have a chance to acquire. The central devices are boldly defined, and the surfaces radiate satiny cartwheel luster. The obverse displays a blend of lemon-gold and sea-green toning, while the reverse is cast in lovely lavender-blue hues with a ring of gold around the periphery. A few trivial grazes define the grade. PCGS lists seven Gems finer, NGC none (11/16). NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

**1886-O Morgan Dollar, Frosty MS64
Long-Standing High-Grade Rarity**



5085 1886-O MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1886-O is one of the standout condition rarities of the Morgan dollar series. Readily available in grades up to MS63, few coins achieve MS64 status and finer coins are extremely rare. Much of the mintage was reportedly melted under the authority of the 1918 Pittman Act. Among the surviving coins, flat strikes and indifferent luster limit the assigned grades, leaving but a few hundred coins for the legions of high-grade Morgan dollar collectors.

This Choice example is frosty and softly lustrous. The strike is quite a bit above the norm for the issue, with sharp hair definition except for a few above-ear strands. The eagle is sharp top to bottom. A thin band of reddish-tan toning surrounds each side but does not intrude on the frosty silver centers. CAC endorsement is important for the issue and seldom granted, a recognition aided by the lack of any significant abrasions or marks on the present coin. PCGS continues to show just seven numerically finer examples (10/16). NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

5086 1886-S MS65 PCGS. VAM-1A. The “Lines in 6” variety. Dusky wheat-gold and steel-blue toning visits this lustrous and nicely struck Gem. The obverse is remarkably free from abrasions, and reverse marks are confined to the field near the left (facing) wing. The 1886-S is a low mintage issue, and Gems are very scarce. Ex: *Palm Beach Signature* (Heritage, 3/2006), lot 1143, which realized \$2,530.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7170

5087 1886-S VAM-2 MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. The serifs of the mintmark are repunched. The variety is undesignated on the holder, but all diagnostics are present, such as the die fill within the 6 in the date. This flashy and nicely struck example is brilliant aside from traces of peripheral gold toning. Distribute field contact determines the grade. PCGS# 42794 Base PCGS# 97171

5088 1887/6 VAM-2 MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. A brilliant Gem with good luster and a remarkably unabraded obverse. The strike shows only slight blending on the high points. The curved base of the underdigit 6 is apparent on each side of the bottom of the 7. NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 133908 Base PCGS# 7174

5089 1887/6 VAM-2, Top 100, MS65 PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. The lower loop of a 6 appears near the bottom of the 7. Inclusion in the *Guide Book* accounts for ever-strong demand. This brilliant Gem is thickly frosted and exceptionally clean for the grade. PCGS reports 17 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 133908 Base PCGS# 7174

**1887 Dollar, MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Tied for Finest, Cameo Contrast**



5090 1887 MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. This remarkable Premium Gem 1887 dollar displays fully prooflike cameo contrast and liquidlike mirroring in the fields. Both sides are brilliant and devoid of the scattered ticks that often appear on Deep Mirror Prooflike dollars. This coin easily surpasses many of its peers in terms of eye appeal, of which there are few. Population: 37 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254Y, PCGS# 97173

5091 1887/6-O VAM-3 MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. An untuned and lustrous Select example of this *Guide Book* New Orleans overdate. Minor obverse grazes decide the third-party grade. The central impression is incomplete, as always for the 1887/6-O. NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 133912 Base PCGS# 7178

5092 1887/6-O VAM-3 MS63 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety. Booming luster sweeps this lustrous overdated New Orleans dollar. Wispy grazes on the cheek and right reverse field determine the grade. The centers are incompletely brought up, usual for the variety. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 133912 Base PCGS# 7178

5093 1887-O MS65 PCGS. The 1887-O has a generous mintage but is nonetheless very scarce as a Gem. This lustrous and lightly toned example offers pleasing preservation and an above-average strike. Practically unobtainable any finer.
Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 1505.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 7176

5094 1887-O MS65 PCGS. A delightful Gem Morgan dollar, with sharply detailed design elements throughout and vibrant mint luster on both sides. Delicate shades of champagne toning add to the outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded 11 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 7176

**1887-O Morgan, MS65 Prooflike
Appealing Field-Device Contrast**



- 5095 1887-O MS65 Prooflike PCGS.** Considerable contrast appears on frosty silver-white devices complementing deeply mirrored, looking-glass fields on both sides of this nicely preserved Gem 1887-O Morgan. A glint of sunset-orange and gold enlivens the rims, but the coin is largely untuned. The O-mint strike is a tad better than expected. Population: 18 in 65 Prooflike, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 7177

- 5096 1887-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** This Choice 1887-O Morgan dollar displays stark cameo contrast on each side, produced by mirrored fields and gold-tinted, frosted design elements. The strike is sharp, and grade-limiting abrasions are uniformly dispersed. Finer Deep Mirror Prooflike pieces are rarely seen, with PCGS having certified just eight such coins (12/16). NGC ID# 2552, PCGS# 97177

**1887-S Morgan Dollar, MS66
Only One Numerically Finer at PCGS**



- 5097 1887-S MS66 PCGS.** Mint records indicate a nominal mintage of 1.7 million Morgan dollars was struck at the San Francisco Mint in 1887. The issue is definitely elusive in MS66 condition, and finer coins are extremely rare. This delightful Premium Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved, lustrous surfaces, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 32 in 66 (3 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

**1887-S Dollar, MS66
Essentially Unobtainable Any Finer**



- 5098 1887-S MS66 PCGS.** A blush of champagne-gold patina over the left obverse field is the sole indication of color throughout this brilliant, radiantly frosted S-mint dollar. The devices, both peripheral and central, exhibit a bold impression. There are a couple of small ticks on each side, but none of them are readily apparent to the unaided eye. Population: 32 in 66 (3 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

- 5099 1887-S Doubled Date, VAM-11, Hot 50, MS65 PCGS.** A Hot 50 Variety. The 1 in the date is clearly repunched. The reverse is minutely die doubled. Lovely sea-green, sun-gold, autumn-brown, and slate toning adorns this lustrous better-date San Francisco dollar. NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 517063 Base PCGS# 7180

- 5100 1888-O MS66 NGC.** Exceptional surface preservation and frosty original mint luster earn this 1888-O Morgan a lofty Premium Gem grade despite strike weakness on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear. The obverse displays a patchwork pattern of sea-green, orange-gold, and lavender toning, while the reverse is mainly champagne in color but with gold and sky-blue border halos. Census: 44 in 66 (1 in 66+, 1 in 66 ★), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

- 5101 1888-O MS66 PCGS.** Although not rare in MS66, this 1888-O Morgan dollar is yet among the finest seen at PCGS. Frosty luster and exceptional eye appeal far surpass those of many comparably graded coins, and Liberty's cheek is mostly clean. Only a few faint grazes prevent this coin from ranking as the finest at PCGS. The devices are well-struck amid brilliant luster. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

- 5102 1888-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Light to medium wheat-gold toning graces this sharply struck and flashy Gem. Well preserved, and much nicer than the typical Uncirculated example. Housed in a green label PCGS holder. Population: 65 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 5 finer (11/16). *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 2773, which realized \$2,530.* NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 97185

- 5103 1888-O Oval O, VAM-21, MS62 NGC.** A Top 100 Variety. 1888-O dollars with a round mintmark are plentiful, but examples with an oval mintmark are very scarce. Specialists have identified eight die pairs for the Oval O. VAM-21 is attributed by a die scratch inside the top of the I in LIBERTY. Lustrous and lightly toned with the usual New Orleans incompleteness of strike at the centers. The sole Mint State example certified by NGC as VAM-21 (10/16). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 133926 Base PCGS# 7184

- 5104 1888-S Gouged Eagle, VAM-13, MS65 PCGS.** A Hit List 40 Variety and a WOW! VAM variety, showing numerous die gouges on and around the eagle. This is a frosty, collectible Gem example, showing well-struck design elements and untuned surfaces. Only a few faint grazes on the cheek limit the grade. PCGS has seen 36 numerically finer 1888-S dollars (12/16). NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 412613 Base PCGS# 7186

- 5105 1889 MS66+ PCGS.** Dappled blue, violet, green, and copper-orange patina colors the entire obverse. Similar hues appear peripherally at the upper reverse, but that side is almost entirely brilliant. Strike detail matches the high degree of eye appeal and tremendous technical quality. Only four finer coins are reported at PCGS (12/16). NGC ID# 2558, PCGS# 7188

**1889 Silver Dollar, MS66+
Frosty, Original Luster**



- 5106 1889 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A vibrantly lustrous, high-end Premium Gem with brilliant, frosty surfaces and a lack of any bothersome abrasions. The strike is only a trifle soft on the hair above Liberty's ear. The 1889 Morgan boasts a mintage of more than 21 million coins, although surprisingly few have survived in high grade by comparison. PCGS lists only four coins finer than the present piece. CAC: 78 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2558, PCGS# 7188

5107 1889 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. A spectacular Gem Morgan dollar, with sharply detailed design elements and deeply reflective prooflike fields that show only a few minor contact marks and hairlines. A few hints of lime-green and cobalt-blue toning enhance the outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 3VWX, PCGS# 97189

5108 1889-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. A caramel-gold, powder-blue, and stone-gray representative of the key Carson City Morgan issue. Hairlines emerge upon careful rotation, but no marks are noticeable and luster beckons from the borders. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

5109 1889-CC XF40 PCGS. A charming collector-grade specimen of this key Carson City issue, with light wear on the design elements and lightly abraded silver-gray surfaces that show hints of sea-green and lavender toning at the peripheries. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

**1889-CC Silver Dollar, XF40
Smooth and Appealing**



5110 1889-CC XF40 PCGS. CAC. Extremely Fine and AU-level 1889-CC dollars are elusive with attractive surfaces and original toning. The present coin defies the odds, showing hints of luminescence beneath original golden-gray coloration and remarkably smooth, unmarked surfaces. Detail is excellent for the grade, and the CAC green label endorsement confirms the high quality. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

1889-CC Silver Dollar, XF45



5111 1889-CC XF45 PCGS. This lightly circulated 1889-CC dollar displays bold detail and pleasant olive-gray and champagne patina. A loupe reveals hairlines in the fields on each side that do not affect remnants of luster in the protected regions. The 1889-CC is one of the keys to the entire Morgan dollar series, and it is the only "stopper" to the Carson City short set. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

**1889-CC Dollar, XF45
Lightly Toned**



5112 1889-CC XF45 PCGS. The 1893-S and proof-only 1895 Morgan dollars are the only other issues that enjoy the same cachet as the 1889-CC, with its low mintage of 350,000 coins. It is believed the vast majority of examples were melted. Those that avoided the melting pot circulated heavily in the West, accounting for an average certified grade of VF30. Light toning covers partly lustrous, well-defined surfaces with the usual softness over the centers. Abrasions are generally unobtrusive. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

5113 1889-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The coin is cleaned but now shows deep russet-gray toning. The devices exhibit little high-point wear. A couple of nicks on Liberty's cheek are the only mentionable abrasions. The 1889-CC dollar is highly popular in all grades as the rarest of the Carson City issues in the series. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

**1889-CC Silver Dollar, AU53
Lustrous and Brilliant**



5114 1889-CC AU53 PCGS. Lustrous fields make this AU coin visually finer than most other high-end circulated 1889-CC dollars. Neither side is toned, and the devices exhibit little wear. Light chatter on Liberty's cheek is consistent with the grade. This is a coin that would fit in nicely with an otherwise Mint State collection of Morgan silver dollars. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

**1889-CC Dollar, AU55
Chestnut-Gold and Olive Patina**



5115 1889-CC AU55 PCGS. Most anyone with the faintest interest in American numismatics can identify the 1889-CC as a key to the Morgan dollar series. That speaks to the fame and importance of this low-mintage, heavily melted, and widely circulated issue. This well-struck Choice AU dollar is toned in chestnut-gold and olive-green hues with partial luster and flashes of brilliance. Die cracks run across the upper reverse, and scattered marks are seen in the nearby fields. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

1889-CC Morgan Dollar, AU55
Low-Mintage Key Issue



- 5116 1889-CC AU55 PCGS.** The 1889-CC Morgan dollar is a sought-after key date, from a low mintage of 350,000 pieces. It may be that a large portion of this small production total was melted in 1918, under the provisions of the Pittman Act, further reducing the supply of high-quality specimens. This lightly worn Choice AU representative is well-detailed and lightly abraded, with traces of prooflike reflectivity in selected areas. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

1889-O Morgan Dollar, MS65
Lightly Toned Satiny Gem



- 5117 1889-O MS65 PCGS.** The 1889-O Morgan dollar is not difficult to locate in MS65 condition, but finer coins are condition rarities. This spectacular Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with a touch of the typical softness on the hair above Liberty's ear and the eagle's breast. The creamy surfaces radiate satiny mint luster, with no mentionable distractions. PCGS has graded 12 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

1889-O Dollar, Attractive Gem
Brilliant on Both Sides



- 5118 1889-O MS65 PCGS.** Liberty's cheek is refreshingly clean on this brilliant Gem 1889-O dollar. The surfaces display bright and frosty cartwheel luster and only a few tiny field marks on each side, with a strike that is well above-average for the issue. Only minor incompleteness exists on the high points of the eagle's breast, talons, and above Liberty's ear. PCGS shows a mere 12 coins in numerically finer grades — a number that is not likely to change anytime soon (11/16). NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

- 5119 1889-O MS64 Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** The well-preserved, deeply reflective fields of this impressive Choice specimen show a few minor contact marks and hairlines, and subtle hints of greenish-gold toning. The design elements are well-detailed and the overall presentation is most attractive. Population: 25 in 64 (1 in 64+) Prooflike, 11 finer. CAC: 5 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 33SN, PCGS# 7193

- 5120 1890 MS65+ PCGS.** Available in MS65, the 1890 Morgan dollar becomes a major rarity any finer. This Plus-designated example displays frosty, well-preserved luster and beautiful original toning. The interiors are warm peach-gold, while the peripheries exhibit violet and sea-green hues. Slight strike weakness is seen on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear. PCGS reports only five finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

- 5121 1890-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Nearly prooflike fields highlight brilliant, radiant surfaces on this Plus-designated near-Gem. The strike is far above average, and only a few minor abrasions are observed, exclusively on the obverse. The CAC green label further advances the appeal. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

1890-CC Dollar, MS65
Finer Examples Are Rare



- 5122 1890-CC MS65 PCGS. VAM-6.** The 1 and 8 in the date show recutting north, and the first C in the mintmark is doubled. Only 3,949 pieces were released during the GSA sales, although various Treasury releases added ongoing quantities of the 1890-CC to the ranks of coins available to collectors. This example is quite sharply struck for the issue. The fields are semireflective beneath intermittent tan-gold toning with pleasing eye appeal. A series of small marks beneath the eye is noted, although the fields are free of any consequential abrasions. A few pinpoint carbon specs dot the obverse. PCGS reports just 15 numerically finer examples of this in-demand Carson City date (10/16). NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

**1890-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65
Rare Any Finer**



5123 1890-CC MS65 PCGS. One of the more elusive dates in the Carson City short set, the 1890-CC Morgan is rare above MS65. This Gem example displays outstanding preservation, even for the already upper-end grade, and yields vibrant, brilliant luster. Semiprooflike mirroring in the fields accentuates the eye appeal. PCGS lists 15 higher-grade representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

5124 1890-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. Prooflike examples of the 1890-CC are seen on occasion through MS64 but rarely in higher grades. This beautiful, untuned Choice representative offers deep mirroring in the fields and a thick layer of frost over sharply defined devices. A mintage of 2.3 million coins belies the issue's rarity in this state of preservation. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7199

5125 1890-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. VAM-8. A well-struck and flashy Choice Carson City dollar. The brilliant fields show only a few marks, and the lightly toned portrait displays moderate contrast with just wispy contact. Die lines below the wings identify VAM-8. CAC endorsed for quality. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7199

**1890-CC Silver Dollar, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Sharp and Brilliant Carson City Example**



5126 1890-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. The 1890-CC dollar comes from a mintage of more than 2 million pieces. Mint State coins are somewhat scarce, especially in grades of MS63 and better. The present near-Gem Deep Mirror Prooflike example exhibits speckles of milky color, and sharply defined motifs that offer excellent contrast with deeply mirrored fields. A scattering of minute marks defines the grade. PCGS reports just 28 numerically finer coins in Deep Mirror Prooflike (11/16). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 5603. NGC ID# 45YV, PCGS# 97199

**1890-CC Morgan Dollar
MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike
None Graded Finer**



5127 1890-CC MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. The 1890-CC was released in small quantities as part of the GSA hoard during the early 1970s. Most coins had already been paid out from Treasury holdings during the 1940s and 1950s. Gems are very scarce without Prooflike surfaces, and MS65 representatives that do boast pronounced contrast are downright rare. PCGS reports 28 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike submissions, this being one of only two pieces with the added Plus recognition. None are graded higher (11/16). A ring of violet and blue patina encircles minimally toned centers that produce an outstanding degree of field-device contrast. The strike is pinpoint-sharp. NGC ID# 45YV, PCGS# 97199

5128 1890-O Comet, VAM-10A, Hot 50, MS65 PCGS. A Hot 50 Variety. This is the later die state of VAM-10. Two tail-like die gouges right of the date give this variety its name. This radiant Gem is fully brilliant with few marks of note. The strike is a touch incomplete over the centers. Population: 11 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255E, PCGS# 134017 Base PCGS# 7200

5129 1890-S MS66 PCGS. Faint champagne toning visits the obverse and reverse surfaces of this impressive Premium Gem. Brilliant satin luster shines unimpeded through the toning. PCGS has only certified 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255E, PCGS# 7202

**1890-S Dollar, Frosty MS66
Stellar Eye Appeal**



- 5130 1890-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Although plentiful through MS65, the 1890-S Morgan dollar is scarce in Premium Gem condition and decidedly rare any finer. This CAC-approved example displays incredibly vibrant, frosty luster and brilliant surfaces. The strike is razor-sharp, and Liberty's cheek is pristine. Eye appeal far exceeds expectations. PCGS reports only seven numerically finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 255F, PCGS# 7202

- 5131 1890-S MS65 Prooflike PCGS.** An extraordinary Gem Morgan dollar with fully mirrored fields around its frosty and highly lustrous devices, imparting noticeable cameo contrast and outstanding eye appeal. Population: 17 in 65 Prooflike, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255F, PCGS# 7203

**1891 Dollar, Toned MS65
Few Known Finer**



- 5132 1891 MS65 PCGS.** Well-preserved, frosty surfaces offer a vibrant cartwheel effect on this Gem 1891 Morgan dollar. The obverse displays a warm golden interior surrounded by violet and ocean-blue peripheral toning. The reverse shows a nearly brilliant interior with hints of russet and olive around the outer border. Slight strike weakness occurs on the high points of the design, as is typical of the issue. PCGS records three numerically finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

**1891-CC Silver Dollar, MS65
Album-Toned and Original**



- 5133 1891-CC MS65 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder.** This conditionally challenging Carson City issue is occasionally seen in MS65 but rarely finer. The present Gem displays frosty luster with original album toning that produces champagne centers with deep blue, amber, and violet peripheries. The coin is well-struck, and only a few trivial grazes in the left obverse field prevent a finer grade. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

Patinated Gem 1891-CC Dollar



- 5134 1891-CC MS65 PCGS. A Top 100 Variety.** The "Spitting Eagle" though undesignated as such on the PCGS insert. Deeply dappled sea-green, lavender, and golden-brown colors embrace this well struck later date Carson City Dollar. The lustrous fields are undisturbed. Carefully preserved, and not often encountered as a fully toned Gem. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65
Better Carson City Date**



- 5135 1891-CC MS65 PCGS.** The 1891-CC Morgan dollar was not heavily represented in the Treasury releases of the 1960s and the GSA sales that followed, so it remains an elusive issue in grades above MS65. This impressive Gem displays well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the hair above the ear and the eagle's breast. The lightly toned surfaces show a mix of satiny mint luster and prooflike reflectivity on both sides. PCGS has graded 36 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Dollar, MS65
Richly Toned, Minimally Abraded**



- 5136 1891-CC MS65 PCGS. VAM-6.** TRUST and OF AMERICA are lightly die doubled. This fully patinated near-Gem displays deep cobalt-blue, tan-brown, and fire-red colors over each side. Beneath the significant toning is thick mint frost. The devices are sharply struck with only scattered minor marks, most of which are invisible beneath the toning. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Dollar, MS65+
Entirely Brilliant**



- 5137 1891-CC MS65+ PCGS.** The 1891-CC is far less available in high grades than those Carson City dollars from the early-to-mid 1880s. Few coins from this issue were released as part of the GSA hoard in the 1970s (5,687 pieces in all). Gem representatives are somewhat scarce, although Plus-designated examples like this are very scarce. Anything finer is conditionally rare. Entirely brilliant with radiant cartwheel luster and a crisp strike. Light chatter on the neck barely prevents a full Premium Gem assessment. There are 36 higher grading events at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65+
Few Known Finer**



- 5138 1891-CC MS65+ PCGS.** Vibrant, frosty mint luster is mostly untuned on this high-end Gem 1891-CC Morgan dollar, although the outer peripheries display a halo of rose-gold color. The strike is sharp throughout, and Liberty's cheek is largely undisturbed. The 1891-CC is a better Carson City issue in high grade, with PCGS having seen only 36 submissions finer than the present piece (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65+
Sharp, High-End for the Grade**



- 5139 1891-CC MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1891-CC is plentiful in MS65 for a price, but finer coins are genuine rarities. This Plus-graded CAC coin displays vibrant, frosty luster with no toning and limited signs of contact. The strike is boldly rendered, adding to the appeal of this eye-catching Carson City Morgan. PCGS records only 36 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

- 5140 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3, MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** A Top 100 Variety, showing a small die lump in the field near the eagle's beak that gives the impression the eagle is "spitting." The left C in the mintmark is also recut at the top. This high-end near-Gem example displays brilliant, frosty luster and an unusually sharp strike. A few light grazes on the obverse determine the grade. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Silver Dollar, MS65
VAM-3, 'Spitting Eagle'**



- 5141 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3, MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A Top 100 Variety. This brilliant, frosty 1891-CC Morgan is about as nice as the issue comes at the Gem grade level. This piece shows only a few faint grazes when studied under a loupe, and the overall eye appeal is exceptional. Strike weakness on the hair above Liberty's ear is less than usual for the issue. A small die lump near the eagle's beak identifies the "Spitting Eagle" VAM variety. All 1891-CC dollar varieties included, PCGS reports only 36 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65
VAM-3, 'Spitting Eagle'
High-End for the Grade**



- 5142 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3, MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A Top 100 Variety, showing a small die lump in the reverse field near the eagle's beak. Frosty, near-brilliant surfaces engulf this Gem example in glowing cartwheel luster. The strike is above-average for the issue, and Liberty's cheek is pristine. Eye appeal far exceeds expectations. All varieties included, PCGS reports 36 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**1891-O Silver Dollar, MS65
Lovely Toning, Frosty Luster**



- 5143 1891-O MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1891-O Morgan is a better date in Uncirculated condition and is genuinely scarce at the Gem grade level; finer pieces are prohibitively rare and are unknown at PCGS (11/16). The present coin displays frosty mint luster that is remarkably well-preserved. Strike weakness on the central high points likely contributes to the grade. The obverse is brilliant over the interior with warm golden border toning, while the reverse is completely cast in lovely lavender and peach-orange hues. NGC ID# 255J, PCGS# 7208

**1891-O Dollar, MS65+
Tied for Finest at PCGS**



- 5144 1891-O MS65+ PCGS.** Morgan dollar collectors should have little trouble locating the 1891-O through MS63 and even MS64, but the certified population declines markedly thereafter. Gems are very scarce. Examples are notorious for their poor strike characteristics. This is inarguably among the finest examples available, showing relatively strong detail on the eagle's breast, talons, and the wreath leaves. The obverse is more typically defined with softness over the ear, the lower curls, and the lower border. Each side is fully brilliant, softly frosted, with few marks. PCGS has awarded a Plus designation to merely six MS65 submissions. There are no higher-graded coins at that service (11/16). NGC ID# 255J, PCGS# 7208

**1891-O Morgan Dollar, MS64
Rare Prooflike Example**



- 5145 1891-O MS64 Prooflike PCGS.** CAC. Despite a recorded mintage that approaches 8 million pieces, the 1891-O Morgan dollar is seldom encountered with prooflike surfaces. This impressive Choice specimen is sharply detailed, aside from some mild blending of the hair strands above Liberty's ear. The reflective fields display a few minor hairlines and contact marks, and a few hints of lime-green toning. Population: 12 in 64 (1 in 64+) Prooflike, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 4J6A, PCGS# 7209

**1891-O Dollar, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Cameo Contrast**



- 5146 1891-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** Prooflike and Deep Mirror Prooflike 1891-O dollars are scarce in any grade. This near-Gem DMPL coin displays brilliant surfaces and appreciable cameo contrast with liquidlike mirroring in the fields. A few light abrasions are not out of line for the grade. Population: 10 in 64 (4 in 64+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3VXM, PCGS# 97209

**1891-S Morgan, MS66
Better S-Mint Issue in This Grade**



- 5147 1891-S MS66 PCGS.** This is an uncommonly well-preserved example of the 1891-S — brilliant, highly lustrous, and sharply struck. Vibrant silver luster radiates from both sides of the frosty surfaces. Abrasions are exceedingly minor, with a few light grazes visible with a glass. In-hand, the surfaces appear nearly pristine and Liberty's cheek unblemished. The eagle is sharp from head-to-toe, and Liberty's hair strands are fully brought up. PCGS reports just eight numerically finer coins (10/16). NGC ID# 255K, PCGS# 7210

**1891-S Silver Dollar, MS66+
Exceptional Surface Quality**



- 5148 1891-S MS66+ PCGS.** The 1891-S is a slightly better Morgan dollar issue in Premium Gem condition, and Superb Gems are rare. This Plus-designated MS66 coin shows a virtually flawless cheek on Liberty and vibrant, frosty mint-fresh luster. A tiny obverse graze near star 5 and another on the reverse below the U in UNITED are the only stoppers to an even finer grade. This piece is sharply struck and displays splashes of sun-orange and bluish toning. Population: 13 in 66+, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255K, PCGS# 7210

**1891-S Silver Dollar, MS66+
Scarce in This Grade**



- 5149 1891-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A razor-sharp strike complements vibrant, untuned cartwheel luster on this high-end Premium Gem example. A few trivial grazes seen with a loupe are not distracting. The 1891-S is a better date overall, scarce in MS66 and rarely encountered finer. PCGS reports only eight Superb Gems above the present coin (10/16). NGC ID# 255K, PCGS# 7210

**1891-S Dollar, MS65 Deep Prooflike
Among the Finest at NGC**



- 5150 1891-S MS65 Deep Prooflike NGC.** Although survivors of this popular issue can often display prooflike tendencies or one-sided DMPL qualities, pieces that qualify as a full Deep Mirror Prooflike are far less numerous. Bring into the equation this issue's greatest nemesis, bagmarks, and a cast of thousands suddenly dwindles down to only a handful of Gems. The surfaces on this glittering, untuned example have even reflectivity from side to side and show only a few widely scattered marks. Census: 7 in 65 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2003), lot 7617; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 3126.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 3VXL, PCGS# 97211

- 5151 1892 MS64 PCGS.** Frosty with a trace of caramel-gold toning that deepens at the rims, this cream-gray example is highly lustrous with a clean cheek on Liberty. A solitary reeding mark near the neck truncation joins the few lesser abrasions that are consistent with the near-Gem grade. A better date in the series, only slightly incomplete of strike at the centers. NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7212

1892 Dollar, Eye-Appealing MS65+



- 5152 1892 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** The originality and eye appeal of this high-end Gem dollar are undeniable. Splashes of cobalt-blue, forest-green, russet, and violet color surround radiantly frosted, untuned centers on each side. This is a well-detailed representative that easily ranks among the finest survivors in terms of overall quality. PCGS shows merely five finer submissions. CAC: 52 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7212

- 5153 1892 MS63 Prooflike PCGS.** The fields are clearly prooflike and with a hint of faint cloudy-gray toning and a few delicate lines. The obverse is strong for the Select Uncirculated grade, while the reverse shows a few tiny abrasions in the fields. The eye appeal is considerable. Seldom available with designated prooflike surfaces. Population: 34 in 63 (1 in 63+) Prooflike, 31 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7213

**1892 Morgan Dollar, MS64
Elusive Deep Mirror Prooflike Example**



- 5154 1892 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** The 1892 Morgan dollar claims a nominal mintage of just over 1 million pieces and examples with Deep Mirror Prooflike surfaces are seldom encountered in today's market. This impressive Choice example exhibits well-detailed design elements, with some of the typical blending of the hair strands above Liberty's ear. The lightly marked surfaces display deeply reflective fields, under shades of pale gold toning. Population: 26 in 64 (1 in 64+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 97213

- 5155 1892-CC MS62 PCGS.** Brilliant and silver-white without a bit of toning, this Carson City dollar displays a pinpoint-sharp strike as well as many pinprick, tiny marks on the portrait with minor abrasions scattered across the fields. Cartwheel luster adds to the Mint-fresh appeal. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

- 5156 1892-CC MS62+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-8A.** The clashed die state of VAM-8, identified by the break within the 2 in the date. Booming luster sweeps this suitably struck and lightly toned better-date Carson City dollar. Marks are minor for the grade, aside from a small equals sign on the cheek. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

5157 1892-CC MS63 NGC. VAM-8A. Among the more distinctive 1892-CC VAMs, due to the die break within the 2 in the date, and a clashed N from IN near Liberty's neck. A nearly stone-white Carson City dollar that boasts booming luster and well-preserved fields. The centers show minor incompleteness.
Ex: *West Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2008)*, lot 1408. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

5158 1892-CC MS63 PCGS. VAM-8A. Autumn-brown toning endows the margins of this lustrous and pleasing scarcer date Carson City dollar. The fields are well preserved, and the portrait displays only wispy marks. VAM-8A has a die break within the 2 in the date, and a clashed letter N in front of Liberty's neck. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

5159 1892-CC MS63 PCGS. VAM-8A. Lovely golden-brown toning enriches the margins of this lustrous Carson City dollar. The reverse is clean and the obverse shows only minor marks. A distinctive VAM variety that has a die break above the base of the 2 in the date, and a clashed letter N in front of Liberty's neck. Housed in a first generation holder. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

5160 1892-CC MS63 PCGS. VAM-4B. Light apricot toning graces the borders of this lustrous scarcer date Carson City dollar. The centers show inexactness, but the reverse is well preserved and the obverse shows only unobtrusive contact. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

5161 1892-CC MS63+ NGC. One year prior to shutting its doors for good, the Carson City Mint accomplished a production of 1.3 million Morgan dollars, examples of which grade AU55 on average. This Select coin is far better than what is usually encountered. Each side is totally brilliant and remarkably unabraded for the grade. The centers are a touch incomplete. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Silver Dollar, MS64 Frosty and Attractive



5162 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. Upon completion of the GSA sales in the 1970s, just a single 1892-CC dollar represented the issue and the relative scarcity of the issue was confirmed. This is a Choice Uncirculated example, with silver-white surfaces that display a pale suggestion of gold near the rim at PLURIBUS and a few freckles of cloudy-gray patina. By and large, the surfaces are untuned and frosty with a decent strike for the issue. The MS64 grade is an optimal one for collectors, since the average price triples at the next-highest level. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Vivid, Multicolor Toning



5163 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. The 1892-CC Morgan dollar is always in demand because of its charismatic CC mintmark. The 1892-CC claims a large mintage for a Carson City issue, at more than 1.3 million dollars. Part of this production total was held in government storage at the time of issue, but most of the coins were paid out over the years. By the time of the GSA sales of the 1970s, the government stockpile was exhausted. This sharply detailed Choice specimen exhibits well-preserved, vividly toned surfaces, with vibrant mint luster underneath. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Nice Carson City Type Coin



5164 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. Unlike some other Carson City issues, the 1892-CC circulated heavily in the West and many coins were lost to attrition. Most Uncirculated survivors come from Treasury releases in the 1940s and 1950s, although nearly 3,000 Mint State coins were part of LaVere Redfield's hoard that was dispersed in the mid-1970s. This near-Gem coin was well-preserved. Untoned and brilliant-white, the Choice fields are semireflective and the strike is sharp. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64 Popular Branch Mint Type Coin



5165 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. The Carson City Mint produced more Morgan dollars than the Philadelphia Mint for the first time in 1892, when a substantial total of 1,352,000 coins was minted. This attractive Choice example offers well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the hair above the ear, and lightly marked, lustrous surfaces that show attractive highlights of golden-brown and magenta toning on the reverse.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64+
Lustrous and Well-Preserved**



5166 1892-CC MS64+ PCGS. From a mintage of 1.3 million pieces, the availability of the 1892-CC Morgan dollar increased somewhat in the 1970s, when a number of specimens turned up in the Redfield Hoard. This Plus-graded Choice specimen offers well-preserved brilliant surfaces with vibrant mint luster throughout. Sharply detailed in most areas, a touch of softness shows on the hair above the ear and the ear itself, the result of some diagonal striations that were not completely eradicated during striking. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Morgan Dollar, Sharp and Untoned
Plus-Graded, Near-Gem Example**



5167 1892-CC MS64+ PCGS. Brilliant, lustrous silver surfaces shine brightly with Mint-fresh appeal on both sides of this minimally abraded Carson City dollar. Struck during the penultimate year of coinage operations at the branch mint, many bags were transported to storage in San Francisco and other coins received the customary rough handling. This Plus-graded example shows only a few light bagmarks and the strike is consistently sharp throughout. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS64
Challenging Issue in Higher Grades**



5168 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1892-CC Morgan dollar is a challenging issue in high grade, especially in MS65 or finer condition, making this attractive Choice specimen a good balance of quality and value. The design elements are sharply detailed and the well-preserved, lustrous surfaces show medium-intensity toning at the peripheries. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Silver Dollar, MS64
Elusive in High Grade**



5169 1892-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. Among Carson City issues, the 1892-CC is a better date in high grade. Only a single coin was represented in the GSA sales of the early 1970s, whereas most other Carson City issues were dispersed in the thousands and tens of thousands. This Choice CAC coin displays a bold strike and brilliant, frosty luster. Scattered light marks determine the grade. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Dollar, MS64+
Semiprooflike, Choice Surfaces**



5170 1892-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Most Mint State 1892-CC dollars trace back to undistributed bags that were stored at the San Francisco Mint until the mid-1940s through the mid-1950s. Others were recovered from the Redfield hoard. Either situation was conducive to bagmarks and abrasions, yet this brilliant and semiprooflike coin somehow avoided such a fate. Marks are limited to a few high point grazes on the portrait and eagle plus some very light chatter on the obverse fields. The strike shows just a bit of softness above the ear and at the talons. CAC endorsed with the PCGS Plus designation. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

**1892-CC Silver Dollar, MS64+
VAM-4B, Repunched Mintmark**



5171 1892-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-4B. Booming luster sweeps the nearly brilliant surfaces of this scarcer date Carson City dollar. The centers lack a full impression, but the strike is otherwise bold. VAMworld.com describes the diagnostic feature of VAM-4B as a "tilted field die break at top of right S in STATES." It is a later die state of the multiply clashed VAM-4A and the repunched mintmark VAM-4. NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65
Ideal Carson City Type Coin



5172 1892-CC MS65 PCGS. Despite its ready availability in lower Mint State grades, the 1892-CC is challenging at the Gem level and rare any finer. The GSA sales had little to do with the scarcity (or lack of it) since only a single coin remained in the coffers for those distributions. This example is almost completely brilliant and frost-white with a faint area of powder-gray patina at star 8. The strike is evenly sharp throughout both sides, with strong cartwheel luster. A few light field abrasions determine the grade. PCGS reports a mere 31 coins in numerically finer grade (11/16). NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

1892-CC Dollar, Beautiful MS64 Prooflike



5173 1892-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS. Only four percent of the 10,600 1892-CC Morgan dollar submissions reported by PCGS are prooflike. The mirrored fields of this near-Gem specimen accentuate the devices that are sharply detailed, including the hair over Liberty's ear and the eagle's breast feathers. Scattered grazes prevent Gem classification. Nevertheless this is a beautiful Morgan worthy of a generous bid. Population: 85 in 64 (5 in 64+) Prooflike, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255M, PCGS# 7215

1892-O Dollar, Brilliant MS65
Extremely Rare Any Finer



5174 1892-O MS65 PCGS. The 1892-O appears frequently at auction in MS64 and to a lesser extent in MS65. Gems, however, always generate plenty of interest given the extreme rarity of higher-graded examples. According to our Permanent Auction Archives, the only finer coin sold publicly in the past five years was a Superb Gem that realized \$111,625 in 2014. This brightly lustrous, wholly brilliant dollar is well-detailed for a New Orleans coin. The fields are exceptionally preserved. PCGS reports six finer submissions (10/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

1892-O Dollar, MS65
Highly Lustrous



5175 1892-O MS65 PCGS. Like the 1890-O and 1891-O that preceded it, the 1892-O is infamous for softly defined central details. This piece is far above average with only slight weakness over the ear of Liberty, and good definition on the eagle's breast. The thick, satiny mint luster is nearly brilliant and there are no obvious abrasions that interrupt the flow of luster around each side.
Ex: Michael Casper Collection, Part Three / Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 3/2006), lot 1203.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

1892-O Morgan Dollar, MS65
Very Rare Any Finer



5176 1892-O MS65 PCGS. The 1892-O Morgan dollar is an available issue in grades up to the MS65 level, but finer coins are very rare. This attractive Gem is sharply detailed in most areas, but just a touch of the usual softness shows on the hair above the ear. The well-preserved lustrous surfaces are enhanced by attractive shades of pale gold toning. PCGS has graded only seven numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

1892-O Silver Dollar, MS65+
Clean Cheek



5177 1892-O MS65+ PCGS. CAC. Crescents of sea-green and dusky lavender appear around portions of the peripheries, while the interiors show lighter champagne toning. This high-end Gem CAC coin is exceptionally clean on Liberty's cheek but does show a few light marks in the adjacent field. Strike weakness on the central high points is typical of the issue. PCGS records only six finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

5178 1892-S AU53 PCGS. The 1892-S is a challenging issue in Mint State, much more so than the 1883-S and 1884-S. About Uncirculated representatives are usually the finest obtainable by budget-conscious collectors. This example is pleasantly lustrous in the recesses, with light golden color and just trivial high-point wear. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Silver Dollar, AU55+
Reflective, Semiprooflike Fields



5179 1892-S AU55+ PCGS Secure. Semiprooflike reflectivity gleams beneath a pale veil of lilac-gray and champagne-gold toning with a sharp strike and only nominal blending over the ear. The reflective surfaces are notable because the 1892-S is challenging to locate with attractive prooflike qualities. This Choice About Uncirculated example is minimally abraded with good eye appeal. The PCGS Plus designation is seldom granted to a coin in the AU55 grade, here housed in a Secure holder. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Dollar, AU58
Pale Mauve Accents



5180 1892-S AU58 PCGS. Although the 1892-S is readily available in lower circulated grades, PCGS estimates that a little as 1% of the population survives in Mint State. The issue saw extensive use in Western commerce at the end of the 19th century, and virtually no collectors thought it necessary to set Uncirculated examples aside for posterity. The budget-minded enthusiast would do well to consider this pleasing near-Mint representative given the scarcity of higher-grade examples and the strong prices they command. Accents of pale mauve complement light, silvery surfaces. The motifs are well-struck with a trace of blending over the centers. Minimally marked. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Silver Dollar, AU58
Attractive Toning



5181 1892-S AU58 NGC. As one can easily see by looking at the price table in the new 2017 *Guide Book*, the 1892-S becomes significantly more expensive when one passes into the AU grade range. Perhaps needless to say, Mint State survivors are even rarer. This just-miss AU58 representative retains ample evidence of original luster. The richly toned features are also possessed of overall bold definition, although we do note a little light rub atop the central highpoints. Colorful sunset-red color dominates each side with sea-green highlights surrounding the obverse border. A few minor abrasions are noted in the fields.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 2578.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Morgan Dollar, AU58
Underrated, Elusive Issue in High Grade



5182 1892-S AU58 PCGS. The 1892-S Morgan dollar claims a mintage of 1.2 million pieces, with the coins struck throughout the year in a remarkably consistent pattern. Every month in 1892, the San Francisco Mint delivered a batch of 100,000 coins, like clockwork. These coins were mostly released into circulation, and the portion of the mintage that was held in government storage was probably melted in 1918, under the provisions of the Pittman Act. The 1892-S was not well-represented in the Treasury releases of the 1960s, and the issue is both underrated and difficult to locate in high grade today.

The present coin is an impressive near-Mint example that shows just a trace of high-point wear on the well-detailed design elements. The surfaces are lightly abraded and retain significant amounts of original mint luster. PCGS has graded only 65 coins in all Mint State grades (11/16). NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

1892-S Dollar, Choice AU
VAM-2, Doubled Date



5183 1892-S Doubled Date, VAM-2, AU55 PCGS. Ex: California. A Top 100 Variety. This variety, discovered in 1965 by George Mallis, features substantial doubling on all four date digits. The 1892-S is a major condition rarity with perhaps only 1% of survivors in Mint State. This Choice AU dollar is bright and untuned with wispy marks over each side. Well-struck except for the extreme centers. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 133941 Base PCGS# 7218

5184 1893 MS64 PCGS. VAM-3. The 3 is repunched north, and the reverse is minutely die doubled near UNITED. This brilliant and low mintage silver dollar has an exceptionally mark-free reverse. The obverse shows only wispy contact, along with a tiny strike-through on the chin.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2006), lot 2191; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 2589.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255R, PCGS# 7220

1893 Silver Dollar, MS65
Few Known Finer



5185 1893 MS65 PCGS. This semikey Philadelphia issue is scarce in Gem condition and extremely rare any finer. The present MS65 coin offers vibrant, frosty luster that is brilliant in the centers and sports a warm golden halo around the peripheries. Slight strike weakness on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear is typical of the issue. PCGS records only six numerically finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 255R, PCGS# 7220

1893-CC Dollar, MS63
Bright and Semiprooflike



5186 1893-CC MS63 PCGS. Bright mint frost and semiprooflike fields characterize this Select Mint State coin, struck in the swan song year of the Carson City Mint in 1893. This silver-white example displays strong eye appeal, despite the couple of minor luster grazes that apparently preclude an even finer grade. There are relatively few contact marks.
Ex: Jack Lee Estate, Inventory / Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 1390.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

1893-CC Dollar, MS63
Thickly Frosted



5187 1893-CC MS63 PCGS. This is a thickly frosted and entirely brilliant example of the final Carson City issue. The facility ceased coining operations mid-way through the year after producing 677,000 pieces. The marginal design elements are strong, whereas parallel roller marks appear over the lightly impressed centers. Small marks define the grade. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

1893-CC Dollar, Radiant MS63



5188 1893-CC MS63 PCGS. Radiant cartwheel luster captivates the eye on this brilliant Select 1893-CC Morgan. The central design elements are remarkably crisp for an issue that is frequently seen with noticeable softness over Liberty's ear. Grade-limiting abrasions are surprisingly minor. The result is a high-quality and distinctly appealing representative of this final Carson City silver dollar. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

**1893-CC Dollar, All-Brilliant MS64
Radiant Cartwheel Luster**



- 5189 1893-CC MS64 PCGS.** Whereas hundreds of thousands of Carson City Morgan dollars struck between 1880 and 1885 turned up as part of the GSA hoard (many in high grades), only a single 1893-CC dollar was released from the Treasury vaults during the 1970s. Choice Uncirculated condition is the highest level for which coins appear on the market with some frequency, though appearances are insufficient to fully satisfy collector demand. Gems are very rarely seen. Radiant cartwheel luster rolls over all-brilliant surfaces. This final-year near-Gem is sharply struck at the centers. Grade-limiting chatter in the fields is largely inconsequential. PCGS has seen 14 higher grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

**1893-CC Morgan, MS62 Prooflike
Semikey Final-Year Carson City Issue**



- 5190 1893-CC MS62 Prooflike PCGS.** The Bowers silver dollar reference notes that prooflike 1893-CC silver dollars are "elusive and usually lightly struck at the centers." The description is apt for this coin, which displays nicely reflective fields but noticeable blending over the ear and incompleteness on the ear itself. Still, Liberty's portrait is minimally marked and attractively frosted. Hints of pale, golden-gray toning add appeal to the silver-white surfaces. Population: 64 in 62 Prooflike, 25 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7223

- 5191 1893-O AU58 PCGS. CAC.** An impressive near-Mint representative of this branch mint key, from a mintage of just 300,000 pieces. This coin shows just a trace of actual wear on the sharply detailed design elements and the lightly abraded surfaces remain lustrous and attractive. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

**1893-O Morgan Dollar, MS61
Challenging New Orleans Issue**



- 5192 1893-O MS61 PCGS. CAC.** Scarce in all grades, the 1893-O seldom wins awards for its surface quality or eye appeal. This lightly toned Uncirculated coin earned CAC endorsement by virtue of its unusually sharp New Orleans strike and bright mint luster. Scattered light marks and field chatter are the main obstacles to an even finer grade. Just 300,000 pieces were struck. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

**1893-O Dollar, MS62
Frosty Mint Luster**



- 5193 1893-O MS62 NGC.** Unusually frosty mint luster adorns this vibrant 1893-O Morgan dollar. The interiors are brilliant, while the peripheries exhibit orange-gold and sea-green toning. The strike is soft on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear, as usual, and scattered abrasions on the obverse account for the grade. The 1893-O is a scarce issue in Mint State in comparison to the demand for it. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

**1893-O Silver Dollar, MS63
Scarce Any Finer**



5194 1893-O MS63 NGC. Occasionally seen in MS63, the 1893-O Morgan dollar is scarce any finer and far out of reach for the average enthusiast in those grades. This collectible Select example displays better-than-average design definition and semiprooflike fields on the reverse. Scattered abrasions on the obverse limit the grade but make limited visual impact due to mottled golden-brown and sea-green toning. NGC has seen only 34 numerically finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

5195 1893-S Good 6 PCGS. VAM-1. The high points are pearl-white, the fields are cream-gray, and protected areas are charcoal. This toning pattern is familiar to numismatists experienced with well circulated but original silver coins. Marks are refreshingly absent aside from a thin field line above the shoulder curl. Key to the business strike Morgan series. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

5196 1893-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VG. VAM-2. A slate-gray example with charcoal patina in protected regions. This key date dollar has a clear legends and ample plumage definition. Marks are only incidental for the VG level.

5197 1893-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. VAM-1. The fields display light autumn-gold toning, while the borders and highpoints are pearl-gray. This key date silver dollar is hairlined, but the only reportable marks are thin lines near the first L in DOLLAR.

**1893-S Morgan Dollar, Fine 12
Low-Mintage Series Key**



5198 1893-S Fine 12 PCGS. From a series-low business-strike mintage of 100,000 pieces, the 1893-S is the rarest and most sought-after issue in the Morgan dollar series. This Fine 12 specimen shows smooth, even wear on both sides, with significant amounts of interior detail still intact on the central devices. The pleasing lavender-gray surfaces exhibit only minor abrasions and the overall presentation is quite attractive. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

5199 1893-S — Scratched, Cleaned — ANACS. VF Details, Net Fine 12. VAM-1. Glimpses of golden-brown toning cling to the borders, while the remainder of this key-date dollar is slate-gray. The portrait is thickly hairlined, and the surfaces are slightly bright. No scratches are readily observed. Certified in a small-sized holder. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1893-S Silver Dollar, VF Details



5200 1893-S — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. VF. VAM-1. A thin diagonal mark rests on the lower right obverse field. The “scratch” would be acceptable to many if not most collectors of the popular silver dollar series, although it is the reason for the NGC designation. Otherwise, the coin is minimally abraded for the VF level. Freckles of golden-brown and forest-green toning visit the obverse periphery. The rarest commercial issue of the Morgan dollar series.

5201 1893-S — Devices Engraved — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Liberty’s face and neck are smoothed throughout. Her hair is strengthened above the ear, and the eagle is tooled on the breast, legs, and upper right (facing) wing. The pearl-white surfaces show hairlines. But noticeable marks are absent, and the issue is the key to the business series. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

1893-S Dollar, VF Details



5202 1893-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. This circulated 1893-S dollar displays even wear with uniform pewter-gray coloration. A glossy texture to the surfaces is a result of the cleaning noted by PCGS. Scattered abrasions are typical of the grade level. This key issue is sought-after in all conditions by large numbers of collectors who assemble complete date and mintmark sets of the Morgan Dollar series. The 1893-S is one of only a few “stoppers” in circulated condition.

**1893-S Dollar, VF20
Famous Low-Mintage Key**



5203 1893-S VF20 PCGS Secure. One need not specialize in the Morgan dollar series to recognize the key date status of the 1893-S, with its series-low mintage of 100,000 coins. This evenly circulated representative is sure to please. Light stone-gray interiors deepen to steel and olive-gray tones near the margins. The design elements remain strong, save for the hair over the ear and the breast feathers. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

**1893-S Dollar, Very Fine
Problem-Free Collector Coin**



- 5204 1893-S VF20 NGC. VAM-1.** Untold numbers of business strike Morgan dollar collections fell a single coin shy of completion, unable to acquire an 1893-S. The issue has the lowest mintage of the series, excluding the proof-only 1895, and is often encountered with problems such as cleaning or damage. The present problem-free Very Fine example has lavender surfaces with cream-gray high points. Wear is even, and no marks merit commentary. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

**1893-S Dollar, VF35
Problem-Free Midgrade Example**



- 5205 1893-S VF35 PCGS.** Touches of gold-tan color make occasional visits to both sides of this key date Morgan, and traces of luster still reside in some of the recessed areas. Generally well-defined, except for softness on star 7 and the E preceding PLURIBUS. A very nice fit for a mid-grade circulated set of Morgan dollars.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 5575. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

**1893-S Silver Dollar, XF40
Partial Luster, Few Marks**



- 5206 1893-S XF40 PCGS. VAM-2.** Well known as the lowest mintage and rarest commercial issue of the Morgan dollar series, the 1893-S is most often seen in Very Fine grades with problems such as cleaning or damage. The present problem-free XF example is decidedly above average in quality. Luster illuminates peripheral elements, and the minimally toned surfaces show fewer than the expected number of marks. A worthy candidate for the advanced specialized collection. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

- 5207 1894 AU58 NGC.** The low mintage of just 110,972 coins makes the 1894 irresistible for Morgan dollar enthusiasts. This brilliant, silver-white example is sharply struck with much remaining silver luster. Brief circulation is confirmed by light field chatter but little discernible wear. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

- 5208 1894 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc.** Among business issues, only the 1893-S has a lower mintage than the key 1894 silver dollar. This example is brilliant except for autumn-gold toning across the right-side margins. The surfaces display cartwheel sheen but are somewhat bright from a wipe. Marks are minor overall, though the portrait shows minor ticks and the field near the eagle's beak shows a small cluster of thin lines.

- 5209 1894 MS61 PCGS.** A relatively affordable example of this low-mintage P-mint key issue, the present piece is untoned and shows good eye appeal, despite the scattered scrapes and luster grazes that preclude a finer Mint State grade. A nicer coin than the technical grade suggests, and always a popular date among the legions of Morgan dollar enthusiasts. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

**1894 Morgan Dollar, MS64
Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue**



- 5210 1894 MS64 NGC.** Aside from the proof-only 1895 Morgan, this date has the lowest mintage of any Morgan dollar coined in Philadelphia, and it is considered to be one of the key issues in a complete set of these coins. Dave Bowers considers the MS64 grade to be the "Optimal Collecting Grade" for this date, taking into account the combination of rarity and quality. Just 110,000 of these coins were struck, and few have survived as fine as this piece. All of the design elements are boldly rendered, and the surfaces have frosty luster with light golden toning. NGC has graded only five numerically finer examples (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2007), lot 1592; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 2426.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

- 5211 1894-O MS61 PCGS.** Despite a 1.7 million-coin mintage, the 1894-O is notoriously challenging in Mint State. This Uncirculated New Orleans dollar is typically defined at the centers, but detail is good elsewhere. Brightly lustrous surfaces exhibit the faintest trace of champagne-gold patina over the upper reverse. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5212 1894-O MS61 NGC.** An important and scarce Morgan silver dollar from the New Orleans Mint, this piece exhibits trivial marks on brilliant silver surfaces. A higher grade is suggested at first glance, and nothing changes upon close inspection. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5213 1894-O MS61 PCGS.** The 1894-O Morgan dollar was not a well-produced issue and Mint State specimens are elusive in the context of the series. This attractive MS61 example exhibits a better-than-average strike, with just a touch of the usual softness on the hair above the ear. The lustrous surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5214 1894-O MS62 PCGS. VAM-4.** The 1894-O is a conditionally rare issue, collectible in circulated grades but very scarce in Mint State. This lustrous and brilliant representative has smooth fields and only moderate marks on Liberty's cheek.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2005), lot 10444, which realized \$1,725.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5215 1894-O MS62 PCGS.** This scarce Morgan representative is better struck than typically seen, evidenced by a good amount of detail in the hair above Liberty's ear and a modicum of definition on the eagle's breast feathers. Scattered grazes on the silver-white surfaces are fewer and less severe than expected for the grade designation and the issue. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5216 1894-O MS62 PCGS.** A better date in Mint State, the 1894-O Morgan remains accessible in MS62. This lustrous, satiny coin displays hints of champagne toning with light, scattered abrasions. The usual strike weakness is seen on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

**1894-O Morgan, Brilliant MS63
Elusive New Orleans Dollar**



- 5217 1894-O MS63 NGC.** Satiny margins transition to subtle semiprooflike reflectivity around the central devices on this Select 1894-O silver dollar, highlighting satiny motifs. This minimally marked example is untoned and displays sharper details than typical for the issue. The 1894-O is a semikey date in all grades, with Mint State pieces being the most elusive and sought-after. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

**1894-O Dollar, Brilliant MS64
Virtually Unobtainable Finer**



- 5218 1894-O MS64 PCGS.** Fully brilliant surfaces exhibit shimmering, satiny luster that is most appealing for this conditionally scarce issue. Typically softly struck over the ear of Liberty, and well-defined on the eagle's breast, with only a few facial blemishes and scattered marks in the reverse fields. A minimally abraded example of this scarce, semikey issue in the Morgan dollar series. Gems are virtually unobtainable.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

**1894-O Dollar, Colorful MS64+
Southern Branch Mint Rarity**



- 5219 1894-O MS64+ PCGS.** The 1894-O is a better date that carries a slight premium in well-circulated grades and becomes progressively more challenging in AU condition (the average survivor grades AU50). However, a collector should be able to find an acceptable example in lower Mint State grades with a bit of patience and a decent budget. This New Orleans issue is truly scarce at the Choice grade level, and Gems are very rare. The 1894-O is notorious for its poor production quality and usually unimpressive appearance, but this high-end near-Gem is fully swathed in attractive gold, violet, cobalt-blue, and teal toning that occurs in a concentric fashion on the reverse. Strike definition is expectedly soft, and the only singular mark is a horizontal depression under Liberty's eye. There are 13 finer grading events at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230

- 5220 1894-S MS64 PCGS.** A ring of orange-gold toning visits the border of the obverse, yet otherwise this Choice 1894-S is brilliant and frosty. The strike is crisp throughout. The 1894-S is a better date in the series with a lower mintage of just over 1.2 million pieces. It is generally not considered a hoard coin. The Mint-fresh eye appeal confirms that assessment for this near-Mint example. A few light field abrasions on the obverse join only minor high point grazes.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232

**1894-S Silver Dollar, MS65+
Few Known in Higher Grades**



- 5221 1894-S MS65+ PCGS.** Splashes of gold and blue toning line the obverse border of this frosty and highly lustrous Gem 1894-S Morgan dollar, exhibiting faint peripheral gold toning splashes on the reverse. Parallel roller lines across the lower obverse and faintly on the reverse are typical of this issue, as well as many other San Francisco Mint silver dollars from the 1890s. PCGS has certified 15 of these as MS65+ and just 16 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232
- 5222 1895-O AU55 PCGS.** Light gray surfaces actually show some mild contrast on the central motifs. The hair over Liberty's ear displays a fair amount of detail, and just a handful of light marks are visible on each side, fewer than would be expected for a large silver dollar that has seen some circulation. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236
- 5223 1895-O AU55 PCGS. VAM-3.** An untoned and partly lustrous example. Marks are mostly limited to inoffensive hairlines. The strike is above average for the issue. The 1895-O is regarded as the key New Orleans Morgan issue, scarcer than the 1893-O despite a higher mintage. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Morgan, Semiprooflike AU58
Semikey New Orleans Issue



5224 1895-O AU58 PCGS. The scarcity and cost of the 1895-O silver dollar in Mint State drives most collectors to acquire the finest AU example possible. This near-Mint coin displays bold detail and original surfaces that include glimmering reflectivity in the fields. Traces of light golden color appear throughout each side. Scattered handling marks are consistent with the grade and pose little distraction. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Silver Dollar, AU58
Lustrous Semikey



5225 1895-O AU58 NGC. The 1895-O Morgan is a rare date in Uncirculated condition, making high-end AU coins immensely popular among budget-conscious collectors. This nearly Uncirculated example displays highly lustrous, frosty fields with a hint of champagne color. Slight strike weakness — typical of O-mint silver dollars from the 1890s — appears on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear. Light scuffs on Liberty's cheek are consistent with the grade.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Silver Dollar, AU58
Lustrous and Satiny



5226 1895-O AU58 PCGS. Substantial luster remains in the satiny fields of this near-Mint 1895-O Morgan dollar. The devices are well-struck and exhibit little evidence of high-point wear. The coin is essentially untoned. Scattered handling marks accompany the grade, but none are obtrusive. Finer 1895-O dollars will prove to be scarce. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Dollar, AU58
In-Demand Southern Semikey



5227 1895-O AU58 PCGS. Most of the 450,000 dollars struck at the New Orleans Mint in 1895 met one of two fates: Either they entered into circulation or were melted. Uncirculated survivors are very scarce and command exceedingly strong prices, placing added demand near-Mint coins like this brilliant, softly frosted example. That no dollars were struck at Philadelphia only heightens the pressure on the 1895-O. Aside from the usual central softness, the devices exhibit crisp detail. Light marks and a rim nick above the E on the obverse are unimportant. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Dollar, AU58
New Orleans Semikey



5228 1895-O AU58 PCGS. CAC. Two factors contribute to the popularity of and demand for the 1895-O. The issue enjoys a low mintage of 450,000 coins, and survivors are under constant date pressure because of the lack of P-mint circulation strikes. The 1895-O is more accessible than the 1895-S in lower grades, but it becomes a major rarity in Mint State. This nearly Uncirculated representative remains largely brilliant, save for pale traces of gold and lavender patina. Detail over the centers is good. A lovely, original example with minor marks. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-O Dollar, MS60
Seldom Located in Uncirculated Grades



- 5229 1895-O MS60 NGC.** This is an issue that was never widely represented in any government dispersals of silver dollars. Many of the 450,000 coins originally produced are believed to have been either placed into circulation at the end of the 19th century or melted under the auspices of the Pittman Act. As a result, the average collector today can only really hope to acquire a circulated example, and even those pieces are scarce. The advanced specialist, however, would be wise to take full advantage of the opportunity that the present lot offers. This is an uncommonly well-struck survivor of this often poorly impressed issue. The eagle's breast feathers are better-than-average, and there is slight definition on the hair curls over Liberty's ear. The minimally patinated, golden-gray surfaces are extensively abraded for the MS60 grade level. *Ex: Santa Clara Signature (Heritage, 11/2002), lot 6698.*
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

1895-S Morgan Dollar, MS62
Only 400,000 Pieces Struck



- 5230 1895-S MS62 NGC. CAC.** Although the mintage of 400,000 pieces makes the 1895-S scarce in its own right, this San Francisco issue is the most readily available Morgan dollar dated 1895 from any of the three Mints. The present coin is lustrous with brilliant silver surfaces and a scattering of golden-gray toning. The strike is sharp except for a few strands over the ear. As always, bagmarks exist on the semireflective fields and frosted portrait, although fewer than expected for the MS62 grade. CAC endorsed. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

1895-S Morgan Dollar, MS64
Low-Mintage, Branch Mint Issue



- 5231 1895-S MS64 NGC.** A small mintage of 400,000 Morgan dollars was struck at the San Francisco Mint in 1895, all delivered in the first half of the year. Most Mint State survivors show excessive bagmarks and the issue is rare above the MS64 grade level. This attractive Choice specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout, and the well-preserved surfaces show only minor signs of contact. NGC has graded 14 numerically finer examples (10/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

1895-S Morgan Dollar, MS64
Very Scarce Any Finer



- 5232 1895-S MS64 PCGS.** The 1895-S is a semi-key issue in the Morgan dollar series, and it benefits from association with its rare proof-only Philadelphia counterpart. This attractive Choice example exhibits well-detailed design elements and lightly marked surfaces, with vibrant satiny mint luster and a few hints of lime-green toning on the reverse. PCGS has graded 43 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

**1895-S/S Dollar, Near-Mint
Hot 50 VAM-3**



- 5233 1895-S/S VAM-3 AU58 NGC.** A Hot 50 Variety. The mintmark was initially entered tilted and far west. It was repunched in a correct position, but an errant curve from the first impression is apparent left of the S. Any 1895-S dollar is desirable at the Borderline Uncirculated level, since the lower mintage issue is conditionally challenging. This example has a brilliant reverse. The obverse is lightly toned silver-gray. Luster is prevalent except across the open fields. NGC ID# 4BC2, PCGS# 134020 Base PCGS# 7238

**1896 Morgan Dollar, MS67
Multicolor Toning on Each Side**



- 5234 1896 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** This resplendent Superb Gem features dynamic multicolor toning over each side. Shades include ice-blue, purple-pink, orange, green, and yellow. Combined with a bold impression, booming luster, and virtually perfect surfaces, the result is a spectacular Morgan dollar representative. PCGS has certified only two coins in higher grades (11/16). NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7240

**1896 Silver Dollar, MS66+ Prooflike
Conditionally Rare**



- 5235 1896 MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC.** Brilliant silver surfaces and reflective fields give this high-end Premium Gem modest cameo contrast, while the devices exhibit sharp definition. The CAC endorsement confirms a lack of serious abrasions. The 1896 Morgan is an available date overall, however, Prooflike coins are rarely seen this fine. Population: 30 in 66 (2 in 66+) Prooflike, 1 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7241

- 5236 1896-O MS61 PCGS.** From an adequate mintage of 4.9 million pieces, the 1896-O Morgan dollar is surprisingly elusive in high grade. This well-detailed MS61 specimen shows just a touch of the usual softness on the hair above the ear and the lustrous surfaces are minimally marked for the grade. NGC ID# 27ZU, PCGS# 7242

- 5237 1896-O MS62 PCGS.** The silver-gray surfaces have good luster. The centers are a little softly struck, as is usual for the issue, but the remainder of the devices are sharply detailed, and the cheek is moderately abraded. Several brown toning spots are noted at the base of the obverse. The 1896-O is a challenging issue in Mint State. Ex: *Palm Beach Signature* (Heritage, 11/2004), lot 9896. From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 27ZU, PCGS# 7242

- 5238 1896-O MS62 NGC.** A smooth, lustrous and minimally marked example of this conditionally rare New Orleans dollar. Superior for the grade and sure to inspire active bidding due to the additional rarity at the next grade. NGC ID# 27ZU, PCGS# 7242

- 5239 1896-O MS62 PCGS.** A lightly toned, crisply struck, and lustrous New Orleans dollar. Bagmarks are essentially absent, though the cheek displays delicate vertical hairlines. The high mintage 1896-O is common in Very Fine, but surprisingly scarce in Mint State. Gems are extremely rare. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 27ZU, PCGS# 7242

**1896-O Dollar, AU58 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Incredibly Strong Strike, Reflective Fields**



- 5240 1896-O AU58 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC.** The 1896-O is a notoriously poorly produced issue. The *Guide Book of Morgan Silver Dollars* (5th edition) explains that "Prooflike examples occur and are very rare, even well struck," making this near-Mint Deep Mirror Prooflike example of particular interest. Each side remains untuned with wispy marks. The strike is incredibly strong for the issue. Census: 5 in 58 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZU, PCGS# 97243

**1896-S Morgan Dollar, MS63
Seldom Encountered in High Grade**



- 5241 1896-S MS63 PCGS.** Even Mint State 1896-S Morgan dollars typically lack sharp definition on the design elements and the surfaces are usually heavily bagmarked. This attractive Select example is above-average in both regards, displaying well-detailed design elements and only minor abrasions. Bright mint luster is evident, with traces of light gold and lavender toning. Ex: *Chicago Signature* (Heritage, 8/2011), lot 4772. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

**1896-S Dollar, Untoned MS63+
Strongly Struck**



- 5242 1896-S MS63+ PCGS.** Bowers explains the scarcity of the 1896-S in high grades as follows: "Probably a million pieces or so were placed into circulation, and most others melted. ... On occasion a bag or two would be turned loose [from the S-mint], but never a flood." This strongly struck Select dollar is fully brilliant with scattered grazes, none of which are overly bothersome. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

**1896-S Dollar, MS64
Scarcer Issue in Mint State**



- 5243 1896-S MS64 PCGS.** Even though 5 million pieces were struck of the 1896-S dollar, and it is a common issue in circulated grades, there are very few Mint State examples known. Obviously, the vast majority of this issue was placed into circulation by the turn of the century. This piece has lovely satiny luster with the usual softness of strike in the centers. Lightly toned, there are just a few light abrasions on each side that accounts for the less-than-Gem grade. *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2003), lot 7682.*
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

**1896-S Morgan Dollar, MS64+
Seldom Seen Finer**



- 5244 1896-S MS64+ PCGS.** With a reported mintage of 5 million pieces, the 1896-S Morgan dollar is surprisingly difficult to locate, especially in high grade. The elusive nature of the 1896-S suggests that most of the large mintage was later melted, perhaps under the provisions of the Pittman Act in 1918. This attractive Choice example exhibits well-detailed design elements and lightly marked, lustrous surfaces. PCGS has graded 83 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

**1896-S Morgan Dollar, MS64
Seldom Offered Any Finer**



- 5245 1896-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Relatively few near-Gem or finer coins escaped the combined clutches of West Coast circulation, melting under the Pittman Act, and LaVerre Redfield's extensive hoard. The present coin is a bit baggy on the cheek but razor-sharp otherwise. Brilliant and sharply struck for this scarce San Francisco issue, strong silver luster and CAC endorsement add to the appeal. The PCGS population shows just 82 numerically finer examples. CAC: 47 in 64, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244

1896-S Dollar, Lustrous MS64



- 5246 1896-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Near-Gem is the finest grade that most collectors are likely to encounter when searching for an 1896-S Morgan dollar as higher-grade examples are infrequently seen. PCGS and NGC report only about 100 coins grading Gem and finer (11/16). Silver-white, lustrous surfaces are seen on this MS64 offering. The hair above Liberty's hair exhibits more detail than typically seen on this softly struck issue. Minor grazes on Liberty's cheek and the adjacent field preclude a higher grade. Well deserving of the CAC endorsement. NGC ID# 2564, PCGS# 7244
- 5247 1897 MS66+ PCGS.** The strike is razor-sharp on Liberty's hair strands and throughout the remaining devices including the eagle's talons and arrow fletchings. The surface quality is equally impressive, with a spotless cheek on Liberty and just 1 or 2 faint field grazes. A frosty-white Premium Gem, high-end for the grade. Population: 54 in 66+, 42 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246
- 5248 1897 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Although plentiful in MS66, the 1897 Morgan dollar becomes a condition rarity just one grade point finer. This Plus-graded, CAC-approved Premium Gem compromises affordability and quality. The strike is sharp throughout, and each side exhibits radiant, untoned mint luster. PCGS records 40 finer examples, NGC only 11 (10/16). NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246

**1897 Dollar, MS66+ Prooflike
Modest Cameo Contrast, Tied Finest at PCGS**



5249 1897 MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. Prooflike examples of the 1897 Morgan dollar are scarce in Gem or finer condition. This Plus-graded Premium Gem Prooflike coin is among the finest at PCGS. The strike is bold, and the frosty texture of the relief elements contrasts nicely with the reflective fields. Both sides are nearly unabraded and brilliant save for a ring of amber-gold toning around the peripheries. CAC endorsed. Population: 3 in 66+ Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 7247

5250 1897 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. Although the 1897 Morgan dollar issue is plentiful even in the higher Mint State grades, its availability in Deep Mirror Prooflike is quite the opposite. This example is well-struck with deeply reflective fields. A few contact marks appear, primarily on the obverse. Population: 28 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 97247

5251 1897-O MS62 PCGS. The Southern branch mint accomplished a production of 4 million Morgan dollars in 1897. Most examples are notorious for their soft strike characteristics and below-average appearance, and seldom are they seen so fine. This is a pleasing MS62 with largely brilliant surfaces and shimmering luster. The extreme centers show an expected degree of softness. NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 7248

5252 1897-O MS62 PCGS. Wisps of champagne toning grace the brilliant silver surfaces of this conditionally elusive Morgan silver dollar. The 1897-O is plentiful in circulated grades but scarce in lower Mint State grades, and rare at the highest grade levels. NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 7248

**1897-O Dollar, Brilliant MS61
Deep Mirror Prooflike Example**



5253 1897-O MS61 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. Examples of the 1897-O are very rare with Deep Mirror Prooflike surfaces, regardless of grade. This MS61 representative is among a small handful of deeply contrasted circulation strikes. Although numerous marks are peppered throughout the fields, they exhibit tremendous reflectivity. Fully struck relief elements are thickly frosted. Amazing eye appeal. Population: 4 in 61 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 8 finer. CAC: 2 in 61, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 562N, PCGS# 97249

**1897-S Dollar, MS66+ Prooflike
Wholly Brilliant, Reflective Fields**



5254 1897-S MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. The availability of high-grade coins with booming luster and bold detail makes the 1897-S a popular San Francisco issue. This Prooflike Premium Gem enjoys all of those attributes with the added benefit of reflective fields and original mint brilliance. Liberty's cheek is nearly pristine, and the only grade-limiting imperfection is a series of reeding marks between the wreath and the eagle's left (facing) wing. A wonderful example of the type. Population: 46 in 66 (4 in 66+) Prooflike, 4 finer. CAC: 14 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 7251

5255 1898 MS67 PCGS. This plentiful Philadelphia issue becomes scarce in MS67 and is unknown finer (10/16). The present coin displays vibrant, mostly untuned luster surrounded by hints of golden toning at the peripheries. Slight strike weakness on the hair above Liberty's ear is almost unnoticed, as the eye is drawn to the clean cheek and fields. NGC ID# 2568, PCGS# 7252

5256 1898-O MS67 PCGS. CAC. Ex: The Michigan Collection. Light golden-tan toning visits this lustrous and penetratingly struck Superb Gem. Magnificently preserved, and virtually unobtainable any finer. None are numerically finer at PCGS (11/16). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 7382; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 4/2007), lot 1226. NGC ID# 2569, PCGS# 7254

**1898-O Dollar, MS67 Prooflike
All-Brilliant, Among the Finest Certified**



5257 1898-O MS67 Prooflike PCGS. Dollars struck at the New Orleans Mint in 1898 can be found with prooflike surfaces through MS66 without too much searching, but Super Gems only appear on the market every few years. This gorgeous MS67 Prooflike dollar is fully brilliant and strongly defined at the centers. Vibrant luster cartwheels over exceptionally clean surfaces. A mark above the eagle's right (facing) leg is the only blemish. Population: 3 in 67 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2569, PCGS# 7255

**1898-S Morgan Dollar, MS66
Sharply Detailed and Lustrous**



- 5258 1898-S MS66 PCGS.** From a mintage of 4.1 million pieces, the 1898-S Morgan dollar is very scarce at the MS66 grade level, and finer examples are virtually unobtainable. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant mint luster radiates both sides. The surfaces are free of mentionable distractions and eye appeal is tremendous. PCGS has graded three numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 7256

**1898-S Morgan Dollar, MS66+
Prime Condition Rarity in Finer Grades**



- 5259 1898-S MS66+ PCGS.** An amazing Premium Gem with satiny, nearly reflective, surfaces. The strike is bold, providing full design motifs, although the hair immediately above Liberty's ear is slightly weak, as always. Like many Morgan dollars, this is a condition rarity in higher grades, as evidenced by the population numbers. Population: 95 in 66 (10 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 7256
- 5260 1898-S MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS.** The 1898-S is seldom encountered with Deep Mirror Prooflike surfaces, but the fields of this attractive Choice specimen are suitably reflective, with sharply detailed frosty devices and a few minor marks and hairlines. NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 97257
- 5261 1899 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** The 1899 claims one of the lower mintages in the series (330,000 pieces). Deep Mirror Prooflike coins are seldom seen, particularly in Gem condition or finer. This all-brilliant Morgan dollar boasts pronounced mirroring in the fields and a razor-sharp strike, indicative of an early impression from the dies. Population: 52 in 65 (1 in 65+) Deep Mirror Prooflike, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256B, PCGS# 97259
- 5262 1899-O MS67 PCGS.** A sizeable percentage of the 12.3 million 1899-O dollars struck remained in storage, explaining the availability of high-grade examples. This Superb Gem is fully brilliant and boldly struck. Nearly mark-free. Essentially unobtainable any finer, as PCGS reports a single higher-graded example in MS68 (11/16). NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7260
- 5263 1899-O MS67 PCGS.** Bowers writes: "The usual 1899-O is sparkling and beautiful to behold." Such is the case with this magnificent Superb Gem, fully brilliant and impeccably preserved without a single mark of note. Strongly struck for a New Orleans dollar. PCGS lists a single finer example (11/16). NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7260

- 5264 1899-S MS65 PCGS.** A frosty, brilliant, hands-down Gem with blazing mint luster and a razor-sharp strike. The 1899-S becomes scarce in higher Mint State grades, although quality Gem examples like this coin possess outstanding eye appeal at a considerably more attractive price level. It is only a few tiny field scuffs away from an even finer grade. NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262

**1899-S Silver Dollar, MS66
Exceptionally Clean Surfaces**



- 5265 1899-S MS66 PCGS Secure.** Vibrant satin luster rolls over high-quality surfaces on this Premium Gem 1899-S silver dollar, while the reverse fields exhibit a hint of subtle reflectivity. The strike is sharp, and Liberty's cheek is clean. The 1899-S is scarce this fine, and higher-grade pieces are extremely rare with PCGS having seen only 10 (11/16). NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262

**1900-O Morgan, Vibrant and Sharp MS67+
Tied for Finest Certified at Either Service**



- 5266 1900-O MS67+ NGC.** The mintage exceeding 12.5 million pieces makes the 1900-O a readily available coin in all but the highest Mint State grades — an honor this example proudly displays. In short, the luster and strike on the coin are incredible. It displays vibrant Mint freshness seldom seen on an O-Mint dollar of any date, with the portrait of Liberty fully brought up and the cheek smooth and rounded. Brilliant surfaces are frosted and entirely untuned. Although the 1900-O is an available issue in lesser grades, there are no finer examples than MS67 with the Plus designation at either NGC or PCGS. Census: 78 in 67 (2 in 67+, 2 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7266

1901 Morgan, MS60
Sought-After in Mint State



5267 1901 MS60 PCGS. The 1901 Morgan dollar is well-known as being one of the most elusive dates in the series in Mint State condition, and is actively sought in all such grade levels. This example exhibits numerous scattered abrasions, as the grade suggests, though the luster is especially vibrant. Shallow lines and light abrasions are primarily present at Liberty's chin and the adjacent left field. Traces of golden toning around the peripheries are the only hint of color on this coin. NGC ID# 256J, PCGS# 7272

1901 Dollar, MS61
Bright Silver Surfaces



5268 1901 MS61 PCGS Secure. The 1901 ranks among the most famous condition rarities in the Morgan dollar series, and supply pales in comparison to the ever-strong collector demand. This is a bright, untuned MS61 representative without a hint of color. Lightly marked and typically incomplete over the centers, date, and wreath bow. Abrasions, however, are scant with moderately granular, textured fields. NGC ID# 256J, PCGS# 7272

1901 Silver Dollar, MS62
Challenging in Uncirculated Condition



5269 1901 MS62 PCGS. The 1901 is the key 20th century Morgan dollar in Mint State. This MS62 coin is brilliant and well-struck, showing lighter abrasions than usual for the grade. Finer representatives will prove to be elusive. Beyond the MS62 level, the price of this Philadelphia issue climbs rapidly out of reach for most collectors, even if such a coin can be located. NGC ID# 256J, PCGS# 7272

1901 Morgan Dollar, MS63
Seldom Encountered in High Grade



5270 1901 MS63 ANACS. Despite the substantial mintage of 6.9 million pieces, the 1901 Morgan dollar is one of the most challenging issues of the series in high grade. Vivid shades of sea-green and magenta toning blanket the lightly marked surfaces of this well-detailed Select specimen, with vibrant satiny mint luster underneath. NGC ID# 256J, PCGS# 7272

5271 1901-O MS66 Prooflike PCGS Secure. Reflective fields give this untuned Premium Gem a boost of eye appeal. The strike is sharp, and a loupe reveals only a few tiny marks on Liberty's cheek. The coin is tied for the finest Prooflike piece known. Population: 17 in 66 Prooflike, 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 256K, PCGS# 7275

1901-O Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Seldom Offered in This Grade



5272 1901-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. The 1901-O Morgan dollar claims a mintage in excess of 13 million pieces, but examples with deeply mirrored fields are seldom encountered. Although there is little evidence of contrast, the present coin is a sharply struck Gem, with deeply reflective, brilliant fields. Census: 23 in 65 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 6172. NGC ID# 256K, PCGS# 97275

1901-O Dollar, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike
Scarce as a Gem and With Reflective Fields



5273 1901-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. The 1901-O is readily obtained in lustrous Mint State, but Gems with prominently reflective fields are rare. This nicely struck example displays rich peach-gold, rose-red, and forest-green toning throughout the borders. Cameo contrast is produced on both sides. Certified in a former generation holder. Census: 23 in 65 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256K, PCGS# 97275

**1901-S Morgan, MS65
Seldom Seen Finer**



- 5274 1901-S MS65 PCGS.** The 1901-S is fairly scarce within the context of S-mint Morgans from the turn of the century. The lustrous surfaces of this Gem are essentially untuned and exhibit relatively well-impressed design elements, though the hair above Liberty's ear and the eagle's breast are characteristically soft. A few light roller marks are visible on the obverse. Pleasing overall eye appeal. Only 40 pieces have been graded numerically finer at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

**1901-S Morgan Dollar, MS65+
Just Four Plus-Graded Examples at PCGS**



- 5275 1901-S MS65+ PCGS.** Remarkably few high-grade Uncirculated coins remain from a mintage of nearly 2.3 million pieces, and although the 1901-S is only conditionally rare at the MS66 level and finer, this MS65+ coin qualifies as an optimal grade for a Gem or finer set. Silver luster dominates the slightly reflective fields and frosty devices. The strike is sharp everywhere but the eagle's breast, a legacy of the new C-4 hub. Just four Plus-graded coins are listed by PCGS at the MS65 level, plus one more at NGC. PCGS population: 4 in 65+, 40 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

**1901-S Silver Dollar, MS65+
Rare Any Finer**



- 5276 1901-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** Attractive satin luster adorns the well-struck devices of this high-end Gem, while the fields exhibit subtle reflectivity. Neither side displays mentionable toning, and abrasions are limited to just a few minor grazes. Liberty's cheek is clean. PCGS reports only 40 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

- 5277 1902-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Remarkably frosty mint luster rolls over beautifully preserved surfaces on this high-end Premium Gem 1902-O Morgan dollar. Slight strike weakness is seen on the eagle's breast and the hair above Liberty's ear, although the overall eye appeal is unaffected. Brilliant interiors cede to golden peripheral halos. PCGS records only 24 finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280

- 5278 1902-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** In 1962, the Treasury release produced hundreds of thousands of Mint State 1902-O dollars. The issue is plentiful through MS66, but rarely seen finer than this. This example is softly struck at the centers, as always, with vibrant mint luster over brilliant surfaces. PCGS reports 24 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280

- 5279 1902-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Frosty luster is essentially unabraded on this high-end 1902-O Morgan, and a splash of amber-gold obverse toning and olive-green reverse toning hides any stray defects. The eagle's breast shows some strike weakness, but the overall definition of the design is above average for the issue. PCGS reports 25 finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280

**1902-O Dollar, MS67
Exceptional Quality, None Finer**



- 5280 1902-O MS67 NGC.** David Bowers cites Wayne Miller who wrote in 1982 that the issue is: "Typically among the poorest struck of the late New Orleans dollars. Most are flatly struck with horrible luster." Not so with the Superb Gem offered here. Essentially untuned surfaces yield dazzling luster and sharply struck design elements. While minor softness is noted on the hair over Liberty's ear, the eagle's breast feathers are well brought-up. There are no mentionable marks to report. Census: 26 in 67 (1 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Summer FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 1731. NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280

**1902-O Morgan Dollar, MS67
None Finer at PCGS**



5281 1902-O MS67 PCGS. CAC. Struck in large numbers, the 1902-O Morgan dollar, was not a well-produced issue and many examples are seen with soft strikes and insipid luster. Many coins were held in government storage, to be released by the Treasury Department in the coin collecting boom of the 1960s. As a result, the 1902-O can be easily located in lower Mint State grades, but the issue is rare in MS67 condition, and virtually unobtainable any finer.

The present coin is a spectacular Superb Gem, with unusually sharp definition on the design elements and virtually pristine brilliant surfaces. Vibrant mint luster adds to the terrific eye appeal. We expect intense competition from Registry Set enthusiasts when this lot is called. Population: 25 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280

**1902-O Dollar, MS66 Prooflike
Exceptionally Preserved**



5282 1902-O MS66 Prooflike PCGS. The 1902-O eventually emerged in bag quantity, but only a small percentage of high grade survivors have prooflike fields. The present Premium Gem has only a hint of gold toning, aside from a pair of small dabs of deep brown patina on the upper reverse rim. Nicely struck and remarkably void of abrasions. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7281

**1902-S Silver Dollar, MS66
Scarce This Fine**



5283 1902-S MS66 PCGS. A better date in all grades, the 1902-S Morgan dollar becomes a rarity in Premium Gem condition and is prohibitively rare any finer. This example offers frosty, untuned luster and well-struck design elements. A few faint grazes in the fields determine the grade. Registry Set collectors will want to closely consider this outstanding coin. Population: 48 in 66 (6 in 66+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

5284 1903 MS67 PCGS. This delightful Registry Set candidate offers impeccably preserved brilliant surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster and sharply detailed design elements throughout. NGC ID# 256R, PCGS# 7284

5285 1903 MS65 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. Uncommon with prooflike surfaces, the 1903 is especially scarce in Gem or finer conditions with reflective surfaces. This example is starkly brilliant on the obverse and displays a faint dusting of golden-gray patina on the reverse. There are a few light ticks on the portrait but no marks of any consequence on the medium-mirrored fields. The strike is pinpoint-sharp. CAC endorsed for its high quality surfaces. Population: 36 in 65 Prooflike, 7 finer. CAC: 10 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256R, PCGS# 7285

- 5286 1903-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1903-O Morgan dollar was a famous rarity until it surfaced in large quantities in the Treasury releases of the 1960s. This Plus-graded Premium Gem is sharply detailed in most areas, with just a touch of the usual flatness on the eagle's breast. The surfaces are impeccably preserved, with vibrant mint luster and a few subtle hints of golden toning. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

**1903-O Morgan Dollar, MS67
None Numerically Finer at PCGS**



- 5287 1903-O MS67 NGC.** The 1903-O is famous for its status as a former rarity. The Treasury unexpectedly released sealed bags of the issue during the early 1960s, yet the '03-O remains a better date, certainly better than the other New Orleans issues from 1898 to 1904. This sharply struck and lightly toned Superb Gem has potent luster and uncommonly clean surfaces. Census: 47 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 1496.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

**1903-O Morgan Dollar, MS65
Rare Deep Mirror Prooflike Specimen**



- 5288 1903-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** A great rarity in the series until a substantial number of coins surfaced in the Treasury releases of the 1960s, the 1903-O Morgan dollar is still a challenging issue in Gem condition, with the Deep Mirror Prooflike designation. This sharply detailed specimen offers well-preserved surfaces, with deeply reflective fields, under attractive shades of jade-gold toning. Population: 13 in 65 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 97287

**1903-S Dollar, MS65
Few Known Finer**



- 5289 1903-S MS65 PCGS.** A well-known Morgan dollar rarity from the early 20th century, the 1903-S is only readily obtainable in well-worn grades around the VG and Fine levels. This fact indicates a significant degree of circulation for this lower mintage (1.2 million pieces) issue. This is not to say that no bags of Uncirculated 1903-S dollars were held by the federal government after striking. Some definitely were, but those that were not melted under the terms of the Pittman Act were largely paid out to the public by the late 1950s. We do not know at what point this impressive Gem entered the numismatic market, but it would be difficult to improve upon. There is a blush of golden iridescence through the central obverse, as well as a partial halo of orange-russet color at the upper reverse denticles, but the balance of both sides is brilliant-white. Softly frosted with modest, yet appreciable cartwheel effects swirling around minimally abraded, nearly distraction-free features.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2003), lot 7743.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 7288

- 5290 1903-S Micro S, VAM-2, XF45 PCGS.** A Top 100 Variety. Discovered in 1951, the Micro S variety is scarce in all grades and truly rare in XF and above. This bright representative has small scattered marks over each side, including a tiny dig near the second L in DOLLAR. Softness over the centers is unsurprising. Population: 52 in 45, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 133967 Base PCGS# 7306

**1903-S Morgan Dollar, AU50
Rare Small S Variety, VAM-2, Top 100**



- 5291 1903-S Micro S, VAM-2, AU50 PCGS.** A Top 100 Variety. The Top 100 reference calls it a Small S, while VAMworld.com calls the same variety a Micro S (as does PCGS). Apparently, this micro mintmark appears on only one 1903-S reverse die. Minute hairlines and a trace of wear on the higher points of the design are as expected on this AU example, which is untoned and exhibits a number of mostly superficial abrasions on each side.

Ex: Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 11/2004), lot 10164; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 6002. NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 133967 Base PCGS# 7306

**1904 Dollar, Lustrous MS66
Well-Preserved Surfaces**



- 5292 1904 MS66 PCGS.** A melange of green, grayish-green, orange-gold, and lavender toning visits the lustrous surfaces of this Premium Gem Morgan dollar. The design elements are better struck than typically seen for this issue, including the hair above Liberty's ear that exhibits a modicum of detail. The eagle's breast, however, shows the usual weakness. The surfaces of both sides are remarkably clean for a large, heavy silver dollar; Liberty's cheek reveals just a few light ticks. Population: 30 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290

**1904-S Dollar, MS63
Scarce Late-Date S-Mint**



- 5293 1904-S MS63 PCGS.** A brilliant example of this scarce, later date, post-1900 Morgan dollar. Well struck with a few minor abrasions on the obverse, the reverse is virtually free from marks. Exceptionally lustrous with a bright, satiny sheen over both obverse and reverse. Generally not located in higher grades.
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 1758. NGC ID# 256W, PCGS# 7294

**1904-S Morgan Dollar, MS63
Scarce in High Grades**



- 5294 1904-S MS63 PCGS.** The 1904-S is the final issue in the Morgan dollar series before the design was brought back in a significantly modified form in 1921. A total of 2.3 million pieces were struck, yet the date is well-known for being very scarce in high grades. This brightly untuned Select Uncirculated representative is typically struck. Surprisingly few overt marks are noted. NGC ID# 256W, PCGS# 7294

**1904-S Silver Dollar, MS64
Conditionally Rare Issue**



- 5295 1904-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** Light chestnut-gold toning visits this lustrous and carefully preserved near-Gem. The cheek is particularly smooth. Faint roller marks (as made) are apparent on the cheek, but most of the design is nicely struck. In Mint State, the 1904-S ranks among the scarcest later Morgan dollar issues. Certified in an old green label holder.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 256W, PCGS# 7294

- 5296 1921 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Light caramel-gold and pearl-gray toning visits this lustrous and well struck Premium Gem. The obverse field is nearly pristine, and the portrait shows only wispy marks. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

- 5297 1921 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A lustrous example of the final, single-year Morgan dollar subtype. Crisply struck, thoroughly lustrous, and minimally toned. The fields are smooth and the portrait displays only minor contact. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

- 5298 1921 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The final Morgan dollar issue, produced after a 17-year intermission, is seldom encountered with the incredible eye appeal of this Premium Gem. This piece has snow-white surfaces and brilliant mint frost. Both sides are virtually perfect with no obvious marks. PCGS has only certified 13 finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

- 5299 1921 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** This Plus-Graded Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The virtually pristine surfaces show a few hints of lavender-gray toning. PCGS has graded 13 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

- 5300 1921-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A woodgrain pattern of gold, ocean-blue, and lavender toning appears over each side of this high-end Premium Gem example, complementing frosty luster and clean surfaces. The strike is weak on the eagle's breast and the lower wreath, as usual. PCGS has seen only 11 finer examples of this little-heralded Denver issue (10/16). NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

- 5301 1921-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The Denver Mint struck Morgan dollars for the first and last time in 1921. The 1921-D is accessible through MS66, very scarce in MS66+, and very rare in MS67, where 11 pieces are reported at PCGS (11/16). Pumpkin-gold and sky-blue patina drapes each side, concealing the few marks that prevent a Superb Gem grade. Fully struck. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

- 5302 1921-S MS66 NGC.** Crystal silver coloration on lustrous fields. A few luster breaks are present, especially on the obverse. Softly struck, like virtually all 1921-S Dollars, though considerable detail is seen in the hair over Liberty's ear. An attractive Gem overall.
Ex: CSNS Signature (Heritage, 5/2004), lot 8837; Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 8/2004), lot 7035; Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 3/2005), lot 6332; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 6990. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

PROOF MORGAN DOLLARS

1878 8 Tailfeathers Dollar, PR63 Doubled Bow



- 5303** 1878 8TF Doubled Bow, VAM-14.3, PR63 PCGS. The deep, watery mirrors and incredibly sharp devices make this coin an unquestionable proof. Lightly frosted and largely untuned, though wisps of pearl-gray have settled on the reverse. Some hairlines in the fields restrict the grade. For all 1878 8 Tailfeathers proofs, population: 31 in 63, 48 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Denver Signature* (Heritage, 8/2006), lot 3198.
From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2572, PCGS# 134107 Base PCGS# 7311

1878 8TF Morgan, Die-Doubled PR64 Fully Struck, Colorfully Toned



- 5304** 1878 8TF Doubled Bow, VAM-14.3, PR64 NGC. The dies were used for circulation strikes as well as proofs, and show clear doubling on the lower-right leaves and berries. A die scratch inside the leg of the eagle helps confirm the reverse. On the obverse, the date shows slight doubling north and die polish lines occupy the recess below the top curl of the cap. Shades of peach-gold and cobalt-blue cover both sides with reddish accents in the recesses. A richly toned, near-Gem proof with razor-sharp definition and no distractions. Census: 31 in 64, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2572, PCGS# 134107 Base PCGS# 7311

1878 7 Tailfeathers Dollar, PR63 Reverse of 1878



- 5305** 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 PR63 PCGS. Many of the estimated 250 to 300 proofs struck were likely melted. Light champagne-gold patina bathes both sides of this lovely Select proof. The strike is complete in all areas. A few faint hairlines precludes a higher grade, but still a great coin for the grade. Population: 23 in 63, 21 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 3041.
From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2573, PCGS# 7312

1879 Morgan Dollar, PR64 Original Iridescence



- 5306** 1879 PR64 NGC. CAC. The Mint manufactured 1,100 Morgan dollar proofs in 1879, the second year of production in the series. Examples are usually found with a touch of central softness, as here. However, the overall impression is razor-sharp and the level of preservation better than what one would expect for the awarded grade. Each side displays a layer of lilac-gray, olive, and blue iridescence. Housed in a former generation, pre-hologram holder. NGC ID# 2722, PCGS# 7314

1879 Morgan Dollar, PR65+ Original Toning



- 5307** 1879 PR65+ PCGS. The proof 1879 Morgan dollar is not known for stellar eye appeal, which gives this high-end Gem example an advantage over its peers. The fields are deeply mirrored beneath rich gunmetal-blue, lavender-gold, and olive-green toning. The reverse displays modest cameo contrast, although the obverse is more deeply patinated. Slight strike weakness on the highest points of the devices is typical of the issue. Population: 19 in 65 (1 in 65+), 18 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2722, PCGS# 7314

1879 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo Exemplary Contrast



- 5308** 1879 PR66 Cameo NGC. Ex: *Excalibur*. This brilliant high-grade proof Morgan exhibits a razor-sharp strike, and the glassy fields provide outstanding contrast with the frosty motifs and legends. The coin is free from mentionable hairlines, and planchet imperfections are limited to a brief lintmark at 4 o'clock on the reverse. Census: 18 in 66 Cameo, 19 finer (10/16).
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2011), lot 5912.
From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2722, PCGS# 87314

**1880 Morgan Dollar, PR65
Undesignated Cameo Contrast**



5309 1880 PR65 NGC. This is a splendid Cameo proof, although it is not designated as such by NGC. The sharply detailed, frosty design elements contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields. Both sides are essentially brilliant with pale gold iridescence along the borders.

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2006), lot 3801.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2724, PCGS# 7315

**1881 Morgan Dollar, PR64
Intense Multicolor Toning**



5310 1881 PR64 PCGS. Iridescent shades of cobalt-blue, dove-gray, and greenish-gold toning blanket the well-preserved surfaces of this impressive Choice proof. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout and the deeply reflective fields shine through the toning. From a proof mintage of 975 pieces. Population: 71 in 64, 41 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2725, PCGS# 7316

**1881 Morgan Dollar, PR66
Elusive Cameo Example**



5311 1881 PR66 Cameo NGC. While 1881 proof dollars, from a mintage of 984 pieces, are generally available to collectors, Cameo specimens, especially those in higher grades, are more difficult to come by. We present in this offering a lovely white, exquisitely struck example. Impeccable preservation is evident on both sides, with Liberty's cheek and neck being particularly clean. Census: 12 in 66 Cameo, 17 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2002), lot 4289; *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 5060; *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 3/2008), lot 1222.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2725, PCGS# 87316

**1882 Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Deeply Mirrored, Lightly Toned**



5312 1882 PR64 Cameo PCGS. Only 1,100 proof Morgans were struck in 1882, with much of the mintage subsequently spent or lost. Fully struck, as expected for a proof Morgan from this era. The devices exhibit moderate contrast, and the fields are deeply reflective with only a few wispy hairlines. The light gray-tan to lilac patina is accented with mottled milky tones on each side. Population: 36 in 64 (1 in 64+) Cameo, 41 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 7/2006), lot 3003; *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 11/2006), lot 1514; *Dallas Signature* (Heritage, 4/2007), lot 1251.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 2726, PCGS# 87317

**1882 Morgan Dollar, PR67 Cameo
Practically Unmarked, Stark Contrast**



5313 1882 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Dave Bowers writes in *A Guide Book of Morgan Silver Dollars* (5th edition): "Another good vintage year for Proofs — what with the excellent strike and deep cameo contrast being the rule." While he is correct in his assertion that the 1882 comes with an excellent strike, as is to be expected of a proof, he may be overstating the availability of specimens with Cameo contrast. The PCGS *Population Report* suggests Cameo proofs are three times rarer than those without bold contrast. Superb Gems are rare across all categories. This PR67 Cameo dollar maintains its brilliance everywhere but the rims, where delicate golden patina forms. The centers are thickly frosted, while the glassy mirrors are deeply reflective. Fantastic technical and visual quality. Population: 8 in 67 Cameo, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2726, PCGS# 87317

1883 Morgan Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Lightly Toned and Perfect for Type Purposes



- 5314 1883 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Light golden-brown toning drapes this razor-sharp and impressively mirrored near-Gem. The cheek is beautifully smooth, and the grade is defined only by a mint-made planchet streak and a tiny spot above the olive branch. A larger mintage of 1,039 proofs was struck in 1883 and quite a few were preserved in better grades, making this an excellent early date for type purposes. Population: 12 in 64 (1 in 64+) Cameo, 24 finer (10/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 6617.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27YV, PCGS# 87318

1884 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Nicely Contrasted, Impeccably Preserved



- 5315 1884 PR66 Cameo NGC.** Wonderfully preserved with just a hint of rose-gray and golden patina seen at the margins. The fragile fields are deeply reflective and there is a significant amount of frost on the devices which creates strong cameo contrast on each side. Census: 13 in 66 Cameo, 13 finer (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2003), lot 8035; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 4846; Fort Worth ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 1685; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 6205.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZB, PCGS# 87319

1885 Morgan Dollar, Richly Toned PR66



- 5316 1885 PR66 NGC.** The Cameo designation is denied due to extensive toning that blankets the mirrored fields and minimizes contrast with the equally toned devices, yet this Premium Gem proof retains plenty of aesthetic appeal. Viewed at an advantageous angle, ruby-red, blue, orange, and yellow-gold toning vie for prominence across the technically high-quality surfaces. An original and mark-free Premium Gem proof for those who prefer natural patina from long-time preservation, likely in a kraft envelope. Census: 21 in 66, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZE, PCGS# 7320

1885 Morgan Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Starkly Contrasted, Lightly Toned



- 5317 1885 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** A dusting of light apricot color visits this fully struck near-Gem. Flashy mirrored fields contrast nicely with frosted motifs, despite the slight toning. A few faint hairlines on the obverse field determine the grade, but hardly affect the eye appeal. Only 930 proofs were struck. Population: 23 in 64 (3 in 64+) Cameo, 36 finer (10/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2005), lot 3683; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 7475.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZE, PCGS# 87320

1886 Dollar, PR63
Partial Contrast



- 5318 1886 PR63 PCGS.** The 18 and 6 are repunched. The Philadelphia Mint accomplished a mintage of 886 proof Morgan dollars in 1886. Whether or not that total had something to do with the date is unknown, though it being a coincidence seems unlikely. This lightly toned PR63 specimen is predictably fully struck with a thin layer of frost over the devices. Minimal reflectivity in the fields prevents a Cameo designation. NGC ID# 27ZF, PCGS# 7321

1886 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Only 886 Examples Struck



- 5319 1886 PR66 Cameo NGC.** Flashy fields and evenly frosted motifs confirm the Cameo designation. An essentially brilliant Premium Gem that boasts an exacting strike and mark-free surfaces. A couple of minute planchet flakes are noted on the lower left obverse field. The date is lightly repunched south. Just 886 proofs were issued. Census: 6 in 66 Cameo, 8 finer (10/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 1524.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZF, PCGS# 87321

1887 Dollar, PR64
Fully Struck, Deeply Mirrored



5320 1887 PR64 NGC. One of the more popular dates for proof type purposes in the Morgan dollar series. This is a well-produced issue, struck before the weak strikes from the early 1890s. The fragile, glassy mirrors show a few light hairlines on the obverse, and the reverse appears struck from a slightly granular planchet. Pinpoint striking details and brilliant throughout. Census: 53 in 64, 76 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 2908; *Queller Family Collection of Silver Dollars* / *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 2197.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 27ZG, PCGS# 7322

1888 Dollar, Brilliant PR66 Cameo
Noticeably Doubled Date



5321 1888 PR66 Cameo NGC. Doubled Date. Bowers (1993) notes: "Breen has seen no more than a half dozen specimens since the discovery coin in the Anderson-Dupont sale in 1954." Later in his *Redbook of Morgan Dollars*, he states all proofs are from one die pair. Are we to assume then that collectors simply had not examined their proofs for repunching until this feature was widely published, but now that they have it is actually on all proofs? This piece shows the fullness of strike and strong cameo contrast usually seen on this date. Brilliant throughout and a magnificent proof type coin. Census: 12 in 66 Cameo (2 in 66★), 4 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Jack Lee Estate Collection* / *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 12/2008), lot 3310.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 27ZH, PCGS# 87323

1889 Morgan Dollar, PR64
Impressive Natural Patina



5322 1889 PR64 PCGS. CAC. Strong cameo contrast exists but yields to intensive olive and gold toning that covers both the obverse portrait and the surrounding fields. Viewed in light, the vibrantly mirrored fields reveal their gleaming complexity, with bits of azure-blue and violet at the rims. The reverse is more overtly contrasted with silver-mirrored fields set against frosty-white raised motifs, save for a crescent of blue and umber-brown toning that runs vertically through the right (facing) wingtip, wreath, and legend. A thin band of orange-gold toning encircles the remaining reverse border. CAC-endorsed for eye appeal and technical quality. Population: 44 in 64, 29 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZJ, PCGS# 7324

1890 Dollar, PR63 Cameo
Above-Average Definition



5323 1890 PR63 Cameo PCGS. 1890 dollars come with a proof mintage of 590 pieces, and were lightly struck, especially in the centers. This Select Cameo offers pleasing field-device contrast, and displays barely discernible gold color at the rims. The breast feathers show better-than-average detail, and the hair over Liberty's ear exhibits some definition. The cheek and neck are remarkably smooth. A few fine hairlines in the fields are all that preclude a significantly higher grade. Population: 10 in 63 Cameo, 48 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 2727.

From *The Stichter Collection*. NGC ID# 27ZK, PCGS# 87325

1890 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Only 590 Pieces Struck



5324 1890 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Only 590 proof Morgan dollars were struck in 1890, a decidedly small production total for proofs of that era. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits a sharper strike than usual for the issue, which is often seen with soft centers. The impeccably preserved surfaces feature deeply mirrored fields that contrast boldly with the frosty devices, under subtle shades of pale gold toning. Population: 10 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 6 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZK, PCGS# 87325

1891 Silver Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Stark Contrast, Conditionally Rare



- 5325 1891 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** A full strike and dramatic cameo contrast give this Premium Gem 1891 proof dollar immediate eye appeal, while a loupe fails to reveal any contact marks or noteworthy hairlines. Hints of light golden toning warm the surfaces. Cameos are rare this fine, and Deep Cameos are almost uncollectible in any condition. Population: 13 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZL, PCGS# 87326

1892 Morgan Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Sharply Detailed and Well-Preserved



- 5326 1892 PR65 Cameo NGC.** The introduction of the Barber design on the smaller silver denominations made silver proof sets especially popular in 1892, when a generous mintage of 1,245 proof Morgan dollars was accomplished. This sharply detailed Gem exhibits frosty design elements that contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields to create a dramatic cameo effect. The surfaces are well-preserved and eye appeal is outstanding.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZM, PCGS# 87327

1893 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Very Rare Any Finer



- 5327 1893 PR66 Cameo NGC.** Elegantly frosted central devices are sharply struck. The centers are virtually untoned, while crescents of ultramarine, violet, and champagne are noted at the margins. Notably well-preserved with fantastic eye appeal, among the most desirable specimens imaginable for the issue. Census: 11 in 66 Cameo (1 in 66+), 6 finer (10/16).
Ex: Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 1561.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZN, PCGS# 87328

1894 Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Dramatic Contrast



- 5328 1894 PR65 Cameo NGC.** This Gem Cameo projects a wonderful white-on-black appearance. A powerful strike leaves exquisite definition on the design elements, further heightening the coin's lovely eye appeal. The surfaces have been well cared for and reveal no marks of any consequence. The cheek and neck are remarkably clean. Census: 8 in 65 Cameo (1 in 65 ★), 47 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 5724.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2577, PCGS# 87329

1894 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Nice Contrast and Eye Appeal



- 5329 1894 PR66 Cameo NGC.** A fairly generous mintage of 972 proof Morgan dollars was accomplished in 1894, to complement one of the lowest business-strike mintages of the series. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements with a thick coat of mint frost that creates bold cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is terrific. Census: 16 in 66 Cameo, 31 finer (10/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2577, PCGS# 87329

1896 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Ultra Cameo
A Year of Superior Proof Production



- 5330 1896 PR66 Ultra Cameo NGC.** The 1896 proof Morgan dollars have been held up as examples of the finest silver proof coinage of the 19th century, and when one examines specimens such as this Premium Gem with Ultra Cameo contrast, it is difficult to disagree. Each side offers a strong black-and-white effect at all angles, and the figure of Liberty as well as the eagle both show a broad expanse of mint frost. Its technical preservation is as laudable as its eye appeal, and the strike reveals complete breast feather definition. Census: 8 in 66 Ultra Cameo (1 in 66★), 21 finer (10/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZT, PCGS# 97331

1897 Morgan Dollar, PR67 Cameo
Very Rare in Finer Grades



- 5331 1897 PR67 Cameo NGC.** A goodly number of 1897 proof Morgan dollars have survived from the original mintage of 731 pieces, but relatively few of these are designated as Cameos. The present Superb Gem Cameo proof displays a soft golden cast, slightly deeper at the margins. Sharply struck, lightly frosted devices yield strong contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. Impeccably preserved throughout. Census: 12 in 67 Cameo, 10 finer (10/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2009), lot 1118.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZV, PCGS# 87332

1898 Morgan Dollar, PR64
Attractive Multicolor Toning



- 5332 1898 PR64 ANACS.** Fully struck with beautifully stark cameo contrast, especially on the obverse where the untuned surfaces include dark, watery fields and an impeccably frosted portrait. Red-gold rim toning enhances the appeal. Deep purple-violet and cobalt-blue toning covers the reverse. Free of mentionable contact marks.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 2785.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZW, PCGS# 7333

1898 Dollar, PR62 Deep Cameo
Profoundly Deep Mirrors and Frosted Devices



- 5333 1898 PR62 Deep Cameo PCGS.** Heavily contrasted on each side with deep, glassy fields and thick mint frost on the devices. Most of each side is brilliant but there is a slight haziness also around the edges. This year is known for high quality proofs, and this coin is no exception, with the overall appearance much finer than the stated grade. Population: 1 in 62 Deep Cameo, 57 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 7057.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZW, PCGS# 97333

1899 Morgan Dollar, PR65 Cameo
Sharply Detailed, Lightly Toned



- 5334** 1899 PR65 Cameo NGC. Both sides have only a hint of gold toning, aside from a blush of dusky apricot near the left (facing) wing. All breast feathers are fully brought up, and even the hair above the ear has crisp detail. Only 846 proofs were coined. Census: 4 in 65 Cameo, 28 finer (10/16).
Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 2467.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZX, PCGS# 87334

1900 Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Scarcer Issue With Contrast



- 5335** 1900 PR64 Cameo PCGS. A watery, nicely contrasted specimen with a touch of haziness overall in addition to olive-gold peripheral accents. Sharply struck throughout, with no contact marks and minimal hairlines. Popular turn-of-the-century issue, scarce with Cameo contrast. Population: 30 in 64 (3 in 64+) Cameo, 27 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 7062; Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 3/2009), lot 1570.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 3MNH, PCGS# 87335

1900 Dollar, PR64 Cameo
Strong Field-Motif Contrast



- 5336** 1900 PR64 Cameo PCGS. This turn-of-the-century near-Gem has strong contrast despite rich patina occupying all but the silvery centers. Lush gold-to-orange hues turn to violet at the rims, and the mirrors around the well-frosted devices remain strong. Sharply struck with great eye appeal from late in the Cameo era for proof Morgan dollars. Population: 32 in 64 (3 in 64+) Cameo, 28 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3MNH, PCGS# 87335

1900 Morgan Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Untoned Brilliant Surfaces



- 5337** 1900 PR66 Cameo NGC. Both sides of this gorgeous proof dollar have deeply mirrored fields around lustrous devices. A few extremely light obverse hairlines undoubtedly prevented an even higher numerical grade. There is no evidence of toning on either side, with fully brilliant silver-white surfaces. Census: 15 in 66 Cameo (2 in 66★), 22 finer (10/16).
Ex: Baltimore Signature (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 2468.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 3MNH, PCGS# 87335

1901 Morgan Dollar, PR65



- 5338** 1901 PR65 NGC. In business-strike format, the 1901 Morgan dollar is one of the most challenging issues of the series to find in high grade. This puts considerable pressure on the limited supply of proofs (only 813 pieces struck). This impressive Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields, with well-preserved surfaces that show just a few minor hairlines and contact marks. Census: 39 in 65 (1 in 65+), 49 finer (10/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZZ, PCGS# 7336

1902 Morgan Dollar, PR66
Sharply Detailed, Lightly Toned



- 5339** 1902 PR66 NGC. The strike on the 1902 proof is generally subpar. This Premium Gem, however, was the recipient of a better-than-average impression. The hair over Liberty's ear exhibits nearly complete detail, as do the eagle's breast feathers. Brilliant surfaces display just the faintest hint of champagne color, slightly more evident on the reverse. Impeccably preserved throughout. Census: 38 in 66 (1 in 66★), 18 finer (10/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 1547.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2822, PCGS# 7337

1903 Morgan Dollar, PR64
Only 755 Specimens Struck



- 5340 1903 PR64 NGC.** Fully struck with deep golden-brown and cobalt-blue peripheral toning and watery, intensely reflective fields on both sides. There are no troublesome handling marks, and hairlines are minimal. This issue had a mintage of just 755 pieces, which seems tiny when compared to modern-day proof mintages. Such small production numbers ensure the relative scarcity of proof Morgan dollars, including the 1903.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 2740.
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2823, PCGS# 7338

1903 Silver Dollar, Brilliant PR66



- 5341 1903 PR66 NGC.** Deep reflectivity in the fields gives this Premium Gem proof modest field-device contrast despite the central motifs showing satiny rather than frosty luster. Neither side is toned, and the preservation is outstanding. The 1903 proof is seldom seen finer than this. Census: 33 in 66, 31 finer (10/16).
NGC ID# 2823, PCGS# 7338

1904 Morgan Dollar, PR64+
Final Regular-Issue Proof



- 5342 1904 PR64+ PCGS.** Other than the Chapman proofs of 1921 and the so-called Zerbe proofs of the same date, the 1904 is the finest regular issue in the proof Morgan dollar series. This date is generally available overall, but coins grading finer than the current Choice example are elusive. Moreover, no Cameos are reported by PCGS, eliminating that option for Registry Set collectors. This Plus-designated coin displays a beautiful sharp strike and deeply mirrored fields with traces of light golden toning on each side. A hint of field-device contrast is present on both sides but is not enough to warrant a Cameo notation on the holder. NGC ID# 2824, PCGS# 7339

1904 Dollar, PR64
Low Mintage of 650 Proofs



- 5343 1904 PR64 PCGS. CAC.** At least two obverse dies were used to strike 650 proof Morgan dollars in 1904. This lightly toned Choice specimen exhibits partial reflectivity in the fields, although contrast against the devices is minimal, characteristic of proofs struck after 1902. Unquestionably high-end for the assigned grade. Housed in a first generation holder. NGC ID# 2824, PCGS# 7339

1904 Morgan Dollar, PR66
Only 650 Pieces Struck



- 5344 1904 PR66 NGC.** This fully brilliant Premium Gem proof dollar exhibits sharply defined design elements, including excellent delineation in the hair at Liberty's ear and on the eagle's breast feathers. Both sides display impeccably preserved surfaces. The fields are remarkably glassy and deeply reflective. Census: 31 in 66 (1 in 66★), 26 finer (11/16).
From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 2824, PCGS# 7339

PEACE DOLLARS

- 5345 1921 MS65 PCGS.** Shades of slate-gray, sea-green, and amber toning visit the peripheries of this attractive Gem, while the centers remain mostly brilliant. The lustrous surfaces are well-detailed and well-preserved, and the high relief design elements show better-than-average detail for this issue. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356
- 5346 1921 MS65 PCGS.** Frosty, largely unabraded luster engulfs the champagne-tinted surfaces of this Gem High Relief Peace dollar, yielding russet in irregular amounts around the peripheries and against the edges of the obverse portrait. The central high points show the usual weakness of strike, which prompted the reduced relief design change of the following year. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356
- 5347 1921 MS65 PCGS.** Peace, High Relief. A lovely strike brings out the subtler design details of this lightly toned Gem. The deep impression lacks punch only at the high, central hair strands, which are a trifle weak as often seen. Satin luster and minimal surface blemishes enhance the pale-gold, natural appeal.
Ex: Denver Signature (Heritage, 8/2006), lot 3216; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 7509. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356
- 5348 1921 MS65 NGC.** The highly popular 1921 High Relief Peace dollar is offered here in the form of a brilliant and virtually untuned Gem, showing only wispy gold toning. The strike exhibits slight central weakness as usual. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

- 5349 1921 MS65 NGC.** Nicely struck, save for weakness in Liberty's hair over the ear, and in the eagle's feathers adjacent to the right leg. Light golden-brown toning adheres to lustrous surfaces. No major contact marks are apparent on the relatively well preserved surfaces. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

**1921 Peace Dollar, MS65+
Popular High Relief Design**



- 5350 1921 MS65+ NGC.** The 1921 is a popular first-year issue and single-year type within the Peace dollar series. Its high relief caused strike difficulties and was reduced the following year. This MS65+ example is brilliant with splashes of charcoal patina on the reverse. The definition is typically incomplete over Liberty's ear but strongly rendered elsewhere. Seldom seen in higher grades. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

- 5351 1921 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** Original, frosty mint luster coats the remarkably well-preserved surfaces of this High Relief Peace dollar. A hint of champagne toning graces each side. Consistent with the date's reputation, weakness occurs on the central portion of Liberty's hair and on the corresponding central eagle above the leg. Nonetheless, eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

- 5352 1921 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** The one-year-only High Relief subtype. Impressive luster beneath light patina that is silver across the centers but takes on golden elements at the borders. Minimally abraded and attractive.
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2010), lot 4299. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

- 5353 1921 MS65+ NGC. CAC.** Demand for the first-year 1921 High Relief Peace dollar is always strong. This high-end Gem is sure to satisfy the most discerning specialist. Splashes of golden-russet patina combine with original mint brilliant throughout. Typically struck at the centers, but extraordinarily well-preserved with glistening luster. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

**1921 Peace Dollar, MS65+
Uncommonly Well-Struck**



- 5354 1921 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** Exceptionally clean fields and an unmarked cheek give this Plus-graded, CAC-approved Gem its impressively eye appeal. Frosty, original mint luster illuminates virtually untoned surfaces. The central hair detail and eagle's wing show far better definition than is typical of this High Relief type. Finer 1921 Peace dollars are infrequently seen. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

- 5355 1922 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** A Plus-graded Premium Gem Peace dollar from the second year of the design, this coin displays well-preserved, lightly toned surfaces, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed and eye appeal is outstanding. PCGS has graded 29 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357

- 5356 1922 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** Although plentiful in lower grades, the 1922 Peace dollar becomes rare above MS66. This Plus-designated coin displays refreshingly original, frosty mint luster beneath warm golden toning. The strike is sharp, and there is an appreciable lack of bothersome abrasions. There are 29 finer examples reported at PCGS (10/16). NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357

**1922 Peace Dollar, MS67
Unseen in Higher Grade Levels**



- 5357 1922 MS67 NGC.** *Ex: Binion Collection.* The central design elements are well-defined on each side of this Superb Gem Peace dollar, while the margins display slight incompleteness. Frosty luster shines through mottled charcoal and golden-russet patina that covers the reverse. The obverse is largely untoned with daubs of color around the edges. Census: 37 in 67 (1 in 67★), 0 finer (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357

**1922-D Peace Dollar, MS66+
Better Date in High Grade**



- 5358 1922-D MS66+ PCGS.** The 1922-D Peace dollar boasts a much smaller high-grade population than its mintage of more than 15 million coins would suggest. The date is infrequently available in MS66, and Superb Gems are rare and far out of reach for most collectors. This Plus-graded Premium Gem balances the two categories, showing a sharp strike and frosty, untoned mint luster. No bothersome abrasions are present. PCGS lists only three finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 257D, PCGS# 7358

- 5359 1922-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** A blush of glistening lavender and champagne toning appears over each side of this Premium Gem 1922-D silver dollar. The strike is sharp, and neither side exhibits significant abrasions. PCGS records only three Superb Gems finer (10/16). NGC ID# 257D, PCGS# 7358

**1923 Peace Dollar, MS67
Among the Finest Certified**



- 5360 1923 MS67 PCGS.** Ex: Ward T. Miller Jr. Wisps of lovely champagne toning grace the frosty, vibrant surfaces of this Superb Gem 1923 Peace dollar. The strike is sharp, and a few faint, minuscule grazes that determine the grade are only seen with a loupe. None are numerically finer at either service. Population: 64 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# AMPA, PCGS# 7360

**1923 Peace Dollar, MS67
Remarkable Quality and Eye Appeal**



- 5361 1923 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** The 1923 is the go-to type-coin issue in the Peace dollar series, although PCGS-graded Superb Gems are seldom offered. This CAC-endorsed coin ranks among the finest and most eye-appealing representatives known. The strike is sharp, and each side displays dazzling mint-fresh cartwheel luster that is unhindered by toning. Population: 64 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# AMPA, PCGS# 7360

- 5362 1923-S MS65 NGC.** A conditionally scarce Gem example of this better San Francisco issue, showing excellent detail and strong luster. The obverse displays a blanket of lavender-gray, gold, and greenish toning, while the reverse has only light champagne color. Census: 82 in 65 (1 in 65+), 1 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 257H, PCGS# 7362

**1925 Peace Dollar, MS67
Pristine Type Coin**



- 5363 1925 MS67 PCGS.** Ex: Ward T. Miller Jr. The 1925 Peace dollar is one of the few dates in the series that is usually accessible in Superb Gem condition. This MS67 coin shows a seemingly pristine obverse that might have garnered an even finer grade were it not for a few tiny ticks on the reverse that preclude an MS68 designation. This piece is sharp and untuned with tremendous eye appeal. PCGS and NGC have each seen only a single finer representative (10/16). NGC ID# 257L, PCGS# 7365

- 5364 1925-S MS64+ PCGS. VAM-7.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Lustrous and well preserved with dappled tan toning near the rims. A minor doubled die variety, most apparent on the base of the D in DOLLAR and the right edge of a leaf directly below. A conditionally rare issue, and a good value relative to the considerable cost to secure a full Gem. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

- 5365 1926 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Brilliant, softly frosted surfaces yield wisps of champagne-gold patina over each side, confirming the originality of this delightful Premium Gem Peace dollar. While a 2 million-coin mintage might suggest the issue's widespread availability in the upper reaches of Mint State, PCGS has yet to see a finer example (11/16). NGC ID# 257N, PCGS# 7367

- 5366 1926-D MS66 PCGS.** Strikingly frosted luster under a layer of silver-blue patina with visible gold, lavender, and watermelon-rose elements at the margins. A long die crack trails from Liberty's hair bun. PCGS has graded eight numerically finer examples (11/16).
Ex: *Beverly Hills Signature (Heritage, 11/2011)*, lot 3935. NGC ID# 257P, PCGS# 7368

- 5367 1926-D MS66 PCGS.** Dazzling luster is mostly untuned on this Premium Gem example, while sharp motifs enjoy a lack of serious abrasions. PCGS reports only eight Superb Gems finer (10/16). NGC ID# 257P, PCGS# 7368

- 5368 1927 MS65 PCGS.** Light to medium almond-gold toning with powder-blue highlights at the rim add a natural glow to this lustrous and lower-mintage Peace dollar. Liberty's hair strands are sharply struck, as is the eagle's plumage and the reverse legend. Marks are generally small and inconsequential, although a small hit is noted above the bridge of the nose at eyebrow level. Liberty's cheek is smooth and attractive. PCGS reports just 15 numerically finer coins (11/16). NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370

- 5369 1928 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** This late-date emission lays claim to the lowest mintage in the Peace dollar series (360,649 coins). Survivors are scarcely found finer than this high-end near-Gem. Lightly toned in chestnut-gold hues, each side remains largely brilliant and frosty. Typically struck with minor reeding marks on the reverse. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

- 5370 1928 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This high-end Choice 1928 Peace dollar displays the usual light golden hue, although the luster is far more frosty and vibrant than typical. The devices are well-struck, and eye appeal exceeds expectations. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

**1928 Silver Dollar, MS65
Elusive, Low-Mintage Issue**



- 5371 1928 MS65 PCGS.** Scarcely available any finer, the 1928 issue is easily the key issue of the series in terms of mintage. Just 360,649 pieces were struck. In Gem condition, several other issues are rarer (led by the 1928-S and 1934-S, as well as other S-Mint dates). This is a lovely brilliant-silver example with only the barest hint of ephemeral pale-gold hue. Cartwheel luster gleams from both sides of the minimally marked, pinpoint-sharp surfaces. Liberty's hair strands are sharp, and the eagle's plumage and the reverse legends are well brought up. PCGS reports just 18 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

1928 Peace Dollar, MS65 ★
Very Rare With Star Designation



- 5372 1928 MS65 ★ NGC.** Iridescent olive-green and rose-red patina endows this lustrous and well struck Gem. The 1928 has less than half the mintage of any other Peace dollar issue, and high grade examples are seldom encountered with multicolor toning throughout both sides. As of (11/16), NGC has bestowed a Star designation on only four examples, three as MS64 ★ and one as MS65 ★ (the present lot). NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

- 5373 1928-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Although plentiful through MS64, the 1928-S Peace dollar becomes suddenly scarce at the Gem level. This Plus-graded, CAC-endorsed near-Gem offers radiant, untuned luster and well-struck motifs. Only a few trivial grazes on the obverse limit the grade. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

- 5374 1934 MS65+ PCGS.** This scarcer, late-date Peace dollar is especially well-preserved with minimally marked surfaces. The bright, satiny mint luster has a layer of rich rose and lilac toning over each side. NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7375

- 5375 1934 MS65+ PCGS.** Brilliant throughout, each side glows with satiny mint luster. The strike details are complete and there are no mentionable abrasions present. Sharply detailed. NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7375

- 5376 1934 MS66 PCGS. Ex: Ward T. Miller Jr.** The 1934 silver dollar is scarce in MS66 and extremely rare any finer, where PCGS lists just three coins (10/16). This example offers bold detail and vibrant mint luster. Light golden toning warms each side. NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7375

- 5377 1934 MS66 PCGS.** A spectacular Premium Gem representative of this low-mintage key, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved lustrous surfaces, under subtle shades of golden-tan toning. PCGS has graded three numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7375

- 5378 1934-D MS65+ PCGS.** Medium D. Light caramel-gold toning adorns this fully struck and highly lustrous Gem. Clean-cheeked and refreshingly unabraded. The only post-1927 Denver issue, if the melted 1965 production is excluded. NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7376
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1934-D Silver Dollar, MS66
Beautiful Border Patina



- 5379 1934-D MS66 PCGS. Micro D.** Vibrant orange-gold and fire-red toning endows the margins of this lustrous and well struck Premium Gem. A lens reveals only infrequent and incidental contact. An outstanding example of this lower mintage Denver issue. Population: 86 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7376
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1934-D Silver Dollar, MS66
Attractive Original Toning



- 5380 1934-D MS66 PCGS.** Premium Gem 1934-D Peace dollars are scarce, and finer coins are prohibitively rare for most collectors. This champagne and powder-blue example displays vivid russet and amber-gold toning around portions of the peripheries, along with exceptionally clean and frosty surfaces. The strike is well-defined in the centers. Population: 86 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7376
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1934-D Silver Dollar, MS66



- 5381 1934-D MS66 PCGS. Micro D.** Light golden-brown toning adorns the borders of this lustrous high-grade silver dollar. The strike is good, and careful examination fails to locate any mentionable marks. A narrow toned area through the eagle's beak likely originated from a copper inclusion within the planchet strip, as made. Population: 86 in 66 (3 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 257Y, PCGS# 7376
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**1934-S Peace Dollar, MS62
Low Mint State Population**



- 5382 1934-S MS62 PCGS.** Boasting a mintage of just over 1 million pieces, the 1934-S is the scarcest Peace dollar issue in Mint State. The present collectible MS62 example displays sharp detail and frosty, champagne-tinted mint luster. A few light abrasions determine the grade, but the overall appeal surpasses expectations. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

**1934-S Dollar, Lightly Toned MS63
Old Green Label Holder**



- 5383 1934-S MS63 PCGS.** No other issue in the Peace dollar series poses as much of a challenge in MS60 through MS64 as the 1934-S. Light violet-gray patina over each side fails to inhibit frosty luster that radiates from the underlying surfaces. The strike is exceedingly bold on the obverse, less so on the reverse, with small marks peppered in the fields. Housed in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

**1934-S Dollar, MS63
Key in Uncirculated Condition**



- 5384 1934-S MS63 PCGS.** Bowers sums up the importance of the 1934-S: "Today, the 1934-S Peace dollar is considered to be the rarest variety in Mint State grades up through MS-64, the key to the series." This Select representative is brilliant with a thick overlay of mint frost. Hints of golden patina grace the upper-right obverse border and lower-right reverse. Minimally marked. Encapsulated in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

**1934-S Peace Dollar, MS65+
Important Series Key**



- 5385 1934-S MS65+ PCGS.** The 1934-S Peace dollar is a sought-after key to the series, from a smallish mintage of just over 1 million pieces. Several late-series issues claim smaller production totals, but the 1934-S is by far the most elusive Peace dollar in Mint State condition. This Plus-graded Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on Liberty's hair. The well-preserved surfaces radiate satiny mint luster, with subtle hints of golden-tan toning. Overall eye appeal is outstanding and this piece should find a home in a fine collection of Peace dollars. PCGS has graded 31 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

- 5386 1935 MS66 PCGS.** The certified population at PCGS falls by roughly 80% from MS65 to MS66, indicative of the challenge the 1935 poses at this level. In fact, MS66 is the highest graded awarded at that service (11/16). Lively luster issues from completely brilliant surfaces. Boldly impressed. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

- 5387 1935 MS66 PCGS.** This Premium Gem Peace dollar from the series' final year of production ranks among the finest coins at PCGS, an important consideration for Registry enthusiasts. Each side is brilliant, awash in frosty luster that cascades over impeccably preserved surfaces. Pale golden accents are seen occasionally. Needle-sharp. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

- 5388 1935 MS66 PCGS.** This outstanding Premium Gem displays dusky reddish-tan patina with sky-blue and speckled russet coloration near the peripheries. The strike and preservation are equally good, showing a blemish-free obverse and a few small abrasions on the eagle's lower back and tail. Among the finest coins at PCGS (12/16).

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 7033; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 6117. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

**1935 Silver Dollar, MS66+
Tied for Finest at PCGS**



- 5389 1935 MS66+ PCGS.** The 1935 Peace dollar is a challenging date in MS66 and prohibitively rare any finer. This Plus-designated Premium Gem displays an excellent strike and frosty, champagne-toned mint luster. Close study with a loupe fails to reveal any noteworthy abrasions. PCGS lists 30 Plus-graded coins in MS66 with nothing reported finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

EISENHOWER DOLLARS

**1973-D Eisenhower Dollar, MS67
Notable Registry Coin**



- 5390 1973-D MS67 PCGS.** After forty years, PCGS has graded just 12 1973-D Eisenhower dollars MS67 with none finer (11/16), making this Superb Gem a Registry collector essential. Faint glimmers of gold grace otherwise nickel-white surfaces awash in cartwheel luster. One of the "cleanest" Eisenhower dollars this cataloger has seen. Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2013), lot 4689. From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 258B, PCGS# 7413

**1976 Eisenhower Dollar, MS66+
Type One, Rainbow Toning**



- 5391 1976 Type One MS66+ PCGS.** CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The Type One reverse shows thick lettering in the border legends. The later Type Two issue was modified to show reverse lettering that matched the thinner obverse type. This satiny, high-end Premium Gem is boldly struck and shows few surface marks. Both sides are cast in soft, concentric bands of rainbow toning. Population: 26 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# B76K, PCGS# 7418

**1976 Bicentennial Ike Dollar, MS67
Thin Letters, Type Two**



- 5392 1976 Type Two MS67 PCGS.** CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Slimmer lettering on the reverse legend identifies the Type Two design. The astronomical mintage of 113,318,000 reduces to a meager population of fewer than a dozen PCGS pieces at this Superb Gem grade, creating a modern-era rarity among Eisenhower dollars. Lovely lemon-gold shades blend with light-olive and peach-gold hues for outstanding eye appeal with CAC endorsement. Population: 11 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# B76M, PCGS# 7419

- 5393 1978-D MS67 NGC.** NGC has certified four of these in MS67, and PCGS has certified two (11/16). Neither service has handled a finer example of this condition rarity. This highly lustrous and frosty Superb Gem exhibits brilliant champagne surfaces with delicate blue overtones. A remarkable example from a popular series. NGC ID# 258R, PCGS# 7426

PROOF EISENHOWER DOLLARS

- 5394 1973-S Silver PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS.** The 1973-S silver proof Ike dollar is a rarity in perfect PR70 Deep Cameo condition. PCGS records 45 pieces in this grade, and NGC, surprisingly, none (10/16). The present example displays stark contrast and fully silver-white color. The mirroring is flawless. An essential Registry Set acquisition. NGC ID# 258U, PCGS# 97431 Base PCGS# 97431

- 5395 1973-S Silver, Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS.** Miles Standish Signature Label. The variety is undesignated on the holder, but the die doubling on the Motto is apparent beneath a loupe. Brilliant aside from a few minuscule obverse tan freckles. The frosted motifs are well struck, and the mirrored fields appear pristine. NGC ID# 258U, PCGS# 396480 Base PCGS# 97431

- 5396 1976-S Silver PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS.** Special commemorative reverse designs were prepared for the three largest denominations in 1976, each emblematic of our national independence. The silver dollar carried a depiction of the Liberty Bell, with the moon in the background. This piece is a perfect proof example, one of a few that are so certified by PCGS. Population: 42 in 70 Deep Cameo, (11/16). Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2007), lot 1718; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 5778. NGC ID# B77U, PCGS# 97436

SUSAN B. ANTHONY DOLLARS

- 5397 1979-P Narrow Rim MS68 NGC.** The Narrow Rim shows the date farther from the rim. Strong luster exudes from the gray surfaces of this Anthony dollar. The design elements are fully struck, showing unbelievable outline of North America and northern South America above the eagle. A truly splendid coin. Census: 4 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 2593, PCGS# 9571

1979-D Susan B. Anthony Dollar, MS68
Sole Finest at Both Services



5398 1979-D MS68 NGC. Production of Susan B. Anthony dollars plummeted after the series' first year, the coins failing to catch on among the public. The Denver Mint struck 288 million examples in 1979, yet only a single coin has been awarded an MS68 assessment at NGC or PCGS, the one presented here (11/16). Our records suggest this is the first time this top-graded coin has been offered to the public. Pale gold accents complement the satiny surfaces of this incredible modern condition rarity. Trivial ticks are limited to the portrait.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 2594, PCGS# 9572

1979-S Anthony Dollar, MS68
Essentially Perfect Surfaces



5399 1979-S MS68 PCGS. Type One mintmark. The 1979-S Anthony dollar marked the first appearance of the San Francisco mintmark on any circulation issue since 1974. This lustrous and gorgeously preserved Superb Gem has apricot and gunmetal-blue patina. Crisply struck and essentially flawless. Population: 3 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 3136; National Money Show Signature (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 1742.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 259F, PCGS# 9573

1980-P Anthony Dollar
One of Only Three Certified as MS68



5400 1980-P MS68 PCGS. The second year of the mini-dollar witnessed significantly lower mintages, as it was by then apparent that the coin was rejected in commerce. The diameter was too close to a quarter, and the paper dollar was more familiar. The present lustrous and crisply struck example has light green-gold and pearl-gray toning. Certified in a green label holder. Population: 3 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 3137.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 34KF, PCGS# 9574

1981-D Susan B. Anthony Dollar, MS68
Single Finest Certified Representative



5401 1981-D MS68 NGC. The 3.2 million Susan B. Anthony dollars struck at the Colorado branch mint in 1981 were distributed in Mint sets. That makes it all the more remarkable that only a single coin has been certified at this grade level by NGC and PCGS combined. This fully struck Superb Gem is brilliant with satin luster. The portrait is nearly devoid of contact. Worthy of a premium bid. Census: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 259A, PCGS# 9579

5402 1999-P MS68 NGC. So many Anthony dollars were struck in 1979 and 1980 that the Treasury overflowed with examples. The 1981-dated issues were for mint sets and proof sets only. Gradually, the Treasury holdings depleted, and new dollar coins were needed in 1999. The Sacagawea dollar wasn't ready, so the Anthony design was revived. This is a brilliant, pristine, and crisply struck example. Census: 0 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 9581

SACAGAWEA DOLLARS

2000-P Sacagawea Dollar, SP68
Glenna Goodacre Presentation



5403 2000-P Goodacre Presentation SP68 ICG. #66 of 5,000. Sculptor Glenna Goodacre designed the Sacagawea dollar obverse. For her efforts, she was owed \$5,000 by the U.S. Treasury, and she requested payment in Sacagawea dollars. They were given a special finish; glossy and prooflike but without cameo contrast. The coins were promptly distributed via ICG in specially marked holders. The present example is unabraded, and can be identified by tiny strike-throughs (as made) below the L in LIBERTY and above the eagle's tail. NGC ID# 2U4B, PCGS# 99584

**2000-P Sacagawea Dollar, MS69
Goodacre Presentation Piece**



- 5404 2000-P Goodacre Presentation MS69 PCGS.** The Mint presented Glenna Goodacre, the designer of the Sacagawea dollar, 5,000 coins as payment for her services. The coins were struck on specially prepared planchets and possibly with higher striking pressure. This fully struck, golden-brown specimen is practically flawless. Ranked 70th among the *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins*. Population: 31 in 69, 0 finer (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 2U4B, PCGS# 99584

**2000-P 'Cheerios' Sacagawea Dollar, MS66
FS-902, Ribbed Tail Feathers**



- 5405 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS66 NGC.** The U.S. Mint thoroughly publicized the advent of the Sacagawea dollar in early 2000. A major promotion was the inclusion of the new "golden" dollars in random boxes of Cheerios cereal. Most of the time, the cereal box only contained a 2000 cent, but one in a hundred boxes also had a Sacagawea dollar. The coins were predominantly spent or lost before collectors realized, years later, that the Cheerios dollars exhibit ribbed feathers on the eagle's tail. The present example is lustrous and well struck with smooth fields and one slender tick on the cheek. A 2000 cent, MS66 Red NGC, originally from the same Cheerios box, is also included in the lot. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231 Base PCGS# 411990

**2000-P 'Cheerios' Dollar, MS67
Rare Introductory Design Subtype**



- 5406 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS67 PCGS.** Ribbed tail feathers distinguish the rare prototype "Cheerios" dollar from its common successor. A virtually pristine sun-gold Superb Gem. Also housed in the same holder is the cent from the same package of Cheerios cereal, graded MS66 Red by PCGS. Accompanying the lot is the laminated insert which held the Sacagawea dollar and cent in the cereal box. It has a strategic scissor cut for removal of the two coins. Population: 13 in 67, 9 finer (11/16). (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231 Base PCGS# 411990

**2000-P 'Cheerios' Sacagawea Dollar, MS68
Sharp Tailfeathers Variety**



- 5407 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS68 PCGS.** Sacagawea dollars dated 2000-P, distributed in boxes of Cheerios cereal during a promotional campaign, were struck with a tail die that shows much sharper detail on the eagle's tailfeathers. Examples of this elusive variety are rarely seen in the top MS68 grade. This example displays semiprooflike fields and bright golden color. The surfaces are beautifully preserved. Population: 35 in 68, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231 Base PCGS# 411990

**2000-P 'Cheerios' Dollar, Radiant MS68
Very Scarce FS-902 Variety
Plus: 2000-P 'Cheerios' Lincoln Cent, MS66 Red**



- 5408 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS68 PCGS.** This is the very scarce and much publicized "Cheerios" variety, which shows greater feather definition on the eagle's tail feathers, including a raised line on the central feathers. The line is incuse on the regular issue coins, and the feathers lack detail. Found only on 2000-P Sacagawea dollars included in selected boxes of Cheerios cereal as a Mint promotion. Sharp definition is seen on this beautiful Superb Gem and the radiantly lustrous surfaces yield a brassy-gold appearance. Both sides are immaculately preserved. Population: 26 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

This lot also includes the Lincoln cent (graded MS66 Red by PCGS) that was part of the Cheerios promotion, and came in the same box of cereal (a part of which is also included) as the Sacagawea dollar.

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 1114, where it brought \$34,500.

From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231 Base PCGS# 411990

2000-P 'Cheerios' Dollar, MS68
Significant Die Variant



5409 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS68 PCGS. What started as an innocuous cereal-box promotion of the new Sacagawea dollar turned into a financial bonanza when collectors realized that the cereal-box coins' reverse design differed slightly from the later version. This is a high-quality example of the "Cheerios" dollar with brightly lustrous surfaces that are pale canary-gold. Population: 26 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 5459.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231
Base PCGS# 411990

2000-P 'Cheerios' Sacagawea Dollar
FS-902, MS68



5410 2000-P Cheerios, FS-902, MS68 NGC. In early 2000, as part of a U.S. Mint promotion for the newly introduced Sacagawea dollar, 5,500 examples were placed in random boxes of Cheerios cereal. Many were spent by their fortunate finders. Five years later, numismatists finally realized that the Cheerios dollars differ from the regular issue: they have ribbed tailfeathers. Surprisingly few have surfaced over the past decade. A semiprooflike and pristine honey-gold example. A 2000 cent, MS66 Red NGC, is housed in the same large-format holder, presumably originally from the same cereal box. Census: 12 in 68, 2 in 68 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 282J, PCGS# 147231 Base PCGS# 411990

2004-D Sacagawea Dollar, MS69
Finest Example We Have Offered



5411 2004-D MS69 PCGS. This is an important opportunity for specialists in this series, as it represents the first time we have offered an example of the 2004-D in this high grade, where PCGS has seen only eight submissions and none finer (11/16). A light rose-gold cast graces the flawless surfaces of this phenomenal dollar. Swirling luster rolls over each side.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 282W, PCGS# 15019

2005-P Sacagawea Dollar, MS69
Single Finest at PCGS



5412 2005-P MS69 PCGS. A mintage of 2.5 million coins might indicate otherwise, but the 2005-P Sacagawea dollar is extremely rare in MS69. In fact, this is the sole finest example at PCGS (11/16). Accordingly, we expect to see spirited bidding for this must-have, Registry-essential dollar. Radiant luster washes over light golden surfaces that are practically devoid of any distinguishable imperfections. Fully struck.

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 282Y, PCGS# 15020

5413 2006-D MS68 NGC. Lustrous wheat-gold surfaces exhibit fully struck design elements. A few light marks are within the parameters of the grade designation. One of only three MS68 submissions at NGC with none finer. PCGS also reports three examples with none finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 2836, PCGS# 15023

End of Session Three

COLONIALS



**(1615-1616) Sommer Islands Sixpence, AU50
Tied for Second-Finest Certified
W-11445, Large Portholes Variety**

5501 Sommer Islands Sixpence, Large Portholes AU50 NGC. Breen-3, W-11445, R.6. The Sommer Islands coinage, or “Hogge Money” was the first coinage produced for circulation in the English-speaking colonies of the New World. The Sommer Islands (called Bermuda today) were discovered by Juan de Bermudez circa 1505 and he was later shipwrecked there around 1532. Bermudez

apparently released a number of hogs on the islands during his stay, and the animals proliferated in the wild for most of the next century. In 1609 an English ship called the *Sea Adventurer*, under the command of Sir George Sommers (or Somers), was wrecked on Bermuda after being driven off-course by a hurricane on its way to the Virginia colony. The ship’s company found the islands quite congenial, with a pleasant climate and an ample food supply, including the numerous wild hogs. Sommers succeeded in building two smaller vessels over the next year and sailed on to Virginia, leaving three men behind as colonists and claiming the islands for England.

Although never a part of the United States, Bermuda was under the authority of the Virginia Company of London from November 1612 through June 1615, and much of what we know about the early coinage was recorded by Captain John Smith in his *Generall Historie of Virginia New-England and the Summer Isles*. The close link between the Jamestown colony of Virginia and Bermuda has influenced many collectors to incorporate the Sommer Islands coinage into the American colonial series.

The coins were authorized under letters of patent from James I on June 29, 1615 and were probably struck in England in 1615 or 1616. The coins were issued in four denominations: two pence, three pence, six pence, and shillings. The obverse of all the coins featured a hog as the central device, with the denomination in Roman numerals above. The shilling and six pence include the legend SOMMER ILANDS inside two beaded circles around. The reverse shows a ship, possibly the *Sea Adventurer*, under full sail. There are two die varieties of the six pence, one with Small Portholes and the other with Large Portholes. The coins were delivered to the islands during the administration of Governor Daniel Tucker sometime in 1616. Struck on thin brass planchets with a wash of silver after striking, the coins had little intrinsic value and only circulated in the islands, where they had some fiat value at the company store. The coins were retired by 1624 and colonists fell back on local commodities, like tobacco leaves, as mediums of exchange.

All surviving examples of the Sommer Islands coinage show the effects of corrosion from the moist tropical climate of Bermuda to some degree. Most of the known specimens have been recovered in recent years, being excavated from sandy areas using metal detectors. Only a single specimen of the six pence was known to collectors when Sylvester Crosby wrote his *Magnum Opus Early Coins of America* in 1875. In 1997, the Bermuda Monetary Authority issued *Coins of Bermuda* as a guide to the series. That work enumerates 19 specimens of the Large Portholes six pence known to collectors at the time, and it is possible that a few more have been discovered since. Only eight of the coins in the census were in private hands, however, with the majority owned by the government of Bermuda, the Bermuda Monetary Authority, or various museums. NGC and PCGS have combined to certify a total of eight examples between them, with an AU53 PCGS example finest (6/15).

The present coin is tied with one other example (the Eric P. Newman specimen) for second-finest certified. The Newman coin was offered in a Heritage auction in May 2014, where it realized \$129,250. This piece is a solid AU50 example, with well-centered devices and medium brown surfaces that show less corrosion than the typical example. As seen on most specimens, the surfaces have pockets of green verdigris in sheltered areas. The design elements show better-than-average detail, with some of the hog’s bristles and most of the obverse legend still legible. Intricate detail shows in the sails on the reverse and the large portholes are bold. Like many examples seen, the edges of the planchet show a few cracks and clips, as struck. Listed on page 38 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 2 in 50, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# AUBF, PCGS# 5



**(1615-6) Sommer Islands Shilling, XF45
Small Sails Reverse, W-11460
Probably Second-Finest Known**

5502 (1615-6) Sommer Islands Shilling, Small Sail, XF45 PCGS Secure. Breen-2, W-11460, R.5. The usual variety of Sommer Islands shillings features small sails on the reverse, and nearly 50 examples are known in all grades. The present piece is the second finest known to us behind the remarkable AU55 NGC certified example from the Eric P. Newman collection that we sold in May 2014. The *PCGS Population Report* lists an AU53 and this XF45 as the two finest that service has graded, but the AU53 has never been seen. Like most examples, the present piece has dark steel-brown surfaces that exhibit light surface roughness and a few small spots of green corrosion. However, the existing detail is strong, and both sides show traces of the original "silvering" that is actually a thin coating of tin on the freshly struck coin.

The reverse die is rotated to the same degree as the Newman coin. These coins were struck by the ancient hammer method of coinage production whereby one die, known as the anvil die, was fixed to an anvil, which might have been as simple as a tree stump. The planchet was placed on the anvil die and then a second die, known as the hammer die, was held in place on top of the planchet. A hammer was swung by the same person or an assistant, imparting the design from both dies to the planchet, creating a finished coin. As the hammer die was held in place, dramatic die rotation is characteristic of that coinage method. Two pieces showing identical rotation were likely struck at the same time, the person holding the hammer die in the same position for both or several strikes. NGC ID# AUBG, PCGS# 6

(1652) Noe 2-A New England Shilling, VF35 Historic Provenance

5503 (1652) New England Shilling VF35 PCGS Secure. Noe 2-A, W-60, Salmon 2-B, Low R.7. 69.5 grains. This pleasing pewter-gray example has the usual bumps and old scratches found on most surviving NE shillings. The wavy planchet is typical of all NE pieces. An old scratch across the lower reverse serves to establish the pedigree of this piece. Jack Howes identifies this piece as the Clay; Warner; Cole specimen. All of the various identifying marks on this piece are visible in the plate of the Warner catalog published 130 years ago. Howes records 12 examples of the Noe 2-A NE shilling, including two in the ANS Collection, another in the Durham Western Heritage Museum, and two in the British Museum, leaving just seven examples in private collections.

Lot 63 in the W.H. Strobridge catalog of the Dr. Charles Clay Collection was described as: "Entirely circular. Weight two dwts. 22 grs. Size 19. Silver; but little worn by circulation." A similar description appeared in the 1884 catalog of the Thomas Warner Collection: "(1652) Shilling. N E in an incused square on a plain silver planchet. Rev. XII in an incused square. Fine. Very rare and in great demand. Size 19. See plate. Note.-This was the first coin issued in America."

Ezra Cole was a professional philatelist who acquired important numismatic items from time to time. This historic piece, hidden for several decades, shows that Mr. Cole had excellent judgment, and the next owner will undoubtedly be rewarded for similarly exceptional judgment.

Census of Noe 2-A New England Shillings:

1. **AU53 PCGS Secure.** Richard B. Winsor, Esq. Collection (Chapman Bros., 12/1895), lot 1; Lester Merkin, 11/1976; Henry P. Kendall Foundation Collection (Stack's Bowers, 3/2015), lot 2303.
2. **XF.** Ferguson Haines (Chapman Brothers, 10/1888), lot 18; Ben G. Green (10/1906), lot 477; John Story Jenks (Henry Chapman, 12/1921), lot 5383; Morgenthau (10/1933), lot 1; Charles Jay (Stack's 10/1967), lot 2; Gibson Collection (Stack's, 11/1974), lot 1; Andrew Hain Family Collection (Stack's, 1/2002), lot 1.
3. **XF.** Belden E. Roach (B. Max Mehl, 2/1944), lot 1; Richard Picker (Stack's, 4/1991), lot 1; Andrew Hain Family Collection (Stack's, 1/2002), lot 2; Henry Leon (Stack's, 5/2008), lot 319.
4. **XF.** Col. James Ellsworth; John Work Garrett; Richard Picker (Stack's, 10/1984), lot 2.
5. **VF35 PCGS Secure.** Dr. Charles Clay Collection (W.H. Strobridge, 12/1871), lot 63; Thomas Warner Collection (Chapman Brothers, 6/1884), lot 2022; later, Ezra Cole Collection (Bowers and Merena, 1/1986), lot 1102; later, Anthony Terranova (Philadelphia ANA, 8/8/2000); Donald Groves Partrick; Donald G. Partrick Collection (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 5515. **The present example.**
6. **VF.** Thomas Cleneay (Chapman Brothers, 12/1890), lot 256; later, David Bullowa (6/1953), lot 756; A-Mark (1972); Promised Lands Collection (Pine Tree, 4/1974), lot 193; Pine Tree (4/1975), lot 620; Stack's (12/1979), lot 2; currently, Sydney Martin Collection.
7. **VF,** estimated grade. William B. Osgood Field; ANS (Inv. 1946.89.11). Noe Plate 1, No. 4.
8. **VF,** estimated grade. William B. Osgood Field; ANS (Inv. 1946.89.10). Noe Plate 1, No. 3.
9. **VF,** estimated grade. Byron Reed Collection; Durham Western Heritage Museum, Omaha, Nebraska.
10. **VF,** estimated grade. British Museum (Inv. BM E4150).
11. **VF,** estimated grade. Matthew Adams Stickney Collection (Henry Chapman, 6/1907), lot 1.
12. **Fine,** estimated grade. Sarah Sophia Banks; British Museum (Inv. SSB 168.1).





**1652 Willow Tree Shilling, Very Fine
Noe 3-D, Double Struck
Ex: Newcomer, Green, Boyd, Ford**

5504 1652 Willow Tree Shilling — Double Struck — VF20 PCGS. Noe 3-D, W-190, Salmon 3-D, R.7. 67.43 gn. PCGS designates the coin as “double struck” but that is usual for the Willow Tree series. The double strike is apparent on the upper inner beaded circle, above the date. The VF20 third party grade is a compromise between the peripheral legends, which intermittently exhibit XF definition, and the soft impression on the date and willow tree. When the coin is in hand and tilted, though, a substantial portion of the tree’s base and branches emerge. The dove-gray surfaces are problem-free and well centered.

Heritage catalogers compiled a roster of known Noe 3-D Willow Tree shillings for lot 5522 of the Donald Groves Partrick Collection. The present coin is #6 on that roster, pedigreed to such illustrious collectors as Waldo C. Newcomer, Col. Green, F.C.C. Boyd, and John J. Ford, Jr. It is plate #20 in the 1943 Sydney P. Noe standard reference. Listed on page 40 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

Ex: Waldo C. Newcomer; Col. Green; F.C.C. Boyd; John J. Ford, Jr.; Philip Benedetti; Gore Collection; Kensington Collection (Bowers and Ruddy, 12/1975), lot 216. NGC ID# 2ARC, PCGS# 16



1652 Willow Tree Shilling, MS62 Noe 1-A, Single Finest Certified Ex: Matthew Stickney

5505 1652 Willow Tree Shilling — Double Struck — MS62 PCGS Secure. CAC. Noe 1-A, W-150, Salmon 1-A, High R.6. 75.30 gn. Oak Tree and Pine Tree coinage from the 17th century Boston Mint is always available for a price. But the Early American collector soon learns that the Willow Tree series is very rare. Money alone will not complete a collection; one must wait patiently, perhaps for years, until a desired variety in a desirable grade appears at auction. One of six die marriages of Willow Tree shillings, Noe 1-A has a closely spaced SAT in MASATHVSETS. Usually, though, it is attributed by elimination of the other possible varieties, based on the portion of the design present on both sides.

Willow Tree coinage was struck from a primitive roller press, which left pieces with an inconsistent impression. Typically, the coins were struck multiple times, and survivors show both flat and well-defined areas from the different strikes. The present piece is no exception. It was struck at least three times. The top of a secondary 6 is apparent above the 5 in the date, and the letters EWE from NEW ENGLAND are doubled with a wide spread on the lower reverse. The piece is dishd from its impressions, with a concave obverse and a convex reverse. An approximately linear Boston Mint clip between 2:30 and 5 o'clock gives the coin an oval appearance. Nonetheless, the weight exceeds each of the other eight examples known to Sydney P. Noe in 1943, which range from 68.25 to 74 grains. The gunmetal-gray surfaces are lustrous and lightly marked.

In 2005, Michael Hodder stated he knew of 13 examples of Noe 1-A. Another emerged as lot 3003 in our August 2010 Boston ANA Signature, which makes 14 known. At least three are in museums: the American Numismatic Society, Yale University, and the Museum of Fine Arts in Boston. The present coin (Noe Plate #5) is likely the finest available to collectors. The Garrett Collection example (Noe Plate #6) was cataloged as Superb AU. The Donald Groves Partrick specimens were respectively graded XF45 and Fine Details by NGC. The example from Part 9 of the John J. Ford, Jr. Collection (Noe Plate #2) has been graded VF35 by PCGS. The present lot is the only Willow Tree shilling certified as Mint State by PCGS. The single-finest at NGC is graded MS61 (11/16). Listed on page 40 of the 2017 Guide Book.

Ex: Matthew A. Stickney Collection (*Henry Chapman*, 6/1907), lot 2; C.H. Stearns Collection (*Mayflower*, 12/1966), lot 5; Lester Merkin; Henry P. Kendall Foundation Collection (*Stack's-Bowers*, 3/2015), lot 2308. NGC ID# 2ARC, PCGS# 16



**1652 Oak Tree Shilling, MS65+
Noe-5, IN at Bottom
Lustrous, Finest Known**

5506 1652 Oak Tree Shilling, IN at Bottom, MS65+ NGC. CAC. Noe-5, W-470, Salmon 3-D, R.2. Ex: Bluestone / Donald G. Partrick Collection. 70.2 grains. An apple-green and stone-gray example that boasts vibrant luster and outstanding eye appeal. This is the finest known Noe-5 Oak Tree shilling seen to date. The obverse is moderately misaligned toward 6 o'clock. The reverse letters are complete, although the W is tight against the edge. The "S" bend expected of rocker press varieties is prominent near the top of the tree. The vertical breaks near ND A are characteristic of Noe-5, as is the heavy horizontal break on the upper obverse margin. Much of the tree appears blurry due to the die state.

Related varieties include Noe-5.1 and Noe 5.8, both questionable pieces that may be modern fabrications. Christopher Salmon includes Noe 5, 5.1, and 5.8 in a single listing for his variety 3-D. The tree would soon after be completely reengraved by the coiner to create Noe-6. The reverse die was used for several different varieties designated as Noe-4, 5, 6, and 7. Noe 5 is the most plentiful of the four varieties that share the same reverse die, and is an excellent candidate for a high-grade colonial type collection. Although the Salmon numbering system has yet to take hold, it clears up many of the difficulties created with the cumbersome Noe variety system as it has been modified in recent years. Listed on page 40 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

Ex: 95th Sale (Barney Bluestone, 12/1946); later, Donald Groves Partrick / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 5531, realized \$105,750; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2016), lot 5204; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2016), lot 4507. NGC ID# 2ARL, PCGS# 45362 Base PCGS# 20



1652 Oak Tree Shilling, MS63
Condition Census Noe-3

5507 1652 Oak Tree Shilling, AN DO, MS63 NGC. Noe-3, W-450, Salmon 1-C, R.6. Ex: Donald G. Partrick Collection. 74.7 grains. Struck on a granular planchet, this golden-brown and slate-gray Oak Tree shilling displays attractive, lustrous surfaces that indicate its true quality. Unevenly struck, this piece presents a round appearance, although the obverse is partially off the planchet to the right. This Condition Census piece exhibits impressive eye appeal.

Ex: Dr. Thompson, etc. Collections (Thomas L. Elder, 7/1915), lot 539; Hillyer Ryder; F.C.C. Boyd; 59th Public Auction Sale (New Netherlands, 6/1967), lot 1030; Purchased from W.A. Anton, Jr., 10/1972; Donald Groves Partrick. NGC ID# 2ARM, PCGS# 45363



1652 Noe-8.2 Pine Tree Shilling, MS62
Usual Late Die State
Ex: Picker Collection

5508 1652 Pine Tree Shilling, Large Planchet, Ligatured NE, MS62 NGC. Noe-8.2, W-740, Salmon 7-E, R.4. 72.4 grains. The prominent die break at the base of GL in ENGLAND identifies this important and rare die marriage in its later die states. Although struck on a narrow flan with OM and the monogrammed NE partially off the planchet, the strike is generally well centered. This example is the usual late die state of the Noe-8 die pair, cataloged as Noe-8.2. On this example, the die break affects four beads of the inner circle and is slightly later than the piece plated in Salmon, or any of those offered in the Ford Collection. The die state is about the same as the Hain-Partrick coin that we sold in January 2015. Both sides are fully lustrous with satin surfaces beneath light gold and pale blue toning. Listed on page 47 of the 2017 Guide Book.

Ex: Richard Picker Collection (Stack's, 10/1984), lot 26. NGC ID# BNUC, PCGS# 45373 Base PCGS# 23



**1694 Elephant Token, VF35
God Preserve Carolina
O over E in PROPRIETORS
Hodder 2-F**

5509 1694 Carolina Elephant Token, PROPRIETORS, Hodder 2-F, W-12120, R.6, VF35 PCGS. Collectors have three basic types of Elephant tokens to acquire: the London tokens, Carolina tokens, and New England variety. The first is plentiful with several hundred known, the second is rare with 30 to 40 known, and the third is extremely rare with just three confirmed examples. Although struck in England, the Carolina and New England pieces have an American connection.

When Michael Hodder prepared his die study of the Elephant tokens for the Norweb catalogs published 30 years ago, he assigned different die notations for the two Carolina varieties, although they are technically the same die. An O was punched over the E in PROPRIETORS to correct the spelling error. This piece has lovely walnut-brown surfaces with splashes of maroon. The surfaces are microscopically granular, having no affect on the overall quality of this important piece. Listed on page 49 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2ATW, PCGS# 73



1776 Continental Dollar Newman 1-C, MS64 The Usual CURRENCY Spelling Important Late Die State

5510 1776 Continental Dollar, CURRENCY, Pewter MS64 PCGS. Newman 1-C, W-8445, R.3. Several distinct die states or stages are known for the obverse of the Newman 1-C Continental dollars, ranging from a perfect die to that with two internal cuds as seen here. The late die state pieces have internal die breaks at the tops of GI in FUGIO, and at the base of the second NT in CONTINENTAL. At least three intermediate die states are also known. The intermediate die state that has a single internal cud joining the tops of GI seems to be more plentiful than the earlier or later die states. Mint State examples from the latest die state are elusive. Just five such examples appear in our Permanent Auction Archives that track auction appearances since 1993.

The motto “Mind Your Business” is said to originate with Benjamin Franklin, but evidence suggests that it may have originated with David Rittenhouse some 20 years earlier when he placed the motto “Go About Your Business” on a clockface prepared for his brother-in-law. It seems that Rittenhouse considered time as more important than health. Franklin, who was certainly acquainted with Rittenhouse, may have had the latter’s words in mind.

This Choice Mint State Newman 1-C Continental dollar, illustrated at the PCGS Coin Facts website, exhibits light to medium pewter-gray surfaces and substantial field reflectivity. Those fields are free of marks with tiny maroon toning spots at the CY of CURRENCY. This extraordinary Continental dollar is destined for an advanced type set or colonial cabinet. Our consignor explains that he purchased this coin in 2005, and that the previous owner had owned the coin since 1982, and that he purchased the coin from a family who had retained the coin since the 1950s. NGC ID# 2AYN, PCGS# 791



1788 New Jersey Copper, XF45 Rare Head Left Maris 51-g

5511 1788 New Jersey Copper, Head Left, XF45 PCGS Secure. M. 51-g, W-5450, High R.5. There are about 145 die marriages of New Jersey coppers, and only three varieties depict the horse head facing left. Maris 50-f is R.3, and therefore collectible, but nice examples of the R.5 Maris 49-f, and the High R.5 Maris 51-g are undeniably rare. Maris 51-g is readily attributed by its wide date and a lengthy diagonal die crack between the left end of the plow and the second A in CAESAREA. This is a lovely sea-green and mahogany-brown example. The obverse is misaligned several degrees toward 9 o'clock, as seen on the Frontenac specimen, but all legends are complete. The present lot appears nicer than the Ford specimen, which received a full page plus a color plate for its October 2003 Stack's auction appearance. We have compared this lot against auction plates for the Ford, Frontenac, Garrett, Norweb, Oechsner, and Taylor pieces without a match, and are unaware of its provenance. Listed on page 73 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B53, PCGS# 527



1783 Chalmers Threepence, MS61 W-1760, Popular in Local Commerce

5512 1783 Chalmers Threepence MS61 PCGS. Breen-1018, W-1760, R.5. Annapolis silversmith John Chalmers produced a series of small silver coins to stimulate the local economy at a time when most business was conducted on the barter system, or through the use of various foreign coins, especially the unpopular Spanish cut pieces. Produced locally in Maryland, the Chalmers silver pieces were popular and widely accepted. Most examples encountered today are the shillings, with few threepence and sixpence surviving. This lovely Mint State threepence exhibits light gold toning on the devices and rich blue-steel toning in the fields. The strike is a trifle weak at the left obverse and reverse with the balance of design elements boldly defined. An exceptional example that should garner spirited bidding. Listed on page 53 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2AUP, PCGS# 592

HALF CENTS



1781 Libertas Americana Medal
Betts-615, MS61 Brown
The Greatest American Medal

5513 (1781) *Libertas Americana* Copper MS61 Brown NGC. CAC. Betts-615, Loubat-14. Conceptualized by Benjamin Franklin and designed by Augustin Dupre, the *Libertas Americana* Medal was struck in France, yet holds the number one spot in *100 Greatest American Medals and Tokens*, by Katherine Jaeger and Q. David Bowers. The obverse depicts a head of Liberty beneath the motto LIBERTAS AMERICANA, with the July 4, 1776 date below. The reverse displays Minerva, the Roman goddess of wisdom and war, defending the infant United States from Britain. The legend, NON SINE DIIS ANIMOSUS INFANS, translates to “Not without the gods is the infant courageous.” The two dates in exergue represent the British surrendering at Saratoga on October 17, 1777, and at Yorktown on October 19, 1781.

This beautiful and historical medal is especially meaningful to those with a Revolutionary connection, such as the present cataloger whose five times great grandfather, Christopher Hite, was an ordinary Pennsylvania soldier who survived the winter at Valley Forge, and who witnessed the British surrender at Yorktown. This lovely chestnut-brown example has satin luster and bold design definition, exhibiting blue and violet overtones. Trivial contact marks limit the grade. NGC ID# BLK2, PCGS# 151815



1793 Half Cent, C-1, B-1, VF30
Smooth, Problem-Free Surfaces

5514 1793 C-1, B-1, High R.3, VF30 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Manley Die State 2, as usual. The die has weakened around HALF CENT on the reverse, but the rim cud along the top of F AME has not yet formed. Cohen-1 is the first half cent variety struck and is typically seen in middle to lower circulated grades. Coins of this issue were produced on planchets punched from sheet copper, with a specified weight of 104 grains, although in practice the weight varied slightly from 95 to 111 grains.

This representative is a pleasing example for the grade, with smooth chocolate-brown surfaces that are free of the distracting environmental impairments that typically affect this issue. HALF CENT is weak due to die fatigue, but the remainder of the central devices are well brought up. The border beading is complete around the reverse and grows only slightly weak from 8 to 10 o'clock on the obverse. Our EAC grade VF20.

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4907. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35003 Base PCGS# 1000



**1793 C-3, B-3 Half Cent, VF20
Usual Die State**

5515 1793 C-3, B-3, R.3, VF20 PCGS. The usual die state with a perfect obverse and light die rust below TES on the reverse. Both sides of this splendid example display smooth bluish chocolate-brown surfaces with a few trivial marks that prevent a higher grade. A minuscule dimple is noted inside the left obverse border, and a few other imperfections, limit the grade of this lovely half cents. The impression is well-centered, although the right obverse and reverse borders beads are no longer visible. This is an exceptional example for the fastidious collector. Our EAC grade Fine 15. NGC ID# 2222, PCGS# 35009 Base PCGS# 1000



David Rittenhouse, Mint Director 1792-1795



1796 C-2, B-2 Half Cent, AU58 From the Showers and Gardner Collections

5516 1796 With Pole, C-2, B-2, High R.4, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Gardner. The more plentiful of two 1796 half cent varieties, the C-2 has a pole extending down from the cap to the border at 4:30. All 1796 C-2 half cents have perfect dies. Two obverse dies and one reverse die were used for the 1796 No Pole and With Pole varieties, although the order of striking remains uncertain. All known examples of the No Pole variety have a heavy bisecting crack across the obverse. Roger Cohen offered no explanation for placing the No Pole variety first. Walter Breen presented the two varieties in the same sequence, following his analysis of the punches used on the two obverse dies. However, that only tells us the order of die manufacture without addressing the order of use for those dies.

Ron Manley writes: "Logically, the only rational reason to have used the severely cracked 1796 C-1 obverse die would have been if no other obverse die had been available at the time for half cent coinage."

The grading distribution for the 1796 With Pole half cents is interesting. NGC and PCGS have certified 33 pieces grading Poor to Very Good, 12 pieces in Fine to XF, 12 grading AU, and 18 called Mint State (11/16). The present near-Mint coin is the third finest endorsed by CAC. Both sides exhibit attractively blended tan, olive-brown, and steel with traces of faded red luster. Many of the microscopic surface marks remain from the planchet before this piece was struck. Considerable frosty luster remains in the obverse and reverse fields. The strike is bold with a nicely centered impression from the dies. Our EAC Grade AU50.

Ex: Philip M. Showers Collection; Willis I. DuPont; Jim McGuigan; J.A. Sherman (*Stack's*, 8/2007), lot 226; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (*Heritage*, 10/2014), lot 98002. NGC ID# 2227, PCGS# 35098 Base PCGS# 1027



1802/0 C-1, B-1 Half Cent, VG Details Extremely Rare Old Reverse

5517 1802/O Reverse of 1800, C-1, B-1, R.6 — **Environmental Damage** — **PCGS Genuine. VG Details.** This extremely rare variety features a previously unused 1800-dated obverse die that was overdated by punching a 2 over the final 0, and reuses the reverse die of 1800 with a line of die rust from the E in UNITED to the wreath. The minor surface corrosion obscures the die state details. In the Half Cent Die State Book, Ron Manley writes that the 1802 C-1 half cents were struck between early and late die states of the C-2 variety that reuses the overdated obverse die with a new reverse. Despite the slightly impaired surfaces, this lovely piece has pleasing chestnut-brown color and will make a nice addition to a specialized collection. Our EAC grade Good 4. NGC ID# 222C, PCGS# 35122 Base PCGS# 1054

PROOF BRAIDED HAIR HALF CENT



1840 B-3 Second Restrike Half Cent PR65 Red and Brown, Ex: Dupont

5518 1840 Second Restrike PR65 Red and Brown NGC. B-3, R.6. During a hiatus of circulation-strike half cents from 1835 until 1849, the Philadelphia Mint struck a small number of proofs, dated 1836 and 1840 through 1849. Coins struck during those years are identified today as Originals, while later issues bearing the same dates are termed Restrikes. Two distinct series of the latter issues were coined from different reverse dies. While the Original strikes have large berries in the wreath, the First Restrike proofs have small berries and a sharply doubled T in CENT. The Second Restrike half cents, such as this 1840, also have small berries in the wreath, and die file marks over the letters RICA in AMERICA. All of these proofs are rare, and about 18 examples of the 1840 Second Restrike proof half cents are known.

Both sides of this piece have fully mirrored fields that display partial original orange mint color, with mottled blue and green toning over the light brown surfaces. File marks around part of the obverse rim were obviously done within the Mint at the time this piece was struck, eliminating the raised wire rim that Mint officials considered undesirable. This piece is listed as coin number 5 of 16 in Rick Coleman's *Monograph of Second Restrike Proof Half Cents*. The second edition of his work was published in 1999, and includes the most recent condition census of these proofs. Our EAC grade PR63.

Ex: Charles Conover Collection (B. Max Mehl, 5/1914), lot 795; Charles J. Dupont; Anderson Dupont Sale (Stack's, 11/1954), lot 1130; Dorothy Nelson; TAD Collection (Stack's, 3/1975), lot 857; M.B. Simons & Associates, Ltd.; R.E. Naftzger, Jr.; 1996 ANA Sale (Heritage, 8/1996), lot 6490. NGC ID# 26Z5, PCGS# 1252



LARGE CENTS



1792 Silver Center Cent, Judd-1, VF30
First Issue Struck in the U.S. Mint
Ex: Mickley-Brand-Queller

5519 1792 One Cent, Judd-1, Pollock-1, High R.6 VF30 NGC. The patterns of 1792 are the rarest series of patterns ever struck and each is a classic of U.S. coinage in its own right. This exclusive series includes the Silver Center cent, Birch cent, half disme, disme, and the Eagle on Globe quarter. Of these five issues, only the half disme and disme ever circulated. Of the other three pattern issues, the Silver Center cent was an experimental striking that was intended to create a coin with an intrinsic value of one cent on a smaller copper planchet by inserting a silver plug in the center. Until recently, the Silver Center cent was believed to be the brainchild of Chief Coiner Henry Voigt, because of Thomas Jefferson's well-known report to President George Washington:

"Th. Jefferson has the honor to send the President two cents made on Voigt's plan by putting a silver plug worth $\frac{3}{4}$ of a cent into a copper worth $\frac{1}{4}$ of a cent."

Voigt was probably responsible for the design of the coin, but recent discoveries by Pete Smith, Joel Orosz, and Len Augsburger indicate the credit for the innovative dual-metallic concept actually belongs to famous patriot and author Thomas Paine. Paine exchanged thoughts on the prospective coinage with Jefferson in a September 28, 1790-dated letter, including the observation "to give the cents the intrinsic value they ought to have by weight, they will be too heavy and bulky for the use they are intended for." He suggested three possible solutions to this problem:

"1st. Making silver and copper in fusion; 2d. Plating the copper with silver; 3d. Plugging the copper with silver. But against all of these, there are very capital objections."

Paine did not believe any of his suggestions would be practical for high-volume coinage operations, and calculated that any copper coinage based on the intrinsic value of the metal would be impractical, but he noted:

"Plugging copper with silver is the least detrimental to the intrinsic value of the metals, because they are the easiest separated ..."

Events would prove Paine right, as the Mint experimented with two of his concepts in 1792 (the Silver Center cent and the Fusible Alloy cent) and found them both unsuitable. Concerns about counterfeiting doomed the Fusible Alloy cent and production difficulties with the Silver Center cent were too great to overcome. The Silver Center cent was probably the first issue actually struck within the confines of the Philadelphia Mint. A limited mintage of Silver Center cents was produced in December of 1792 to demonstrate the design to President Washington and the Congressional committee charged with amending the Mint Act of 1792 in regard to the copper coinage. In the end, Congress changed the specification for the cent, reducing the amount of copper in each coin, with a commensurate reduction in size and weight. Production of copper cents with the new specifications began in 1793. Today, only 14 examples of the Silver Center cent are extant and examples are treasured by collectors from many different collecting disciplines.

Design

Liberty faces right with hair flowing behind. The obverse periphery reads LIBERTY PARENT OF SCIENCE & INDUSTRY, with 1792 just below the bust. The reverse has a wreath tied with a ribbon at the bottom; ONE CENT is within. Around the rim is UNITED STATES OF AMERICA with the fraction $\frac{1}{100}$ below. Struck in copper with a silver plug in the center with a reeded edge. Medallion alignment. Average diameter is about 22.9 mm.

The Present Coin

The coin offered here has an illustrious pedigree all the way back to pioneering collector Joseph Mickley, gracing some of the most important collections in numismatic history along the way. In our opinion, this coin is close to XF overall, with the devices on each side well-centered on the flan. The upper right reverse shows some slight evidence of corrosion, and there two distinguishing planchet voids in the obverse fields, one before Liberty's face and the other at the base of the second E in SCIENCE. On the obverse the silver plug touches Liberty's ear, runs along the jawline, and covers several of the strands of hair. On the reverse the plug covers the right half of the E and almost all of the N in CENT, as well as the lower half of the N in ONE. Even, darker brown color over both sides is interrupted by the brightness of the silver plug. The overall presentation is most attractive for this classic early American rarity.

Ex: Joseph J. Mickley Collection (W. Elliot Woodward, 10/1867), lot 2135; Colonel Mendes I Cohen, Cohen Collection (Edward Cogan, 10/1875), lot 380; William Sumner Appleton; A. Dohrmann, via Woodward in a private transaction; Dohrmann Collection (Woodward, 3/18820, lot 437; Lady of Western New York Collection (Woodward, 2/1887), lot 816; Virgil Brand; Brand-Lichtenfels Collections (Abner Kreisberg and Hans M.F. Schulman, 3/1964), lot 1106; Gibson Collection (Stack's, 11/1974), lot 14; John L. Roper (Stack's, 12/1983), lot 425; Stuart Levine and Anthony Terranova; Bertram Cohen; San Diego Show (Dana Linett, 10/1988), lot 9; Denis Loring; Stack's, privately; David Queller (Lemus Collection); Queller Family Collection (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 1500; offered at fixed prices by Heritage in 2010 and 2011; Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 5015. NGC ID# 2948, PCGS# 11001



1793 S-4, B-5 Chain Cent, XF Details Periods Obverse

5520 1793 Chain, AMERICA, Periods, S-4, B-5, R.3 — **Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** Apparently an early die state as no obverse cracks are evident, although the surface roughness likely prevents viewing of those cracks. The collector who seeks a sharply detailed example of the variety would do well to consider this example. Both sides exhibit greenish steel-brown surfaces with hints of mahogany. Slight roughness on both sides does little to affect the overall eye appeal. LIBERTY and the reverse legend are both bold and the Chain is particularly sharp. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223F, PCGS# 35444 Base PCGS# 91341



1793 S-6, B-7 Wreath Cent, VF30 The Sprung Die

5521 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-6, B-7, R.3, VF30 **PCGS.** Breen Die State III. The Sprung Die obverse has a die bulge in the left obverse field, behind the hair curls, that is faintly visible on this example. A well detailed representative of the popular and short-lived Wreath type. Principally walnut-brown with glimpses of steel-gray in the crevices of the obverse and reverse design and only a hint of granularity across the fields. The portrait has a pair of faded slender marks, and a few others near ONE CENT are faint. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35450 Base PCGS# 1347



1793 S-6 Wreath Cent, XF45
The Sprung Die
From the Husak Collection

5522 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-6, B-7, R.3, XF45 **PCGS Secure**. Breen Die State III, an intermediate die state between Breen's State III and State IV that shows the pronounced ridge in the left obverse field extending to Liberty's jaw, and a fine die crack from Liberty's lower lip toward the right obverse border. Cleaned and recolored with steel surfaces and hints of pale blue on both sides and lighter reddish-tan on the devices. A few insignificant rim bumps are present at the upper right obverse. Microscopic porosity slightly dulls the surfaces, especially on the reverse. Our EAC grade VF30.

Ex: Auction '88 (Superior, 7/1988), lot 16; Dr. J. Bruce Jackson; Bowers and Merena (8/1995), lot 11, \$4,180; Walter J. Husak Collection (Heritage, 2/2008), lot 2005. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35450 Base PCGS# 1347



1793 S-6, B-7 Wreath Cent, AU50
The Sprung Die

5523 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge, S-6, B-7, R.3, AU50 **PCGS. CAC**. *Ex: Loring Collection*. The centering is slightly imperfect, although the beaded border on each side is completely visible. The surfaces display an attractive blend of olive-brown and steel patina with a few splashes of deep mahogany. Scattered handling marks on each side are consistent with the grade.

Breen Die State IV. The bulge is prominent through the left obverse field and hair to the jaw, and a crack is evident along the bulge, continuing into the right field from the lower lip. A faint crack described in the next die state is present, but the cataloger now believes that crack is actually a flaw present to some degree on all examples of the Sprung Die variety.

Bill Noyes grades this piece XF40, with the sharpness five points finer, and lists it in a ninth place tie in his Condition Census. Del Bland lists seven XF40 pieces as tied for 10th best in his roster. Six of those seven pieces have not been seen for more than a quarter-century. We agree with the EAC grade of XF40. NGC ID# 223H, PCGS# 35450 Base PCGS# 1347



**1793 S-11b Wreath Cent, AU53
Near Condition Census**

5524 1793 Wreath, Lettered Edge, S-11b, B-16b, R.4, AU53 PCGS Secure. CAC. Breen Die State III, with heavy obverse clash marks. Apparently a new example as this piece does not match any of those illustrated in the Noyes photo book, nor any auction catalog plates recorded in his Condition Census. The sharpness is equal to the New Netherlands 56th Sale coin that Noyes calls XF45 sharpness. However, the surfaces are substantially more pleasing. Compared to the several other census-level examples, the surfaces of this piece are clearly Average and possibly Average Plus. Both sides are smooth with dappled olive, tan, and rose. A trivial field nick at 4 o'clock and another on the bust line are the only pedigree markers on this lovely piece. Our EAC grade XF40. NGC ID# 223J, PCGS# 35474 Base PCGS# 1350



**1793 S-13 Liberty Cap Cent, VF20
Rare First-Year Type**

5525 1793 Liberty Cap, S-13, B-20, Low R.4, VF20 PCGS. The Liberty Cap is rarest among the three major types of first-year cents. This is a charming medium brown example with generally pleasing surfaces that lack the granularity associated with circulated early copper. We note only a small spot on the outer curls below the cap, and moderate rim dings at 9:30 on the obverse and at 1:30 and 6:30 on the reverse. Evenly defined aside from slight fading on ONE CENT, caused by a sinking reverse die. The obverse is slightly misaligned toward 10 o'clock, and the reverse is moderately misaligned toward 9:30, although no design elements are affected except for the left-side obverse dentils. Our EAC grade Fine 12. NGC ID# 223L, PCGS# 35489 Base PCGS# 1359



1794 S-18b, B-2b Cent, MS61 Brown Mint State Head of 1793

5526 1794 Head of 1793, S-18b, B-2b, R.4, MS61 Brown NGC. Breen Die State III. This intermediate die state has a tiny die crack emerging between two dentils on the obverse border at 7:30. Clash marks are visible in the left branch of the wreath, and the right ribbon is fragmented, but there is no evidence of obverse or reverse bulges that appear in later die states.

The Head of 1793 cents were struck early in the year from obverse dies that used the same device punch that Joseph Wright employed for the 1793 Liberty Cap cents. A new edge die was used for the "b" subvarieties and is known as the Edge of 1794. The letters are large and closely spaced with a single leaf following DOLLAR turned upward.

The exceptional quality of this cent and other examples of the variety are attributed to well-made planchets produced by Taylor & Bailey, a London firm that provided copper plate to the Philadelphia Mint. Shipments arrived in November and December 1793, too late for the 1793 Liberty Cap cents, and apparently not cut into planchets when the earliest 1794 cents were coined.

The obverse of this nicely centered cent displays lovely chestnut-brown color with dappled steel toning, and the reverse is rich walnut-brown with small splashes of reddish-tan. Most of the trivial marks are likely remnants of the planchet before striking. This is a highly attractive Head of 1793 cents. Our EAC grade AU50. NGC ID# 223N, PCGS# 35513 Base PCGS# 1362



1795 S-76b Plain Edge Cent, MS62 Brown From the Husak Collection

5527 1795 Plain Edge, S-76b, B-4b, R.1, MS62 Brown PCGS **Secure**. Breen Die State V with lapped dies that removed previous clash marks. The reverse has some features of a later state. This is a lovely example of the plentiful Plain Edge subvariety. The surfaces have splendid olive-brown color with few imperfections. Somewhat weakly struck at the upper obverse and lower reverse, with UN completely obliterated as often seen. Lighter tan is faded from original color. Glossy and reflective fields are evident on the obverse and reverse. Our EAC grade MS60.

Ex: New England Rare Coin Auctions (7/1976), lot 413, \$825; Gary Sturtridge (The House of Stuart, Ltd.); later, Vintage Auctions (2/1989), lot 148, \$2,850; Julian Leidman; Superior (2/1991), lot 675; Julian Leidman; Joe Dooley; McCawley and Grellman (1/1997), lot 208, \$4,620; Stuart MacDonald (Heritage, 9/1997), lot 5085, \$5,060; Thomas D. Reynolds; Wes Rasmussen (Heritage, 1/2005), lot 3088, \$6,900; Walter Husak Collection (Heritage, 2/2008), lot 2079. NGC ID# 223T, PCGS# 35723 Base PCGS# 1380



1808 S-278 Cent, MS64 Brown Lustrous First-Year Type Coin

5528 1808 S-278, B-2, R.3, MS64 Brown PCGS. **CAC**. Breen Die State V, rim breaks below the date. Robert Scot's Draped Bust design was replaced in 1808 with the John Reich Classic Head motif. The metallic purity of the copper planchets also decreased, causing coins of this type to be struck with varying degrees of quality and subject to excessive impairment in circulation. Pleasing Mint State examples are extremely difficult to locate. This Choice Brown Sheldon-278 representative displays unusually appealing luster that glistens in the satiny fields. Die erosion around the peripheries is consistent with the die state, although the interior motifs remain well-defined. Burgundy-brown toning only partially masks the underlying coppery luster. Our EAC grade MS60. Population: 10 in 64 Brown, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 224P, PCGS# 36460 Base PCGS# 1543

PROOF FLYING EAGLE CENT



1856 Flying Eagle Cent
Choice Proof, Snow-9

5529 1856 Snow-9 PR64 PCGS. Sea-green toning dominates this razor-sharp near-Gem, although glimpses of peach-red outlines obverse design elements. The eye appeal surpasses the numerical grade, since the moderately reflective surfaces are free from detractors. Most 1856 Flying Eagle cents are classified as Snow-3 business strikes or Snow-9 proofs. The former were struck in 1856 to demonstrate the new diameter and design. The numismatic hobby was booming in America, and soon an 1856 Flying Eagle cent was considered requisite in every collection. The U.S. Mint met growing demand for the issue with Snow-9 proof restrikes, coined circa-1859. Nonetheless, the 1856 remains the rarest date of the small cent denomination. NGC ID# 227A, PCGS# 147890 Base PCGS# 2037

INDIAN CENTS



1867 Cent, MS66 ★ Red
One of the Two Finest Known

5530 1867 MS66 ★ Red NGC. Gem Red examples of the 1867 Indian cent are occasionally available for a price, but finer coins are often considered unobtainable due to their extreme rarity. The only such coin at PCGS is a lone MS66 Red example, and the present MS66 ★ Red coin is the only piece at NGC finer than MS65 Red (11/16). Thus, this is an important opportunity for the Registry Set collector to acquire one of the two finest-known 1867 Indian cents, one that may not be repeated for many years. Neither of the top two coin has previously been sold at public auction, and several of the Gem Red coins known have traded hands for five-figure prices within the last decade.

This piece is distinctive for its frosty luster and booming fire-orange and cherry-red surfaces. The strike is sharp, and a loupe reveals no mentionable carbon spots or abrasions. Several thin, mint-made die lines appear on the portrait when viewed beneath a loupe. Eye appeal is truly exceptional, making this piece arguably the finest known. NGC ID# 227R, PCGS# 2090



1872 Cent, Frosty MS65 Red Only One Coin Finer at PCGS

5531 1872 MS65 Red PCGS. Full Red examples of the 1872 Indian cent are elusive and typically grade no finer than MS64. This Gem is conditionally rare, and finer examples are nearly unknown. Frosty copper-red luster illuminates largely untouched surfaces, complementing sharp design elements and luminous fields. A few trivial, specks are invisible without magnification. Registry Set collectors especially will appreciate the exemplary quality and rarity of this piece, as only a single numerically finer coin is reported at each service. Population: 19 in 65 (1 in 65+) Red, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 227W, PCGS# 2105

1909-S Indian Cent, MS66 Red Transitional Issue

5532 1909-S MS66 Red PCGS. The San Francisco Mint transitioned from the Indian cent to the Lincoln cent in 1909, as did the Philadelphia Mint. With a production of only 309,000 coins, the 1909-S Indian cent had the lowest mintage of any cent coined that year, well below the 484,000 coin mintage of the famous 1909-S VDB Lincoln cent. This Premium Gem shows the usual weakness at the feather tips, but exhibits a sharp shield at the top of the reverse. The softly frosted surfaces exhibit brilliant light orange mint luster and a complete absence of unsightly spots. Population: 25 in 66 (3 in 66+) Red, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2240

PROOF INDIAN CENT



1903 Indian Cent
Finest-Certified PR68 Red
A Coin With Magnificent Color

5533 1903 PR68 Red PCGS. A coin of astounding technical quality and visual allure. The pristine surfaces are yellow-green with a tinge of gold at the centers, ceding to areas of flaming cherry-red, sunset-orange, and fuchsia near the rims. Throughout, the strike is essentially full, with no visible weakness.

All four diamonds on the ribbon are bold, the feather tips are as sharp as ever seen on this design, and all of the vertical and horizontal shield lines are evident. Contact marks are entirely lacking, as expected for the grade. Even under a high-powered loupe, there are no distractions. This coin is a definite must for collectors of joyously toned Indian cents, a coin that will never disappoint. From the proof mintage of 1,790 pieces, there are no other 1903 Superb Gem Red proofs the equal of this specimen at PCGS, with just four total Red proofs for the entire series at the PR68 PCGS grade. Population: 1 in 68 Red, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22AS, PCGS# 2398



LINCOLN CENTS



1909-S VDB Cent, MS67 Red Famous 20th Century Key Date Tied for Finest Certified

5534 1909-S VDB MS67 Red PCGS Secure. Few coins evoke childlike wonder like the 1909-S VDB. For collectors who started out in this hobby filling spaces in Whitman albums or some such holders, the 1909-S VDB always represented the pinnacle of achievement. The acquisition of an example, no matter the condition, was a true mark of accomplishment. Those unable to secure this San Francisco key in their early days of collecting would often remain committed to procuring an example as the years progressed and they became increasingly devoted (and able) to completing this ever-popular 20th century set. That, in essence, is the appeal of the 1909-S VDB cent. We are proud to offer this spectacular MS67 Red representative, sure to bring out the youthful exuberance of the most advanced specialist.

The California branch mint famously struck 484,000 coins bearing Victor David Brenner's new portrait of Lincoln in August 1909. Commentators quickly chided the sculptor for prominently featuring his initials along the lower reverse border. In response, the Mint modified the design, eliminating the offending letters. The issue's mintage stands out as the lowest in the century-old series.

The 1909-S VDB is, without question, the perfect case of demand vastly outpacing supply. Examples, of which a fair number survive thanks to widespread hoarding at the time of release, are highly sought-after. There simply are not enough coins out there to satisfy all collectors. That is particularly true of Mint State pieces, and even more appropriate for those with Red surfaces. Coins can be acquired for a price in MS65 Red and become scarce in Premium Gem condition, but MS67 Red is where the 1909-S VDB cent becomes a true rarity. PCGS has seen merely 15 such submissions, while NGC records a single coin in the same grade (10/16). The figures likely include several resubmissions. One thing is certain: the present offering is among the finest known representatives of this collector-favorite issue, which proudly holds the 14th spot on the list of the *100 Greatest U.S. Coins*.

The obverse displays light pumpkin-gold color with glints of sky-blue, while the reverse is more richly toned in shades of copper-orange and lilac. These magnificent hues combine with vibrant mint frost to generate unsurpassed eye appeal. Surface preservation is exquisite, and the impression, initials included, is pinpoint-sharp. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2428



1909-S Lincoln Cent, MS67 Red Tied for Finest at PDGS

5535 1909-S MS67 Red PCGS. Far more scarce in high grade than the S-VDB is the 1909-S Lincoln cent, which is a major rarity in Superb Gem Red condition. The present coin is one of only 18 pieces in MS67 Red, where it is tied for the finest certified. By contrast, PCGS reports 30 1909-S VDB coins in this grade (11/16). The strike is sharp throughout, and the frosty surfaces yield warm golden-tan luster. There are no distracting abrasions or spots. The 1909-S Lincoln cent is among the little publicized but challenging condition rarities in the series. The Registry Set collector should not let this top-grade example go by. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2434



1910-S Cent, MS67 Red Rare Top-Grade Registry Coin

5536 1910-S MS67 Red PCGS. Early San Francisco issues are some of the most difficult dates in the Lincoln cent series to acquire in high-grade Red condition. The 1910-S is, surprisingly, far rarer in this condition than the key-date 1909-S VDB. PCGS records only six pieces in MS67 Red and none finer; NGC lists five coins in this grade and none finer (11/16). The supply is clearly insufficient to supply the needs of Registry Set collectors. This piece displays frosty, nearly flawless luster and sharp design elements. The surfaces have bright yellow-gold luster with overtones of honey and peach coloration. Eye appeal is outstanding. A 1910-S of unsurpassed quality. NGC ID# 22B6, PCGS# 2440



**1911-D Lincoln Cent, MS66+ Red
Only One Finer at PCGS**

5537 1911-D MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. An impressive Premium Gem, this cent exhibits brilliant light orange luster and satin luster with an exceptional strike, although the mintmark is weak. PCGS and NGC have each graded one finer piece, but we have never offered a finer example. This lovely cent is an excellent Set Registry candidate as few similarly graded pieces have been certified. The reverse is rotated about 30 degrees counterclockwise on this piece, as it is on many others. Population: 59 in 66 (6 in 66+) Red, 1 finer. CAC: 12 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22B8, PCGS# 2446



**1922-D Cent, MS66+ Red
Single Finest Example**

5538 1922-D MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. For the most part, the 1922-D is a readily available issue. However, examples come under heightened pressure because of the lack of production at the Philadelphia and San Francisco mints that year. The date is also well-known for the No D cents that were accidentally produced when the mintmark was effaced from worn dies. The regular 1922-D cents are very scarce in MS65 and conditionally rare in MS66 with Red surfaces. This is the sole finest example at PCGS by way of the Plus designation.

Pumpkin-gold surfaces aglow in satin luster generate superb eye appeal. The devices are fully struck. The surfaces are remarkably clean with two carbon spots near the L in PLURIBUS and left of the C in CENT. Expect spirited bidding when this lot is called. Population: 11 in 66 (1 in 66+) Red, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22C8, PCGS# 2539



**1955 Doubled Die Cent
Sharp MS64+ Red
Rare Borderline Gem, Vibrant Surfaces**

5539 1955 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64+ Red PCGS. CAC. The reverse die is misaligned slightly counterclockwise, as are all genuine 1955 doubled die obverse cents. The issue is neither the rarest nor the most dramatic of Mint gaffes, yet it is perhaps the most famous and popular, rivaled only by the 1937-D Three-Legged Buffalo nickel for its significance in terms of public awareness. Among Lincoln cent collectors, the opportunity to own a borderline Gem doubled die in full Red with CAC endorsement is a rare occurrence.

The surfaces of this attractive example display vibrant orange luster with deep orange-red accents. A few scattered, light marks require magnification for viewing and define the assigned grade, yet the eye appeal is tremendous and carbon flecks are minimal. A sharp strike covers both sides. Population: 6 in 64+ Red, 20 finer. CAC: 23 in 64, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 8H87, PCGS# 37912 Base PCGS# 2827



**1969-S Doubled Die Obverse Cent
FS-101, MS62 Red and Brown
'The King of All Lincoln Cent Varieties'**

5540 1969-S Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS62 Red and Brown PCGS. The *Cherrypickers' Guide* calls this variety "very rare," and the amount of collector demand that it experiences is comparatively enormous. Including likely resubmissions, PCGS has seen only 45 examples, mostly in lightly circulated condition. The 1969-S doubled die obverse cent is extremely rare with substantial original luster.

The variety was first discovered in 1970, but its legitimacy was for a time questioned by authorities who were investigating counterfeit 1969 Philadelphia doubled die cents. By the time the 1969-S doubled die was cleared as a genuine Mint product, five examples had wrongfully been destroyed, according to Q. David Bowers in *A Guide Book of Lincoln Cents*. Today, the variety is easily the most significant in the Lincoln cent series, and it is ranked #1 in Schechter and Garrett's *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins*, where it is also awarded prominence on the cover. The authors of that work call it "the king of all Lincoln cent varieties."

The present example immediately strikes the viewer as seemingly too red for a Red and Brown coin, although closer inspection reveals wisps of auburn toning and a few specks that prevent the Red designation. The coin is sharply struck and has grade-consistent abrasions. When seeking an example of this remarkable rarity, many collectors disregard consideration of grade, as acquiring any Mint State example is a grand achievement. Population: 3 in 62 Red and Brown, 2 finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 37995 Base PCGS# 2922



1992 Close AM Cent, MS67 Red
The Single Finest Known by Two Points
A Rare Variety in All Grades

5541 1992 Close AM, FS-901, MS67 Red PCGS. The Mint introduced a new reverse for the Lincoln cent in 1993 that showed the A and M in AMERICA closely spaced at their bases instead of separated as in years past. However, beginning in 2006, sharp-eyed numismatists began to discover rare transitional 1992 and 1992-D cents struck with the 1993 reverse. These Close AM cents have occasionally surfaced in circulation and bank rolls over the last decade. Both are rare varieties, but the Philadelphia variant is rarest. There are only 20 examples reported by PCGS and NGC combined, mostly in AU or lower Mint State grades. This is less than half of the reported population for the 1992-D Close AM variety. The only example to have sold at auction is an MS64 Red PCGS coin that appeared in our Long Beach Signature sale (Heritage, 2/2016), lot 3090, and realized more than \$8,800.

Two representatives of the Philadelphia variant stand out above the rest: an MS65 Red coin at NGC, and the present MS67 Red PCGS example, which is the sole finest known (11/16). This coin showcases virtually flawless, gleaming surfaces with rich gold, fire-orange, and rose-red hues. The strike is sharp, and there are no carbon spots. Adding to the appeal is a nearly 90-degree clockwise rotation of the reverse. This coin easily surpasses the MS63 Red and Brown piece in the current highest-rated Major Varieties Registry Set.

From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 569375 Base PCGS# 412710

TWO CENT PIECE



1867 FS-101 Two Cent Piece
MS66 Red and Brown
The Finest Doubled Die Obverse

5542 1867 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Red and Brown PCGS Secure. PCGS has only certified 40 Mint State examples of this important variety, and this piece is the finest numerically graded. It is the only MS66 and enjoys a Red and Brown designation. NGC has certified three MS66 examples, all designated Brown. The evidence indicates that this is the finest surviving example of the popular and elusive variety. Both sides have sharp details and rich orange mint luster with splashes of lovely blue toning and traces of brown overtones. Here is a highly attractive example and an extremely important opportunity for the advanced collector. NGC ID# 22NB, PCGS# 38272 Base PCGS# 3595

PROOF TWO CENT PIECE



1864 Large Motto Two Cent Piece Rare PR66 Red Cameo Tied for the Finest at PCGS

5543 1864 Large Motto PR66 Red Cameo PCGS. The Large Motto 1864 proof two cent piece is usually available overall, but coins with cameo contrast are rare. PCGS reports only five Red Cameos, including four in this grade and one lesser coin in PR65, with no Deep Cameos. Do resubmissions exist in these numbers? Our Auction Archives list only two previous appearances of a PCGS-graded Cameo, one a PR65 coin that appeared more than a decade ago and has since been upgraded, the other a PR66 example that sold in our August 2010 ANA Signature sale, lot 3048, for some \$43,125.

The present example is not only conditionally rare for the Large Motto 1864 proof issue, it also showcases a degree of strike and preservation quality that is rarely encountered across the entire series. The devices are fully rendered, and the fields display deep reflectivity. The obverse has a pleasing cameo appearance, and the reverse displays borderline Deep Cameo qualities, aided by hints of lavender color on that side. The obverse is fire-orange. This is a carbon-free coin with tremendous eye appeal. NGC ID# 274T, PCGS# 83623

PROOF THREE CENT SILVER



1863 Trime, PR67+ Ultra Cameo Single Finest Certified in Ultra Cameo

5544 1863 PR67+ Ultra Cameo NGC. The 1863 proof trime boasts a minuscule mintage of 460 pieces. Business-strike mintage of the silver three cent piece was sharply curtailed that year, due to Civil War hoarding, putting even more pressure on the tiny proof mintage. Experts agree proof examples are rare in grades up to PR65, and very rare in any higher grade.

The fields of this spectacular Superb Gem are deeply mirrored, and all design elements are fully brought up in frosty relief. The profound field-device contrast of this piece is rarely seen on small silver coins. The present coin is the only silver three cent piece of any date to be certified in PR67+ Ultra Cameo, and no examples have been certified in higher numeric grade within the designation by either of the leading grading services (10/16). NGC ID# 22ZP, PCGS# 93712

SHIELD NICKELS



1866/1866 Rays Nickel, MS65 FS-301, Dramatic Repunched Date

5545 1866/1866 Rays, Repunched Date, FS-301, MS65 PCGS. 1866 was the first year of the five-cent nickel denomination, and the U.S. Mint produced a great many dies due to a coin shortage and difficulties with the unfamiliar copper-nickel alloy. *Cherrypickers'* lists nine Repunched Date varieties, and Fletcher contributes several more. FS-301 ranks among the more dramatic varieties. The date is widely repunched northeast, and shows all four digits from the initial date impression. The reverse exhibits a biplanar crack through the C in CENT. This lustrous Gem has light silver-gray toning and exemplary preservation. Combined PCGS Population for FS-301 through FS-305: 3 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 38314 Base PCGS# 3790



1872 Shield Nickel, MS67 Condition Census Registry Coin

5546 1872 MS67 PCGS. Little has been written about the collectibility of Shield nickels, and as a result, the series is likely one of the most under-pursued collections in American numismatics. Only 38 PCGS Basic Registry Sets are listed for this series, despite a need for only 17 coins to complete the collection, and of these most are incomplete. One of the dates missing from most sets in top condition is the 1872, which has an MS67 population of only four coins at PCGS (11/16). One of the top-grade examples is housed in the current and all-time finest PCGS Registry Set. Another is offered here. This piece displays a razor-sharp strike and satiny silver luster with a hint of light champagne toning. There are no distracting abrasions. The obverse periphery exhibits several prominent die cracks, as is typical of the type in general. Population: 2 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3799



**1873 Open 3 Nickel, MS65
FS-1301, Large Over Small Date**

5547 1873 Open 3, Large Over Small Date, FS-1301, MS65 NGC. The date is recut on this rare *Guide Book* variety, with the secondary impression made by a smaller date punch than the second, primary. The *Cherrypickers'* reference suggests that the initial impression was mistakenly executed with the date punch intended for a three cent piece or a half dime. NGC has attributed only five Large Over Small Date coins, the presently offered Gem being the sole finest (10/16). The present example is sharply and evenly struck, showing a couple of thin die cracks extending from the obverse at 12 o'clock down along the wreath branches. Frosty luster is largely devoid of abrasions, and each side has a faint champagne hue. PCGS# 38394 Base PCGS# 3800



**1873 Open 3 FS-1301 Nickel, MS65
Large Over Small Date**

5548 1873 Open 3, Large Over Small Date, FS-1301, MS65 PCGS. The attribution numbers in the *Cherrypicker's Guide* continue to evolve, having changed more than once through the various editions. This extremely rare variety was once known as FS-009, and is identified as FS-106 on the PCGS holder. Today, it is known as FS-1301. Remnants of a small 3 are visible between the 7 and the 3 of the primary date. Fivaz and Stanton write: "This is a very rare variety, always sought by the many Shield nickel specialists." This Select Mint State piece has satin luster that shines through its lovely gold toning. PCGS has certified 12 of these in all grades, and this is the finest they have graded (11/16). PCGS# 38394 Base PCGS# 3800

PROOF SHIELD NICKELS



1867 No Rays Proof Shield Nickel PR66+ Deep Cameo The Single Finest at PCGS

5549 1867 No Rays PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Most of the proof Shield nickel coinage in 1867 was accomplished after the removal of rays from the reverse star arrangement. Nonetheless, this No Rays proof is scarce with cameo contrast and is a major rarity in the Deep Cameo category. PCGS records only six Deep Cameos in all grades, with the current Plus-designated Premium Gem being the sole finest. The CAC green label only adds to the appeal. Dramatic field-device contrast appears on each side amid a faint glimpse of light champagne color. The strike is full, and close study with a loupe fails to reveal a single mentionable imperfection. Population: 4 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22PF, PCGS# 93821



1878 Shield Nickel, PR68 ★ Ultra Cameo The Single Finest Example Known

5550 1878 PR68 ★ Ultra Cameo NGC. In 1878, only proof Shield nickels were coined, and these in the amount of 2,350 pieces. The date is sought by proof series collectors as well as date collectors. Most exhibit subpar eye appeal and contrast compared to proofs of other years. NGC and PCGS combined report only six Ultra/Deep Cameos in all grades. The present piece is not only the sole finest of the Ultra/Deep Cameos, *it is also the only 1878 proof certified above the PR67 numeric level (11/16)*. Dazzling field-device contrast showcases needle-sharp, frost-white design elements on both sides set against black mirroring in the fields. There are no die cracks or mint-made strike-throughs, and the preservation appears virtually flawless. The captivating eye appeal stands in stark contrast to that for which the 1878 proof Shield nickel is usually known. NGC ID# 4YTB, PCGS# 93832

BUFFALO NICKELS



1916 Doubled Die Obverse Nickel, AU55 Attractive, Original, Lightly Toned

5551 1916 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, AU55 PCGS. This popular Buffalo nickel variety was first discovered in the early 1960s, though knowledge of its existence only became widespread a decade later - remarkable given the prominence of the die doubling on the date, chin, throat, and feathers. The 1916 Doubled-Die Obverse has entered the numismatic canon as arguably the most important rarity in the Buffalo nickel series since it was first included in the *Guide Book* in the late 1970s. Approximately 400 examples survive in all grades, and they are eagerly sought-after by series specialists. This is a higher-grade example that retains generous remnants of mint luster and shows light, even patina over each side. The strike definition is soft over the high points, as one would expect, but there are no mentionable abrasions on either side. Sure to be a popular coin with bidders. Population: 20 in 55, 12 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2TSS, PCGS# 145628 Base PCGS# 3931



1916 Buffalo Nickel, Lightly Toned AU58 Famous Doubled Die Obverse

5552 1916 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, AU58 PCGS. A pair of tough-to-find Buffalo nickel varieties reside within the early dates of the series that challenge the many collectors of America's most popular nickels. The 1918/7-D is a scarce *Guide Book* variety in its own right, but the 1916 Doubled Die Obverse (also a *Guide Book* variety) is rarer — especially in About Uncirculated grades and finer. Neither variety was noticed until many years after their mintage, adding greatly to both the absolute and conditional rarity of each Mint anomaly.

The present coin is a near-Mint example of the Doubled Die 1916. It displays in stunning clarity the wide spread on the date, feathers, chin, throat, and braid knot. Only the 1955 Doubled Die Obverse Lincoln cent presents an equally dramatic doubling, although many could argue the nickel is even more spectacular. It is certainly far, far rarer. Pale-gold toning warms the steel-gray surfaces on each side, with nearly full mint luster remaining across the smooth and satiny fields and motifs. A tiny scrape beneath the chin is the sole mark of note. Population: 6 in 58, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TSS, PCGS# 145628 Base PCGS# 3931



1918/7-D Buffalo Nickel, AU55 Early Die State, Lustrous Fields

5553 1918/7-D FS-101 AU55 PCGS. In the Buffalo nickel series, the only true “stoppers” to a circulated or even low-end Mint State date and mintmark collection are not the regular issues, but the major varieties. Thus, the biggest keys to the series are the 1916 Doubled Die Obverse, the 1918/7-S, and the 1937-D Three-Legged. All three of these are interesting in a different way; the 1916 Doubled Die was created with a hub-doubled working die, the 1918/7-S with a die that was hubbed with two different dates, and the 1937-D Three-Legged with a heavily worn and over-polished reverse. However, the 1918/7-S stands out from the others as a product of the famous quality control issues that plagued branch mint coinage during the later 1910s and the 1920s. It has a cousin, the 1918/7-S quarter, which is also a product of branch mint production problems. Many other Denver and San Francisco issues of this period are famous for weak strikes and worn die usage.

The present 1918/7-D nickel was struck early in the dies’ usage with no noticeable metal flowlines, but some strike weakness is seen on the central high points and on the bison’s head. Both sides display warm olive-gold toning and show little evidence of wear. Satiny luster remains in the fields, boosting the eye appeal. This is an outstanding example of one of the keys to the Buffalo nickel series. NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939



1926-S Buffalo Nickel, MS64 Low-Mintage Key

5554 1926-S MS64 PCGS. The 1926-S is a low-mintage key to the Buffalo nickel series, with only 970,000 pieces struck. Few examples were saved by contemporary collectors, making examples in MS64 condition scarce and finer example very rare. This impressive Choice example displays well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on the bison’s shoulder. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with a few hints of pale gold toning. Eye appeal is outstanding. We expect intense competition from series specialists when this lot is called. PCGS has graded 15 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 22S7, PCGS# 3959



1926-S Buffalo Nickel, MS64+ Important Condition Rarity

5555 1926-S MS64+ PCGS. The 1926-S Buffalo nickel is the only date-mintmark combination with a mintage of less than 1 million coins and it is a well-known condition rarity in the series, the key non-variety issue toward assembling a complete set. Only the 1924-S has a lower PCGS Mint State population, and then only by 24 submissions. This light gold-toned near-Gem has a better-than-average strike and satiny luster, exhibiting sky-blue toning around the devices. PCGS has only certified 10 examples of the 1926-S in MS64+, and just 15 in finer grades, all certified as MS65 (11/16). NGC ID# 22S7, PCGS# 3959



1926-S Buffalo Nickel, MS64+ Rarely Encountered Finer

5556 1926-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. A typical strike is noted on this near-Gem 1926-S nickel with weakness at the date, but with LIBERTY sharp and fully separated from the border. The reverse legend is weak opposite the date, but well-defined around the remaining border. Both sides of this lovely piece exhibit brilliant gold-toned luster with satin surfaces and minimal marks or spots. These pieces are in strong demand among Set Registry collectors and other aficionados. Only 10 examples of the 1926-S are PCGS certified in MS64+ with just 15 finer pieces. CAC: 24 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22S7, PCGS# 3959



1928-S Nickel, Lightly Toned MS66 Conditionally Rare

5557 1928-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1928-S is a better date in high grade, being genuinely scarce in MS65 and a major series rarity any finer. This Premium Gem example represents only the 20th time that we have handled a coin in this condition, including multiple reappearances of some examples. Finer representatives of the date are prohibitively rare. Strike sharpness is far above average despite slight die erosion in the fields. Both sides offer light lavender-blue and champagne toning over mostly pristine surfaces. This is a coin destined for a high-ranking Registry Set. Population: 11 in 66, 1 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22SD, PCGS# 3965



1935 Nickel, Fully Struck MS68 Among the Three Finest Certified

5558 1935 MS68 NGC. A substantial mintage of 58.2 million coins belies the extreme rarity of the 1935 Buffalo nickel in this near-immaculate state of preservation. We have previously offered one other MS68 representative, graded by PCGS, on two occasions, the last time being April 2009. It brought \$34,500, and we would not be surprised in the least to see this lot achieve a similarly strong price. Each side is brilliant and lustrous with an exceptional full strike. The mattelike surfaces appear devoid of contact, though we note one tiny fleck on the Indian's forehead. Our records indicate this to be only the third time since 1993 that an example in this grade has traded at auction. A not-to-be-missed opportunity. Census: 2 in 68 (1 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 3974

JEFFERSON NICKELS



1942-D Nickel, MS65 Full Steps FS-501, D Over Horizontal D

5559 1942-D D Over Horizontal D, FS-501, MS65 Full Steps PCGS. Apparently the best Mint employees joined the armed forces during World War II, since a sizable number of blunders occurred in 1942. Besides the 1942/1 and 1942/1-D dimes, we have the present *Guide Book* variety. The mintmark punch was initially entered rotated 90 degrees clockwise, then entered a second time with the correct alignment. The lower curve of the initial horizontal D is visible west of the primary Denver mintmark. This Gem ranks in the top tier of known examples. It is mostly brilliant with traces of medium olive-gold toning and a crisp strike. Abrasions are limited to a single diagonal line on the dome of Monticello. Population: 6 in 65 Full Steps (1 in 65+ Full Steps), 2 finer (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 4367. NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 38496 Base PCGS# 84015



1942-D Nickel, MS65 Full Steps D Over Horizontal D

5560 1942-D D Over Horizontal D, FS-501, MS65 Full Steps PCGS. CAC. This popular *Guide Book* variety is one of the chief challenges for the Registry Set collector assembling a Major Varieties collection. PCGS has attributed few Uncirculated examples, and those grading Gem or finer are decidedly rare. The *Cherrypickers'* reference calls this issue "the rarest of the major Jefferson nickel varieties in Mint State."

This Gem representative displays frosty, golden-toned mint luster that appears finer than MS65 quality to the naked eye. A loupe reveals a few trivial ticks that limit the numeric designation. The strike is sharp, and the overmintmark feature is clear under magnification. This piece is the only Full Steps FS-501 example with a CAC green label endorsement. Population: 6 in 65 Full Steps (1 in 65+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 38496 Base PCGS# 84015



1942-D Nickel, MS66 Full Steps D Over Horizontal D, FS-501

5561 1942-D D Over Horizontal D, FS-501, MS66 Full Steps PCGS. The 1942-D is considered nearly, if not equally, as scarce as the 1939-D by noted Jefferson nickel Bernard Nagengast. With the coveted D/Horizontal D mintmark, the 1942-D is the unrivaled series key issue. Together with the Full Steps designation, this Premium Gem nickel becomes an unsurpassable Registry Set coin and the capstone of a fine nickel collection.

In terms of surface quality and eye appeal, this example excels as well. Bright peach-gold toning at the margins surround the lustrous, largely untinted portrait of Jefferson. The reverse is equally lustrous with dappled peach-gold and pale-blue shades. PCGS reports just a single coin with such lofty credentials. Population: 1 in 66 Full Steps, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 38496 Base PCGS# 84015

EARLY HALF DIMES



1792 Half Disme, Judd-7, Fine 12 America's First Official Coinage

5562 1792 Half Disme, Judd-7, Pollock-7, R.4, Fine 12 PCGS. The half disme of 1792, the first official coinage issue struck after the passage of the Mint Act of 1792, was long thought to be a pattern rather than a circulating medium of exchange. After all, neither it nor the other denominations produced in that year were ever adopted. However, Edgar. H. Adams, who classified the 1792 half disme as a pattern, acknowledged in 1913 that it "could very well have been a coin of regular issue" Most researchers today agree that the coins were, indeed, intended for circulation. Thomas Jefferson's personal account book relates him traveling to his Monticello estate the day after receiving 1,500 half dismes on July 13, 1792, paying for meals and barbers with them, giving them to charity, and handing them out to children along the way. While some undoubtedly kept the half dismes as souvenirs of the new coinage, others clearly spent them.

This well-circulated stone-gray representative maintains completely visible legends around the obverse. The date is bold, and the portrait shows a full outline with partial detail remaining. The reverse legends are only partially readable, though HALF DISME and the eagle are clear. A fantastic piece of American history sure to generate excitement. NGC ID# 946T, PCGS# 11020





1792 Half Disme, Judd-7, MS66 First Circulating U.S. Mint Coinage Condition Census Example

5563 1792 Half Disme, Judd-7, Pollock-7, R.4, MS66 PCGS Secure. Ownership of a 1792 half disme in any grade is among the top accomplishments that any advanced collector of numismatic Americana can hope to achieve. It is not a stretch to say that the 1792 half disme is probably the single most important American coin issue, if not the most famed or celebrated. Fame and celebrity are reserved for 1933 double eagles, 1913 Liberty nickels, 1894-S dimes, 1804 dollars, and the like. Nonetheless, these doughty little silver pieces possess immense historical importance.

They are, simply put, the first national coinage issue of a fledgling America. They are the first coins struck under the auspices of the United States Mint (although not yet in the Mint facilities, which were unready for coinage until March 1793), and the first coins to circulate as American national coinage. Their preeminence is such that President George Washington called attention to them in his address to Congress on November 6, 1792:

“In execution of the authority given by the legislature, measures have been taken for engaging some artists from abroad to aid in the establishment of our Mint. Others have been employed at home. Provisions have been made for the requisite buildings, and these are now putting into proper condition for the purposes of the establishment. There has been a small beginning in the coinage of half dismes, the want of small coins in circulation calling the first attention to them.”

This passage not only points up the immense historicity of the 1792 half dismes, but also establishes that they were, in fact, circulation coinage, not patterns for a coinage. At the time, the Mint was administered by the State Department, not the Treasury Department as it is today. As Secretary of State, Thomas Jefferson seems to have been the man most responsible for the initial distribution of these historic pieces. His role in placing the coins into circulation has been somewhat overshadowed until now, but his private account book provides much information on the subject. For instance, Jefferson recorded in his account book for July 11, 1792, that he: “Delivd. 75 D. at the mint to be coined.” A few days later, on July 13, the account book noted: “Recd. from the mint 1500. half-dismes of the new coinage.” The coins were now available for distribution, and Jefferson lost no time in placing the new coinage into circulation.

The middle of July, 1792 was a busy time for Thomas Jefferson, as he was preparing to leave Philadelphia for his home in Virginia. In the days preceding July 13, Jefferson's account book records many transactions, almost all of which are in odd amounts and frequently denominated in English units, like pounds, shillings, and pence, rather than the American dollars and cents. In short, he was paying bills with the hodge-podge of foreign currency that was available to the average American citizen at the time. On his journey from Philadelphia to Monticello, however, Jefferson recorded many transactions that were denominated in half dismes, which he obviously paid with the coins he picked up at the Mint, just before he left. These exchanges probably mark the first time any coins from the U.S. Mint were used in circulation and show decisively that the 1792 half dismes were not produced as patterns.

Many numismatic myths have grown up about the 1792 half dismes over the years, including the 19th century story that the coins were struck from George Washington's sterling silver table service, which he donated for that purpose. Another account relates Martha Washington was the model for Liberty on the obverse. These old chestnuts have been largely debunked by researchers in recent years, but they linger in the literature and make interesting, if historically inaccurate, reading. Perhaps the most telling research on the subject is included in the 2003 *American Journal of Numismatics* article by Joel Orosz and Carl Herkowitz entitled, “The Fabled 1792 Half Dimes.” Analysis of a 19th century note found placed in a European coin book in 1943 occupies much of the article. The note reads as follows:

“In conversation with Mr. Adam Eckfeldt (Apr 9, 1844) at the Mint, he informed me that the Half Dimes above described, were struck, expressly for Gen. Washington, to the extent of One Hundred Dollars, which sum he deposited in Bullion or Coin, for the purpose. Mr. E. thinks that Gen. W. distributed them as presents. Some were sent to Europe, but the greater number, he believes, were given to friends of Gen. W. in Virginia. No more of them were ever coined. They were never designed as Currency. The Mint was not, at the time, fully ready for being put into operation. The Coining Machinery was in the cellar of Mr. Harper, saw maker, at the corner of Cherry and 6th Sts, at which place these pieces were struck.”

The note was signed simply J—Mc—. This missive was published in *The Numismatist* and the author was subsequently misidentified as Jonas R. McClintock, an officer and refiner at the Mint. Thanks to Orosz and Herkowitz, we now know the real author of the note was John McAllister, Jr., a close personal friend of Adam Eckfeldt. It is believed Eckfeldt was present at the actual striking of the 1792 half dimes, so his memories carry substantial weight. This note establishes the 1792 half dismes were not struck from tableware, but from bullion or coin, as Eckfeldt clearly states. Martha Washington was not the model for Liberty and she was not present at the striking of the coins. Although the note plays up Washington's role as the prime mover behind the coinage of the 1792 half disme, Orosz and Herkowitz note Jefferson personally delivered the planchets to the Mint, as recorded in his account book, and the struck coins were returned to his care. Undoubtedly, some coins were used as presentation pieces and have been impeccably preserved by their owners down to the present day, but the private records in Jefferson's account book establish the coins were primarily struck for circulation. The difference between the \$100 Eckfeldt reported as the amount of the original deposit, and the \$75 Jefferson indicates he turned over to the Mint in the form of planchets may have been due to wastage.

Condition Census

Many advanced collectors will be interested in capturing the present example, certified MS66 PCGS Secure. This piece should be positioned in the middle of the Condition Census for the issue. It is tied numerically with two other pieces at PCGS, and trails only two other business-strike survivors, the Pittman coin, which has traditionally been considered the second finest, and the MS68 PCGS Rittenhouse-Knoxville Collection-Cardinal Collection coin. Note: the Pittman coin has often been misidentified as the MS67 PCGS specimen in the PCGS Population Report, but recent research by Pete Smith, Len Augsburger, and Joel Orosz indicates this citation actually represents a prior grading event of the now-MS68 Cardinal Collection coin that has not been removed from the data. It is possible that the Pittman coin remains uncertified, but its place in the Condition Census is probably secure. The NGC Census shows no coin graded finer than MS65 (10/16). There is also the J.C. Morgenthau-Floyd T. Starr-Greensboro Collection example graded Specimen 67 by PCGS, the only such certified.

Physical Description

This piece is struck in medal turn. The surface colors are spectacular but perhaps a bit less blatant than the photographs would lead one to believe, gray the predominant color with some intermingled red, and blue-gray in the central portion of the obverse. The fields are bright on both sides beneath the overlying patina, the surfaces satiny and nearly semiprooflike from the apparent die polishing. This die preparation has also effaced some of the tail feathers on the eagle's lower tail area, a phenomenon seen to one degree or another on many other examples. A small, near-vertical die crack in the lower-right reverse proceeds from the top corner of the E in DISME to the underside of the eagle's right (facing) lower wing feathers. The dies are slightly misaligned, so that there is full dentilation on the obverse, yet the dentils are absent at the right and lower reverse from 2:30 to 7 o'clock. (This phenomenon also appears frequently on these pieces.) Some minor planchet adjustment marks appear on the lower obverse, crisscrossing the lower bust diagonally and into the left field area. Planchet adjustment marks occur on the reverse on the eagle's breast, between LF in HALF, and overlapping the E of DISME.

The strike on this piece is remarkably strong amid Liberty's hair details throughout the obverse, atop, in back of, in front of, and at the rear of the profile. The eagle's wing and neck feathers, save for the aforementioned areas affected by die lapping, are equally bold and sculpted. Some of the peripheral letter tops are weak on each side, although these features are likely due to the die state as well as the strike. There are simply no mentionable abrasions or post-Mint distractions on either side; the grade seems completely appropriate, given the excellent near-semiprooflike luster, extremely attractive coloration, and lack of drawbacks.

Numismatic researchers Joel Orosz, Len Augsburger, and Pete Smith recently penned a guest column in *Coin World* (September 6, 2013), calling for numismatists to send in their examples of 1792 half dismes for study. The gist of the small article was that they are working on a hypothesis that the coins were struck not in either July or October, but rather in July and October, two different striking periods with a sufficient interval between to allow some rust to form on the reverse die, producing tiny pits of die rust on the coins. The authors write that they have identified four different die states for the reverse, with substates for states 1 through 3 and a single state for 4. They intend, after further testing their hypothesis, to write a book titled *1792: Birth of a Nation's Coinage*, under the auspices of Heritage Auctions.

It goes without saying that any advanced numismatist, particularly potential bidders for this lot, will anticipate their findings with great eagerness. NGC ID# 946T, PCGS# 11020



1794 Half Dime, AU53 Very Rare V-1, LM-1 Variety Attractive Multicolor Toning

5564 1794 V-1, LM-1, R.6, AU53 NGC. CAC. The leaf tip is centered over the U, and the R in LIBERTY is mostly over the top hair curl. LM-1 is the rarest of four die pairs employed to strike 1794 half dimes. All varieties are apt to generate strong interest though, as collectors are always in search of coins that carry the famous date. Those who specialize by die variety will be all the more excited by this offering. Only 25 or so Valentine-1 representatives are believed extant.

Marvelous multicolor toning covers each side. Rings of blue and green near the central obverse merge with rose, gold, and purple hues peripherally. The reverse exhibits blended shades of the same. Well-centered and evenly struck. Evidence is circulation is minimal, as are distracting impairments.

Census (all varieties): 5 in 53, 78 finer. CAC: 2 in 53, 22 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22ZT, PCGS# 38581 Base PCGS# 4250

1795 Half Dime, V-5, LM-8, MS64+ Sharp, Mostly Prooflike Fields

5565 1795 V-5, LM-8, R.3, MS64+ PCGS. No berries under the wings. The fields are mostly prooflike with razor-sharp definition on the raised elements all but curls 1 and 2 of Liberty's hair strands. Far above-average feather details on the eagle's breast trumps the inevitable strike weakness on the left (facing) wing where it crosses the wreath. Areas of russet, blue, and deep olive-gray toning coexist with lustrous silver and golden-gray central patina.

As often seen on the early half dimes, planchet adjustment marks are not fully struck out at the left and bottom obverse border and across a portion of Liberty's portrait. The coin is struck from a middle state of the LM-8 dies, with a diagnostic die crack that travels from the Y in LIBERTY, through the face, to the 7 in the date. Traces of rainbow iridescence remain above the date. This is the sole Plus-graded MS64 example at PCGS regardless of variety. Population (all varieties): 24 in 64 (1 in 64+), 25 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 22ZV, PCGS# 38592 Base PCGS# 4251



1796 Half Dime, Sharp AU58 V-1, LM-1 'LIKERTY,' Colorfully Toned

5566 1796 LIKERTY, V-1, LM-1, R.3, AU58 PCGS. The LM-1 variety is popularly known as the "LIKERTY" obverse with the loops of the B in LIBERTY open at top and bottom, although it is an unreliable pick-up point. Some LM-1 pieces have the B closed or nearly so. Better identifiers include the letters LI in LIBERTY close together and the 1 in the date, which touches the curls. Both of those placements were adjusted on the LM-2 variety to show normal spacing. The 10,230-piece mintage was accomplished with just the two die pairs.

This LM-1 example is richly toned at the borders with bright-silver central motifs. Shades of forest-green, blue, and autumn-gold retain mint luster at the margins. The devices display a sharp strike with strong definition on Liberty's hair strands, ribbon, and drapery folds, while the eagle's breast feathers are about 60% complete. A few light marks are apparent with a loupe including a pair of shallow, hair-thin lines that intersect at the neck. The eye appeal is excellent. Population (LM-1 variety): 11 in 58, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 22ZX, PCGS# 38596 Base PCGS# 4254



1797 Half Dime, XF40 Rare V-1, LM-4 Variety Exceptional Quality for the Grade

5567 1797 13 Stars, V-1, LM-4, R.5, XF40 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. LM-4 is arguably the rarest of the four 1797 half dime varieties, rivaled only by the LM-3 die marriage. Moreover, most examples are well-circulated, with significant wear or other impairments. High-grade examples are extremely rare, making this XF representative an important opportunity for the early half dime variety student. The strike is even and boldly executed, and the level of detail over Liberty's hair curls and the eagle's body is unusually high, even for the XF grade level. Pale gunmetal-gray patina blankets the recesses, yielding to lighter tan-gray hues over the relief elements. An exceptional, eye-appealing coin for the grade, with the only discernable imperfection being a tiny rim bump at 1 o'clock on the reverse.

Early half dimes overall are sometimes encountered, but the rare varieties are seldom seen in any condition. An opportunity such as this LM-4 representative presents should not be allowed to pass by. NGC has attributed only six pieces, including two in Fine, this XF piece, two AU55 coins, and a single AU58 example (10/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 4967. NGC ID# 36PT, PCGS# 38600 Base PCGS# 4260



**1797 V-1, LM-4 Half Dime, AU53
13 Stars Obverse**

5568 1797 13 Stars, V-1, LM-4, R.5, AU53 PCGS. Struck after the 15 Stars and 16 Stars varieties, the 1797 13 Stars half dime is an elusive variety that is rarely found in a high state of preservation. PCGS has certified 31 of these in all grades, including just eight pieces that are finer than XF. This late die state piece has heavy clash marks in the obverse fields, but shows no die cracks or signs of lapping. A well-centered impression, this lovely example has sharp design definition and delicate steel-gray toning with slightly reflective fields. Population: 2 in 53, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 36PT, PCGS# 38600 Base PCGS# 4260





1802 Half Dime, Sharply Defined AU53 The Second Finest Known, V-1, LM-1 A Classic American Rarity The Eliasberg Specimen

5569 1802 V-1, LM-1, R.5, AU53 PCGS Secure. CAC. The 1802 half dime in this lot is one of the more memorable pieces of Americana that we have had the pleasure of offering. It is one of only 40 or 50 examples thought to have survived to the present day. The majority of these are in the lower levels of preservation and/or have been impaired in one way or another. This particular coin is the second finest known, and once resided in the cabinet of the legendary Louis Eliasberg, Sr., the only numismatist to have assembled a complete collection of United States coinage.

Numismatic researcher Davis Davis, in his 30-page chapter titled "History of the 1802 Half Dime" that was included in the 1998 reference of Russell Logan's and John McCloskey's *Federal Half Dimes 1792-1837*, listed 167 appearances of this issue for the nearly 140-year period between 1859 and 1998, an average of about one appearance per year. This underscores the infrequent opportunity of acquiring this numismatic rarity, especially at this grade level and with this pleasing surface condition.

Relatively few 1802 half dimes have apparently survived the ravages of time. In order to determine just how rare these coins in fact are, that is, how many have survived to the present day and the grade distribution of surviving specimens, we are using Davis's study as a base upon which to compile a preliminary population census of this important issue. To date we have documented 31 separate specimens, 13 of which are in the Poor to Very Good level of preservation, nine in Fine and Very Fine, and nine in Extremely Fine and About Uncirculated. None are currently known in mint condition. Twenty-three of the documented 31 examples (74 percent) exhibit one or more impairments. More detailed results of our research will be published in the near future.

A brief review of the numismatic background of the 1802 half dime is presented below. More background detail will appear in our upcoming publication titled *Numismatic Background and Census of 1802 Half Dimes*.

Mintage Estimates

The *Guide Book of United States Coins* (the *Red Book*), through the 1980 edition, listed 13,010 half dimes struck in fiscal year 1802. It is now known that all the half dimes manufactured that year were not necessarily dated 1802. A number likely bore the date 1801 and possibly 1803. Subsequent *Red Book* editions listed 1802-dated half dimes having a mintage of 3,060 pieces, a figure cited by Walter Breen in his article titled "Silver Coinage of the Philadelphia Mint, 1796-1916," published in *The Coin Collectors Journal*, Volume 159, 1958. The November 2012 Stack's Bowers catalog, featuring the Walter H. Childs 1802 half dime, presents a lower production figure for this issue:

"Based on the known survival rate of 3 to 5 percent of silver coins of this early Federal era, the probable mintage of the 1802 half dime is in the 500 to 1,200 pieces range, with the balance reported struck for the years either dated 1801 or 1803."

We suggest an even lower mintage of about 1,000 pieces. A four or five percent survival rate would then put the extant population in the 40 to 50 range, more or less in line with current estimates.

Die Marriage Diagnostics

Only one die pair was used to strike all known 1802 half dimes. D.W. Valentine in his 1931 reference titled *The United States Half Dimes* describes this marriage as V-1, and Russell Logan and John McCloskey (1998) list it as LM-1. The latter authors also describe an obverse and a reverse die state. These diagnostics, which are significant in authenticating genuine 1802 half dimes, will be listed in our forthcoming publication.

Strike Variability

All known 1802 half dimes exhibit variations in design detail. Slight weakness is visible on the stars along the left obverse border, and some of the drapery lines are not sharply defined. The reverse, on the other hand, illustrates pronounced areas of weakness, along with some sharply defined design elements. Some of these include:

- Absence of the left part of cloud 4, and weakness in the remainder of the cloud.
- Absence of three of the 13 stars above the eagle.
- Absence of URIB on the scroll (though these letters show weakly on some XF and AU examples).
- Boldness of UNUM on most coins grading VG and finer.
- Weakness on the central horizontal stripes on the upper shield.

Virtually all known 1802 half dimes display these strike irregularities and consequently need to be considered when grading examples of this issue.

Rarity Estimates

Modern-day numismatists differ on the estimated number of 1802 half dimes that have survived to the present day. Walter Breen, in his 1988 *Encyclopedia of U.S. and Colonial Coins*, cites coin dealer James G. MacAllister who in 1935 claimed “he could trace 35, mostly in the Poor to VG range.” Breen goes on to say: “Nobody has attempted a more recent comprehensive head count, but the probable number is somewhere between 35 and 45.” Logan and McCloskey (1998), on the other hand, are doubtful of Breen’s estimate. Their contention is that “not more than 35 genuine specimens of this date could be traced today.” The emphasis that these authors place on *genuine* examples is significant, opining that “modern numismatists are cognizant of counterfeit pieces made during the 19th century by altering the date of other Heraldic Eagle half dimes.” Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth in their 2015 reference *100 Greatest U.S. Coins* estimate that 40 or 50 1802 half dimes have survived. Numismatic researcher and author Greg Reynolds, on the other hand, says of this issue in a recent (2012) *CoinWeek.com* post: “I am not convinced that even thirty-one survive.”

The Heritage Auctions database, developed in 1993 to show offerings of U.S. coins by major American auction companies (some coins that were auctioned prior to 1993 are also listed on the database), reports 36 1802 half dime appearances. We have determined that 21 of these are distinctly separate examples. The PCGS website estimates that 35 1802 half dimes are extant. This service lists 12 submissions grading from AG3 to AU55 (the two AU55 pieces reported actually represent the same coin) . NGC shows two submissions, both AU50.

Description of the Eliasberg Coin

Attractive cobalt-blue, lavender, and soft golden-gray toning adorns both sides. The design elements are sharply defined for the issue, showing only the expected weakness in the areas alluded to above. Liberty’s hair is especially strong as are the right-side stars and dentils. The horizontal and vertical shield lines, the eagle’s wing and tail feathers, and the stars are better defined than typically seen; even star 4 reveals a modicum of detail. The surfaces of each side are remarkably clean. A minute, as-made planchet void beneath Liberty’s chin, a faint linear mark on the chin, and a nearly imperceptible diagonal () pinscratch on the upper shield are mentioned solely for identification purposes. This is a beautiful, impairment-free coin that will form the centerpiece of an early half dime collection.

Ex: *U.S. Coin Co. (4/1917), lot 215; Empire Collection (Stack’s, 11/1957), lot 628; Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 5/1996), lot 903.* .

Note: Davis lists this coin pedigreeing to the William M. Freisner Collection (Edouard Frossard, 6/1894), lot 478, that sold to J.M. Clapp, 1942, to Eliasberg. This is likely incorrect as the Frossard description states: “Very good. Circulated while in slightly bent condition rubbing off two stars to left ... three nicks on breast.” In other words, the more worn and impaired Freisner piece sold to Clapp does not match the present Eliasberg example. NGC ID# 2328, PCGS# 38607 Base PCGS# 4268

SEATED HALF DIME



1856 Seated Liberty Half Dime, MS68 Tied for Finest Certified

5570 1856 MS68 PCGS. CAC. V-8. Fantastic eye appeal on essentially mark-free surfaces is the hallmark of this stunning Superb Gem 1856 half dime. Cream-white interiors cede to peripheral cinnamon, medium blue, and amber-gold patina near the rims. Several different Valentine varieties constitute this mintage exceeding 4.8 million pieces, minor variations of date placement, shape of the flag on the 5, and open/closed 6. While of interest to specialists, in such a high grade level as this piece, those differences count for little. This piece is the sole finest certified at PCGS, with one coin graded at this level also by NGC (11/16). NGC ID# 233P, PCGS# 4363

PROOF SEATED HALF DIME



1837 Seated Liberty Half Dime, PR65 Short-Lived No Stars Type Coin

5571 1837 No Stars PR65 NGC. Ex: Eliasberg. V-1, Large Date (Slant Top 1, Script 8). The Seated Liberty design replaced the Capped Bust motif on half dimes partway through the year in 1837. Stars were added to the obverse in 1838 (except for the 1838-O), making the 1837 No Stars Seated Liberty dime an extremely popular two-year type issue. Walter Breen estimates only 20-plus proof examples of the 1837 No Stars dime were struck. Accordingly, the issue is very rare in all grades today. The present coin is a delightful Gem, with sharply detailed design elements throughout and repunching evident on all numerals in the date. The fields are reflective and the surfaces are well-preserved, with only a few minor hairlines, under shades of bluish-gray and golden-tan toning. Census: 2 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2355, PCGS# 4407

EARLY DIMES



1796 Dime, AU50
Rare JR-3 Die Marriage
Excellent Color and Detail

5572 1796 JR-3, R.5, AU50 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. JR-3 is one of the rarest 1796 dime varieties, and is especially challenging in high grades; a few Mint State pieces are known, but are prohibitively rare. This AU representative is in an intermediate die state, heavily cracked on the reverse near the first T in STATES, but not to the extent seen on later stages of this marriage. The strike is boldly executed, with remarkably strong definition along the upper obverse and lower reverse periphery, which is often weak on this issue. The central elements retain sharp details, with areas of gold and olive highlighting iridescent lavender-gray patina overall. A small planchet cut at 7 o'clock on the reverse is characteristic of many examples of this issue, caused by a piece of metal adhering to the die face; this mint-made striking anomaly should not be mistaken for post-mint damage. NGC ID# 236B, PCGS# 38744 Base PCGS# 4461



1797 JR-2 Dime, MS62
Condition Census

5573 1797 13 Stars, JR-2, R.4, MS62 PCGS Secure. A *Bust Dime Identification Guide* by authors Winston Zack, Louis Scuderi, and Michael Sherrill was published last year, and the guide is extraordinarily useful for collectors, providing up-to-date information on all of the individual varieties. For example, the authors note that "as few as three JR-2 dimes are thought to exist in MS condition."

This lovely Uncirculated example exhibits splashes of blue and iridescent toning on its satin surfaces with excellent design definition. The stars, hair, drapery, and feathers are all boldly defined. An exceptional type coin, but more likely headed to a specialized variety collection. NGC ID# 236D, PCGS# 38749 Base PCGS# 4463



1798/97 Draped Bust Dime
Attractive MS64
JR-1, 16 Stars Reverse

5574 1798/97 16 Stars Reverse, JR-1, R.3, MS64 PCGS. The diecutter obliged with several defining characteristics for this near-Gem early dime, most notably 16 field stars squeezed into the field above the eagle's head. The reverse die was utilized for 1797-dated quarter eagles as well. The overdate is clearly visible with a Small 8 punched high over the Large 7 underdigit, leaving the long tail of the 7 in plain sight. Stars 3 and 4 nearly meet point-to-point, as do stars 6 and 7.

As usual, die clashing is visible on both sides although not as heavy as sometimes seen. The obverse stars sharp except for three or four with partial incompleteness. Aquamarine and bluish-gray toning deepens at the margins on both sides of this softly lustrous, visually pleasing example. Few abrasions are seen anywhere on the frosty surfaces, although there are some Mint-related adjustment marks across the shield. Population (for the variety): 7 in 64, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 236F, PCGS# 38750 Base PCGS# 4468



1807 Dime, JR-1, MS64
Late Die State, Brilliant and Frosty

5575 1807 JR-1, R.2, MS64 PCGS. The dies were pushed to their limits during the last year of the Draped Bust, Heraldic Eagle design, when a single die pair squeezed out the mintage of 165,000 pieces. No dimes were struck the following year, and 1809 brought the debut of the Capped Bust design. JR-1 was the sole 1807 die marriage, shown here in a worn state of the dies with heavy die clashing on the obverse, with severe bulges from die fatigue.

This brilliant and frosty piece provides a clear view of the worn state of the dies. The left-side stars are weak, while UNITED fades into the edge. The left-side milling is partially gone on both sides of the coin. In contrast, many of the central elements are sharply struck. Although the 1807 dime regularly appears in well-circulated grades, near-Gem coins are scarce and Gems are great rarities. The date sees strong demand from early type set specialists and date collectors alike. NGC ID# 236T, PCGS# 38770 Base PCGS# 4480

BUST DIMES



1822 Dime, JR-1, MS64 Prooflike Sole Prooflike Known to NGC

5576 1822 JR-1, R.4, MS64 Prooflike NGC. Despite the existence of several Mint State examples, the 1822 is a rare date in any grade above VG or so, and most examples tend to stay in collectors' hands for a long, long time. The reported mintage of 100,000 pieces seems drastically overstated. The Zack, Scuderi, and Sherrill reference suggests only a fourth of that number is a more likely mintage, with other deliveries for the year possibly consisting of 1821-dated coins.

Clearly, the most compelling feature of the coin is its prooflike fields. And they are deeply reflective. While this piece should not be confused with the three proofs that are believed known, the glassy fields are reminiscent of a proof. There is a slight presence of mint frost surrounding the devices on each side. The motifs display a sharp strike with considerable luster that gives the piece pronounced field-to-device contrast. Almost brilliant, each side shows just a hint of light golden patina that deepens slightly around the margins. Acquisition of this splendid Prooflike piece will be a coup for any advanced collector and one that may, in hindsight, prove remarkably astute. Census: 1 in 64 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 236Z, PCGS# 38801 Base PCGS# 4497



1829 JR-10 Dime, VF30 Rare Curl Base 2 Variant

5577 1829 Curl Base 2, JR-10, FS-301, R.5, VF30 PCGS. The base of the 2 is distinctly curved on this obverse die that is known in combination with a single reverse, and only about 50 examples are known from the die marriage, mostly in VG and lower grades. John McCloskey is credited with the discovery of the Curl Base 2 in 1973. The finest known example grades at the top of the VF range, and just five other lower level Very Fine coins are thought to exist, including the present piece that is a recent discovery. Rich blue and steel toning in the fields accents the light gray devices of this pleasing piece. Both sides show trivial handling marks that are consistent with the grade. This is an extremely important offering for the advanced Capped Bust dime collector. NGC ID# 9BHH, PCGS# 38836 Base PCGS# 4512

PROOF BUST DIMES

**1829 JR-3 Dime, PR65
Very Rare in Proof Format**

5578 1829 Small 10C PR65 NGC. JR-3, R.8 as a Proof. An impressive proof Gem that boasts reflective fields, an intricate strike, and attractive light to medium golden-brown toning. The peripheries offer glimpses of navy-blue, plum-red, and steel-gray. The JR-3 dies are readily attributed by the double dentil below the 1 in the date.

An important offering of a date rarely encountered in proof format. Our online archives, which begin in 1993, show only a single prior appearance of a proof 1829 dime in a Heritage auction: an uncertified JR-3 example as lot 5678 in our August 2001 Atlanta Signature. Very few other certified proof 1829 dimes have appeared in auction, including a JR-7 dime pedigreed to the Eliasberg Collection. A number of uncertified dimes have been sold as proofs over the years, but many (if not most) of those pieces were prooflike business strikes. Census: 1 in 62, 1 in 63, 1 in 65, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. PCGS# 4548





1831 JR-2 Dime, Splendid PR66 Cameo Original Patina and Excellent Contrast Finest at NGC

5579 1831 Type 2, Small Dentils, JR-2 PR66 Cameo NGC. The JR-2 and JR-4 die pairings were both used to produce business strikes and, in much smaller quantities, proofs. The *Early United States Dimes 1796-1837* reference is a joint effort among five authors known more colloquially as the “dime book” or the “JR book,” and it points out that at least three proofs have been seen from this die pairing. No quantity is given for the 1831 JR-4, merely the statement that “proof specimens were struck from this pair of dies.” Those figures hardly square up with the total of 29 proofs certified in all grades between NGC and PCGS combined, but we would submit that those totals almost certainly include numerous resubmissions and crossovers. The PCGS CoinFacts website estimates that 15 to 20 true proofs are known.

The JR-2 die pairing is easily attributed. Star 7 is close to the cap and points to the headband center, and star 3 points between denticles. Stars 10 and 11 are close. Star 13 is close to the curl. On the reverse, the scroll begins under the space between ED and ends left of the center of the M. IT are close, and the upper serif of the D is recut to the left. The second T in STATES is above the E following. A minor design change in 1831 switched to three pale gules. Hyphenating this makes it clearer — “three-pale gules” — and translating it into “three-line stripes” makes it clearer still. The previous dimes had two-line vertical shield stripes, or two-pale gules.

This is a no-questions proof striking, with no evidence of die flow lines or incompletely polished areas in between the shield stripes or other areas that might indicate a prooflike business strike. The field luster is complete and the central devices fully frosted, despite a moderate layer of lovely pinkish-blue original patina that evenly covers both sides. A splendid, fully struck early proof. NGC has certified 11 non-Cameo 1831 dimes, including one in PR66 and 2 in PR67, but this is the only PR66 Cameo at NGC supported by one in PR65 Cameo (11/16). PCGS# 519159 Base PCGS# 84553

SEATED DIMES



**1865-S Seated Dime, MS64
Finest at NGC**

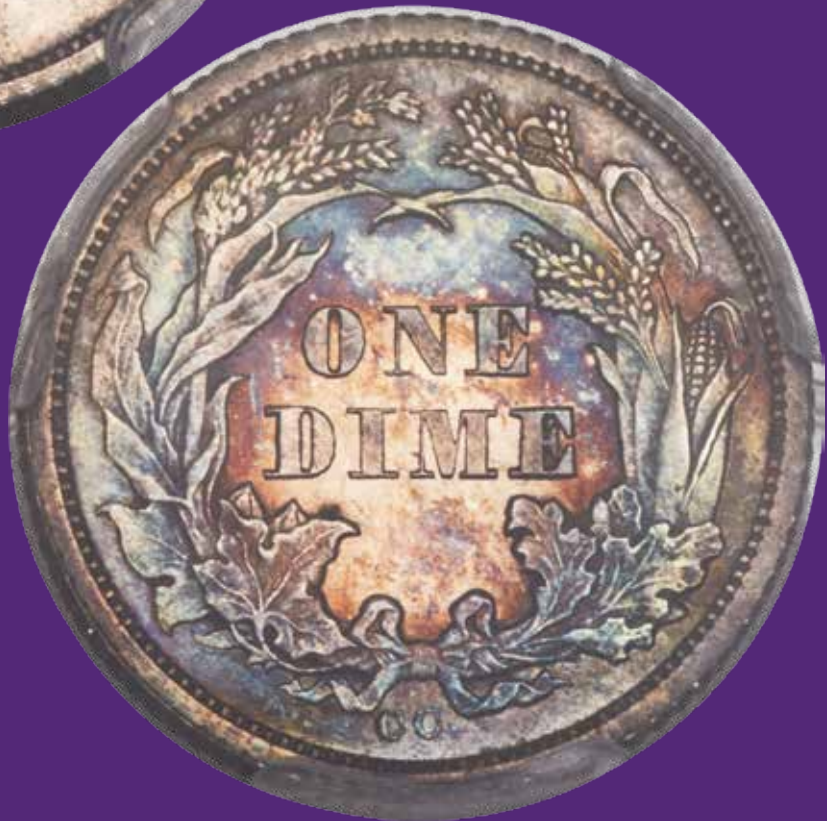
5580 1865-S MS64 NGC. Extensive circulation, exportation, and melting explain the incredible rarity of this issue in Uncirculated condition, given as High R.7. Only eight examples survive in Mint State from a mintage of 175,000 coins. Such pieces are highly prized and rarely appear at auction.

The issue is notorious for strike softness on Liberty's head and the lower wreath, evident even on this Choice example. Apart from the typical incompleteness, the remaining design features, including the upper wreath, are well-detailed. Mottled crimson, olive, and golden-tan hues intermingle with areas of brilliance. The coin is lightly abraded for the grade with no singularly distracting marks. Given the extreme Mint State rarity, we expect Seated dime specialists to quickly seize this opportunity. Census: 1 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239R, PCGS# 4642



**1867 F-102 Dime, Superb Gem
Only 6,000 Pieces Struck**

5581 1867 F-102, R.5, MS67 PCGS. CAC. Fortin-102 is the sole die marriage struck for commerce. Only 6,000 pieces were struck, a token production since Gresham's Law and fractional currency drove dimes out of commerce. This is a brilliant, prooflike, and virtually pristine Superb Gem. The dies clashed early during Fortin-102 coinage. They were then removed from service, lapped, and returned to the press. The fields exhibit vertical die lines, as made, and are highly reflective. Despite the lapping, clash marks remain evident on the obverse, especially near Liberty's left (facing) elbow. Population: 4 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 5 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 239U, PCGS# 538218 Base PCGS# 4645



1871-CC Seated Dime, MS65 Sole Finest Example of This Key Date The Stack-Gardner Coin

5582 1871-CC F-101, R.4, MS65 PCGS Secure. Dimes were struck for the first time at the Carson City Mint in 1871, when a modest mintage of 20,100 pieces was accomplished. Because there was no interest in collecting branch mint issues at that time, it is unlikely that any high-quality examples were saved for numismatic purposes. As a result, only a few Mint State coins survive today and the 1871-CC is one of the major keys to the Seated dime series. On the PCGS CoinFacts website, Ron Guth notes:

“The 1871-CC Dime is one of the stars of the Carson City coins, primarily because of its inherent rarity and the paucity of Mint State examples. After some confusion about crossovers, resubmissions, etc. a clear picture has emerged of the members of the Mint State ‘club’ and it shows that there are, at best, five Uncirculated 1871-CC Dimes. The best is the NGC MS65 from the Eugene Gardner Collection that sold recently for a record price of \$270,250.”

The coin offered here is the Gardner example Ron Guth refers to above. It is likely this piece was the coin offered to Stack’s by B.G. Johnson in a July 21, 1943-dated invoice, where it was described as, “1871-CC Mint, Bril. proof and of the most excessive rarity in this condition.” The invoice is marked “AUG 27 PAID.” Prominent collector James Stack (no relation to the coin firm, but a good customer of theirs) acquired the coin at an early date and preserved it in his collection, which was only dispersed long after his death in several sales by the Stack’s firm. The 1871-CC dime was offered in their January 1990 offering as lot 146:

“**1871’CC’ Gem Brilliant Uncirculated.** A wholly prooflike example, sharply struck and cameolike. In fact, without looking for the mintmark, one could easily be lulled into thinking it a Proof! The coin has beautiful light to medium iridescent toning. This cataloguer described the example in our Holmes Sale in 1960 (the only other Mint State example known) and in his opinion, the present coin is more beautiful. A great rarity in extraordinary condition, all of the ingredients for a record price.”

In fact, the uncertified James A. Stack coin did realize a record price for the time (and in a notably weak coin market overall, which had largely tanked in the second half of 1989), bringing in a healthy \$50,600. It has changed hands infrequently since then, most notably appearing in the fabulous collection of Gene Gardner in October 2014, as noted by Ron Guth above. We have compiled a roster of recent appearances of Mint State specimens of the 1871-CC dime below.

The present coin is a spectacular Gem with incredible eye appeal to match its highest available technical quality and absolute rarity. The reflective surfaces are prooflike throughout — a trait often seen on the few Mint State 1871-CC dimes known — and highly reflective under a layer of lovely pink and blue patina on both sides. The strike is quite sharp on all details front and back, and even a loupe reveals no mentionable distractions. We expect intense competition from series specialists when this lot is called. Population: 1 in 65, 0 finer (11/16).

Recent Appearances of Mint State 1871-CC Dimes

Given likely duplications in certified population data, there may be as few as four or five Mint State examples known. The following roster was compiled with the help of Ron Guth, President PCGS CoinFacts.

1. NGC MS65. James A. Stack, Sr.; James A. Stack, Sr. Collection (Stack’s, 1/1990), lot 146; Pre-Long Beach Sale (Superior, 2/2003), lot 1358 (as NGC MS65), not sold; Baltimore Auction (Bowers & Merena, 3/2005), lot 443 (as NGC MS65), realized \$230,000; Eugene Gardner Collection (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98271 (as NGC MS65 1664785-001), realized \$270,250; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2016), lot 4576 (as NGC SP65), not sold. **The present coin.**

2. PCGS MS63. Harold M. Budd, Sr.; Numismatic Gallery (Abe Kosoff and Abner Kreisberg); Imperial Coin Company (Ben Stack), sold privately on 7/29/1954; Norweb Collection (Bowers & Merena, 10/1987), lot 529, realized \$12,100; Auction ‘88 (RARCOA, 7/1988), lot 1630; Waldo E. “Pat” Bolen, Jr. Collection; Numisma ‘95 (Stack’s/RARCOA/Akers, 11/1995), lot 2134 (as Raw Gem Uncirculated), realized \$34,100; Kennywood Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 1/2005), lot 373 (as PCGS MS62), realized \$75,900; Rusty Goe, sold privately in 1/2005; Battle Born Collection (Stack’s Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11102 (as PCGS MS63), realized \$97,750.

3. PCGS MS62. Metropolitan New York Convention Sale (NERCA, 3/1977), lot 115; Lovejoy Collection (Stack’s, 10/1990), lot 370; Baltimore Auction (Bowers & Merena, 3/2005), lot 444, realized \$51,750; Los Angeles Signature (Heritage 7/2009), lot 1068 (as NGC MS62 1969967-007), realized \$46,000; Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2009), lot 394 (as NGC MS62 1969967-007), not sold; Boston ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3084 (as NGC MS62 1969967-007), not sold; Sunday Internet Auction (Heritage, 2/2011), bought in; Pre-Long Beach Sale (Goldbergs, 6/2014), lot 340 (as PCGS MS62), realized \$82,250.

4. NGC MS61. FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 129 (as NGC MS61 303573-011), not sold; Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 3/2006), lot 450 (as NGC MS61 303573-011), realized \$46,000; Old West and Franklinton Collections (American Numismatic Rarities, 8/2006), lot 323 (as NGC MS61), realized \$49,450; Tuesday Internet Coin Auction (Heritage, 10/2006), lot 13415 (as NGC MS61 303573-011), not sold; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 872 (as NGC MS61 303573-011), realized \$48,875.

5. NGC MS61. Genoa Mill Collection / Chicago ANA (Stack’s Bowers, 8/2015), lot 10063, realized \$30,550.

6. BU. Milton Holmes Collection (Stack’s, 10/1960), lot 2782; Krugjohann II (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1976), lot 57. NGC ID# 23A5, PCGS# 538268 Base PCGS# 4654



**1872-S Dime, Smooth MS65
One of Three Finest Certified
Rare in All Grades, Ex: Eliasberg, Gardner**

5583 1872-S F-101, R.3, MS65 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Eliasberg. This is a rare issue in Mint State. It is likely that most of the 190,000 pieces produced saw extensive circulation on the frontier, although some examples may have been melted in the aftermath of the Mint Act of February 12, 1873. The Eliasberg coin is, in the words of its former owner Gene Gardner, "A real numismatic treasure." In the Eliasberg catalog it was believed to be the finest known, although it is now tied at the top of the Condition Census with the Simpson coin and another piece at NGC (11/16), all of which have been approved by CAC. Nicely frosted throughout, the surfaces are dusted in lilac-gray iridescence. The slight unevenness of strike over the reverse wreath is characteristic of many 1872-S dimes. The surfaces are uncommonly smooth for the issue and the designated grade. Housed in a green label holder.

Ex: Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 5/1996), lot 1196; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 10/2001), lot 5986; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98246; Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2016), lot 3804. PCGS# 538287 Base PCGS# 4658

PROOF SEATED DIMES



1837 No Stars Seated Liberty Dime, PR66
Sought-After Two-Year Type Issue
Only One Finer Certified

5584 1837 No Stars, Large Date, F-101, R.7, PR66 NGC. Chief Engraver William Kneass suffered a stroke before he could finalize the design for the Seated Liberty motif, which replaced the Capped Bust design on U.S. silver coinage in the late 1830s. The talented Christian Gobrecht took over the project and completed the design, based on earlier contributions from Kneass, Thomas Sully, and Titian Peale. The Seated Liberty obverse design appeared first on the famous Gobrecht dollars in 1836, followed by the dime and half dime in 1837, the quarter in 1838, and finally, the half dollar in 1839. Gobrecht's initial obverse design was a masterpiece of simplistic beauty, with no stars around the border, giving the coin an uncluttered, medallion look that creates intense aesthetic appeal. Thanks to its simplicity, the entire design could be engraved into the hub, leaving only the date logotype to be punched in by hand. Among dime issue, the No Stars obverse was used only on the 1837 and 1838-O emissions. Accordingly, the No Stars obverse is always in demand as an important two-year type issue.

Walter Breen notes 30 proof Seated Liberty dimes were struck on June 30, 1837, to serve as presentation pieces to demonstrate the new design to Treasury officials and other VIPs. The proofs show a diagnostic small tine of metal from the dentils above the first T in STATES and a diagonal die scratch through (STAT)ES and O(F). The No Stars design was a favorite of early numismatists, and the proofs apparently started appearing at auction at least as early as lot 162 of the J.N.T. Leveck Collection (Edward Cogan, 12/1859), "1837 Dime, no stars, fine proof." The lot realized \$.75, a strong price at the time. More recent records include the \$97,750 brought by the PR67 NGC example in the Pre-Long Beach Auction (Ira and Larry Goldberg, 9/2007).

The coin offered here is a delightful Premium Gem with sharply detailed design elements and reflective fields, under medium-intensity shades of jade-gold and cobalt-blue toning. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is outstanding. The 1837 No Stars Seated Liberty dime is extremely rare at the PR66 grade level, and only one coin has been certified finer at either of the leading grading services. Census: 1 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 538978 Base PCGS# 4718

BARBER DIMES



1895-O Barber Dime, MS64

Cornerstone for an Advanced Collection

5585 1895-O MS64 PCGS. The 1895-O has the well-deserved reputation as the key issue to the Barber dime series, excepting the nearly unobtainable 1894-S. Choice Uncirculated or finer pieces are scarce and tightly held when obtained, making this New Orleans issue a stopper in both circulated and Uncirculated grades. Just 440,000 pieces were struck.

The present coin is album-toned in steel-blue and gunmetal-gray shades with faint reddish-gold accents. Mint luster radiates from the smooth and satiny surfaces. The fields and devices are nearly mark-free save for a tiny tick high on the cheekbone, perhaps the only grade-limiting factor, because the strike is uncompromisingly sharp on both sides. An opportunity beckons for the Barber dime specialist. Population: 8 in 64, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807



Mint Engraver Charles Barber



1895-O Barber Dime, MS67 The Sole Finest Survivor

5586 1895-O MS67 PCGS. The Barber dime series is more easily completed than are the quarters and halves, as there are few issues that could be termed “stoppers.” Aside from the 1894-S, which was not a regular production issue, the only other major key is the 1895-O. This issue had a limited mintage of just 440,000 pieces, and also experienced a significantly higher attrition rate than did other low-mintage dates from this period. The scant production was largely a result of reduced commercial demand for new dimes, brought about by an economic depression in the mid-1890s. Those pieces that were struck circulated extensively in the South. As a result, the 1895-O dime’s availability is remarkably similar to that of the 1927-S quarter: It is obtainable in the lower circulated grades, but becomes scarce in the XF to AU range and is a major series rarity in Mint State.

The certified population of Mint State survivors is limited; PCGS and NGC combined has seen only 64 submissions in all Uncirculated grades, including an unknown number of resubmissions. The present example ranks as the sole finest; it is the only MS67 reported by PCGS and NGC combined (10/16). The design elements are razor-sharp, unusually so for a New Orleans issue, and are illuminated by thick, frosty mint luster. Blended aquamarine, mint-gold, and pale rose toning spread over both sides, while portions of the fields also exhibit a faint dappling of olive color. A truly stellar example of the one of the biggest keys in the Barber dime series, destined for top-rated Registry Set. NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807

MERCURY DIMES



1916-D Mercury Dime, MS66 Full Bands Elusive Key Issue, First Year of Design

5587 1916-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS. From a memorably low first-year mintage of 264,000 pieces, the 1916-D Mercury dime has been the acknowledged key to the series since the 1930s. Despite generous productions of the denomination at the Philadelphia and San Francisco facilities in 1916, the Denver Mint only coined dimes during November of that year. After November 24, all resources at the Western mint were allocated to producing quarter dollars, because a shortage of those coins had developed after the opening of World War I. Since the pending Standing Liberty quarter design was not prepared for mass coinage until December — and then only at the Philadelphia Mint — the quarters struck at Denver in late 1916 were of the old Barber design. Quarter production at Denver in 1916 topped 6.5 million coins, the highest coinage of the denomination at that facility since its opening a decade earlier.

Leading up to the design changes of 1916, the Denver Mint coined dimes at a much more aggressive annual rate than any of the other silver denominations. Strong eight-figure mintages in 1911, '12, and '14 supplied commercial demand in 1915, when no dimes were coined at that facility. The 1916-D Mercury was thus the first dime issue struck at that mint in nearly two years. Then in 1917, and extending onward until 1922, dime production in Denver was again a staple of that mint's annual operations. Thus, the 1916-D Mercury dime is something of an anomaly in the D-mint series: a low-mintage key, produced not by a lack of demand for the denomination, as is usually the case, but *despite* commercial demand.

Many examples of Adolph Weinman's popular new design were saved for their novelty value, but this preserved mainly Philadelphia and San Francisco coins. High-grade examples of the low-mintage Denver issue are far rarer than those of the other two mints. The last MS66 Full Bands PCGS coin that we handled was in our February 2015 PNG Invitational Signature sale, lot 3065, which realized \$94,000 in a first generation holder — a record price for the grade. This delightful Premium Gem is equally sharp and well-preserved and showcases frosty, glowing mint luster with a hint of light champagne toning. Full split bands on the fascies are a rarely seen hallmark at this grade level, and this coin also boasts strong peripheral definition. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 24 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Bands, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4907



1919-D Dime, MS65 Full Bands An Important Strike Rarity

5588 1919-D MS65 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. The typical 1919-D Mercury dime was rather indistinctly struck, lacking sharp details. Because of that, coins with Full Split Bands are rare and highly popular with collectors. The key to selection of an appropriate example is the split between the two horizontal bands at the center of the fasces. It is imperative that the division is complete and unbroken, as it is on this Gem. Both sides exhibit delicate champagne toning over frosty luster, creating excellent eye appeal. The 1919-D is a major rarity this fine, and CAC-endorsed coins in this and finer condition are extremely rare. Population: 17 in 65 Full Bands, 5 finer. CAC: 1 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23H9, PCGS# 4925



1942/1-D Mercury Dime, MS64 Full Bands Popular *Guide Book* Variety, FS-101

5589 1942/1-D FS-101 MS64 Full Bands PCGS. CAC. The 1942/1-D Mercury dime is a dual-hubbing variety doubled die overdate, with the doubling strongest on the 4 in the date. The motto IN GOD WE TRUST is lightly doubled, as well, and the remnants of an undertype 1 are clearly visible below the final digit in the date. The 1942/1-D has been a popular *Guide Book* variety since 1970, and examples command high premiums whenever one is offered.

The present coin is an impressive Choice specimen, with sharply detailed design elements and fully split and rounded bands on the fasces. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster from both sides, and subtle hints of pale gold toning add to the outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 23K6, PCGS# 145476 Base PCGS# 5041

PROOF ROOSEVELT DIMES



1968 No S Dime, PR67 First of the 'No S' Errors

5590 1968 No S, FS-501, PR67 PCGS. In 1968, after a three-year moratorium, mintmarks returned to coinage. It also was the first year of the "S" for San Francisco on proofs, and in a classic bit of first-timer trouble, a small number of dimes were struck without the S. This Superb Gem proof specimen of the first "No S" error recognized in U.S. coinage history has little toning on the obverse but a faint layer of green-gold across the reverse. Contrast between fields and devices is minor, but between the solid preservation and the gleaming mirrors, this coin has winning eye appeal. Population: 8 in 67, 12 finer (11/16).

From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 395116 Base PCGS# 5245



Extremely Rare 1968 No S Roosevelt Dime PR68 Cameo, Single Finest at NGC

5591 1968 No S, FS-501, PR68 Cameo NGC. The year 1968 was one of transition at the U.S. Mint, as proof coinage resumed for the first time since 1964. (The 1965-67 Special Mint Sets satisfied few collectors of proof coins.) The job of proof coinage was transferred in 1968 from Philadelphia to the San Francisco Mint. Among the proof dies manufactured in Philadelphia and shipped to San Francisco was one which inadvertently omitted the S mintmark, and that die was used to produce a small quantity of proof dimes.

The resulting 1968 No S dimes were the first of several such mistakes, a blunder that recurred on proof Roosevelt dimes in 1970, 1975, and 1983. The 1968 No S dimes are the first and among the rarest (behind the 1975 No S dimes). The *Cherrypickers' Guide* rates them at URS-5, or nine to 16 pieces existing.

This piece in PR68 Cameo is the single finest certified at NGC, and the only other piece graded at that service is a PR67 Cameo (1/11). The deeply mirrored fields contrast noticeably with the fully struck, frosty devices. The brilliant surfaces display a light overlay of pale reddish patina. A tiny patch of porosity above the I in DIME is consistent with the grade.

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2010), lot 2072. PCGS# 395117 Base PCGS# 85245



**1983 No S Dime, PR70 Deep Cameo
Extremely Rare So Fine**

5592 1983 No S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Proof San Francisco coins missing their S mintmarks form a challenging collecting pursuit, particularly for the Registry Set enthusiast for whom quality plays a much more significant factor than it may for the general collecting populace. The 1983 No S proof dime is ranked 36th in Schechter and Garrett's *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins*. The variety is scarce in all grades but is usually obtainable in PR68 and PR69 Deep Cameo. PR70 Deep Cameos, however, are extremely rare. This piece is tied with three others as the finest at PCGS (11/16). The strike is full, and each side displays flawless, untuned cameo contrast. The depth of mirroring in the fields is reminiscent of a crystal pond. This is a condition rarity that should draw substantial bidder interest. NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 95265



EARLY QUARTERS



1796 Quarter Dollar, Well-Detailed XF45 B-2, Key One-Year Type Coin

5593 1796 B-2, R.3, XF45 PCGS. Tompkins Obverse Die State 2, showing part of the hair curl behind star 1 lapped away. This is an example of the B-2 or High 6 die variety, seen more often than the B-1 or Low 6 variety. Star 15 is also farther away from the bust tip on the B-2 variety. The common reverse shows from its die state that the B-2 coins were struck before the B-1 variety, likely in a ratio of about 2:1.

The 1796 Draped Bust Small Eagle quarter dollar, a one-year design type, is one of the keys to the completion of a type collection of United States coinage. Indeed, it is often missing from even advanced collections. The present Choice XF offering is a wonderful opportunity to acquire a mostly lightly toned example of this classic American type coin. Both sides display attractively toned light dove-gray centers bounded by darker slate-gray borders with a mere whisper of golden-tan patina over the high points. A couple of insignificant ticks appear in the obverse field before Liberty's nose, and two or three more on the left (facing) breast. These are mentioned only because they help to pedigree the coin. Considerable detail remains on the design elements, including Liberty's hair, eye, and drapery, the eagle's wing and tail feathers and claws, and the clouds. The dentils are strong over each side and the devices are well-centered on the planchet. No adjustment marks are evident. This piece will be an excellent addition to a high-grade type collection, and as such is well worth a generous bid. NGC ID# 23RA, PCGS# 38920 Base PCGS# 5310



1796 B-2 Quarter, AU Details Rare Introductory Silver Type

5594 1796 B-2, R.3 — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Tompkins Die State I/I. The Draped Bust, Small Eagle quarter ranks among the rarest silver types. It was struck only with a 1796 date, from two die marriages. 1796 was also the first year of the quarter denomination; no more would be coined until 1804, when silver dollar production came to a halt. This briefly circulated B-2 1796 quarter has glossy olive-green surfaces. No marks are apparent on the fields or portrait, presumably due to careful smoothing. A few thin marks outline the right-side leaves, and a leaf tip near the D in UNITED shows a defect. NGC ID# 23RA, PCGS# 38920 Base PCGS# 5310





**1796 Quarter, B-2, AU58
Inaugural One-Year Type
Widely Sought in All Grades**

5595 1796 B-2, R.3, AU58 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Coinage at the United States Mint in 1796 was largely limited to copper denominations (primarily the cent), and those silver denominations requested by private depositors (mostly dollars). Quarter production saw its inaugural coinage in 1796, but the number of pieces struck was limited to just 6,146 coins, a direct reflection of the large numbers of intrinsically equal Spanish two reales pieces which dominated the economy from the colonial period. Moreover, the denomination would not be coined again until 1804.

Two die pairs were employed for production, consisting of a single reverse die paired to two different obverses. B-2 is by far the more often seen of the two, readily identified by the close proximity of the 6 in the date to the bust — it is noticeably more distant on B-1. The generally accepted die pair sequence is B-2, then B-1, per die state evidence of the common reverse.

The present B-2 representative is in a very late stage of Steve Tompkins Die State 2/1, with the obverse lapped and showing a thin, radial crack from the E in LIBERTY down into the hair curls. The reverse is just beginning to crack at OF. Both sides exhibit distinct semiprooflike mirroring, an often seen characteristic on higher-grade examples of both varieties, with just a trace of friction evident over the highest points of the design. The eagle's head and the adjacent wreath leaves are weakly defined, as usual, but the strike is otherwise well-executed. Uniform sun-gold toning adds a degree of warmth to each side.

The 1796 is arguably the most sought-after single issue in the entire span of quarter dollar coinage at the United States Mint. It claims the ever-heralded status as the first issue of the denomination struck for regular production, and it also ranks as an important one-year Small Eagle type. Small quantities of high-grade pieces survive for the well-funded collector, but the low production total necessarily limits the overall availability of this issue, which heightens its value among competing collectors. The present piece will prove a stellar addition to a high-end early quarter collection. NGC ID# 23RA, PCGS# 38920 Base PCGS# 5310



1805 Draped Bust Quarter, MS65 Finest-Known Browning-1 Example

5596 1805 B-1, R.4, MS65 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/2. We were pleasantly surprised to see this exceptional early quarter in the auction, not only for its stunning appearance, but also for the scarce variety. It is a Browning-1 specimen, definitively rare in Uncirculated grades and seldom seen as such. The B-1 variety trails only the B-5 in rarity among the five 1805 die pairings. The obverse is identified by the flag of the 5 touching the bust, with missing serifs on the bottom-left of both the 1 in the date and the T in LIBERTY. The reverse shows the C in 25 C positioned wide of the tail and clear of the stem — the only 1805 die marriage with such positioning.

Further checking revealed an interesting sidenote in the Rea-Koenings-Haroutunian Census for the B-1 variety. The Census estimates the finest example as MS65 with the intriguing comment, “Heritage Numismatic Journal Fall-83 (MS65+ Not verified — where is it today?).” The next-finest specimen in the Census is listed as an MS61 PCGS coin, and clearly the present example is far finer. Could the present coin be the long-missing finest B-1 coin? Only recently certified in the appropriate MS65 grade, we believe it is. No other example offered at auction over the past century was described as even coming close to the quality and eye appeal of the present representative. Vibrant and colorful as ever, the coin radiates eye appeal and flashy mint luster. No finer example of the B-1 1805 quarter is known, and this piece also ranks within the Condition Census for the entire 1805 date, thereby also presenting nearly unsurpassed appeal for date and type collectors. Truly, this is a magnificent Draped Bust quarter in every conceivable respect. Population (all varieties included): 2 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 38923 Base PCGS# 5313



**1806 Draped Bust Quarter, Frosty MS65
Condition Census B-3 Variety
Only One Numerically Finer Coin at NGC**

5597 1806 B-3, R.1, MS65 NGC. Tompkins Die State 1/2. The 1806 Draped Bust quarter claims a mintage of 206,124 pieces, with 10 die varieties known for the date. This coin represents the available B-3 variety, with a missing lower-left serif on 1 in the date and 12 arrowheads on the reverse. This example is the finest of the six pieces that Steve Tompkins lists in his 1806 B-3 Condition Census.

The obverse and reverse dies were both used for other varieties in addition to the B-3 combination. The obverse die was also used for B-2, and the reverse die was also used for B-4. Tompkins has presented a detailed remarriage chart for the three varieties, showing that 1806 B-2 was struck first, B-3 was struck second, B-4 was struck third, and finally more examples of B-3 were struck fourth. The final use of the dies for B-3, struck after B-4, is called a "remarriage" since the same dies were joined together for a second time. Documenting any remarriage among early coins is an extremely difficult challenge, since multiple examples of all varieties have to be studied, and exact die state differences must be documented.

Faint traces of champagne toning appear on the obverse of this otherwise fully brilliant white quarter. Both sides have highly lustrous and frosty surfaces with few imperfections of any kind, other than a planchet impurity that is visible on the obverse rim over IB. The lower part of the obverse and upper part of the reverse show considerable weakness. Struck on a screw press, this piece is a couple turns short of a full strike. Since all of the peripheral detail is fully defined, the weakness may not be attributable to improper operation of the screw press. Instead, the possibility exists that one or both dies were slightly sunken at the center, making it impossible to achieve a full strike. Census: 2 in 65, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/1997), lot 6225; Richard Jewell Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 3/2005), lot 1665; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 3712; Beverly Hills Signature (Heritage, 11/2011), lot 5009; New York Signature (Heritage, 12/2011), lot 3453; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2013), lot 3774; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2014), lot 5577. NGC ID# 23RD, PCGS# 38929 Base PCGS# 5314

BUST QUARTERS



1815 'E' Counterstamp Quarter B-1, Gem Uncirculated Example

5598 1815 B-1, R.1, MS65 NGC. An entirely plausible explanation to date for the E and L quarters remains elusive, although several well-researched and carefully thought-out theories have been proposed. We find the Planters Bank connection to the issuance of quarters in 1815 as the most intriguing scenario to date, although more questions than answers remain. The coins are generally found in high grades, indicating short-term usage, although even that observation has its exceptions. The counterstamp crosses many areas of collector interest, and depending on when (or if) a solution to the mystery occurs, a fine example seems like a wise investment for multiple numismatic reasons.

The present coin is a remarkable Gem bathed in mostly concentric shades of apricot-gold, steel-violet, and turquoise. Although richly toned, abundant mint luster shines forcefully through the coloration. The design elements are well, though not fully defined, in all areas. The counterstamp is sharp and in its proper position above the cap. A fascinating, high quality Capped Bust quarter, among the finest available of the anomaly. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 38942 Base PCGS# 5321



1820 Capped Bust Quarter, MS64 Popular Large 0, B-2 Variety

5599 1820 Large 0, B-2, R.2, MS64 PCGS. A respectable mintage of 127,444 Capped Bust quarters was struck in 1820, with five die varieties known for the date. This coin represents the popular B-2 variety, with a large 0 in the date and a die line connecting the center leaf to the dentils on the reverse. The B-2 is the most available variety for the year, but examples in MS64 condition are seldom encountered.

This impressive Choice specimen is sharply detailed in most areas, with just a touch of softness on the eagle's right (facing) claw. The well-preserved surfaces are blanketed on both sides by attractive shades of pale gold, cobalt-blue, and magenta toning. Ample mint luster shines through the patina. Population (for Large 0 varieties): 2 in 64, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RL, PCGS# 38961 Base PCGS# 5329

1831 Capped Bust Quarter, MS66+ Reduced Diameter, Small Letters, B-2 Finest Certified at PCGS

5600 1831 Small Letters, B-2, R.2, MS66+ PCGS. No Capped Bust quarters were struck in 1829 and 1830, setting the stage for a fairly substantial mintage of 398,000 pieces in 1831. Because of the introduction of the close collar, the Mint used smaller-diameter planchets for the quarters in 1831, with a redesigned portrait by Chief Engraver William Kneass and no motto on the reverse. Seven die varieties are known for the date, four with small letters in the reverse legend and three with large letters. This coin represents the popular B-2 variety, with the left edge of Liberty's curls over the right foot of the second 1 in the date and star 7 pointing between two curls on the obverse. The reverse is a Small Letters type, with a square base 2 in the denomination and a thin tongue in the eagle's mouth. The obverse die was used again to strike the B-3 variety of this date, but this was the only use of the reverse.

The 1831 Capped Bust quarter was a popular issue with early numismatists, and examples began appearing at auction as early as lot 331 of the A.C. Kline Sale (Moses Thomas & Sons, 6/1855). It is possible that the difference between the Small and Large Letters motifs was noticed as early as the Finotti Collection (W. Elliot Woodward, 11/1862), where the cataloger notes two different varieties of 1831 quarters in lots 199 and 200, although he does not elaborate on the details. The difference in letter sizes was explicitly spelled out by variety specialist John Colvin Randall by the time his collection was sold through Woodward in June of 1885. Lots 580-582 of the Randall Collection are three different varieties of the 1831 Capped Bust quarter, two with Small Letters and one with Large Letters. Lot 582 appears to be a B-2 example:

"1831 No.3; reverse small letters, square 2 and without berries on the branch; brilliant, uncirculated, surface like proof."

The lot realized \$1, a strong price at the time. More recent records include the MS67+ NGC, B-2 specimen from the Eric Newman Collection, which sold in a Heritage auction for \$117,500 in November of 2013.

This Plus-graded Premium Gem was struck from a fairly early state of the dies. The obverse still shows slight recutting on stars 11-13. The reverse shows the crack from the top of UNITED STATES into the field, but the corresponding crack through RICA and the arrow heads has not developed. The design elements are sharply detailed in most areas, with just a touch of the usual softness on star 13 and the denomination. The impeccably preserved surfaces are enhanced by vivid shades of violet and pale gold toning, with vibrant mint luster throughout. The terrific eye appeal is a match for the high technical quality. This coin is the single-finest example at PCGS, by virtue of its Plus designation. We expect intense competition from series specialists and Registry Set enthusiasts when this lot is called. Population: 1 in 66+, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RW, PCGS# 38981 Base PCGS# 5348



SEATED QUARTERS



**1833 Quarter, B-1, MS65
Condition Census**

5601 1833 B-1, R.2, MS65 PCGS. A period after 50 C on the reverse identifies this plentiful die variety, although the 1833 quarter overall is a major condition rarity at the Gem level. Mint State examples in all grades are scarcer than those of many other dates from the 1830s, but in MS65 or finer grades, PCGS and NGC report a combined population of only eight coins, including the possibility of resubmissions (11/16). The present PCGS Gem displays sharp central detail but has weakness on several left-hand stars. Areas of heavy die rust appear on each side, as is typical of the variety. Lustrous surfaces are nearly brilliant in the centers, ceding to champagne and sea-green around the borders. Population: 2 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23RY, PCGS# 38989 Base PCGS# 5352



**1850-O Seated Liberty Quarter, MS66
Finest Known, Ex: Pittman**

5602 1850-O MS66 NGC. Ex: Pittman. A diagnostic die lump occurs under the arch of Liberty's foot, and the mintmark is barely left of center. From a mintage of 412,000 coins, the 1850-O is a scarce date, about on par with its contemporaries in circulated condition. In Mint State, however, the issue is conditionally rare. Larry Briggs assigns a rating of R.6, and perhaps 30 Uncirculated coins survive, most in the MS61 to MS63 range. This Premium Gem is in a class of its own. David Akers noted in the 1998 Pittman catalog: "I have never seen or heard of another 1850-O Quarter that compares to this one and, in my opinion, it is probably the finest known example of this rare issue ..."

Reddish-gold, violet, and blue elements color the obverse. The reverse is more golden-gray in tone with accents of mauve and a distinctive light toning streak from the S in STATES down through the eagle's wing to the L in DOLLAR. The well-struck motifs are lightly rusted and the dentils faint, as usual, but the date is clear. Frosty luster issues from surfaces that exhibit unmatched preservation. This is the sole finest example certified at NGC and PCGS combined (11/16). NGC ID# 23T5, PCGS# 5416



1855-O Arrows Quarter, MS64 Extremely Rare This Fine

5603 1855-O Arrows MS64 PCGS. The 1855-O is the scarcest No Motto, With Arrows issue in the Seated Liberty quarter series, excluding of course the 1854-O Huge O variety. The '55-O is rare in any Mint State grade. The sole finest is an MS67 NGC coin, pedigreed to Stickney, Clapp, Eliasberg, and Gardner; the second finest are five MS64s (two at NGC and three at PCGS), although this figure may contain resubmissions (11/16). In more than two decades, we have only handled a single previous example in MS64, a PCGS coin that appeared in lot 6493 of our November 2004 Palm Beach Signature sale, where it realized \$30,475. The present example should appeal to a range collectors. The strike is sharp, and each side displays original luster with subtle reflectivity in the fields. Warm rose-gold toning embraces each side, partially masking a few minor ticks in the fields that determine the grade. Population: 3 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 49XK, PCGS# 5436

1859-O Quarter, MS65 A Census-Level Specimen

5604 1859-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. A few curious die lines are visible above STATES OF, but otherwise struck from crisp dies that show no defects. This impressive Gem is tied for the finest PCGS-certified 1859-O quarter, with only one other MS65 certified at that service. NGC has also certified one Gem, along with a trio of MS67s finer (11/16). Whether or not three Superb Gems actually exist or if resubmissions are represented in that figure is unknown, as none in that grade have ever been sold at auction. The auction price record for the issue is currently held by the present example from its sale slightly more than three years ago, where it garnered more than \$25,000. This sharply defined coin has frosty silver luster that shines through the gold and violet toning. It is a plate coin on the CoinFacts webpage.

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2013), lot 4210. NGC ID# 23TM, PCGS# 5449



1860 Liberty Seated Quarter, MS67 Sole Finest at Either Service

5605 1860 MS67 NGC. CAC. Briggs 1-A. Housed in a previous generation NGC holder with CAC endorsement, this is the sole-finest circulation strike 1860 quarter listed by either NGC or PCGS. A rare survivor when collectors preferred proofs to business strikes, this coin somehow eluded the disappearance of silver and gold coinage leading up to and through the Civil War, as well as numerous other financial calamities and panics. Most recently, it somehow avoided the sharp eyes of Gene Gardner when he assembled his incomparable Seated Quarter set, and had to settle for an MS66 coin.

The 1860 quarters are normally lightly struck on parts of the obverse, a characteristic seen on this example where the top stars show rounding and the neckline of Liberty's gown is weak. Otherwise, the coin is razor-sharp and virtually mark free. The satin-smooth surfaces are lustrous and pristine. Aquamarine and pale-rose toning cover the obverse, with gold shades across the reverse joined by blue and lavender toning at the borders. The eye appeal is excellent. Census: 1 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23TP, PCGS# 5451



C. Gobrecht ink drawing



1860-S Quarter, MS61 The Only Mint State Example of This Rarity

5606 1860-S MS61 PCGS. CAC. Even though 56,000 quarters were produced of this issue, the story is the same for it as it is for many other S-mint issues from the 1850s through the 1870s: high attrition. Demand in the West for hard currency severely limited the survival rate of high-grade examples. Many S-mint issues from this period do not have even a single remaining coin in Mint State, and we can only speculate about the circumstances surrounding the preservation of this 1860-S representative. In the November 1990 edition of *The Gobrecht Journal*, Jim Gray pointed out, “the most underappreciated and undervalued of all Seated coins is the 1860-S quarter, particularly in higher grades.”

After 30 years and multiple millions of coins certified, this piece still remains the sole 1860-S quarter encapsulated as Mint State by PCGS. The surfaces are even, light gray with soft, frosted mint luster visible beneath the toning. There are a few tiny abrasions on each side, as one would expect from an MS61 coin, the most obvious and easily usable for pedigree purposes being a vertical mark to the left of the date and a similar tick on Liberty's thigh. Several stars are a trifle soft, but the overall striking quality is satisfactory.

It is noteworthy that the two most prominent collectors of Seated coinage of the past generation have owned this coin: Jim Gray and Eugene H. Gardner. Its status as the finest known of the issue stands unrivaled, and the next owner will find it an important addition to a high-end Seated quarter collection.

Ex: Public Auction (Stack's, 9/1989), lot 1126; Jim Gray Collection (Bowers and Merena, 7/2004), lot 2240; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014, as MS61 NGC with CAC approval), lot 98372. NGC ID# 442R, PCGS# 5453



1871-CC Quarter, Choice VF Rare Carson City Issue

5607 1871-CC VF35 PCGS Secure. Briggs 1-A, Flynn-RPD-001. A single die pair was used to strike a token quantity of 10,890 quarter dollars at the Carson City Mint in 1871. Small silver coinage at the Nevada branch mint was limited until the mid-1870s, and those pieces that were struck became workhorses of Western commerce. As happened in the San Francisco area a couple of decades earlier, circulating coinage in the mining country of the Nevada Territory was severely worn and abused, leaving high-grade survivors extremely rare. The 1871-CC quarter dollar is rare in all grades, and most pieces reside below the VF level. This Choice VF coin is high-end for the issue, showing sharp detail and pleasing pewter-gray patina. The surfaces are smooth, and there are no distractions. Population: 3 in 35, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23UN, PCGS# 5479

1871-S Quarter, Radiant MS66 Semikey Issue and a Condition Rarity

5608 1871-S MS66 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. The star radials are fully defined on this remarkable semikey representative, while the eagle's wing feathers, talons, and fletchings are similarly strong. Each side exhibits radiant mint frost over brilliant surfaces with only the occasional blush of golden-tan patina. Light, thin grazes in the fields and a few well-hidden ticks on the drapery preclude an even higher grade. In spite of his penchant for dramatically toned coins, Gene Gardner clearly could not resist this frosty, nearly all-brilliant Premium Gem. The 1871-S claims a meager mintage of just 30,900 coins and high rate of attrition from extensive circulation, contributing to the issue's extreme rarity at this grade level.

Purchased from Jason Carter (10/2001); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98464. NGC ID# 23UP, PCGS# 5480

PROOF SEATED QUARTERS



1871-S Quarter, Frost-White MS67 Sole-Finest Certified

5609 1871-S MS67 PCGS. Briggs 1-A. One of the unheralded rarities of the entire series, the 1871-S quarters are unfairly overshadowed by the rare Carson City issues that were struck in the years immediately before, during, and after this scant San Francisco mintage. Just S-Mint 30,900 pieces were struck, a quantity that was immediately absorbed in to the local economy. Any appearance of a Mint State 1871-S is of importance to Seated quarter specialists.

To have an opportunity to bid on a Superb Gem example is unprecedented. The present coin is white and supremely lustrous, with a Mint-fresh allure and frosty brilliance that is equally unparalleled. Boldly struck, the stars are pinpoint sharp and Liberty's portrait is remarkably sharp. The reverse strike appears almost entirely full, with only a brief in the curve of the scroll. Neither PCGS nor NGC has seen one finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23UP, PCGS# 5480



1865 Seated Liberty Quarter, PR67 Cameo Outstanding Quality, Final No Motto Issue

5610 1865 PR67 Cameo PCGS. Briggs 3-B. Only 500 proof Seated Liberty quarters were struck at the Philadelphia Mint in 1865, the final year of the No Motto design. The proof die is recognized by some evidence of die rust on the obverse and the recut letters in QUAR. DOL. on the reverse. This issue is seldom seen with cameo contrast.

The present coin is a magnificent Superb Gem, with razor-sharp definition on all design elements, including the star centers and eagle's claws. The devices have a rich coat of mint frost that creates an intense cameo effect with the deeply mirrored fields. The brilliant-white surfaces are impeccably preserved and the eye appeal is terrific. Population: 1 in 67 Cameo, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 23WT, PCGS# 85561



1880 Quarter, Impeccable PR68 Formerly the Philip Kaufman Coin

5611 1880 PR68 PCGS. Briggs 2-B. Type One Reverse. When we last saw this coin, it was part of our sale of The Philip Kaufman Collection, Part 3 at the 2003 FUN auction. Then held in a PR68 NGC holder, the coin has since crossed to PCGS at the same grade. It remains a simply beautiful proof irrespective of the holder or date. The obverse displays dominant crimson-orange toning with a crescent of sea-green color at the left border. The reverse is brightly toned with vibrant, golden-orange patina that deepens slightly toward the denticles. The fully brought up frosty devices are equally as blemish-free as the glistening, reflective fields. The most significant pedigree marker (and it is anything but distracting) is a small planchet void (as produced) in the reverse field below the I in AMERICA.

Chief Engraver William Barber redesigned the reverse hub of the Seated Quarter in 1875. The Philadelphia Mint, however, did not immediately discard all of the dies sunk from the old reverse hub. At least one of these dies was in use as late as 1880, and it is identifiable by a cut over the left border of the reverse shield. This coin was struck from that die. NGC and PCGS combined have seen only nine coins in PR68, and none finer including some resubmissions, as confirmed by this coin. Population: 4 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: The Philip Kaufman Collection, Part 3 at FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2003), lot 6739. NGC ID# 23XC, PCGS# 5581

1880 Seated Liberty Quarter, PR68 Spectacular Multicolor Toning

5612 1880 PR68 PCGS. A generous mintage of 1,335 proof Seated Liberty quarters was accomplished in 1880, to accompany a small business-strike production of 13,600 examples. Two different dies were used to strike the proof mintage, and this coin exhibits the Type 1 Reverse, identified by the short cut in the left shield lines. The Type 1 Reverse was also used to strike business-strike examples.

This magnificent PR68 specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and flawless, deeply mirrored fields, under vivid shades of greenish-gold and cerulean-blue toning. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is extraordinary. Population: 4 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23XC, PCGS# 5581

BARBER QUARTER



1901-S Quarter, Original AU50 Infrequently Seen at This Level

5613 1901-S AU50 PCGS. The 1901-S Barber quarter, key date to the series, is in high demand at all levels of preservation. Most known examples are in lower grades — PCGS and NGC report more than 1,000 submissions in Poor to Very Good, representing about 83 percent of the nearly 1,200 total coins certified. The two services have seen only 20 submissions in About Uncirculated grades and 53 in mint condition. Collectors seeking to acquire infrequently seen AU or finer example will therefore face stiff competition and high prices.

Light gray toning dominates both sides of this original AU50 offering, with whispers of slightly deeper patina at the margins. A fair amount of luster remains. The internal elements on Liberty are well-defined, and most of the obverse star centers are strong. The eagle's feathers are sharp except for the typically seen softness in the wing tips. The claws are weak as usual on the 1901-S. All letters in E PLURIBUS UNUM are bold and all shield lines are clear, with the horizontal ones particularly strong. We mention a few minuscule marks beneath Liberty's eye, a faint horizontal linear mark above IBE, a series of shallow scrapes on the jawline, and a tiny mark adjacent to the right tip of the bust for identification purposes. This piece will be an excellent addition to a high-grade Barber quarter collection. Population: 4 in 50, 38 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 23YR, PCGS# 5630

PROOF BARBER QUARTERS



1896 Barber Quarter, PR68 Deep Cameo Only One Finer Coin at PCGS

5614 1896 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Only 762 proof Barber quarters were struck in 1896 and few survivors can match the high technical quality and incredible eye appeal of the present coin. This magnificent PR68 example exhibits strongly impressed design elements throughout, but some loss of detail is evident around the outline of the shield, due to die polishing. The devices display a thick coat of mint frost that creates stunning cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The surfaces are impeccably preserved, with just the faintest hints of pale gold and lavender toning to enhance the outstanding visual appeal. We expect intense competition from series specialists and Registry Set enthusiasts when this lot is called. Population: 8 in 68 Deep Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 5 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 242B, PCGS# 95682



1907 Barber Quarter, PR69 Cameo Finest Proof 1907 Certified

5615 1907 PR69 Cameo NGC. CAC. Only 575 proof Barber quarters were struck in 1907, the sixth-lowest production total of the series. This magnificent PR69 Cameo example the only PR69 of this date certified by NGC (none have been so graded by PCGS). Only 12 other PR69 Cameo quarters have been certified by NGC of all dates from 1892 through 1915. This is also the only PR69 Cameo with CAC certification. This is the single finest survivor of that small mintage, possessing incredible visual appeal in addition to its lofty technical grade. The outstanding feature of this coin is its spectacular iridescent toning, with vivid shades of cobalt-blue and golden-brown creating a stunning play of colors. The design elements are well-detailed, with rich mint frost that contrasts noticeably with the deeply reflective fields. Close inspection with a glass fails to uncover any sign of contact. NGC ID# 242N, PCGS# 85693



STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS



Original Bronze Cast of the Standing Liberty Quarter Obverse Believed Unique in Private Hands

5616 1916 Standing Liberty Quarter Obverse Bronze Cast, Uncertified. 359.1 gm. Diameter of cast: irregular, 150 mm-156 mm (5.9-6.1 in.); Diameter of inner design: 130 mm (5.1 in.); Thickness: approximately 4 mm (0.15 in.). This is among the rarest artifacts related to the widely popular Standing Liberty quarter series, an original bronze cast of Hermon MacNeil's obverse design as it appeared in August 1916. Few other relics of the Standing Liberty quarter's design production period survive in private hands, and arguably none harbor the appeal of this large bronze cast of the obverse design.

The imagery on this cast differs dramatically from MacNeil's original obverse models. In late June 1916, the sculptor began making adjustments to his design in the interest of sharpening details and increasing the aesthetic appeal. But the result was a drastic redesign of the entire obverse. The figure of Liberty was completely remodeled and brought up in sharp relief, and the inscription LIBERTY above her head was strengthened in definition and reduced in size. The shield rivets were more widely spaced, and the inner shield was replaced with an eagle. IN GOD WE TRUST migrated from the gateway walls to the sash drawn across Liberty's torso, and the walls themselves were simplified in their design. Liberty herself was given sandals, and the drapery was drawn up tighter around the shield. Dolphins representing the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans were added to each side of the date, accompanied by branches of laurel. The olive branch of peace disappeared from Liberty's outstretched hand, and her hair was restyled to flow in the wind. A chain-like border surrounded the periphery in place of the previous dot-and-dash pattern. The modified design showcased a captivating beauty that the former did not fully deliver.

The modified design was approved by Treasury Secretary William McAdoo in a letter to MacNeil dated August 19th, 1916:

"Replying to your letter of August 16th instant, I hereby approve the modified design for the obverse of the new twenty-five cent coin, photograph of which you submitted for my inspection.

"I take pleasure in granting you permission to place your initials on the new quarter-dollar, provided the letters are small in design and are placed on an inconspicuous part of the coin, as is the case in connection with coins now in circulation."

MacNeil immediately sent a photograph to the Mint, showing proposed locations for his monogram. His letter, dated August 31st, 1916, stated:

"Enclosed, please find according to your request the photograph of the Obverse of the new TWENTY-FIVE CENT PIECE with two places indicated for my signature. I have used the monogram (H.M.) in both places, but it is possible that (M) alone could be better for this signature on account of the very limited size. It is possible also that the spot under the head of the dolphin on the right would be the better place as I should then make it merely an incised letter. ...

"Immediately on receipt of your O.K. of this detail, I will have the bronze cast made and forwarded to the Mint."

Mint Director F.J.H. von Engelken replied on the 1st of September, approving the "Placing of the signature under the head of the dolphin on right of Quarter Dollar ..." and adding: "It will be appreciated if you will expedite as much as possible the preparation of the bronze cast, and the forwarding of the same to the Mint." MacNeil's reply a few days later stated in part:

"Referring to the proposition of the model of the new Quarter Dollar, the work is already in the caster's hands and I expect to send the completed bronze before the end of the week, to Mr. Barber at Philadelphia."

A bronze cast of MacNeil's modified design was delivered to the Mint on September 9th, 1916. However, it was never produced in coin form. During the correspondence about the placement of MacNeil's monogram, the Mint was experiencing striking problems with the new Mercury dime, unable to get the coins to stack properly due to thickness issues and a wire rim problem. Documentation presented by Roger Burdette in *Renaissance of American Coinage* suggests that when the bronze cast of the quarter obverse arrived at the Mint, Chief Engraver Charles Barber examined it and discovered that working the model up to the mechanical requirements of the Mint would consume far too much time. Thus, Barber was instructed to revert to the original model for the obverse, which required far less modification to meet the Engraver's strict technical requirements. It was that design which later appeared on the mass production of December 1916.

Cataloging this piece in the Minot Collection catalog (Stack's, 5/2008), Burdette stated: "One bronze cast reached the Philadelphia Mint. Another, the present example, must have remained in MacNeil's College Point, NY studio — a backup in case the first one were lost or damaged." As J.H. Cline notes in *Standing Liberty Quarters*, fourth edition, MacNeil's studio housed "a lifetime collection of complete sculptures, completed designs, partially completed works, and some of Hermon's most treasured works — either in picture form or the original castings." It would only make sense for the artist to retain a casting of what he believed would be the finished quarter dollar design.

It is thought that this bronze cast was among the artifacts recovered from MacNeil's studio after the sculptor's passing in 1947, by John A. Coughlin, a neighbor and professional illustrator. Coughlin is also credited with the preservation of several flying eagle sketches for the reverse of the quarter, later showcased in the Newman Money Museum, as well as MacNeil scrapbooks and letters preserved in the Smithsonian.

This cast, along with a similar bronze cast of a proposed reverse design, first came to light for collectors in 2008, when offered consecutively in Stack's Minot Collection sale, after reportedly being found at a garage sale in 2001. It appears plated in a light metal, possibly a nickel alloy, as noted by Burdette. The surface preservation is exceptional, with uniform silvery-bronze color and satin luster. For the Standing Liberty quarter specialist, about the only thing more exciting than having a chance to admire MacNeil's intended obverse design, is having a chance to acquire the original bronze casting. This piece is plated in Burdette's *Renaissance of American Coinage, 1916-1921* (2005), and Q. David Bowers' *Guide Book* (2015). *Ex: Possibly salvaged from Hermon MacNeil's studio by John A. Coughlin, circa 1948; acquired from a garage sale (2001); Minot Collection (Stack's, 5/2008), lot 1378, which realized \$120,750; Rarities Night ANA (Stack's/Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11361; Rarities Night Baltimore (Stack's/Bowers, 11/2012), lot 3106.*



1916 Standing Liberty Quarter, MS63 Collectible Mint State Example

5617 1916 MS63 PCGS. Uncirculated non-Full Head 1916 Standing Liberty quarters in MS63 or better condition appear at auction far less frequently than might be expected after a glance at the certified population reports. This seems to support long-held beliefs among many specialists in the series that the 1916 is a frequent target of upgrade attempts, and that the population reports likely reflect a number of resubmissions and crossovers. Full Head Mint State pieces are more frequently offered at auction than their non-Full Head counterparts, likely due to a more active collector market for the FH designation.

The budget-conscious Standing Liberty quarter collector seeking a nice Mint State example of the series key will want to give the present Select coin close consideration. Satiny luster on each side displays faint traces of pale champagne color. Slight strike softness is almost unnoticed on the obverse due to the mushy nature of the 1916 design but shows on the reverse along the leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. A few light abrasions are not distracting for the grade. NGC ID# 43XR, PCGS# 5704



1916 Standing Liberty Quarter MS63 Full Head 'First Issue' of the Design

5618 1916 MS63 Full Head PCGS. On January 6, 1917, Hermon MacNeil sent a money order, enclosed in a letter, to Mint Superintendent Adam Joyce requesting 20 examples of the new quarter dollar issue that was to bear his designs. He wrote in part: "It would be a great pleasure to me if I might have a few of the first edition at the earliest moment that fitted your convenience."

By this point in January, both 1916 and 1917-dated coins were available at the Mint for such an order. Which issue was sent to MacNeil was not documented, although it is very likely that the sculptor did in fact receive examples of the "first edition," the 1916. In his famous January 11th letter of complaint to Mint Director F.H. von Engelken concerning the Mint's poor execution of his design, one of the modifications that MacNeil proposed was "To bring the head of the figure a trifle lower so as not to appear to be holding up the rim of the coin." Of the two Type One issues, the 1916 is that which has Liberty's head breaking into the reed and bead around the border. Thus, it is probable that MacNeil was indeed viewing examples of the 1916 issue when he made a stand for improvements to the design.

This 1916 Standing Liberty quarter displays mattelike champagne-gray luster with flashes of peach in the fields when tilted beneath a light. A few flecks of russet toning attest to the originality of the surfaces. The coin is well-struck — most importantly on Liberty's head and the date — and there are limited noticeable abrasions. NGC ID# 2AMV, PCGS# 5705



1916 Standing Liberty Quarter Blazing Luster, MS66 Full Head

5619 1916 MS66 Full Head PCGS Secure. CAC. A glance at the certified population reports suggests that the 1916 Standing Liberty quarter is scarce in Gem or finer Full Head, but its actual rarity in these grades may be greater than widely perceived. In *Standing Liberty Quarters*, fourth edition, J.H. Cline suggests that the official data may be inflated by 10-20% due to resubmissions. He further writes: "I have ... personally witnessed many Standing Liberty quarters being broken out at coin shows, and the inserts thrown away. Thus, the reports are not accurate despite the grading services' efforts to make them so. The reports are inflated on some dates by as much as 50 percent ..."

The 1916 is an actively traded issue in Mint State Full Head, but the frequency of auction appearances for Gem examples seems slightly lower than one might expect after glancing at the certification data. This key issue is a rarity in MS66 Full Head, and it is likely that numerous resubmissions are reflected in the MS64 and MS65 figures. The present CAC-endorsed Premium Gem yield frosty, beautifully original mint bloom with remarkably few abrasions. Wisps of lavender and champagne toning grace each side, and the strike is excellent for the issue. Eye appeal leaps from the glistening surfaces. Population: 18 in 66 (1 in 66+) Full Head, 5 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 3 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2AMV, PCGS# 5705



1918/7-S Quarter, MS62 Rarely Seen Uncirculated Example

5620 1918/7-S FS-101 MS62 NGC. Series specialist J.H. Cline deems the 1918/7-S quarter essential for a complete collection, since it is the only overdate in the series and is prominently listed among the regular issues in the *Guide Book*. The typical representative is well-worn, as the variety was not discovered until the late 1930s. By that time many examples had their dates worn beyond recognition, further decreasing the already small supply. An XF or AU example is usually considered upper-end for the issue, and Mint State representatives are decidedly rare. This is a bright, sparkling Mint State example with almost no color apparent. The fields show the typically seen die striations, nearly half of Liberty's head detail is present, and the underdigit is bold. Census: 19 in 62, 28 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 243A, PCGS# 395949 Base PCGS# 5726



1918/7-S Quarter, Attractive MS63 A Rarity in Mint State

5621 1918/7-S FS-101 MS63 PCGS. Despite the clear overdate feature, the 1918/7-S quarter was not publicly recognized until the late 1930s, when collecting U.S. coin series by date and mintmark had become widespread practice. The number of pieces struck with the overdated obverse has been estimated to be as low as 2,500 coins, and the vast majority of survivors are circulated — often heavily. The 1918/7-S is the scarcest issue in the Standing Liberty quarter series in Mint State, and Full Head coins in such condition are prohibitively rare and expensive.

This Select non-Full Head coin is high-end for the issue. The preservation is excellent for the grade, showing no mentionable abrasions. Liberty's head, the shield rivets, and the central eagle exhibit the usual strike weakness, although the date is fully defined with its 8/7 feature plain. Both sides are satiny and display a hint of champagne color over brilliant luster. A high-end example for the grade. Population: 25 in 63, 26 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243A, PCGS# 395949 Base PCGS# 5726



1918-S Quarter, MS66 Full Head Near-Condition Census Ex: Just Having Fun

5622 1918-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. Ex: Just Having Fun. This remarkable Premium Gem is pedigreed to one of the all-time most prestigious Standing Liberty quarter collections ever assembled, and its quality is first-rate for the issue. Liberty's head and the date are razor-sharp, although the shield rivets, central gown area, and central eagle show the usual softness of the 1918-S. Glimpses of light golden toning grace the vibrantly lustrous, unabraded surfaces. The 1918-S is a great rarity in MS66 Full Head, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable for most collectors. Given the pedigree of the present coin, it would be nearly impossible to acquire a superior example.

Population: 15 in 66 (3 in 66+) Full Head, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Just Having Fun Collection (Stack's/Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11375.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2439, PCGS# 5725



1919-D Quarter, MS64+ Full Head Rarely Seen This Fine

5623 1919-D MS64+ Full Head PCGS. The 1919-D is a semikey overall, however, in Full Head, it ranks among the top rarities in the series. The auction appearance rate for this date in Full Head is far less than might be expected from the certified population figures. This will be one of the most challenging acquisitions for the Registry Set builder, even more so than the 1926-D.

The present Plus-graded near-Gem defies norms for the issue, showing a fully struck head, bold shield, and sharp stars. The date is clearly defined, not flat as is seen on so many other examples. This satiny, champagne-toned coin displays few abrasions and has overall pleasing visual appeal. A die crack runs through the date numerals and another appears at 2 o'clock on the reverse rim and extends into the wing. Population: 34 in 64 (3 in 64+) Full Head, 18 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243C, PCGS# 5731



1919-S Quarter, MS65 Full Head Lightly Toned Example of This Key Issue

5624 1919-S MS65 Full Head PCGS Secure. Ex: North Shore. J.H. Cline succinctly summed up the importance of the 1919-S in his fourth-edition book: "The 1919-S has long been considered one of the key coins of the series among most collectors and dealers. The 1919-D and 1919-S are usually paralleled in price and rarity."

For this notoriously challenging issue (at least as far as Full Head coins are concerned), the strike on this 1919-S quarter is marvelous. Not only does Liberty's head show the intricate details that are so often lacking, the shield shows only minor incompleteness on the rivets and nearby drapery. Pleasingly preserved surfaces are strongly lustrous with a touch of frost, and the whole has a light golden cast with more violet elements at the left reverse, deepest at a spot just above 9 o'clock near the rim. This coin is more than a high number for a Registry Set; even if it were from a more common date, it would be easy to admire. Population: 11 in 65 Full Head, 10 finer (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2012), lot 4026.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243D, PCGS# 5733





1920-D Quarter, MS66 Full Head Underrated Rarity This Fine

5625 1920-D MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. The 1920-D has long been a semikey in Full Head grades, although its rarity in Gem and finer Full Head is often under-reported. The certified population figures are low for such fine examples, but the frequency of auction appearances is even lower, suggesting that the certified figures are inflated by resubmissions. Study of the actual availability of the various issues in the Standing Liberty quarter series — apart from certified population numbers — reveals that in MS65 Full Head or finer, the 1920-D is among the six rarest. The 1927-S, 1920-S, and the two 1919 branch mint issues are slightly rarer in this exceptional condition, and the 1918/7-S is unknown so fine.

The present coin carries the full significance of this high-grade rarity, and it also boasts a CAC green label — an endorsement awarded only five Full Head coins in this and finer condition. Liberty's head is completely detailed, and the shield, date, and stars mirror the exceptional strike sharpness. Frosty luster is devoid of significant abrasions, and each side displays a hint of light golden toning. Population: 14 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 6 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 2 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243F, PCGS# 5737



1920-D Quarter, MS67 Full Head Incredibly Sharp Throughout Underrated This Fine

5626 1920-D MS67 Full Head PCGS. The 1920-D Standing Liberty quarter is a scarce date in Full Head grades, rarer than the certified population reports may lead one to believe. In terms of auction appearances, this date is offered in Full Head grades almost as infrequently as the 1920-S, which has a certified population of only about two-thirds that of the 1920-D. Either the population data for the Denver issue is inflated to a greater extent than for the 1920-S, or a significant number of Full Head '20-D quarters are off the market in strong hands.

This is only the 2nd appearance of a Full Head Superb Gem in one of our auctions in more than two decades of records, with the previous offering being more than decade ago, realizing \$32,200: (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 6095. The sharpness of the design elements is incredible for the issue, being reminiscent of the Philadelphia coin from this year which is known for its frequently bold interiors. Unlike its Philadelphia counterpart, however, this 1920-D is fully defined at Liberty's temple, not showing any weakness of the hairline or olive leaves. The frosty surfaces are devoid of flaws and exhibit iridescent hues beneath overlays of olive, amber, and lilac color. The obverse is lightly clashed, but the dies have not yet been lapped, making this a rare Standing Liberty quarter that shows both clash marks and deep, unlapped recesses. The obverse is lightly cracked along the top of the date and at Liberty's forehead, although the reverse appears to have just begun its usage, still showing faint die striae in the fields from the preparation process. Population: 5 in 67 Full Head, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 243F, PCGS# 5737





1920-S Quarter, MS65 Full Head An Exceptional Condition Rarity

5627 1920-S MS65 Full Head PCGS. The 1920-S is one of the hidden condition rarities of the Standing Liberty quarter series. Overall, Full Head coins are scarce, but in Gem and finer grades, the rarity of this issue surpasses that of the two 1919 branch mint issues and the 1920-D. Further study of auction records reveals that, even though a supply of lower-grade Full Head coins keeps prices accessible, the 1920-S appears at auction in Gem and finer Full Head condition with no greater frequency than the legendary 1927-S. We suspect that a number of resubmissions are reflected in the certified population figures for high-grade coins.

This Gem Full Head example shows sharp head, shield, and star detail, as well as a bold date and a well-defined eagle. Frosty, essentially untuned mint luster rolls over unabraded surfaces, delivering exceptional visual appeal. Acquiring a finer example may not even be an option given the extreme rarity of the present coin. Population: 18 in 65 (2 in 65+) Full Head, 8 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243G, PCGS# 5739



1921 Quarter, MS66 Full Head Full Shield and Bold Date

5628 1921 MS66 Full Head PCGS. The 1921 is a well-known key issue in the Standing Liberty quarter series and is especially sought-after in Mint State. Unlike many other issues, Full Head 1921 quarters typically also have full shield details, as seen on this Premium Gem. But the 1921 does suffer from frequently flat date numerals and Liberty's head often is weak at the temple, even on Full Head coins. This example has above-average strength in the date numerals, and the head detail is what J.H. Cline would have referred to as "immaculate." A splendid representative, this piece has frosty luster and nearly pristine surfaces with mottled gold and pale blue toning. Only three finer examples are certified at PCGS and NGC combined. Population: 25 in 66 (2 in 66+) Full Head, 2 finer (10/16).

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5741





1923-S Quarter, MS66+ Full Head Delicately Toned

5629 1923-S MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC. A rare MS66+ Full Head example of the 1923-S quarter, this gorgeous coin is a rational choice for the Registry collector who is both a serious top-of-the-leaderboard candidate and judicious about spending. Frosty luster has a light silver base with touches of blue on much of each side and a clearer canary-yellow overtone across a minority of the coin, most obviously at the right reverse. With excellent head detail and only minor softness on the lower shield, this carefully preserved S-mint coin is a visual delight. Even the date is fully defined. The 1923-S is occasionally seen in high grade, but the Standing Liberty quarter specialist will recognize the obviously superior luster and visual appeal of the present example in comparison to its few peers.

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2012), lot 5100.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243K, PCGS# 5745



1924 Quarter Dollar, MS68+ Immaculately Preserved Ex: Just Having Fun

5630 1924 MS68+ PCGS. CAC. Ex: Just Having Fun Collection. The 1924 Standing Liberty quarter dollar sports a mintage approaching 11 million pieces, but it is elusive in Premium Gem condition and rare any finer. This is one of only a few dates in the series known to exist in MS68, but it is extremely rare so fine, even without a Full Head designation. PCGS and NGC combined have certified just seven MS68 non-Full Head coins, with the present Plus-designated piece being the finest overall, as well as one of only two MS68s in a PCGS holder (11/16).

Rainbow toning adheres to the margins on both sides, framing the silvery central areas, and each is awash with radiant luster. While Liberty's head is short of fully defined, the remaining design elements are well-struck, including all of rivets in the shield, the chain mail, and the usually troublesome leading edge of the eagle's left (facing) wing. This is an immaculately preserved representative that will be the crowning jewel in a number of high-end Standing Liberty quarter collections.

Ex: *Just Having Fun Collection* (Stack's/Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11420; *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 4115. NGC ID# 3TWY, PCGS# 5746



1924-S Quarter, MS66 Full Head
Major Condition Rarity
Ex: Just Having Fun

5631 1924-S MS66 Full Head PCGS Secure. Ex: Just Having Fun. The availability of the 1924-S quarter in Full Head plummets above MS65, where it becomes one of the lesser-known condition rarities of the series. Coins are rarely seen in MS66 Full Head and are nearly unknown finer at PCGS. This remarkable example comes from the Just Having Fun Collection, which is famous for showcasing representatives of each date in the finest or nearly finest condition known, almost all with Full Heads. This Premium Gem 1924-S displays full detail on the date, head, and eagle, with minor weakness on the shield rivets — virtually unavoidable on this San Francisco issue. Satiny luster shows delicate russet-gold toning that deepens slightly toward the borders. Population: 10 in 66 Full Head, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Just Having Fun Collection (Stack's/Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11388.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243N, PCGS# 5751



1926-S Quarter, MS65
Sharp Full Head

5632 1926-S MS65 Full Head PCGS. Like many S-mint issues from the 1920s, most 1926-S quarters are poorly struck; Gem-quality examples with sharp Full Heads are rare. Cline describes the rarity of this date in Gem Full Head to be similar to that of the 1926-D, a long-known strike rarity. The certified population figures readily substantiate that comparison.

Exceptionally bold detail is seen on Liberty's head, as well as the reed and bead around the border and the stars on both sides of this delightful Gem. The eagle's breast feathers, the lower shield rivets, and Liberty's torso are slightly soft, though the specialist will realize they appear so on virtually all 1926-S quarters with or without Full Head. Strong, frosty luster blankets both sides. Faint pastel hues are seen upon close examination. Population: 21 in 65 Full Head, 11 finer (10/16).

Ex: Larry Whitlow, Ltd. (5/2007); Eugene H. Gardner Collection (Heritage, 6/2014), lot 30459.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243T, PCGS# 5759



1927-S Standing Liberty Quarter, MS66 Few Finer Coins Known

5633 1927-S MS66 PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: North Shore. The 1927-S Standing Liberty quarter boasts an extremely low mintage for the series of 396,000 pieces, a production total that would not have supplied even the citizens of San Francisco with a coin each in 1927. Few examples were saved for numismatic purposes, and specimens in Premium Gem condition are quite rare today. The coin offered here is a delightful Premium Gem, with vibrant mint luster and accents of greenish-gold toning. The 1927-S is known for its weak strike, and even this marvelous coin shows some softness on the shield rivets and Liberty's midsection, but the strike is much better than average in other areas. The eye appeal is exceptional. Population: 30 in 66, 4 finer (1/12).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2012), lot 4049.

From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 243W, PCGS# 5764

1928 Standing Liberty Quarter MS67 Full Head None Numerically Finer at PCGS

5634 1928 MS67 Full Head PCGS. The 1928 Standing Liberty quarter claims a substantial mintage of 6.3 million pieces, making it an available issue in lower Mint State grades. It is definitely a condition rarity at the MS67 grade level, however. This magnificent Superb Gem displays faint streaks of honey color over the pastel rose and sky-blue surfaces. The strike is precise aside from the usual pair of shield rivets near the waist. A splendidly preserved representative of this conditionally elusive issue. Population: 8 in 67, 1 in 67+ Full Head, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2004), lot 7143; Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 805; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 2703. NGC ID# 243X, PCGS# 5767

WASHINGTON QUARTERS



1945 Quarter, Partially Toned MS68 Among the Finest Known

5635 1945 MS68 PCGS. For general collecting purposes, the 1945 Washington quarter is plentiful in attractive Mint State grades, but for Registry Set assemblers and those who simply desire only the best available, the choices are incredibly fewer. Superb Gems are scarce, and the top grade — MS68 — has been achieved by only six pieces at PCGS and NGC combined, with none finer. One of the two PCGS coins is housed in the current highest-rated Registry Set; the other, a plate coin for the CoinFacts webpage, is offered here.

Vivid rainbow-like patination hugs the right and lower obverse margin while the remaining surfaces display occasional whispers of nearly imperceptible ice-blue and violet colors. Both sides are awash with stunning luster and exhibit well-struck design features. This is a remarkably well-preserved representative that will appeal on grounds of beauty and rarity even to collectors not normally in pursuit of the Washington quarter series. Population: 2 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 245B, PCGS# 5827



1949 Quarter, Lightly Toned MS68 Tied for the Finest Known

5636 1949 MS68 PCGS. The Washington quarter series is easy to assemble a collection of in its entirety, but if top-grade examples are sought of each issue, the set becomes a major challenge to complete. Although plentiful through MS67, the 1949 has a population of only four coins in MS68 at PCGS, the finest grade achieved (11/16). One is housed in the current finest PCGS Registry Set. Another is offered here. This piece displays satiny luster and seemingly flawless surfaces. Dusky champagne, olive-gold, lavender-pink, and greenish toning encompasses each side, attesting to the originality of the surfaces. NGC ID# 245P, PCGS# 5839

EARLY HALF DOLLARS



1794 O-101a Half Dollar, XF40 Original Olive and Violet-Gray Patina

1794 Flowing Hair Half, VF25 O-101, Attractive Collector-Grade Example

5637 1794 O-101, T-7, High R.3, VF25 NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. Tompkins Die State 1/3. The most available die pair (by far) for the 1794 Flowing Hair halves, one of 11 die marriages required for the issue with a reported mintage of 23,464 pieces. Half dollars were authorized by the Act of April 2, 1792, but no half dollars were struck until December of 1794 and just 5,300 pieces were delivered in the calendar year of issue. Others were delivered in 1795.

Less celebrated than the showpiece 1794 dollars, the half dollars were a backbone of early circulating U.S. coinage and Uncirculated examples are rare. The O-101 (T-7) variety is the only die pair with Uncirculated examples available to collectors. This piece saw moderate circulation, but retains nice definition on the motifs and the date is sharp. The reverse rim is unusually high and well-formed. Lovely silver-gray toning deepens slightly at the borders, with abrasions lessened by wear. An appealing, collector-friendly example. NGC ID# 24E6, PCGS# 39200 Base PCGS# 6051

5638 1794 O-101a, T-7, High R.3, XF40 NGC. Tompkins Die Stage 1/4, with a crack through the F in OF that turns left, traveling through the leaf to the last S in STATES. O-101 is the most frequently encountered die marriage among 1794 half dollars. It is identified by star 1 piercing the curl, star 9 far from the Y, and the leaf pair centered under OF. This first-year half dollar is boldly impressed with trivial merging over the curls and breast feathers. An original layer of attractive olive and violet-gray patina blankets each side. Close inspection turns up a couple of small linear depressions on the obverse, but they pale in comparison to the larger significance of this offering. Census (all varieties): 13 in 40, 29 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24E6, PCGS# 39201 Base PCGS# 6051



1794 Flowing Hair Half Dollar, Fine 15 O-105, Important First-Year Issue

5639 1794 O-105, T-3, R.5, Fine 15 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 1/1. The early Mint struggled with die life for the 1794 half dollars, requiring 11 die pairs to strike just 23,464 pieces. Among the different die marriages, the O-105 is the second-most available variety, although it still rates an R.5 on the rarity scale. This attractive example displays a pleasing golden-gray patina with areas of deep gunmetal gray toning at the lower obverse. The surfaces show smooth wear but no distracting marks. The reverse displays strong definition on the eagle's wing feathers for the grade, with slight weakness at O in OF but sharpness of a higher grade in all other ways. The obverse is a bit less sharp but Choice at the Fine level. Struck from a perfect state of the dies, with no evidence of a die crack above the first T in STATES. Ideal for circulated first-year type. NGC ID# 24E6, PCGS# 39206 Base PCGS# 6051



1796 15 Stars Half Dollar, O-101 Well-Defined Fine Details

5640 1796 15 Stars, O-101, T-1, R.5 — Plugged, Repaired — NCS. Fine Details. Amato-158. The present Fine Details offering is an important opportunity for the type collector to obtain a Draped Bust Small Eagle half dollar. This coveted piece of Americana is a significant "stopper" for anyone attempting to complete a type collection of United States coinage. Some may question the feasibility of investing in a coin that has been plugged and smoothed in the obverse fields. But the high prices being realized for original, problem-free specimens prevent many collectors from acquiring an example for their collection. Moreover, this particular coin exhibits well-defined design elements, especially on the obverse. Liberty's hair shows fairly strong detail, as do the eye, ear, and drapery lines and the peripheral devices. Indeed, few would likely argue with the obverse being being classified as Very Fine, maybe even VF25 Details. And in the opinion of this cataloger (JPA), even the reverse is just somewhat short of VF Details. Both sides reveal steel-gray patina and soft bluish accents. Despite the impairments, this coin will be an appropriate, and perhaps "affordable" addition to a U.S. type collection.

Ex: John Stimson, Sr. Collection, Part 2, Long Beach Signature (Heritage Auctions, 2/2008), lot 527. NGC ID# 24E9, PCGS# 39261 Base PCGS# 6057



1796 15 Stars Half Dollar, Original Fine 12 O-101, Important Key to a Type Collection

5641 1796 15 Stars, O-101, T-1, R.5, Fine 12 PCGS. Amato-162. Any Draped Bust Small Eagle half dollar that makes an auction appearance is a “marquee event,” regardless of condition. And original, problem-free specimens such as the present Fine 12 coin are especially desirable. This is due to the minuscule 1796-1797 half dollar mintage of 3,918 pieces and relatively low survival rate of perhaps 300 examples. An important key for the completion of a type collection of United States coinage, a 1796-1797 half dollar is frequently absent from all but the most advanced collections.

Soft bluish-gray toning is imbued with whispers of golden-tan laced with hints of red on the reverse. Some strands are visible in the lower portion of Liberty’s hair and the drapery is delineated at the bust tip. About one-half of the eagle’s wing feathers show and the torso is separated from each wing. The surfaces on both sides are remarkably clean. A tiny rim mark above ER of LIBERTY and another below the twist in the right ribbon on the reverse (both appear to be as-made planchet flaws) serve to identify the coin, as does a vertical spot beneath the stem of the laurel wreath. No adjustment marks are evident. This coin will be an attractive addition to a U.S. type set.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/1988), lot 653; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/1989), lot 657; Pete Tremblay Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 6/2006), lot 1428; ANA Signature (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 3673. NGC ID# 24E9, PCGS# 39261 Base PCGS# 6057



1796 16 Stars Half Dollar, Attractive Fine 12 O-102, Scarcer Late Die State

5642 1796 16 Stars, O-102, T-2, High R.5, Fine 12 PCGS. Amato-227a. Unlike the other three varieties of the Draped Bust Small Eagle half dollar, the 1796 Overton-102 shows 16 obverse stars instead of 15. The 16 stars variety commemorated Tennessee's June 1, 1796 admission to the Union as the 16th state. While Mint records indicate that all Draped Bust Small Eagle halves were delivered in February, March, and May 1797, contemporary evidence such as the August 25, 1794 editorial in the *Knoxville Gazette* calling for statehood and the 1795 results of the census enumeration required for statehood admission suggests that the 16 stars obverse die was likely engraved several months prior to Tennessee's June 1, 1796 admission. Breen (1988) theorizes that the 16 stars coins were included in the March and May deliveries, following the 1796 15 star-pieces delivered in February and March.

The present 1796 16 Stars example represents a late die state, evidenced by the die crack extending from the rim through the first four stars then out to the milling. Contrary to previous literature claiming that this crack is seen on most 16-Star pieces, our ongoing research on the Draped Bust Small Eagle series indicates that only about 35 percent of the known 16-Star examples possess this crack. The current specimen is therefore desirable for the variety/die state specialist as well as the type collector.

Attractive medium gray patina is deeper surrounding the devices on both sides of this Fine 12 example, offering modest contrast with the motifs. Liberty's hair displays a generous amount of detail, as do the ear, eye, eyebrow, and drapery folds. In fact, the obverse may lay claims to Very Fine classification. About one-third of the feather detail is visible on the eagle's wings that are completely separated from the torso. The surfaces on each side are devoid of significant marks, and no adjustment marks are apparent. A minuscule mark midway between Liberty's ear and neck curl and one between the right (facing) wing tip and inner-middle palm leaf are mentioned solely for identification purposes.

Ex: Baltimore Auction (*Stack's Bowers*, 11/2012), lot 3138. NGC ID# 24EA, PCGS# 39262 Base PCGS# 6058



1807 O-105 Half Dollar, MS64 Exceptional Draped Bust Type Coin

5643 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, MS64 PCGS. Tompkins Die State 2/2. This is the only use of the reverse die, where the F in OF shows a complete lower right serif, and the leaf points between IC. Overton-105 is the most-often seen variety of 1807 Draped Bust half dollars. Struck from a fairly early die stage, die clashing is visible above the date and a faint die crack exists at the top of STATES.

Examples of Overton-105 survive through MS66, although few near-Gem examples — or finer — of any Draped Bust variety survive for collectors seeking high-grade Uncirculated examples. This piece is solidly placed in the Tompkins Condition Census (66, 65, 65, 64, 64, 63). It remains a wonderful type coin with beautiful stone-gray interiors that darken to olive and gold patina around the rims. Fully struck with exceptionally strong detail on the reverse. Population (all Draped Bust varieties): 14 in 64, 9 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079

BUST HALF DOLLARS



1808/7 O-101 Half Dollar, Toned MS65 Only One Finer Example Certified

5644 1808/7 O-101, R.1, MS65 NGC. Peripheral die cracks on both sides are usual for this die combination. Parsley states that the die cracks are "usually visible." The 1808 overdate half dollar is a readily available variety, but examples are extremely difficult to locate in Choice or Gem grades. NGC has seen four MS65 1808/7 half dollars, including the coin offered here, while PCGS reports one submission in the same grade and a single finer piece: the Pogue coin in MS66 that recently realized \$49,937.50 in September 2015. The obverse has frosty surfaces with lighter-hued centers surrounded by shades of blatantly original gold, magenta, and cobalt-blue patina. Mixed violet-gray and blue tones intermingle over the entirety of the reverse. Boldly rendered with great eye appeal. Truly among the finest 1808/7 representatives out there.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091



1811 Small 8 Half Dollar, Toned MS65 O-110a, Tied for Second Finest

5645 1811 Small 8, O-110a, R.1, MS65 NGC. Ex: Frank McCarthy Collection. Identifiable by the leftward slant of the digits in the date, and the center dot between crossbars 4 and 5. This later die state shows a die crack that starts below the olive leaves, continues through the tops of UNITED, and terminates above the first S in STATES. At this grade level, this piece is tied with several other Gems, suggesting this production run may have been set aside for many years in a vault as part of a bank's cash reserves. Sharply struck in all areas, the surfaces are lustrous with an overlay of mottled deep gray and blue toning on each side. NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39435 Base PCGS# 6097



1812/1 Half Dollar, AU53 Rare Large 8 Overdate Finest Certified as O-101a

5646 1812/1 Large 8, O-101a, R.5, AU53 NGC. The 1812/1 Small 8 makes a regular appearance in auctions and at coin shows, but the 1812/1 Large 8 is rare. It is known by a single die marriage with two major die states. O-101a has a linear die crack between the 12 in the date, and O-101 lacks that crack. Both die states are on most Bust half dollar want lists, and are also in demand by those who collect strictly by *Guide Book* variety. NGC and PCGS combined have certified only 11 examples as O-101a, with the present piece as the single finest from either service (11/16). It is a pearl-gray and almond-gold piece that shows numerous pockets of luster. The curls display light wear, and neither side exhibits any reportable abrasions. NGC ID# 24EX, PCGS# 39442 Base PCGS# 6102



1813 Half Dollar, Vibrant MS64 O-101, 50 C Over UNI

5647 1813 50 C Over UNI, O-101, R.2, MS64 PCGS. In one of the more unusual and distinctive engraver errors in a series filled with interesting varieties and engraving blunders, the UNI of UNITED was first positioned far too low on the die. The error was not discovered until at least three letters were in place, at which point they were partially effaced and the die work completed with everything in the proper location. Remnants of the initial UNI remain visible in and around the 50 C denomination.

This is a wonderfully toned and lustrous near-Gem coin. A crescent of vibrant blue toning on the lower obverse joins almond-gold toning that deepens near the edge. The reverse is more extensively toned in the same shades and alive with frosty luster. Both sides display multiple die clashing. Tied for the numeric finest of this important *Guide Book* variety, we find it hard to believe any other examples of the 50 C Over UNI exceed the natural eye appeal and vivid coloration of this sharply impressed coin. Population: 10 in 64 (1 in 64+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24F2, PCGS# 39473 Base PCGS# 6104



1814/3 Capped Bust Half Dollar, MS64 Popular O-101a *Guide Book* Overdate

5648 1814/3 O-101a, R.2, MS64 PCGS. A substantial mintage of just over 1 million Capped bust half dollars was struck in 1814, using eight obverse and nine reverse dies in combination. This resulted in nine separate die varieties for the date. The coin offered here represents a late die state of the popular O-101 variety, with the remnants of an undertype 3 below the final digit in the date. An extensive network of die cracks is evident on both sides and dramatic clash marks are visible throughout. The design elements are sharply detailed and the well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, under attractive shades of golden-brown and violet toning. Overall eye appeal is terrific. Population (for the variety): 1 in 64 (1 in 64+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24F4, PCGS# 39488 Base PCGS# 6106



1814 Half Dollar, O-107, MS65+ Eye-Catching Originality and Luster

5649 1814 O-107, R.2, MS65+ PCGS. CAC. The frosty surfaces display a pleasing mix of pale reddish-gold and blue toning with strong cartwheel luster across both sides. Multiply die clashed on both sides with a remarkably sharp strike given the middle state of the dies, the O-107 is best-identified by a lumplike defect in the angle of N in UNITED.

The Gem Uncirculated grade with the Plus designation places the present coin solidly in the Condition Census for the variety according to the Autumn, 2016 Steve Herrman listing, trailing only the MS66 Eliasberg coin. Likewise, the Parsley reference cites a Census of 66, 65, 65, 62, 62 to confirm the second-finest stature of this frosty and original Gem. It ranks highly among all 1814 halves regardless of variety as the only MS65+ and CAC endorsement. Population (all 1814 varieties combined): 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 6 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39484 Base PCGS# 6105



1815/2 Bust Half, AU58 O-101a, Late Die State

5650 1815/2 O-101a, R.3, AU58 PCGS. Always an in-demand overdate — in both early and late die states — this coin displays attractive, silver-gray patina with lilac overtones and considerable remaining mint luster. The O-101a late die state is somewhat scarcer than earlier states of the dies, and it is identified by several die cracks that encircle the reverse legend and denomination. A bold crack travels from the olive leaves up through UN of UNITED and around the legend to OF, then down again through F and the serif of A to the scroll. Another crack travels from the edge above M through ERICA, across the arrowheads, and diagonally through 50 C. to the edge below the olive leaves. The strike is bold with a trace of the underdigit 2 beneath the primary 5, and the central motifs are sharp. Prominent die clashing produces the only significant marks on the coin, and they are of Mint origin, diagnostic of the die state. NGC ID# 24F5, PCGS# 39492 Base PCGS# 6108



1817/3 Capped Bust Half, MS64 Condition Census Guide Book Overdate, O-101

5651 1817/3 O-101, R.3, MS64 NGC. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green. Rings of vivid lavender and sea-green toning encircle the brilliant centers of this luminous Choice specimen. The coin is from an early state of the dies and is sharply detailed throughout. This is important to knowledgeable collectors (weakness around the eagle's head and left wing is a recurrent problem for the 1817/3, but not evident on this example). Excellent eye appeal complements the high technical grade. The silvery surfaces vary a bit from the frosty mint luster usually seen on high grade specimens. We note a few small marks and die clashing on each side.

We also call attention to Eric P. Newman's envelope (which accompanies the lot): **1817 over 13 half. Brilliant Proof. Ext. rare. (See Breen U.S. Proofs.)** Turning to Breen's *Encyclopedia of United States and Colonial Proof Coins 1722-1977* at page 40 we find the text to which Newman's envelope alludes. Breen identifies an 1817/3 half-dollar, "[n]ot too carefully made [for a proof]" with a proof obverse and uncirculated reverse. Breen concludes, "Probably the earliest variety of the year." Is that Breen's way of describing a "prooflike" early strike? Perhaps. Breen goes on to list the provenance of the coin: "Privately placed by New Netherlands Coin Co, ex Newcomer, Green, Wayte Raymond's personal set of proof half dollars." So, despite the notation on Newman's envelope, the Breen coin does not appear to be the one Newman acquired from "Colonel" Green. It is intriguing to think another such "early variety" may still exist.

Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society, Part II (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33447. NGC ID# 24F7, PCGS# 39511 Base PCGS# 6111



1819/8 Bust Half, Album-Toned MS64 O-102, Large 9 Overdate Variety

5652 1819/8 Large 9, O-102, R.2, MS64 PCGS. CAC. A gap in the dentils beneath "0" in 50 C combine with defective right-hand bases on the Ts in the reverse legend to confirm the O-102 reverse. The obverse displays a large, broad 9 to completely obscure the underdigit 8 except for a "bar" that closes the loop of the 9 — a remnant of the underneath 8. Large stars sit close to the edge, with the outer points drawn to the milling.

Vibrant album toning is consistent on both sides, with cobalt-blue at the borders and amber-gold centers. Cartwheel mint luster flashes across the frosty surfaces. The obverse is well-struck, while the reverse shows minor blending at the talons, but is sharp in all other regards. A pair of MS66 coins sit atop the Condition Census, followed by three or four MS65 coins. The present CAC-endorsed coin ranks close behind. Population (all Large 9 overdate varieties): 10 in 64 (1 in 64+), 8 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FC, PCGS# 39556 Base PCGS# 6119



1819 Half Dollar, O-114, Amazing MS65+ The Finest Example Extant

5653 1819 O-114, R.3, MS65+ PCGS. This high-end Gem is not only the finest of the variety — identified by a die line on the eagle's neck feathers — it ranks among the finest 1819 half dollars extant. The only finer non-overdate 1819 half known is the Pogue O-107 example in MS66. The Pogue collection also included two 1819/8 pieces in Premium Gem condition. This important offering should stimulate intense competition when it crosses the block. Softly frosted mint luster shines through deep tones of gold, violet, and blue. This high-end Gem is fully struck. Four small ticks appear above the eagle's left wing and head. For the variety, it ranks as the numerically finest-known according to the Steve Herrman listing and it is tied for finest based on the Donald Parsley reference. By way of the Plus designation, it is the finest on the certified population charts. Population (all Normal Date varieties included): 10 in 65 (2 in 65+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24FB, PCGS# 39553 Base PCGS# 6117



1820 O-108 Bust Half, MS65 Square Base 2, Large Date, No Knob Condition Census Quality

5654 1820 Square Base 2, Large Date, No Knob, O-108, R.2, MS65 NGC. While rare varieties exist for almost every date in the Capped Bust half dollar series, only a few individual dates are considered scarce or rare when the entire population of that date is considered. The rarest date, of course, is 1815 and the second most challenging is clearly 1820. Although the O-108 die marriage is considered just R.2, it is a variety rarely seen in Gem condition. For example, the Queller and Byers collections did not contain any example of this die marriage. The Eliasberg specimen was graded MS60. O-108 is also notable as the only doubled die Capped Bust variety. The doubling is strongest on the leaves of the eagle's branch. No evidence of die cracks, clash marks, or other die defects are seen on either side of this Gem. The obverse and reverse are both richly toned in gray-brown color with peripheral blue-green accents. All of the design motifs on each side are sharp and well-detailed with full borders presenting a nicely balanced appearance. The surfaces beneath the toning have full frosty luster. NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39570 Base PCGS# 6123



1825 O-114 Half Dollar, Attractive MS66 Multicolor Patina, Finest of the Variety

5655 1825 O-114, R.1, MS66 PCGS. Ice-blue and green toning encompasses the peripheries, progressing to light violet and amber interiors with boldly rendered devices. Extremely attractive, the frosty and colorful surfaces display full mint luster and virtually mark-free fields and devices. The motifs are sharply struck throughout both sides.

This Premium Gem not only ranks at the top of its variety, it is within the top 2% of all Capped Bust halves regardless of date. Overton-114 is an available variety through most grade levels, but this is the sole MS66 example of the die pair. The Overton-Parsley Condition Census shows two Gems in the top spot, following by three MS64 examples. Steven Herrman ranks this piece among the finest O-114 halves to surface in the past 25 years, and it will soon move to the top of his listing on behalf of the successful bidder for the current offering. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39661 Base PCGS# 6142



1826 O-106a Half Dollar, Pristine MS66 Ex: Eliasberg, Top of the Census for the Variety

5656 1826 O-106a, R.3, MS66 NGC. Ex: Eliasberg. Currently the finest known example of the O-106 die combination in any die stage, this former Eliasberg coin is a late die state with reverse cracks. A gorgeous and pristine Premium Gem, the surfaces are fully lustrous with attractive gold toning across both sides and steel-blue accents at the borders. The strike is suitably sharp and complete throughout the raised devices.

Both the Donald Parsley and Stephen Herrman references rank this coin at the top of the Condition Census for the variety. In its late state of the dies, this example outranks the next finest-known O-106a by a full two points. It seems unlikely that a finer 1826 piece exists for either the O-106 or O-106a die marriage. Census: 14 in 66 (1 in 66★), 2 finer (11/16) for all 1826 die varieties.

Ex: *The Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection* (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1823; *The Joseph C. Thomas Collection at Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2009), lot 704. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39674 Base PCGS# 6143



1830 O-114 Half Dollar, MS63 Rare Large Letters Variety Ex: Reiver, Finest Certified

5657 1830 Large Letters, Small 0, O-114, R.5, MS63 NGC. Ex: Jules Reiver Collection. The rare Overton-114 is the only 1830 die variety with a Large Letters reverse. It is a key to a *Guide Book* collection of Capped Bust halves. The present lot, pedigreed to the prestigious Reiver Collection, is the single finest certified example, as it has been for the past ten years. Both sides are richly patinated sea-green and rose-red. The surfaces are lustrous and show only incidental contact. The stars show softness, but the remainder of the strike is good. A significant opportunity for the advanced specialist. Ex: *Coin Galleries* (8/1983), lot 1824; *Jules Reiver Collection* (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 23162, which realized \$18,400. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39836 Base PCGS# 39835

1832 Bust Half Dollar, Sole-Finest MS67 O-121, Small Letters Reverse

5658 1832 Small Letters, O-121, R.3, MS67 NGC. CAC. The 1 in the date shows a distinct tine beneath the top serif, a remnant of recutting on the digit. There is a diagnostic pencil-shaped die defect on the reverse shield between vertical stripes 5 and 6, confirming the O-121 variety. The 2 in the date is broad and flamboyantly curved at the base, while the reverse shows large arrowheads crowded together, each with a sharp point.

This wonderfully original Superb Gem half glows with satin luster across unblemished, problem-free surfaces. Silver luster gleams beneath cerulean-blue and rose-gray toning with golden accents at the margins. The strike is sharp but not full, with some of the star centers flat, as well as minor loss of detail on the eagle's knuckles above the arrow shafts. The present coin is far and away the finest O-121 in any of the Condition Census listings. Formerly housed in an MS66 PCGS holder (and listed that way in both the Parsley and Herrman references), it crossed to a MS67 NGC holder some years ago. The next-finest O-121 is graded MS64. Census: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: *The Allan Mandelstamm Collection of U.S. Type Coins* (Superior Pre-Long Beach, 2/2006 as MS66 PCGS), lot 759. NGC ID# 24FW, PCGS# 39881 Base PCGS# 6160



1834 O-106 Half Dollar, MS66
Large Date, Small Letters
Condition Census Quality

5659 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-106, R.1, MS66 NGC. Diagnostics for this transitional die pair include a small 4 under the primary 4 in the date, and a recut upright on the M in AMERICA. The stars lack centers, but the hair curls are crisp and the eagle shows strong detail on the feathers and fletchings. Beautifully toned in blue and violet iridescence. Copious luster shines through the layer of variegated patina, furthering the already impressive eye appeal. The most recent edition of Stephen Herrman's *Auction and Mail Bid Prices Realized for Bust Half Dollars* shows a single MS67 from the Pogue Collection followed by four Premium Gems, placing this piece solidly within the top finest examples known. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39910 Base PCGS# 6165



PROOF BUST HALF DOLLAR

1832 Capped Bust Half Dollar, PR65 Only Nine Proof Examples Known Finest of Two O-106 Proofs

5660 1832 PR65 NGC. O-106, R.8 as a proof. Only nine proof 1832 Capped Bust half dollars have been confirmed, split among three different die varieties (see roster below). This coin represents the O-106 variety, with recutting on star 1 and a small B-shaped defect in the lowest part of the shield border. Only two proof examples of the O-106 are known to present-day numismatists, this coin and the Garrett specimen, which was not certified at the time of its last appearance, but may be the second PR63 example in the NGC Census today. Heritage Auctions is privileged to offer this finest-certified proof O-106 Capped Bust half dollar in only its second auction appearance.

The present coin is a delightful Gem, with sharply detailed design elements that show full radials on all stars and fine definition on Liberty's curls. The relief is relatively high and a light coat of mint frost is evident on the devices. The well-preserved surfaces include deeply reflective fields, under an attractive mix of pale gold, lavender-gray, and cerulean-blue toning. Eye appeal is truly spectacular. Census (all proof varieties): 1 in 65, 1 finer (11/16).

Roster of 1832 Proof Half Dollars

The following roster of 1832 proof half dollars is based in part on the database published twice a year by Stephen Herrman.

O-106

—**PR65 NGC.** Pre-Long Beach Sale (Superior, 5/2006), lot 582, **the present coin.**

—**PR63.** Probably John Colvin Randall Collection (Woodward, 6/1885), lot 343; T. Harrison Garrett; Robert Garrett; John Work Garrett; Johns Hopkins University; Garrett Collection, Part I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979), lot 322.

O-122

—**PR65 PCGS.** Henry Chapman; Chapman Estate; John Jay Pittman, purchased via Ella Wright in 1945; Pittman Collection, Part II (David Akers, 5/1998), lot 1499; Long Beach Connoisseur Collection; Rarities Sale (Bowers and Merena, 8/1999), lot 197; Logan-Steinberg Collections (Bowers and Merena, 11/2002), lot 1465; Denver ANA Auction (Bowers and Merena, 8/2006), lot 3344; D. Brent Pogue Collection (Stack's Bowers, 2/2016), lot 3077.

—**PR63 NGC.** United States Gold, Silver and Copper Coins (Stack's, 2/1980), lot 910; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 2873; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013), Lot 5637.

O-123

—**PR68 NGC.** Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr.; Eliasberg Estate (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1881.

—**PR63 PCGS.** Christian Allenburger (B. Max Mehl, 5/1948), lot 880; Harold Bareford (Stack's, 1981), lot 386; later Sheridan Downey (5/1994), lot 8; Sheridan Downey (8/2001), lot 14; Russell J. Logan (Bowers and Merena, 11/2002), lot 2691.

—**PR60.** National Numismatic Collection; Smithsonian Institution.

—**PR55 PCGS.** Steve Ivy in 1982; California dealer; Olin Carter Collection; Sheridan Downey; Elton Dosier in 1996; Charlton E. Meyer, Jr.

—**PR45.** Sheridan Downey (8/2004), lot 18.

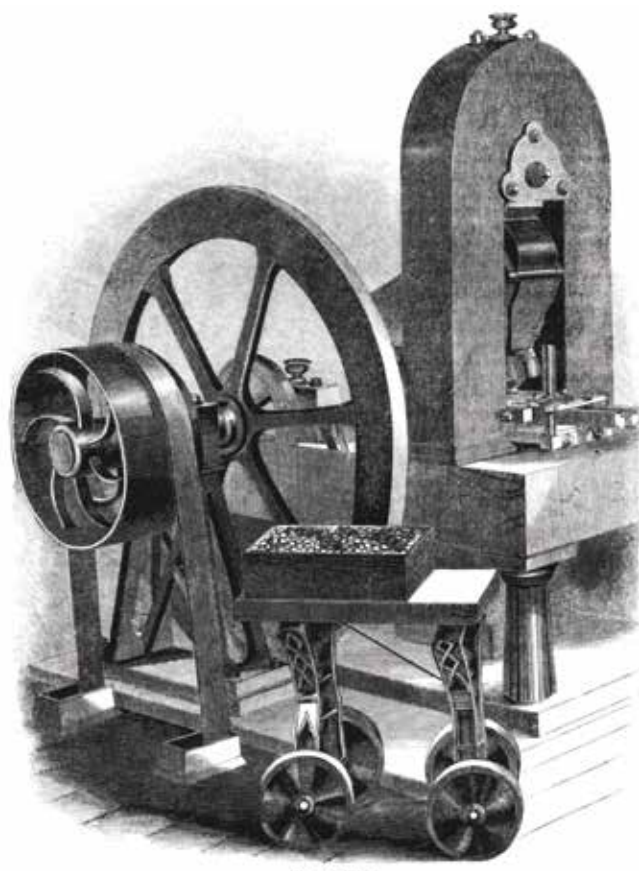


REEDED EDGE HALF DOLLAR



1836 Reeded Edge Half Dollar, GR-1, MS64 First Issue Struck Using the Steam Press

5661 1836 Reeded Edge, GR-1, R.2, MS64 PCGS. The Thonnelier steam press was installed at the Philadelphia Mint in 1836, and used to coin a few copper medalets early in that year. The modified-design Capped Bust, Reeded Edge half dollars were among the first regular-issue coins struck using the new technology. This Choice Mint State half dollar ranks high on the list of known survivors from a limited mintage traditionally given as 1,200 coins. Both sides have mottled gold and violet-gray toning with iridescent accents of blue, green, and rose. Softly frosted mint luster shines through the original patina. The relief elements are well-detailed but display incompleteness over the hair curls, lower stars, and the eagle's left wing feathers. This lovely near-Gem presents the advanced specialist with the chance to acquire one of the finest examples of this low-mintage key date issue. Population: 7 in 64 (1 in 64+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2U28, PCGS# 531046 Base PCGS# 6175



PLATINUM NIGHT



PROOF REEDED EDGE HALF DOLLAR



1839-O Reeded Edge Half Dollar, Branch Mint PR65 GR-1, Finest of Four Examples Known

5662 1839-O GR-1, High R. 7 as a proof, PR65 NGC. Ex: Robison. The 1839-O proof half dollar is a mysterious, little known rarity from the second year of operations at the New Orleans Mint. The issue is often compared to its more famous predecessor, the 1838-O half dollar, which is one of the marquee rarities in American coinage. The two issues have much in common, as both were produced in proof format, ostensibly at the newly established New Orleans Mint. The same reverse dies were used to coin both issues, and both obverse dies featured the prominent O mintmark, characteristic of this short-lived two-year design type. The histories of these two issues diverged broadly shortly after their production, however, as the 1838-O became one of the most celebrated issues in the U.S. series, while the 1839-O languished in obscurity.

This lack of recognition may stem from the fact that the 1839-O proofs were accompanied by a large business-strike emission, while the 1838-O was never struck in regular-issue format. The 1839-O proof is actually a much rarer issue, with only four confirmed survivors, compared to at least nine examples of the 1838-O. The 1839-O is so rare that it has been out-of-sight, out-of-mind in the numismatic community for most of its history. Although the four confirmed examples have all appeared at auction in recent years, precious little has been written about them, and much of the published information is ambiguous or questionable.

When Walter Breen studied this issue for his proof reference in the 1970s, he made mention of a specimen he examined in the Philip Straus Collection that was struck in medal turn, with the devices aligned in a 360 degree rotation. By the time he wrote his *Complete Encyclopedia* in 1988, he believed that all examples were struck in medal turn. This is definitely not the case for the four examples we have tracked in our roster below, all being struck in the normal 180 degree coin turn. The Straus example has never surfaced, and we are convinced Breen must have been in error about the die alignment.

It was always believed that the 1839-O proofs were all coined at the same time, since they were struck from the same dies. Comparing the four coins that have appeared at auction recently casts some doubt on that piece of conventional wisdom, as well. The coin in lot 2163 of the Long Beach Signature Auction (Heritage, 9/2008) shows incomplete detail in the hair around Liberty's ear, and the stars appear spindly and small when compared to the devices on the other specimens in the roster. The coin is sharply struck, but the dies themselves seem to lack the fine detail seen on the other coins. This is probably the result of lapping, to remove die cracks or clash marks. The proof dies were used to strike regular issue coins as well as proofs in 1839. It seems likely that some proofs were struck from newly delivered, polished dies. Then the dies were used in business-strike production, developing some cracks or clash marks, and subsequently lapped and polished before striking a few more proofs. No records were kept of specific proof strikings during this period, so it is impossible to say exactly when the 1839-O proofs were struck. Interestingly, the reverse of this specimen appears to be in an earlier die state than in its use on the 1838-O half dollar in the Smithsonian Institution, which shows more advanced die cracks. We know the obverse dies were not delivered until March 1839, and the reverse dies were effaced on February 21, 1840, so there is no possibility of a restrike issue at a later date.

The present coin is a magnificent Gem, with a razor-sharp strike that imparts fine definition to each individual hair strand in Liberty's curls. All the stars have full centrils and the date is bold. The mintmark is double-punched, with the extra outline showing along the lower curve. The reverse is equally sharp, with exquisite definition on the eagle's feathers and talons. The surfaces are toned in iridescent shades of blue, champagne-gold, russet, green, and violet in a stunning play of colors. The fields are brightly reflective under the patina, and show only the most insignificant signs of contact. Visual appeal is terrific. This coin is the finest known specimen of this rare and important proof issue and it should find a home in the finest collection of Capped Bust, Reeded Edge half dollars.

Census of Proof 1839-O Half Dollars

This census contains the four distinct proof 1839-O half dollars known, as well as three earlier, untraced sightings that may or may not correspond with those below.

- 1. PR65 NGC.** Ellis Robison Collection (Stack's, 2/1982), lot 1607; Queller Family Collection (Stack's, 10/2002), lot 448; Pre-Long Beach Sale (Ira and Larry Goldberg, 2/2008), lot 2177; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2012), lot 3633, realized \$299,000; **the present coin.**
- 2. PR64 NGC.** Salisbury/Woods Collections (Bowers and Merena, 9/1994), lot 1214; Baltimore ANA Signature Auction (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 1690; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 5645, realized \$123,375.
- 3. PR63 NGC.** Krouner Collection (Lester Merkin, 2/1971), lot 736; Public Auction Sale (Stack's, 9/1992), lot 358; George Byers Collection (Stack's, 10/2006), lot 1098; Long Beach Signature Auction (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 2164; Los Angeles Signature Auction (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 1119. The Breen *Proof Encyclopedia* Plate Coin.
- 4. PR62 NGC.** Long Beach Signature Auction (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 2163; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2009), lot 2462.

Additional Appearances

A. Proof. F.C.C. Boyd; World's Greatest Collection (Numismatic Gallery, 5/1945), lot 411; Christian Allenburger (B. Max Mehl, 3/1948), lot 1936; R.E. Cox (Stack's, 4/1962), lot 1875. Walter Breen believed these descriptions were all of the same coin, but the first two appearances were not plated, and the catalogers of the Cox specimen report that the consignor was told it was the Allenburger coin, but they could not verify that claim. The plate of the Cox coin shows an unsightly planchet void near the eagle's head. Considering the painstaking process employed in striking proofs of this era, it seems unlikely that the coiners would select a damaged planchet to strike a proof coin. The Cox specimen may be a prooflike business-strike.

B. Proof. An unverified example that Breen reported in the Philip G. Straus Collection, circa 1951. The coin remains unseen since that time and is likely one of the four listed above.

C. Proof. A piece in the Kagin reference collection, observed by Q. David Bowers in the 1950s. Probably an earlier appearance of one of the coins above.

D. Branch Mint SP62. Chicago ANA Convention Auction (Stack's Bowers, 8/2015), lot 10108, realized \$105,750. Cataloged as a specimen striking by PCGS and the plate does not match any of the coins in the main roster. Possibly a reappearance of one of the Additional Appearances above. NGC ID# 27SS, PCGS# 6253

SEATED HALF DOLLARS



1839 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, MS65+ With Drapery, Tied for Finest Certified

5663 1839 With Drapery, WB-102, MS65+ PCGS. CAC. A substantial mintage of more than 1.9 million Seated Liberty half dollars was accomplished in 1839, split between the earlier No Drapery and later With Drapery motifs. The With Drapery examples, like the present coin, show an three extra folds of drapery below Liberty's elbow and a slightly smaller rock. The 1839 is an underrated issue as a date, and With Drapery Gems are very rare.

The present coin is a high-end Gem as designated by the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement, with just a touch of softness on the eagle's claw and some star centers. The surfaces are well-preserved and brightly lustrous, under attractive shades of greenish-gold and magenta toning. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. We expect intense competition from type collectors and series specialists when this lot is called. Population: 3 in 65 (includes 2 in 65+), 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24GL, PCGS# 572001 Base PCGS# 6232



1847/1-46 Half Dollar, MS62 Rare Doubled Die Variety Finest Certified by NGC

5664 1847/6 WB-102, FS-301, MS62 NGC. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green. This is a rare variety with no more than 25-30 pieces known in all grades. Examples of this variety are seldom offered at public auction. The finest known is a so-called "proof" with an extensive pedigree including Dupont, Reed Hawn, Yale Clarke, Queller, and Byers. The cataloger has seen that piece and, this coin is aesthetically finer.

This variety can be quickly identified by a strong 1847 date with remnants of the bottom digits of weakly punched 1 46 low in the field barely above the dentils. Early die state examples, such as this lovely Mint State piece show the base of a 1 below the left bottom of that digit, the base of a 4 about midway between the bottoms of the 8 and 4, and the bottom curve of a 6 below the right bottom of the 4. The obverse is also a doubled die with the doubling most obvious on the vertical shield stripes and the right shield border. Later die states exist with the underlying digits lapped off the die, and those less desirable pieces are identified by the doubled die features. It is the early die state pieces such as this example that are highly prized by collectors.

This Mint State half dollar has very attractive steel-gray, blue, and amber toning over lustrous fields. There are a number of field abrasions but none serious. The reverse is extensively cracked, as are all, through the legend and denomination, most notably from U(NITED) to the rim by the left wing and another to the rim below the denomination. This is an opportunity to own a classic rarity and in an early die state.

Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$25.00; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Eric P. Newman Collection, Part II (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33472.

SPECIMEN SEATED HALF DOLLAR



1860-O Seated Half, SP64 Deeply Mirrored Specimen Strike

5665 1860-O/O Type Two Reverse, WB-105, Die Pair 9, R.8 as a Specimen Strike, SP64 NGC. In years past, this piece might have been called a branch mint proof, since it certainly has the visual characteristics of a proof or Specimen strike. The fields are deeply reflective and glassy-smooth, and the motifs are extra-sharp as if struck with multiple impressions. The dentils are perfectly formed and surrounded by high, square rims. The surfaces display a faint dusting of tan-gold toning, while the raised devices are frosted and extremely sharp, providing bold contrast with the reflective fields. A few light handling marks exist including a pair of microscopic nicks on the neck, accounting for the near-Gem numeric grade.

Assigned the SP64 grade by NGC, this is the sole 1860-O half to be designated as a Specimen strike. No proof half dollars are shown at PCGS for the issue, nor do we find a mention of others in any of the references. Clearly, the coin was struck from the WB-9 dies, a variety that features the only use of the obverse die and the first use of the reverse die. All of the die markers are present, including weakness at the foot support always seen on the die pair. A small die line in the recessed area of the shield above Y in LIBERTY exists, but no sign of die clashing as described by the Bugert reference — suggesting an early use of the dies. Likewise, the drapery folds are full beneath the elbow, rather than “partial” as listed in the reference. The mintmark is clearly repunched at the upper-left inner curve. The Bugert monograph states that all examples seen have die cracks along the top of TES in STATES and MERICA of AMERICA, and they are faintly visible on the present coin. Two other New Orleans issues have known Specimen strike examples including the 1854-O and the 1861-O. We expect spirited competition for this outstanding piece when the lot is called. Census: 1 in SP64, 0 finer (11/16).

SEATED HALF DOLLARS



1865-S Half Dollar, MS65 Virtually Unimprovable Condition Rarity

5666 1865-S Small Wide Broken S, WB-101, Die Pair 1, R.4, MS65 NGC. Small Wide Broken S mintmark. The dies are in a later state with diagnostic cracks through the rock support and stars on the obverse, and the reverse legends. This is the final use of the the Small S mintmark in the Seated half dollar series. The most recent Bill Bugert reference rates the variety R.6 in the late die state, and the issue is very rare in Gem condition regardless of variety or die stage.

The strike is sharply defined on the central devices, but some of the obverse stars are a tad softly impressed. Original, frosty luster provides this virtually unimprovable coin significant eye appeal and enhances the uniform golden-gray toning that covers each side. A single, small reeding mark near Liberty's wrist in the right obverse field is the sole interruption on the frosty-smooth surfaces. Census: 2 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). PCGS# 572167 Base PCGS# 6314



1868-S Half Dollar, MS67 The Sole Finest Example Certified

5667 1868-S WB-101, Die Pair 6, R.3, MS67 PCGS. The 1868-S half dollar is highly underrated in Mint State and significantly rarer than one would expect for a mintage of 1.1 million coins. Like its quarter dollar counterpart, the 1868-S half dollar can be found occasionally in circulated grades, but the pursuit of Mint State coins more often than not results in significant frustration. PCGS lists only 19 Uncirculated coins in all grades, just three of which grade finer than MS64. This exceptional Superb Gem ranks as the single finest, not only at PCGS, but at NGC as well (11/16). Razor-sharp motifs are set aglow by frosty mint luster. Each side is practically brilliant with only the faintest hint of champagne color and occasional specks of amber. The surfaces live up to the grade and the eye appeal is downright captivating. A truly incredible example of this conditionally elusive San Francisco issue. PCGS# 572184 Base PCGS# 6324



1871-CC WB-102 Half Dollar, MS62 So-Called 'One-Sided Proof' Key Carson City Issue

5668 1871-CC Repunched Date, WB-102, Die Pair 3, R.6, MS62 PCGS. CAC. The so-called "One Sided Proof" variety. The last two digits in the date are recut, most noticeably under the flag of the 1. Prominent clash marks and die cracks appear around the reverse. The prooflike obverse is highly reflective, hence this coveted variety's tantalizing nickname. Light golden-gray patina delicately drapes mostly brilliant surfaces, and each side is devoid of any overly distracting abrasions. Wispy grade-defining marks occur throughout, and a thin streak of struck-in grease on the reverse will attribute this coin in future appearances.

Despite the mirrored obverse, there is no evidence to suggest that the die was specifically prepared as a branch mint proof. Wiley and Bugert (1993) wrote of another Mint State Condition Census example: "We don't know if it qualifies as a branch mint proof. The obverse is fully prooflike and the rim is fairly sharp and square. However, the head die was also heavily polished to remove signs of repunching, and the tail die has been identified as being left over from 1870 when it had already developed a crack through the middle of MER." Only 153,950 half dollars were minted at Carson City in 1871. Nearly the entire production was thrust into circulation, but luckily a handful of pieces were preserved in Mint State. Of the estimated five Uncirculated survivors, few possess the eye appeal of this Mint State example with the much-desired prooflike obverse. Population: 1 in 62, 1 finer (11/16).

Ex: Kennywood Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 1/2005), lot 578; The Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 1229. NGC ID# 646C, PCGS# 572197 Base PCGS# 6331



1884 Half Dollar, CAC-Approved MS67 WB-102, Repunched Date

5669 1884 Repunched Date, WB-102, MS67 PCGS. CAC. The 4 in the date is recut at its base. A popular issue with a small 4,400-coin mintage, the 1884 Seated half dollar is nonetheless usually available for a price. Contemporary collectors and dealers set aside Uncirculated examples of all low-mintage dates from the 1880s, with the result that even Gems are pursuable today. However, the present Superb Gem is conditionally rare, and only a couple of MS68 coins are numerically finer. This piece is boldly struck and boasts prooflike fields and unabraded surfaces. Each side shows characteristic olive-gold, lavender-gray and blue-green toning. Population: 8 in 67 (1 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24KX, PCGS# 572269 Base PCGS# 6366



PROOF SEATED HALF DOLLARS

1841 Half Dollar, PR64 Only Eight Proofs Believed Extant

5670 1841 PR64 NGC. WB-102. The date shows repunching on the base of 18. This Choice proof was described in the Bowers and Merena catalog as: "Light gold toning with faint blue highlights over deeply reflective fields. Boldly struck with every detail extremely sharp." We add that the patina occurs primarily around the borders, while the centers are only delicately toned. The central motifs feature a moderate degree of frost, and although it is insufficient to warrant a Cameo designation, the field-device contrast remains noticeable.

The number of 1841 proof half dollars struck is unknown, but there is no doubt of the issue's extreme rarity today. Breen reported nine appearances and believed that five were different examples. The Wiley-Bugert reference wrote "less than 6 [proofs] known." In the John Jay Pittman catalog, David Akers explained that he had verified six 1841 proof halves. Our auction records suggest eight examples are extant.

Roster of Proof 1841 Half Dollars

- 1. PR65 NGC.** James Kelly (privately, 1946); John Jay Pittman Collection, Part II (David Akers, 5/1998, lot 1522); Richmond Collection (David Lawrence, 3/2005), lot 1786; C.L. Lee Sale (America Numismatic Rarities, 9/2005), lot 413; Pre-Long Beach (Ira & Larry Goldberg, 2/2006), lot 1472.
- 2. PR64 NGC.** Boys Town Sale (Superior, 5/1990), lot 3803; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 718; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98500; Baltimore Auction (Stack's Bowers, 3/2015), lot 13079, (now an NGC PR65+).
- 3. PR64 NGC.** John G. Mills (S.H. and H. Chapman, 4/1904), lot 896; J.M. Clapp; Clapp Estate, to Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. (1942); Eliasberg Collection (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1919; Phil Kaufman; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 3021; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2013), lot 5655; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2013), lot 6446.
- 4. PR64 NGC.** Dr. R.H. Wilson; 1952 ANA Sale (New Netherlands, 8/1952), lot 310; Elliot Landau Collection (New Netherlands, 12/1958), lot 575; Dr. James O. Sloss Sale (Bowers and Merena, 1/1999), lot 1137; unknown intermediaries; purchased from Pinnacle Rarities (4/2008); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98712. **The present coin.**
- 5. PR62.** Charles A. Cass; Empire Collection (Stack's, 11/1957), lot 1352; Reed Hawn Collection (Stack's, 8/1973), lot 132; Auction '81 (RARCOA, 7/1981), lot 137; Auction '90 (Stack's, 8/1990), lot 210; Brooklyn Sale (Stack's, 3/2007), lot 849.
- 6. PR61 PCGS.** Rarities Sale (Bowers and Merena, 7/2005), lot 550; Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 5154.
- 7. Proof.** Smithsonian Institution.
- 8. Proof.** American Numismatic Society.

Additional Appearances

- A. Proof.** David Golding (Stack's, 6/1952), lot 232.
- B. Proof.** Gustav Lichtenfels Collection (Kreisberg and Schulman, 2/1961), lot 2806. "Brilliant Proof. Sharp square edge. One of the very few in existence. Rare." Unplated.
- C. Proof.** Amwest (7/1981).
- D. Proof.** George H. Earle (H. Chapman, 6/1912), lot 2970. NGC ID# 27T3, PCGS# 6385





1849 Half Dollar, Lightly Toned PR64 The Eliasberg Coin Only Six Proofs Believed To Survive

5671 1849 PR64 PCGS. WB-101. Ex: Eliasberg. Splashes of ice-blue and russet toning occur around the rims and in the fields, while rose and golden-gray patina dominates the surfaces. As expected, the devices are fully struck, contrasting markedly against the glassy mirrors. The CAC endorsement attests to this proof's originality and eye appeal. The Eliasberg catalog noted that the 1849 proof halves "are among the greatest half dollar rarities of the decade, even more elusive than the 1848" Wiley and Bugert (1993) accurately estimated "at least five are known."

1849 Proof Half Dollar Roster

1. PR66 NGC. Grand Central Sale (Paramount, 11/1967), lot 1017; John Jay Pittman Collection (David Akers, 5/1998), lot 1536; Bowers and Merena (8/1999), lot 205; George "Buddy" Byers Collection (Stack's, 10/2006), lot 1150; Malibu Collection (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 2247; Los Angeles Signature (Heritage, 8/2009), lot 1127; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98528.

2. PR66 PCGS. Stack's (3/1975), lot 453; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 5262.

3. PR65 NGC. F.C.C. Boyd; World's Greatest Collection (Numismatic Gallery, 4/1945), lot 296; Floyd T. Starr Collection (Stack's, 10/1992), lot 549; Superior (7/1993), lot 421; Phil Kaufman Collection (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 2391; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 2555. Walter Breen suggested this coin was possibly earlier in the Parmelee (lot 1201) and Earle (lot 2997) sales.

4. PR64 NGC. Richmond Sale, Part III (David Lawrence, 3/2005), lot 1793; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 3251.

5. PR64 PCGS. Randall Collection, lot 409; Garrett Collection (Stack's, 3/1976), lot 214; Auction '88 (RARCOA, 7/1988), lot 1725; Heritage (9/2005), lot 3265.

6. PR63 PCGS. Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 1947; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part IV (Heritage, 10/2015), lot 98714. **The present coin.**

Additional Appearances

A. Proof. Kabin's (7/1978), lot 622.

B. Proof. Amwest (7/1981). NGC ID# 27TB, PCGS# 6393



1857 Half Dollar, PR66 Deeply Mirrors Under Multicolor Patina

5672 1857 PR66 PCGS. PCGS estimates 30 to 40 1857 proof half dollars survive from a mintage of 50 specimens. Our extensive study of auction data identifies likely 36 survivors. They routinely make multiple trips to the services searching for a higher rung on the grading ladder. However, few can hold a candle to this incredible target-toned beauty. Concentric rings of royal blue, violet, and magenta surround amber-gold centers. Deep, glassy fields surround the frosted central devices. This wonderful proof has the look of “original proof set” toning and it obviously was preserved with great care while it evolved into a display of colorful, balanced patina on both sides — so highly coveted by collectors of top-quality, early proofs.

The piece is high on the Condition Census — only the Garrett-Kaufman coin is known finer. Magnification reveals a few delicate lines but no contact marks of any kind. The strike is pinpoint-sharp on the obverse and considerably less blended on the eagle’s left leg than most proofs of the issue. Rare even in Gem condition and extremely rare this fine. Population: 2 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27TG, PCGS# 6411

1874 Arrows Half Dollar, PR66 Faintly Contrasted Through the Toning

5673 1874 Arrows PR66 PCGS. The With Arrows, With Motto design type lasted just two years, creating a dilemma for business strike and especially proof enthusiasts. Of 1873 and 1874, the latter has the higher mintage across the minor silver issues, but this amounted to just 700 pieces and carefully preserved representatives are rare in any case. This Premium Gem proof 1874 half dollar is too richly toned for a Cameo designation, though hints of contrast are ample. When the light is just right, the deep patina reveals startling azure hues at the margins with a fade to pink in the centers. A coin of great charm. Population: 5 in 66, 5 finer (10/16).

BARBER HALF DOLLARS



1889 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, PR67 Only 711 Pieces Struck

5674 1889 PR67 PCGS. CAC. WB-101. Only 711 proof Seated Liberty half dollars were struck in 1889, to accompany a small business-strike production of 12,000 pieces. Accordingly, the 1889 half dollar is an elusive issue in both formats, perhaps a sign that the Seated Liberty series was near the end of its run. Few survivors can match the technical quality and eye appeal of this spectacular Superb Gem. The design elements exhibit razor-sharp definition throughout and the fields are deeply reflective, under medium shades of lavender-gray toning. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and overall visual appeal is terrific. Population: 4 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27UR, PCGS# 6450



1892 Barber Half Dollar, MS67 Beautifully Toned Type Coin

5675 1892 MS67 PCGS. The novelty of Charles Barber's new half dollar design prompted unusually strong preservation of Mint State coins, despite a general lack of enthusiasm for the aesthetics of the Chief Engraver's artistry. Later issues in the series were largely ignored by collectors, making those dates collectively scarce or rare in Gem condition. The 1892 remains as an affordable type coin candidate in high grade — at least in comparison to the prohibitive prices realized by similarly graded later issues. And although rare and highly desirable as such in MS67, it remains collectors' best hope for acquiring a type coin in that condition.

This frosty, well-struck representative displays warm sun-gold interior toning on the obverse surrounded by lavender and sea-green peripheral color. The reverse shows sea-green, yellow-gold, and lavender-orange patina. Population: 12 in 67 (3 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461

PROOF BARBER HALF DOLLARS



1910-S Barber Half, MS67 Only One Numerically Finer PCGS Specimen

5676 1910-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Duckor/Pryor. A stunning Superb Gem with a die crack at the bust tip that is extremely faint across the bust truncation to the back of the neck and star 1. Other faint cracks are visible on the back part of the cap. The reverse is perfect, with a mintmark that is centered below the eagle's tail and about midway between the tail and the D of DOLLAR. Both sides have frosty silver luster beneath delicate gold toning, with deeper heather on the obverse.

Several of James Bennett Pryor's Barber half dollars were purchased from Joel Rettew on February 19, 1976. Rettew apparently purchased a collection of these coins, and Pryor had an early choice on coins that he wanted for his own collection. All 13 of the Rettew coins in the Pryor Collection sale had similar light gold and iridescent toning.

The 1910 San Francisco Mint half dollar, while challenging in grades above MS65, is far more plentiful than its Philadelphia Mint counterpart. In fact, the 1910-S has a greater PCGS population in MS66 and higher than any other S-mint issue of the series. It is ideal for a San Francisco Mint type collection or a high-grade set. Population (11/16): MS66 (14); MS66+ (2); MS67 (2); MS67+ (1); MS68 (1).

Ex: Joel Rettew (2/1976); James Bennett Pryor (*Bowers and Merena*, 1/1996), lot 313; *The Dr. and Mrs. Steven L. Duckor Barber Half Dollar Collection / ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3231. NGC ID# 24NC, PCGS# 6520



1903 Barber Half Dollar, PR68 Cameo Must-Have Registry Set Example

5677 1903 PR68 Cameo PCGS. From a small mintage of 755 pieces, the 1903 proof Barber half dollar was issued with the silver proof sets, but these were almost all dispersed by coin dealers in the 1920-1950 time frame because of collector demand for the Morgan dollar. Walter Breen notes many examples were subsequently cleaned, or otherwise impaired. Because the Mint switched to an all-brilliant finish on proof coins the year before, high-grade specimens with Cameo surfaces are quite elusive in today's market.

The present coin is a magnificent PR68 Cameo specimen, the single-finest certified at PCGS, but NGC also lists one PR68 Cameo example (10/16). The design elements exhibit razor-sharp definition throughout, with a frosty texture that contrasts boldly with the deeply mirrored fields to produce a dramatic cameo effect. The surfaces are impeccably preserved, with a few highlights of greenish-gold toning at the peripheries. We expect intense competition from Registry Set enthusiasts when this lot is called. Population: 1 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24P7, PCGS# 86550



1913 Half Dollar, PR68 Cameo Single Finest Proof at PCGS

5678 1913 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Barber half dollar production had been on the decline for some time before things took a more dramatic turn in 1913. That year output was cut by 88%. Only 188,000 circulation strikes were manufactured, plus 627 proofs. The former are exceedingly difficult to acquire in the upper tiers of Mint State, and collectors often turn to proofs instead when looking for an example of this elusive date. Specimens are available, by and large, through PR65 but seldom seen finer. Cameo representatives are all rare. This unparalleled PR68 Cameo offering is in a class by itself, the single finest example at PCGS with or without such a designation (11/16).

Minimally toned centers progress outwardly toward shades of gold, rose-violet, blue, and green. Contrast between the glassy fields and razor-sharp motifs is evident on each side, though it is more pronounced on the reverse. The only apparent tick occurs near Liberty's mouth, otherwise the surfaces are pristine. NGC ID# 24PH, PCGS# 86560

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS



1918-S Walking Liberty Half Dollar, MS65+ Conditionally Rare Wartime Issue

5679 1918-S MS65+ PCGS. The U.S. economy experienced a wartime boom in 1918, creating intense demand for half dollars, as the largest circulating silver denomination. Accordingly, the San Francisco Mint struck a large mintage of 10.2 million Walking Liberty half dollars that year. Most of that enormous production total was released into circulation at the time of issue, and few high-quality examples were saved by contemporary collectors. As a result, the 1918-S is an available issue in circulated grades, but the issue is a prime condition rarity above the MS65 grade level.

As often seen with such high-mintage issues, the 1918-S typically shows a soft strike on the centers. This Plus-graded Gem exhibits a touch of that softness on Liberty's head and the eagle's leg, but the overall strike is much better than average, with clear separation between Liberty's thumb and fingers on the wreath hand. The well-preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides, under attractive shades of pale gold toning. Population: 33 in 65 (2 in 65+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24PX, PCGS# 6576



1920-S Half Dollar, MS66 None Finer at PCGS

5680 1920-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. From a substantial mintage of more than 4.6 million pieces, the 1920-S Walking Liberty half dollar is something of a strike rarity and a surprisingly challenging issue in high grade. As Jeff Ambio notes in his series reference “the difficulty of locating even a boldly struck 1920-S has been somewhat understated in the past.” Fortunately, this Premium Gem is a happy exception to the rule. The usual trouble spots are at least well-detailed, with some slight separation between the thumb and fingers on Liberty’s wreath hand, and some emerging detail apparent on the feathers of the eagle’s leg. The well-preserved, brilliant surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and boast outstanding eye appeal. Population: 8 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24R5, PCGS# 6582

1923-S Walking Liberty Half, MS65+ Condition Rarity in Finer Grades

5681 1923-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC. The 1923-S was the only Walking Liberty half dollar produced by any of the U.S. Mints from 1922-1926. As a result, the coins were readily absorbed in the channels of commerce and many examples of the 1923-S circulated widely. Today, the 1923-S is much more difficult to locate in high grade than its substantial mintage of 2.1 million pieces would suggest.

This Plus-graded Gem exhibits well-detailed design elements, with better-than-average detail on Liberty’s wreath hand. The brilliant surfaces show no mentionable imperfections and vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 44 in 65 (5 in 65+), 9 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 24R9, PCGS# 6586

PROOF FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS



1950 Franklin Half, Brilliant PR68 Sole Finest at PCGS

5682 1950 PR68 PCGS. The 1950 proofs issued totaled 51,386 sets, where each coin was packaged in its own small, cellophane envelope that invited glue spots and failure during storage. Overall, the 1950 proof halves were not a well-produced lot — many coins display shallow mirrors, hairlines, and strikes from worn dies. It is no surprise that 1950 proof half dollars are seldom seen in the highest grades.

This brilliant Superb Gem proof is an exception. The mirroring is deep and essentially flawless, and the strike is crisp on the raised devices. The obverse portrait is only the lightly frosted in comparison to the reverse motifs, yet technical quality and eye appeal are exceptional. We last offered a PR68 NGC coin in 2009, but this is the sole PR68 by PCGS and an obvious target for Registry Set enthusiasts. Population: 1 in 68, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691



1950 Franklin Half, PR66+ High-End Ultra Cameo Rarity

5683 1950 PR66+ Ultra Cameo NGC. For Registry Set collectors, a Plus designation is often extremely significant when it comes to edging out a competitor for the highest rank. The inaugural proof issue in the Franklin half dollar series is one of the rarest issues in the set in high-grade Ultra Cameo. The present piece is well within the Condition Census for the Ultra Cameo category, and it ranks nearly half of a grade point finer than the single best example at PCGS. The two current finest NGC Registry Sets include 1950 proofs in PR65 ★ Ultra Cameo and PR68 Cameo, respectively. From a certain perspective, the present coin is finer than both. Its importance is amplified when one realizes that there are currently 662 proof Franklin half dollar Registry Sets being assembled, all in need of a high-grade 1950 proof. The coin displays a full strike, and the degree of field-device contrast is eye-catching, unhindered by toning. There are no surface distractions. Census: 3 in 66 Ultra Cameo (2 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 96691

EARLY DOLLARS



1794 B-1, BB-1 Silver Dollar, XF40 The Childs-Miller Specimen Original Family Collection Toning

5684 1794 B-1, BB-1, R.4, XF40 PCGS. Ex: Childs-Miller. Martin A. Logies accounts for 137 distinctly different, genuine 1794 silver dollars in *The Flowing Hair Silver Dollars of 1794*. Since his book was published in 2010, a few new examples have appeared in the numismatic marketplace, examples with no prior provenance. The total population now is placed at just over 140 pieces. Those who peruse his book will learn about many of those pieces that are damaged in some way or another.

Since the Logies book carefully documents every known example, we will not repeat that information here in the form of a census. However, we can confidently report that just six Mint State examples and 12 AU pieces are known. Four of the 12 AU examples are cleaned, tooled, or otherwise flawed, leaving just eight pristine AU pieces for collectors. Logies continues to list 29 XF grade pieces, including a dozen that grade XF45, this piece and 10 others graded XF40, and seven that are cleaned or flawed in other ways. The Childs-Miller coin ranks among the top two dozen of the finest 1794 dollars.

Dappled gold and iridescent toning resides on lovely pewter-gray surfaces with radial adjustment marks extending inward from the obverse border from about 5 o'clock, clockwise to 12 o'clock. The adjustment marks and press settings created strike weakness at the left side, although use of a glass will reveal that every star is still visible. The reverse border has a trivial planchet flaw at 2 o'clock that makes a convenient pedigree identifier. Logies reports that this example is Die State III, showing clash marks on both sides.

Vermont native Walter Henry Childs (1852-1906), an eighth-generation American, was the great grandson of Jonathon Childs who served as a private from Massachusetts during the Revolutionary War. Walter Childs spent his entire career, 36 of his 53 years, as the head accountant for the Estey Organ Company. Upon his death, the Childs coin collection passed to Charles Frederick Childs (1875-1955), Frederick Newell Childs (1913-1991), and Charles Frederick Childs II.

In the 1999 catalog of the Childs Collection, family friend Kenneth Bressett wrote a remembrance "of the Childs Collection," and of his friend Newell Childs. Of the many hundreds of coins in the Childs Collection, Bressett mentioned just two, the 1804 Original silver dollar (graded PR68 PCGS) and the present 1794 dollar:

"When I learned that no thorough inventory had ever been made of the collection, I asked permission to catalog, grade and appraise the holdings. This we did as a team effort with him learning about the material, and me enjoying every coin with each seemingly more exciting than the last. I cannot forget his asking why the 1794 dollar was in worn condition while all the others were so nice. Actually it was in relatively high grade, but it just seemed to pale alongside the many other superb pieces."

Ex: *Walter H. Childs Collection (Bowers and Merena, 8/1999), lot 439; Warren Miller Collection.* NGC ID# 24WY, PCGS# 39972 Base PCGS# 6851



**1795 Off-Center Dollar, B-14, BB-51
AU50, Possibly First Draped Bust Issue**

5685 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, AU50 PCGS. The BB-51 variety, with the portrait positioned off-center, is likely the first use of the Draped Bust design on U.S. coinage. Although one other 1795-dated Draped Bust variety exists, BB-52, the device punch is centered on the latter die pairing. Presumably, the die maker learned from the positional error of the bust punch on BB-51.

The present piece is an impressive example of the Off-Center Bust. The eagle's breast and right (facing) leg show only slight wear, and luster glimmers from the wings, wreath, stars, hair, and legends. Orange and sky-blue toning graces generally unmarked surfaces. Inoffensive adjustment marks are only encountered on the obverse border. Encapsulated in a green label holder that lists the PCGS number as 6858; it was certified at a time when PCGS did not distinguish between the Centered and Off-Center varieties in their numbering system. NGC ID# 24X2, PCGS# 39996 Base PCGS# 96858



**1797 Draped Bust Dollar, AU55
B-1, BB-73, Large Letters,
Small Eagle, 9x7 Stars**

5686 1797 9x7 Stars, Large Letters, B-1, BB-73, R.3, AU55 PCGS **Secure**. Ex: Hesselgesser. Bowers Die State III. This Choice About Uncirculated example of BB-73 pairs the Large Letters, Small Eagle reverse with the 16-Star obverse with the stars configured nine left, seven right. Struck before the reverse die cracked, which suggests the present coin was minted before the same reverse — in a slightly later die state — was used to strike the 1798 13-Star Small Eagle BB-82 dollars. Theoretically, it is possible that the piece was struck in 1797, although the majority of 1797-dated dollars were struck in 1798.

The coin comes from the fine Dr. Robert Hesselgesser Collection. Bright mint luster remains around the devices and throughout both sides, with glimpses of rose and blue accents over smooth and pleasing deep-gray surfaces. The strike is exceptionally sharp for the assigned grade, with bold definition on Liberty's hair, ribbon, and drapery folds. The eagle shows nearly complete breast feathers despite some high point weakness that is also seen on the neck and leg. A few minor, grade-consistent abrasions join multiple die cracks and faint die clashing on the obverse. Population: 13 in 55, 10 finer (11/16).

Ex: Auction '83 (*Stack's*, 7/1983 as "Uncirculated and Choice"), lot 720; New York ANA Sale (*Superior*, 8/2002), lot 1067; Cardinal Collection; Denver Signature (*Heritage*, 8/2006 as AU58 NGC), lot 5289; Dr. Robert Hesselgesser Collection (*Ira and Larry Goldberg*, 9/2011), lot 5030; Pre-Long Beach Sale (*Ira and Larry Goldberg*, 5/2012), lot 1275. NGC ID# 24X4, PCGS# 40003 Base PCGS# 6863



**1798 Large Eagle Dollar, AU58
B-24, BB-124, Advance Die State**

5687 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, B-24, BB-124, R.2, AU58 NGC. Bowers Die State V. The obverse die failed while striking BB-124, the sole use of the die. On this late die state piece, the obverse die is shattered at the lower-right obverse with multiple die cracks. The reverse die was in its second of three uses, but also in bad shape — it shows extensive lapping and die cracks, as well as die failure that affects the fields stars and clouds, opposite the area where the obverse die failed.

Despite the advanced die state, many of the raised elements are sharp on this near-Mint example. Liberty's hair strands and ribbon ends are crisp. The obverse star centers show complete centers. Little actual wear is visible, and the silver-gray surfaces retain areas of pleasing mint luster. The Bowers list of Notable Specimens includes two AU58 coins and two AU55 examples, confirming the condition rarity of the BB-124 at this near-Mint grade level and any finer. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40041 Base PCGS# 40018



**1799 B-23, BB-159 Dollar, MS61
Famous 8x5 Stars Obverse
Tied for Second Finest Known**

5688 1799 8x5 Stars, B-23, BB-159, R.3, MS61 NGC. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green/Eric P. Newman Collection. Bowers Die State II. This attractive Mint State specimen shows bright silver luster at the centers, with some design weakness behind the forehead and on the top edge of the wings. Both sides display splashes of original champagne toning with deep peripheral russet, olive, and amber on the obverse. Struck from the usual die state for the variety, showing a delicate die crack down through the E and B of LIBERTY but lacking the late-state die crack across the lower obverse. The obverse star arrangement is diagnostic for the BB-159. This is the only early dollar variety with the unusual, unbalanced 8x5 star layout, an arrangement also seen on gold coins of the year. Some believe the star alignment to be an engraver's blunder, while others suggest it was a Mint experiment that was not well received.

With a population estimated at more than 500 coins, the 1799 8x5 Stars dollar is relatively plentiful. However, its importance as a distinctive design type trumps the substantial population. In addition, the existence of only four certified Mint State examples adds considerably to its cachet. The present coin is tied with an MS61 NGC example in the Warren Miller Collection as the second finest known 1799 8x5 Stars dollar. Census: 2 in 61, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33509; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2016), lot 4176. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40063 Base PCGS# 6881



GOBRECHT DOLLARS



1836 Gobrecht Dollar, Toned PR55 Judd-60, Die Alignment I, Die State F

5689 1836 Name on Base, Judd-60 Original, Coin Alignment, Pollock-65, R.1, PR55 PCGS. Silver. Plain Edge. Die Alignment I (center of Liberty's head is opposite the D in DOLLAR). Die State F, which is characterized by a rim nick above the R in DOLLAR and a diagonal die scratch through the O in ONE. The die scratch below the D in DOLLAR that is usually associated with this state is not apparent here, most likely because of the toning in that area. The Mint's account books show that Judd-60 dollars were struck in the last week of December 1836. Those with the diagonal die clash above the eagle's wing (seen here) were minted the final part of that week. The fields are moderately reflective, as with all 1836 dollars, and each side displays speckled rose and blue toning, with the colors are several shades deeper on the reverse. Only the smallest contact marks can be found with magnification. NGC ID# BLWV, PCGS# 11225



C. Gobrecht drawing on mica.



1838 Gobrecht Dollar, PR64 Judd-84, Die Alignment III Late State Restrike

The Scarcest Date in the Gobrecht Series

5690 1838 Name Omitted, Judd-84 Restrike, Pollock-93, R.5, PR64 PCGS. CAC. Silver. Reeded Edge. Die Alignment III (head of Liberty opposite the NE of ONE; or equivalently, coin-turn with the eagle flying level). Almost all 1838 Gobrecht dollars are restrikes. To date, only two Originals have been confirmed. The early restrikes were apparently made on order of Mint Director James Ross Snowden as trade material for Washingtonia lacking in the Mint Collection. The historical record and emission sequence that has been established recently, shows that Judd-84 Restrikes were struck in three fairly distinct striking periods. The Early State Restrikes were struck circa June 1859 to 1863, Middle State Restrikes were coined circa 1863-1864, and the Late State Restrikes were produced circa 1867 to 1869.

Restrikes are known in Die Alignment III (as seen here) and Die Alignment IV. As with almost everything Gobrecht-related, the telltale signs of Original vs. Restrike as well as striking period for Restrikes is a matter of minutiae — requiring strong magnification, access to up-to-date information, and patience. The first thing we know from close observation of this piece is it cannot be an Original because of the fine die rust seen on the eagle's beak and peripheral reverse lettering. Another pick-up point is the small cluster of fine die rust seen in the obverse field out from the forearm and thigh of Liberty. Further examination reveals this is a Late State Restrike as indicated by the extensive die lapping on the top of the rocky base, reducing it to a couple of dots. On the reverse, there is a faint die crack that extends from the second dentil over the T to the left upper serif of the E in UNITED.

The fields of this piece are deeply reflective, as seen on all Restrikes. Each side is evenly covered with subtly variegated lilac and rose patina of considerable beauty. The overall strike is pinpoint-sharp with only the left stars on the obverse showing any central softness. There are no contact marks present that bear mentioning. Fewer than 100 Die Alignment II dollar are believed to have been produced. This is one of the finest examples known of this rarity. NGC ID# BLXE, PCGS# 11352



1839 Original Gobrecht Dollar, PR63+ Judd-104, Very Early State A Striking

5691 1839 Name Omitted, Judd-104 Original, Pollock-116, R.3, PR63+ PCGS. CAC. Silver. Reeded Edge. Die Alignment IV (medal turn, the head Liberty is opposite the F in OF). DTS State A, but we do not see evidence of the normally seen light die clashing in the crook of the elbow and / or below the elbow that was caused by die clashing early in striking. This would position this coin as one of the first 1839s, all of which were struck in the final week of 1839. The eagle is also free from the pebbly die rust seen on Restrikes. The fields are shallowly mirrored and Liberty's foot is unusually sharply struck. Normally Name Removed dollars do not show this degree of definition on the foot. Another unusual feature on this coin, and another indicator of its early striking period is the near-readability of Gobrecht's name on the base. Reverse die cracking is seen in the usual places: very faintly at the tops of ITE, MER, and bottom of LAR. Possibly only 20 circulated and 18 or so Uncirculated examples may exist of State A Originals. This piece was examined by John Dannreuther at Central States and his conclusions are:

1. This is the earliest Judd-104 he has examined.
2. There is a die line above the T, but it is very faint. This leads to the conclusion that at least some State A dollars do have this die line. (Previously it was thought to be evident starting on State B coins.)
3. The strike on this piece is the strongest seen to date on a Judd-104.

Both JD and Craig Sholley speculated about this coin perhaps being a Master Coin. Their conclusion is probably not, but that "no" could change to a "yes" if the coin could be connected to Matthew Stickney. This piece presents lovely, even golden toning with subtle underlying iridescence and no obvious defects on either side. Exceptional quality. NGC ID# BLY5, PCGS# 11444

SEATED DOLLARS



1854 Seated Liberty, Dollar, MS63 Underrated, Elusive Issue

5692 1854 MS63 PCGS. OC-1, High R.3. From a business-strike mintage of 33,140 pieces, the 1854 is considered a key date by Seated Liberty dollar specialists Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing. The regular-issue coins were all struck from a single pair of dies, which were never employed on other varieties. Most examples either circulated heavily in the Western United States or were sent to China in foreign trade, never to return. High-grade pieces are especially elusive.

The present coin is an impressive Select specimen, with sharply detailed design elements throughout. The pleasing surfaces are visited by shades of greenish-gold and lavender-gray toning, with ample mint luster underneath. A scattering of minor, grade-consistent contact marks shows on both sides, but does little to detract from the outstanding overall presentation. Population: 7 in 63, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24YT, PCGS# 6942



1864 Seated Dollar, MS64+ Significant Series Condition Rarity

5693 1864 MS64+ PCGS. OC-1. The 1864 is widely recognized as a rarity in Mint State, but the reasons why are not always obvious. Until the discovery of the Comstock Lode in the late 1850s, silver was mined in this country in tiny quantities. As a result, mintages for silver coins were relatively low for most denominations. After the Comstock Lode began to flood the commodities markets with silver in the United States, mintages slowly began to rise in certain denominations and years, but not uniformly. The one complicating factor that prevented it from rising in all denominations was the Civil War. It may seem peculiar to Americans today, but in the early 1860s the outcome of the War Between the States was anything but a foregone conclusion. There was a distinct possibility in the early years that the South might actually win its independence. If it did, what would become of the North? How would Northern textile mills survive without Southern cotton? This question, of course, was answered midway through the war by the purchase of cotton at favorable prices from Egypt. Nevertheless, there was great uncertainty on both sides of the conflict, and people's natural reaction was to hoard silver and gold when it was found (which was seldom).

In his *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia*, Q. David Bowers cites another reason for the absolute scarcity of this date: "Silver dollars of the 1864 year did not circulate domestically, and their rarity today is explained by the fact that most were exported." These factors, combined, account for the popularity of this absolute and condition rarity today.

This eye-catching 1864 Seated dollar is especially well-preserved for the issue. The surfaces are light gold throughout and display thick, frosted mint luster. The strike definition is strong on all the design elements on both sides, and there are no obvious or detracting abrasions on this lovely near-Gem. Population: 9 in 64 (3 in 64+), 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 24Z7, PCGS# 6954

PROOF SEATED DOLLARS



1851 Silver Dollar, PR64 Cameo Desirable Proof Restrike

5694 1851 Restrike PR64 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The contrast on this exceptional Choice Cameo proof is considerable, with crisply struck and lightly frosted silver-white devices that project from moderately reflective gold-gray and smoke-gray fields. A lintmark that passes through star 1 serves as a pedigree identifier. Well-preserved overall despite a few minor hairlines in the fields.

Current numismatic scholarship suggests that not all proof 1851 restrikes were made at the same time. At least one batch was produced by Theodore Eckfeldt and accomplices from 1858 until mid-1860, and another was apparently created by Mint Director Henry Linderman, likely from 1867 to 1868. The same centered date obverse die was used for all restrikes. Cameo proofs (including the present piece) exhibit die chips on the left (facing) wing. Those without cameo contrast typically lack those die chips, and instead the first three vertical lines on the reverse shield are attenuated near the juncture with the horizontal lines.

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 4/2007), lot 947; Legend Numismatics (6/2007); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98577. NGC ID# CPUT, PCGS# 86993





1851 Restrike Seated Dollar, PR65 Cameo A Coin of Great Absolute Rarity and Enormous Aesthetic Appeal

5695 1851 Restrike PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Centered Date. Unlike the situation for the 1852 Seated dollars, where the situation of Original versus Restrike (and proof versus business strike) is murky at best, there is little confusion concerning the 1851 Seated dollars. Most numismatists believe the High Date 1851 Seated dollars were all struck in “business strike” format — this during a time when silver was going up, gold going down, and the melt values of silver coins were exceeding their face value; more on this later — and the Centered Date Seated dollars were later Restrikes, all made in proof format.

The effects of the California gold strikes of the late 1840s-early 1850s were many and far-reaching, but one was that the vast glut of newly mined gold made the price of silver skyrocket in relation to gold or paper currency. By the early 1850s, the situation was so acute that any silver coins that entered circulation would be the immediate victims of Gresham’s Law — “bad money drives out good” — and subjected to hoarding or melting as soon as it was recognized. The melt value of a silver dollar during that period was at least \$1.03.

The situation is no different from today, where any pre-1964 90% silver coinage that is recognized as such is instantly removed from circulation due to its high melt value (currently about \$7.50 for a 1964 Kennedy half).

No silver dollars dated either 1851 or 1852 entered circulation during those years, and the coins were soon (within a few years) recognized as great rarities. As in so many numismatic areas where facts are lacking, conjecture fills the void. One theory holds that “Midnight Minters” produced the Restrike 1851 dollars for personal gain; another posits that the Mint struck the coins during the late 1850s-early 1860s, possibly both, as trade bait to enhance the Mint Cabinet.

This 1851 Restrike dollar is the sole finest PCGS-certified Cameo example (and tied with one Deep Cameo for finest) of this important proof-only issue, one made to the extent of an estimated 50 to 100 pieces per the Bowers-Borckardt *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia*. Survival estimates are on the order of 40 to 60 coins. PCGS shows these as finest known in each contrast level: non-Cameo: 1 PR65; Cameo: 1 PR65 (the present piece); Deep Cameo: 1 PR63 (3/14).

Even without considering the *great absolute rarity* of this piece, this is a coin of remarkable quality and eye appeal that any collector would be proud to own, even if it were the most “common” proof imaginable. Upon examining this piece, one of our first thoughts is, “Why is this not a Deep Cameo?” The fields are deeply reflective and the devices thickly frosted; the answer lies perhaps in the toning, which PCGS might have considered a tad too thick a Deep Cameo designation. Beautiful pinkish hues dominate both sides, with a splash of light blue near the lower obverse and upper reverse rims. A loupe reveals no mentionable marks but reinforces the enormous eye appeal. Population: 1 in 65 Cameo, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# CPUT, PCGS# 86993



1852 Seated Dollar, Toned PR65 Tied for Finest-Certified Proof Example One of Two Known Original Proofs

5696 1852 Original PR65 PCGS Secure. CAC. OC-P1. Original Proof. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. There is ongoing debate among researchers whether or not all 1852 proof Seated dollars are Restrikes, or if a few Original proofs were actually coined in 1852. One recently published opinion on the subject comes from Seated dollar authorities Dick Osburn and Brian Cushing on their website, seateddollarvarieties.com, where they propose that a handful of original proofs were struck of the rare 1852 Seated dollar, and that two examples are confirmed to survive – the present coin, and the coin in the ANS collection:

“We’ve confirmed the existence of two examples of the original proof, so probably 5 or fewer were originally minted. One of the two known examples is the coin which resides in the reference collection of the American Numismatic Society ... The second coin is graded PR66 by NGC, and is currently the finest known 1852 proof, original or restrike. This coin was sold by Heritage in their 2015 Central States Numismatic Society signature auction as part of a collection known as the Virginia Cabinet. Heritage handled the coin again in the 2016 Winter FUN auction.”

The bold statement, no doubt, will rekindle discussion regarding the existence of original vs. restrike proofs. Mint records do not lend support to either argument, as official proof production was not recorded until 1858, and small quantities of Restrikes produced by the so-called “Midnight Minters” in the late 1850s and early 1860s were necessarily excluded from official reports.

Heritage numismatist and cataloger David Stone recently located correspondence dated March 29, 1852 between collector M. A. Stickney and Mint assayer William E. DuBois, on the subject of 1851 and 1852 silver coinage. DuBois wrote:

“I must apologize for not having attended to your request for the specimens of 1851; while waiting for the completion of the set, I forgot the whole matter. I have now the silver dollar, half dollar, quarter dollar, and half dime, of 1851; the remainder you will have to get from circulation. In fact there is no longer any attention paid here to securing master coins or pieces of high polish, since Mr. Eckfeldt’s decline and decease, and since the business of the Mint has become so pressing. The pieces I have just named, of 1851, are not master coins; merely new and clean specimens. Of the silver coins of 1852, the dollar and half dollar are not yet issued, and I do not know when they will be; if they are, it will be merely for the name of the thing.”

DuBois then wrote an addendum to the letter:

“There is every prospect of a new issue of silver this year; and probably a new gold dollar with a hole in it; the Engraver is now at work on dies for the latter.”

The only complete 1852 proof sets known to have existed at one point are the Col. Robert C. H. Brock - J. P. Morgan set, now in the ANS, and the eight-piece Richard B. Winsor set, which is believed to be a later appearance of Joseph J. Mickley’s six-piece silver proof set, offered in W. Elliot Woodward’s 1867 sale of that collection. It is theoretically plausible that these two sets were acquired intact directly from the Mint in 1852, but the timeline also allows for the possibility that they were assembled by their original owners in the early 1860s, to complete date runs of proof sets in their owners’ collections (collector demand was, after all, much of the reason restrikes were produced to begin with). The Winsor catalog listed that set’s cent as being “uncirculated,” not a proof, which supports the likelihood that at least part of that set was in fact assembled.

In early listings, 1852 proof dollars were simply listed as being proof, with no distinction as either Original or Restrike. A study of the die characteristics of 1852 proof dollars reveals the possibility of as many as six different die pairs, composed of several reverse dies paired to a single obverse. Some of the reverse dies used for the 1852 are the same as those used to strike proof 1851 dollars, all of which were coined during the restrike period.

Just one die marriage is from the 1840 reverse hub, lending credence to the theory that coins struck from that reverse die are possibly original proofs produced for 1852, as well as for other early proof issues. The research by Osburn and Cushing support such a scenario. Significantly, the ANS coin is the only other 1852 proof from the 1840 reverse die that can be attributed to the striking of original proofs. Walter Breen – and others – question the accuracy of that assessment, stating that the “original” die pair may have actually been kept in storage until the late 1850s and then used for Restrikes. The new Osburn-Cushing research essentially puts that theory to rest, a position supported by PCGS in assigning the Original designation.

This magnificent 1852 proof dollar ranks is currently tied as the finest certified example of all 1852 proofs reported by NGC and PCGS combined (10/16), either as a restrike or an original. NGC lists one PR66 example, but it is the same as the present coin, which is now in a PCGS holder. The design elements boldly stand above the deeply mirrored recesses, and would warrant a Cameo designation were it not for deep original toning that blankets both sides in cobalt-blue, aqua-gray, and lavender-gold hues. No contact marks are present, and any faint hairlines in the fields are well-hidden by the rich patina. Eye appeal is outstanding.

Osburn and Cushing’s discovery that the coin was struck from the correct die pair (OC-P1) to qualify as an Original proof was not known at the time of our earlier description of the coin, when it was offered as part of the Virginia Cabinet Collection at the 2015 Central States Signature Auction (Heritage, 4/2015, lot 5149). Then, the coin was holdered as a Restrike by NGC as PR66. It has since been reholdered with the Original proof designation in a PCGS Secure holder. NGC ID# CHGE, PCGS# 6994



1857 Silver Dollar, Gem Proof Low Unknown Mintage Multicolor Patina

5697 1857 PR65 PCGS. OC-P1, High R.5. The U.S. Mint did not report proof mintages until 1859. Thus, the mintage of the proof 1857 Seated dollar is unknown. Certainly, it was much lower than subsequent dates. PCGS estimates only 50 to 75 examples are known. This is a fully struck Gem with glassy fields and imposing eye appeal. The obverse has a peach-red center bounded by peripheral aquamarine and lavender shades. The reverse displays cobalt-blue, sea-green, sun-gold, and rose-red toning. The present coin is currently imaged on the PCGSCoinFacts.com website. Population: 4 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 252B, PCGS# 7000

1864 Seated Dollar, Remarkable PR65 Rich and Resplendent Proof Set Toning

5698 1864 PR65 PCGS Secure. CAC. OC-P4. Osburn-Cushing Die State a/a. Vertical shield line 3 of stripe 1 extends to horizontal line 5. One of four die pairs used to strike proofs in 1864. The reported mintage is 470 pieces, a number that implies all of the proof dollars were included in original silver proof sets. Splendid multicolor toning graces both sides of this stunning Gem proof. Vivid shades of cerulean-blue, fire-orange, violet, and Midas-gold abound, which tend to capture the eye at the expense of the equally impressive mirrored fields and frosty, razor-sharp devices. If ever there was a coin that was carefully preserved while acquiring the rich and natural toning from a long-held, original set, this is it. CAC-endorsed, now in PCGS Secure holder. Population: 18 in 65 (1 in 65+), 4 finer. CAC: 4 in 65, 4 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 252J, PCGS# 7007



1868 Seated Liberty Dollar, PR66 Colorful, Glassy-Mirrored Fields

5699 1868 PR66 PCGS. OC-P1, Repunched Date. Only 600 proof Seated Liberty dollars were struck in 1868. A single reverse die was used in combination with two obverse dies to accomplish the proof mintage. This coin represents the OC-P1 variety, with the remains of an errant 18 showing on the rim below the primary digits. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used to strike at least one proof variety of every year from 1866 through 1870.

This remarkable Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields throughout. The immaculate surfaces are richly patinated in vivid shades of emerald-green, cerulean-blue and lilac toning, with fantastic eye appeal. Population: 4 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 252P, PCGS# 7016

1870 Dollar, PR65 Ultra Cameo Dramatic Contrast

5700 1870 PR65 Ultra Cameo NGC. OC-P2. Doubling on WE and die lines in the shield recesses attribute the variety. The 1870 is one of the most available dates in the Seated dollar series in both circulation-strike and proof formats. However, specimens as fine as this are extremely rare. The NGC *Census* shows 80% of proofs without Cameo or Ultra Cameo contrast, 18% with Cameo contrast, and just 2% with Ultra Cameo contrast. Moreover, NGC reports three PR65 Ultra Cameo submissions and merely two pieces finer (11/16).

Each side enjoys pronounced field-device contrast, the effect of which is enhanced by the near-complete absence of color. Glints of gold are confined to the peripheries, while the interiors are totally brilliant. A joy to behold in hand. NGC ID# 252S, PCGS# 97018

TRADE DOLLARS



**1873-S Trade Dollar, MS65
Condition Census Rarity**

5701 1873-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Legend. Medium S. Only a handful of Trade dollar issues can be considered in any way available in Gem condition, and none were coined during the debut year of the design. In 1873, Trade dollar production was the highest in San Francisco (703,000 pieces), but high-grade survivors are significantly scarcer than those of the Philadelphia issue. In MS65 and finer grades, PCGS and NGC combined report only eight examples, just three of which have received CAC endorsements.

The present Gem offers vibrant, frosty luster with a hint of light golden toning. Close study with a loupe fails to reveal significant abrasions, and the eagle's right (facing) talons exhibit the only mentionable strike weakness, which is minor. Eye appeal is exceptional for the issue. Population: 3 in 65, 1 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 252Y, PCGS# 7033



**1874 Trade Dollar, MS65+
Frosty Original Luster
Rarely Seen This Fine**

5702 1874 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. With period after FINE. The 1874 Trade dollar boasts a commanding mintage of nearly 1 million coins, although it is scarce in Mint State and a major rarity above MS64. This is the only Plus-graded coin among a tiny population of Gems at PCGS, and finer pieces are prohibitively rare. The CAC endorsement confirms the outstanding quality. Incredibly frosty, untuned luster glows on each side, revealing no more than a few trivial marks that are not out of line for the grade. The eagle's right leg and talons show strike weakness, but the obverse is well-defined. An exceptional type coin for the collector seeking strong quality and original mint luster. Population: 6 in 65 (1 in 65+), 2 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 2 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 252Z, PCGS# 7034



1874-CC Trade Dollar, MS64+ Exceptional Toning and Luster

5703 1874-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Tall CC. With period after FINE. The 1874-CC Trade dollar was extensively used in trade with the Orient, consuming large amounts of the nearly 1.4 million pieces struck. Surviving Mint State examples are elusive and in high demand. Most grade in the MS60 to MS63 range, with Choice coins being rare. This Plus-graded, CAC-approved near-Gem boasts a commanding advantage among its peers for quality and eye appeal, and finer examples are exceedingly rare. The strike is sharp throughout Liberty's figure and the stars, although the eagle's right (facing) leg and talons exhibit minor softness. Frosty original luster enjoys a bath of attractive olive-gold toning that deepens toward the borders. There are no significant abrasions. Population: 22 in 64 (1 in 64+), 2 finer. CAC: 5 in 64, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2532, PCGS# 7035



1875 Type Two Reverse Trade Dollar, MS65 Rarely Seen in Gem Condition

5704 1875 Type Two Reverse MS65 PCGS. All business strikes have the Type One obverse with the tail of the ribbon pointing left. Both Type One and Type Two reverses are known, most of which are Type Two (no berry beneath claw). The 1875 is notable as the scarcest Philadelphia Mint Trade dollar with only 218,200 pieces produced. It is also well known as a highly lustrous issue. Gems are remarkably scarce, much more so than the mintage indicates. PCGS has only certified one other Gem, and there are two other coins graded higher (11/16). As expected, the surfaces of this dollar are highly lustrous. Just the faintest trace of golden toning can be seen on each side. The strike shows slight high-point softness, and there are no noteworthy abrasions on either side.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. PCGS# 40107 Base PCGS# 7037





1875-CC Trade Dollar, MS64 Very Rare Any Finer, Ex: Eliasberg

1875-S Trade Dollar, MS66 CAC In an Old Green Label Holder

5705 1875-CC Type One Reverse MS64 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Eliasberg. The Eliasberg catalog was generous with die characteristics for this lot, and with little wonder, for it is fascinating. Among the notes: a high date on the obverse, raised lines at the NS of GRAINS and near the mintmark, and spidery die cracks in parts of AMERICA and DOLLAR. Assessed as "MS63" in the Eliasberg sale and graded MS64 by PCGS in its green-label days (an opinion backed up by CAC), this example is largely gold-to-gray as mentioned, but an additional rose-peach overtone is visible as well, particularly at the margins. Decently if not fully struck with broad, satiny luster under the patina. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 25 in 64 (1 in 64+), 3 finer. CAC: 4 in 64, 1 finer (11/16).

Ex: Elmer S. Sears; John H. Clapp (purchased 11/1907); Clapp Estate; Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr.; Eliasberg Collection (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 2336; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 3328..

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2535, PCGS# 40108 Base PCGS# 7038

5706 1875-S Type One Reverse MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1875-S Trade dollar enjoyed a series-record mintage of nearly 4.5 million pieces. Most of this huge production was used in trade with China, but some coins circulated on the West Coast. The 1875-S is not difficult to locate in lower Mint state grades, but Premium Gem examples are very rare.

The present coin is a spectacular Premium Gem, with vibrant mint luster and traces of gold and lavender patina. The obverse is sharply detailed, but some softness shows in the area of the eagle's right (facing) leg on the reverse. Housed in an old green label holder. Population: 8 in 66, 3 finer (11/11).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 3329.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 510101 Base PCGS# 7039



1875-S Trade Dollar, MS65 Seldom Seen in Higher Grades Ex: 'Col.' Green, Newman

5707 1875-S Type Two Reverse MS65 NGC. CAC. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green/Eric P. Newman Collection. This Gem 1875-S Trade dollar displays scattered silver, gray, olive, gold, ochre, and pale blue toning with a couple of russet accents near the date and star 1. The surfaces are exceedingly well-struck. Note the sharpness on all star centers (even though minor weakness appears on stars 6-8), the wheat sheaves, and Liberty's exposed left foot, where all five toes are complete. A small die crack runs from the rim above Liberty's olive branch through the top-left leaf and stars 5 and 6 to the tip of the coronet. A small abrasion, paralleling a few dentils above star 4, is the only mentionable mark on surfaces that are otherwise quite well-preserved.

The Type Two reverse presents a similar color palette, with the eagle's feathers fully struck throughout. Diagonal die striations appear on both sides as made — on the obverse through the upper areas of Liberty, on the reverse through UNITED, the eagle's left (facing) side and neck, and (DOLL)AR. Census: 35 in 65, 6 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 5 finer (10/16).

Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$10.00; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Eric P. Newman Collection, Part II (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33518.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 510102 Base PCGS# 7039



1875-S/CC Trade Dollar, MS64 Semiprooflike Fields

5708 1875-S/CC FS-501 MS64 NGC. Type One Reverse. The underlying second C of the Carson City mintmark is obvious to the right of the prominent S, and part of the first C is visible to the left of the S. Both sides are silver-gold and lustrous, with pale milky lilac and ice-blue patination scattered about. The coin is well-preserved aside from a few thin marks near 900 and the D in DOLLAR. This popular and interesting variety was unknown to the numismatic fraternity until 1963, and is rarely encountered in such exemplary quality. Census: 4 in 64, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 967; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 1135; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 1630; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 2598.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 145813 Base PCGS# 7040



1876 Trade Dollar, MS65 Green Label Holder, Green CAC

5709 1876 Type One Obverse, Type Two Reverse, MS65 PCGS. The scroll ends point left on this variety, and there is no berry beneath the eagle's talons on the reverse. Traditionally an available type-coin issue, the 1876 Trade dollar becomes a rarity in Gem condition, even though it is more plentiful in this grade than most other issues in the series. Finer coins are great rarities and are far out of reach for most collectors. This attractive Gem displays frosty original mint luster with the barest trace of champagne color. Sharp definition prevails throughout the stars, Liberty's figure, and the eagle's talons, although slight weakness is seen on Liberty's crown. A loupe reveals a few trivial luster grazes, but none are visible to the unaided eye, giving this high-end Trade dollar exceptional visual appeal. CAC-approved in a green label holder. Population: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+), 9 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2539, PCGS# 40111 Base PCGS# 7041



1876-CC Trade Dollar, MS64 Key to the Trade Dollar Series

5710 1876-CC Type Two Reverse MS64 PCGS Secure. CAC. Tall CC. This is the usually encountered hub combination for the 1876-CC Trade dollar. The mintage for the '76-CC was an ample 509,000 pieces. However, it is obvious from the large number of chopmarked pieces that are known that a high percentage of the production run was shipped to China. Curiously, in all grades and in mint condition the 1876-CC is the scarcest of all Trade dollars, even scarcer than the 1878-CC. This dollar exhibits glowing mint frost over each side and the surfaces show light gray-golden toning. Slight strike weakness is seen on the highest portions of the design. This is a rare opportunity for the collector of this interesting series to acquire the key to the series in high grade. Population: 2 in 64, 1 finer. CAC: 2 in 64, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 4EML, PCGS# 40113 Base PCGS# 7042



1876-S Trade Dollar, Toned MS65 Very Rare in Gem Condition

5711 1876-S Type Two Obverse, Type Two Reverse, MS65 PCGS. Minute S. The mintage of 5.2 million pieces should give an indicator of scarcity or commonness, but in this case the mintage is actually not much help in determining availability in Gem condition. Lower grade Uncirculated examples are relatively abundant, MS60-62 pieces are still common, and several hundred MS63-64 coins available. However, in MS65 PCGS has only certified six pieces with one finer (11/16). The surfaces on this dollar are brightly lustrous with a mixture of blue-rose toning over each side. Sharply struck throughout with no noticeable or distracting marks on either side.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253B, PCGS# 40116 Base PCGS# 7043

1877 Trade Dollar, Richly Toned MS65 Sharp Detail on the Head of Liberty

5712 1877 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The 1877 Trade dollar had a record mintage of 3 million pieces, but it didn't start out that way. Only 654,000 examples were coined between January and June. Then another 2.5 million were struck in the latter half of the year, breaking all records for a Philadelphia Trade dollar. Today the issue is usually available for type purposes but is rarely seen in Gem condition. This piece shows remarkably strong definition on the upper obverse with almost complete detailing on the head of Liberty. Both sides are covered with medium density gray, blue, and golden-rose toning with strong underlying mint luster. The reverse shows a number of tiny carbon spots, but the only one of note is on the obverse by star 1. Population: 11 in 65 (1 in 65+), 2 finer. CAC: 9 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). Ex: *Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2012), lot 5173.*

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253C, PCGS# 7044



1877-CC Trade Dollar, MS64 Only Three Certified Finer

5713 1877-CC MS64 NGC. The 1877-CC is one of the important condition rarities in the Trade dollar series. The 534,000 coin mintage was the seventh lowest of all circulation strike Trade dollars, and the survival rate for the 1877-CC was extremely low. Only 382 examples of this issue have been certified in all grades, according to the combined NGC and PCGS census data. This Choice Mint State example exhibits brilliant mint luster that shines through its light gray and gold toning. Sharply struck from well-made dies that show only microscopic obverse die cracks. Census: 9 in 64 (1 in 64★), 1 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253D, PCGS# 7045



1877-CC Trade Dollar, MS64 Delicately Toned

5714 1877-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. By 1877, the Trade dollar had gone from lauded to loathed. With bullion prices in freefall, depositors could exchange 90 cents' worth of silver for a coin inscribed ONE DOLLAR and pocket the difference, despite the government's move to revoke the denomination's legal tender status in July 1876. Western merchants were vocal in expressing their objections to the circulation of Trade dollars and before long, in 1879, the production of business strikes would cease altogether.

From a mintage of 534,000 coins, this piece is one of the few high-end representatives remaining. Splashes of blue, orange, and magenta occur over surfaces that are otherwise silver-gold. Planchet roughness and die erosion tend to be the rule for this issue; fortunately, this near-Gem is free of such characteristics. Well-struck with minor shallowness over the typical areas, this coin retains vibrant luster and spectacular visual appeal.

Ex: Purchased by Eugene Gardner from Legend Numismatics (4/2007); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98620.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253D, PCGS# 7045



1877-S Trade Dollar, MS66 Conditionally Rare

5715 1877-S MS66 PCGS Secure. Ex: Larry Shapiro. Most of the nearly 10 million-piece mintage of 1877-S Trade dollars was shipped to China, where it was in abundance for many decades. Perusal of PCGS/NGC population figures indicates examples in Extremely Fine to near-Gem are readily available to collectors. Gems are more elusive, and higher-grade coins are rare.

Splashes of electric-blue, purple, and orange-gold concentrate at the borders of this Premium Gem. The design elements are for the most part well impressed, with only portions of Liberty's hair and some star centers revealing softness. Highly lustrous surfaces are minimally abraded. Population: 7 in 66 (1 in 66+), 1 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 2601.

From *The Souder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046

1877-S Trade Dollar, MS66 Top-Notch Color and Luster

5716 1877-S MS66 NGC. Large S. More than 9.5 million pieces were struck of the 1877-S Trade dollar, making it a logical choice for type purposes. Fantastic eye appeal is the hallmark of this Gem 1877-S Trade dollar, showing lovely pastel patina in dappled shades of pale blue, gray, rose, and golden-orange. All of the star radials are struck up on this coin — in itself a rarity — and the fine details of the central devices on both sides are also well-impressed. The PCGS TrueView for this coin shows the ample luster to good advantage. Census: 6 in 66 (1 in 66★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046



**1877-S Trade Dollar, MS66
Only Two Pieces Graded Finer
Ex: 'Col.' Green, Newman**

5717 1877-S MS66 NGC. CAC. Ex: "Col." E.H.R. Green/ Eric P. Newman Collection. This is a beautiful MS66 NGC-certified example of the 1877-S Trade dollar, what was by far the highest-mintage issue in the series at more than 9.5 million pieces. The surfaces are semiprooflike on both sides. The obverse shows recutting on stars 6, 8, and 10 through 13, with a silver center yielding to golden-olive and bluish tones at the peripheral areas. The surfaces are fairly well-struck overall, despite some minor weakness. The reverse displays a deeper palette of grayish, amber, ochre, and olive tones with great eye appeal. Minor strike softness again appears, on the upper wing edges of the eagle and the immediate center of the breast. The surfaces show splendid preservation throughout both sides. Census: 6 in 66 (1 in 66 ★), 1 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 1 finer (10/16). PCGS has seen seven submissions in MS66 (one of which is in MS66+), also with 1 finer.

Ex: "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; Green Estate; Partnership of Eric P. Newman / B.G. Johnson d.b.a. St. Louis Stamp & Coin Co.; Eric P. Newman @ \$4.00; Eric P. Newman Numismatic Education Society; Eric P. Newman Collection, Part II (Heritage, 11/2013), lot 33519.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046



**1878-CC Trade Dollar, Appealing MS61
Final-Year Key in Mint State**

5718 1878-CC MS61 PCGS. The 1878-CC is arguably the rarest Trade dollar issue in Mint State. The circulation-strike series was discontinued in this year, being replaced by the Morgan dollar under the new Bland-Allison Act legislation. The Philadelphia Mint produced only Morgan dollars for circulation in 1878, although the Western branches in California and Nevada each struck quantities of Trade dollars early in the year before dies for the new standard silver dollar issue arrived. The 1878-CC Trade dollar boasts a series-low circulation strike mintage of 97,000 pieces and is proportionately rare in Mint State. This example glows with satiny luster beneath warm golden-gray and lavender toning. There are no singular abrasions, although light contact over the high points of the design elements precludes a finer numeric designation. The coin is well-struck, and the eye appeal exceeds expectations for the grade. Population: 9 in 61, 22 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7047



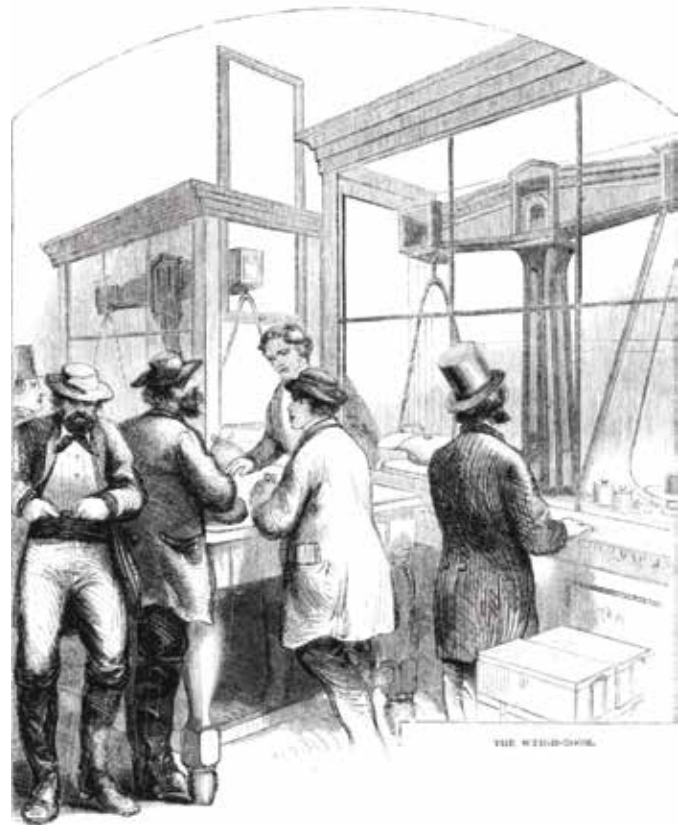
**1878-S Trade Dollar, MS66
Top-Notch Type Coin**

5719 1878-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. There is minor die doubling on most of the reverse lettering, most noticeable on 420 GRAINS and on TRADE, but the doubled reverse appears to match neither of the *Cherrypickers'* varieties in that reference.

This marvelous Premium Gem 1878-S Trade dollar is fully struck and intensely lustrous, both sides displaying a pleasing mix of sea-green, gold, and rose coloration. The surfaces are well-preserved, with two or three minor marks on the obverse and a nearly blemish-free reverse. The 1878-S Trade dollar is known as a common date, even in Mint State grades, but this is a relative term as far as the series is concerned, since most business strikes were still being exported to China. Thus, there are hundreds of Uncirculated survivors, but that is from an original mintage exceeding 4.1 million pieces. This example offers inherent and aesthetic advantages that make it an exceptional type coin.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 2966; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part III (Heritage, 5/2015), lot 98591; Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2010), lot 3936.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253G, PCGS# 7048





1878-S Trade Dollar, Toned MS67 One of Only Two So Graded at PCGS

5720 1878-S MS67 PCGS. The 1878-S Trade dollar issue marks an important nexus in the history of U.S. silver dollar production. The Trade dollars were on their last legs. The 1878 Carson City and San Francisco Trade dollars would prove to be the last circulation issues; the 1879-1883 were proof-only issues, and the famous 1884 and 1885 proofs were produced under suspicious circumstances not relevant here. In 1878 the Morgan dollars were seeing their initial year of production at those same mints.

The 1876-S through 1878-S Trade dollars were produced in quantities of 5.2 million, 9.5 million (a series record), and 4.2 million coins, respectively — enormous figures for any coin of the era. The 1878-S Morgan dollar took up the reins from the fading series, issued to the extent of 9.8 million pieces.

It is no coincidence that those enormous silver dollar production figures coincide with the peak years of Nevada's fabled Comstock Lode, which from 1876 through 1878 is estimated to have produced silver bullion worth about \$36 million each year. The mine's bullion production would slowly dwindle until about 1892, when the "bottom of the barrel" began to be scraped.

The present Superb Gem Mint State business strike is an equally important representative of this historic numismatic era. The rich mint luster is exceptional. Each side is beautifully toned with a copper-rose center and irregular daubs of pale blue, interspersed with an occasional brilliant patch. The strike is full, even at the top of the obverse, an area usually incompletely struck. The only mark that will suffice for pedigree purposes is in the field below Liberty's extended arm.

While proof Trade dollars at the PR67 level are neither common nor extremely uncommon, a business strike Trade dollar at the MS67 grade level is a momentous rarity. This piece is one of only two 1878-S dollars certified by PCGS with one finer (11/16). Opportunities such as this one are fleeting in the world of numismatic auctions; prepared bidders will act accordingly.

Ex: Coinfest Signature (Heritage, 10/2010), lot 3826, where it brought \$32,200 as an NGC MS67; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2013), lot 4359, where it brought \$49,937.50.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 253G, PCGS# 7048

PROOF TRADE DOLLARS



**1874 Trade Dollar, PR66
None Finer at PCGS**

5721 1874 PR66 PCGS. CAC. In its second year of issue, 700 proof Trade dollars were struck. By year-end, a small inventory remained and as Bowers (1993) explains, "... on January 9, 1875, 175 unsold Proofs were released for face value and, presumably, went to coin dealers." Although not a rare issue in absolute terms, this high-end piece represents a rare opportunity for the advanced collector to acquire one of the finest examples at PCGS. This is an expectedly razor-sharp Premium Gem proof with superior eye appeal. When examined at the proper angle, each side displays violet-toned centers that turn to cobalt- and ice-blue with glimpses of lemon-yellow at the rims. Two small breaks in the toning occur over the eagle's head and left wing (facing). A few minor, undistracting wispy marks appear throughout. Population: 4 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Purchased by Eugene Gardner from Legend Numismatics (8/2013); Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98622.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YK, PCGS# 7054



**1875 Trade Dollar, Colorful PR66
New Type Two Reverse**

5722 1875 PR66 PCGS. Type Two Reverse. Only 700 proof Trade dollars were struck in 1875. The Type Two reverse (with no berry under the eagle's claw) was introduced this year to address striking problems noticed by Chief Coiner A. Loudon Snowden. Mint State business-strikes of this date are quite elusive, putting considerable pressure on the small supply of proofs.

This delightful Premium Gem offers well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the often seen flatness on the stars on the right. The well-preserved surfaces are blanketed in vivid shades of greenish-gold and cobalt-blue toning, with deeply reflective fields underneath. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 6 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YL, PCGS# 7055



**1875 Trade Dollar, PR67
Rare Type One Reverse
One of the Finest-Known Examples**

**1875 Trade Dollar, Border-Toned
PR66 Cameo
Impressive Deep Mirrors, Strong Contrast**

5723 1875 PR67 PCGS. Type One Reverse. Rare. According to Breen, more than 90% of the 700 proofs struck in 1875 were of the Type Two Reverse variety. This example is one of the rare examples showing the Type One Reverse with a berry beneath the eagle's claw. The survival rate for this issue seems high, with several hundred specimens graded at each of the major services (including possible resubmissions). Superb Gems are rare, however, as just two such pieces have been seen at PCGS, and only five coins have been rated at PR67 by NGC, with none finer at either company (11/16). This coin is fully struck with superior, seemingly flawless preservation and rich hues of variegated patina that adorn both sides. Included are shades of bright-green, deep-violet, charcoal-red, and beige.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YL, PCGS# 7055

5724 1875 PR66 Cameo PCGS. Type Two Reverse. The lack of a berry beneath the right (facing) claw confirms the Type Two Reverse. Among business strikes, the Bowers reference suggests about 70% of the coins utilize a Type One Obverse paired with the Type Two Reverse. Our archives reveal the percentage is closer to 90%. Proofs, on the other hand, show a more even distribution of Type I/I vs. Type I/II. A study of our archives suggests the Type Two Reverse is about 20% more available than the Type One Reverse.

Orange border toning surrounds lightly toned centers of this attractive Premium Gem proof. Bold mint frost on the raised devices contrasts with deeply reflective fields. The strike is sharp on both the central and peripheral elements, with only slight blending at the top of Liberty's head among the hair strands. Only a few delicate lines are seen under a loupe. Population: 3 in 66 Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YL, PCGS# 87055



**1877 Trade Dollar, Toned PR66
Conditionally Rare**

5725 1877 PR66 PCGS. After the near-record proof dollar coinage in 1876, the 1877 proof Trade dollar had a modest 510-coin mintage that contributes to this date's scarcity in high grade today. With or without a Cameo designation, Gems are rare, and Premium Gems are exceedingly so. The present example displays a sharp strike and reflective fields with warm sun-gold toning that shows hints of lavender throughout. No obvious distractions are identified. Only a handful of numerically finer pieces are known, Cameos and Deep Cameos included. Population: 6 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27YN, PCGS# 7057



**1877 Trade Dollar, PR66
Scarcer Heavy Date Variety**

5726 1877 PR66 PCGS. CAC. Breen-5808. Heavy Date, appearing slightly doubled, particularly on the 1 and 8. This variety occurs on just a small number of proofs. Effects of the sluggish economy clearly influenced Mint production totals in 1877; no three cent or Shield nickel business strikes were issued, and only 852,500 Indian Head cents were struck (and possibly far fewer, due to "recoinage"). However, the Philadelphia facility did produce a generous number of Trade dollars to be exported for commercial trade (more than 3 million coins), plus 510 proofs (a figure disputed by Bowers to be underreported by roughly 200 specimens). Proofs surviving as fine as this one, however, are conditionally rare. Dusky violet and blue toning blankets carefully preserved surfaces. The design elements are boldly defined, as expected for a proof, with sharp detail on the stars, leaves, and feathers. Overall, this Premium Gem proof demonstrates splendid eye appeal. Population: 6 in 66, 2 finer. CAC: 3 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Joel O. Cheek Collection (Stack's, 5/2002), lot 383; Eugene H. Gardner Collection, Part II (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 98623.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YN, PCGS# 7057



1877 Trade Dollar, PR65 Cameo Excellent Two-Sided Toning

5727 1877 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Cameo examples of the proof 1877 Trade dollar represent only a small portion of the surviving population. Most such pieces also grade no finer than PR64. This Gem CAC coin offers a degree of quality that is extremely rare among Cameo-designated proofs. Fully struck design elements contrast with mirrored fields, giving each side a pleasing cameo appearance. Original toning encompasses the margins in hues of ocean-blue, sea-green, gold, amber, and violet, while the central reverse and an off-center orb on the obverse (toward 2 o'clock) are nearly brilliant. No major marks are present. Population: 5 in 65 Cameo, 3 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 2 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YN, PCGS# 87057

1879 Trade Dollar, Multicolor PR67 Subtle Field-Device Contrast Conditionally Rare Proof Type Coin

5728 1879 PR67 PCGS Secure. The last commercial Trade dollar coinage was accomplished in 1878 at the San Francisco and Carson City Mints. In 1879, a production of 1,541 proofs from the Philadelphia Mint was the only issuance of this type. This mintage exceeded that of the proof Morgan dollar of the same year (1,100 pieces), and the Trade dollar experienced a higher survival rate than its Morgan counterpart. Nonetheless, in Superb Gem condition, both issues are similarly rare. PCGS has seen fewer than a dozen 1879 proof Trade dollars in PR67 and PR67 Cameo combined, with none so fine in the Deep Cameo category. The present coin is needle-sharp and displays thickly frosted devices set against deeply mirrored fields, but a Cameo designation is traded for rich gold, lavender, mint-green, and ocean-blue toning that blankets each side. Modest contrast yet emerges from beneath the patina. The coin is beautifully preserved and eye-appealing. Population: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YR, PCGS# 7059



1879 Trade Dollar, PR67 Delightful Coloration

5729 1879 PR67 PCGS. The 1879 proof-only Trade dollar is plentiful in the absolute sense but seldom seen in Premium Gem condition and rare in PR67. This example displays a bold strike and frosty devices with a deeply reflective backdrop in the fields. The obverse showcases colorful violet, ocean-blue, sun-gold, crimson, and forest-green toning, while the reverse reflects more uniform amber coloration with hints of lavender-blue around the periphery. PCGS reports half a dozen non-Cameos in this grade and none finer (11/16). The eye appeal is spectacular. Any proof 1879 Trade dollar is rare this fine. NGC ID# 27YR, PCGS# 7059



1880 Trade Dollar, PR67 Cameo None Numerically Finer at PCGS

5730 1880 PR67 Cameo PCGS. While this issue is generally available for a price and even Cameo coins are offered with some regularity, Superb Gem Cameos are very rare. Only nine other pieces have been so graded by PCGS, with one in 67+, and none finer (11/16). The surfaces on this piece are completely brilliant, and the fields are deeply mirrored. The devices display appreciable mint frost that sparks considerable contrast against the illimitable depth of mirrored reflectivity in the fields. Full, pinpoint striking details also complement surfaces that are essentially free of contact marks and other distractions.

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2004), lot 8114; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2004), lot 7090; Saint Louis Signature (Heritage, 4/2005), lot 7679; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 3824; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2009), lot 2605..

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YS, PCGS# 87060



1881 Trade Dollar, PR66 Proof-Only Late-Series Issue

5731 1881 PR66 PCGS. CAC. The 1881 Trade dollar, a proof-only issue, comes from a mintage of 960 pieces. David Bowers notes in his *Silver Dollars and Trade Dollars of the United States* that most proofs of this year were poorly struck, especially on Liberty's head and the adjacent upper stars, due to incorrect die setting in the press. Our Premium Gem offering in this lot does not fit this profile as its design elements are sharply impressed, including fullness on all star centrils and even the beads in Liberty's crown. This coin is exceptional in other respects. Both sides are attractively toned in light to medium intensity electric-blue, lavender, and yellow-gold, and neither reveals mentionable blemishes when viewed under a loupe. Population: 9 in 66 (2 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 2 finer (11/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 3335; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 4981.

From *The Souder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# 27YT, PCGS# 7061





1882 Trade Dollar, PR68 Cameo Important Proof-Only Issue Finest Certified at PCGS

5732 1882 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC. A generous mintage of 1,097 proof Trade dollars was achieved in 1882, with the bulk of the production accomplished in the first half of the calendar year. This may indicate the widespread speculation in proof-only Trade dollar issues, which began in 1880 and continued well into 1881, was not quite over. In the 1882 edition of *An Illustrated History of the U.S. Mint*, author A.M. Smith noted, "Trade dollars of 1879, 1880, 1881 and 1882 are very rare as only a few hundred of each as Proofs for collectors were struck, and command a premium." Smith was a Philadelphia coin dealer who later became a wine merchant and moved to Michigan. He struck a deal with the Mint during the early 1880s, buying up many of the unsold silver and minor proof sets at the end of each year at face value. After his death, hundreds of proof sets from this era surfaced in his estate. The coins were marketed in a number of auctions and private sales by M.H. Bolender and Wayte Raymond from the mid-1930s through the mid-1940s.

The Mint issued silver proof sets both with and without the Trade dollar in 1882, as evidenced by contemporary auction citations. The sets began appearing at auction at least as early as the Thomas Warner Collection (S.H. & H. Chapman, 6/1884). Lots 3196 and 3197 were both comprised of silver and minor proof sets, with identical descriptions, "1882. Brilliant proof set. Both dollars. 8 pieces." The lots sold for \$4.50 and \$4.25, both going to "Stone", a pseudonym for prominent collector John G. Mills. The current price realized record for any 1882 Trade dollar belongs to the PR67 Ultra Cameo NGC specimen in lot 878 of the Atlanta Signature (Heritage, 4/2006), which brought \$46,000.

The coin offered here is a magnificent PR68 Cameo example, the single-finest certified at PCGS in any level of contrast designation. The 1882 Trade dollar was not a well-struck issue, and many examples seen show a soft strike on Liberty's head and the upper stars. This delightful specimen shows full radials on all stars and just the slightest softness on Liberty's hair. The other design elements are sharply detailed throughout. The frosty devices contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields, producing a stunning cameo effect. The impeccably preserved surfaces are enhanced by shades of low-intensity pale gold toning, with a few hints of electric-blue at the peripheries. Overall visual appeal is terrific. The Registry Set enthusiast will find no suitable replacement for this spectacular coin. Population: 1 in 68 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 68, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YU, PCGS# 87062



**1883 Trade Dollar, PR67
Beautifully Toned
Top Grade at PCGS**

5733 1883 PR67 PCGS. The 1883 Trade dollar is a rarity at the Superb Gem level, with or without cameo contrast. At PCGS, six non-Cameos are designated PR67 with none finer; a pair of Cameos are reported in this numeric grade, also with none finer, and the best Deep Cameo at that service is a lone PR65 coin (11/16). This example is beautifully toned, but modest field-device contrast on each side just barely misses a Cameo designation. The strike is full throughout, and both sides offer deeply reflective fields. Beautiful toning embraces the obverse with vivid blue and violet borders around a light golden interior. The reverse shows mottled tan-gold coloration. Population: 6 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 5DP8, PCGS# 7063



**1883 Trade Dollar, PR66 Cameo
Rare in This Condition, Lightly Toned**

5734 1883 PR66 Cameo PCGS. The 1883 proof was the final official issue of the Trade dollar series, and collectors almost always count it as the final acquisition for their date sets. Proof 1884 and 1885 Trade dollars, even if desired, are often far out of reach for collectors. The 1883 also presents a challenge for the collector of high-end proofs. PCGS has seen only a handful of Deep Cameos, and none grade finer than PR65. The present Premium Gem Cameo is among the higher-end pieces typically available to collectors. The coin is fully struck and yields appreciable field-device contrast cast in warm golden toning. A lack of marks or hairlines gives this piece excellent eye appeal. This would be an excellent showpiece and an outstanding conclusion to a high-end proof Trade dollar set. Population: 15 in 66 (1 in 66+) Cameo, 2 finer (11/16).

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YV, PCGS# 87063







1884 Trade Dollar, PR63
Classic Rarity, Only 10 Examples Extant
Ex: Farouk-Norweb

5735 1884 PR63 PCGS. The 1884 Trade dollar is a coin that needs no introduction. Numismatists young and old, novice or experienced, can quote the number of extant examples and probably relate one or two facts concerning the production and history of this issue. The true story of this fabled numismatic rarity is, however, not widely known. The reason for this is clear: popular numismatic references such as Walter Breen's *Encyclopedia of United States and Colonial Proof Coins: 1722-1977*, Walter Breen's *Complete Encyclopedia of U.S. and Colonial Coins*, and Q. David Bowers' *Silver Dollars and Trade Dollars of the United States: A Complete Encyclopedia*, either state explicitly or imply that this issue was created clandestinely by parties within the Mint, at night, and perhaps at a later date, for the well-connected Philadelphia dealer William K. Idler. Research done in 1988 by the late Carl W. A. Carlson, on the other hand, proves that the 1884 Trade dollar was struck officially and under the supervision of Mint officials. The following commentary is based on the evidence that Carlson brought to light in Stack's June 1988 catalog of the Frank Sprinkle Collection.

The "Die Record Book" kept by A. W. Straub, foreman of the Die Makers' Room, clearly records receipt from the Engraving Department of one obverse and one reverse die for the proof 1884 Trade dollar on January 3 of that year. Straub supervised the transfer of these dies from the Die Makers' Room to the Coining Department when Superintendent Colonel A. Loudon Snowden ordered proof production to begin. This most likely happened within the first week of January. The first coins produced with these dies were copper trial pieces (Judd-1732, Pollock-1943), a clear indication that the Mint had plans for large scale production. Today, three or four copper die trial pieces are extant, two of which have been silver plated. According to the *Fourteenth Annual Report of the Director of the Mint*, page 126, there were 264 proof Trade dollars struck in 1884. These coins were delivered to the cashier on January 19. Shortly thereafter, the Treasury Department sent orders to the Mint forbidding production of proof Trade dollars for sale to collectors. It seems likely that William Idler, who was unusually well-connected at the Mint, acquired 10 proof sets of the date, including the Trade dollar, soon after they were struck. Idler may have heard rumors from his friends at the Mint that the annual offerings of proof Trade dollars were about to be cancelled and took advantage of this inside information to secure the coins before the directive could take effect. There are three scenarios that could explain how Idler acquired these coins, all of which hinge upon his special connections with the Mint, probably through a personal relationship with Superintendent Snowden:

1. Idler acquired the first 10 proof 1884 Trade dollars delivered on January 19 before the Treasury Department halted production. He would have done this legally because employees and their friends could acquire current coins from the Mint by exchanging them for the proper amount of bullion. This policy remained in effect through the late 1930s.
2. Idler convinced Superintendent Snowden to save 10 of the proof Trade dollars delivered on January 19, 1884 from destruction. Either Snowden or Idler provided the bullion for exchange so that the Mint's journals would balance.
3. Snowden saved the coins from destruction, provided the bullion, and kept the coins for an unknown period of time. At a later date, Idler acquired the coins from him.

In all of these scenarios, Idler would have obtained the coins legally because the required bullion for exchange would have been deposited at the Mint. The fact that the Mint's bullion journals balanced explains why there is no official correspondence concerning this issue—nobody would have been looking for bullion that was not missing. Regardless of which of these scenarios is correct, there is little doubt that the 1884 Trade dollar is a legitimate issue that was legally produced and properly acquired from the Mint. We are also fairly certain that Superintendent Snowden played a key role in Idler's acquisition of all 10 coins. The remaining 254 proof 1884 Trade dollars were undoubtedly melted, once the Treasury ban on selling them took effect. Both the obverse and reverse dies were destroyed on January 2, 1885, as shown by the die destruction report of the coiner.

While numismatists were familiar with the copper die trial strikings of the 1884 Trade dollar early on, the existence of the 10 silver proofs remained largely unknown until the early 20th century. Idler died in 1901, after which his numismatic estate passed to his son-in-law, Captain John W. Haseltine. In 1907, Haseltine's partner Stephen K. Nagy sold the first 1884 Trade dollar to Chicago beer magnate Virgil M. Brand. The owner of the Brand Brewing Co. would eventually acquire at least four (and possibly six) more of the 10 known examples (see roster below). The first auction appearance of the 1884 Trade dollar took place the following year, when an example was offered in Ben G. Green's 44th Sale in Chicago on November 27. The balance of the numismatic community finally learned of the existence of the 1884 Trade dollar when Haseltine, in an address at the 1908 Philadelphia ANA Convention, revealed that silver examples were included in Idler's estate. By the end of 1909, the existence of 10 proof 1884 Trade dollars was known widely enough that Farran Zerbe could make mention of this fact in the November issue of *The Numismatist*.

Today, the 1884 Trade dollar holds a place of honor in the pantheon of U.S. numismatic rarities. Its status is now assured thanks to Carlson's research and the resultant conclusions that the 1884 is, indeed, a legitimate product of the U.S. Mint.

The present PR63 PCGS example displays a virtually complete strike. The surfaces are lightly to moderately toned in silver-gray shades that allow appreciation of the reflective qualities at most angles. Scattered hairlines account for the PR63 designation, but there are no individually bothersome contact marks. A small toning spot in the obverse field below Liberty's outstretched arm, as well as a lintmark (as struck) in the field after the date, are worthwhile pedigree markers. This is the plate coin in Bowers 1993 book *Silver Dollars and Trade Dollars of the United States: A Complete Encyclopedia*.

The following roster has been expanded from the listing in our FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 5311, with the help of numismatic researchers Wayne Burt, Scott Rubin, and Saul Teichman.

Roster of 1884 Trade Dollars

- 1. PR67 PCGS.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand; William Forrester Dunham; B. Max Mehl; William Forrester Dunham Sale (B. Max Mehl, 6/1941), lot 1150; Floyd T. Starr; Starr Estate; Starr Collection (Stack's, 10/1992), lot 844; Jay Parrino (The Mint); later, California Sale (Goldberg's, 10/2000), lot 1784; Jay Parrino; New York Signature (Heritage, 11/2003), lot 8312; Jay Parrino.
- 2. PR66 NGC.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; H.O. Granberg, exhibited at the 1914 ANS Exhibition as part of a full set of Trade dollars; H.O. Granberg Sale (B. Max Mehl, 7/1919), lot 128, realized \$260; Virgil Brand (Brand Journal number 92357); Armin Brand (sold 9/1/1942); unknown intermediaries, possibly Stack's in 1942; Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr.; Eliasberg Estate (Bowers and Merena, 4/1997), lot 2353; Spectrum Numismatics; Legend Collection; private collection.
- 3. PR65 PCGS.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand; Clinton Hester; Adolphe Menjou Collection (Numismatic Gallery, 6/1950), lot 2040; Benjamin Stack (Imperial Coin Co.); W.G. Baldenhofer; Farish-Baldenhofer Sale (Stack's, 11/1955), lot 1039; Ben Koenig; Fairbanks Sale (Stack's, 12/1960), lot 698; Samuel Wolfson Sale (Stack's, 5/1963), lot 1541; Dan Messer; Jack Klausen and Joel Rettew; Carlson-Shipkey Sale (Quality Sales Corporation, 11/1976), lot 426; Danny Arnold Collection; Arnold-Romisa Sale (Bowers and Merena, 9/1984), lot 2342; John N. Rowe, III; L.R. French, Jr. (Stack's, 1/1989), lot 201; Anthony Terranova; Larry Whitlow; Denver Coin Company; Jay Parrino (The Mint); Pre-Long Beach Sale (Superior, 10/2000), lot 3576; Legend Collection; Jack Lee Estate (Heritage, 11/2005), lot 2281, realized \$603,750; private collection; John Albanese; private collection; FUN Signature (1/2014), lot 5311, realized \$998,750.
- 4. PR64 Cameo PCGS.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; Virgil M. Brand; Armin Brand in 1938; B.G. Johnson; William Cutler Atwater (B. Max Mehl, 6/1946), lot 377; Will W. Neil Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1947), lot 296; Robert C. Pelletreau Collection (Stack's, 3/1959), lot 1054; Jerry Cohen; later, Julian Leidman, Mike Brownlee, and Hugh Sconyers; purchased by James Halperin at the 1974 ANA Convention; New England Rare Coin Galleries fixed price lists in December 1974 and February 1975; 31st Annual NENA Conference (New England Rare Coin Auctions, 11/1975), lot 639; Mulford B. Simons, Jr.; Larry Hanks (Hanks and Associates, 4/1985), lot 351; later, Auction '89 (RARCOA, 8/1989), lot 327; Jay Parrino; Auction '90 (Superior, 8/1990), lot 1163; Jay Parrino; May Auction (Superior, 5/1991), lot 987; L.K. Rudolf Collection (Stack's, 5/2003), lot 2174; Rarities Sale (Bowers and Merena, 5/2004), lot 328; private collection; Old West and Franklinton Collections (American Numismatic Rarities, 8/2006), lot 855.
- 5. PR64 NGC.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand; private collection in the late 1940s and included in an 1884 proof set consigned to the following: 1976 ANA Sale (Stack's, 8/1976), lot 723; Joel D. Rettew; Midwestern medical doctor; Mid-Winter ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/1996), lot 6513; Mid-American Rare Coins (Jeff Garrett); Richmond Collection (David Lawrence, 11/2004), lot 1568.
- 6. PR64.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly William H. Woodin; Edgar Adams ad in the March 1915 issue of *The Numismatist*; Waldo C. Newcomer, exhibited at the 1916 ANA Convention; B. Max Mehl in 1931; Sale 348 (J.C. Morgenthau, 5/1935), lot 431; Col. E.H.R. Green; Burdette G. Johnson; Jack V. Roe Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1945), lot 627; possibly Percy A. Smith, who displayed a complete collection of U.S. Trade and silver dollars at the Third Annual Convention of the Oregon Numismatic Society and the Seattle Coin Club on May 5, 1946, as reported in the July 1946 issue of *The Numismatist*, probably consigned by Smith to the following: Golden Jubilee Sale (B. Max Mehl, 5/1950), lot 896; Amon G. Carter, Sr.; Amon G. Carter, Jr.; Carter Collection (Stack's, 1/1984), lot 440.
- 7. PR63 PCGS.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand or Colonel Green; King Farouk of Egypt; Palace Collections of Egypt (Sotheby's, 2/1954), lot 1679; Ambassador and Mrs. R. Henry Norweb (Bowers and Merena, 3/1988), lot 1847; American Coin Portfolios (Dan Drykerman); private New York Collection (3/20/1992); Bowers and Merena Galleries, Inc. (privately, 3/23/1992); Q. David Bowers (personal collection); Summit Rare Coins (Chris Napolitano); Morris Silverman Collection (Heritage, 4/2002), lot 4131; U.S. Coins (Kenny Duncan); private Nevada collection; Pinnacle Rarities; private collection; **the present coin.**
- 8. PR63 NGC.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries; Col. E.H.R. Green; Burdette G. Johnson; James Kelly; purchased by Frank Sprinkle on 6/24/1944 for \$375; Frank F. Sprinkle Collection (Stack's, 6/1988), lot 106; Larry Whitlow; Dana Linett; Early American Numismatics/Newport Beach Sale (San Diego Show, 10/1988), lot 461; Auction '90 (RARCOA, 8/1990), lot 845; Mark Chrans; ANA National Money Show (Stack's, 3/2002), lot 795; private collection; Kevin Lipton; Legend Numismatics; private collection; Rarities Sale (Bowers and Merena, 1/2003), lot 569
- 9. PR63.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand; Chicago Estate; RARCOA (Ed Milas); World-Wide Coins (John Hamrick); Steve Ivy; Robert Marks Collection; Bowers and Ruddy, Rare Coin Review No. 15 (1972); Herstal Sale (Bowers and Ruddy, 2/1974), lot 734; Donald Apte and Mulford B. Simons; Mulford B. Simons; private Southern collection.
- 10. PR50 PCGS.** Unnamed Mint Official (possibly Col. A. Loudon Snowden); William K. Idler; Capt. John W. Haseltine and Stephen K. Nagy; unknown intermediaries, possibly Virgil M. Brand; Fred Olsen (B. Max Mehl, 11/1944), lot 997; George Sealy Ewalt (Stack's, 11/1965), lot 42; Calvert L. Emmons, M.D. (Stack's, 9/1969), lot 814; private collection; Western Numismatics (Jan Bronson); 1980 ANA (Steve Ivy, 8/1980), lot 2643; Auction '84 (RARCOA, 7/1984), lot 1809; Fred L. Fredericks (Superior, 2/1987), lot 1446A; Eugene Worrell Collection (Superior, 9/1993), lot 1324; Dr. Jon Kardatzke Collection (Ira and Larry Goldberg, 2/2000), lot 1470.

Additional Appearances

A. Proof. An example purchased from Stephen Nagy by Virgil Brand for \$50 in 1907.

B. Proof. An example purchased by Virgil Brand from John W. Haseltine in September 1908 for \$150 (Brand Journal number 44965).

C. Proof. Two more examples purchased by Brand from Haseltine in October 1908 for \$150 per coin (Brand Journal numbers 45343 and 45344).

D. Proof. 44th Sale (Ben Green, 11/1908), lot 74. This coin may have been consigned by Virgil Brand, since he already owned at least four examples of this issue by November of 1908 and was beginning to sell some of his duplicates through the Chicago Coin Company, which he had founded with T.E. Leon the previous year. Ben Green was a Chicago dealer, so it would have been convenient for Brand to consign to him. Brand may have had no intention of selling the coin, intending to buy it in and establish a price for the other specimens he owned. A priced copy of the sale in P. Scott Rubin's library indicates the lot brought \$280, a significant profit over the \$150 price Brand had paid for most of his coins. If Brand did not buy this coin in, it may have gone to William Forrester Dunham, another Chicago collector (see number 1 above).

E. Proof. A specimen owned by Judson Brenner as part of a set of Trade dollars (also including the 1885 Trade dollar) mentioned in the January 1912 volume of *The Numismatist*. Probably sold to Virgil Brand as part of a large collection of coins and numismatic items (including the Confederate cent dies) for \$9,000 in 1919.

F. Proof. H.O. Granberg (a different example from the coin in number 2 above); H.O. Granberg Collection (B. Max Mehl, 7/1913), lot 391; B.W. Smith Sale (B. Max Mehl, 5/1915), lot 749, unknown intermediaries, possibly including Fred Joy; Mehl again, advertised in the November 1925 issue of *The Numismatist*; possibly the same as number 8 above, between Haseltine-Nagy and Colonel Green.

G. Proof. A specimen exhibited by B. Max Mehl at the 1913 ANA Convention. Possibly the same as the coin in F above if Mehl bought the coin in the 1913 Granberg sale for inventory, then sold it to B.W. Smith.

H. Proof. A third specimen in the collection of Colonel Green; sold to B.G. Johnson on 5/15/1944; offered by the Celina Coin Company on page 546 of the June 1944 issue of *The Numismatist* as part of a complete set of Trade dollars.

I. Proof. A specimen exhibited at the February 1936 meeting of the Westchester County Coin Club by a Dr. Corbin.

J. Proof. A specimen purchased over the counter by Leonard Kusterer of Scott Stamp and Coin Company circa 1936 or 1937 as part of a complete 1884 proof set. Possibly an early appearance of the coin in number 5 above.

K. Proof. A specimen in an 1884 proof set offered in a James Kelly ad on page 830 of the October 1939 issue of *The Numismatist*. The collection was from an Iowa collector who formed his collection between 1870 and 1907.

L. Proof. Horace Grant (7/1946), lot 212.

M. Proof. Melvin E. Came, a New Hampshire coin dealer, offered an example at an ANA Convention in the 1960s, per Wayne Burt.

N. Proof. Abe Kosoff remembers two examples sold to Sidney Olsen in the 1960s.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 27YW, PCGS# 7064

MORGAN DOLLAR



**1878-CC Silver Dollar, MS66+
Few Known Finer**

5736 1878-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Dies for the Morgan dollar did not arrive at the Carson City Mint until April 1878, explaining a small coinage of 97,000 Trade dollars earlier in the year, despite the Philadelphia Mint having ceased regular production of that issue in 1877. Under the dictates of the Bland-Allison Act, Morgan dollars were coined in large numbers for the remainder of the year, totaling more than 2.2 million pieces. Many were released into circulation, but many thousands were put into storage, later to be dispersed through the Treasury releases of the 1960s and the GSA sales of the 1970s.

This CAC-approved, high-end Premium Gem displays razor-sharp detail and vibrant, frosty mint luster. Other than hints of light golden peripheral toning, the coin is brilliant, showcasing beautifully preserved fields and a clean cheek. PCGS has seen only six Superb Gems finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

GSA DOLLAR



**1878-CC GSA Dollar, MS66+
Single-Finest at PCGS**

5737 1878-CC GSA MS66+ PCGS. The GSA auctions of the 1970s and 1980 dispersed a total of 47,567 1878-CC dollars in black plastic holders. An untold number of those coins were removed from their GSA holders during the late 20th century for submission to third-party grading services. The nicer the coin, the more likely it was that its GSA holder would be cracked open. The present essentially brilliant example was left undisturbed, and is presently the single finest graded 1878-CC GSA dollar by PCGS. It is fully struck and thoroughly lustrous. The obverse field and the sweet spot of the cheek are practically pristine. Population: 2 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

MORGAN DOLLAR



1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65+ A Major Carson City Condition Rarity

5738 1879-CC MS65+ PCGS. CAC. For practical collecting purposes, none of the Carson City issues in the Morgan dollar series are particularly difficult to acquire in circulated condition, although the 1889-CC is far more expensive than its counterparts. Cross over into Mint State and little changes, although a few dates become noticeably more challenging to locate in eye-appealing condition. Among these is the 1879-CC. This is the second-scarcest issue in Uncirculated condition overall, and in MS65, only the 1889-CC and 1893-CC are rarer. The 1879-CC, in high grade, is sometimes referred to as “the other Carson City key.”

The present coin stands apart from its peers with a Plus designation and a CAC green label — both rare sights on Gem examples. PCGS has Plus-graded only 10 Gems, and there are only three MS66 pieces finer at that service (11/16). This example boasts frosty original mint luster that grows on the viewer with each passing moment. Smoky lavender-gold toning graces the obverse, while the reverse yields deeper sun-orange and lavender-pink color. Minor softness on the eagle’s breast and talons is an afterthought noticed when studied with a loupe. A few faint grazes on each side serve only as a reminder of just how thick and frosty the luster is. CAC: 32 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 7086

GSA DOLLARS



1879-CC GSA Dollar, MS64+

5739 1879-CC GSA MS64+ PCGS. VAM-5. The date is lightly repunched, and the U in UNITED is die doubled, but perhaps the most interesting feature of VAM-5 is the die line down from the nose, near the upper lip. A well-struck near-Gem with strong mint luster and only a hint of tan-gold toning. The fields are essentially immaculate, as is the eagle, and the grade is limited solely by moderate marks on the portrait. Among collectible GSA Carson City issues, the 1879-CC and 1890-CC are the two rarest. But between those two issues, the 1879-CC is more elusive outside of a GSA holder. No box or certificate is included. GSA Population: 11 in 64 (5 in 64+), 4 finer (10/16).

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 4842. NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 518848 Base PCGS# 7086



1879-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65 Elusive GSA Holdered Example Tied for Finest at PCGS

5740 1879-CC GSA MS65 PCGS. VAM-4. The obverse has a die chip between the left outer loops of the 8, and two prominent die gouges down from Liberty's nose. The mintmark is shifted left with the first C over the right side of the D in DOLLAR, and the second C below the ribbon knot. VAM-4 is a rather plentiful variety, comparatively speaking, although rarely so fine as the piece offered here.

The Carson City Mint struck 756,000 Morgan dollars in 1879 from a small number of die pairs with just seven varieties enumerated at VAMWorld.com. Adding pressure to the small mintage was the fact that many pieces entered circulation in the Carson City vicinity during the year. Nearly a century later, only a little over four bags remained as the GSA distributed 4,123 1879-CC dollars among the nearly three million Carson City pieces that remained in storage.

The Carson City Mint had 78 employees in 1879, according to the Official Register of the United States. The coiner's department employed 27 of those people, with a single pressman, George McLaughlin, born in Ireland, who earned about \$180 per month. Nearly half of the 27 coining department employees were adjusters, all female who earned \$75 per month.

This lovely Gem exhibits a sharp strike with frosty silver luster and delicate champagne tones. Trivial luster breaks are evident on the cheek, and minuscule marks are noted in the reverse fields. PCGS has only certified 39 examples of this issue from the GSA hoard, and all but four are lower grades. They have certified three examples as MS65, and one as MS65+, with none finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 518848 Base PCGS# 7086

MORGAN DOLLAR



**1879-CC Dollar, MS64 Prooflike
Capped Die, VAM-3, Top 100**

5741 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, MS64 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. During a less enlightened numismatic era, collectors shunned the VAM-3 Capped Die variety because the mintmark was partially obscured by numerous small die chips. In 1965, Leroy Van Allen determined that the variety is a Large over Small CC, and the chips about the mintmark were an attempt by the mint worker to obscure evidence of the initial wrong-sized mintmark impression. Interest in the variety increased, and it became a charter member in the Top 100 VAM keys as determined by Dr. Michael S. Fey and Jeff Oxman. The present Choice Prooflike example has peripheral peach patina and brilliant, mirrored fields. Marks are few, and the eye appeal is superior for the designated grade. Population: 31 in 64 (1 in 64+) Prooflike, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253T, PCGS# 40776 Base PCGS# 7089

GSA DOLLAR



**1879-CC GSA Dollar, MS64
Capped Die, VAM-3, Top 100**

5742 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, GSA, MS64 NGC. CAC. A Top 100 Variety. The 18 in the date is lightly repunched, but VAM-3 is best known for the myriad minute die chips surrounding the mintmark. Researchers have concluded that a Mint worker entered a large CC over a Small CC, then attempted to efface the remnants of the Small CC from the reverse die. This lustrous near-Gem has a good strike and only a trace of tan patina. The fields and the sweet spot of the cheek are refreshingly unmarked. The lot includes a GSA holder and a highly elusive 1879-CC GSA certificate. Census: 27 in 64 (3 in 64+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 533225 Base PCGS# 7088

MORGAN DOLLARS



1879-O Silver Dollar, MS66 Rare in This Top Grade

5743 1879-O MS66 PCGS. Ex: Vanderbilt/Bella. The 1879-O Morgan dollar is usually available through MS65, but Premium Gems are rare, and no finer coins are known. The 1879-O Morgan was once scarce in all Mint State grades, although bags of the date were released from the Treasury in the later 1950s and early 1960s. The present MS66 coin is among the finest known today, where it claims few peers. The strike is above-average for the issue, and the fields display radiant cartwheel luster. A trace of light champagne color graces the frosty surfaces. No bothersome abrasions are observed. Population: 26 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090





1880-S Dollar, MS69 Prooflike, Ex: Bermuda The Finest Morgan Dollar Money Can Buy

5744 1880-S MS69 Prooflike PCGS. Ex: Bermuda. A snapshot from the PCGS *Population Report*, October 2016: 3,052,628 pieces are certified as circulation-strike coins with neither Prooflike nor Deep Mirror Prooflike surfaces. The service has graded 85,957 coins as Prooflike and 41,960 examples as Deep Mirror Prooflike. Focus on a grade, an incredible and nigh-impossible grade, MS69, and check the numbers for normal, Prooflike, and Deep Mirror Prooflike populations. The results: eight, one, none — nine coins across the entire Morgan dollar series, and only one Prooflike.

With the sole exception of an 1896-S Morgan dollar, all of the MS69-graded pieces come from one of two dates: 1880-S or 1881-S, both popularly known as plentiful and well-produced targets of type collectors. The 1880-S is the dominant date as far as MS69 coins are concerned, stacking up six examples to two for the 1881-S. Yet even the 1880-S, with its mintage of 8.9 million pieces and five-figure tally of Prooflike coins in the PCGS *Population Report*, has only one coin blessed with both the reflective fields and amazing preservation needed for an MS69 Prooflike grade.

Even NGC has never certified an MS69 Prooflike or Deep Prooflike Morgan dollar (10/16), making this coin, in the most literal sense, the finest Morgan dollar money can buy. Moderately reflective fields contrast well with distinctly frosted, sharply struck devices. Only the slightest hints of color catch the light: pale blues suggested in parts of the fields, a touch of rose glimpsed on the cheek. Only the tiniest luster breaks keep this coin from perfection; there is no flaw that could be called an “abrasion” in the ordinary sense. This is a coin that stands alone, impeccable and seemingly untouchable — yet for the brief time it takes to sell an auction lot, it will be ownable. Seize the moment.

Ex: FUN Signature (*Heritage*, 1/2006), lot 3283; Pittsburgh Signature (*Heritage*, 10/2011), lot 4105. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7119



1881-CC Silver Dollar, MS67+

5745 1881-CC MS67+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-2. The 1881-CC has the second lowest mintage of any Carson City Morgan issue. Many emerged from the GSA auctions of the 1970s, but in the MS67+ grade, the '81-CC is undeniably rare. As of (11/16), PCGS has certified only twelve such examples with just four finer. The present lightly toned and lustrous Superb Gem fully merits its lofty assignment, since the strike is full, and only microscopic imperfections are apparent. VAM-2 exhibits die fill in the upper loops of the 8s in the date, reminiscent of the 1880-CC VAM-6 overdate. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126



1881-S Dollar, MS68+ Near-Flawless, Colorful Rim Toning

5746 1881-S MS68+ PCGS. CAC. The 1881-S is respected as an ideal candidate for type purposes. In excess of 12.7 million coins were struck, more than half of which sat in storage before being first released in 1938 and culminating in the distribution of millions of coins as part of the Treasury release of the early 1960s. Only in MS68 does the issue actually become challenging. Examples of comparable quality with a Plus designation and CAC endorsement are truly rare. Incredibly, PCGS has seen two higher-graded coins in MS69 (11/16). Light toning adorns the margins. Shades include blue, magenta, and fire-orange. The resulting eye appeal is tremendous, undoubtedly enhanced by radiant cartwheel luster, fully struck motifs, and the near-complete absence of surface imperfections. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130



1881-S Dollar, MS68 Prooflike Rainbow Toning on Reverse

5747 1881-S MS68 Prooflike PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Exquisite arcs of rose-red, powder-blue, and lemon-gold toning adorn the upper reverse periphery. The remainder of this high-grade silver dollar type coin is brilliant. The flashy fields are practically pristine, and the same can be said about the intricately struck devices. The 1881-S is well-known as a common date in most grades. Both NGC and PCGS have certified more than 100,000 pieces as MS64. But the issue becomes rare with a prooflike finish at the MS68 level. Population: 5 in 68 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 7131

1883-CC Morgan Dollar, MS67+ High-Quality Branch Mint Type Coin

5748 1883-CC MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The 1883-CC Morgan dollar claims a smallish mintage of 1.2 million pieces, but most of the modest production total was never released into circulation. The great majority of the coins were stored in Mint or Treasury vaults and gradually released into mostly numismatic hands in the 20th century. Although some bags were paid out earlier, the 1883-CC was well-represented in the famous GSA sales. A relatively available issue in high grade, the 1883-CC is a favorite choice of branch mint type collectors.

This magnificent Plus-graded Superb Gem exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides. The impeccably preserved surfaces show vivid shades of greenish-gold and cerulean-blue toning on the obverse, while the reverse displays just a trace of pale gold. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 211 in 67 (12 in 67+), 5 finer. CAC: 64 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144



1884-S Morgan Dollar, MS61 Underrated Series Key

5749 1884-S MS61 PCGS. The 1884-S Morgan dollar was produced in adequate numbers, with a reported mintage of 3.2 million pieces. Most of the coins were released into circulation near the time of issue and few were saved for numismatic purposes. Some coins were held in government storage, as relatively small quantities were paid out over the years, never attracting much in the way of numismatic interest. Some coins may have been melted in 1918 under the provisions of the Pittman Act. When collector interest finally blossomed in the 1930s, few high-quality examples could be found. The 1884-S is a key date in the series today.

The present coin is a pleasing Mint State specimen, with well-detailed design elements and frosty mint luster, under shades of lavender-gray and sea-green toning. The surfaces show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. This coin will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of Morgan dollars. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

1884-S Morgan Dollar, MS62 Conditionally Elusive

5750 1884-S MS62 PCGS. Following five San Francisco Mint silver dollars that are plentiful in all grades, the survival rate dropped precipitously in 1883, and ever farther in 1884. Just four percent of all PCGS certified 1884-S Morgan dollars grade MS60 or finer, and only 69 examples are finer than this piece (11/16). This impressive example has brilliant silver luster with frosty and untuned surfaces. Both sides are boldly defined with excellent detail over Liberty's ear, and strong breast and wing feathers on the reverse. The eye appeal is finer than many MS63 examples that we have seen. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156



1884-S Dollar, Semireflective MS63 Major Condition Rarity

5751 1884-S MS63 PCGS. The Morgan dollar series contains a variety of issues with widely differing production totals and levels of availability. There are a number of low-mintage dates in perennially high demand like the 1889-CC and 1893-S, high-mintage issues readily obtainable in the upper reaches of Mint State like the 1880-S and 1881-S, and several important condition rarities like the 1892-S and 1901. The 1884-S is one such emission, collectible in circulated condition but exceedingly rare in Uncirculated grades.

Production of silver dollars continued as usual at the San Francisco Mint in 1884. The facility accomplished a mintage of 3.2 million coins. Unlike previous years, however, it appears most 1884-S dollars were released into circulation rather than being held in storage vaults. It is possible some unknown quantity was melted under the terms of the Pittman Act of 1918, but the issue's role in western commerce is unquestionable.

The certified population speaks to the widespread use of 1884-S dollars during the late 19th century. The most frequently awarded grades at PCGS range from XF40 to AU58, and the certification figures decline rapidly in higher grades. Uncirculated coins are typically seen in MS61 and MS62, while Select representatives are very scarce. Anything finer is a significant rarity.

This all-brilliant dollar has semireflective fields and brightly frosted mint luster. The impression lightens somewhat on the hair over Liberty's ear and the eagle's breast feathers, but these traits characterize nearly all high-end survivors from this challenging issue. Marks are minimal for the assigned grade. Population: 52 in 63 (4 in 63+), 14 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156



1886-O Morgan Dollar, MS64+ Important Condition Rarity

5752 1886-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1886-O Morgan dollar had a mintage just north of 10 million coins, but few of those survived in Mint State grades. Most of the 10 million silver dollars were used in commerce, and today the average certified grade is less than MS60. Only one-third of the 6,874 PCGS certified submissions grade MS60 or finer, and only 10 pieces grade finer than this one, including those designated Prooflike or Deep Mirror Prooflike. PCGS has only certified 35 of these in MS64+. This lovely piece is fully brilliant and untuned with frosty silver luster and above average design definition. CAC: 36 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 254W, PCGS# 7168

1889-CC Silver Dollar, AU58 Lustrous Fields

5753 1889-CC AU58 NGC. Most Carson City issues in the Morgan dollar series were represented by thousands or tens of thousands of Mint State coins in the GSA sales of the early 1970s. Not so with the 1889-CC, which was represented in that distribution by just a single coin. No large quantities of this date have ever surfaced outside of the troves of well-circulated pieces that were plucked from commerce when the rarity of the issue became known to collectors. Uncirculated examples of the date are scarce in all grades, making this lustrous near-Mint coin highly appealing to the budget-restricted collector seeking a piece that will mesh nicely with an otherwise Mint State Carson City set. The coin is brilliant and shows sharp detail. Light surface chatter is consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Dollar, Clean AU58 Bold Impression

5754 1889-CC AU58 PCGS. Coinage of silver dollars at the Nevada branch mint resumed in October 1889, when newly appointed coiner Charles H. Colburn struck 100,000 pieces. Another 100,000 dollars were manufactured in November, followed by 150,000 more in December, giving the 1889-CC a low mintage of 350,000 coins. Rusty Goe explains in *The Mint on Carson Street*: "For unknown reasons, approximately 250,000 to 325,000 1889-CC silver dollars were eventually melted, securing this date as one of the keys to a set of Morgan dollars." Most survivors are well-circulated. Scarcely are they found as nice as this brilliant near-Mint representative. The strike is as bold over the centers as one may hope to find. Specks of translucent golden-brown patina hug the rims, while glowing luster sweeps across minimally marked surfaces. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Dollar, Still-Lustrous AU58

5755 1889-CC AU58 PCGS. The '89-CC has long been recognized as one of the key issues in the Morgan silver dollar series, and examples are in great demand, regardless of grade. Near-Mint examples like this coin are especially desirable as they will easily enhance any collection, whether it is a complete set of circulated coins or a collection of otherwise Mint State pieces. This one has essentially full luster with only a trace of wear on the highest points of the sharply struck designs. Both sides are brilliant and exhibit only a touch of light gold toning in the fields.

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 2174. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Dollar, Still-Lustrous AU58 Nearly Full Brilliance

5756 1889-CC AU58 PCGS. The scarcity of Uncirculated examples suggests most 1889-CC coins were pulled from circulation, or from bags of circulated coins that were distributed to Federal Reserve Banks and their branches. Fewer than 700 Uncirculated coins have been certified in MS60 or finer by both services combined, suggesting the main sources of Mint State coins were souvenirs from initial circulation, coins selected from the annual pyx, and from mail requests from collectors received by the Carson City Mint.

This near-Mint example could easily pass for full Mint State. The frosty surfaces show virtually no rub, and only faint chatter affects the largely brilliant and lustrous surfaces. Wisps of golden-gray toning make only a fleeting appearance, and few marks are seen on the high points of the well-struck devices. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Silver Dollar, MS61 Carson City Key

5757 1889-CC MS61 PCGS. The key issue in the Carson City Morgan dollar subset is the 1889-CC, an issue with a small mintage of 350,000 pieces and an almost complete absence in the Treasury releases of the mid-20th century. Large numbers of circulated examples are known, suggesting that a substantial portion of the mintage was dispersed into commercial channels in the 19th century. Mint State survivors in any grade are scarce. This MS61 coin displays vibrant luster with a few traces of light golden toning. Scattered abrasions include a couple of noticeable marks on the cheek, nothing out of line for the grade. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Dollar, MS62

Series Key, Seldom Seen in Mint Condition

5758 1889-CC MS62 PCGS. The Carson City Mint resumed coinage operations in October of 1889, after a three-year hiatus. Only 350,000 Morgan dollars were produced during the remainder of the year, a low production total, even by CC-mint standards. Most of the coins were released into circulation and saw heavy wear and attrition in the 19th century. Few high-quality specimens were saved by collectors and the elusive nature of the 1889-CC became clear to numismatists as soon as Morgan dollar collecting became popular. The series apparently ended in 1904 (it was resurrected briefly in 1921), triggering increased interest among collectors, and the 1889-CC began appearing at auction occasionally before World War I. Fort Worth coin dealer B. Max Mehl offered examples in both his H.O. Granberg Sale (Mehl, 7/1913), lot 632 and Arthur C. Nygren Collection (Mehl, 11/1914), lot 139.

The small portion of the 1889-CC mintage that was held in government storage at the time of issue was quietly paid out over the years in small amounts, here and there. These coins were easily absorbed by the collecting community, with no attendant fanfare. By the time of the GSA Sales of the 1970s, only one example of the 1889-CC remained in government custody. Today, the 1889-CC Morgan dollar is the most elusive issue of the Carson City series and collectors prize examples in all grades and conditions. This is one of the rare Uncirculated examples that was preserved for one reason or another over the decades. The surfaces are satiny rather than frosted and each side is brilliant except for a streak of golden that runs along the right side of the obverse. The strike details are complete and there are only the small abrasions one would expect from an MS62 dollar. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190



1889-CC Dollar, MS61 Prooflike

Brightly Reflective Example of This Key Issue

5759 1889-CC MS61 Prooflike NGC. The 1889-CC is one of the sought-after keys to the Morgan dollar series, from a modest mintage of 350,000 pieces. The coins were all struck late in the year and much of the mintage was released into circulation at the time of issue. The Carson City Mint had not struck any coins since 1885 and the American West was a hard-money economy, so there was considerable demand for silver dollar coinage at the time. Accordingly, the coins circulated extensively and suffered high attrition over the years. Few examples were saved by contemporary collectors and the coins held in government storage were paid out in dribs and drabs over the years until the government stockpile was all but exhausted. The 1889-CC was not well-represented in the Treasury Releases of the 1960s. Today, the 1889-CC can be found in circulated grades without too much trouble, but high-quality specimens are elusive and expensive. Curiously, there is a high percentage of Prooflike coins among the high-grade survivors. This piece shows deeply reflective fields with noticeably contrasting, frosted devices. There are numerous small, but individually insignificant abrasions peppered across each side. The coin presents as brilliant, but a closer look reveals light peripheral color. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7191



1889-O Morgan Dollar, MS66 None Certified Finer

5760 1889-O MS66 PCGS. The 1889-O Morgan dollar boasts a prodigious mintage of 11.8 million pieces, but the issue is very rare in grades above MS65. Many coins were released into circulation at the time of issue and the 1889-O is not difficult to locate in circulated grades today. Even lower Mint State examples are available with some frequency, but really high-grade specimens remain elusive. A large number of coins were held in government storage, but these were mostly paid out in later years, with little notice taken by the numismatic community. By the time of the great Treasury releases of the 1960s, only a few bags remained to be distributed.

Few examples can match the technical quality and eye appeal of the present coin. The design elements are well-detailed, with just a touch of the usual softness in areas like the hair above the ear, where some diagonal planchet striations were not completely eradicated in the striking process. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, with a few highlights of golden-tan toning. Population: 12 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192



1891 Morgan Dollar, MS66 Deep Prooflike The Finest Certified

5761 1891 MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. Housed in NGC's distinctive "Classic Liberty Era" holder, this impressive Morgan silver dollar has brilliant and untuned silver surfaces with exceptional field-to-device contrast between the deeply mirrored fields and the frosty devices. The 1891 is an issue that is rarely encountered with any amount of mirrored surface. NGC and PCGS have certified 18,275 examples of this issue, including just 215 Prooflike pieces and only 149 Deep Mirror Prooflike submissions. This one is the finest of those 149 DMPL dollars. Census: 1 in 66 Deep Mirror Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 97205



1893-CC Dollar, MS64 Nearly Unobtainable in Higher Grades Final Carson City Issue

5762 1893-CC MS64 PCGS. The Carson City Mint struck 677,000 Morgan dollars in 1893 before the facility's coining operations were shut down permanently on June 1. Examples of this final-year issue, widely pursued in all grades, survive in considerable numbers through MS63, though they always garner strong prices because of intense collector demand. Choice representatives are scarce, while Gems are very rare, occasionally breaching the six-figure threshold. The reason is clear: PCGS reports only 14 grading events finer than the coin offered here, likely including resubmissions (10/16).

This brilliant near-Gem presents radiant surfaces aglow in luminous mint frost. Each side displays bold strike characteristics, and only a touch of softness occurs on the left-hand stars. Minor marks on the cheek and eagle's breast are visible upon close examination, but the fields are notably clean.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

1893-CC Silver Dollar, MS64 Rarely Seen Finer

5763 1893-CC MS64 PCGS. Although the certified MS64 population for 1893-CC silver dollars exceeds 800 pieces at PCGS and NGC, the two grading services have only examined 22 finer examples (10/16), and those few pieces must meet the demand of hundreds or even thousands of advanced Morgan dollar collectors. Dusky greenish-steel toning is evident at the upper obverse of this otherwise fully brilliant and sharply struck Choice Mint State piece. The obverse and reverse surfaces are frosty and fully lustrous, and far cleaner than usual for this popular final-year Carson City dollar. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222



1893-S Dollar, Partly Lustrous AU50 Always In-Demand Key Date

1893-S Dollar, Semiprooflike AU50 Key to the Morgan Dollar Series

5764 1893-S AU50 PCGS. One of just 100,000 Morgan dollars produced at the California branch mint in 1893, this untoned example retains partial mint luster on both sides. The devices exhibit a trace of rub, and scattered abrasions include a few moderate distractions over the lower half of Liberty's portrait. The majority of 1893-S dollars are believed to have been released into circulation at the time of issue. As such, this is the rarest Morgan dollar issue in high grades. The opportunity to acquire an AU representative of this always in-demand key date should not be overlooked by specialists. Seldom seen finer.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2002), lot 6155.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

5765 1893-S AU50 PCGS. The year 1893 is a noteworthy one in the history of both Morgan dollar and mintmark collecting. Branch mint production of silver dollars slowed to record lows in 1893, especially at the San Francisco Mint, which struck just 100,000 examples. Augustus G. Heaton also published *A Treatise on Coinage of the United States Branch Mints* in 1893, introducing contemporary collectors to the significance of collecting mintmarked coins. Thus, this famous branch mint issue coincides with the rise of mintmark collecting among the general public. While the 1893-S may not have immediately caught the attention of collectors at the time, as witnessed by the number of well-worn examples known today, people soon realized the issue's importance and plucked the coins from circulation. This is an attractive example that is brilliant throughout with slight high-point friction. The fields are semiprooflike, adding even more to the coin's appeal. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226



1894-O Silver Dollar, MS64+ Delightful Original Toning

5766 1894-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Ex: Vanderbilt/Sunnywood. The 1894-O is far more elusive in high grade than its mintage of more than 1.7 million pieces would suggest. Choice examples typically are the finest obtainable by collectors, as Gems are major rarities in the context of the series. This Plus-designated near-Gem offers a balance of quality and affordability and couples it with glistening, frosty mint luster and delightful original toning. Lavender-gray and dusky orange interiors cede to bright sea-green and yellow-gold peripheral toning. Minor weakness on eagle's breast and above Liberty's ear is typical of this New Orleans issue. A few faint luster grazes are hidden beneath the toning. PCGS reports only 13 finer representatives, none better than MS65+ (10/16). NGC ID# 255W, PCGS# 7230



1894-S Morgan Dollar, MS66+ Challenging Issue in High Grade

5767 1894-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. The 1894-S Morgan dollar claims a smallish mintage of 1.2 million pieces, making the issue one of the better dates in the series. Most coins were released into circulation in the 19th century, and few were saved by contemporary numismatists. Never available in large numbers, releases from Treasury holdings were limited to isolated areas in the Western United States, where a hard-money economy prevailed long after the rest of the country switched to a paper money preference. The 1894-S was not heavily represented in the Redfield Hoard.

The present coin is a Plus-graded Premium Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved lustrous surfaces. Attractive shades of lavender-gray and sea-green toning blanket both sides, enhancing the outstanding eye appeal. Population: 14 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer. CAC: 5 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232



1895-O Dollar, MS63
Remarkably Clean Surfaces
Brilliant Condition Rarity

5768 1895-O MS63 PCGS. The 1895-O dollar boasts a small mintage of only 450,000 pieces, minuscule by Morgan dollar standards. Most coins were stored in Treasury vaults and later melted, but perhaps 100,000 pieces were released into circulation. A large portion circulated for a short time, as the issue is often seen in the XF-AU range. Quality control was definitely not a major consideration at the New Orleans Mint in 1895. To minimize breakage and maximize production, the dies were deliberately spaced farther apart than normal. Weak strikes and unattractive surfaces were the inevitable results. A prime condition rarity, Mint State coins are seldom encountered.

This Select offering features a better than average strike for this issue with just a bit of softness on Liberty's ear and the eagle's breast feathers. The surfaces display the usual satiny mint luster and both sides show even, light golden toning despite being largely brilliant. There are no individually distracting marks on either side, suggestive of an even higher grade. Population: 20 in 63 (1 in 63+), 21 finer (11/16).

Ex: Carson Silver Collection / Los Angeles Signature (Heritage, 8/2009), lot 1177. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236



1902-O Morgan Dollar, MS67
Delicate Peripheral Toning

5769 1902-O MS67 PCGS. Struck from essentially perfect dies, with only a short die crack from the bust point to the first star. There are no die markers to attribute a specific VAM variety on this example. This outstanding Superb Gem New Orleans Morgan dollar exhibits frosty silver surfaces with brilliant luster. Splashes of delicate gold and iridescent toning are limited to the borders on each side. While a few hair strands are merged over Liberty's ear, the strike is exceptional. This is a wonderful example for the advanced Morgan dollar collector. Population: 25 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280



**1902-O Silver Dollar, Sharp MS67
None Certified Finer
Rare So Immensely Attractive**

5770 1902-O MS67 PCGS. CAC. Like the 1904-O, significant quantities of the 1902-O Morgan dollar went into long-term storage at the Philadelphia Mint, with some being paid out in bags over a long period of time. In the 1960s Treasury release, this New Orleans issue was dispersed in large quantities to collectors and dealers. Today, Gem and Premium Gem examples are available, but surprisingly few MS67 pieces are known.

This radiantly lustrous, CAC-endorsed Superb Gem is tied for the finest certified by either PCGS or NGC. The remarkably well-preserved surfaces are unhindered by toning and yield an intense cartwheel effect. The 1902-O is famously a poorly struck issue, although the present example shows only trivial weakness on the eagle's breast. By far one of the most attractive 1902-O dollars known, a rich reward for the patient and discerning collector. Population: 24 in 67, 0 finer. CAC: 9 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 256N, PCGS# 7280



**1903-S Morgan Dollar, MS66
Few Graded This Fine**

5771 1903-S MS66 PCGS. Auction appearances of the 1903-S Morgan dollar in Premium Gem condition occur on infrequent intervals. Such pieces are highly sought-after, as the 1903-S is a key 20th century issue all the way down to low circulated grades. The acquisition of any Mint State example is a substantial achievement for most collectors, and pieces grading finer than MS66 are prohibitively rare. This vibrantly lustrous example displays brilliant surfaces and good preservation — only a few light grazes on the cheek prevent an even finer numeric assessment. The central devices showcase exquisite detail. This is the sort of coin that Morgan dollar Registry Set collectors wait for with great patience. Population: 41 in 66 (6 in 66+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 7288



**1904 Silver Dollar, MS66+
Fully Toned, Well Preserved
VAM-4, Die Doubled Obverse**

5772 1904 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. VAM-4. Iridescent cobalt-blue toning consumes the reverse and occupies peripheral portions of the obverse. Ruby-red and autumn-brown adorn much of the portrait. Cartwheel luster illuminates sharply struck and minimally marked surfaces. The 1904 can be located with relative ease in MS63, but Premium Gems are surprisingly rare, and none have been certified finer by PCGS. VAM-4 is the “Doubled Profile and Ear” variety, first reported by Martin Field in 1982. The nose, chin, and lips are lightly die doubled, as is the base of the earlobe. Population: 30 in 66 (2 in 66+), 0 finer. CAC: 6 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290



**1921-S Morgan Dollar, MS66+
Iridescent Peripheral Toning
Tied for Finest at PCGS**

5773 1921-S MS66+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A perfect dies piece without anomalies that point to a specific VAM variety. The 1921-S Morgan dollar had a high mintage of more than 21 million coins, but few survive at the top grade levels. Just 94 of the 14,000 PCGS submissions have received the MS66 grade, and only six of those have the additional Plus designation. There are none finer (11/16). This impressive Premium Gem exhibits satiny silver luster at the centers within rings of gold, blue, and iridescent toning. This lovely Morgan dollar is destined for a top PCGS Registry set. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

PROOF MORGAN DOLLARS



**1878 Morgan Dollar, PR66
8 Tailfeathers, Gold CAC Sticker
One Finer Example at PCGS**

5774 1878 8TF PR66 PCGS. Gold CAC. Bland dollars (now known as Morgan dollars) were introduced in March 1878. The first coins featured an eagle with eight tailfeathers, distinguishing them from those put out later in the year with seven tailfeathers. The 8 Tailfeathers dollars are subject to ever-strong demand, but enough circulation strikes survive that they can be found in high grades with little difficulty. Proofs are much more challenging. The *Guide Book* reports a mintage of 500 specimens. Bowers comments in his *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia*: "Probably 300 to 500 1878 8 TF Proof dollars were minted. The number is not known, and estimates have ranged from about 250 upward. Today, Proofs are rare."

The Gold CAC sticker suggests this Premium Gem proof is undergraded by at least one point. It is difficult to see where this piece lost any points at all. The fields are seemingly pristine, deeply reflective beneath a layer of violet, gold, blue, and green patina. Liberty's cheek is equally devoid of contact. An exceptionally attractive first-year representative housed in a green label holder. Population: 9 in 66, 1 finer. Gold CAC: 2 in 66, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2572, PCGS# 7311



**1882 Morgan Dollar, PR67
Brilliant With Undesignated Contrast
Gold CAC**

5775 1882 PR67 PCGS. Gold CAC. The Mint struck a substantial number of proof Morgan dollars in 1882, reportedly 1,100 specimens. Examples are usually found in PR63 to PR65 and very seldom in PR66. Superb Gem proofs are rare, especially as fine as this piece, which CAC believes would qualify for a green sticker at the next highest grade level. That would place it among the best-preserved examples at both grading services. Each side is totally brilliant with undesignated field-device contrast. Apparently free of any contact whatsoever. Encapsulated in a green label holder with a Gold CAC sticker. Population: 15 in 67, 5 finer. Gold CAC: 3 in 67, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2726, PCGS# 7317



Stunning 1882 Morgan Dollar, PR68 Tied for the Finest at PCGS

5776 1882 PR68 PCGS. CAC. This extraordinary Superb Gem proof has excellent cameo contrast beneath its gold, violet, and blue toning. The obverse has a circle of brilliant silver at the center, while the reverse is fully toned. The fields are richly mirrored and the devices are satiny and lustrous, with the toning preventing a Cameo designation. This piece is numerically tied for the finest that PCGS has certified, regardless of designation. NGC has also never graded an example numerically finer (11/16). This impressive Morgan proof will make a nice addition to an advanced registry set. NGC ID# 27Z6, PCGS# 7317

1885 Silver Dollar, PR66+ Cameo Stark Contrast, Strong Eye Appeal

5777 1885 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. Writing in the popular *Guide Book of Morgan Silver Dollars*, Dave Bowers paints a rather bleak picture for collectors seeking an 1885 proof: "Medium contrast. More than just a few of this date have been dipped so many times that the mirror surfaces are dull gray. Such coins are not for you." This phenomenon contributes to the scarcity of high-grade Cameos and the prohibitive rarity of Deep Cameos. The present Plus-graded, CAC-approved Premium Gem Cameo is a stellar piece, ranking finer than the typically offered example by leaps and bounds. The strike is fully executed, and each side is free of significant toning. The mirrors are deep and deliver stark contrast nearly worthy of a Deep Cameo designation. Population: 21 in 66 (3 in 66+) Cameo, 3 finer. CAC: 9 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZE, PCGS# 87320



1889 Morgan Dollar, PR67 Cameo Well-Produced Example

5778 1889 PR67 Cameo NGC. The 1889 proof Morgan dollar issue has a reputation for indifferent production values, though the Superb Gem offered here runs pleasantly counter to expectations. Though the strike is often lacking for this issue, the present coin is well-executed overall with only trifling softness on the hair over Liberty's ear. Contrast is also substantially above-average, with the frost on the reverse distinctly thicker than that on the obverse. Brilliant throughout. NGC has certified just one finer Cameo survivor (10/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 2636.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZJ, PCGS# 87324



1891 Dollar, PR67 Cameo Brilliant and Starkly Contrasted

5779 1891 PR67 Cameo NGC. There were only 650 proofs struck of the 1891 dollar, and few are known today with cameo contrast. The lightness of strike over Liberty's ear that began in 1888 continued this year, and there is some softness evident on this piece. But that is the only detracting element we see on this magnificent coin. Each side is brilliant, and the fields show unfathomable depth of mirrored reflectivity with starkly contrasting frosted devices. A magnificent proof dollar. The population data is curious for this issue. There are only two PCGS coins in this grade with two finer, and 15 NGC coins in this grade with two finer. This indicates there was most likely a heavy resubmission to NGC of one or two coins in hopes of a higher grade. In terms of actual coins available as PR67 Cameo, it is likely that the 1891 is actually much scarcer than these numbers indicate.

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 2182.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZL, PCGS# 87326



1892 Morgan Dollar, PR68 None Numerically Finer at NGC

5780 1892 PR68 NGC. Orders for proof sets were unusually heavy in 1892, probably because of the novelty value of the Barber design, which was introduced on the smaller silver denominations that year. A generous mintage of 1,245 proof Morgan dollars resulted as a by-product of this increased demand for the smaller coins. Accordingly, the 1892 is one of the more available proofs of this era, but few survivors can match the quality and eye appeal of the present coin. This magnificent PR68 specimen offers razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the fields are deeply mirrored, under pleasing shades of lavender-gray toning. The surfaces are impeccably preserved and overall eye appeal is tremendous. Census: 7 in 68 (2 in 68★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZM, PCGS# 7327



1892 Dollar, PR67 Cameo Entirely Brilliant With Stark Contrast

5781 1892 PR67 Cameo NGC. Proof production spiked across the board in 1892. Why? The Mint anticipated heightened demand for proof sets containing the new Barber coinage. Morgan dollars were also included in the sets, and benefited from increased interest. A total of 1,245 proofs were distributed in all, the second-highest proof mintage in the Morgan dollar series after the 1880. Cameo representatives are much scarcer than their non-Cameo counterparts, and they prove very rare in this extraordinary state of preservation.

This Superb Gem Cameo proof looks exactly as it did the day it was manufactured. Not a hint of toning is present on either side, allowing the viewer to fully appreciate bold contrast generated by thickly frosted motifs and glassy, unmarked fields. Census: 18 in 67 Cameo (3 in 67★), 4 finer (10/16).

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 27ZM, PCGS# 87327





1892 Morgan Dollar, PR67 Cameo Sharply Defined and Well-Preserved

5782 1892 PR67 Cameo PCGS. A pale layer of antique golden-gray patina lightly accents the brilliant surfaces of this Superb Gem Cameo proof dollar. Reflective mirrors are undimmed by the toning, while the frosted devices generate abundant contrast. Interest in the then-novel Barber designs resulted in increased proof Morgan dollar production, bringing the total struck in 1892 to 1,245 proofs for the year.

The strike is needle-sharp on this example. A curled lint mark near the P of PLURIBUS is an inconsequential mint-related quirk, but the sole surface anomaly to mention. Proof Morgan dollars are always in demand at this high grade, and this lightly toned beauty will be sure to attract many admirers. Population: 3 in 67 (1 in 67+) Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZM, PCGS# 87327



1895 Morgan Dollar, PR55 Important Collector Grade

5783 1895 PR55 PCGS. The scarcity of the 1895 was realized early on. An editorial in the January 1900 issue of the *American Journal of Numismatics* discussed a recent influx of humorous-to-aggravating inquiries from individuals seeking an evaluation of their coins from editors at the *Journal*. Much of the article frustratingly recounts the absurd letters received, with one section specifically addressing the 1895 Morgan dollar issue:

"Somewhat in the same line of ignorance was an amusing incident which occurred within a few weeks. A well-known dealer in Pennsylvania advertised to pay \$10 for a silver Dollar of 1895, struck at the Philadelphia Mint. Shortly afterwards he received a registered letter from a correspondent in Oklahoma, which enclosed a *Half Dollar* of 1895, with the following: — "As you offer to pay \$10 for One Dollar, 1895, I send you a Half Dollar of that date, for which please send me \$5."

The fourth edition of Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth's *100 Greatest U.S. Coins* ranks the 1895 Morgan dollar in 30th position, immediately following the 1870-S Seated dollar and just ahead of the 1854-S "presentation strike" double eagle housed in the Smithsonian Institution.

Today, the prices of 1895 proof Morgan dollars have soared to high levels, and the opportunity to bid on a lightly circulated example with undoubtedly result in considerable activity. This piece exhibits brilliant silver surfaces with much of the mirrored finish intact, and only slight rub on the highest points of the design, with faint hairlines on Liberty's cheek. Housed in a green-label PCGS holder. NGC ID# 27ZR, PCGS# 7330



1897 Morgan Dollar, PR67 Cameo

5784 1897 PR67 Cameo PCGS. High quality proof Morgan silver dollars are frequently encountered, and those with Cameo or Deep Cameo contrast are exceedingly beautiful. The combination is ideal for connoisseurs who appreciate impressive numismatic properties, and a set of such coins is truly something to behold. This Superb Gem is an impressive example with brilliant silver surfaces, deeply mirrored fields, and sharply defined, satiny devices. A nearly flawless example, this dollar exhibits vibrant field-to-device contrast. Population: 6 in 67 Cameo, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 27ZV, PCGS# 87332

PEACE DOLLARS



1922-S Peace Dollar, MS66 Among the Finest Known

5785 1922-S MS66 PCGS. Although readily available in grades through MS65, the 1922-S Peace dollar suddenly becomes very rare in MS66, and none are known numerically finer. Although more than 17 million pieces were struck, percentage-wise, few were spared distribution into circulation, thus reducing the modern-day population of Mint State survivors to negligible levels in high grade. In *A Guide Book of Peace Dollars* (2008), Roger Burdette writes: "The finest known examples of the 1922-S are graded MS-66, and at this writing fewer than two dozen have been certified in this condition by the major grading companies." Today, PCGS lists 12 Premium Gems and NGC 17, including possibly a few resubmissions. The present coin displays vibrant, brilliant mint luster and largely unabraded surfaces. Slight strike softness on the central high points is typical of the issue although almost unnoticed on this coin. Population: 12 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 257E, PCGS# 7359



1925-S Peace Dollar, MS65 Exceptional Luster and Eye Appeal

5786 1925-S MS65 NGC. A satiny Gem with highly lustrous silver surfaces that are splashed with pale orange and gold toning on each side. This date is quite common in lower Mint State grades but a rarity in Gem condition, with only a single finer example certified (10/16). Evidence remains of semiprooflike fields, especially on the reverse, although the appearance is different from the usual mirrored surfaces seen on prooflike Morgan dollars. Heavy die polishing lines provide the reflective sheen on this Gem, most noticeable on the reverse. The strike is sharp, and there are no bothersome abrasions. Census: 68 in 65 (2 in 65+), 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2007), lot 2194.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366



1927 Peace Dollar, MS66 Tied for Finest Certified

5787 1927 MS66 PCGS. CAC. The Peace dollar series is a rewarding series to collect for both well-funded and budget-conscious collectors. Every issue therein, including the key 1928, is readily accessible in circulated grades, making a complete date and mintmark set a realistic goal for the enthusiast on a budget. However, many of these issues become significant — and sometimes exceptional — condition rarities in the finer Mint State grades, posing also an intriguing challenge for the patient and financially able pursuer. The 1927 is just such a date. Its low mintage of just 848,000 pieces is one of only four in the series below 1 million coins, but examples remain plentiful in grades through MS64, and are only marginally elusive in MS65. At the Premium Gem level, however, conditional rarity triumphs, making the 1927 even more difficult to find in this grade than the key-date 1928.

The presently offered example displays well-defined relief elements, with radiant, satiny luster that illuminates mottled orange-gold toning over much of each side. Close study with a glass finds the underlying surfaces delicately preserved, and the overall eye appeal is excellent. Population: 15 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370



1928 Peace Dollar, Sharp MS66 Original Appeal, Tied for Finest Certified

5788 1928 MS66 PCGS. Not only does the 1928 issue have the lowest mintage of the Peace dollar series, it trails only the three 1927 issues (1927 P,D, and S) and the 1928-S in the number of certified examples in Premium Gem condition or finer as reported by PCGS. Collectors of high-grade Peace dollars need to look no further than the 1927 and 1928 issues to identify the clear condition rarities of the series.

A faint presence of powder-gray toning is visible on this example — mostly at the margins, where pale olive-gold highlights attest to the coin's original surfaces. This is a remarkably well-struck and unabraded coin, with soft silver luster shining through to provide nice eye appeal. Only a few minor marks visit the surfaces, visible with a glass but mostly unnoticed in-hand. PCGS has graded 17 pieces in MS66 and one MS66+ (11/16). NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373



Teresa de Francisci, Model for the Peace Dollar

PLATINUM NIGHT



EARLY PROOF SETS



1880 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR67+ ★ Exceptional Quality, All NCG-Certified

5789 1880 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR67+ ★ NGC. This seven-piece set is original and uniformly well-preserved. Included are:

Cent PR65 Red and Brown. The fields are deeply mirrored and serve to backlight the incredible emerald-green and original cherry-red color seen over each side. Full, intricate strike details are seen over all the design elements.

Three Cent Nickel PR66. Generously minted in proof format, but very rare as a strike for circulation. Close examination with a loupe reveals iridescent rose, sea-green, and lilac interspersed over each side. The mirrored fields are definitely there, but subdued by the layers of color. Fully detailed and struck from heavily lapped dies, as seen on the lower reverse.

Shield Nickel PR65. Always popular as a proof because of the low production of business strikes this year. Toned similarly to the three cent nickel in blended shades of rose and lilac, also showing shallowly mirrored fields. An irregularly shaped planchet lamination is noted by the star at 3 o'clock.

Seated Dime PR66. The deep mirrors in the fields are covered by rich cobalt-blue and rose toning that lightens to pinkish-brilliance around the margins. A few carbon spots are located above ONE on the reverse but are mostly concealed by the toning.

Seated Quarter PR67 ★ Cameo. The level of preservation is very high, as one would expect from such a superior grade designation. As with the coins above, the main colors are pinkish-rose and blue. In this case, though, the center of the obverse is pinkish-rose and the margin is ringed by blue. The reverse shows the same color scheme but lacks the intensity of color in the center. Low total-mintage date with 1,355 proofs produced and 13,600 circulation strikes.

Seated Half PR65 Cameo. Similarly toned to the quarter, but the center of each side shows a small circle of brilliance. The strike is pinpoint-sharp throughout, and the only contact marks (well concealed by the toning) are located in the right obverse field.

Morgan Dollar PR67+ ★. This is a spectacular proof dollar. The quality and value of this piece alone will undoubtedly persuade the successful bidder to acquire the entire set, even if the only coin of interest is the dollar. The centers are brilliant with substantially more on the reverse, then successive rings of rose-russet and cobalt-blue complete the color scheme. We do not see any mentionable contact marks, but there is an interesting chrysanthemum-shaped cluster of lint marks between RI on the reverse. Exceptional quality. (Total: 7 coins)



1884 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR67 Original and All NGC-Certified

5790 1884 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR67, NGC. Another well-matched set from the same consignor as the 1880 proof set above. Predictably, the coins have many of the same color characteristics and high level of preservation. Included are:

Cent PR65 Brown. This coin may be called Brown, but there is certainly no lack of color. Deep cherry-red is interspersed over each side along with moss-green. The fields are only moderately reflective from the depth of color. The strike details are complete in all areas.

Three Cent Nickel PR66. Like the three cent nickel in the 1880 set, each side on this piece also shows tiny dots of rose, sea-green, and lilac toning. The fields are noticeably reflective, even through the toning. Fully struck.

Liberty Nickel PR65. The same colors are repeated here as on the three cent nickel and again the fields are noticeably mirrored. Sharply detailed.

Seated Dime PR66 ★. It is surprising the cameo contrast was not acknowledged on this piece. It is readily apparent even through the substantial toning. The obverse is mostly deep blue with bright red toning around the rim, while the reverse is toned in varying shades of blue. Exceptional quality.

Seated Quarter PR67. Each side presents a very different view. The obverse is mostly brilliant, especially in the center, with rose and cobalt-blue rings of color surrounding the margin. The reverse, on the other hand, is cobalt-blue over that entire side. The fields are deeply reflective and the devices heavily frosted, yielding a strong but unacknowledged cameo effect.

Seated Half PR65 Cameo. This is a well-balanced coin that exhibits brilliant centers that are surrounded by russet and cobalt-blue around the margins. As expected, the fields are brightly reflective and establish the depth necessary for an acknowledged cameo contrast against the brightly frosted devices. Only 875 proofs were struck, plus 4,400 strikes for circulation.

Morgan Dollar PR66 Cameo. Toned the same as the half dollar, each side has a brilliant center with rings of russet and cobalt-blue around the peripheries. The devices are heavily frosted and contrast nicely against the depth of mirrors in the fields. (Total: 7 coins)



1886 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR66 ★ All NGC-Certified

5791 1886 Seven-Piece Proof Set, PR65-PR66 ★ NGC. A third proof set from the same consignor and another original, high-grade set with an appearance that is consistent with the 1880 and 1884 sets. Included are:

Type One Cent PR65 ★ Red and Brown. Similar to the cent in the 1884 set above, but here the red is lighter and brighter. Still, each side has a considerable amount of moss-green patina intermixed with the red, making for a highly colorful and attractive coin.

Three Cent Nickel PR66. Again, each side is covered in a pointillist subtlety of rose, sea-green, and lilac toning that is only noticeable when closely examined. Here the color is sufficiently deep that it partially obscures the proof mirrors. Fully struck.

Liberty Nickel PR65. Rose, yellow, and lilac toning is scattered across each side with slightly deeper hues on the reverse. The obverse fields are deeply reflective, but the reverse is slightly subdued in its reflectivity because of the depth of color on that side. The strike is complete throughout. A few specks of carbon are seen in the center of the reverse.

Seated Dime PR66 ★. The obverse and reverse present the viewer with sharply contrasting, but equally attractive color schemes. The center of the obverse is nearly brilliant, then surrounded by deep rose and followed by a wide swath of cobalt-blue. The reverse, however, is uniformly blue. Bright mirrors are apparent on each side as is significant mint frost over the devices.

Seated Quarter PR66. The obverse is toned uniform medium blue and the proof mirrors shine brightly through. The reverse shows a significant area of brilliance in the center that is in turn surrounded by deep rose and cobalt-blue. An attractive, high-grade proof quarter with significant contrast evident even through the toning.

Seated Half PR66+ Cameo. Proofs from the 1880s have always been popular because of the low total mintage for all the years in that decade. Only 886 proofs were struck in 1886, plus an additional 5,000 strikes for circulation. This is a richly toned example that displays brilliant centers that are surrounded by deep rose that quickly turns to deep cobalt-blue at the margins. Deeply mirrored and nicely contrasted on each side.

Morgan Dollar PR65 Cameo. Most of each side is brilliant, but there is a significant ring of russet and deep blue around the margins — similar to many of the coins in these three proof sets (1880, 1884, and 1886). The mint frost is thick over the devices on each side, allowing the depth of proof mirroring to provide the observed cameo contrast. Fully struck. Exceptional quality. (Total: 7 coins)



1892 Six-Piece Proof Set, PCGS PR64-66 Outstanding Original Toning

5792 1892 Six-Piece Proof Set. This attractive, originally toned six-coin set is PCGS certified in individual holders and contains:

Indian cent PR64 Red and Brown. Areas of deep olive and pale blue toning mask the orange luster on the obverse with subdued orange mint color on the reverse. The overall appearance is weighted toward the Red half of the Red and Brown designation.

Liberty nickel PR65. Light gold and iridescent toning on the obverse complement light gray on the reverse. The fields are nonetheless deeply reflective, and the strike is bold.

Barber dime PR64. Dappled steel-blue and silver toning on the obverse and grayish-brown intermingled with blue on the reverse give this Choice proof a striking original appearance, backlit by glimmering fields.

Barber quarter PR66. Rich cobalt-blue toning on each side is visited by hints of lavender and champagne. The exceptional preservation of this boldly struck Premium Gem becomes even more enjoyable under magnification.

Barber half dollar PR65 Cameo. Fully mirrored fields and lustrous devices are well-contrasted beneath lovely iridescent toning. This is the only Cameo in the set, and its aesthetic merit is arguably the finest of the six coins.

Morgan dollar PR64+. Toned in rings of blue and violet with excellent eye appeal. Any faint, grade-limiting hairlines are unnoticed beneath the outstanding original patina.

GOLD DOLLARS



1850-D Gold Dollar, MS62
Very Scarce Type One in Mint State

5793 1850-D MS62 PCGS. CAC. Variety 2-C. The rarity of 1850-D gold dollars has changed little in the past 10 years. It is still one of the rarer Type One Dahlonga issues in high grades, with perhaps no more than six to eight Uncirculated pieces known according to the Doug Winter reference (although that number may be conservative given the number of Mint State grading events). Just 8,382 pieces were struck, from which an estimated 125 to 150 pieces survive in all grades.

This example displays pleasing greenish-gold surfaces that are partially prooflike on both sides. Light abrasions and grade-consistent delicate lines are visible under a loupe. Liberty's hair strands are perhaps sharper than most 1850-D gold dollars and the milling is characteristically weak on both sides. Luster gleams from the reflective surfaces. We note a tiny circular dig on the reverse near 1 in the denomination and light die clashing on both sides. CAC endorsed. Population: 3 in 62, 2 finer. CAC: 1 in 62, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BH, PCGS# 7511



1860-D Gold Dollar, Semiprooflike AU58
In a Green Label Holder

5794 1860-D AU58 PCGS. Variety 12-P. The 1860-D gold dollar's enticingly small mintage of 1,566 pieces produced a total survival estimated at only 100 to 125 coins in all grades, per Doug Winter. Mint State examples are extremely rare, and high-end AU coins are hardly any more plentiful. Winter writes (2013): "Uncirculated 1860-D gold dollars are extremely rare. I doubt if more than five or six are known..." The present *near-Mint* offering displays glimmering semiprooflike fields with a characteristically weak strike. Orange-gold coloration masks a few light marks that accompany the grade. A finer 1860-D gold dollar will prove almost impossible for most collectors to acquire, even if such an example can be located. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 12 in 58 (1 in 58+), 12 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25CS, PCGS# 7556



**1877 Gold Dollar, MS68 Prooflike
Tied for the Finest Known
A Major Condition Rarity**

5795 1877 MS68 Prooflike NGC. The 1877 gold dollar is usually available in Mint State, despite a small mintage of 3,920 pieces. However, Superb Gem examples are rarely offered, and MS68 coins are at the top of the ladder. PCGS has seen three pieces in MS68 and NGC 10. Two of the NGC examples are set above the rest by a Prooflike designation (11/16). Here offered is one of those top two coins. Fully struck motifs offer appreciable cameo contrast on each side, boasting thick, frosty luster against the mirrored surfaces of the fields. Both sides are rich orange-gold, but the reverse has a hint of lavender along the lower-right wreath branch. No surface abrasions are witnessed. This is the sort of type coin that most collectors only dream of having a chance to acquire. NGC ID# 25DF, PCGS# 77578

**1880 Gold Dollar, MS68+
Outstanding Eye Appeal
Perfect Type Representative**

5796 1880 MS68+ PCGS. CAC. Collector and dealer hoarding of gold dollars continued in 1880, resulting in a high survival rate among the 1,600 circulation strikes produced in Philadelphia. Those pieces did not circulate and were available only at a premium at the Mint. Dave Bowers estimates that 60% to 80% of the original mintage survives, nearly all in Mint State grades. The combination of a low mintage and high-grade survival makes the 1880 a popular choice with type collectors, especially in the Superb Gem grades of MS67 through MS69.

A spectacular display of toning appears on both sides of this brilliant and highly lustrous Superb Gem. Powder-blue and pale lilac accompany vivid rose hues over lovely yellow-gold surfaces. A bold strike and pristine surfaces complete the extraordinary eye appeal. Population: 28 in 68 (1 in 68+), 1 finer. CAC: 22 in 68, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25DJ, PCGS# 7581

PROOF GOLD DOLLARS



1864 Gold Dollar, PR66 Deep Cameo A Condition Census Rarity Fewer Than 22 Pieces Known

5797 1864 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. In their gold coin *Encyclopedia*, Garrett and Guth write of the 1864 proof: "The actual survival figure for the issue is probably under 20 coins." PCGS estimated a population of 17 to 22 pieces. In any respect, the proof 1864 gold dollar is extremely rare in any grade, with less than half of the 50-coin mintage known today. In fact, researchers have suggested that as many as 20 pieces may never have been distributed to collectors but were destroyed at the Mint. In the 1860s, the Mint would strike proofs in advance of sales, anticipating demand. In many cases, leftover proofs were destroyed or possibly paid out into circulation. Today, two examples are off of the market in the Smithsonian Institution, making the acquisition of a piece even more difficult.

Our Permanent Auction Archives show only nine previous appearances of an 1864 proof gold dollar. The finest coin therein was actually the present example in an earlier offering; graded PR66 Ultra Cameo NGC, this piece realized \$32,200 in our October 2011 Pittsburgh Signature sale. Now crossed to PCGS, it remains among the finest proof 1864 gold dollars known and is plated on the PCGS CoinFacts website. Both sides are intensely contrasted, the reverse almost impeccably black and gold. The frosty zones are a pale yellow lighter than canary. The best pedigree markers are a pair of curving lint marks on the obverse under the portrait. Still the finest example that we have handled.

Ex: Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 4625.

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 25E7, PCGS# 97614



1882 Gold Dollar, PR66 Cameo Tied for Finest Certified

5798 1882 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The Philadelphia Mint coined 5,000 circulation-strike gold dollars and 125 proofs in 1882. Surviving proofs are apt to be in lower numerical grades, often with little or no contrast. PCGS has certified 64 proofs of this issue, including 16 Cameo proofs and 13 Deep Cameo proofs. That total certainly includes an unknown number of resubmissions.

Although a glass reveals a few trivial contact marks, the pristine yellow-gold surfaces of this Premium Gem retain the orange-peel or watery fields of high quality proofs with excellent contrast. Both sides showcase thickly frosted devices. Population: 4 in 66 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25ES, PCGS# 87632



1885 Gold Dollar, PR67+ Deep Cameo Single Finest Example at PCGS

5799 1885 PR67+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. Gold dollars must have continued to be a popular collectors' item in the mid-1880s. The proof mintage again exceeded 1,000 pieces in 1885, and a relatively large number have survived the ravages of time. This is evident from the population reports. PCGS has graded nearly 200 1885 gold dollars in proof format, though just 18 have been designated Ultra Cameo, as the present Superb Gem. This bright yellow-gold proof has distinctive orange-peel texturing in the fields on each side. Die rust can be seen on the hair behind the ear on the obverse. The only surface disturbances are a few tiny lint marks. Population: 3 in 67 (1 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25EV, PCGS# 97635



EARLY QUARTER EAGLES



1796 No Stars Quarter Eagle, XF40 BD-2, Popular and Essential One-Year Type

5800 1796 No Stars on Obverse, BD-2, R.4, XF40 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b. The U.S. quarter dollar and quarter eagle share attributes beyond common terminology. The quarter dollar and quarter eagle denominations, silver and gold respectively, each made their debut from the fledgling U.S. Mint in 1796. The first quarter eagle issue, the 1796 No Stars, is a one-year type, as is the 1796 quarter dollar. Both the 1796 No Stars quarter eagles and the 1796 quarters are known in two distinct die varieties, although both issues are usually pursued as single-year type representatives rather than for variety purposes.

Despite some common characteristics, in other ways the denominations diverged at their outset. While the 1796 quarter dollar displayed the Small Eagle reverse, the 1796 No Stars quarter eagle featured the Heraldic Eagle reverse — the second major reverse design style among gold and silver coinage.

The denominations differed as well in their subsequent history. While the Mint coined no more silver quarters until 1804 — also a first-year type, as the denomination then bore the Heraldic Eagle reverse of 1804-1807 — it made gold quarter eagles (or dated them with the year, more accurately) in eight of the first 12 years (inclusive) of the denomination, from 1796 through 1807.

The 1796 No Stars quarter eagle is high on the want lists of many collectors as a gold first-year type coin. (Technically, the 1796 With Stars quarter eagle is also a first-year and one-year type — the only quarter eagle issue having 16 obverse stars — but it is seldom collected as such.) Heritage has been fortunate in the past to handle Gem specimens of both the With Stars and No Stars varieties of 1796, but the No Stars in particular is a popular and pursued issue at virtually every grade level.

Only 897 pieces were struck of the No Stars variant with an estimated 100-125 pieces believed extant in all grades. This is a late die state with the die crack plainly visible from the obverse rim at 9 o'clock into the left field. The reverse shows a lump break at the upper tip of the right (facing) wing. A few light pinscratches can be found with a magnifier in the obverse fields, otherwise the surfaces are distraction-free. Even wear is seen over the high points. NGC ID# 25F2, PCGS# 45501 Base PCGS# 7645



1802 BD-1 Quarter Eagle, AU53 Spiked Shield Reverse

5801 1802 BD-1, R.4, AU53 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther b/c. The reverse has a die line from the first A to the second feather tip, and a crack from the border through the final A to the inside curve of the C. All three 1802 quarter eagle varieties share a common die that, according to numismatic tradition, are 1802 over 1 overdates. However, most students of the series agree that these are not overdates. This greenish-gold quarter eagle, housed in a green-label holder has a bold strike and nearly full luster with minor clash marks and a vertical strike-through at the center of the reverse. Population: 12 in 53, 41 finer (11/16). PCGS# 45506 Base PCGS# 7650

1807 Quarter Eagle, AU55 BD-1, Popular Type Issue

5802 1807 BD-1, R.3, AU55 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b, with a perfect obverse and lapped reverse. This is the usual die state for the 1807 quarter eagles. Slightly more than one-third of the 19,487 early quarter eagles struck from 1796 to 1807 were dated 1807, and today those coins are extremely popular with type collectors as well as variety specialists. This is the final quarter eagle of the design, but not the final use of the reverse die that continued to produce about 150,000 1807 dimes. Faint hairlines and a trace of rub appears on each side of this lovely example that displays light greenish-gold surfaces and ample mint luster. Population: 22 in 55, 52 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BFVY, PCGS# 45514 Base PCGS# 7656

CLASSIC QUARTER EAGLES



1838-C Quarter Eagle, AU58
The Only Known Die Marriage
Late Die State

5803 1838-C AU58 PCGS. Winter-1, Variety 20, R.3. The first quarter eagle produced at the Charlotte Mint, this date (7,880 pieces produced) is known from a single die pair. This piece represents a late die state with a reverse die crack from the border over the left wing, and another from the eagle's beak to the left shield point. This honey-gold representative is minimally worn with bold, if not sharp definition in all areas. A series of moderate distractions are seen in the upper and right reverse fields, and there is a short scratch in the left obverse field. Population: 12 in 58, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25FZ, PCGS# 7697



1839-O Quarter Eagle, MS63
Popular Obverse Mintmark Type

5804 1839-O MS63 NGC. CAC. Breen-6152, Variety 27, R.3. Neither fish nor fowl, the Classic Head coinage of the late 1830s occupies a middle ground between the perceived-rare Capped Head gold designs that precede it and the perceived-common Liberty Head pieces that follow. These short-lived designs provide fertile ground for new collecting challenges in underrated series.

The Low Date, Close Fraction 1839-O quarter eagles are somewhat scarcer than their High Date, Wide Fraction counterparts (which are nonetheless scarce). This example, as some others of the Low Date, Close Fraction variety, is struck in medal turn rather than coin turn. Deep reddish-gold surfaces are well-struck overall but missing the high-point details on the upper hair curls of Liberty. The surfaces are lightly abraded, consistent with the Select grade. MS64 is as good as it gets for this Obverse Mintmark issue. Census: 11 in 63, 7 finer. CAC: 2 in 63, 3 finer (10/16).

Ex: November Auction (Heritage, 11/2011), lot 4169.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25G7, PCGS# 7701

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES



1842-C Two and a Half, MS62 Condition Census

5805 1842-C MS62 PCGS. *Variety 1.* The 1842-C quarter eagle comes from a small mintage of 6,729 pieces and has long been considered scarce in all grades. Charlotte gold expert Doug Winter suggests that only 100 to 125 pieces are extant in all grades, with "no more than three or four" in Uncirculated condition. Indeed, only a handful of Mint State coins have been certified, and only two are reported finer than the present piece. This frosty yellow-gold MS62 coin displays lightly marked surfaces with hints of reflectivity in the central fields. The strike is soft on the hair curls around Liberty's face, the stars, and the left (facing) leg of the eagle, as is consistent with the reputation of the 1842-C: "The quality of strike seen on this date is often very poor," Doug Winter (2008). Nonetheless, the present coin is sharper on LIBERTY and the eagle's neck than the Winter reference states is normal. Population: 1 in 62, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25GH, PCGS# 7724



1843-O Two and a Half, MS64 High-End Large Date Example

5806 1843-O Large Date, Plain 4 MS64 NGC. *Variety 1.* The Large Date 1843-O quarter eagle is by far the scarcer of the two date size varieties for this issue, and this is particularly notable in Mint State. Doug Winter (2006) estimates that only 75 to 85 Large Date coins exist in all grades. If accurate, the certified population figures are highly inflated. Either way, Mint State examples are genuinely rare. The present coin is the sole finest Large Date example at NGC, although another MS64 coin is reported by that service but not designated as to Large or Small Date. By contrast, NGC reports three Small date coins in Choice condition and two finer representatives (10/16). The coin here offered displays hints of mint-green throughout original, frosty yellow-gold surfaces. Scattered field marks limit the grade but pose little distraction. The eagle's left (facing) leg shows the only mentionable strike weakness. The mintmark is repunched on this die marriage.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25GS, PCGS# 7732



**1846-O Quarter Eagle, MS63
Condition Census**

5807 1846-O MS63 NGC. *Variety 3*, scarce, showing the mintmark well-centered between the claw and the fraction bar. The 1846-O quarter eagle is scarce in all grades, with Doug Winter estimating a surviving population of only 150 to 175 pieces. Uncirculated coins are rare and primarily clustered in MS61 and MS62. Finer examples are major rarities. We have previously handled only a single MS63 coin: a PCGS example in the FUN Signature sale (Heritage, 1/2004), lot 2157, which realized \$17,250. More recently, an MS64 NGC coin garnered \$23,000 in the Pittsburgh Signature sale (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 4661. A high-end example of this elusive New Orleans issue has not been offered since in our auctions.

This Select NGC coin displays satiny yellow-gold luster with light chatter that defines the grade. As usual for the issue, this piece has moderate strike weakness on the hair curls around Liberty's face, as well as the on the central shield and the eagle's legs. Nonetheless, the rarity and importance of this piece is rivaled by precious few coins. Census: 3 in 63, 2 finer (11/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25H4, PCGS# 7743



**1848-C Two and a Half, MS62
Among the Finest Seen, Rare**

5808 1848-C MS62 NGC. *Variety 1*, showing the 8 in the date closer to the dentils than the bust. The 1848-C quarter eagle is a better date from the Charlotte Mint. Although Doug Winter estimates that 200 to 250 pieces are extant overall, the branch mint gold expert writes of the 1848-C: "However, it is very rare and underrated in higher grades." The present MS62 coin is among the finest seen by either grading service, and it is a major rarity at this level, even if no resubmissions are reflected in the certification totals. The strike on this piece is far above average, showing mostly sharp definition of all of the design elements, the sole exception being the left (facing) leg of the eagle that shows slight incompleteness along with diagonal adjustment marks (mint made). Rich orange-gold color paints the lightly marked surfaces, and the fields retain slight reflectivity. Census: 6 in 62, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25HB, PCGS# 7750



1849-D Quarter Eagle, MS62
The Usual 11-N Variety
Tied for Finest Certified

5809 1849-D MS62 NGC. Variety 11-N. The base of the 1 is minutely repunched at the date is centered between the bust and border on this obverse, while the date is low with the 1 joined to the border on the less plentiful 12-N die pair. This example is one of four similar pieces that NGC has graded MS62, while PCGS has seen two at the same grade level. Neither service has graded any at higher levels (10/16). A thin planchet flaw between stars 1 and 2 will serve to identify this piece. This is the fourth distinct example graded MS62 that has appeared in our auctions over the last 23 years. The strike is bold with full hair and star details on the obverse, and full feather and claw details on the reverse. Both sides have frosty yellow-gold luster with delicate orange overtones.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25HF, PCGS# 7754



1855-C Quarter Eagle, MS64
Key Date, Only 3,677 Coins struck
Second Finest Example Known

5810 1855-C MS64 NGC. Variety 1. A paltry mintage of 3,677 quarter eagles was accomplished by the Charlotte Mint in 1855. That total is the smallest from the North Carolina facility for any individual date in the series, bested only by the 1843-C Small Date coins. Probably around 100 1855-C two and a half dollar gold pieces are extant.

Doug Winter wrote in a 2009 article: "There are two really great pieces accounted for: the Bass coin and an example in a private collection graded MS64 by NGC and owned by dealer Harry Laibstain back around 2000-2001." This Choice representative is the second finest known example of the date behind the Harry Bass coin, graded MS65 by NGC. That coin realized \$97,750 in our 2012 FUN Signature sale, lot 4762. This near-Gem ranks not only among the finest examples of this key date, but among all Charlotte quarter eagles. It has not been publicly offered since our Permanent Auction Archives were established in 1993. We suspect it will be the subject of tremendous interest from branch mint gold specialists.

Bright rose-gold surfaces appear on each side of this outstanding quarter eagle. The upper stars and the eagle's legs and talons are incompletely struck, as always. However, Liberty's curls show strong detail, as do the olive leaves. Luminous luster flows over semireflective, minimally abraded fields. Practically impossible to upgrade. Census: 1 in 64, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25J5, PCGS# 7775



1856-C Quarter Eagle, MS62 Tied for Finest at PCGS

5811 1856-C MS62 PCGS. **Variety 1.** The only known dies. The rough low areas on both sides are characteristic of 1856-C quarter eagles and not limited to this coin. For that reason, they have no affect on the assigned grade. This is only the second time that we have offered a MS62 PCGS example of this issue since 1993, and the two coins are the finest PCGS pieces that have appeared in our sales. The present example displays brilliant and lustrous light yellow surfaces with better than usual eye appeal. The strike is lacking definition as always, although this example has better detail than most others we have encountered. An important opportunity for the Charlotte gold enthusiast. Population: 3 in 62, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25J8, PCGS# 7778



1856-O Two and a Half Conditionally Rare MS62 Tied With One Other at PCGS

5812 1856-O MS62 PCGS. **CAC. Variety 2.** The New Orleans Mint, in its antebellum heyday, struck only 21,100 examples of the 1856-O quarter eagle, a denomination that was unloved and neglected in favor of the half eagle and (after 1849) the double eagle throughout much of its history. San Francisco, in only its third year of operation, also struck 1856-S quarter eagles for the first time since opening, and managed to best New Orleans by a margin of more than 3 to 1. Whether these comparative mintages were an early sign of the increasing decrepitude that would overtake the Southern mint by the early 20th century, or merely an indication of the continuation of the hard-money tradition of the Old West that began a few years earlier with the Gold Rush of 1849, is not readily known today. Nonetheless, 1856-O quarter eagles are quite elusive in Mint State; the average certified survivor is about AU. PCGS has certified precisely two pieces in MS62 including this piece, and the other example we handled 15 years ago in our Exclusively Internet Auction #21043, lot 3407, where it realized \$10,000.

From the photo, we believe the present coin represents the second MS62 PCGS example. The surfaces have an original, pleasing orange-gold color with an extremely sharp strike. The date has the Slanted 5 style typical of late-1850s coinage. There are no mentionable marks on either side of this conservatively graded piece. **From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III.** NGC ID# 25JA, PCGS# 7780



1857 Liberty Quarter Eagle, MS68 Single-Finest Known Example

5813 1857 MS68 PCGS. The large-sized copper cents and half cents were discontinued after 1857, and nostalgia for the old coppers sparked the first widespread interest in coin collecting in the United States. The number of coin collectors soon increased exponentially and an organized numismatic community was rapidly established, with full-time coin dealers holding regular auctions and coin collecting clubs springing up in the major cities. The American Numismatic Society was formed the following year and the U.S. Mint began its program of commercial proof set offerings. Although the larger denomination gold issues were too expensive for the average collector, the quarter eagle was within the reach of many numismatists, and the coins were avidly collected in the 19th century. Because the specifications for gold coinage were properly adjusted in 1834, before Liberty quarter eagles were first produced (1840), the coins were not subject to the catastrophic exportation and melting experienced by the old-tenor U.S. gold issues. Most dates were available to 19th century collectors, commanding only small premiums when they appeared at auction. An Uncirculated example of the 1857 was offered in lot 924 of the Heman Ely Collection (W. Elliot Woodward, 1/1884), where it realized \$3, a typical price for the time.

The availability of the 1857 is much different today. Although an adequate mintage of 214,130 quarter eagles was accomplished in 1857, the issue is scarce in all Mint State grades today, and examples are very rare above the MS65 grade level. PCGS has graded just a single specimen in MS66, another in MS67, and this single specimen in MS68, while NGC has graded no coins finer than MS66 (10/16). The coin offered here set the auction prices realized record for the issue when it sold in 2012 for \$54,625.

The present coin is the finest-certified example of this important issue, from the watershed year in American numismatic history. Nearly vertical die polishing striations are visible in selected areas, creating intense satiny mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply rendered in most areas but, as on the great majority of high-grade examples we have seen, a touch of softness shows on the eagle's left (facing) leg. The vivid yellow and orange-gold surfaces are impeccably preserved and a single alloy spot above the eagle's head is the only pedigree marker. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 1 in 68, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Convention Auction (Stack's Bowers, 8/2012), lot 11661, realized \$54,625.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25JC, PCGS# 7782



1857-D Quarter Eagle, MS61 Rare in Mint State, Low Mintage

5814 1857-D MS61 NGC. Variety 21-N. Boasting a small mintage of only 2,364 pieces, the sought-after 1857-D quarter eagle is scarce in all grades. Doug Winter's respected estimate is only 125 to 150 survivors overall, with likely no more than a dozen true Mint State pieces known. The present MS61 coin is near the Condition Census, and its semireflective straw-gold surfaces offer pleasing original luster. Light, scattered surface marks determine the grade, but none are individually noticeable. The strike exceeds norms for Dahlonega quarter eagles from this mint, showing bold definition of the hair curls, stars, and eagle's legs and talons. A couple of subtle alloy discolorations appear on the reverse right of the eagle's head and around the ME in AMERICA, respectively. Census: 10 in 61, 5 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25JD, PCGS# 7783

1860-C Two and a Half, MS61 Ex: Pittman, Mint State Rarity

5815 1860-C MS61 NGC. Variety 1. Ex: Pittman. The 1860-C quarter eagle is a rarity in Mint State. The grading services report 15 examples in various Uncirculated grades, but resubmissions are likely reflected in the figure. Doug Winter, in his 2008 reference, *Gold Coins of the Charlotte Mint*, listed seven known Mint State coins (duplication in that list accounted for). The present piece is new to his roster. The coin is well-struck, although portions of the reverse fields show mint-made planchet voids and the eagle's left (facing) leg is slightly soft. Original orange-gold coloration paints satiny surfaces that show modest underlying abrasions. Eye appeal is pleasing for the issue, which is famous for displaying the opposite. Census: 5 in 61, 4 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25JT, PCGS# 7792



**1865 Quarter Eagle, Attractive AU58
Rare in All Grades
Green Label Holder**

5816 1865 AU58 PCGS. Gold coinage at the Philadelphia Mint was negligible during the Civil War, when circulating coinage was widely hoarded. Fractional paper currency dominated commerce. In 1865, the Mother Mint produced only 1,520 quarter eagles, of which most were eventually destroyed by hoarders or lost to attrition. No more than 35 to 40 examples are known today, almost entirely in circulated grades. Here offered is a near-Mint survivor with impressively sharp detail and truly original prooflike fields that exhibit lovely peach-orange and mint-green hues with wisps of lavender throughout. Light chatter in the fields appears to be all that prevents a Mint State designation. Absolutely among the finest 1865 quarter eagles known. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 4 in 58, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25K5, PCGS# 7801

**1905 Quarter Eagle, MS68
Among the Finest Known**

5817 1905 MS68 NGC. The 1905 is a common date in the Liberty Head quarter eagle series as is evident from the thousands of pieces graded by NGC and PCGS. More specifically, this issue is readily available through the Gem level. MS66 and MS67 coins are more challenging but can still be acquired with a bit of patience. MS68 specimens such as the current offering, however, are a genuine rarity.

Glowing luster radiates from the immaculately preserved surfaces, and a decisive strike delivers virtually complete delineation to the design features. Variegated mint-green and apricot-gold color adorns both sides. These attributes add up to outstanding eye appeal. Copper stains, common place for the year (Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth, 2006), are completely absent. Census: 7 in 68, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 1339.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 7857

PROOF LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES



**1864 Quarter Eagle, PR66 Deep Cameo
Rare, Underrated Gold Proof
None Numerically Finer at PCGS**

5818 1864 PR66 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: Friend. From a reported mintage of 50 pieces, all delivered with the gold proof sets on February 11, the 1864 proof quarter eagle is a rare, somewhat underrated issue in the series. Although specialists recognize the elusive nature of the 1864 proofs, they have always been overshadowed in the popular press by their proof-only 1863 counterparts. Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth believe the 1864 issue is at least as rare as the more celebrated 1863 emission today, with a surviving population of just 12-18 coins in all grades, including some in impaired condition. One coin is included in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution and another graces the collection of the American Numismatic Society.

Only 2,824 business-strike quarter eagles were struck at the Philadelphia Mint in 1864, and none were produced at the branch mints. Very few were saved by contemporary collectors and the survival rate is quite low. Rare as the proofs are, they almost certainly outnumber the business-strikes that survive in high grade. Historically, the limited availability of regular-issue coins has put severe pressure on the small supply of proofs from date collectors.

Although gold proofs normally commanded small premiums when offered at auction in the 19th century, the 1864 gold proof set began appearing in public offerings almost immediately, with much better than average success. One set was featured in lot 2826 of the Sixth Semi-Annual Sale (W. Elliot Woodward, 3/1865): "1864 *Brilliant proof set*, six pieces, as rare as the last." The cataloger was referring to the 1863 gold proof set sold in the previous lot, which was already a famous rarity because of the proof-only 1863 quarter eagle. The 1864 proof set sold for \$62.50, only 50 cents less than the 1863, to prominent collector John F. McCoy. The current price realized record for a proof 1864 Liberty quarter eagle belongs to the NGC PR65 Cameo specimen in lot 5033 of the FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), which brought \$80,500.

This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits the diagnostic high date, placed left and slanting down from left to right, with a chipped serif on the 1. The left base of the 1 is over the left edge of a dentil and the right base of the 4 is over the right edge of a dentil. The reverse was apparently struck from a new working die, with lighter letters than the previous issues. The design elements display razor-sharp definition throughout. The devices are richly frosted, creating intense cameo contrast with the deeply reflective fields. The vivid orange-gold surfaces are impeccably preserved and eye appeal is tremendous. Population: 6 in 66 (2 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 4 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 287J, PCGS# 97890



1886 Liberty Quarter Eagle, PR65 Elusive Deep Cameo Specimen

5819 1886 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. Only 88 proof Liberty quarter eagles were struck in 1886, with 25 examples issued with the gold proof sets in February and others coined throughout the year. Walter Breen notes possibly as many as 60 gold proof sets were issued, as the Mint Cabinet specimen was not received from the coiner until September 2, but it seems unlikely so many sets were actually distributed. In fact, it is much more likely that a significant portion of the mintage went unsold, to be melted after the end of the year. Prominent coin dealer H.P. Smith reported seeing many proof gold coins being mishandled by a clerk during a visit to the Mint in June of 1886, reducing the supply of non-impaired coins available to collectors.

The present coin is a spectacular Gem, with vivid orange-gold surfaces that show the slight "orange-peel" texture of the best 19th century proofs. The sharply detailed, frosty design elements contrast profoundly with the deeply mirrored fields and no mentionable defects are evident. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 5 in 65 Deep Cameo, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2889, PCGS# 97912

1899 Liberty Quarter Eagle, PR67 Spectacular Deep Cameo Specimen

5820 1899 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. Only 150 proof Liberty quarter eagles were struck in 1899, a relatively generous production total by 19th century standards, but considerably smaller than the 20th century proof mintages that followed. Perhaps because of its turn-of-the-century date, the 1899 quarter eagle was heavily saved by contemporary collectors, and perhaps 100 examples survive today, some in extraordinary states of preservation, like the coin offered here. That being said, the population data for this issue is grossly inflated by crossovers and resubmissions, making the issue seem more available than it is.

This magnificent Superb Gem exhibits needle-sharp design elements, with a rich coat of mint frost that creates a stunning cameo effect against the deeply mirrored fields. The flawless lemon-yellow surfaces show the slight orange-peel texture that characterizes high-quality gold proofs of this era, with extraordinary visual appeal. This coin will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of proof gold. Population: 8 in 67 (2 in 67+) Deep Cameo, 3 finer (11/16).

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# 288N, PCGS# 97925

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLE



1901 Two and a Half, PR67 Deep Cameo Conditional Rarity in a Sought-After Grade

5821 1901 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS. In the context of proof quarter eagles, the 1901 is among the most plentiful, but the issue is not nearly as common as the certified population reports suggest. NGC and PCGS combined list 260 submissions — dozens more than were reportedly struck. As many as 100 of the listed 1901 proofs may be duplicate grading submissions. Auction appearances of high-grade coins such as the present piece are scarce. A recent offering of another PR67 Ultra Cameo NGC coin realized \$28,200 (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 5266. A PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS coin garnered \$35,250 in our August 2013 Rosemont Signature sale. The present Superb Gem showcases glimmering black fields around frosty yellow-gold design elements with a few stray polishing lines (mint-made) in the mirrors. The strike is full, and the eye appeal is exceptional. A finer example of this coveted issue will be far out of reach for most enthusiasts, if one is offered in the near future. Population: 7 in 67 Deep Cameo, 4 finer (11/16).

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# 288R, PCGS# 97927



1911-D Quarter Eagle, MS64 CAC In-Demand and Scarce in High Grade

5822 1911-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. Strong D. The 1911-D two and a half is the biggest challenge of the series to acquire in high grade, surviving in numbers far lower than the inflated certified population reports would suggest. We rarely offer a Gem-quality example, and Choice coins are only infrequently presented. This CAC example represents an elusive high-end example among certified near-Gems. The strike is sharp, and the mintmark is clear. Both sides display the typical satin luster but with a soft orange-gold hue. Only a few light marks determine the grade. PCGS has seen only 26 numerically finer submissions. CAC: 77 in 64, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

PROOF INDIAN QUARTER EAGLE



1910 Indian Quarter Eagle, PR67 Bright 'Roman Gold' Finish Only One Numerically Finer at NGC

5823 1910 PR67 NGC. The coarse-grained matte proof finish used on proofs in 1907 and 1908 proved extremely unpopular with collectors, so the Mint tried to improve the visual appeal of the coins by switching to the "Roman Gold" finish in 1909 and 1910. The "Roman Gold" finish was actually the same as the matte finish, except the coins were not sandblasted after striking. Unfortunately, even though the resulting proofs were brighter and more vibrant than the matte proofs, the public seemed to dislike them even more, perhaps because they were almost indistinguishable from high quality business-strike coins. The "Roman Gold" finish was abandoned after 1910.

According to Mint records, a really huge mintage of 682 proof quarter eagles was struck in 1910, but the issue is much more elusive than that large production total would indicate. Several researchers have suggested the mintage figure represents some sort of bookkeeping error, but Roger W. Burdette believes the coins were actually struck and delivered to collectors. The unprecedented demand came about because business-strike coins were not struck until late in the year, and collectors seeking to update their collections assumed proof quarter eagles were their only option. This stronger collector demand fueled speculation among contemporary coin dealers by the end of the year, resulting in even more orders for the proofs. The paucity of examples in today's market is explained by the close resemblance of the proofs to business strikes. Once the speculation died down, the extra proofs in speculator's hands were probably just spent for face value, since they commanded such small premiums when they were offered publicly (a 1910 gold proof set in lot 2277 of Henry Chapman's George Earle Sale in June of 1912 sold for face value of \$37.50). By this reasoning, a large number of lightly circulated proofs are masquerading as business strikes today. Of course, the coins recognized as proofs command spectacular prices, such as the \$87,750 brought by the PR67+ NGC specimen in Bonham's Tacasy Collection in 2013.

The present coin is a "no doubt" proof example, with razor-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant "Roman Gold" luster on both sides. The virtually pristine yellow and orange-gold surfaces show no mentionable flaws and overall visual appeal is all any collector could ask for. This magnificent Superb Gem should find a home in the finest collection or Registry Set. Census: 14 in 67 (1 in 67+, 3 in 67★), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7KRP, PCGS# 7959

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES



**1854-D Three Dollar Gold, AU58
Rare Southern Gold Issue**

5824 1854-D AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A. With a reported mintage of just 1,120 pieces, the 1854-D is the only three dollar gold piece from the famous Dahlonega Mint. As with most D-mint issues, quality control was not a high priority with the 1854-D, and the majority of specimens in today's market are weakly struck, with insipid mint luster, on indifferently produced planchets. Accordingly, the issue is quite rare in high grade and collectors prize lightly worn near-Mint specimens, like the present coin, for their absolute rarity and status as a first-year branch mint type coin.

The coin offered here exhibits just a trace of wear on the design elements, which show much more intricate detail than the average 1854-D. The detail in the wreath is especially sharp for the issue, with bold definition on the leaf veins. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and unusually lightly abraded. Altogether, a most attractive example of this rare Southern gold issue. Census: 24 in 58, 9 finer (10/16).

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25M4, PCGS# 7970



**1854-O Three Dollar, AU58
Only New Orleans Issue**

5825 1854-O AU58 PCGS. CAC. Both sides exhibit minor die cracks. Once the New Orleans Mint completed production of 24,000 three dollar gold pieces in 1854, they discontinued coinage of the denomination. Today, type collectors who seek New Orleans coins are limited to this issue, and they must compete with specialists to obtain an attractive example. PCGS has only certified 26 examples at this grade level, and only two finer pieces. Like most survivors, this satiny yellow-gold example is unevenly struck. The upper obverse and lower reverse are weakly impressed. Minor low areas are noted at the lower right obverse, resulting from foreign matter (probably grease) on the die. Population: 26 in 58 (1 in 58+), 2 finer. CAC: 8 in 58, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25M5, PCGS# 7971



1856-S Three Dollar Gold, MS62+ Conditionally Rare Branch Mint Issue

1860-S Three Dollar, Lovely AU58 Far Finer Than Usually Seen

5826 1856-S MS62+ PCGS. Medium S Mintmark. The mintage of 34,500 pieces was the largest production of three-dollar gold pieces by the San Francisco Mint among the four dates produced by that facility, but in Mint State the 1856-S is rare. The 2005 Bowers reference suggests 10 to 15 Uncirculated pieces exist, although the Garrett and Guth figure of approximately two dozen Mint State survivors is more in line with the current population data.

This greenish-gold example displays vibrant mint luster and with faint orange accents in protected areas. Liberty's headdress and lower hair definition are razor-sharp. As often seen, a free-floating die break beneath LL of DOLLARS combines with a Medium S mintmark to confirm the die pair (one of two die marriages for the Medium S). Plus-graded by PCGS for its vibrant appeal, a few light field lines and minor abrasions define the numeric grade. Population: 4 in 62 (1 in 62+), 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25M9, PCGS# 7975

5827 1860-S AU58 PCGS. The low-mintage 1860-S three dollar gold issue, struck to the extent of only 7,000 coins, is the rarest of the four early S-mint emissions in the series (also including the 1855-S, 1856-S, and 1857-S). Most examples of the 1860-S survive only in well-circulated condition, usually VF to XF. The present near-Mint State example is, needless to say, far finer, and the nicest piece we have offered recently. Deep luster complements beautiful reddish-orange color with glints of lilac and lighter yellow-gold around the letter edges on the obverse. Population: 12 in 58, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7K5M, PCGS# 7981



1877 Three Dollar Gold, MS61 Series Key, Only 1,468 Pieces Struck

5828 1877 MS61 PCGS. The 1877 three dollar gold is a key issue in the series, even rarer than its meager mintage of 1,468 pieces for circulation purposes would indicate. The financial downturn that began in the United States in 1873 was, by 1877, exacerbated by a great strike nationwide among railroad workers and an ensuing collapse of the lumber market. Unemployment had been widespread for years, and the economic gloom deepened. Many of the people who might otherwise have been able to afford to squirrel away a nice current-year three dollar gold piece appear not to have done so. David Bowers, in his reference to the series, estimates that no more than 60 to 100 circulated coins are known.

This 1877 three dollar gold is one of seven submissions in this grade at PCGS, which shows only five finer (11/16). The average certified survivor is AU55. This MS61-certified representative shows top-notch eye appeal via its generous luster on surfaces ranging from orange-gold to yellow-gold. A nicer example would be difficult to find. NGC ID# 25MY, PCGS# 7999

1880 Gold Three Dollar, MS65 Low-Mintage Type Coin

5829 1880 MS65 PCGS. Although well-saved by contemporary collectors and usually available today overall, most of the low-mintage late-series three dollar gold issues are conditionally rare at the Gem grade level. Among these condition rarities is the 1880, which boasts an enticingly low mintage of only 1,000 pieces. Survivors are rare in MS65, as the issue is prone to having scuffs on Liberty's cheek and in the fields, even if otherwise well-preserved. Pieces grading finer than MS65 are extremely rare. The present Gem displays frosty yellow-gold luster and cleaner surfaces than usual. The bowknot is weak, as almost always, but the obverse is sharp. Some reflectivity remains in the fields, although prevailing frosty texture suggests that this piece was struck near the end of the production run, when the dies had lost much of their polished surface. Population: 18 in 65, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25N3, PCGS# 8002



1883 Three Dollar, MS64 Prooflike Only 900 Minted

5830 1883 MS64 Prooflike NGC. The extremely low mintage of 900 circulation strike 1883 threes means that a number of pieces, like this example, have prooflike surfaces. Just over 10% of NGC certified pieces are designated Prooflike, but none are finer than this piece. This example has every outward appearance of a proof, except the mirrored fields are not as deep as found on true proofs. Both sides exhibit lovely orange-gold surfaces with satin luster on the devices. A bold strike shows weakness only at the ribbon knot on the reverse. Census: 5 in 64 Prooflike, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25N6, PCGS# 78005

1886 Three Dollar Gold, MS63 Challenging, Low-Mintage Issue in High Grade

5831 1886 MS63 PCGS. The 1886 three dollar gold piece claims a minuscule business-strike mintage of just 1,000 pieces and the issue is especially elusive in high grade. Regular-issue coins were struck from dies also used to produce proofs this year, making high-grade prooflike specimens virtually indistinguishable from their proof counterparts. Historically, the 1886 appears at auction about 5-6 times per year, but higher prices have resulted in more frequent offerings in recent years.

The present coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lightly marked yellow and orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. The 1886 is rare in MS63 condition and very rare in finer grades. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 9 in 63, 7 finer (10/16).

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25N9, PCGS# 8008

PROOF THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES



1856 Three Dollar Gold, PR62 Cameo A Pre-1858 Proof Rarity

5832 1856 PR62 Cameo PCGS. CAC. Garrett and Guth offer these notes on the date, which has an unknown but doubtless small mintage as a proof:

"Fewer than a dozen 1856 \$3 gold pieces are known in Proof condition, with the true number being closer to eight. Some, if not all, show traces of a small DOLLARS beneath a larger version. Apparently, this die was left over from 1854 and modified to conform to the newer large DOLLARS variety."

This example shows the curious overpunched feature, as well as ample butter-yellow mirrors and devices with contrasting frost. Though a number of hairlines affect each side and a shallow curving pinscratch extends behind Liberty's head, the overall eye appeal is solid, and grade matters little at this level of rarity. Population: 1 in 62 Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 62, 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: Sacramento Signature (Heritage, 3/2011), lot 4729.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. PCGS# 88019



1864 Three Dollar Gold, PR64+ Cameo Rare Gold Proof Issue Tied for Finest at PCGS

5833 1864 PR64+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. Ex: Friend. The 1864 three dollar gold piece is an elusive issue as a date. According to Mint records, only 2,630 regular-issue examples were struck at the Philadelphia Mint, accompanied by 50 proofs. No coins were produced at the branch mints and few high-quality business strikes were saved for numismatic purposes. Although the proof mintage was more than adequate to satisfy collector demand, which was quite small at the time, the rarity of high-grade business-strikes put intense pressure on the small supply of proofs as the hobby expanded in later years.

There were many reasons for the decreased demand for proofs in 1864. The economic and political uncertainties of the Civil War caused widespread hoarding of all precious metal coinage, which was seldom seen in circulation during the war years. As a result, the U.S. government suspended specie payments late in 1861, and did not resume them until 1879. This policy prevented the Mint from accepting the government's own paper money at par in exchange for gold. Two options were open to collectors who wished to acquire gold proof sets during this era, neither of them very attractive. They could choose to pay in greenbacks at an exorbitant premium, or they could pay in gold, which usually meant dealing with a bullion broker to acquire the necessary gold coins, also at a substantial premium. The proofing charge (first instituted in 1860), and postage, etc., continued to apply, as well. The complicated and expensive ordering process discouraged all but the most committed collectors at a time when most people had more serious demands on their personal finances. It is doubtful that all 50 gold proof sets produced in 1864 were actually distributed, as the normal mintage in surrounding years was on the order of 25-35 sets, and there is no reason to believe more than that number were sold in 1864. The unsold remainder was probably melted after the end of the year. PCGS CoinFacts estimates the surviving population at 25-35 examples in all grades, as the survival rate seems to have been higher for the three dollar coins than for the other denominations of the year. Frequency of auction appearances indicates the issue may be scarcer than population data suggests, however, and Q. David Bowers estimates only 11-14 proofs are extant.

The present coin shows the diagnostic date placement, slightly left of the position on business strikes, and an unintended area of die polish on the neck, near Liberty's hair. The vivid orange-gold surfaces show just a touch of the orange-peel texture evident on the best proofs of this era. The design elements are sharply detailed, with diagnostic doubling on the ribbon bow. The frosty devices contrast boldly with the deeply mirrored fields and the well-preserved surfaces show only a few minor signs of contact. Population: 2 in 64+ Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 28A4, PCGS# 88027





1876 Three Dollar, PR65 Deep Cameo A Major 'Proof-Only' Rarity in the Series

5834 1876 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. The 1876 is somewhat overshadowed by the 1875, which is also a proof-only date. Number games abound when speculating about mintages and numbers extant of each issue. An extended quote from the Fuljenz-Winter book on this series illustrates this point:

"As to how many were actually struck and how rare they are today, guesses are aplenty and facts are scarce. The authors estimate that perhaps 40 to 60 are known, this based upon the historical record and considered opinion. If you like number games, contemplate that just 20 certifications (26 today) have been done for the 1875 \$3 as compared to 69 (74 today) for the 1876, and you can conclude that whatever the rarity of the 1875 may be (also a guessing game), the 1876 is nearly four times more plentiful. However, in the real world that is not the case."

That last sentence is the key to understanding the 1876 three dollar as well as a great many other 19th century gold rarities. The reason that the numbers game does not play out in the real world has to do with the absolute as well as relative dollars represented by gold rarities today. The relative value of this coin to a well-heeled collector from a hundred years ago represents less of a total investment in his collection than this same coin represents today. Thus, rare gold coins, especially "trophy coins" such as the 1876 three dollar, tend to turn over at a faster rate today than they did a hundred years ago or even 50 or 60 years ago.

The Garrett-Guth *Encyclopedia* states that the 1876 three dollar was struck at two different times, once in February and totaling 20 coins, and then again in June with another 25 coins produced. Additionally, an unknown number of pieces were also struck at a later date from a different obverse die. It seems one can never really get away from number games and speculation with this issue. Nevertheless, the 1876 is indisputably an absolute rarity, and it is a date that any collector of the three dollar series will need. This particular coin has rich orange-gold surfaces and illimitable depth of reflectivity in the fields. By way of contrast, the devices are heavily frosted and present a stark cameo appearance on each side. The surfaces are essentially flawless. To expand on this last point, there are a number of light crisscrossing die striations in the center of the reverse, but these are definitely of mint origin and in no way affect the grade or desirability of this important offering. Population: 4 in 65 Deep Cameo, 2 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2006), lot 2149.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 38LX, PCGS# 98040



1882 Three Dollar, PR63 Cameo Just 40 to 50 Proofs Survive

5835 1882 PR63 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The mintage was only 1,500 circulation strikes and 76 proofs in 1882, yet the date is moderately available for the decade, which holds many low-mintage issues. Most of the circulation strikes were deeply prooflike, causing much confusion with actual proofs. Circulation strikes show recutting on the 2 in the date, but none appears on this true proof, a diagnostic sometimes overlooked by early dealers and speculators.

The gleaming surfaces display nice contrast between richly frosted devices and mirror-smooth, reflective fields. The strike is sharp throughout both sides. A few light lines and small marks are grade-consistent, yet of little detriment to the attractive, orange-gold appeal of this nice Cameo proof. Population: 2 in 63 Cameo, 10 finer. CAC: 1 in 63, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28AR, PCGS# 88046

1883 Three Dollar, PR65 Deep Cameo 89 Pieces Struck

5836 1883 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. The mintage of proof three dollar gold pieces was increased in 1883, to a relatively generous 89 pieces (13 more specimens than the previous year). However, this increased production total was dwarfed by the 106-piece mintage achieved the following year. Apparently, collector demand for proof three dollar gold coins was increasing throughout this period, as mintages continued to grow until near the end of the series, reaching a high of 291 examples in 1888. The 1883 proofs were widely saved by contemporary collectors and most of the original mintage survives today. Population data for this issue is predictably inflated, as PCGS and NGC combined have certified a total of 104 coins in all grades, 25 more than were originally minted.

This delightful Gem offers well-detailed design elements and deeply mirrored fields that contrast profoundly with the frosty devices to produce a stunning gold-on-black cameo effect when the coin is tilted in the light. The well-preserved yellow and greenish-gold surfaces show a slight orange-peel texture, with no mentionable distractions. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 5 in 65 Deep Cameo, 10 finer (11/16).

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# 28AS, PCGS# 98047

PROOF FOUR DOLLAR GOLD PIECE



1879 Flowing Hair Stella, PR61
Judd-1635, Pollock-1833
Famous Odd-Denomination Rarity

5837 1879 Flowing Hair, Judd-1635, Pollock-1833, R.3, PR61 PCGS. Numismatics is no stranger to mystery. The unknown might be one of this hobby's greatest appeals. After all, what collector has not wondered about the hands through which his or her coins had previously passed? But there are virtually an infinite number of questions to answer about practically every series from the 1792 pattern coinage to today. The four dollar gold coins manufactured in 1879 and 1880 are no exception.

The circumstances regarding the production of four dollar gold stellas has long been the subject of intense inquiry and interest, perhaps explaining the coins' popularity. Everything from their originator(s), designer(s), composition, and distribution totals have been disputed. Our understanding of the coins has been enhanced by the extensive research of Roger W. Burdette, published in the Spring 2015 edition of the *Journal of Numismatic Research*.

Wheeler Hubbell and Representative Alexander H. Stephens, not the oft-credited Representative John A. Kasson, were responsible for convincing Congress to authorize a test run of four dollar gold patterns. Hubbell and Stephens misconstrued Kasson's suggestion that the United States manufacture coins of equal value to the Austrian eight florin and its European counterparts (\$3.88, not \$4). More importantly, the two men saw an opportunity to profit from the production of such coins by insisting the U.S. Mint strike the stellas in Hubbell's patented goloid alloy. Burdette's study also led him to conclude that Charles Barber is likely the source of all three stella designs: the Flowing and Coiled Hair obverse, and the sole reverse. It had previously been suggested that George Morgan designed the Coiled Hair portrait.

We know that 25 1879 Flowing Hair stellas were struck in late 1879 and early 1880. They were included in three-coin sets with Goloid dollars and Metric dollars and distributed to congressmen for \$6.10. Another 400 sets were sold through May 1880, leading to a total reported mintage of 425 pieces. It may be that more 1879 Flowing Hair stellas were struck. Estimates range as high as 725 coins. While Burdette has done an admiral job in trying to set the record straight, much of the mystery surrounding the stellas remains unsolved and will undoubtedly continue to draw collectors to this fascinating set of odd-denomination rarities.

The honey-gold surfaces of this PR61 coin fail to show any planchet striations, frequently seen on other four dollar gold pieces. Small marks are scattered in the partially reflective fields. A well-detailed example of this sought-after pattern. Ranked 18th in Garrett and Guth's *100 Greatest U.S. Coins (2014)*.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 28AZ, PCGS# 8057

The Hutchinson Collection of Early Half Eagles

Perhaps no other series of U.S. federal coinage is as challenging for the collector as early half eagles. There is no such thing as a “common” early half eagle. The series is replete with legendary rarities that come on the market so rarely that they elude even the most dedicated and well-financed collector. Forming such a collection requires decades of diligent searching through public offerings and constant monitoring of extensive dealer contacts to secure desired specimens that may become available only once or twice in a collecting lifetime. Heritage Auctions is privileged to offer just such a collection in the following pages, a remarkable consignment of 45 early half eagles from the Hutchinson Collection.

Half eagles were the first gold coins struck in this country, beginning in 1795, and they were the workhorse gold denomination in the early national economy. Struck from 1795-1834, most dates include several interesting die varieties and five major design types are represented in the series. The die varieties are described in detail and listed by BD number in the standard reference for the series, *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties*, by John Dannreuther and Harry W. Bass, Jr.

The first major design type is the Capped Bust Right, Small Eagle design produced from 1795-1798. The Hutchinson Collection includes five examples of this type, four different die varieties from the first year of coinage in 1795, and a rare Condition Census 1797 BD-3 specimen in AU58+ NGC that will attract considerable attention from eager collectors when it crosses the auction block.

The second major design type is the Capped Bust Right, Large Eagle type, struck from 1795-1807. The Hutchinson Collection includes 16 coins of this design, including a rare 1797/5 BD-7 overdate in AU55 PCGS, with the coveted Gold CAC sticker.

The third major design type features John Reich’s famous Capped Bust Left motif, struck from 1807-1812. The Hutchinson Collection features 10 coins of this type, including a rare 1810 BD-2 Small Date, Small 5 example in AU50 NGC. Our current roster for the 1810 BD-2 indicates only 13 examples are extant, including one in the Harry W. Bass, Jr. Foundation that is out of reach for present-day collectors.

The Capped Bust Left design was slightly modified in 1813, with the bust reduced in size and the stars arranged in a continuous arc above the central bust, instead of the old 7x6 configuration. This design is known as the Capped Head Left, Large Diameter type, produced from 1813-1829. Coins with the Capped Head Left design are even more elusive than those of the earlier design types, and the Hutchinson Collection includes some of the most famous rarities of the series. An AU Details example of the famous 1815 half eagle (10 specimens known) will inspire intense competition when it is called, as this will be only the third offering of this issue in the last decade. Likewise, an MS62 PCGS example of the very rare BD-4 1828 half eagle (nine examples known), pedigreed to the storied collections of Joseph Mickley, T. Harrison Garrett, and Harry Bass will delight lucky collectors who have waited years for the opportunity to bid on such a coin.

The introduction of the close collar technology in the striking process instigated the final design type of the series, the Capped Head Left, Small Diameter type. Struck on thicker planchets, with smaller diameter, this type was produced from 1829-1834 and the Hutchinson Collection includes four rare examples from the years 1830, 1831, 1833, and 1834.

The Hutchinson Collection is the finest and most extensive collection of early half eagles Heritage has offered in many years and we hope it will be remembered alongside such famous gatherings of early fives as the Eliasberg, Bass, and D. Brent Pogue Collections.

EARLY HALF EAGLES



**1795 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, AU58
Small Eagle, BD-3 Variety
Popular First-Year Issue**

5838 1795 Small Eagle, BD-3, High R.3, AU58 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b. Mint Director David Rittenhouse ordered Chief Engraver Robert Scot to produce dies for the first U.S. gold coinage in May of 1795, but he resigned for reasons of ill health before coinage could begin. It fell to his successor, Henry William DeSaussure, to oversee the beginning of gold coinage at the Philadelphia Mint, and he took a special interest in those issues. The first delivery of half eagles took place on July 31, 1795, quickly followed by eight more deliveries through September 16, after which gold coinage was switched over to ten dollar eagles. A total of 12 die varieties of 1795 Capped Bust Right, Small Eagle half eagles are known to present-day numismatists, but early students of the series listed as many as 14-16 varieties in their various writings. This coin is a representative of the BD-3 variety, easily identified by the position of star 11 touching both Y in LIBERTY and star 12. Walter Breen listed the BD-3 as the first issue in his emission series (his variety 1-A), but die evidence suggests it was actually the third variety struck. The obverse die was also used to strike the BD-2 and BD-4 varieties of this date, while this was the only use of the reverse die. The BD-3 is a relatively available variety, with a surviving population of 175-225 examples in all grades, making it a popular choice with type collectors and series specialists alike.

The present coin is an impressive near-Mint specimen that shows just a trace of high-point wear on the strongly impressed design elements. The eagle's breast feathers are particularly distinct and the reverse shows a die crack or graver's spike from the edge to E of UNITED. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded, with a few minor marks on Liberty's jaw and the lower right field the only flaws of note. No planchet adjustment marks are evident and the overall presentation is especially attractive.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25ND, PCGS# 519852 Base PCGS# 8066



1795 Capped Bust Right Five, AU55 First Year Gold Issue, BD-8

5839 1795 Small Eagle, BD-8, High R.5, AU55 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. United States gold coinage was struck for the first time at the Philadelphia Mint in 1795 and Mint records indicate 8,707 Capped Bust Right, Small Eagle half eagles were produced. However, some 1795-dated coins may have been struck in 1796, if the dies were still serviceable. Twelve die varieties are known for the date and type, so die breakage and wear must have been extensive. Three more 1795-dated varieties are known with the Large Eagle reverse, but these were probably struck in 1797 or 1798. The coin offered here represents the BD-8 variety, with one point of star 10 pointing to the cap and three berries in the wreath. The BD-8 is very scarce in absolute terms, with a surviving population of 30-40 specimen in all grades. The dies were unusually hardy, and the obverse was later used to strike the BD-9 and BD-10 varieties of this date, then put in storage for a few years, and finally used to strike the BD-13 variety, with the Large Eagle reverse. The BD-13 must have had an extremely limited production run, as only one example is known today. The reverse die was later used to strike the very rare and famous 1798 Small Eagle half eagle, also probably in 1797 or 1798.

The present coin is an impressive Choice AU specimen, with sharply detailed design elements that show just a trace of high-point wear. The lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces show deep prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas and no sign of planchet adjustment marks. The overall presentation is most attractive.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25ND, PCGS# 519857 Base PCGS# 8066

1795 Five Dollar, AU53 BD-9, Small Eagle Reverse Pleasing Olive-Gold Color

5840 1795 Small Eagle, BD-9, High R.5, AU53 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. Both sides exhibit faint clash marks. Star 1 is left of the curl, the two rightmost leaves are joined (the latter points downward), and star 15 is far from the bust. There are 12 recorded die pairs for the 1795 Small Eagle, three of which employ the obverse die used here. The reverse was mated with another die in one other instance to strike BD-7, of which only eight or 12 examples are known. BD-9 is relatively available by 1795 half eagle standards, but it is rare in the absolute sense. John Dannreuther estimates that 35 to 45 examples of this variety survive.

Few of them could be as pleasing as this lightly circulated, olive-gold representative. The fields and high points show accents of rose, while the recesses retain khaki-gold elements. Each side offers razor-sharp relief elements with minimal evidence of friction. The surfaces are expectedly abraded. A mark behind Liberty's eye and a pinscratch after the A in AMERICA act as pedigree identifiers. Scarcely found finer.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519858 Base PCGS# 8066



1795 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, AU53 Rare Large Eagle Reverse, BD-14 Famous Early Gold Anomaly

5841 1795 Large Eagle, BD-14, High R.6, AU53 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/c. The 1795-dated Capped Bust Right half eagles with the Heraldic Eagle reverse were almost certainly struck in 1797 or 1798. Three die varieties are known for the date and type, formed by combining three leftover obverse and two reverse dies. All three varieties were produced in small numbers and are quite elusive today. This coin represents the rare BD-14 variety, with two points of star 10 pointing to the cap, and the left foot of A in AMERICA below and near the fourth wing feather. The BD-14 has a surviving population of 14-18 examples in all grades and probably accounted for 250-530 examples of the reported mintage. The obverse die was used previously to strike the BD-7 Small Eagle variety in 1795, and the reverse was also used to strike the extremely rare BD-13 Large Eagle variety, of which only a single specimen is known.

Because all the 1795 Large Eagle varieties are seldom encountered (PCGS CoinFacts estimates about 50 specimens survive, including all varieties), there was little opportunity for 19th century numismatists to study and compare the issues. It seems the individual varieties went unrecognized until the early 20th century, but the Large Eagle subtype was identified in the early days of the hobby and its rarity was fully appreciated by early catalogers. One specimen, whose description resembles the coin offered here, was offered in lot 1626 of the Fifth Semi-Annual Sale (W. Elliot Woodward, 10/1864):

"1795 With Large Eagle reverse; in very fine condition, only slightly touched by circulation; one of the rarest of the gold series."

The lot realized \$41, a strong price for that era, to Heman Ely, of Elyria, Ohio. The current price realized record for the 1795 Large Eagle half eagle is \$282,000, brought by the MS64 PCGS specimen in the D. Brent Pogue Collection when it sold in September of 2015. The Pogue coin was the more available BD-15 variety, however. The record for the BD-14 variety was set by the MS64 PCGS James A. Stack coin, when it sold in a Bowers and Merena auction in 2003, 14 years ago, bringing \$241,500. All things being equal, we believe the BD-14 is clearly a more challenging, valuable issue.

The present coin is an attractive AU53 example, with just a trace of wear on the strongly impressed design elements. Some evidence of lapping shows, as the die crack through MERIC is decidedly faint. The pleasing antique-gold surfaces are lightly abraded and traces of original mint luster are evident in sheltered areas. The overall presentation is most attractive for this rare, enigmatic early gold issue.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25NK, PCGS# 519868 Base PCGS# 8075



**1797 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, BD-3, AU58+
Small Eagle, 16 Stars *Guide Book* Variety
Elusive Early Gold Issue, Condition Census Example**

5842 1797 Small Eagle, 16 Stars, BD-3, R.6, AU58+ NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/c. According to the 2017 *Guide Book*, 3,609 Capped Bust Right half eagles were struck in 1797 using the Small Eagle reverse. Four die varieties are known for the date and type, two with 15 stars on the obverse and two with 16 stars. The 16th star was apparently added to the design after Tennessee joined the Union on June 1, 1796. Three varieties of 1797-dated half eagles are known that feature the Heraldic Eagle reverse, but those coins were probably produced in 1798. This coin represents the BD-3 variety, with 16 obverse stars and two berries in the wreath on the reverse, both placed outside, on either side. The BD-3 is a rare variety in absolute terms, but it is still seen more often than the other three 1797 Small Eagle varieties. The BD-3 has a surviving population of 20-25 examples in all grades and probably accounted for 1,000-1,500 pieces of the reported mintage. Two specimens of the BD-3 are included in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution and another resides in the Harry Bass Foundation. This was the only use of the reverse die, but the obverse was used again to strike the extremely rare BD-4 (Small Eagle) and BD-5 (Large Eagle) varieties of this date. Both the BD-4 and BD-5 are represented by a single known specimen today, so the coinage of those varieties must have been very small.

The 1797 half eagle has been popular with collectors since the earliest days of the hobby. Pioneering collector Matthew Stickney obtained an example of the BD-3 variety from bullion and exchange brokers Beebee & Co. on December 30, 1853, according to a letter from that firm in the Stickney papers at the Peabody Essex Museum. Stickney paid only bullion price for this piece (\$5.35). When his collection was sold by Henry Chapman in June of 1907, long after his death, his 1797 half eagle realized \$250, a considerable advance on his investment. The record price realized for a BD-3 1797 half eagle is a staggering \$411,250, brought by the MS61 PCGS specimen in Stack's Bowers' Chicago ANA Auction (8/2013).

The BD-3 is seldom encountered in Mint State grades, and even the famous D. Brent Pogue Collection only included a PCGS-graded AU58 example, which sold last year for \$287,875. This Plus-graded near-Mint example probably fits somewhere in the middle of the Condition Census for the variety, as PCGS has graded no coins in AU58+, with one MS61 example finer, while NGC has graded only this specimen in AU58+, with two finer (9/16).

This coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas that show just the slightest wear on the central high points. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lustrous and lightly abraded, with no sign of planchet adjustment marks. The reverse shows a prominent die crack from the rim to the palm branch, and on to the eagle's tail, afterward splitting into two cracks, one traveling on to the wing and the other ending near the final A in AMERICA. This combination of absolute rarity, strong visual appeal, and intense historic interest is difficult to duplicate. The discerning collector should bid accordingly.

Ex: January-February Auction (Superior, 1/1993), lot 1340.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFWY, PCGS# 519865 Base PCGS# 8068



**1797/5 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, AU55
Large Eagle, 15 Stars, BD-7
Only Collectible Variety**

5843 1797/5 Large Eagle, 15 Stars, BD-7, High R.6, AU55 PCGS. Gold CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/d. The 1797 Capped Bust Right half eagle with the Large Eagle reverse is a very rare and enigmatic issue. There are three confirmed die varieties of this date and type, but two of those varieties (BD-5 and BD-6) are each represented by a single known example, and both of those coins are now in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution. The coin offered here represents the elusive BD-7 variety, easily identified by the obvious overdate on the 15-star obverse. The BD-7 has a small surviving population of 16-20 specimens in all grades, and it is currently the only collectible 1797 Large Eagle variety.

Earlier students of the series, like Edgar Adams, John H. Clapp, and Waldo Newcomer, all reported an extremely rare variety of the 1797/5 Large Eagle half eagle that cannot be confirmed by present-day numismatists. Walter Breen also reported seeing a single example, which he categorized as his variety 14-Z. Robert Miller followed Breen in listing this variety (Miller 5-Z), but he noted, "Possibly an early die state of variety 4-Y." Variety 4-Y corresponds to the BD-7 variety in the current series reference and it seems likely that the earlier citations were either misattributions or BD-7 coins in different die states from those we know about today. Still, there is much we do not understand about this mysterious issue and it is possible that another variety of the famous 1797 Large Eagle half eagle will surface someday. For now, the rare BD-7 remains the only option for series specialists seeking an example of this date and type.

The present coin is a pleasing Choice AU specimen with just a touch of wear on the well-detailed design elements. From a late state of the dies, the reverse shows an extensive network of die cracks that probably made the die unserviceable shortly after this coin was struck. The overdate on the obverse is quite bold and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces show no evidence of planchet adjustment marks. The overall presentation is most attractive for this rare early half eagle. Population: 3 in 55, 2 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFX4, PCGS# 519872 Base PCGS# 8077



1798 BD-2 Half Eagle, Lustrous AU58 Heraldic Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars

5844 1798 Large Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse, BD-2, R.5, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b. Numerous cracks around each side. Variety BD-1 features a Large 8 in the date, star 8 away from Liberty's cap, and a Heraldic Eagle Reverse with 13 stars. This is the second use of the obverse, which was first paired with a three-year-old Small Eagle Reverse to strike the famous 1798 Small Eagle BD-1 coins. It is estimated that as many as 3,500 to 4,500 BD-2 five dollar gold coins were struck, and about 50 to 70 examples survive, few finer than this.

Brightly lustrous, lemon-gold surfaces immediately capture the attention of the viewer. The eye is then drawn to the crisp detail on Liberty's curls, the well brought-up stars, and the strongly defined wing and breast feathers. Scattered field marks are to be expected. Population (all Large Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse varieties): 17 in 58, 21 finer. CAC: 6 in 58, 9 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFX6, PCGS# 507322 Base PCGS# 8078

1798 Five Dollar, MS61 Large Eagle, Small 8, BD-6 Tied for Finest at PCGS, CAC

5845 1798 Large Eagle, Small 8, BD-6, R.6, MS61 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. A crack runs from the left side of the O in OF down to the eagle's wing. Variety BD-6 is identified by a Small or Normal 8 in the date, star 1 far from the lowest curl, star 9 away from the Y in LIBERTY. In John Dannreuther's estimation, 30 to 40 examples of this rare die pair survive. BD-7 and BD-8 are the only other Small 8 varieties, with six to 10 and 40 to 50 coins extant, respectively. Small 8 coins, listed separately in the annual *Guide Book*, are extremely rare in Mint State. The example offered here is tied with one other for finest at PCGS. It is the only CAC-approved Small 8 representative in Uncirculated condition (10/16).

The eye appeal of this mint 1798 half eagle is unparalleled, a direct result of glowing luster over warm honey-gold surfaces. Definition is strong around the edges, including the fletchings and tailfeathers, but lacking on the interior high points. As-made adjustment marks appear centrally on the reverse. Small abrasions peppered throughout account for the grade.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFX5, PCGS# 507326 Base PCGS# 8079



1798 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, VF35 Large Eagle, Small 8, BD-8

5846 1798 Large Eagle, Small 8, BD-8, R.5, VF35 PCGS. The 8 is away from the bust and the final A in AMERICA touches the eagle's claw, identifying the scarce BD-8 variety. Probably no more than 40-50 examples of the BD-8 survive in all grades today. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used again to strike the BD-1 variety of 1799. The die state is hard to determine because the orange-gold surfaces show the expected amount of wear and minor abrasions for the grade. A significant amount of interior detail remains intact on the design elements. Housed in a green label holder.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFX5, PCGS# 507328 Base PCGS# 8079



1799 BD-5 Half Eagle, MS62 Rare Large Reverse Stars Type

5847 1799 Large Reverse Stars, BD-5, High R.5, MS62 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b, with a perfect obverse and a clashed reverse. The *Guide Book* reports a mintage of 7,451 half eagles in 1799, but John Dannreuther proposes that 10,000 to 15,000 coins bearing that date may have been manufactured in total. Eight die pairs were used to strike the 1799 five dollar gold coins. BD-5 and BD-8 are the only die pairs of this type with Large Reverse Stars, garnering considerable interest among collectors and strong premiums as a result. Roughly 25 to 35 BD-5 representatives are believed known. This is the only Large Stars Reverse example in MS62 at NGC with two submissions finer in MS63 (10/16).

This glowing Uncirculated half eagle boasts deep yellow-gold color that lightens somewhat over the reverse. Both sides are exceedingly clean with unimportant ticks that limit the grade. The obverse shows a hint of softness over the stars, but the centers are strongly detailed and the other side is razor-sharp throughout. Extremely rare in this condition and practically impossible to upgrade.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25NT, PCGS# 519878 Base PCGS# 98081



1799 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, MS63 Elusive Small Reverse Stars, BD-6 One Finer Coin at PCGS

5848 1799 Small Reverse Stars, BD-6, R.5, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/d. The 1799 Capped Bust Right half eagle is an underrated issue, from a reported mintage of just 7,451 pieces. It is virtually certain that some 1799-dated coins were struck in 1800, however. Nine die varieties are known, seven with the Small Stars reverse and two with the Large Stars motif. This coin represents the BD-6, Small Stars variety, with the second 9 in the date recut and the upright of E in STATES just right of a cloud space. The BD-6 is very scarce in absolute terms, with a surviving population of 40-50 examples in all grades.

Die evidence suggests an extremely complicated emission sequence for this issue, as both dies were employed to strike several different varieties and two remarriages exist, with other varieties struck in between the pairings. The obverse die was first used to strike the BD-4 variety of this date, then it was used to strike the BD-5 issue for the first time, then combined with this reverse to strike the early state of the BD-6, then recombined with the BD-5 reverse to strike more coins of that variety, then remarried to this reverse to strike later state examples of the BD-6, then the reverse was used to strike the very rare 1800 BD-1 coins, and finally both dies were combined again to strike the final die state of the BD-6. This coin was probably struck very near the end of this remarkable sequence, as evidenced by the advanced state of both dies.

This impressive Select specimen exhibits strongly impressed design elements, but the reverse shows some loss of detail, due to lapping. This piece was struck from a late state of the dies, with an extensive network of die cracks and clash marks on both sides. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are free of large or distracting contact marks, and no trace of planchet adjustment marks is evident. Vibrant mint luster adds to the outstanding overall eye appeal. Population (Small Reverse Stars): 9 in 63, 1 finer (9/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519880 Base PCGS# 8081



**1799 Half Eagle, AU58
Small Reverse Stars
Very Rare BD-7 Variety**

5849 1799 Small Reverse Stars, BD-7, High R.6, AU58 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/c. A die crack runs through the O in OF to the cloud, stars, and N in UNUM, where it joins with another crack that travels through the wing to the left foot of the M and the rim. Pickup points for the variety include the upright of the E positioned right of the space between two clouds, and the S is far right. BD-7 is very rare with perhaps 14 to 18 surviving representatives, according to *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties* (2004). Light yellow and green-gold surfaces emit glints of luster and show good strike definition. The reverse is noticeably stronger than the obverse. Wispy abrasions and minute ticks are inconsequential relative to the importance of this offering. A prize for the die variety specialist and inarguably worthy of a premium bid.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519881 Base PCGS# 8081



**1800 Draped Bust Five, BD-4, MS63
Exceedingly Rare in This High Grade**

5850 1800 BD-4, R.4, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/c. The terminal die state shows cuds over NITE and ST with clash marks throughout both sides. This scarce variety, of which 125 to 175 representatives are known, lacks a flag on the 1, shows star 13 away from the bust, and features a blundered M in AMERICA. Remarkably, this hardy obverse die was used to strike BD-2 through BD-5 before it finally failed. The 1800 half eagle is among the more collectible dates of the Draped Bust type. Mint State coins represent about 25% of known survivors (600 pieces in all), but they are usually seen in MS61 and MS62. Select Uncirculated examples are exceedingly rare, particularly with original surfaces.

Honey and green-gold surfaces glisten with frosty luster and brighter accents are seen near the peripheral design elements. Coins from this turn-of-the-century issue typically come sharply struck, and this splendid MS63 piece is characteristic in that regard. Light abrasions do nothing to affect the appeal. Population (all varieties): 13 in 63 (2 in 63+), 7 finer. CAC: 7 in 63, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25NW, PCGS# 45594 Base PCGS# 8082



**1802/1 Half Eagle, AU58
BD-8, Lustrous Type Coin**

5851 1802/1 BD-8, R.4, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b. The obverse and reverse are clashed, and a die crack develops through UNI. Attribution points for the variety include the 1 positioned left within the 2, and the upright of the E in STATES over the cloud break. BD-8 is the most accessible die marriage for the year with as many as 200 known survivors. The entire run of 1802/1 half eagles amounted to 53,176 coins, the highest production of any five dollar gold issue between 1795 and 1808.

A touch of friction occurs over Liberty's cap, forecurls and bust tip, but the impression remains strong with bold stars and complete dentilation on that side. The reverse is well-struck with sharp wing and breast feathers, but detail softness near the edges, where a few planchet adjustment marks appear. No matter, for the eye appeal of this still-lustrous, yellow-gold half eagle is readily appreciable. Small ticks and wispy abrasions are minor in nature, failing to detract in any meaningful way. Housed in a green label holder with a green CAC approval sticker.

CAC: 15 in 58, 24 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25NX, PCGS# 519889
Base PCGS# 8083



**1803/2 Half Eagle, Choice AU
Elusive BD-4 Variety**

5852 1803/2 BD-4, R.4, AU55 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/c, with a crack through the bottom of the date that extends nearly to star 1. BD-4 represents the only use of Obverse 2, identified by the perfect T in LIBERTY and much scarcer than the other overdate die employed to strike 1803 half eagles. According to *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties*, BD-4 coins made up roughly 20% to 30% of the 33,506-coin mintage. Current estimates suggest 125 to 175 examples are extant.

Effusive luster issues from the recesses of this Choice About Uncirculated Draped Bust half eagle. Largely yellow-gold surfaces yield glints of green and few marks of note. The eagle's tailfeathers and fletchings display a trace of softness, but elsewhere the motifs are strongly rendered. Faint blending over the high points is practically indiscernible, and the aesthetic appeal is tremendous.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25NY, PCGS# 504951
Base PCGS# 8084



1804 Five Dollar, Choice AU BD-1, Small 8, Great Eye Appeal

5853 1804 Small 8, BD-1, High R.4, AU55 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. BD-1 is the first of seven die pairs for the 1804 half eagle, attributed by the Small or Normal 8, the blunt 1, and the upright of the E positioned over the break between two clouds. An estimated survival rate of 70 to 90 coins makes this one of the more available 1804 half eagle varieties after BD-7 (100 to 150 pieces believed extant). To be sure, BD-1 is very scarce in absolute terms and rarely offered as fine as this Choice AU example with added CAC approval for quality and eye appeal.

Light straw-gold color adorns bright, partly lustrous surfaces. The obverse is well-struck, while the reverse shows localized softness on the left (facing) wing, tailfeathers, and fletchings. Adjustment marks occur over the central portion of that side and near the right wingtip. Careful inspection is required to view any trace of high-point blending. Noticeably clean for the grade.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519891 Base PCGS# 8085

1804 BD-7 Half Eagle, MS61 Small Over Large 8, Original Surfaces

5854 1804 Small Over Large 8, BD-7, R.4, MS61 NGC. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/c. This is the last of three varieties that feature the dramatic overdate. The eagle's beak touches the star, and the upright of the E in STATES is over the cloud break. The terminal die state exhibits clash marks and cracks throughout. About 25% to 41% of the 30,475 half eagles reportedly struck in 1804 are thought to represent BD-7, but Bass-Dannreuther suggest that merely 100 to 150 examples are known. The coins are in perennially high demand given the spectacular repunching and famous 1804 date.

Mixed hues of medium yellow-gold in the fields and sun-gold near the recesses yield to eye-catching splashes of reddish-gold near star 6, the R in LIBERTY, and over the central part of the eagle. The color is a testament to the originality of this Uncirculated five dollar gold coin. Fully raised stars, crisply delineated hair strands, and needle-sharp feather detail characterize the strike, which softens over the left claw, fletchings, and UN(ITED). The upper left border lacks dentilation. Small adjustment marks appear around the reverse. Lightly marked and lustrous with extraordinary eye appeal. Housed in a former generation holder with CAC approval. Census (all Small Over Large 8 varieties): 13 in 61, 21 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXB, PCGS# 519897 Base PCGS# 8086



1805 BD-2 Half Eagle, Radiant MS63 Outstanding Type Representative

5855 1805 BD-2, R.4, MS63 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State f/c. Heavy rust lumps occur near LI, a die crack travels through star 13, and clashing is evident on both sides. Examples struck from a combination of Obverse 1 and Reverse B represented roughly 6,000 to 8,000 of the 33,183 half eagles manufactured in 1805. BD-2 is the secondmost available variety after BD-1. The Bass-Dannreuther reference suggests between 100 and 150 pieces survive. Any 1805 five dollar gold coin is rare in this incredible state of preservation, though, regardless of variety. PCGS reports 38 submissions in MS63 and 19 finer grading events (10/16).

Radiant and richly painted in yellow-gold color, this Select Uncirculated Draped Bust half eagle exhibits complete portrait definition, strong feather detail, and trivial ticks scattered over carefully preserved surfaces. Frosty luster swirls throughout, adding significantly to the outstanding visual appeal of this top-quality type coin.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25P4, PCGS# 45616 Base PCGS# 8088



1805 Half Eagle, AU58 Rare BD-3 Die Pair 35 to 45 Coins Known

5856 1805 BD-3, High R.5, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/e, with clashing at the lower reverse and a rim break over (STATE)S. BD-3 represents the only use of Obverse 2, showing a broken left foot on the 1 and star 9 close to the Y, and the second of five uses of Reverse B with IT in UNITED spaced widely. This die pair is much scarcer than BD-1 and BD-2, but far more available than BD-4 or BD-5, both of which are very rare. Perhaps 35 to 45 examples are known.

This near-Mint half eagle features a pinpoint impression on the portrait, stars, and feathers. Both sides are yellow-gold with a touch of semiprooflikeness throughout the obverse. Lightly marked and virtually devoid of friction. A diagonal adjustment mark appears across Liberty's cap and curls.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 45617 Base PCGS# 8088



**1806 Half Eagle, AU58
BD-3, Pointed 6, 8x5 Stars
Extremely Rare Die Marriage**

**1806 BD-6 Half Eagle, MS62
Knob 6, 7x6 Stars Variety
Capped Bust Right Type Coin**

5857 1806 Pointed 6, 8x5 Stars, BD-3, R.7, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c. This late die state has a die crack that runs from the border to Liberty's cap and down through the curls, terminating at the edge of the bust. In an even later state, it passes through the 0 in the date. The flag of the 1 is merged with the curls, and the bases of RI in AMERICA are joined, attributing what John Dannreuther calls a "super rarity." Merely six to 10 examples of BD-3 are known, making it far and away the rarest die marriage among all 1806 half eagles.

The marginal relief elements are boldly rendered, while the centers show a distinct lack of detail, particularly over the eagle's head and neck. However, attractive green-gold color and still-vibrant luster more than compensate. The only mark worthy of attention is a small void between stars 5 and 6. An extremely rare opportunity for the variety specialist. Population (all Pointed 6, 8x5 Stars varieties): 13 in 58, 32 finer. CAC: 2 in 58, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 45623 Base PCGS# 8090

5858 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/f. This late die state features a rust lump on the R in LIBERTY and strong clashing near the point of the shield. The 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars half eagle is well-known as the most collectible Capped Bust Right half eagle. As many as 800 or 900 pieces are believed to have survived the past 210 years. About 45% of the population at PCGS are in mint condition, mostly MS61 to MS63. Anything finer than this MS62 coin is very scarce, and rarely do any examples meet the requirements for a CAC approval sticker.

Frosty and eye-appealing, this early half eagle type coin enjoys lovely straw-gold hues accompanied by accents of khaki-gold on the obverse and rose on the reverse. The stars are well brought-up and the hair strands crisply defined. Equally strong are the eagle's feathers, save for those adjacent to the left edge of the shield. The upper reverse border dentilation is incomplete, but the rims are otherwise strong. Wonderfully preserved. CAC: 15 in 62, 36 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXJ, PCGS# 45620 Base PCGS# 8089



1807 Capped Bust Left Half Eagle, MS62 BD-8, Glittering First-Year Example

5859 1807 Bust Left, BD-8, R.2, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b. The usual die state with a bold clash mark on Liberty's neck. The year 1807 saw a changeover in the design of the half eagle, with John Reich's Capped Bust Left portrait and new eagle motif replacing the previous Robert Scott design. Two die pairs were employed to strike 51,605 of the new five dollar gold coins, BD-8 being by far the more available than BD-7. The primary attribution point for the variety is the tip of the 5 in the denomination pointing to the tip of the fletching. All 1807 Capped Bust Left half eagles are scarce in Mint State, and those that do survive in Uncirculated condition are apt to be found in MS62 to MS63.

The design elements on each side of this marvelous first-year representative are characteristically sharp, most notably at the extreme centers. Light honey-gold surfaces glitter with frosty luster, contributing further to the appeal. This MS62 five dollar gold piece is undeniably high-end for the grade with only a handful of inconsequential marks scattered in the fields. Very seldom seen finer. CAC: 9 in 62, 13 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# CKLH, PCGS# 507607 Base PCGS# 8101



1808/7 BD-2 Half Eagle, AU58 Conditionally Rare Guide Book Variety

5860 1808/7 Close Date, BD-2, High R.4, AU58 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/c, without any obverse die cracks. BD-2 has a Close Date, and 5D is narrowly spaced. Two varieties are known for the 1808/7 Capped Bust Left half eagle, this being the more available of the two with 80 to 100 pieces extant. The overdate itself is visible within the upper loop of the second 8. Examples of BD-1 and BD-2 are rare so well-preserved. PCGS reports five near-Mint grading events and 15 representatives finer, almost certainly including a number of resubmissions. CAC has stickered two AU58 coins and four finer pieces (10/16).

This lovely five dollar gold coin offers soft, shimmering luster that melds with hues of green and wheat-gold. A nearly full strike and clean, minimally abraded surfaces are additional attributes. Grade-limiting friction is, for all intents and purposes, imperceptible. A tiny planchet void near star 4 will identify this coin in future appearances.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PB, PCGS# 45637 Base PCGS# 8103



1808 Capped Bust Left Half Eagle, MS63 Colorful and Lustrous BD-3 Example

5861 1808 Close 5D, BD-3, R.4, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/e. A nominal mintage of 55,578 Capped Bust Left half eagles was reported in 1808, with four distinct die varieties known for the date. Two varieties employ overdated obverse dies from 1807 and the final two varieties were struck from a single 1808-dated obverse die. This coin represents the scarce BD-3 variety, with a perfect date and a normal 5D in the denomination. The reverse die was used previously to strike the BD-8 variety of 1807, as well as the BD-1 and BD-2 varieties of 1808. The BD-3 has a surviving population of 100-125 examples in all grades, making it more available than the overdates, but less available than the other perfect date variety of this year.

The present coin is an attractive MS63 specimen, with pleasing orange-gold surfaces that show extensive clash marks on both sides. Both sides radiate vibrant mint luster and the design elements are sharply detailed throughout. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 19 in 63, 19 finer. CAC: 5 in 63, 2 finer (9/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PA, PCGS# 507604 Base PCGS# 8102



1808 BD-4 Half Eagle, MS61 Wide 5D, Unlisted Die State Extensively Clashed Reverse

5862 1808 Wide 5D, BD-4, High R.3, MS61 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b, unlisted. Die pair BD-8 features 5D. widely spaced. The reverse is extensively clashed with a full outline of Liberty's portrait visible, making this of considerable interest to the specialist. Surprisingly, no mention of this late die state is made in *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties*, which explains that coins "seem to be found in just a single die state, despite the fact that as many as 20,000 were produced." The same reverse was later used to strike the 1809/8 half eagles, but even in their earliest state those coins do not show the bold clashing seen here, suggesting the reverse die was lapped prior to its reuse the following year. While this variety is relatively accessible compared to other die pairs for the date, all examples are scarce, particularly in Uncirculated grades.

The obverse is uniformly strong, and the reverse is well-defined with softness over the talons and fletchings. Each side offers a blend of shimmering luster and straw-gold color with occasional lavender accents. A couple of ticks near Liberty's eye and another in the left reverse field are the sole pedigree markers. Population: 18 in 61, 64 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PA, PCGS# 507605 Base PCGS# 8102



**1809/8 Half Eagle, MS60
BD-1, Scarce Overdate Issue**

5863 1809/8 BD-1, High R.3, MS60 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b, with cracks through the obverse stars and clash marks on the reverse. BD-1 was the only known die pair used to strike an estimated 20,000 to 33,875 half eagles with the 1809 date. All examples feature a repunched 9, though there is some debate as to whether the underdigit is an 8 or remnants of a misplaced 9. The Bass-Dannreuther reference notes: This issue is the scarcest date of this type, although there are several varieties of other years that are more difficult to locate ... An estimated 250 to 325 1809/8 half eagles are extant, about half of them in Mint State.

This Uncirculated representative exhibits strong strike definition over the stars, curls, and the eagle. Light, frosty mint luster mixes mainly with wheat-gold color, though blushes of sun-gold appear around the reverse border areas. Chatter in the fields is minor for the assigned grade. Housed in a first generation holder.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXK, PCGS# 507603 Base PCGS# 8104



**1810 Capped Bust Left Half Eagle, MS61
Small Date, Tall 5, BD-1**

5864 1810 Small Date, Tall 5, BD-1, High R.3, MS61 NGC. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/c. The 1810 Capped Bust Left half eagle was produced in relatively large numbers (100,287 pieces reportedly struck), with four die varieties known for the date. This coin represents the BD-1 variety, a reasonably available issue, with a surviving population of 150-225 specimens in all grades. The BD-1 is easily recognized by the small numerals in the date and the tall, thin 5 in the denomination. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used again to strike the BD-1 variety of 1811.

The present coin is a well-detailed Mint State example that shows strongly impressed design elements that exhibit some slight incompleteness of detail on the reverse, possibly due to lapping. A faint die crack shows through stars 3-6 and the lower part of the date. The 13th star exhibits John Reich's secret signature notched outer point. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are free of large or distracting contact marks and no planchet adjustment marks are present. Altogether, a most attractive specimen of this early gold issue.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXM, PCGS# 507596 Base PCGS# 8106





1810 Capped Bust Left Half Eagle, AU50 Small Date, Small 5, BD-2 Variety Enigmatic Early Gold Rarity

5865 1810 Small Date, Small 5, BD-2, High R.6, AU50 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. A substantial mintage of 100,287 Capped Bust Left half eagles was accomplished in 1810, with four die varieties known for the date. Three obverse and three reverse dies were combined to complete this production. Two obverse dies exhibit the small numeral punches used from 1807-1810 in the date, while the other two varieties employ a single Large Date obverse. This coin represents the rare BD-2 variety, with the Small Date obverse and a Small 5 in the denomination. The Small Date obverse die failed quickly, as evidenced by the extensive network of die cracks seen on all known specimens. This was the only use of the obverse, but the Small 5 reverse was used again to strike the very rare BD-3 variety of this date.

The rarity of the BD-2 issue has been a controversial subject over the years. Many of the greatest collections in history (Garrett, Eliasberg, Norweb, and Pittman) lacked an example of the BD-2, and there is no specimen in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution. Until fairly recent times, it was unusual for catalogers to attribute early gold issues by die variety, so many early auction appearances of the 1810 BD-2 were not properly documented and went unnoticed by later researchers. This lack of visibility in the great collections and sparse auction records caused many numismatists to believe the BD-2 was even rarer than it actually is. David Akers estimated only 4-5 examples were extant in 1979 and Walter Breen commented "Fewer than 8 seen, none UNC" in 1988. Better documentation has resulted in increased estimates of the number of survivors in recent years and PCGS CoinFacts posits as many as 20 examples may be extant in all grades and conditions today. PCGS and NGC have combined to certify only 11 specimens between them, including an unknown number of resubmissions and crossovers (9/16). One uncertified example resides in the Harry Bass Foundation and several coins are known in impaired condition. We have compiled a roster of all specimens known to us (13 coins) below.

The present coin is an attractive AU specimen with only a single auction appearance on record. It was a highlight of the famous James A. Stack Collection for many years before it was offered in a memorable auction by Stack's (no relation) in 1995. It has been off the market ever since. The portrait is sharply detailed and shows just a touch of friction on the high points, but some of the stars are a little flat on the centers. The diagnostic fatal die crack shows from the edge through the date and bust, to the edge at 2 o'clock. Other cracks travel through the date and most of the stars on the right. On the reverse, a faint crack shows from the leaves, through the denomination, and on through the letters in AMERICA. There is a diagnostic rust lump that resembles an errant berry in the left reverse field. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces display the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade and traces of prooflike reflectivity are evident in sheltered areas around the devices. The overall presentation is most attractive for this rare and underrated issue.

Roster of 1810 Small Date, Small 5, BD-2 Half Eagles

1. **MS62 PCGS.** David McCarthy, April 2004; Larry Hanks, December 2004; D. Brent Pogue Collection (Stack's Bowers, 2/2016), lot 3138, realized \$99,875.
2. **MS62 NGC.** Husky Collection (Stack's, 6/2008), lot 2077, realized \$138,000; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 4861, realized \$132,250.
3. **AU58 PCGS, CAC.** FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 4665, realized \$109,250.
4. **AU58 NGC.** FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2004), lot 2175; San Francisco Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 10345.
5. **AU58 NGC.** 70th Anniversary Sale (Stack's, 10/2005), lot 1229.
6. **AU55 PCGS.** Possibly J. Colvin Randall; Randall Collection, Part I (W. Elliot Woodward, 6/1885), lot 914; George Earle Collection (Henry Chapman, 6/1912), lot 2374; William H. Woodin, exhibited at the 1914 ANS Exhibition; Waldo Newcomer; "Colonel" E.H.R. Green, circa 1932, via B. Max Mehl; King Farouk, via Stack's, circa 1943; Palace Collections of Egypt (Sotheby's, 2/1954), lot 232; Auction '88 (David Akers, 7/1988), lot 900; Diocese of Buffalo (Heritage, 6/1997), lot 6399; J.A. Sherman Collection (Stack's, 8/2007), lot 3215.
7. **AU50 NGC.** Possibly purchased by James A. Stack in the 1940s; James A. Stack Collection (Stack's, 3/1995), lot 465; **the present coin.**
8. **AU50 NGC.** Discovered in the Midwest, circa 1993; Harold Rothenberger Collection (Superior, 1/1994), lot 2408; Dr. Jon Kardatzke Collection, Part II (Ira and Larry Goldberg, 6/2000), lot 1303.
9. **XF45 PCGS.** Possibly Grant Pierce Collection (Stack's, 5/1965), lot 1303; R.L. Miles Collection (Stack's, 10/1968), lot 347; Mike Brownlee; Purchased by Harry W. Bass, Jr. on August 2, 1994; Bass Collection, Part II (Bowers and Merena, 10/1999), lot 795; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2002), lot 6777.
10. **AU uncertified.** Charles Gozan; Auction '80 (Paramount, 8/1980), lot 923, as part of a complete four-piece set of 1810 half eagle die varieties; Harry W. Bass, Jr.; Harry Bass Foundation.
11. **AU55, cleaned and buffed, uncertified.** Possibly Dr. Charles W. Green Collection (B. Max Mehl, 4/1949), lot 248; Philip G. Straus Collection (Stack's, 5/1959), lot 2406, with letters MIC in the field; Cicero Collection (New Netherlands, 12/1960), lot 110, letters removed; exhibited at RARCOA's table at the 1963 FUN Convention, per Walter Breen; 10th Anniversary Auction (Kreisberg/Schulman, 4/1967), lot 761; Auction '81 (Paramount, 7/1981), lot 1426; R.E. Naftzger FPL (Paramount, 1981), Auction '82 (Paramount, 7/1982), lot 1927; Charles Kramer Collection (Stack's/Superior, 11/1988), lot 310; Diocese of Buffalo (Heritage, 6/1997), lot 5326; Pre-Long Beach Sale (Superior, 2/2000), lot 1082, misattributed as Large Date, Small 5.
12. **AU Details NGC.** Diocese of Buffalo Collection (Heritage, 7/1997), lot 5200; New York Connoisseur's Collection (American Numismatic Rarities, 3/2006), lot 1584; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 5421.
13. **AU Details, PCGS Genuine.** Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 6172; Baltimore Auction (Stack's Bowers, 11/2015), lot 20110.

Additional Appearances

- A. **"Proof."** Phineas Adams; Harold P. Newlin; 69th Sale (John W. Haseltine, 6/1883), lot 345.
 - B. A specimen in the possession of the Pressman brothers of Cleveland, Ohio, reported by Walter Breen.
- From The Hutchinson Collection.** PCGS# 507595 Base PCGS# 8105



**1811 Half Eagle, MS62
Luminous Tall 5, BD-1 Example**

5866 1811 Tall 5, BD-1, High R.3, MS62 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/d. The reported mintage for the 1811 half eagle stands at 99,581 coins. A single obverse die was used, while two reverses are distinguished by the 5 in the denomination. Tall 5 representatives, as here, are marginally more difficult to locate than their Small 5 counterparts. This example shows faint shield clash marks under Liberty's ear, indicative of a middle die state. Most 1811 half eagles survive in relatively high grades, XF to AU. Fewer than 100 Uncirculated pieces are believed extant, however.

Greenish accents complement wheat-gold color. The eye appeal is enhanced by luminous mint frost that radiates over each side. The impression is unequivocally bold with minor softness near the border adjacent to stars 1 to 3, the corresponding area on the reverse, and the scroll above the eagle. Small flecks and luster grazes are in line with the grade. Census: 5 in 62, 8 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXS, PCGS# 507600
Base PCGS# 8110



**1811 Small 5 Half Eagle, MS62
Excellent Visual Quality, BD-2**

5867 1811 Small 5, BD-2, R.3, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/a. The obverse is lapped with little trace of clashing. The Mint used a single obverse die and two reverse dies to strike 99,581 five dollar gold pieces in 1811. The size of the 5 in the denomination is the distinguishing characteristic. Small 5 coins like the one offered here are marginally more available than those with a Tall 5. About 225 to 300 examples of this variety are thought to exist.

It is difficult to image a representative of this date with better eye appeal. Each side is smooth and unquestionably high-end for the grade. Luminous luster issues from pleasing orange-gold surfaces. Sharply struck throughout. Population (both varieties): 32 in 62, 57 finer. CAC: 5 in 62, 11 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXR, PCGS# 507599
Base PCGS# 8109



1812 BD-1 Half Eagle, MS63 Widely Spaced Denomination Rare Die State, Boldly Clashed

5868 1812 BD-1, R.3, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. Both sides are extensively clashed. The obverse shows a significant portion of the reverse legends and scroll, while the reverse exhibits a nearly full outline of Liberty around the eagle. The 1812 is readily available in high grade and often serves as an early type, but this late die state is rarely seen. Most examples feature a widely spaced 5D, as here. About 300 to 450 BD-1 representatives are believed known, compared to 80 to 100 coins with a closely spaced denomination.

This Select Uncirculated Capped Bust five presents frosty luster over lemon-gold surfaces. Wisps of deeper sun-gold are confined to the reverse. The devices on each side are crisply rendered. A few scattered flecks do not inhibit the appeal in any way. Population (both varieties): 42 in 63, 50 finer. CAC: 11 in 63, 17 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PL, PCGS# 507601 Base PCGS# 8112



1813 BD-1 Half Eagle, MS63 Challenging Type, Rarely Found Finer

5869 1813 BD-1, R.2, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. Shield clash marks appear within LIBERTY. BD-1 and BD-2, the sole varieties for date, were struck using the same obverse. The former die pair is distinguished from the latter by examining the placement of the first S in STATES. Here, the S is positioned over the right edge of the E. Coins originating from this set of dies are roughly three times more available than those from BD-2. PCGS estimates 500 to 600 coins survive. In 2006, John Dannreuther pegged the number between 450 and 650 pieces. He also wrote of the Capped Head half eagle subtype introduced in 1813, "this type is many times rarer than those coins of 1812 and prior. Those coins of 1813 are the only available date of this type, those of 1814 through 1820 are scarce to ultra rare, while those of 1821 through 1829 are almost all rare or exceedingly rare." This Select example, then, would serve as an ideal representative for type purposes.

Butter-gold dominates each side, enhanced with splashes of reddish-gold near the peripheries. The stars exhibit full radial lines, and Liberty's hair curls are well-rendered. The eagle, too, shows strong detail throughout. Minor marks are peppered in the field as expected. Swirling mint luster. Rarely seen in higher grades. CAC: 12 in 63, 15 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PM, PCGS# 519907 Base PCGS# 8116



1813 Capped Head Left Five, MS64 Scarcer BD-2 Variety

5870 1813 BD-2, R.4, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b. The half eagle design was modified in 1813, with the size of the portrait reduced and the stars placed in a continuous arc, instead of the old 7x6 arrangement on either side of the bust. The new design is called the Capped Head Left in the 2017 *Guide Book*, but the Bass-Dannreuther series reference retains the old Capped Bust Left nomenclature, distinguishing between the two designs by adding the designations Large Bust or Small Bust type. The reported mintage was a respectable 95,428 pieces, with only two die varieties known for the date. Both varieties used the same obverse die, but this coin shows the first S in STATES nearly centered over the E in E PLURIBUS, identifying the less available BD-2 variety. The BD-2 has a surviving population of 150-200 pieces in all grades and probably accounted for 15,000-25,000 examples of the reported mintage. The reverse die was used again to strike all half eagles of 1814 and 1815.

The present coin is an impressive Choice specimen with sharply detailed design elements throughout. A faint lateral die crack is seen from the tip of the bust to the rim on the obverse, while another crack is visible on the reverse, through the D and period in the denomination. The pleasing orange and reddish-gold surfaces show few signs of contact, with subtle satiny mint luster on both sides. Population: 1 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25PM, PCGS# 45648 Base PCGS# 8116





1815 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, BD-1, AU Details
Classic Early Gold Rarity, Ex: Flanagan/Stack
Only 635 Examples Struck

5871 1815 BD-1, R.7 — Cleaned — ANACS. AU Details, Net XF45. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/e. The 1815 half eagle is one of the great classic rarities of American coinage, from a tiny post-war mintage of only 635 pieces. For much of the 19th century it was considered the rarest coin in the U.S. federal gold series, as there was no example in the Mint cabinet until 1885, and only four coins were known to contemporary collectors. A few more specimens have surfaced over the years, and exactly ten examples are known today, but four of those coins have been assimilated into institutional collections, specifically the Smithsonian Institution (two coins), the Harry Bass Foundation (one example), and the Royal Coin Cabinet in Sweden (one specimen). As a result, the 1815 half eagle is essentially no more available to collectors today than it was at the height of its fame and popularity in the 19th century.

The economic stresses of the War of 1812 resulted in widespread hoarding of bullion and other assets, and gold deposits declined sharply at the Philadelphia Mint during the war years. Although the war ended in February of 1815, the effects were still being felt a year later. The entire mintage of 635 1815 half eagles was delivered on November 3, from deposits made by Thomas Parker, Charles Kalkman, and the Bank of Pennsylvania. This minuscule mintage represents the only gold production accomplished by the United States Mint in 1815. The coins were released into circulation and no more was heard about the issue for the next several decades.

Oddly, the first numismatist to acquire an 1815 half eagle was the King of Sweden, who purchased an example from a Captain Sandeberg in 1851. Sandeberg was a sea captain who reportedly purchased the coin from the estate of his father-in-law, Stockholm merchant Carl Scharp (see *The 1815 Half Eagle: New Discoveries*, by Heritage numismatists David Stone and Mark Van Winkle for details). Scharp probably acquired the coin in the normal course of business, near the time of issue, illustrating how far American coinage circulated at this early date. Beginning about 1821, changes in the price of silver vs. gold made the intrinsic value of U.S. gold coinage greater than its face value, and the coins were rarely seen in circulation after that.

The first American collector to own an 1815 half eagle was probably Matthew Stickney, who purchased his coin from New York bullion brokers Beebe & Co. on October 1, 1851, for its bullion value of \$5.30, the first pricing information we have for any 1815 half eagle. This is certainly a far cry from the record price recently paid for the MS65 PCGS D. Brent Pogue specimen, which realized \$822,500 in the Stack's Bowers auction of that collection in February 2016. The 1815 half eagle is one of the most celebrated rarities in American numismatics, but it appears so infrequently at auction that it had become something of a "sleeper" before the Pogue offering, and available pricing data is mostly outdated. The only other specimen to sell in the last decade was the MS64 NGC Garrett coin, which sold for \$460,000 in a Heritage sale in 2009.

The present coin was one of the last to be discovered and one of the most difficult to trace. It first appeared in 1938, when B. Max Mehl offered it in an advertisement in the October issue of *The Numismatist*. It was purchased by Colonel James Flanagan, who held it until he sold his collection through Stack's in March 1944. Stack's used a stock photo of the coin in their lot description, making later plate matching problematic. Noted researcher P. Scott Rubin was able to reconstruct the later pedigree from information found on the envelope that accompanied the James A. Stack specimen when it was offered by Stack's more than 50 years later. It seems that Stack's bought the coin in at their 1944 auction, and later offered it to James A. Stack (no relation), who had been the underbidder at the sale. James Stack purchased this coin for \$2,800 in December 1944 and it remained a center-piece of his remarkable collection until after his death. This coin was publicly offered for just the second time in its long history in lot 469 of the James A. Stack Collection (Stack's, 3/1995). It has been off the market ever since.

The design elements of this coin were strongly impressed, and only minimal wear can be detected, but some minor detail was lost to lapping on the reverse, which had been used to strike two other varieties in 1813 and 1814. A faint die crack runs from the base of D on the reverse, through the period and the tops of the letters in AMERICA. Another crack is seen on the obverse, connecting the points of stars 12 and 13. A diagnostic scribe line can be seen through the tops of the dentils on the obverse. The pleasing antique-gold surfaces are lightly abraded, with a small reverse rim bruise mentioned in the 1995 Stack catalog, but not apparent in the present holder. Some original mint luster remains intact, though somewhat muted by the noted cleaning, which occurred long ago. The overall presentation is most attractive. This lot marks only the third time any example of the 1815 half eagle has been publicly offered in the last decade. With four of the ten known examples permanently off the market in institutional collections, it may be many years before another specimen becomes available.

Ex: B. Max Mehl, advertised in the October 1938 issue of The Numismatist; Col. James Flanagan; Flanagan Collection (Stack's, 3/1944), lot 1092, bought in by Stack's; James A. Stack in December of 1944; James Stack Collection (Stack's, 3/1995), lot 469.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519909 Base PCGS# 8118



1818 BD-1 Five Dollar, MS61 Radiant Mint Frost

5872 1818 BD-1, R.5, MS61 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b, identified by a prominent crack through the D in the denomination and the base of AMERICA. The 1818 half eagle claims a reported mintage of 48,588 coins. Three varieties are known, each with a distinct obverse and reverse die. The first marriage, BD-1, features the final S in STATES positioned over the S in PLURIBUS. It is the secondmost elusive variant after BD-3 with an estimated 50 to 65 pieces known.

Light yellow-gold color yields to bursts of sun-gold near the left-hand stars. Frosty luster abounds, delivering wonderful eye appeal to both sides. The central high points are incompletely defined, and a linear depression occurs above the portrait, but none of these significantly affect the desirability or significance of this Mint State Capped Bust half eagle. Population: 9 in 61, 18 finer. CAC: 3 in 61, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXV, PCGS# 519911 Base PCGS# 8119



1818 Capped Head Left Five, MS62 Famous STATESOF, BD-2 Variety

5873 1818 STATESOF, BD-2, R.4, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c. According to Mint records, 48,588 Capped Head Left half eagles were struck in 1818, and numismatists have identified three different die varieties for the date. This coin represents the BD-2 variety, with the famous STATESOF reverse. The BD-2 is one of the most famous varieties of the early gold series, although recent research indicates it is not quite as rare as early catalogers believed. John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population at 100-125 examples in all grades, certainly a modest total in absolute terms. An old Flat Top 5 punch was used in the denomination on the reverse. Since this punch was used on coins in 1815 (and before), it seems likely the reverse die was prepared at an earlier date and set aside until its use in 1818. It is possible Mint personnel noticed the improper spacing in the legend and decided to retire this reverse die before it failed, as no coins with a terminal state of the die have been seen. This was the only use of both dies.

Although the erroneous spacing of the STATESOF reverse is obvious to present-day numismatists, it was seldom noticed (or at least seldom mentioned) by 19th century catalogers. When John W. Haseltine described an example of the BD-2 in lot 353 of his 69th Sale, he differentiated it from the other 1818 variety in the previous lot by noting star 13 was placed further from the head than on the other coin. The STATESOF error was only widely recognized by students of the series in the early 20th century, when Edgar Adams, John H. Clapp, and Waldo Newcomer documented it in their writings. William Woodin exhibited a specimen in the 1914 ANS Exhibition.

The present coin is an impressive MS62 specimen with sharply detailed design elements. From a late state of the obverse die, a bisecting die crack travels through the last 8 in the date, the bust, and star 6, to the rim. The lustrous antique-gold surfaces are minimally marked for the grade and overall eye appeal is outstanding. Population (for the variety): 9 in 62, 9 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# BFXV, PCGS# 519912 Base PCGS# 8121



**1820 Capped Head Left Five, MS60
Elusive Square Base 2, BD-2 Variety**

5874 1820 Square Base 2, Large Letters, BD-2, High R.5, MS60 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a. A series record mintage of 263,806 Capped Head Left half eagles was achieved in 1820, with nine die varieties identified for the date. Four varieties show a Square Base 2 in the date and the others display a Curved Base 2. This coin represents the Square Base 2 BD-2 variety, with star 13 touching the curl and the missing back, right talon of the eagle's foot. The BD-2 is a rare variety with a surviving population of 20-25 examples in all grades. This was the only use of both dies.

The coin offered here is an admirable Mint State specimen, with lustrous orange-gold surfaces that are lightly marked on both sides. A single, long scratch in the upper reverse field probably explains the grade. Sharply detailed in most areas, the lower reverse shows some slight softness, possibly due to die polishing. Eye appeal is quite strong. Housed in a green label holder.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519921 Base PCGS# 8125





1820 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, MS64 Curl Base 2, Large Letters, BD-5 Underrated *Guide Book Variety*

5875 1820 Curl Base 2, Large Letters, BD-5, R.6, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. A series-record mintage of 263,806 Capped Head Left half eagles was produced in 1820, with nine die varieties known for the date. PCGS CoinFacts groups the Bass-Dannreuther varieties into three major subtypes:

1. Square Base 2 (BD-1, BD-2, BD-3, and BD-4), with approximately 100 examples extant.
2. Curl Base 2, Small Letters (BD-6 and BD-8), with 13-15 specimens known.
3. Curl Base 2, Large Letters (BD-5, BD-7, and BD-9), with 30-40 coins all told.

The Curl Base 2 and Square Base 2 are easily distinguished, but the difference in size between the letters in the reverse legend can be difficult to recognize, unless an example of each type is available for direct comparison. Fortunately, all the T's in the Large Letters legend show a notch near the bottom right of the upright, making it easy to differentiate this type from its Small Letters counterpart. The coin offered here is an example of the Curl Base 2, Large Letters, BD-5 variety, with the lowest curl mostly over the 2 in the date and the lowest arrow pointing to the top of I in AMERICA. The BD-5 is a rare issue in absolute terms, with a surviving population of 20-25 examples in all grades. However, it is still probably the most available of the Curl Base 2, Large Letters varieties. The elusive nature of the BD-5 has been somewhat underappreciated in recent years, perhaps because four specimens of this rare variety surfaced in the fabulous Harry Bass Collection, making the BD-5 seem more available than it really is.

The present coin is a spectacular Choice specimen, with well-preserved orange-gold surfaces and especially vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed and there are no signs of planchet adjustment marks. Visual appeal is terrific. This coin will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of early U.S. gold. Housed in a green label holder. Population (Curl Base 2, Large Letters): 1 in 64, 5 finer (9/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25PV, PCGS# 519924 Base PCGS# 8127



1826 Capped Head Half Eagle, MS62 Rare Early Five, BD-1 Only Gold CAC Example

5876 1826 BD-1, R.5, MS62 PCGS. Gold CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/e. A modest mintage of 18,069 Capped Head half eagles was achieved in 1826, with two die varieties known for the date. Most surviving examples, including the coin offered here, represent the BD-1 variety, with star 13 placed low and a large period in the denomination. Since only three specimens of the BD-2 variety are known, we assume BD-1 coins accounted for the majority of the reported mintage, perhaps 12,500-17,500 pieces. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the hardy reverse had been used previously to strike three varieties in 1820.

The 1826 BD-1 half eagle is a rare issue in today's market, with a surviving population of just 30-35 examples in all grades, according to PCGS CoinFacts. This figure agrees well with estimates made by earlier researchers, like David Akers (30-35 pieces) and Walter Breen (possibly as many as 30 coins), indicating that the population has been stable for some time. Most survivors are in Mint State grades, including the MS66+ PCGS BD-1 coin from the D. Brent Pogue Collection, which realized \$446,500 when it was offered last May. The record price realized for any 1826 half eagle is \$763,750, brought by the magnificent MS66 PCGS, CAC BD-2 example in lot 5432 of the FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014). Two proof examples are reported. There are two coins in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution, including one of the proofs, and the Harry Bass Foundation has an example of both varieties (BD-1 and BD-2). PCGS and NGC have combined to certify 20 coins between them, including an unknown number of resubmissions and crossovers (9/2016).

The present coin is a remarkably attractive MS62 example, with sharply detailed design elements and especially vibrant satiny mint luster throughout. Traces of prooflike reflectivity are evident in selected areas and the lightly marked antique-gold surfaces are suggestive of an even higher grade. A few small die lumps are evident in the lower reverse field and the eagle's claws show some effects of lapping, as this was the fourth use of the reverse die. No clashing, die breaks, or planchet adjustment marks are evident and overall eye appeal is terrific. This specimen is the only 1826 half eagle to be awarded a gold CAC sticker (9/16). This piece has been off the market for 26 years and we expect intense competition from series enthusiasts when this lot is called. Population: 3 in 62, 5 finer (9/16). Ex: Auction '90 (RARCOA, 8/1990), lot 942.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519937 Base PCGS# 8135

1827 Half Eagle, MS62 Underrated Early Gold Rarity BD-1, Only Variety of the Year



5877 1827 BD-1, R.6, MS62 NGC. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. Only dies for the date. Historically, the 1827 Capped Head Left half eagle has always been acknowledged as a rare issue, but the most recent findings suggests the coin may be even more elusive than modern collectors realize. In the 1980s researchers like David Akers and Walter Breen estimated the surviving population of the 1827 at 12-20 examples in all grades, based on frequency of auction appearances and personal knowledge of specimens in the great collections of the time. Unlike larger gold coins from the mid-19th century (eagles and double eagles), the supply of early half eagles has not been materially increased by modern shipwreck recoveries, and no hoard of early gold fives has surfaced in recent years, so one would expect the surviving population of coins like the 1827 half eagle to remain fairly static, allowing for the possibility of a few new discoveries from time to time. Instead, published estimates of the number of survivors have nearly doubled in recent years, ranging from 30-45 examples all told. This increase is probably based on population data, as PCGS and NGC have combined to certify 29 examples, ranging in grade from AU58 to MS66 (11/16). It seems virtually certain that this total includes a number of resubmissions and crossovers that have inflated the statistics, making the 1827 seem more available than it really is. In our January 2014 FUN catalog, Heritage numismatists published a roster of all specimens known to us that included only 17 distinctly separate examples, including three coins in institutional collections that remain unavailable to collectors.

The 1827 half eagle has been a popular issue since the earliest days of the hobby and was featured prominently in auctions of the 1860s, like W. Elliot Woodward's Fifth and Sixth Semi-Annual Sales (October 1864 and March 1865), but pioneering numismatists like Matthew Stickney began acquiring their coins from bankers and bullion brokers at even earlier dates. Stickney purchased his 1827 from New York bullion broker Beebe, Ludlow & Co. on September 20, 1849, along with an 1825 half eagle (presumably the BD-1 variety), two new 1849 gold dollars, and a number of foreign coins. Stickney paid only the bullion price for the two rare half eagles, \$5.35 per coin. The record price realized for an 1827 half eagle belongs to the MS65+ PCGS Pogue specimen, which realized \$211,500 when it sold in May of 2016.

We can find only one prior auction appearance of this attractive MS62 specimen, in lot 2783 of the Dennis Mendelson Collection (Superior, 2/1991), where it was described as "... uncontested choice Uncirculated condition ... fresh and original." The obverse is sharply detailed and the reverse is sharp in most areas, but some definition has been lost to lapping, as this was the second of three uses for this hardy reverse. The area between the stems of the olive branch shows evidence of die rust. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces show only scattered, minor signs of contact, but a thin planchet fissure from the nose through star 3 serves as a pedigree marker. Vibrant mint luster adds to the outstanding eye appeal.

Ex: Dennis Mendelson Collection (Superior, 2/1991), lot 2783.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519939 Base PCGS# 8136





1828 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, BD-4, MS62
Underrated Early Gold Rarity
Ex: Mickley/Garrett/Bass

5878 1828 MS62 PCGS. BD-4, R.7. Ex: HW Bass Jr Collection. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. The 1828 Capped Head Left half eagle should be a celebrated rarity in the early U.S. gold series, but its extremely elusive nature is often overlooked, outside of series specialists. Mint records indicate 28,029 half eagles were struck in 1828, with four die varieties known for the date. Two of the varieties were struck from an overdated obverse die left over from 1827, while the other two varieties have perfect dates. This coin represents the BD-4 variety, with a perfect date and stars 1 and 13 placed near the bust. All four varieties of the 1828 half eagle are very rare (one, BD-2, is unique). The BD-4 is the most “available” variety, if such a term can be applied to an issue with fewer than a dozen examples known. PCGS and NGC have combined to certify a total of eight specimens of the perfect date 1828 half eagle (8/16), but even that small total may include some duplication. Two of the known survivors are sequestered in the Smithsonian Institution and the Harry Bass Foundation, out of reach of eager collectors. We have compiled a roster of all specimens known to us (nine pieces) below.

The present coin has a most distinguished pedigree that has gone largely untraced in previous auction appearances. In the May 2016 catalog of the D. Brent Pogue Collection, John Kraljevic pointed out an error in the prior pedigree of the 1827 half eagle in lot 4033. That coin had been erroneously pedigreed in lot 469 of the Garrett Collection, Part I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979) to a November 25, 1919-dated transaction between Boston coin dealer William Hesslein and John Work Garrett, due to a typographical error.

What was not revealed, however, is that apparently the same error occurred in cataloging this specimen, which also appeared in the Garrett sale, lot 470, and the earlier pedigree of this coin has been lost ever since. We are pleased to present — for the first time, to our knowledge — the expanded early pedigree of this important 1828 half eagle, which heretofore has been unrecorded, and unquestionably enhances the significance of the present example.

This piece was actually purchased much earlier than indicated in the Garrett catalog, by numismatic patriarch T. Harrison Garrett, from another, more famous Boston coin dealer, W. Elliot Woodward. The circumstances of this purchase are outlined in correspondence in the Garrett papers, which are now housed in the library of the American Numismatic Society. Woodward sent several letters to Garrett in January of 1883, detailing the possible acquisition of a truly spectacular collection of early American gold coins. He hoped Garrett would be interested in many of the finer pieces from this collection and offered him a remarkable selection of coins at a price that would make the purchase of the entire collection financially viable for him in a January 17, 1883-dated telegram:

“Will you take Half Eagles Ninety Six, Ninety Seven, Eighteen Two, Three, Nineteen, Twenty One, Twenty Four, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine; Quarter Eagles Eighteen Five, Twenty Six. All Fine, some nearly Proof. Two Hundred Dollars. Answer Immediately-Owner Just Leaving Boston.”

Garrett agreed to purchase this lot at the suggested price and Woodward succeeded in securing the entire collection just before the owner left town that night. In a letter posted to Garrett the next day, Woodward revealed much more about the history of this fabulous gathering:

“I think I mentioned to you that I once owned the collection, but a much more interesting fact I did not mention: the pieces formed the gold cabinet of Joseph J. Mickley. After purchasing his coins I sold the gold collection entire and it has now come back to me.”

Woodward first purchased Mickley’s entire collection in 1867, after many of his foreign coins were stolen in a robbery at his home in Philadelphia. Woodward offered most of the remaining foreign coins and all the silver and minor U.S. issues in a marvelous auction catalog that set the standard for U.S. coin sales of that era. The U.S. gold portion of the collection was handled separately, with all the coins going to prominent Boston collector William Sumner Appleton in a private transaction before the auction took place. Appleton reportedly paid \$4,000 for the gold portion of the collection, but his actual role in the transaction may have been more extensive. It may be that the wealthy Appleton acted as a financial partner or underwriter for Woodward in the purchase of the collection, and received the gold coins as his share of the profits.

In any case, Appleton owned Mickley’s gold collection for the next 15 years, but decided to part with it at some point early in 1882. According to coin dealer Ebenezer Locke Mason, writing in his house organ *Mason’s Coin Collectors’ Magazine* in June of 1882:

“W.S. Appleton, of Boston, has disposed of his gold eagles, half eagles and quarter eagles to a Boston dealer, and it is rumored that Devon-schayer street has a share in the trade.”

Mason was referring to merchant and coin dealer John C. Schayer, whose place of business was located on Devonshire Street, in the heart of Boston’s profitable Mercantile district. Apparently, Schayer was the man Woodward actually dealt with when he reacquired Mickley’s gold in 1883. Mickley, one of the pioneer numismatists in this country, was collecting coins for at least 5-10 years before the 1828 half eagle was minted, so he may have purchased this coin directly from the Mint, or at a Philadelphia bank at the time of issue. More likely, he may have acquired it from his contacts among bankers and bullion brokers later on. He almost certainly had this coin by 1858, when he wrote his pamphlet *Dates of United States Coins and Their Degrees of Rarity*, which was largely based on his personal collection and experience in collecting over the previous four decades. Of all the early half eagles he was aware of, Mickley singled out only three dates as being difficult to locate: the 1822, which he called Very Rare, and the 1824 and 1828, which he designated as Rare.

As outlined above, T. Harrison Garrett purchased the 1828 half eagle, and many other coins from Mickley’s collection, in 1883. It remained in his collection until his death, when it was bequeathed, along with the rest of his coins, to his son, Robert Garrett. Robert sold, or traded, his interest in the collection to his brother, John Work Garrett, circa 1919. John Work Garrett bequeathed the collection to Johns Hopkins University after his death in 1942, and the university deaccessioned the Garrett holdings in the 1970s. The U.S. coins were sold in a landmark series of auctions, first by Stack’s (1976) and later by Bowers and Ruddy (1979-1981).

Harry W. Bass, Jr., perhaps the most advanced collector of early gold die varieties of all time, purchased this piece when it appeared in lot 470 of the Garrett Collection, Part I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979). Like the Garretts, Harry Bass never relinquished this coin. After his death, parts of the Bass Collection were preserved by the Harry Bass Foundation and are currently on display at ANA headquarters in Colorado Springs. The rest of his collection, including this coin, was sold in another memorable series of auctions through Bowers and Merena. This piece has been off the market since it was offered in lot 819 of the Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection, Part II, in October of 1999.

An attractive MS62 specimen, the third or fourth finest known, this coin exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the softness on Liberty's hair and the vertical stripes in the shield seen on all examples of this issue. A faint die crack is evident connecting the 5 and D in the denomination. The vivid yellow and rose-gold surfaces show a scattering of minor contact marks and retain much original mint luster, with a few hints of prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. A most attractive specimen, combining absolute rarity, strong visual appeal and an illustrious pedigree, it may be years before a comparable example becomes available.

Roster of 1828 BD-4 Half Eagles:

1. MS65+ PCGS. Possibly James Ten Eyck, per Mehl's comments in the Dunham catalog; Ten Eyck Collection (B. Max Mehl, 5/1922), lot 193; Waldo Newcomer (plate match from the Newcomer plates); B. Max Mehl, circa 1931; "Colonel" E.H.R. Green, circa 1932; unknown intermediaries; Paramount's Rare Coin List No. 7, 1974, page 52; Davies-Niewoehner Collection (Paramount, 2/1975), lot 561; Auction '79 (Stack's, 7/1979), lot 817; D. Brent Pogue Collection (Stack's Bowers, 5/2016), lot 4035, realized \$458,250.

2. MS64 PCGS. CAC. Dupont Collection; Farish Baldenhofer Collection (Stack's, 11/1955), lot 1246; Samuel Wolfson Collection (Stack's, 10/1962), lot 372; Auction '82 (Paramount, 8/1982), lot 1933; R.E. Naftzger, Jr.; Naftzger-Paramount Fixed Price List; October Sale (Superior, 10/1990), lot 2095; Michael Keston Collection (Superior, 1/1996), lot 119; Harvey W. Jacobson, Jr., FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 4679, realized \$402,500; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2013), lot 4517, realized \$499,375.

3. MS63 Uncertified. Davis-Graves Collection (Stack's, 4/1954), lot 1452; Clifford T. Weihman, Josiah K. Lilly, Smithsonian Institution (grade per Garrett and Guth).

4. MS62 PCGS. Joseph J. Mickley; W. Elliot Woodward; William Sumner Appleton; John C. Schayer; Woodward again; T. Harrison Garrett; Robert Garrett; John Work Garrett; Johns Hopkins University; Garrett Collection Part I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979), lot 470; Harry W. Bass, Jr.; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 10/1999), lot 819; **the present coin.**

5. MS62 NGC. Harlan Page Smith Collection (S.H. & H. Chapman, 5/1906), lot 217; John H. Clapp Collection; Louis Eliasberg; United States Gold Coin Collection (Bowers and Ruddy, 10/1982), lot 386; Charles Kramer Collection (Stack's/Superior, 11/1988), lot 329; Fort Lauderdale Collection (Superior, 1/2005), lot 1028.

6. AU55 Prooflike Uncertified. "Colonel" E.H.R. Green; King Farouk; Palace Collections of Egypt (Sotheby's, 2/1954), lot 243; Norweb Collection (Bowers and Merena, 10/1987), lot 778; Harry W. Bass, Jr.; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Foundation.

7. AU55 PCGS. Margene Heathgate Collection (Superior, 6/1997), lot 1492.

8. AU Details NGC, Repaired. Heman Ely Collection (W. Elliot Woodward, 1/1884), lot 840; All the Kingdoms of the World (W. Elliot Woodward, 10/1884), lot 1156; Randall Collection (W. Elliot Woodward, 6/1885), lot 933; unknown intermediaries; William Cutler Atwater Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1946), lot 1645; Amon G. Carter, Jr. Collection (Stack's, 1/1984), lot 663; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/1999), lot 5700; Smith and Youngman Collections (Bowers and Merena, 3/2003), lot 2272; 68th Anniversary Sale (Stack's, 10/2003), lot 2112; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2006), lot 2715; Donald E. Bently; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2014), lot 5434. This coin is traceable through its early appearances by the presence of the initials G.W. and the date 1806 inscribed in the fields, mentioned in the descriptions. After the Carter sale, the initials were removed, but the coin is still recognizable.

9. XF Sharpness, Repaired, Uncertified. Joel Rettew fixed price list, winter 1976; Rare Coin Review 26; Auction '79 (RARCOA, 7/1979), lot 1234; Dr. Jon Kardatzke Collection (Ira and Larry Goldberg, 6/2000), lot 1314.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519943 Base PCGS# 8138



1830 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, MS63 Seldom Encountered Early Gold Issue Small 5D, BD-2 Variety

5879 1830 Small 5D, BD-2, High R.5, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. A substantial mintage of 126,351 Capped Head Left half eagles was accomplished in 1830, with only two die varieties known for the date. The coin offered here represents the rare BD-2 variety, with the Small D in the denomination. Although John Dannreuther estimates the surviving population of the BD-2 as a meager 30-40 specimens in all grades, it is seen slightly more often than the BD-1, making the 1830 half eagle quite elusive as a date. The BD-2 probably accounted for 50,000-75,000 pieces of the reported mintage. This was the second use of the obverse die, which was used previously to strike the BD-1 variety of 1830, and the reverse was later employed to strike the very rare BD-1 variety of 1831.

Interestingly, John Dannreuther discovered that the obverse die used to strike both varieties of 1830 is actually a leftover, overdated die from 1829. Unfortunately, the discovery was made after the publication of his series reference in 2006. In a December 29, 2006-dated email, Dannreuther noted:

"All half eagles of 1830 (only one obverse used with two reverse dies) are overdates. Both Bass examples are clear 1830/29's with the curl of the 2 visible in the bottom of the 3 and the 9 clearly visible on both the left of the 0 (know it is very clear on the Bass coins) and the right (the curve of the 9 is very evident on both Bass coins). Kneass (or Eckfeldt or someone else) did an incredible job of punching the 30 exactly over the 29, making this discovery difficult ... it is just like the Bust dime 1830/29 overdates and was done with extreme care!"

The present coin is an impressive Select specimen, with lustrous yellow and orange-gold surfaces that show a few scattered, minor contact marks on both sides. The design elements were strongly impressed, but there is some slight softness on the central reverse, possibly due to lapping. The overall presentation is most attractive.

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519947 Base PCGS# 45293

1831 Capped Head Left Five, MS64 Small Diameter, Large 5D, BD-2 Variety Classic Gold Rarity

5880 1831 Large 5D, BD-2, R.6, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b. The 1831 Capped Head Left half eagle claims a substantial mintage of 140,594 pieces, split between just two die varieties. This coin represents the slightly more available BD-2 variety, recognized by the Large D in the denomination. The BD-2 is seldom encountered in today's market and PCGS CoinFacts estimates the surviving population at 22-26 examples in all grades. The leading grading services have combined to certify a total of 23 specimens including all varieties (9/16). The obverse die was also used to strike the BD-1 variety of 1831 but this was the only use of the reverse die. From recently discovered die evidence, it now appears that the BD-2 variety of 1831 was struck between die marriages of the BD-1 variety.

The 1831 half eagle was recognized as a rarity at an early date, and examples began appearing at auction at least as early as the Fifth Semi-Annual Sale (W. Elliot Woodward, 10/1864), lot 1653:

"1831 Very fine indeed, and extremely rare, the first offered at public sale"

The lot realized realized \$40, the third-highest price for any half eagle in the sale, behind the rare 1795 Large Eagle and the extremely rare 1825/4. The lot sold to George Seavey, of Cambridgeport, Massachusetts. We believe this is the same coin that sold for a record price of \$646,250 when it was offered in the famous D. Brent Pogue Collection last May.

The present coin is a delightful Choice specimen, with vivid orange-gold surfaces that show only minor signs of contact. The design elements are sharply detailed in most areas, but the reverse shows some loss of detail on the shield stripes, arrow fletchings, and eagle's claws, due to lapping. There is a faint die crack through the lower point of star 5 on the obverse, and a more advanced crack from OF, through the wingtip, and the letters in AMERICA on the reverse. Vibrant satiny mint luster radiates from both sides, with hints of prooflike reflectivity in selected areas. Overall eye appeal is terrific. This remarkable coin was last publicly offered 26 years ago. It will be a welcome addition to a fine collection of early gold die varieties. Population (all varieties): 1 in 64, 2 finer (9/16).

Ex: L.A. Collection of U.S. Type Coins; 55th Anniversary Collection (Stack's, 10/1990), lot 1682.

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25RD, PCGS# 519949 Base PCGS# 45296





1833 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, MS63 Small, Close Date, BD-2 Variety Sought-After Elusive Issue

5881 1833 Small Date, BD-2, R.6, MS63 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/e. The 1833 Capped Head Left half eagle claims a rather substantial mintage of 193,630 pieces, with three die varieties known for the date. The coin offered here represents the rare BD-2 variety, with the Close, Small Date and the period distant from D in the denomination. An entirely different set of numeral punches was used to impress the so-called Small Date obverse, but it is difficult to distinguish this issue from its Large Date counterpart based on the numeral size alone. The closer spacing of the date and the belted 8 (rather than symmetrical 8) features are much easier to see. The BD-2 is an elusive issue, with a surviving population of just 22-28 specimens in all grades. The BD-2 is seen less often than the BD-1 variety of 1833, but it is more available than the very rare BD-3. The BD-2 probably accounted for 75,000-100,000 pieces of the reported mintage. The obverse die was used again to strike the BD-3 variety of 1833. This was the final use of the hardy reverse, which was used previously to strike all the half eagles in 1832 and the BD-1 variety of 1833.

The 1833 half eagle was a popular issue with 19th century numismatists and examples began appearing at auction at least as early as lot 1655 of the Fifth Semi-Annual Sale (W. Elliot Woodward, 10/1864), "1833 Nearly proof; about as rare as the preceding." The lot realized a strong price of \$31, to Heman Ely, a prominent collector from Ohio. Early die variety specialist John Colvin Randall noticed the difference between the "close date" and "broad date" varieties of 1833 before 1885 and the BD-2 was known to Edgar Adams, John H. Clapp, and Waldo Newcomer in the early 20th century.

The present coin is a delightful Select specimen, with lustrous orange-gold surfaces that show only minor signs of contact. The design elements were strongly impressed, but the reverse die was heavily lapped (after three previous uses), resulting in some loss of detail in the arrow fletching and eagle's talons. Overall visual appeal is outstanding for this rare early gold issue. Population (for Small Date): 2 in 63, 4 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. PCGS# 519953 Base PCGS# 8158



1834 Capped Head Left Half Eagle, MS62 With Motto, Crosslet 4, BD-2 Final Year of Design

5882 1834 With Motto, Crosslet 4, BD-2, R.5, MS62 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. By 1821, changes in the price of gold verses silver on the world market made the intrinsic value of all U.S. gold coins greater than their face value. As a result, almost all U.S. gold coinage was hoarded, exported, or melted as soon as it was issued. To rectify the situation, Congress changed the specifications for gold coinage in 1834, reducing the gold content to make the face value equal the intrinsic value. To signify the change, the Classic Head design was instituted on the half eagle and quarter eagle, the only gold denominations struck in 1834.

Before these important changes took place, a nominal mintage of 50,141 Capped Head Left half eagles was produced with the old design and specifications. Four very scarce-to-rare die varieties of "old-tenor" 1834 half eagles are known to numismatists today, two with a Crosslet 4 in the date and two with a Plain 4. This coin represents the BD-2 variety, with a Crosslet 4 positioned about halfway under an incomplete curl on the bust. The BD-2 is the most available of the four die varieties, but still a very scarce issue. Possibly 45-55 examples of the BD-2 survive in all grades, and the variety probably accounted for 20,000-25,000 pieces of the reported mintage. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used again to strike the very rare BD-3 variety of this date.

The present coin is an attractive MS62 example with well-detailed design elements that show just a touch of softness on the peripheral devices. A die crack passes through stars 9-13 on the obverse and another shows through the letters in MERICA and 5D on the reverse. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. We expect intense competition from type collectors and series enthusiasts when this lot is called. Census (for Crosslet 4): 1 in 62, 3 finer (10/16).

From The Hutchinson Collection. NGC ID# 25RP, PCGS# 519956 Base PCGS# 8161

End of The Hutchinson Collection of Early Half Eagles

EARLY HALF EAGLES



**1795 Small Eagle Five, AU58
BD-9, Narrow Date, Semiprooflike**

5883 1795 Small Eagle, BD-9, High R.5, AU58 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. Collectors uninitiated in the series would be surprised to learn that the 1795 Small Eagle five dollar gold pieces — the first gold coins officially struck under federal sanction at the fledgling U.S. Mint, beating the 1795 ten dollar pieces by a couple of months — are found in 12 different die pairings. Those 12 die marriages are shared among the estimated mintage, which the *Guide Book* gives as 8,707 coins but which Bass-Dannreuther guess could be as high as 12,106 pieces bearing the 1795 date — not necessarily all struck in 1795.

Among the 12 1795 varieties, only the BD-3, ranked High R.3, can be considered only moderately scarce for the issue, with an estimated 2,000-3,000 pieces known, according to Bass-Dannreuther. The present BD-9 variety is far rarer, rated High R.5 with an estimated survival of only 35-45 coins.

The BD-9 obverse is also called the 1795 Small Eagle, Narrow Date due to the narrowly spaced numerals. That obverse is shared with two other reverse dies on the BD-8 and BD-10. Bass-Dannreuther note that this variety is not as available as has sometimes been supposed, perhaps because the Narrow Date moniker is applied to all three varieties. The 1 in the date nearly touches the hair, and most of the flag of the 5 overlies the drapery. The 17 and 5 of the date are tall, with the 9 much shorter, and digits are crammed together in a distinctive way.

The reverse show four berries in the wreath, “nearly level,” as Harry Bass wrote in his notes.

The present near-Mint State coin displays semiprooflike surfaces with an excellent complement of remaining luster — a not-uncommon occurrence on high-grade examples of the 1795. The strike is somewhat soft in the centers, and the surfaces overall have a pronounced reddish-gold color that contributes to the broad appeal. Diagonal planchet adjustment marks appear on the eagle’s breast. The surfaces are lightly but extensively peppered with minor abrasions, but the high points display just a minor hint of rub consistent with the grade.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2011), lot 4434. PCGS# 519858 Base PCGS# 8066



1798 Large Eagle Five, AU55 BD-4, 13 Stars Reverse

5884 1798 Large Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse, BD-4, High R.4, AU55 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/e. The BD-4 variety is scarce in all grades with fewer than 100 pieces believed known. This terminal die state marks the end of this obverse's second use and the reverse's only use. Two prominent rim cuds appear near ES OF on the reverse, and heavy cracking is seen above STATES. The obverse is cracked along the entire right-hand periphery. This Choice AU Heraldic Eagle 1798 five is bright and partially lustrous with yellow-gold surfaces. The very central high points of each side exhibit strike softness, but the borders are sharp and evenly struck. A few light, scattered abrasions are consistent with the grade. NGC ID# BFX6, PCGS# 507324 Base PCGS# 8078

1799 BD-2 Half Eagle, AU58 Small Reverse Stars

5885 1799 Small Reverse Stars, BD-2, High R.5, AU58 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/e. This piece exhibits myriad clash marks and several die cracks on each side. Several adjustment marks are evident on the obverse, with a number of surface marks on each side. The small reverse stars are arranged in a line pattern with the second star in the second row attached to the top of the eagle's beak. A trace of high-point rub is noted on each side, with essentially complete satin luster. Central obverse and reverse weakness is evident at and opposite the obverse adjustment marks. An attractive and important example. PCGS# 519874 Base PCGS# 8081



**1799 Half Eagle, Reflective AU55
BD-6, Small Stars Reverse**

5886 1799 Small Reverse Stars, BD-6, R.5, AU55 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/d, the latest die state known. The scarcity of the 1799 half eagle is demonstrated by the rarity of each of the nine different die varieties. BD-6 is the most plentiful of the die marriages, and John Dannreuther estimates that only 40 to 50 examples of this issue are known. The present coin was struck from moderately cracked dies, with no later die states known. BD-6 is the final and only use of this obverse and reverse, respectively. Dannreuther expects that no more than 2,750 pieces were ever struck with this die pair. This piece displays bright yellow-gold luster and reflective fields. The strike is bold and even, and neither side exhibits significant wear. An old, thin scratch appears in the obverse field beneath RTY, accompanied by light surface chatter elsewhere on each side. A pleasing example of the date or variety. PCGS# 519880 Base PCGS# 8081





1803/2 Capped Bust Right Five, MS64+ Popular Overdate, Imperfect T, BD-2 Scarcest Variety of the Date

5887 1803/2 BD-2, R.5, MS64+ PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/c. A nominal mintage of 33,506 Capped Bust Right half eagles was accomplished in 1803, with four die varieties known for the date. All four varieties are overdates, struck from two leftover obverse dies from 1802. The coin offered here represents the BD-2 variety, with the 3 in the date just barely free of the bust, an imperfect T in LIBERTY, and the star away from the beak and touching the ribbon with two points on the reverse. The BD-2 is the scarcest variety of the date, with a surviving population of 40-50 examples in all grades. The emission sequence for the 1802, 1803, and 1804 half eagles is very complicated, due to several possible remarriages of different die pairs during these years. This obverse die was used to strike three of the four die varieties of this date, but this was the only use of the reverse.

The present coin is a Plus-graded Choice example with sharply detailed design elements in most areas. There is just a touch of softness on the bust, however, probably due to some faint planchet adjustment marks in that area which were not completely eliminated during striking. The clouds on the reverse show the famous "bitten" effect under both T's and the E in STATES, and under F in OF, caused by those letters being too deeply impressed into the die and removing the detail from the uppermost layer of the clouds. From a late state of the dies, the reverse shows a bisecting die crack from the rim above E in STATES to the rim below U in UNITED. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and only a few minor contact marks are evident on both sides. This coin possesses exceptional visual appeal to match its high technical quality. Population: 12 in 64, 1 in 64+, 3 finer (10/16). PCGS# 504949 Base PCGS# 8084



1804 Five Dollar, MS61 BD-6, Small Over Large 8

5888 1804 Small Over Large 8, BD-6, R.5, MS61 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b with two lengthy vertical die cracks on the reverse. This peach-red and green-gold representative is sharply struck and displays surprisingly few marks. The portrait displays a few vertical and parallel adjustment marks, as coined. The Dannreuther reference refers to the variety as the "Normal Over Large 8." The 1 is repunched south, the 0 is repunched both north and south. The 4 is not repunched. The obverse die was paired with three reverses; BD-6 is readily attributed by two long, straight die lines from leaftips to the eagle's wing and the R in AMERICA. NGC ID# BFXB, PCGS# 519896 Base PCGS# 8086

1806 BD-6 Half Eagle, MS62 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars

5889 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2, MS62 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/c. The obverse has a faint die crack from the border to the lowest curl, and the reverse has a die crack through the N of UNITED to the arrows. There is no rust lump on the R of LIBERTY. The 1806 Knob 6 half eagle is the most plentiful half eagle variety coined from 1795 to 1834. Examples are obtainable in all grades through MS64, although Mint State pieces are in strong demand for type collections. This lovely piece has subdued greenish-gold luster with a splash of steel-blue toning on the reverse. Slight reverse adjustment marks are noted below the right wing. NGC ID# BFXJ, PCGS# 45620 Base PCGS# 8089



1806 Capped Bust Right Half Eagle, MS64 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6 Variety

5890 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2, MS64 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/e. Round Top, Knobbed 6. The late die state is confirmed by an obvious rust lump on R in LIBERTY. A later state exists, where die clashing forewarns a terminal state of the dies, but this coin shows only a few areas of minor clashing. Long a favorite of early gold type collectors, the BD-6 variety is not only the most readily available early half eagle, it is among the most populous of any early gold denomination. Somewhere in the neighborhood of 1,000 pieces exist in all grades.

Even so, near-Gem examples and finer are scarce-to-rare. Only a handful of numerically finer pieces than the present coin exist. Brilliant satiny luster covers both sides of this greenish-gold five, with just a few minor marks that disturb the frosted surfaces. The strike is centrally bold on the obverse but slightly weak at the shield stripes and left eagle's wing as always seen, a function of obverse die in the hammer and the reverse in the anvil position. Census: 18 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BFXJ, PCGS# 45620 Base PCGS# 8089





1806 BD-6 Half Eagle, MS64+ Enigmatic Die State

5891 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2, MS64+ PCGS. A new obverse die was created for this marriage, departing from the previous obverse dies used in 1806. This obverse has a Knobbed 6 compared to the Pointed 6 of all other varieties. Also unlike the other 1806 varieties, this obverse has the stars arrange with seven to the left and six to the right.

When John Dannreuther compiled the Bass-Dannreuther reference, he recorded four obverse states and six reverse states. Obverse State b requires a die crack from the edge to the bottom of the curl, and the final State d requires a rust lump on the upright of the R in LIBERTY. This piece has no trace of the die crack from the border to the hair curl, but does show the rust lump. Possibilities are the rust lump occurred earlier, or the die was relapped, removing the die crack. Prominent die polish lines are evident in the obverse field.

Similarly, the reverse die state is uncertain. Reverse State a is perfect, State b is clashed and lapped, State c is cracked from the edge through the N to the arrowheads, State d is "further cracked," State e is reclanged, and State f is further reclanged. The reverse of the present piece has die rust and is cracked from the left wingtip to the top of the first S, and faintly through AMERICA, but has no evidence of clashing, lapping, or the State c die crack. This piece just doesn't fit the mold.

A splendid Choice Mint State example, this early half eagle has brilliant yellow surfaces with reflective obverse fields and frosty reverse luster. Wisps of rose overtones appear on the reverse. A Census level example, one of only four that PCGS grades MS64+, with only three finer, all graded MS65 (11/16). NGC ID# BFXJ, PCGS# 45620 Base PCGS# 8089



**Near-Mint Bust Right 1807 Half Eagle
BD-2, Large Reverse Stars
Small Date, Small Obverse Stars**

5892 1807 Bust Right, BD-2, R.5, AU58 PCGS. A middle die state with a light crack through the tops of UNITED but no evidence of clash marks. A faint die crack traverses rim to rim over the E in LIBERTY; this crack becomes a full-fledged cud in a later die state. This is a beautiful Borderline Uncirculated Bust Right half eagle from the final year of the type. The surfaces are mildly prooflike and the reverse periphery displays light orange toning. Evenly struck and void of visible marks. A lens can locate only faint hairlines. BD-5 is a very scarce die pairing, and one of three with its size combination of the stars and date. However, all eight 1807 five dollar varieties can eventually be acquired by the persistent collector, and would make an impressive and varied display. NGC ID# CKLF, PCGS# 519899 Base PCGS# 8092



**1810 BD-4 Half Eagle, MS64
Large Date, Large 5
Early Die State**

5893 1810 Large Date, Large 5, BD-4, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a, an early die state struck from perfect obverse and reverse dies that show no evidence of die cracks, clash marks, or lapping. Type collectors would do well to consider this piece as it is a plentiful variety that is frequently available in a wide grade range up to MS64, while finer pieces are quite rare. Minor adjustment marks on the borders diminish the peripheral detail of this Choice Mint State example, while the central obverse and reverse design definition is exquisite. A lovely piece with brilliant and frosty yellow-gold surfaces. Population: 35 in 64 (1 in 64+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BFXP, PCGS# 507598 Base PCGS# 8108



**1810 BD-4 Half Eagle, MS64
Perfect Dies**

5894 1810 Large Date, Large 5, BD-4, R.2, MS64 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a, a perfect dies example with no evidence of die cracks, clash marks, or lapping on either side. Nearly all known examples are from the early die states as illustrated here, and that is quite remarkable given the extremely high mintage that John Dannreuther estimates between 75,000 and 90,000 coins. This impressive Choice Mint State piece exhibits frosty luster with brilliant light yellow surfaces and hints of peripheral rose toning on the reverse. Population: 35 in 64 (1 in 64+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BFXP, PCGS# 507598 Base PCGS# 8108



**1812 Half Eagle, BD-1, MS64
Wide 5D, Frosty Mint Luster**

5895 1812 BD-1, R.3, MS64 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b, heavily clashed. A lustrous straw-gold Choice gold type coin that is splendidly devoid of abrasions. A mint-made strike-through between the right (facing) wing and AMERICA is all that disrupts the frosty yellow-gold luster. Consistent with the late die state, this piece is struck from boldly clashed dies. A good die impression with moderate incompleteness on the shield and left wing characterizes each side. The curved die scratch (as made) on the horizontal shield stripes is as diagnostic for the variety, as is the widely spaced denomination. An impressive example in a grade that provides an excellent combination of quality and value. Census: 30 in 64, 10 finer (5/08).

Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 6/2008), lot 1973.

Selections From The Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack. NGC ID# 25PL, PCGS# 507601 Base PCGS# 8112



1821 Capped Head Left Half Eagle

AU Details

Heavily Melted Early Gold Rarity, BD-1

5896 1821 BD-1, High R.6 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. According to Mint records, 34,641 Capped Head Left half eagles were struck in 1821, but some of those coins were probably dated 1820. John Dannreuther believes the actual production total for 1821-dated coins may be as low as 20,000 pieces. Only two die varieties are known for the date, with this coin representing the BD-1 variety, with star 13 placed low and touching the curl. The BD-1 is seen more often than the BD-2 variety (which has only two confirmed examples), but it is still a rare issue, with a surviving population of about 15 specimens in all grades. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used to strike a total of six half eagle die varieties from 1820-1824.

In addition to the low production total, another factor that definitely contributed to the rarity of the 1821 issue was the widespread hoarding and melting of all U.S. gold coinage, which began in a big way in 1821. The price of gold versus silver on the world market changed dramatically after the specifications for U.S. coinage were established in 1792. Production of silver from Latin American mines increased tremendously during this time period, and the Law of Supply and Demand drove the price of gold up until the intrinsic value of all U.S. gold issues was much greater than its face value. By 1821, U.S. gold coins were seldom seen in circulation, as speculators exported them for profit or melted them for bullion as soon as they were struck. This situation continued until Congress adjusted the specifications for gold coinage in 1834, by which time almost all old-tenor gold coins, including the 1821 half eagles, had been destroyed.

The 1821 half eagle was a favorite of early collectors, and examples began appearing at auction as early as the A.C. Kline Sale in 1855. The earliest numismatic transaction we are aware of was a private sale on January 6, 1846, when pioneering collector Matthew Stickney purchased a BD-1 specimen from bullion and exchange brokers Beebee, Ludlow & Co. for its bullion value of \$5.35. Compare that early price with the staggering \$564,000 realized by the MS66+ PCGS specimen in the D. Brent Pogue Collection when it sold in May of 2016.

The present coin shows some slight wear on the strongly impressed design elements, but almost all interior detail remains intact and the antique-gold surfaces show only minor abrasions on both sides. The luster is somewhat dimmed by the effects of a light cleaning long ago, but the overall presentation is still attractive for this early gold rarity. We know of no prior history for this coin and believe it has been off the market for some time. PCGS# 519929 Base PCGS# 8129



1830 Capped Head Left Five, AU Details Small 5D, BD-2 Variety

5897 1830 Small 5D, BD-2, High R.5 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. The 1830 Capped Head Left half eagle is an elusive issue from a deceptively large mintage of 129,351 pieces. Only two die varieties are known for the date, as the Mint had learned much about the proper manufacture and hardening of dies over the years. This coin is an example of the BD-2 variety, which is seen more often than the BD-1, but still has a surviving population of no more than 30-40 examples in all grades. John Dannreuther believes the obverse was a leftover die from 1829 that was overdated for use in 1830.

The present coin shows just a trace of actual wear on the well-detailed design elements and the surfaces show only scattered, minor abrasions on both sides. The still-attractive lemon-yellow surfaces have an unnaturally bright sheen, the result of a light cleaning at some point in the past. Some lucky collector will find this coin an attractive balance of absolute rarity and value.





1831 Capped Head Left Five, AU58 Rare Reduced Diameter Type Large 5D, BD-2 Variety

5898 1831 Large 5D, BD-2, R.6, AU58 PCGS Secure. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b. Because of increased gold deposits from recently discovered finds in Georgia and the Carolinas, mintages of half eagles increased greatly after 1830. Unfortunately, the intrinsic value of the coins continued to be much greater than the face value, resulting in widespread hoarding, exportation, and melting. Efforts to rectify the situation began in 1829, when the diameter of the half eagle was reduced significantly, with a corresponding increase in thickness, making the coins appear smaller. No one was fooled by this, however, and the issue was only resolved in 1834, when the gold content of the coins was reduced. Only a tiny fraction of the 140,595-piece half eagle mintage accomplished in 1831 survived long enough to be rescued by early numismatists. Two die varieties are known for the date and both are quite elusive. Both varieties share a common obverse, but the different reverses are easily distinguished by the size of the D in the denomination. This coin represents the BD-2 variety, with the Large D reverse. The BD-2 has a surviving population of 22-30 examples in all grades and probably accounted for 75,000-100,000 pieces of the reported mintage.

Both Walter Breen and John Dannreuther believed the BD-2 was struck after the BD-1 variety of 1831, but John Kraljevich recently noticed that the D. Brent Pogue specimen of the BD-2 appears to be from an earlier die state than the BD-1 in the Pogue Collection. In lot 4041 of the D. Brent Pogue Collection, Part IV (Stack's Bowers, 5/2016) the cataloger noted, "The break between the points of star 5 is far earlier on this coin than the Pogue BD-1." From this, it now seems that the die emission sequence for the 1831 varieties includes at least one remarriage, with the BD-2 coins struck between pairings of the BD-1 dies. With so few examples of both varieties available for study, the exact emission sequence is difficult to establish.

The present coin is a pleasing near-Mint specimen, with just a trace of wear on the sharply detailed design elements. The obverse die break at star 5 is present and a more extensive crack shows on the reverse from OF, through the wing, and on through the letters in AMERIC. The still-lustrous orange-gold surfaces are minimally abraded and eye appeal is quite strong. The 1831 half eagle is rare as a date and type, and we expect intense competition from discerning collectors when this lot is called. NGC ID# 25RD, PCGS# 519949 Base PCGS# 45296

CLASSIC HALF EAGLES



1834 Plain 4 Half Eagle, MS64+ Radiant Honey-Gold Example

5899 1834 Plain 4 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Breen-6502, McCloskey 2-C, R.4 Diagnostics for this scarce variety include a Block 8, repunched 4, the presence of the eagle's tongue, and the 5 in the denomination left of the feather. The Mint struck 657,460 Classic Head half eagles in 1834, a transitional year that also saw the end of the short-lived Kneass half eagle series. The Plain 4 coins are far more accessible in all grades than the Crosslet 4 pieces, but they become very scarce in MS64. A small handful of finer coins are known.

Warm honey-gold color graces this eye-appealing half eagle. Swirling luster enhances the visual quality. The strike is bold, and marks are undeniably scant for the technical assessment, explaining the Plus designation and CAC approval sticker. Population: 40 in 64 (4 in 64+), 5 finer. CAC: 11 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171



1838 Classic Head Five, MS64 Underrated and Rare in This Grade

5900 1838 MS64 PCGS. Breen-6515, McCloskey 2-B, R.1. The 1838 Classic Head half eagle is scarcer in Mint State than earlier Philadelphia issues of this type, and it is noticeably rare in Choice condition. Gem or better coins are extremely rare. In their gold coin *Encyclopedia*, Garrett and Guth write: "In Mint State, the population drops off dramatically and virtually stops at MS64." However, the rarity of auction appearances even in MS64 suggests that the reported population in this grade is highly inflated by resubmissions. Our Permanent Auction Archives list 83 offerings of a Mint State 1838 half eagle, *but with only six of those in MS64 and finer condition*. A broader examination of auction results over the past few decades shows comparable evidence that MS64 coins are virtually as rare as their higher-grade counterparts.

The present coin displays frosty, glowing yellow-gold luster and an impressively sharp strike throughout the central devices and peripheral stars. A few light grazes appear beneath a loupe, but this near-Gem 1838 half eagle boasts nonetheless outstanding eye appeal. Population: 20 in 64, 5 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25S4, PCGS# 8176





1838-C Half Eagle, AU58 Far Above Average

5901 1838-C AU58 NGC. Normal 5, McCloskey 1-A, Variety 1, R.4. Although this first-year C-mint half eagle is not known for sharp striking definition, the present example displays bold overall detail that wanes slightly over a few of the obverse star centrils. Traces of a semi-prooflike finish are evident at most angles, and the color is an attractive blend of green-gold and orange-gold shades. Typically abraded for the grade as well as the issue with a lamination (as struck) on the reverse near the uppermost arrowhead. There is another faint lamination on the obverse through star 10. The '38-C is typically offered in grades no finer than VF, and AU survivors number just six to eight coins (per Winter). The average certified grade is XF40. NGC and PCGS combined have certified just 11 coins in AU58, with a mere five Uncirculated pieces finer (10/16).

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25S5, PCGS# 8177



1838-D Classic Head Half Eagle, MS60 Rarely Seen in Uncirculated Condition

5902 1838-D MS60 NGC. McCloskey 1-A, R.3. In the words of branch mint gold authority Doug Winter, the 1838-D half eagle "becomes very scarce in the higher About Uncirculated grades, and extremely rare in full Mint State." This is born out by the certified population figures, which list a total of 21 Uncirculated submissions, none of which are finer than MS63. The present coin is the single lowest-grade Mint State example known and represents an ideal passage across the Mint State threshold for the casual collector. The strike is razor-sharp, and each side displays semiprooflike orange-gold fields. Scattered abrasions and old scratches in the fields limit the grade, although luster prevails. Census: 1 in 60, 10 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25S6, PCGS# 8178

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES



1842-C Small Date Five, AU55
Rare in All Grades

5903 1842-C Small Date AU55 NGC. **Variety 1.** The 1842-C half eagle is scarce in all grades regardless of variety, although the Small Date variant is in the minority. Doug Winter estimates that only 60 to 80 Small Date examples survive in all grades, while PCGS asserts that fewer than 100 are known. Even so, the certified population counts only 74 pieces, including possible resubmissions. Uncirculated coins are extremely rare.

This Choice AU representative exhibits the late die state rim cud at 12 o'clock on the obverse, with partial luster remaining in the yellow-gold fields. Stars 1 and 2 are soft, but the strike is otherwise bold. Scattered surface marks accompany the grade. Census: 3 in 55, 13 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25SV, PCGS# 8208



1842-C Small Date Five Dollar, AU58
The Rarest Charlotte Half Eagle
Highly Collectible Example

5904 1842-C Small Date AU58 NGC. **Variety 1.** Die State I. The rarest collectible coin from the Charlotte Mint, the 1842-C Liberty half eagle was produced to the extent of just 4,595 pieces. The first 2,555 pieces were delivered on March 22, 1842, and they are all thought to have been of the present die state (no obverse cud at 12 o'clock). The 60-80 coins that Doug Winter believes are extant include a mere 9-12 pieces at the AU level of preservation. Only five Uncirculated examples have been certified by NGC and two by PCGS, placing this near-Mint representative outside the Condition Census, but making it a highly collectible example of this major Charlotte rarity. As befits an example of Die State I, this coin exhibits an overall sharp strike. The only appreciable softness of detail is seen on the reverse over the eagle's neck feathers, and some of that is due to light rub from circulation. Actually, there is only the barest trace of wear, and the green-gold surfaces display a mostly bright sheen. There is some scuffiness from light handling, but the only worthwhile pedigree markers are concentrated around the obverse date: a pinscratch from the rim into the field before the 1, and a small indentation on the rim below the right foot of the same digit. There is also a tiny planchet flaw (as struck) at 3 o'clock on the obverse rim and in the corresponding area on the reverse.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2002), lot 8137.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25SV, PCGS# 8208



**1843 Half Eagle, MS64
Conditionally Rare
Tied for Finest at PCGS**

5905 1843 MS64 PCGS. Random die lines are evident at Liberty's mouth, and heavy clash marks appear between the vertical shield stripes, with several of the vertical lines extending into the crossbars. The 1843 half eagle had the third highest mintage of the No Motto series at 611,205 coins. Despite the commonality of the issue, better grade Mint State pieces are extremely rare. In fact, PCGS has never certified a finer example and NGC has only certified one finer piece. This Choice Mint State piece exhibits a sharp strike, brilliant yellow luster, and trivial marks. Population: 5 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 94FD, PCGS# 8213

**1845-O Half Eagle, MS62
Single Known Die Pair**

5906 1845-O MS62 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. The only known die pair, offered here in an early die state with the 18 clearly repunched, and distinct raised die lines in the narrow space between the tops of AMERICA and the border. PCGS has only certified seven Mint State examples of this issue, all in grades of MS61, 62, and 63. This brilliant yellow-gold example features a good strike and frosty mint luster. Scattered grade-limiting marks are mostly visible only with magnification, and fail to diminish the excellent eye appeal. We have only sold one MS62 example since the beginning of our Permanent Auction Archives in 1993, and have never sold a finer piece. Population: 3 in 62, 2 finer. CAC: 2 in 62, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25TD, PCGS# 8225



**1847 Liberty Five, MS64
Conditional Rarity
Only Two Finer at PCGS**

5907 1847 MS64 PCGS. There are a few dates in the No Motto series of Liberty half eagles that are more plentiful than all the others. Among those is the 1847 with the highest mintage of any issue for the type. There were 915,981 half eagles coined in Philadelphia that year, an impressive production for any pre-Gold Rush issue. Despite that substantial mintage, high grade pieces are extremely rare as the PCGS population illustrates. The hair strands, star centers, and feathers are all boldly defined, save for the eagle's neck that shows slight weakness. The surfaces are brilliant yellow with full frosty mint luster. A highly appealing example for a date or type collector. Population: 4 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25TL, PCGS# 8231



**1847-C Half Eagle, Sharp MS62
A Rarity in Uncirculated Grades**

5908 1847-C MS62 PCGS. Variety 1. The 1847-C is a fairly plentiful Charlotte issue overall, boasting a survival of 300 to 400 pieces from a mintage exceeding 84,000. However, in Mint State, the date is a great rarity. PCGS records only 10 Uncirculated submissions, mostly of coins with heavy abrasions. The present example grades "only" MS62, but surface abrasions are unusually unobtrusive for the grade, showing up prominently only under magnification. This satiny, yellow-gold 1847-C five displays a sharp strike and excellent visual appeal. It resides in the upper range of Mint State survivors, with few peers and comparably few superiors. Population: 2 in 62, 3 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25TN, PCGS# 8233



1851-C Half Eagle, MS62 Extremely Rare This Fine

5909 1851-C MS62 NGC. *Variety 1*, as usual. The 1851-C half eagle is scarcer than its mintage of nearly 50,000 pieces would suggest, with a survival estimated at 175 to 225 pieces in all grades (Winter 2008). The date becomes extremely rare in Uncirculated condition, where NGC lists 15 submissions, including possible resubmissions. Of these, coins grading finer than MS62 are prohibitively rare. The present MS62 coin displays above-average eye appeal for the grade, showing only light field chatter that prevents an even finer numeric designation. The strike is bold, and each side offers pleasing yellow-gold color. Some reflectivity is seen in the fields. Census: 5 in 62 (2 in 62+), 3 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25U6, PCGS# 8247



1852-C Liberty Half Eagle, MS64 Exceptional Branch Mint Type Coin

5910 1852-C MS64 NGC. *Variety 1*. From a mintage of 72,574 pieces, the 1852-C half eagle is one of the more available issues from the Charlotte Mint, thanks to the discovery of two small hoards that surfaced in relatively recent years. Doug Winter estimates the surviving population at 300-350 examples in all grades, making the 1852-C a popular choice with branch mint type collectors. The 1852-C is still very rare in MS64 condition, however, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable.

The present coin is a well-detailed Choice specimen that shows just a trace of the softness on the central obverse that is always seen on this issue. The high position of the date identifies *Variety 1*. A small die scratch runs down from the denticles toward the serif of the E in STATES. The lustrous, yellow and orange-gold surfaces are remarkably free of large or distracting abrasions and overall eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 9 in 64 (1 in 64★), 1 finer (10/16).

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 25UB, PCGS# 8251



1855-C Half Eagle, The Finest Known Stunning and Original MS65 Ex: Elrod, William Miller

5911 1855-C MS65 NGC. Variety 1. We never had the foresight to ask noted Charlotte gold collector Stanley Elrod what was the single coin in his collection(s) he admired most but we would be hard-pressed to think that this fantastic 1855-C half eagle was not one of them. It is among the best Charlotte coins known of any date and it is clearly the finest 1855-C half eagle.

This coin is virtually “as struck” and shows nice natural orange-gold color on the obverse coupled with lighter even rose-gold on the reverse. The luster is satiny and bold. The surfaces have a bit of minor roughness in the fields (as made), and there is some weakness on the stars on the left that might be the result of an uneven strike or, perhaps, some minor lapping of the die.

In a word, this piece is stunning and it is clearly a highlight of this (or any) collection.

It is estimated that 175-225 examples of this date known with most in the VF-XF range. In Uncirculated, the 1855-C is extremely rare with maybe half a dozen pieces known. The finest is, of course, the coin offered here and graded MS65 by NGC. The next finest is Ex: Bass II, lot 1068 (graded MS63 by PCGS, it sold for \$33,350). The third best is Ex: Milas, lot 496, that sold for \$38,500. It has been graded MS63 by PCGS and MS64 by NGC.

Ex: Stanley Elrod Collection; North Carolina Collection; William Miller/Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/1999), lot 6284, where it brought \$67,275; obtained via private treaty from Doug Winter in 2010; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012), lot 4895.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25UR, PCGS# 8262



1858-C Five Dollar, MS62 Among the Finest at PCGS

5912 1858-C MS62 PCGS. Variety 1. In the context of Charlotte half eagles, the 1858-C is among the most plentiful, boasting a survival estimated at as many as 375 pieces. Yet, as with most Southern gold issues, the '58-C becomes a genuine rarity in Mint State, and coins grading finer than the present MS62 example are prohibitively rare and unknown at PCGS. Sharp detail characterizes the stars, hair curls, and central eagle plumage, contrasting with typically subpar strike quality of most other issues in the Charlotte series. Satiny luster illuminates the fields, and grade-limiting surface chatter is hardly distracting to the unaided eye. The fields exhibit areas of subtle reflectivity. Population: 6 in 62 (1 in 62+), 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# CLAK, PCGS# 8277

1861 Five Dollar, MS64+ High-End No Motto Type Coin

5913 1861 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Collectors seeking a high-end No Motto Liberty half eagle type coin have only a handful of dates from which to choose. Most issues are either extremely rare in Mint State or are so above MS62. The 1861 is among the few No Motto issues that are available enough in high grade to be collectible, although demand for such examples drives a strong market for these coins. The present piece stands apart from most of its peers with the coveted Plus designation, and finer examples are decidedly rare. The strike is sharp, and each side displays satiny yellow-gold luster. Some faint planchet roughness on portions of the reverse should not be mistaken for post-striking abrasions. The only grade-limiting factors on this coin are some minor grazes on the obverse that are visible with a loupe but are not particularly bothersome. Population: 41 in 64 (5 in 64+), 9 finer. CAC: 13 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25VK, PCGS# 8288



1861-C Half Eagle, AU55 Struck in Part by the Confederacy

5914 1861-C AU55 NGC. *Variety 1*. The Confederacy seized the Charlotte, North Carolina Mint in late April, 1861, although coinage operations were allowed to continue under Confederate authority through May, using gold bullion that remained in the facility. The entire mintage for the 1861-C half eagle was 6,879 pieces, of which 887 have been attributed to the Confederacy (Winter 2008). As only a single die pair was employed for the issue, it is impossible to certainly identify the number of pieces struck under each government. Later, the Charlotte Mint was used in part as a hospital during the war.

The 1861-C half eagle as a date is scarce in all grades with only 150 to 175 pieces believed extant. Mint State examples are prohibitively rare. This Choice AU coin displays an excellent strike and satiny straw-gold coloration. Scattered marks on each side are typical of the grade. Census: 18 in 55, 22 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25VL, PCGS# 8289

1865 Five Dollar, MS61 Ultra-Low Mintage of 1,270 Coins Tied for Finest at Both Services

5915 1865 MS61 NGC. Gold did not circulate in the Atlantic states during the Civil War, explaining the ultra-low mintage of the 1865 half eagle (1,270 coins struck). This final Philadelphia No Motto issue claims the sixth-lowest production in the entire half eagle series, driving record demand for the 35 or so examples of this date that survive. Bowers and Merena described this coin in its sale of the Bass Collection, Part II in October 1999, "This is certainly one of the finest known examples of this rarity" It is tied for the top spot at both services. NGC records two MS61 representatives, while PCGS shows a single coin in the same grade (10/16).

Thickly frosted motifs set against glassy fields generate a degree of prooflike contrast that characterizes other high-grade 1865 representatives, unsurprising given how few coins were struck. Orange and rose-gold hues dominate lustrous surfaces, with olive accents interspersed over each side. Well-struck with scattered flecks. *Ex: DiBello Collection (Stack's, 5/1970), lot 925; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection, Part II (Bowers and Merena, 10/1999), lot 1152.*

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2B4N, PCGS# 8298



1871-CC Five Dollar, AU55 Old West Memento

5916 1871-CC AU55 NGC. Variety 1-A. This early Carson City issue is scarce in all grades and most often seen in well-worn condition. In their gold coin *Encyclopedia*, Garrett and Guth write: "There were few if any coin collectors in the West during the 1870s and the survival of any of these coins is strictly an accident." Carson City gold coinage in 1871 would have circulated primarily in the mining region of the Nevada Territory around Carson City and Virginia City, where silver and gold coins were about as hard-used and poorly kept as the miners and frontiersmen who carried them in their pockets and saddle bags. The banking system had a steady cash flow, virtually eliminating the possibility of any 1871-CC half eagles being spared from circulation in bank vaults. Today, this issue is nearly unknown in Mint condition, and even AU coins are genuine rarities.

The present Choice AU representative offers unusually smooth and lustrous fields for the issue, along with bold design elements that sport a brush of wear. Medium yellow-gold surfaces deliver pleasing visual appeal. Census: 8 in 55, 8 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 26AB, PCGS# 8323



1890 Half Eagle, MS64 Lowest 1890 Coinage Total

5917 1890 MS64 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. With a production limited to 4,240 circulation strikes and 88 proofs, the Liberty half eagle had the lowest coinage of any denomination at the Philadelphia Mint in 1890. Gold production in Pennsylvania was extremely limited. Two gold denominations, the dollar and three dollar, were discontinued the previous year. In addition to the half eagle coinage, the Philadelphia Mint coined 8,813 quarter eagles, 58,043 eagles, and 75,995 double eagles, each of those figures combining proofs and circulation strike pieces.

PCGS and NGC have combined to certified just four examples finer than this Choice Mint State piece. NGC has never graded an MS64, although they have examined pieces grading MS65, 66, and 68. PCGS has certified examples that grade MS64 (the present piece), MS64+, and MS66 (10/16). This lovely orange-gold example is an exceptional representative. Both sides are virtually pristine with only a few scattered and trivial marks that are visible in the reflective fields. NGC ID# 25Y2, PCGS# 8375



1890 MS68 ★ Half Eagle, Finest Graded Dazzling Mint Luster and Impeccable Preservation

5918 1890 MS68 ★ NGC. The American coinage of 1890 was a study in enormous contrasts. Between four denominations — the Indian cent and Liberty nickel (both series records at the time), the Liberty Seated dime, and the Morgan dollar — the Philadelphia Mint managed to produce more than 100 million coins in this single year.

Meanwhile, other series suffered active neglect. The silver Seated quarter and half dollar issues both saw minuscule mintages, particularly for the latter at 12,000 pieces. The Liberty Head quarter eagle issue was struck only at the Philadelphia Mint — as had been the case every year since 1879 — and only to the extent of 8,720 circulation strikes. Even the Liberty double eagle, arguably the nation's most important coinage issue, saw only 75,940 business strikes.

But the low-mintage-sweepstakes winner of the year was the 1890 half eagle, struck in the paltry amount of 4,240 business strikes plus 88 proofs. The twin culprits were the Sherman Silver Purchase Act of 1890, which mandated that the Treasury buy 4.5 million ounces per month of domestic silver for coinage into Morgan dollars, as well as the ending of the gold dollar and three dollar denominations in 1889 (and made official in 1890), which likely served to increase the need for minor coinage.

Even though the nation was awash with the unwanted, unpopular Morgan dollar, the props applied to the domestic silver market meant that Philadelphia had no leftover capacity to strike gold coinage in abundance. The mintage of the 1890 Philadelphia Morgan dollar by itself exceeded 16.8 million coins, and combined with three other mints, the total silver dollar coinage for the year surpassed 38 million pieces.

From the total of a bit more than 4,000 coins, *this MS68 ★ NGC 1890 half eagle is by far the finest survivor of a tiny issue (10/16).* (The next-closest is a single MS66 NGC piece.) Dazzling mint luster is this coin's strong suit. Bright, light reddish-gold color prevails throughout, with the fabric of the fields similar to that seen on three dollar gold pieces, bright semiprooflikeness combined with a slight cartwheel effect. The strike is just a hair short of full, and strong magnification is required to discern even the smallest abrasions.

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 5947.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25Y2, PCGS# 8375



1893-CC Five Dollar, MS64 Rare, None Finer at PCGS

5919 1893-CC MS64 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The final Carson City half eagle comes from a mintage of 60,000 pieces but is scarce in Mint State. Most such coins grade no finer than MS62. The present Choice example is a magnificent coin among the finest at PCGS. Nothing more than a few faint grazes in the fields prevent an even finer grade, and each side offers warm orange-gold luster with original surfaces. The strike is sharp throughout.

Collectors in the 1890s paid little attention to mintmarked gold, and in the Western regions, smaller gold denominations such as the half eagle were widely used in circulation. A Carson City short set of Liberty half eagles is a small but challenging pursuit. This is a rare opportunity to acquire the final date in that collection in a virtually Condition Census grade. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 8 in 64 (1 in 64+), 0 finer (11/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25YB, PCGS# 8384

1899-S Half Eagle, MS66 Tied for Second Finest at PCGS

5920 1899-S MS66 PCGS. The San Francisco Mint coined 1.5 million half eagles in 1899, and one of those was purchased directly from the Mint by John H. Clapp. That coin is graded MS69 NGC and is the finest known, while the present piece is tied with one other for the second best submitted to PCGS. This sharply defined Premium Gem is a captivating example that exhibits brilliant and satiny yellow-gold luster with a splash of orange toning at the lower left reverse and a dark toning line near the mintmark. An exquisite representative for the connoisseur. Population: 2 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25YT, PCGS# 8399

PROOF LIBERTY HALF EAGLES



**1864 Liberty Half Eagle, PR65 Deep Cameo
Early Proof Gold Rarity
Only One Finer Coin at PCGS**

5921 1864 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: Friend. The 1864 proof Liberty half eagle claims a relatively large mintage of 50 pieces, but it is unlikely that anywhere near that many were ever distributed. In researching his upcoming book on gold proof coins, John Dannreuther discovered some interesting information about early proof mintages which he shared with us via e-mail.

The Mint began its commercial proof offerings in 1858 and the program proved immensely successful in the first two years because there was no extra charge for proofing. Collectors and dealers were able to speculate on proof sets with little or no risk, since the coins could be acquired at face value, plus shipping. Dannreuther discovered correspondence between Mint personnel in December of 1859 indicating some new charges imposed on proof coinage, beginning in 1860. A surcharge of 13 cents per coin was added to silver proofs and gold proofs had a whopping 25 cent proofing charge attached for each coin. Of course, this resulted in a drastic decline in proof set orders in following years, but the Mint failed to realize this initially and continued to strike relatively high numbers of proof coins in 1860 and 1861, based on the old demand.

The Mint had learned its lesson by 1862, however, and the mintage of gold proofs was reduced to a more realistic level from then on, with a typical yearly mintage consisting of 25-35 sets. The 50 sets produced in 1864 were something of an anomaly, but there is no reason to believe any more coins were actually sold in 1864 than in surrounding years, probably resulting in an unsold surplus of coins that were melted after the end of the year. PCGS CoinFacts estimates the surviving population of the 1864 proof half eagle at 18-22 examples in all grades. Three examples are secured in institutional collections at the Smithsonian Institution and the American Numismatic Society.

The present coin shows the diagnostic high date, placed to the left, with the left base of the 1 over a space between the dentils. The right base of the 4 is over the right edge of a dentil (or at least very close to it) and a horizontal die line shows below Liberty's ear. The design elements exhibit razor-sharp definition, with a rich coat of mint frost that creates intense cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The lemon-yellow surfaces show no mentionable flaws and eye appeal is terrific. Among Deep Cameo examples certified by PCGS, this coin is tied with the Bob Simpson specimen for second finest, behind a single PR67 specimen, making this an extremely attractive opportunity for Registry Set enthusiasts as well as series specialists. Population: 2 in 65 Deep Cameo, 1 finer. CAC: 2 in 65, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 28BZ, PCGS# 98454

INDIAN HALF EAGLES



1891 Half Eagle, PR64 Cameo Only 53 Proofs Struck

5922 1891 PR64 Cameo PCGS. Proof half eagle coinage in 1891 dropped to just 53 pieces, down from 88 in 1890. Nonetheless, the two issues have similar surviving populations, suggesting that a higher percentage of the 1891 production was distributed to collectors who would preserve them through the hard economic times of the mid-1890s. PCGS estimates that 30 to 40 examples are known today, complemented by a combined PCGS and NGC certified population of 35 coins. Two pieces are housed in the Smithsonian Institution, and a third resides in the ANS.

This near-Gem Cameo displays razor-sharp devices set against deeply mirrored fields that take on a faint cloudy hue amid rich straw-gold coloration. There are no distracting surface flaws, and the cameo contrast is outstanding. Population: 4 in 64 Cameo, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28CV, PCGS# 88486



1908-S Indian Half Eagle, MS66 Low-Mintage, First Year of Design

5923 1908-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1908-S Indian half eagle has the third-lowest mintage of the series at a meager 82,000 pieces. Fortunately, contemporary collectors saved this issue in relatively large numbers, possibly because of the novelty of the new design. Super collector Virgil Brand accumulated a hoard of 1908-S half eagles, which surfaced decades later, long after his death, to provide present-day numismatists with some extremely high-quality examples. The 1908-S was a well-made issue to begin with, and its availability in high grade and first-year status makes it a popular choice with branch mint type collectors.

The present coin is a delightful Premium Gem with razor-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces add to the incredible eye appeal. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 12 in 66, 8 finer. CAC: 1 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 65K3, PCGS# 8512





1909-O Five Dollar, MS65 Key to the Five Dollar Indian Series First Gem We Have Offered Since 2006

5924 1909-O MS65 NGC. The New Orleans Mint ceased coining operations in 1909 after more than 70 years in the business of striking the nation's gold and silver coinage. The *Annual Mint Director's Report* of 1910 sheds light on the reasons underlying the suspension of coinage at the Louisiana facility:

“The amount of gold which is available for coinage at New Orleans is small, and the total coinage of the country can be done materially cheaper at three mints and with three organizations than at four mints and with four complete complements of officers and employees. The amount of coinage which could be given to the New Orleans Mint under these conditions did not warrant the continuance of operations there, and they were suspended April 1, 1909, and a large reduction of the force made at that time. At various dates in 1910 further reductions were made, and there appearing to be no likelihood that the mint could advantageously resume operations in the near future, the estimates for 1911 have been made for the conduct of the institution as an assay office only.”

The 1909-O Indian half eagle is a curiosity within this popular series. Perhaps most importantly, the issue represents the final emission from the Southern branch mint. Additionally, the issue was struck to the extent of merely 34,200 pieces, claiming the lowest mintage among Indian half eagle by a wide margin. Consequently, the 1909-O half eagle is scarce even in lower grades, and most Mint State examples range only from MS60 to MS62. Mike Fuljenz writes in *Indian Gold Coins of the 20th Century*:

“In any grade higher than this [MS62], the 1909-O is extremely rare and Gems are among the rarest and most coveted 20th century United States gold issues. There are only two or three Gems known and these are off the market in tightly-held collections. For all intents and purposes, the collector of high-end Indian Head Half Eagles is going to have to make do with a piece in the MS62 to MS63 range.”

This is one of those extremely rare Gems that Fuljenz refers to. The surfaces are remarkably lustrous — frosted rather than the usual satin finish — and the color is deep reddish with a hint of brown. Predictably, there are no marks worthy of mention and there are just a few interruptions in the luster at all over each side. The strike details are strong throughout with complete definition on the lowest feather of the headdress. This is a rare opportunity to purchase a blue-chip New Orleans Mint rarity, and an offer that is unlikely to repeated anytime in the near future. Census: 2 in 65, 0 finer (10/16).

From *The Fenn Family Collection, Part III*. NGC ID# 25ZK, PCGS# 8515



1910-S Five Dollar, MS64+ Practically Unobtainable Any Finer

5925 1910-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1910-S (770,200 coins struck) ranks among the most elusive issues in this challenging series to locate in Choice condition, and full Gems are extremely rare. Thus, this CAC-approved MS64+ representative, the only MS64 submission at PCGS to have earned the coveted Plus designation, would make a fine addition to a top-quality set of Pratt half eagles where an MS65 might be unobtainable. In his recently published reference, Allan Schein rates the issue's strike 6.5 on 8, noting: "Well struck with a usually strong sharply defined mint mark." Such is the case here. The headdress elements and eagle's feathers are razor-sharp. Delicate orange-gold surfaces radiate frosty mint luster. The only mentionable marks occur in the right reverse field above IN. A fantastic example in all regards. Population: 23 in 64 (1 in 64+), 7 finer. CAC: 9 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28DN, PCGS# 8519

1929 Indian Half Eagle, MS62 Final-Year Key Date

5926 1929 MS62 PCGS. No half eagles were struck between 1916 and 1929, but the Philadelphia Mint produced a substantial total of 662,000 coins in the later year. Unfortunately, the effects of the Great Depression were beginning to be felt and there was little need for the coins in the shrinking economy. Most of the mintage was held in government storage and later destroyed after 1933. No half eagles were struck in later years and the 1929 is a key date in the series today.

This attractive MS62 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the typical softness on the lower headdress feathers. The pleasing greenish-gold surfaces display radiant mint luster and show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. Overall eye appeal is quite strong. NGC ID# 28E2, PCGS# 8533



1929 Indian Half Eagle, MS64+ Final Series Issue

5927 1929 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. After an intermission of 13 years since the last half eagles were coined at San Francisco in 1916, the Philadelphia Mint coined 662,000 half eagles in 1929, but most of those were melted during the 1930s. The few that survive today were acquired by collectors at the time of issue.

The 1929 half eagle is rarely encountered in circulated grades as the issue did not circulate, and most of the mintage sat in Mint or treasury vaults. PCGS and NGC have combined to certify 570 examples, including a likely considerable number of resubmissions. The average grade of those 570 submissions is just MS62, with individual pieces ranging from XF40 to MS65. Less than 10% of the combined population are for grades below MS60.

The Set Registry collector will find few opportunities to acquire an equal or finer example. PCGS has certified nine of these in MS64+ and 10 in MS65, and again, those pieces include resubmissions (11/16). Auction records at PCGS Coin Facts show just five appearances of an MS65 example over the last 17 years. Our firm has sold just three MS65 pieces in 24 years since we began our Permanent Auction Archives.

This nicely detailed near-Gem 1929 Indian half eagle exhibits delicate and beautiful rose and blue toning on its frosty yellow-gold surfaces, creating exceptional eye appeal. Scattered surface marks on each side, preventing a higher grade, are only evident when magnified. While not boldly defined, the design definition is well above average for the issue. This lovely half eagle provides the collector with a nice balance between price and quality. NGC ID# 28E2, PCGS# 8533

EARLY EAGLES



1795 BD-1 13 Leaves Eagle, Unc Details First Eagle Variety Coined

5928 1795 13 Leaves, BD-1, High R.3 — Rim Damage — PCGS Genuine. The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests Damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of a Mint State specimen that has rim damage. Both sides exhibit brilliant and fully lustrous yellow-gold surfaces with small scrapes above ME of AMERICA that resulted in the Rim Damage description. Regardless, this is a highly attractive early eagle.

Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/b with a die crack through all stars on the left to the 179 of the date. The reverse has a faint crack from E to R, though the feather tips on the right, but shows none of the other die cracks of reverse state b. The first coinage of 1795 eagles occurred in September, with 1,097 pieces delivered on September 22. Additional deliveries took place in October and November 1795, and in January 1796. NGC ID# 25ZU, PCGS# 45710 Base PCGS# 8551



1795 Ten Dollar, XF45 13 Leaves, BD-2 First-Year Type Coin

5929 1795 13 Leaves, BD-2, High R.4, XF45 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/d. The reverse shows faint cracks and evidence of die lapping. There are five die varieties known for the 1795 Small Eagle ten dollar gold coins. BD-2 is the secondmost accessible of the five, identified by star 11 away from the Y, and the leaf touching the U. Despite being relatively available compared to later die marriages, only 90 to 110 pieces are thought to survive. John Dannreuther explains: "In other series, a coin with a hundred or so examples known would be considered quite rare."

This Choice XF eagle enjoys problem-free, yellow-gold surfaces with an expected number of abrasions throughout. Although a moderate degree of blending is present, the relief elements maintain strong detail, including Liberty's hair strands and the eagle's breast feathers. Small pinscratches near star 1 and under the middle part of the branch are the only noteworthy imperfections. A wonderful example of this first-year type. NGC ID# 25ZU, PCGS# 45711 Base PCGS# 8551



1795 13 Leaves Eagle, BD-2, MS61 Extremely Rare in Mint State

5930 1795 13 Leaves, BD-2, High R.4, MS61 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/d. BD-2 is the second-most plentiful 1795 eagle variety, although with only 90 to 110 pieces known, per John Dannreuther, it is still scarce in all grades. The BD-2 die marriage is less than half as plentiful as its more common counterpart, the BD-1. But the separation of these two issues becomes even more significant in Mint State. Our Permanent Auction Archives show just five previous offerings of a problem-free Uncirculated BD-2 coin, compared to 17 appearances of the BD-1 equivalent. Neither variety is nearly as plentiful as the certified population figures would suggest; PCGS alone reports 86 Uncirculated submissions of the two 13 Leaves varieties combined, which likely includes multiple resubmissions.

The most recent BD-2 representative that we have handled was an MS61 NGC coin in the FUN Signature sale (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 4312, which garnered \$94,000. Nearly a decade ago, an MS63 PCGS example realized more than \$200,000, (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 3604. This MS61 coin compares well both visually and technically to the last BD-2 example that we handled in this grade. It is evenly struck with strong border dentils and satiny yellow-gold luster in the protected regions of the fields. Moderate weakness on the central devices is typical of the variety, and the faint remnants of mint-made adjustment marks are visible on the central reverse and occasionally around the periphery. Scattered abrasions and light chatter limit the grade, as expected.

Regardless of the certified population totals, any Mint State 1795 eagle, regardless of variety, is rarely offered at public auction. More BD-1 coins are known in Mint State than the combined total of all other 1795 varieties. The chance to acquire any Mint State Small Eagle ten other than a BD-1 coin is an important event for early gold enthusiasts. Population (both 13 Leaves varieties included): 9 in 61, 32 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25ZU, PCGS# 45711 Base PCGS# 8551



1799 BD-10 Eagle, Semiprooflike MS63 Large Obverse Stars Subtype Exquisite Quality

5931 1799 Large Obverse Stars, BD-10, R.3, MS63 PCGS. CAC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. Pickup points for BD-10 are relatively straightforward: Large Stars confirm the obverse die, while the reverse, unique to this variety, shows the leaf touching the right foot of the I in AMERICA. Mint officials employed six obverse dies and an equal number of reverse dies in 10 distinct combinations to strike a reported total of 37,449 eagles in 1799. Of the 10 die pairs, only two, BD-9 and BD-10, are of the Large Stars Obverse subtype.

The issue is among the most often seen early eagles. John Dannreuther's 2006 reference, *Early U.S. Gold Coin Varieties*, posits that 300 to 400 BD-10 eagles are extant. The only other Large Obverse Stars variety, BD-9, survives to the extent of merely 14 to 18 coins, and they are largely unavailable. For these reasons, examples of BD-10 are highly sought-after for type purposes.

The average certified representative grades a fraction higher than AU58, and the most frequently awarded grades range from AU50 to AU58. Mint State examples are very scarce, usually found no higher than MS62 to MS63. Among those high-end pieces, few enjoy the added recognition from CAC for quality within the grade.

This marvelous Select Uncirculated eagle would serve as a nearly unimprovable representative of the type. Each side radiates coruscating mint frost. Yellow-gold surfaces display a trace of semiprooflikeness in the fields, where few consequential blemishes are present. A virtually complete impression softens trivially over stars 12 and 13, and near the clouds. The aesthetic quality is simply exquisite. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 33 in 63 (1 in 63+), 35 finer. CAC: 7 in 63, 16 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack. NGC ID# 2625, PCGS# 45723 Base PCGS# 8562



1800 BD-1 Eagle, AU55
Struck in 1801

5932 1800 BD-1, High R.3, AU55 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/e, the latest die state of 1800 eagles. The obverse has bold die cracks through the tops of LIBERTY, with branches to the rim over LI, and over the right side of the B. The reverse is a later die state than found on its use for 1801 BD-1 eagles, confirming that this 1800-dated ten was struck in 1801. The 1800 is a popular date marking the turn of a century with an estimated mintage of 8,000 to 10,000 pieces. The calendar-year mintage was 5,999 coins, and a few thousand additional pieces were minted in 1801. Possibly as many as 300 examples survive today. NGC and PCGS have certified a combined 260 examples in all grades. This attractive light yellow example features satin luster with slight high-point rub, primarily visible on the obverse. The obverse has light adjustment marks at the center, and both sides exhibit trivial grade-consistent marks. Census: 26 in 55, 64 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BFYT, PCGS# 45732 Base PCGS# 8563



1801 BD-2 Eagle, AU50
Usual Die State

5933 1801 BD-2, R.2, AU50 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/a. This is the usually encountered variety of 1801 eagle, and, in fact, it is the most plentiful early eagle variety of any year. Obverse Star 1 is distant from the hair curl, and Star 8 is close to the cap. The obverse exhibits vertical die lines in the cap that are typical of nearly all known examples. Faint hairlines are evident in the reflective fields of this pleasing greenish-gold eagle. The surfaces are otherwise free of marks. The 1801 BD-2 eagle is a popular choice for type collections due to its widespread availability. NGC ID# 2627, PCGS# 45734 Base PCGS# 8564



1801 Capped Bust Right Eagle, AU58 Popular BD-2 Variety

5934 1801 BD-2, R.2, AU58 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/a. The 1801 Capped Bust Right eagle claims a mintage of 44,344 pieces, with two die varieties known for the date. This coin is a representative of the popular BD-2 variety, with two points of star 8 directed at the cap and star 13 close to the bust. The BD-2 is a relatively available variety, and a popular type coin, with a surviving population of 600-800 examples in all grades. This was the only use of the obverse die, but the reverse was used again to strike the BD-3 variety of 1803. Some mysterious vertical spikes are seen in the cap in this die state, though earlier states do not show this anomaly. These do not appear to be clash marks as originally thought, because they do not line up correctly with the stripes in the shield on the reverse. Heritage numismatist Mark Borckardt theorizes these marks may be the impression of the threads of a set screw that fell onto the surface of a planchet before the coin was struck by the obverse die. In this scenario, the threads would have left their impression on the obverse die and the coin (which may have been destroyed by the examiners as defective), without leaving any marks on the reverse die.

The present coin is an appealing near-Mint example, with just a trace of wear on the well-detailed design elements. The central devices are strongly impressed, but a touch of flatness is seen on some stars and the reverse exhibits some planchet adjustment marks through the letters in STATES and the shield. The orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster and show only minor abrasions. NGC ID# 2627, PCGS# 45734 Base PCGS# 8564

LIBERTY EAGLES



1858 Liberty Eagle, MS60 A Condition Census Example

5935 1858 MS60 NGC. The 1858 is a classic rarity within the Liberty eagle series. Just 2,521 examples were coined, the 15th lowest mintage for the entire design from 1838 to 1907, and the fifth lowest among No Motto issues. Mint State representatives are condition rarities of the highest order. The Condition Census consists of two MS60 coins (one here offered) and an MS61 at NGC, with a lone MS64 at PCGS (11/16). Only 50 to 65 pieces are believed extant in all grades.

This is a pleasing example with light yellow surfaces and slightly reflective fields. Both sides have light to moderate abrasions that are consistent with the grade. A few small marks along the edge of Liberty's neck, and a few others scattered about the fields on both sides should prove to be adequate pedigree identifiers.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2005), lot 8755; Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2008), lot 2126.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 263W, PCGS# 8625



1859-S Ten Dollar, AU50 Low-Mintage Rarity

5936 1859-S AU50 NGC. By 1859, the focus of ore mining had shifted from the gold fields of California to the Comstock Lode on the other side of the Sierra Nevada Mountains. Large denomination gold coinage at the San Francisco Mint was primarily of double eagles (still the preferred denomination for banking purposes in that region), leaving ten dollar gold pieces with disproportionately paltry mintages by comparison. The 1859-S eagle was struck to the tune of only 7,000 pieces and experienced heavy circulation due to a lack of collectors in the region to save high-grade examples. Fewer than 60 representatives are known today, mostly in middle circulated grades. The date is rare in AU, and the only Mint State piece certified grades just MS60 at NGC. The Smithsonian coin grades XF45, per Garrett and Guth.

This About Uncirculated representative offers smooth orange-gold fields with bits of grime still clinging to the edges of the stars and the interior of the shield. The strike is sharp, and little high-point wear is seen. A few marks on Liberty's portrait are consistent with the issue and grade. Census: 5 in 50, 12 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2643, PCGS# 8630



1860-S Ten Dollar, AU Sharpness Paltry Production of 5,000 Coins

5937 1860-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. **Secure.** Perhaps 35 to 45 1860-S ten dollar gold coin survive from an original mintage of 5,000 pieces. There are only two Mint State examples believed known, and the certification services report most representatives between VF20 and AU55. Auction appearance prove to be few and far between, averaging roughly one or two a year. The surfaces of this well-detailed 1860-S eagle are overly bright but not subdued from cleaning, as one would expect. Examples typically show poorly struck stars and centers, though such is not the case here. Crisply defined motifs exhibit a trace of friction. Minute marks are peppered over each side, but the fields are generally smooth. An extremely challenging No Motto issue with few sharper examples reported.



1863-S Ten Dollar, AU55 One of the Finest Known of This Rarity

5938 1863-S AU55 NGC. The 1863-S is even rarer than suggested by its production of 10,000 pieces. It is also a condition rarity, most likely because of the general unawareness of mintmarked coins and their relative scarcity until the 1893 publication by Augustus Heaton of his groundbreaking work *Treatise on Coinage of the United States Branch Mints*. By then, most of the remaining 1863-S tens were well-worn. Today, VF-XF coins are usually all that are encountered with AU pieces such as this among the finest examples available. NGC has certified only 31 pieces in all grades, including three recovered in recent years from the *S.S. Republic*. NGC, and only one coin has achieved the Uncirculated grade level. The present example is lustrous for the grade, and is sharply struck save for moderate bluntness on the eagle's neck. Census: 3 in 55, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 264C, PCGS# 8638



1865-S Normal Date Ten Dollar, AU55 Only 25 to 35 Pieces Known

5939 1865-S AU55 NGC. The Smithsonian lacks a Normal Date 1865-S eagle, and there are only 25 to 35 pieces known in private hands, almost all in circulated condition. The 1865-S ten had a mintage of 16,700 pieces, including a number of coins struck with a die that showed an inverted date beneath the primary date. Both varieties are rare in all grades, but the Normal Date coins are in the minority.

The present Choice AU representative displays bold detail and substantial original luster, glowing in fiery orange-gold hues in the protected regions of the fields. Scattered abrasions in the open areas are consistent with the grade. Eye appeal exceeds expectations. This piece grades finer than any coin reported by PCGS. Census: 6 in 55, 5 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 55MU, PCGS# 8642



**1869-S Ten Dollar, AU58
Highly Lustrous Fields**

5940 1869-S AU58 NGC. "The 1869-S eagle is an underrated date that is every bit as rare as the much lower mintage 1869 eagle": Thus begins the narrative on this issue in Garrett and Guth's *Encyclopedia of U.S. Gold Coins*. The PCGS population estimates for the two dates are identical: 60 to 75 pieces known in all grades. The 1869-S eagle boasts a small mintage of 6,430 pieces, which circulated extensively in Western regions. Mint State examples of the date are prohibitively rare, and AU coins are hardly any more plentiful. This near-Mint representative offers substantial yellow-gold luster in the fields and sharp internal devices. The peripheral stars exhibit trivial softness. Light chatter on each side is typical of the grade. Census: 4 in 58, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 264S, PCGS# 8656



1870-CC Ten Dollar, AU50 A Product of the Comstock Lode Rare in All Grades



5941 1870-CC AU50 NGC. Variety 1-B. Closely following the historic California Gold Rush, in 1859, veins of silver ore were discovered approximately 15 miles from Carson City, Nevada. Within a short period of the time, the Comstock Lode became the largest producer of silver and gold bullion in the United States. Mine shafts reached depths exceeding 3,200 feet, and large underground deposits of ore were located that left wide chasms in the shafts after being excavated.

The nearest federal mint to the mines of the Nevada Territory was San Francisco, which resided at the end of a long, expensive, and treacherous journey across the Sierra Nevada mountains of western California. Before the Central Pacific Railroad pass across the Sierra Nevada range was completed in 1867, transportation of mining supplies and ore across the "Snowy Mountains" was accomplished by teams of horses and mules. Establishing a branch mint in the Nevada Territory to service the Comstock Lode was considered as early as 1862, but construction of the facility in Carson City did not begin until after the Civil War, in 1866. The building was completed in 1869, and the first coins were struck in February 1870.

The lack of a bullion fund with which to pay depositors on demand was among several factors that contributed to small coinages at the new Carson City Mint in 1870, despite the large production of bullion in the area. What coins were struck typically went immediately into circulation, and, in the Nevada Territory of the 1870s, experienced extensive physical abuse in the forms of wear and abrasions. Large denomination gold pieces were particularly subject to these affects due to their weight, size, and softness in relation to silver and copper alloys.

Carson City coined only 5,908 eagles with 1870 dies, and fewer than 60 pieces are believed to survive today, all in circulated condition. Branch mint gold expert Doug Winter once considered the 1870-CC eagle "as the single rarest gold coin from this mint," although the double eagle of the same date is now recognized as marginally rarer. Nonetheless, if the two issues are compared, the ten dollar piece could be considered undervalued. One explanation of this is drawn from the greater challenge that exists in completing a CC-mint eagle set than a double eagle set. For double eagles, the 1870-CC is the only true "stopper," while for the eagles, there are numerous rarities that may discourage casual collectors and therefore reduce demand in comparison to double eagles.

This About Uncirculated coin not only represents the must-have 1870-CC date, it is also near the Condition Census. Lightly abraded surfaces exhibit partial luster in the protected regions of the fields, and each side has uniform yellow-gold color. Some lightness of strike appears on the hair curls around Liberty's brow as well as on the central portion of the eagle, as is characteristic of the issue. All-in-all, this is a quite pleasing example of the rare 1870-CC Liberty eagle. Census: 6 in 50, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 53FU, PCGS# 8658



1871-CC Ten Dollar, AU58 Carson City Rarity

5942 1871-CC AU58 NGC. **Variety 1-A.** During the 1860s and early 1870s, none of the mints issued large quantities of gold eagles — a direct result of specie payments having been suspended at the outbreak of the Civil War in 1861 (Double eagles were coined in quantity but primarily for the foreign trade). Domestic circulation of gold was virtually nonexistent in Eastern regions where paper “greenbacks” were abundant, but in the Nevada Territory, more or less cut off from the economic situation of the Eastern United States and engulfed in the mining of the Comstock Lode, gold circulated extensively, and attrition rates were high.

The 1871-CC ten survives today in numbers not exceeding about 100 coins, by most estimates. Mint State pieces are extremely rare and none are high-grade. This near-Mint coin displays sharp detail and bright, reflective yellow-gold fields. Scattered abrasions contribute to the grade. Census: 10 in 58, 2 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 264X, PCGS# 8661



1872-CC Ten Dollar, XF45 Eye-Appealing and Conditionally Rare

5943 1872-CC XF45 PCGS. **Variety 1-B.** Gold eagle production at the infant Carson City Mint in 1872 was nearly half that of the paltry mintage of the previous year at just 4,600 pieces. No examples of the issue are known to survive in Mint State, and circulated coins number only in the 75- to 90-coin range, with AU pieces being exceedingly rare. The Nevada Territory in the early 1870s was in the throes of a mining boom similar to that experienced by San Francisco a couple of decades earlier, and what gold and silver coinage the branch mint in Carson City did produce experienced extensive and abusive circulation.

This Choice XF 1872-CC eagle displays bold devices and original orange-gold coloration that delivers hints of luster in the fields. The surfaces are unusually and attractively smooth, showing minimal abrasions. Eye appeal excels. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 18 in 45 (1 in 45+), 18 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 53M3, PCGS# 8664



1873 Closed 3 Eagle, AU58
Just 800 Pieces Struck
One Coin Graded Finer

5944 1873 Closed 3 AU58 NGC. The 1873 eagle (all struck with Closed 3 in the date) is one in a series of sought-after low-mintage rarities. Ten dollar gold production decreased by more than half from 1872 to 1873, when only 800 pieces were struck. David Akers once wrote: "The 1873 is one of the five or six rarest dates in the U.S. \$10 gold series. Among Philadelphia Mint Liberty Head issues, only the 1875 is rarer. There are relatively few known specimens in any condition, perhaps 12-15 business strikes and only 7-8 proofs." Years later, the population is estimated to be around 25 to 35 coins. Few are as nice as this near-Mint representative. NGC lists four submissions in this grade with none finer. There are three AU58 examples at PCGS with a single MS60 graded higher (10/16).

Partly reflective fields surround well-struck motifs on each side. Scattered abrasions limit the contrast to a degree, but the eye appeal is nonetheless impressive. A hint of softness over Liberty's ear is the only area of noticeable friction. This is an extremely rare opportunity to procure one of the finest examples of this Philadelphia key date. Expect fierce competition when the lot crosses the block.

From The Soluna Collection.

1873-CC Ten Dollar, XF45
Rich Orange-Gold Color

5945 1873-CC XF45 PCGS. Variety 2-B. Closed 3, as always. The base of the 1 shows doubling, and the point of the tailfeather is positioned over the left edge of the second C in the mintmark. With a mintage of 4,543 coins and a survival rate of perhaps 75 to 85 pieces, it is no wonder Doug Winter ranked the 1873-CC ten dollar the third-rarest Carson City eagle overall and the rarest in high grades. Rusty Goe explained in *The Mint on Carson Street*: "Evidence of heavy local circulation around the Comstock region is the inferior quality seen on practically all examples extant." This Choice XF coin is a pleasing exception.

Rich orange-gold color paints each side with complementary pale lavender shadings. Smooth surfaces display few abrasions worthy of individual attention. The curls around Liberty's face are moderately soft, as always, but the overall impression is surprisingly bold. Certified in a green label holder. Population: 13 in 45, 15 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection.



**1874-CC Ten Dollar, AU55
Seldom Seen This Fine**

5946 1874-CC AU55 PCGS. **Variety 1-A.** Although the mintage of the 1874-CC eagle was small at only 16,767 pieces, it was the largest production of this denomination at Carson City up to that point. Gold coinage of all denominations experienced an uptick this year at the Nevada branch mint, signaling a shift in the mint's production focus from bullion bars more toward economically useful coins. The 1874-CC eagle is more plentiful in middle and lower circulated grades than are its earlier counterparts, although a distinct lack of significant high-grade coins points to the active circulation of gold in Western territory during this period, even while eastern economies were flooded primarily with greenbacks.

Uncirculated examples of the 1874-CC eagle are prohibitively rare. This Choice AU coin displays little wear and has original orange-gold color with luster remaining in the protected regions of the fields. Slight strike softness is observed on the hair curls around Liberty's face as well as on the eagle's neck and the fletchings. Light surface chatter appears on each side. Population: 11 in 55, 3 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 54UF, PCGS# 8670



**1875-CC Eagle, AU55
Highly Sought-After Nevada Rarity**

5947 1875-CC AU55 PCGS. **Variety 2-B.** Ex: Nevada Collection. Narrow CC mintmark. Production of eagles was limited to the Pennsylvania and Nevada facilities in 1875. The Philadelphia Mint manufactured the lowest total in the series that year (100 coins), while Carson City employees accomplished a mintage of 7,715 ten dollar gold coins. There are no S-mint eagles to be had, forcing collectors turn to the 1875-CC to fill the challenging hole in their sets. An estimated 100 to 120 coins survive in all grades. This piece served as the plate coin in Doug Winter's *Gold Coins of the Carson City Mint* (2001), where he listed it as tied for first on the Condition Census. Several higher-graded examples have since been submitted to PCGS and NGC, but this remains an important representative of this famous rarity.

Pedigree marks include an alloy spot in the field left of the bust tip and an impurity streak across the eagle's shield and right (facing) wing. Typically struck with myriad abrasions on each side, this Choice About Uncirculated eagle has lovely orange and lilac coloration. Population: 9 in 55, 2 finer (10/16).

Ex: Harold Rothenberger Collection (*Superior Galleries*, 2/1994), lot 2579; Private collection; Kansas dealer; Doug Winter/Spectrum Numismatics; Nevada Collection (7/1998); Doug Winter/Lee Minshull (5/1999); the present consignor.

From The Soluna Collection.



1876 Eagle, Reflective AU50 Fewer Than 50 Pieces Known

5948 1876 AU50 PCGS. The 1876 eagle famously boasts the second-lowest mintage of the series at a paltry 687 coins. Only the 1875, with a mintage of 100 pieces, has a smaller production total. Foreign trade was supplied by double eagles in 1876, and domestic commercial need for large denomination gold was virtually nonexistent. Having been in suspension since the beginning of the Civil War, specie payments were not resumed until January 1879, a year in which eagle coinage spiked to more than 384,000 pieces in response.

The rare 1876 eagle has a meager surviving population of only 40 or 50 pieces, almost all of which are in circulated condition. Here offered is a sharply detailed AU example with rich orange-gold color and remnants of prooflike mirroring. Scattered abrasions appear on each side, as expected for the issue. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 12 in 50, 15 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 265C, PCGS# 8674



1876-CC Liberty Eagle, AU50 Elusive Branch Mint Issue in High Grade

5949 1876-CC AU50 NGC. Variety 1-A. From a tiny mintage of 4,696 pieces, the 1876-CC Liberty Head eagle is scarce-to-rare in all grades and ranks as one of the rarest issues in the series in high grade. Only slight wear shows on the high points of this pleasing AU example, but the typical soft strike is seen on Liberty's hair and the mintmark. The surfaces display attractive orange-gold patina on both sides, with much original mint luster remaining. The 1876-CC is well known for its surface problems. Most examples display deep, distracting gouges in prominent areas. The present coin is much better than average in this respect. The normal scattering of minor abrasions can be detected on both sides, but they tend to be unobtrusive and do not mar the major design elements. Census: 13 in 50, 19 finer (11/16).

Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2010), lot 5450. NGC ID# 54UL, PCGS# 8675



1876-CC Ten Dollar, AU50 Outstanding Original Coloration

5950 1876-CC AU50 PCGS. CAC. **Variety 1-A.** Annual gold eagle coinage at the Carson City Mint breached the five-figure barrier (and barely) only four times prior to the 1885 to 1889 hiatus during which the mint was shut down. Double eagles dominated large denomination gold production from the Comstock Lode-fed branch mint during this period. In 1876, only 4,696 tens were struck. This issue circulated extensively and is unknown in Mint State today. The present AU coin is conditionally rare. Blatantly original surfaces yield glimpses of prooflike mirroring in the fields with flashes of orange-gold color. Deeper olive-gold patina embraces the lightly worn areas. Each side has scattered chatter, consistent with the grade and issue. CAC-endorsed in a green label holder. Population: 10 in 50, 10 finer. CAC: 2 in 50, 3 finer (11/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 54UL, PCGS# 8675



1879-CC Ten Dollar, Sharp AU58 Condition Census for This Rare Issue

5951 1879-CC AU58 NGC. **Variety 1-A.** The 1879-CC eagle boasts the lowest mintage of the series from this mint at 1,762 pieces. Likely fewer than 60 examples survive in all grades, and the rarity of auction appearances easily rivals that of the more popular 1870-CC. The 1879-CC was once unknown in Mint State, but Garrett and Guth, in their gold coin *Encyclopedia*, recount that in 2005, a coin was discovered in Alaska that later graded MS62 by NGC. The present near-Mint representative ranks well-within the Condition Census as one of the second finest known.

The strike is sharp with little high-point friction over the devices, and areas of prooflike reflectivity remain in the protected regions of the fields. Light surface chatter is remarkably unobtrusive. The appearance is in direct contrast to norms for the issue, which Garrett and Guth describe as "usually found with a poor strike, heavy wear, or excessive bagmarks." This is a rare and important opportunity for the Carson City gold specialist. Census: 5 in 58, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 265N, PCGS# 8684



**1879-O Eagle, Sharp AU58
Key O-Mint Issue,
Only 1,500 Pieces Produced**

5952 1879-O AU58 NGC. The tiny mintage of 1,500 pieces ensured that the 1879-O ten dollar would be a rarity in all grades. NGC and PCGS have graded fewer than 100 coins, including only three Mint State pieces, a PCGS MS60 and one MS61 from both NGC and PCGS. As expected, near-Mint coins, such as the current offering, are extremely rare. Indeed, the certified population of 14 AU58 examples is probably inflated, due to resubmissions in the hope of obtaining Mint State classification.

The yellow-gold surfaces of this specimen display semiprooflike fields that yield mild contrast with the motifs. The strike is uniformly sharp, with just a hint of weakness in the hair around Liberty's ear. Several marks are distributed over both sides, but these are relatively light. All in all, this coin generates above-average eye appeal. Census: 7 in 58, 2 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 2015.

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 265P, PCGS# 8685



**1901 Ten Dollar Gold, Rare MS67
Tied for Finest at NGC and PCGS**

5953 1901 MS67 NGC. Although moderately available in Gem condition or finer, the 1901 Liberty ten is an unsung rarity in Superb Gem condition, where it represents the pinnacle of condition rarity for an advanced date or type collection. Our archives show only three appearances of the 1901 in MS67 condition (and, of course, none finer) — one in 2005, another in 2008, and the most recent appearance in 2009.

This example displays billowy mint frost and exceptionally vibrant mint luster. Eye appeal alone would demand a Superb Gem grade, yet the strike is equally impressive. Liberty's portrait is smooth and appealing, while the eagle is razor-sharp. The sumptuous orange-gold color is in part due to copper alloy that encourages the pleasing orange accents. No pieces are finer at either service. Census: 7 in 67, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747

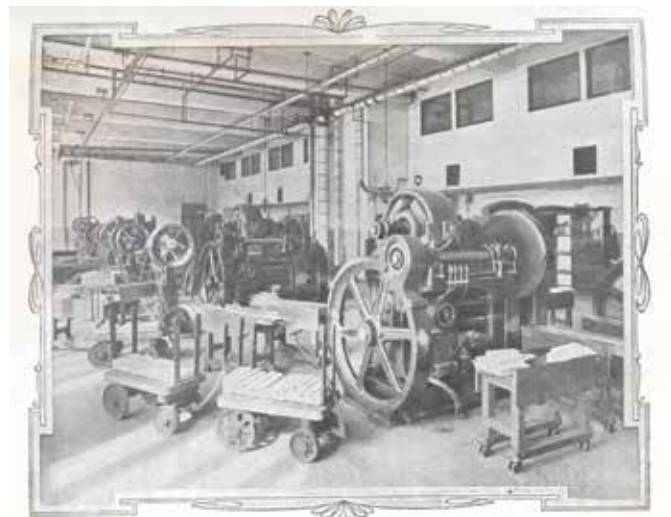


1901-S Liberty Eagle, MS67 Exceptional Type Coin

5954 1901-S MS67 NGC. This San Francisco Liberty ten is a stalwart choice for type collectors based on its high-quality production and lustrous, attractive color. With a mintage of more than 2.8 million pieces, it is one of the most available issues in the series. The present coin provides ample evidence of the popularity, with gleaming and frosty rich-gold color plus a sharp strike.

Readily available through MS65 and even MS66, only at the Superb Gem grade is the availability of the 1901-S remotely challenging. It is nearly nonexistent at PCGS in MS67 (only two such examples exist) and only somewhat less limited at NGC. Our archives indicate we have sold just seven MS67 pieces in the past 20 years, and there are none numerically finer at either service. NGC Census: 20 in 67 (1 in 67★), 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749



Rolling Room, circa 1901

PROOF LIBERTY EAGLES

1846 Liberty Eagle, PR55 Recently Discovered Early Proof Rarity One of Five Examples Known

5955 1846 PR55 NGC. The mintage of 1846 proof Liberty eagles was not recorded, but it was undoubtedly quite small. David Akers wrote in his Pittman catalog in 1998:

“It is my belief that only 4 or 5 of the 20-25 proof sets minted in 1846 were issued with the three gold coins. Four specimens each of the Quarter Eagle and Eagle can be accounted for today ... (further down, about the proof eagles) Of course, there is the possibility that another example exists, if another proof set was issued, but the following four specimens are the only ones I can locate.”

Akers proceeded to list a roster including the coins in numbers 1-4 in our listing below, but his speculation about a possible fifth specimen proved prophetic. Until the present coin was recently discovered and certified, numismatists continued to believe that only four 1846 proof eagles survived, but that small total will have to be expanded now. Undoubtedly, this coin has been cataloged over the years as a prooflike business strike, but NGC noticed the position of the date on this piece differs from that on the business-strike examples we have seen, corresponding to Breen’s diagnostic “small date” for proofs. This coin has definitely been in circulation, probably spent for face value by its owner in the 19th century. Some slight wear is evident on the design elements, and the light greenish-gold surfaces show some minor abrasions, but the mirrored reflectivity is still evident in sheltered areas on both sides, and the devices are sharply rendered, aside from a touch of softness on star 12. Although slightly impaired, this very rare proof gold issue is an important find, as only two other examples are available to collectors, and they are tightly held. We expect intense competition when this lot is called. Census: 1 in 55, 1 finer (11/16).

Roster of 1846 Proof Eagles

1. PR64 Deep Cameo, per Garrett and Guth. Mint Cabinet, National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution.

2. PR64 Cameo NGC. Possibly Public Auction Sale (Ed Frossard, 11/1892), part of a complete original cased proof set; unknown intermediaries; Numismatic Gallery; the set was purchased by John Jay Pittman on 7/20/1949 for \$750; Pittman Collection, Part II (David Akers, 5/1998), lot 1712 j, realized \$522,500 for the set; the eagle was offered individually in the Fun Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 5337, realized \$161,000.

3. Proof. Elmer Sears; purchased by John H. Clapp in December 1921; Clapp Estate, purchased by Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. in 1942, via Stack’s; United States Gold Coin Collection (Bowers and Ruddy, 10/1982), lot 675, realized \$46,200; Don Kagin; Auction ‘90 (David Akers, 8/1990), lot 1922, realized \$101,750; Worrell Collection (Superior, 9/1993), lot 1670; Seymour Finkelstein Collection (Stack’s, 10/1995), lot 1636; offered by Albanese Rare Coins on page 96 of the March 2005 issue of *The Numismatist*.

4. Proof. R.C.H. Brock; J.P. Morgan; American Numismatic Society, exhibited at the 1914 ANS Exhibition.

5. PR55 NGC. The present coin. NGC ID# 28EM, PCGS# 8782





1864 Liberty Eagle, PR63+ Deep Cameo First Proof Ten Offered in Over Five Years

5956 1864 PR63+ Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. All early gold proof coins are rare issues, and the 1864 proof Liberty eagle is no exception. The recorded mintage of just 50 pieces was actually quite generous in the context of the series, but it is doubtful if more than half that number were actually distributed. PCGS CoinFacts estimates the surviving population at 15-20 examples in all grades, while earlier researchers, like Walter Breen and David Akers favored a smaller estimate of 12-15 specimens, all told. Two coins are included in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution (from the Mint Cabinet and the Lilly donation), and a third is in the collection of the American Numismatic Society (ex: Brock/Morgan). If frequency of auction appearances is any indication of rarity, the 1864 proof Liberty eagle is a very rare coin, indeed. It has been more than five years since any example of this issue has been publicly offered [see lot 5060 of the Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 10/2011) for last appearance]. Heritage Auctions is privileged to present this remarkable specimen, which is part of a spectacular collection of 1864 proof issues assembled by Dale Friend, offered individually in the appropriate sections throughout this sale.

This Plus-graded Select specimen shows all the diagnostics Walter Breen listed in his *Proof Encyclopedia*. The date is well to the left of center, with the 1 about centered between the bust and border. The date slants down to the right. The left base of 1 is nearly over the left edge of a dentil, and the right base of the 4 is over the right edge of a dentil. The second vertical stripe in the shield is thin at its top, and the third strip is thin at its bottom. The rightmost element in stripe 6 extends upward to the third crossbar. The overall presentation of this coin is most attractive, with sharply detailed, richly frosted design elements that contrast dramatically with the deeply mirrored fields to create a stunning cameo effect. A few minor hairlines and grade-consistent contact marks are evident, but a small planchet flaw near the T in TEN is the best pedigree marker. We expect intense competition from proof gold specialists when this lot is called, as it may be years before another example becomes available. Population: 2 in 63 (1 in 63+) Deep Cameo, 6 finer (11/16).

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 28F2, PCGS# 98800



1901 Eagle, PR66+ Deep Cameo Sole Finest Deep Cameo Certified

5957 1901 PR66+ Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. The type-coin appeal of this 20th century proof ten issue is obvious, although acquiring an example will prove challenging. The 1901 proof Liberty eagle had a small mintage of 85 pieces, of which 50 to 65 examples are believed to survive, including two in the Smithsonian Institution. The certified population is highly inflated, as NGC and PCGS combined list 91 coins — more than were reportedly struck. Our Permanent Auction Archives show mainly multiple appearances of a few impaired examples, with high-grade pieces being scarce. In fact, we have previously handled only two other different Deep Cameos. These include seven appearances of a PR64 Deep Cameo PCGS coin, which realized nearly \$23,000 in its last offering (Heritage, 10/2016), lot 3330, and a PR65 Ultra Cameo NGC example, which garnered \$46,000 in the Phoenix ANA Signature sale (Heritage, 3/2008), lot 1595. The most recent auction sale of a Premium Gem Deep/Ultra Cameo was in Stack's 74th Anniversary sale (11/2009), lot 1924, where an NGC coin brought nearly \$55,000.

Graded PR66+ Deep Cameo and CAC endorsed, this remarkable coin is not only the finest Deep Cameo that we have ever offered, it is the single finest known. Field-device contrast is spectacular, and the extent of the preservation dazzles the eye even beneath a loupe. The strike is full, and the fields are delightfully free of bothersome hairlines. The appearance at public auction of this remarkable proof type coin is an opportunity that may not repeat itself for many years. We would not be surprised if a record price for the issue is realized by this coin. Population: 2 in 66 (1 in 66+) Deep Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28G8, PCGS# 98841

INDIAN EAGLES



1907 Liberty Eagle, PR63 Cameo Final Year of Design, Only 74 Pieces Struck

5958 1907 PR63 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The Liberty design was retired partway through the year in 1907, in favor of Saint-Gaudens' new Indian motif. Only 74 proof eagles of the old design were struck, making the 1907 an elusive issue in all grades today. Walter Breen notes the diagnostic "floating curls" behind Liberty's head, a loss of definition due to die polishing, and an indistinct scroll end below ST on the reverse. The Mint was using an all-brilliant finish on proof coins during this period, so few examples show any degree of cameo contrast.

The present coin is an impressive Select proof, with strongly impressed, frosty design elements that show noticeable cameo contrast with the deeply mirrored fields. The pleasing lemon-yellow surfaces show a few minor hairlines and contact marks that prevent an even higher grade. Population: 2 in 63 Cameo, 9 finer. CAC: 1 in 63, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GE, PCGS# 88847



1907 Wire Rim Ten Dollar, MS63 Only 450 Pieces Survive

5959 1907 Wire Rim MS63 PCGS. The 1907 Wire Rim ten dollar issue is highly prized by series specialists and type enthusiasts alike, and it is widely considered the most faithful representation of Augustus Saint-Gaudens' vision for the coin. The Mint issued two modified versions later in the year. The first modified issue, of which 31,500 coins were struck and all but 50 pieces were melted, included a rounded or rolled rim added by Charles Barber. The final and most widely available 1907 Indian Head eagle issue featured the removal of the periods within the motto. Approximately 450 Wire Rim representatives survive from a net mintage of 472 pieces. This is an exceptionally attractive example of this 1907 rarity. The surfaces show only one pinscratch of note, located on the right side of the reverse. A tiny, triangular-shaped planchet void is seen on the eagle's forward leg. Subtle rose and lilac patina is seen over each side with thick underlying mint frost. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 8850



1907 Indian Eagle, Colorful MS67 Normal Rim, 'No Periods' Design

5960 1907 No Motto MS67 NGC. At President Theodore Roosevelt's insistence, Augustus Saint-Gaudens adorned the visage of Liberty with the headdress of a native American to create an iconic design that replaced the long-running Liberty Head obverse of the ten dollar gold piece. Saint-Gaudens' original design was modified by the combined efforts of Mint Engraver Charles Barber and Saint-Gaudens' associate Henry Hering to make the motif viable for mass production, including lowering the relief and removing the triangular stops (periods) from E PLURIBUS UNUM.

This example of the No Motto Indian eagle is highly lustrous and frosty, with variegated rose and lime-green highlights enhancing the vibrant yellow-gold coloration. The strike is extremely sharp on this well-produced coin, while the surfaces show only two or three tiny marks on the reverse and a small luster graze beneath the chin on the obverse. Despite many coins being saved as the first year of a dramatic new design, the issue is rare in Superb Gem condition or finer. Census: 30 in 67 (2 in 67+), 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852



**1907 Indian Eagle, MS67+
Short-Lived No Motto Variant
Only One Finer Coin at PCGS**

5961 1907 No Motto MS67+ PCGS. Most reference literature regarding the 1907 No Periods eagle describes it as the most plentiful No Motto issue. It was the third and final variant produced for the year, and the design modifications were applied to all subsequent issues in the series. More than 239,000 pieces were struck, also making the No Periods 1907 the highest-mintage issue of the No Motto type. However, this issue's high-grade availability is limited. In MS65, examples can still be found with ease, but Premium Gems pose a problem for the collector seeking a quick acquisition. In MS67, the No Periods 1907 is rare. For perspective, the date is the most plentiful in the series at this lofty level of preservation, but the number of such coins known is still inherently small, and the issue's popularity as a type coin causes immense demand to be applied to these high-end examples.

The Saint-Gaudens Indian eagle was an artistic success from the public's viewpoint, and many Mint State examples were saved by contemporary collectors. Fuljenz, writing in *Indian Gold Coins of the 20th Century*, states that as a result, "with some patience the collector may be able to find a piece which grades MS66 or even MS67." This Plus-graded Superb Gem is just such a coin. The design elements are boldly defined amid the frosty green-gold surfaces. Abrasions are nonexistent and the corresponding eye appeal is superb. The cartwheel effect spirals uninterrupted. The record price realized for this issue is \$161,000, brought by the MS68 PCGS specimen in our June 2006 Long Beach Signature. An opportunity of this importance should not be taken lightly. Population: 11 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852



**1908 Indian Eagle, MS66+
Exemplary No Motto Type**

5962 1908 No Motto MS66+ PCGS. The motto was added to most denominations shortly after the Civil War, including the ten and twenty dollar gold pieces. When those denominations were redesigned, President Theodore Roosevelt and Augustus Saint-Gaudens were of a like mind that it was wrong, or even sacrilegious, to mention God on a monetary medium that could possibly be used for untoward purposes. Congress disagreed, and in May of 1908 passed legislation making the motto mandatory on gold and silver coinage.

Only a small quantity of No Motto eagles were struck in 1908 before the new design was implemented — 210,000 pieces by the Denver Mint, and just 33,500 pieces at the Philadelphia Mint. This high-end Premium Gem is one of the few high-grade Uncirculated P-Mint representatives of the final-year No Motto type. Satiny rich-gold surfaces display orange and olive-gold overtones amid pervasive mint luster. The sharp surfaces show minimal signs of contact or marks of any kind, save for a tiny planchet flake near the left reverse rim. Population: 12 in 66 (2 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GG, PCGS# 8853



**1908-D Indian Ten, MS65+
With Motto Reverse**

5963 1908-D Motto MS65+ PCGS. Ex: Harbor View. The 1908-D Motto Indian eagle has the fourth highest mintage of any issue of the type, yet high grade pieces are elusive. In fact, PCGS and NGC have combined to grade just 33 examples finer than MS64. Advanced Indian eagle specialists are well aware of the difficulty posed by the issue in high grades, and will certainly bid accordingly. This piece has a bold strike and pristine yellow surfaces with soft, frosty mint luster and delicate orange overtones. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GK, PCGS# 8860



1908-S Ten Dollar, MS63 High-End for the Grade

5964 1908-S MS63 PCGS. Boasting a small mintage of 59,850 pieces, the 1908-S Indian eagle is scarce in Mint State. The San Francisco Mint was the last to receive working dies in 1908 for the new Saint-Gaudens issue. Production was not commenced until after the reinstatement of IN GOD WE TRUST to the reverse, making only one variety for this issue. Uncirculated examples are widely scattered throughout various grades, although Gems are rare. This Select coin remains collectible and retains significant eye appeal, despite light, scattered marks. The strike is sharp, and each side displays luminous orange-gold luster. A thin mark on Liberty's cheek is the only individually mentionable abrasion. NGC ID# 28GL, PCGS# 8861

1910 Indian Eagle, MS66+ Only Three Finer at PCGS

5965 1910 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Despite a mintage of 318,500 coins, few have survived in the highest grades. PCGS has certified nearly 6,000 submissions of this issue, yet only 29 of those submissions grade finer than MS65. This stunning beauty exhibits a sharp strike and frosty mint luster with brilliant yellow surfaces and faint orange overtones. Both sides exhibit pristine surfaces with minimal surface marks. We have only sold one finer PCGS certified example over the last 23 years. Population: 26 in 66 (2 in 66+), 3 finer. CAC: 13 in 66, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865



1911-D Indian Eagle, MS62 Sought-After, Low-Mintage Issue

5966 1911-D MS62 PCGS. The 1911-D Indian eagle boasts the lowest business-strike mintage of the series, at a meager 30,100 pieces. As might be expected, the 1911-D is an elusive issue in all grades and it is the leading condition rarity of the series in high grade. Only three coins have been certified at the MS65 grade level by PCGS, and NGC has graded no examples higher than MS64 (10/16).

Specimens grading MS63 or MS64 are also quite difficult to locate, and such coins command significant premiums when they can be found, making this attractive MS62 example an excellent balance of quality and value. The design elements are sharply detailed, with fine detail on the lower headdress feathers. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade and overall eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 28GU, PCGS# 8869



1911-D Indian Ten, MS63+ Lowest Mintage Issue

5967 1911-D MS63+ PCGS. Aside from the extremely rare 1907 With Periods issues, the 1911-D has the lowest mintage of the series with a production of only 30,100 coins. Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth call this issue the undisputed condition rarity to the entire series: "The low mintage combined with the dismal survival rate leaves collectors with very few to choose from." This fully lustrous Select Mint State piece has satiny yellow-gold luster with exceptional surfaces for the grade. Only a few microscopic, grade-limiting marks are evident on this piece. Population: 42 in 63 (3 in 63+), 18 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GU, PCGS# 8869



1914-D Ten Dollar Indian, MS67 Tied for Finest at Either Service

5968 1914-D MS67 NGC. While the 1914-D is one of the more-available branch mint Indian eagles, the mintage of 343,500 pieces makes the issue more challenging than the high-mintage 1910-D. Nor are many high-grade pieces awaiting certification, since a large quantity of the issue did not escape the 1933 gold melt decree. Moreover, the issue is scarce in Gem or finer grades and it is definitively rare in Superb Gem condition.

This example displays the finely grained, mattelike surfaces that characterize the 1914-D. The coin is fully lustrous and exceedingly well-struck, with alternating reddish-gold and greenish-gold areas and exceptionally few marks to interrupt the high-end surfaces. The eye appeal is extraordinary. Neither service has certified a numerically finer 1914-D. Census: 6 in 67, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876



1915 Ten Dollar, Frosty MS66 Rarely Offered This Fine Among the Finest at CAC

5969 1915 MS66 PCGS. CAC. The 1915 is a rare issue in Premium Gem condition, rarer than some numismatists assume given the issue's availability in lower grades. Although many Indian eagle issues are notably rarer, the 1915 is no where near a common date at this grade level. Among Premium Gems known, PCGS-graded coins are in the minority (Our Permanent Auction Archives show a PCGS/NGC appearance ratio of only 5/14 coins). This is also the finest grade for which CAC has endorsed representatives (11/16). The most recent PCGS CAC coin that we handled in this grade was in lot 5010 of our February 2012 Long Beach Signature sale, which realized \$21,850. The present coin is at least as fine as that piece from a visual perspective, showing frosty wheat-gold luster and razor-sharp detail. Close examination with a loupe fails to reveal a noteworthy abrasion. Population: 11 in 66 (2 in 66+), 1 finer. CAC: 10 in 66, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

1930-S Ten Dollar, Luminous MS64 Scarce Key Date in All Grades

5970 1930-S MS64 NGC. Gold was largely absent from daily commerce by 1930, and production reflected the lack of demand. During the fiscal year from June 1929 to June 1930, the only gold coinage produced at any mint was a production of quarter eagles in late 1929, which was struck almost exclusively to “meet the usual Christmas demand,” according to the Annual Report of the Director of the Mint. Most of these quarter eagles ended up back in government vaults shortly following the Christmas season. Legislation from April 1930, discontinued “both the coinage and issue by the Treasury of quarter eagles after the date of the act.” Thus, no quarter eagles are known dated later than 1929. Small denomination gold had been out of use in domestic circulation for many years.

Large denomination gold, however, continued to be coined in regular amounts, primarily for use in trade and as backing for Federal Reserve notes and gold certificates. But in 1930, imports of gold coins from foreign banks produced a second consecutive year in which the amount of returning gold coins surpassed new exports. Per research by Roger Burdette, the large influx of trade coins went immediately into storage in New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver. Until they were melted in the mid-1930s, these coins supplied backing for paper currencies and eliminated much of the need for new coinage in 1930.

The only gold struck in 1930, occurred at the San Francisco Mint in the form of 96,000 eagles and 74,000 double eagles. Most of each issue was placed into storage and later melted. Coins that escaped destruction were distributed to the public from Annual Assay Commission residuals and small numbers of pieces sent to the Treasurer for distribution as current gold. No large quantities are known to have been shipped to Federal Reserve Banks.

The 1930-S eagle has a surviving population of likely no more than a couple of hundred pieces, almost all of which are in Mint State since this issue was never released into circulation. NGC and PCGS report 259 submissions combined in all grades, but the auction appearance rate for the issue suggests that the reported figures are highly inflated by resubmissions. This Choice example displays vibrant, frosty orange-gold luster and a sharp strike. Surface chatter is virtually nonexistent, and only a few singular marks limit the grade. These include a couple of ticks on Liberty’s cheek and neck, and a pair of grazes in the fields — along the lower-left obverse rim and above IN GOD WE TRUST, respectively. The coin displays eye-catching originality, and the visual appeal is seemingly the finest obtainable at the MS64 grade level. Census: 26 in 64, 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28HA, PCGS# 8883



LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES



1850 Double Eagle, AU58 Terrific Eye Appeal, Few Abrasions

5971 1850 AU58 PCGS. CAC. Always in demand as the first year of regular production for the Liberty Head double eagle series, the 1850 Philadelphia issue is an ideal selection for the Type One design as well as for its inaugural issue status. More than 1.1 million pieces were struck. Few were saved in high grades, and only 26 pieces were recovered from the S.S. *Central America* at last count.

This near-Mint example is but a hint of rub away from a much finer Mint State designation. The satiny and still-lustrous surfaces show a few tiny marks, but no distracting abrasions. The strike is particularly bold on Liberty's portrait. The yellow-gold color of California gold shines brightly from both sides. A minor rim ding above F in OF is little more than a shiny spot on the dentils. CAC-endorsement confirms the quality. Population: 50 in 58, 89 finer. CAC: 20 in 58, 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902



1850 Double Eagle, Scarce MS62 First Year of Regular Issue

5972 1850 MS62 NGC. Although more than 1.1 million pieces were struck of the 1850 double eagle, few Mint State examples survive. The shipwreck finds yielded no substantial number of Uncirculated coins, nor have any significant hoards added to the availability. Moreover, demand is strong for the first-year issue as the debut of the denomination despite the fact that privately minted pieces by the Mormons in 1849 lay claim to being the first such American twenty dollar gold pieces.

This is an exceptionally nice example of the Liberty Head Type One design, with glittering greenish-gold patina and smooth, minimally abraded fields. Liberty's cheek and neck show only shallow signs of contact. Frosty cartwheel luster radiates from both sides, with some prooflike surface surrounding the reverse motifs. The strike is sharply brought up on all of the raised elements and the eye appeal is terrific. Census: 25 in 62 (1 in 62+), 13 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902



1850-O Twenty Dollar, AU58 Challenging in This High Grade

5973 1850-O AU58 NGC. **Variety 2.** Both Philadelphia and New Orleans coined double eagles in 1850, and New Orleans was the only branch mint to produce them until 1854, when the San Francisco Mint struck its own from California gold. This is an appealing near-Mint example of the first branch mint double eagle issue, partially semiprooflike with pale greenish-gold surfaces that retain practically all of their luster. The stars have unusually strong definition, with none of the mushiness often seen at the centers, and Liberty's hair displays above-average detail. Light highpoint friction denies this piece a Mint State grade, but the relative lack of distracting marks is a refreshing change from the typical representative. Census: 17 in 58, 5 finer (11/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 3699.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268G, PCGS# 8903



1851-O Double Eagle, AU58 Collectible New Orleans Issue

5974 1851-O AU58 NGC. **Variety 2.** Brilliant, yellow-gold surfaces with traces of prooflike surface around the stars and legends combine with a sharp strike to recommend this near-Mint early New Orleans twenty. Unlike the ultra-scarce O-Mint issues of the mid-to-later 1850s, the 1851-O is more available for collectors seeking branch mint Type One gold. As with any Type One double eagle approaching full Mint State, "availability" is a relative term since no Type Ones are common in higher grades, regardless of Mint or date.

At one time the surfaces of this bright twenty were fully reflective. Brief circulation and fine abrasions join tiny marks to limit the prooflikeness in the fields. Traces of mint luster remain across both sides, adding to the eye appeal. Doug Winter indicates in his 2006 reference that eight coins were recovered from the *S.S. Central America* and 14 examples were found on the *S.S. Republic*. Reportedly, 10 Uncirculated examples were included in the Baltimore Hoard in 1934. Census: 63 in 58 (1 in 58+), 19 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905



1851-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Popular Branch Mint Type Coin

5975 1851-O AU58 NGC. The 1851-O Liberty double eagle boasts the largest mintage of the New Orleans series, at 315,000 pieces. Like most Type One double eagles, the 1850-O circulated heavily at the time of issue and few examples were saved for numismatic purposes. As a result, the 1850-O is easily located in lower circulated grades today, but the issue is very scarce in AU58, and Mint State coins are rare. The 1851-O is a popular branch mint type coin, but modern shipwreck finds have only yielded modest numbers of high-grade survivors. Eight coins were recovered from the *S.S. Central America* and 14 examples were found on the *S.S. Republic*. Reportedly, 10 Uncirculated examples were included in the Baltimore Hoard in 1934.

The present coin is an attractive near-Mint specimen that exhibits just a trace of wear on the sharply detailed design elements. The orange-gold surfaces show a number of scattered, minor abrasions, and traces of original mint luster show in sheltered areas. This coin should find a home in a fine collection or type set. Census: 64 in 58 (1 in 58+), 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905



1852-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Sharply Struck and Still Lustrous

5976 1852-O AU58 PCGS. From a mintage of 190,000 pieces, the 1852-O Liberty double eagle is one of the more available issues in this branch mint series, with a surviving population of 900-1,100 pieces in all grades. However, like most Type One twenties, the 1852-O is still elusive, especially in the high About Uncirculated and full Mint State grades.

This sharply detailed example exhibits lightly marked orange-gold, surfaces that retain a degree of semireflectivity and much of their original mint luster. A few hair-thin lines and pin scratches are noted, particularly above the second A in AMERICA. Nice eye appeal remains, and overall the coin is less-abraded than most survivors of this O-Mint issue. Population: 40 in 58 (1 in 58+), 17 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 268L, PCGS# 8907





1853 Twenty Dollar, MS62 Gold Rush-Era Condition Rarity

5977 1853 MS62 NGC. Due to heavy circulation of the new denomination, the early Philadelphia issues in the double eagle series are not as plentiful in Mint State as they should be with healthy seven-figure mintages, but they are more accessible in that condition than most other Type One issues except the high-mintage 1861 and the San Francisco dates recovered in quantity from various shipwrecks in recent decades. The connection of the 1850 to 1853 P-mint coins to the California Gold Rush further enhances their appeal among collectors. The San Francisco Mint was not completed until 1854. Until that time, freshly mined gold from the West Coast was boated to New Orleans and Philadelphia for coinage. Philadelphia double eagles struck with California gold from this period often have a bright yellowish hue. Such is displayed by the present 1853 coin. Lustrous surfaces exhibit minimal abrasions for the grade, and the strike is sharp throughout. The 1853 is a rarity in this grade, and finer coins are the subject of headlines when offered at auction. Census: 15 in 62, 4 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268M, PCGS# 8908



1853-O Double Eagle, AU55 Challenging O-Mint in High Grades

5978 1853-O AU55 NGC. Variety 1. Among the early 1850s New Orleans issues, only the 1850-O is scarcer than the 1853-O in Choice About Uncirculated grade or finer. After that, all bets are off. The 1854-O starts a string of very rare O-mint double eagles that does not abate until series end. The 1853-O is an ideal representative of the Southern mint for those wanting to ramp up the scarcity without a large increase in expenditure.

The issue was struck in relatively small quantity — just 71,000 pieces, the smallest production of the pre-1854 double eagles regardless of mint. This example is lightly abraded with attractive orange-gold toning and nice remaining mint luster. The strike is sharp, with slight wear on the lower curls and hair bun. Census: 36 in 55, 31 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268N, PCGS# 8910



1854 Liberty Double Eagle, MS62 Popular Small Date Variant Tied for Finest at NGC

5979 1854 Small Date MS62 NGC. The 1854 Liberty double eagle claims a substantial business-strike mintage of 757,899 pieces, with two major die varieties known for the date (and a few less obvious minor varieties, as well). This coin represents the more available Small Date variety, with smaller numerals in the date and the date placed lower than its Large Date counterpart. The 1854 was produced in large numbers, but the issue was heavily circulated in the 19th century. Like most early double eagles, the 1854 can be located in lower circulated grades with little difficulty, but Mint State coins are rare. Unlike some other Type One issues, the 1854 was not heavily represented in recent shipwreck finds, but 19 examples were recovered from the wreck of the *S.S. Central America*, and 12 specimens surfaced in the Baltimore Hoard.

The present MS62 example offers sharply detailed design elements, with full star radials and fine definition on Liberty's hair. The orange-gold surfaces show numerous grade-consistent contact marks, mostly on the obverse, with radiant mint luster and strong eye appeal. Census: 7 in 62, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268R, PCGS# 8911



1854-S Double Eagle, MS62 First San Francisco Issue

5980 1854-S MS62 PCGS. Virtually no Mint State 1854-S double eagles were known prior to the treasure recoveries from the *S.S. Yankee Blade* and the *S.S. Central America*. While a premium is placed on "original" coins (non-shipwreck coins), they are extremely rare in grades AU58 and finer.

This MS62 example resides in a PCGS holder without any reference to its origin. The coin is boldly struck with rich, yellow-gold color on lustrous, satin-smooth surfaces. The only mentionable abrasion is a thin, shallow scrape in the field opposite Liberty's chin, and it is only noticed because there are simply no other marks to be seen. A pattern of intricate die cracks appears on the obverse and reverse, and the A in STATES is broken. This is the variety with a Large S mintmark touching the eagle's tail. The technical quality and eye appeal of this twenty are high. Population: 23 in 62, 22 finer (10/16). Ex: *The Collection of Donald E. Bently* (Heritage, 3/2014), lot 30415.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268U, PCGS# 8913



1854-S Double Eagle, MS63 CAC A Rarity This Well-Preserved

5981 1854-S MS63 NGC. CAC. The San Francisco Mint became operational in 1854, but a shortage of parting acids necessary for refining ore stunted double eagle coinage to little more than 141,000 pieces. The coins that were struck experienced active circulation in Gold Rush-period California. Uncirculated survivors are scarce in any grade, and Select coins are rare. This piece is the second finest of only four 1854-S twenties stickered by CAC (10/16). The strike is sharp throughout, and the fields offer softly frosted yellow-gold luster with a few light marks. Liberty's cheek is pleasantly devoid of heavy abrasions. The quality of this coin greatly surpasses that of most Mint State 1854-S double eagles offered. Finer coins are exceedingly rare. Census: 23 in 63 (2 in 63+), 10 finer (10/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 268U, PCGS# 8913



1855 Double Eagle, MS62 High-End for the Grade A Major Rarity This Fine

5982 1855 MS62 NGC. In stark contrast to most earlier dates from the Philadelphia Mint, the 1855 double eagle is a great rarity in Mint State, despite a mintage exceeding 364,000 pieces. A smattering of Uncirculated coins exist in MS60 and MS61, including a few Mint State-qualifying pieces that were recovered from the *S.S. Central America* and *S.S. Republic*. But finer examples are well outside of the "available" category. Our Permanent Auction Archives show 22 previous offerings of Uncirculated 1855 twenties, including a handful of examples with saltwater damage, with none that graded finer than MS62.

Here offered is another example to add to the paltry total of 1855 double eagles that rank as the finest we have handled. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty yellow-gold luster. Surprisingly, the lightly marked surfaces reveal no major abrasions, producing eye appeal that is as rare for the MS62 grade level as this high-end 1855 double eagle is for its series. Census: 2 in 62, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268V, PCGS# 8914



1855-O Twenty, AU53 Important Southern Gold Rarity

5983 1855-O AU53 PCGS. New Orleans double eagles from the mid 1850s are all rare, low-mintage issues. Both the 1854-O and 1856-O twenties are legendary rarities, yet the 1855-O cannot be overlooked because it is clearly challenging as well in grades exceeding XF45. This About Uncirculated example is attractive for the grade and exceptionally original among the few similarly graded examples that exist.

Like most of the '55-Os, the hair on top of Liberty's head and below her ear shows high-point blending in addition to light wear. Natural orange-gold toning reveals plentiful mint luster for the grade. Abrasions are simply not a problem. Liberty's cheek and the surrounding fields display a serene smoothness as if the coin was long-held as part of a fine, old collection, perhaps in a kraft envelope. A truly impressive example, seldom seen any finer. Population: 9 in 53, 6 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268W, PCGS# 8915



1855-S Twenty Dollar, MS63 Ex: S.S. Central America

5984 1855-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. Ex: S.S. Central America, SSCA 6261. Variety 14A. Broken A, Full E. The S.S. Central America yielded more than 300 1855-S double eagles during salvage, producing a collectible population of Mint State coins. Nonetheless, examples grading as fine as the present MS63 representative are rare, and higher-grade pieces are exceedingly so. Housed in a gold-label PCGS holder, this CAC-endorsed coin showcases luminous orange-gold surfaces with sharp devices and light, scattered grazes that determine the grade. A loupe reveals some faint etching in the luster from spending more than a century in the Atlantic Ocean. Eye appeal is excellent for the grade. Population: 14 in 63, 9 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 2 finer (10/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916





1856 Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Seldom Seen Any Finer

5985 1856 MS61 NGC. The 1856 Liberty double eagle claims an adequate mintage of 329,878 pieces, but the issue is surprisingly difficult to locate in today's market, especially in high-grade. The coins were released into circulation and circulated heavily, suffering much loss and attrition over the years. Unlike some other Type One double eagles, relatively few examples have surfaced in recent shipwreck recoveries. The 1856 is rare in all Mint State grades, and very rare above the MS61 level.

The present coin exhibits sharply detailed central design elements, but a touch of the usual softness shows on some stars. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces show the minimum number of contact marks for the grade and vibrant satiny mint luster adds to the outstanding visual appeal. Census: 11 in 61, 4 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268Y, PCGS# 8917



1856 Double Eagle, MS63 Extremely Rare This Fine None Graded Higher

5986 1856 MS63 PCGS. The 1856 (329,878 coins) did not benefit from any of the maritime tragedies that account for the availability of such Type One twenties as the 1857-S or 1864-S. Instead, nearly all coins were released into the channels of commerce, exported overseas, and largely lost to time. The 500 to 700 coins that do survive are usually found in VF and XF grades. On the scarcity of the 1856, Winter adds: "It is not often seen in properly graded About Uncirculated-55 to About Uncirculated-58, and it remains an excellent value in this range. In Uncirculated, this is a genuinely rare coin and I have seen very few which I graded higher than MS61." Apparently, so have the leading grading services. This Select offering is tied with three other submissions for finest at PCGS. NGC shows a single MS63 example and none finer (10/16).

Both Winter and Akers cite a group of "saltwater Uncs" that surfaced some 35 or 40 years ago. This amazing Select Uncirculated twenty certainly does not have the look of a seawater coin. The surfaces show rich mint frost and are covered with deep rose and sun-gold colors over each side. The relief elements are fully defined, and small marks do nothing to inhibit the unsurpassed level of eye appeal.

From The Soluna Collection.



**1856-S Double Eagle, MS62
Variety-17D**

5987 1856-S MS62 PCGS. Ex: *S.S. Central America*. SSCA 7467. Variety 17D. Full Serif, S Tilted Right. Housed in a special PCGS gold-label holder Thousands of Mint State Type One double eagles were recovered among treasure of the *S.S. Central America*, the steamship that floundered in a hurricane off the coast of North Carolina on September 12, 1857. Most of the double eagles were dated 1857-S, but a minor part of the treasure included these 1856-S twenties. PCGS has certified nearly 6,000 1857-S double eagles, and just over 1,700 1856-S pieces. The treasure also included nearly 1,000 1855-S double eagles, and a handful of 1854-S pieces. This pleasing double eagle features a bold strike, frosty yellow luster, and trivial scattered marks. The reverse is slightly prooflike with a pleasing cameo appearance. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919



**1856-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS64
Ex: *S.S. Central America***

5988 1856-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. Ex: *S.S. Central America*. SSCA 7619. Dies 17O, No Serif, Left S. From a mintage of more than 1.1 million pieces, the 1856-S Liberty double eagle has always been available in lower circulated grades, but Mint State specimens were very rare before the issue surfaced in large numbers in modern shipwreck finds. More than 1,000 examples of the 1856-S were recovered from the wreck of the *S.S. Central America* alone, representing 18 different die varieties. Many of these coins were in Mint State grades, making the 1856-S a popular choice with branch mint type collectors.

The present coin is an impressive Choice example, with needle-sharp definition on all design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The well-preserved surfaces show highlights of rose, orange, and greenish-gold, with only minor signs of contact. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population (for the variety): 16 in 64, 7 finer. CAC: 5 in 64, 3 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919



1857-O Twenty Dollar, AU55 Elusive New Orleans Type One Gold

5989 1857-O AU55 NGC. Variety 1. Overshadowed by several other O-Mint dates in the 1850s as well as the 1860-O, the 1857-O is somewhat more obtainable in Choice About Uncirculated than other New Orleans dates. In the context of the Liberty Head twenty series, it is still a rare, low-mintage issue. Just 30,000 pieces were struck and most pieces circulated. Perhaps as few as 150 to 300 pieces survive for collectors in all grades, depending on which reference is preferred.

This example displays fleeting glimpses of reddish-gold toning over bright, yellow-gold patina. The formerly prooflike surfaces are now occupied by small abrasions and field chatter, but a strong strike remains as does considerable mint luster. Original mirroring surrounds the raised elements along the margins. Only minor rub is seen on the high points. Census: 37 in 55, 30 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 2694, PCGS# 8921



1857-S Twenty Dollar, MS65 Superb Luster and Preservation Likely Ex: S.S. Central America

5990 1857-S MS65 NGC. Variety 20A. Spiked Shield. Although not pedigreed to the S.S. *Central America*, this Gem 1857-S double eagle nonetheless possesses the distinct visual characteristics and exceptional high-grade quality for which the shipwreck coins are immediately identifiable. Prior to the 1980s, the 1857-S double eagle was a rarity in Mint State. But salvage operations of the *Central America* recovered more than 5,000 examples of the date, many remarkably preserved in the pristine condition in which they resided when loaded into the hold in 1857. The *Central America* recovery coins often show glistening yellow-gold interiors surrounded by a deeper halo of orange-gold peripheral color. Such is the appearance of the present coin, although the chief visual attribute of this piece is the exceptional preservation of the frosty luster. The strike is razor-sharp. A loupe reveals a few tiny ticks on Liberty's jaw that represent the only grade-limiting imperfections on the coin. Two die lines penetrating the left edge of the reverse shield identify the "Spiked Shield" variety, the most plentiful of the varieties found on the S.S. *Central America*.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922



1857-S Double Eagle, Frosted Gem S.S. *Central America* Recovery Coin

5991 1857-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. Ex: S.S. *Central America*, SS CA 1610. Variety 20A. Spiked Shield. Two die scratches through the left shield border confirm this, the most frequently encountered variety among double eagles recovered from the sidewheel steamer S.S. *Central America*. The deep connections that these salvage coins represent between the Gold Rush period and the eventual financial panic that occurred in the wake of the sinking make them appealing to numismatists, economic historians, and Americana collectors alike. More than 5,000 1857-S twenty dollar gold pieces were rescued from the shipwreck, accounting for the issue's status as the most collectible Type One issue in mint condition.

This Gem has rich sun-gold rims that lighten to peach and rose-gold centrally. Effulgent frost cartwheels over exceptionally clean surfaces that show merely a couple of scattered abrasions on the upper check and near the eagle's right (facing) wing. Fully struck with extraordinary visual quality, entirely deserving of the CAC approval sticker. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Double Eagle, MS66 Spiked Shield Reverse

5992 1857-S MS66 PCGS. Variety 20A. Spiked Shield. Two diagonal die lines cross the left shield border on the reverse. Prior to the discovery of the S.S. *Central America* treasure, high grade Type One Liberty double eagles were extremely rare. However, among nearly 6,000 1857-S twenties were almost 200 that graded finer than MS65. Type collectors avidly pursue those coins today. This frosty Premium Gem has brilliant yellow luster and bold design motifs, with splashes of rich coppery-orange toning on both sides. The surfaces are virtually flawless. Only a single small mark on Liberty's cheek prevents a higher grade. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922



1858 Double Eagle, MS62 Underrated P-Mint Issue, Few Finer

5993 1858 MS62 NGC. Highlights of lilac and orange add colorful accents to the smooth, honey-gold surfaces of this conditionally rare Mint State double eagle. Sharply struck with a fine coat of mint frost on the devices, the central motifs stand out from semireflective fields. Based solely on eye appeal, it would not be surprising to find that this radiant and lustrous example ranks among the top dozen or so finest representatives of the issue.

We seldom see an 1858 any finer — on four occasions, to be exact, when we sold MS63 coins — the most recent of which was in 2005. A few light abrasions keep this example from the Select grade, with scattered small marks plus a tiny imperfection on the neck truncation, visible with a lens. The 1858 is marginally available in circulated grades, but elusive when Uncirculated and a rarity even at the MS62 level. NGC reports just one numerically finer coin. Census: 8 in 62, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 2697, PCGS# 8923



1858-O Twenty Dollar, AU58 Nearly Unobtainable in Mint State

5994 1858-O AU58 NGC. **Variety 4.** The date is positioned low and left, as on Varieties 1 and 3, while the mintmark placement matches that of Variety 2. Type One New Orleans double eagles are all highly desirable, though some are far more available than others. The 1858-O ranks among the more obtainable issues, but it can hardly be considered available in this relatively high grade. In fact, representatives of this quality are conditionally rare, and only five or six Mint State survivors are known.

This near-Mint twenty would serve as a perfect alternative for those unable to contend for an extremely rare Uncirculated piece. Medium green-gold color and flashes of luster deliver above-average eye appeal. The strike is also better than expected for this notoriously poorly produced issue. Wispy marks are present throughout each side, but the only overt blemish occurs on Liberty's cheek. Census: 27 in 58 (1 in 58+, 2 in 58★), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2698, PCGS# 8924



1858-O Double Eagle, AU58 Significant Southern Rarity

5995 1858-O AU58 PCGS. Variety 3. A die lump within the E of AMERICA and the mintmark positioned toward the left edge of N in TWENTY identify the die pair, one of three die marriages required to strike just 35,250 pieces at the New Orleans Mint in 1858. The 1858-O and 1857-O are of comparable rarity among the Type One issues, although the 1858-O is considerably rarer in high grades. It is very scarce in AU58 and rare in Mint State — even with the discovery of five Uncirculated pieces were brought up from the *S.S. Republic* treasure.

This near-Mint example displays attractive deep, yellow-gold color with faint olive overtones. The strike is exceptionally sharp for an 1858-O, with only inconsequential wear on the high points of the hair. Mint luster remains in liberal amounts throughout both sides of the coin. Abrasions are less frequent than expected and they are of the shallow kind, with glimpses of prooflikeness still present in protected areas. PCGS reports just one numerically finer example. Population: 13 in 58 (2 in 58+), 1 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 2698, PCGS# 8924



1858-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Only One Finer Specimen at NGC

5996 1858-S MS61 NGC. A copious mintage of 846,710 Liberty double eagles was accomplished at the San Francisco Mint in 1858. Like most Type One twenties, the 1858-S circulated widely at the time of issue and most examples seen are in lower circulated grades, with heavily abraded surfaces. Unlike earlier S-mint twenties, the 1858-S was minted too late to be preserved in the treasure of the *S.S. Central America*, but 68 examples were recovered from the wreck of the *S.S. Republic*, mostly in AU grades. Since few examples were saved for numismatic purposes, the 1858-S is rare in MS61 condition, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable.

The coin offered here is a rare MS61 specimen, with sharply detailed design elements that show full radials on all obverse stars. The yellow and rose-gold surfaces exhibit the expected number of scattered, minor contact marks for the grade and both sides radiate vibrant mint luster. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 16 in 61, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 2699, PCGS# 8925



1859 Double Eagle, MS61 Exceptionally Rare Philadelphia Twenty

5997 1859 MS61 NGC. Remarkably, it has been 12 years since we offered a Mint State example of the 1859 double eagle. In fact, in the past 20 years, this is just the fourth appearance of an Uncirculated 1859 twenty in a Heritage auction. Several Type One Liberty Head double eagles are equally rare (or moreso) in Mint State — most of the early O-Mint twenties, as well as the 1866-S No Motto — yet the 1859 Philadelphia issue should be included in the same conversation. It is conceivably the most underrated of any of those dates and mints. We are challenged to name one major Liberty Head gold collection in recent memory that had a Mint State circulation strike 1859 twenty.

Nor have we seen this exact coin before in one of our auctions. It offers delightful orange-gold color and excellent eye appeal. The strike is sharply rendered. Vibrant cartwheel luster flashes from both sides creating undeniably strong eye appeal. Abrasions are frequent but light on the semireflective surfaces. A few minor nicks on the reverse rim to not diminish the visual impact of this rare offering. It is a coin destined for an advanced double eagle collection of the highest order. Census: 3 in 61, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269A, PCGS# 8926



1859-S Double Eagle, MS62 Rare in Mint State The Sole Finest CAC-Approved Coin

5998 1859-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. Medium S. The 1 in the date is faintly recut at its base on this Mint State 1859-S double eagle. This issue as a whole is rarely offered in Mint State. Most Type One double eagles are scarce or rare in Uncirculated condition, with the only true exceptions being dates recovered in quantity during various shipwreck salvage operations, as well as the 1861, which boasts an exceptional mintage of nearly 3 million coins. Above MS62, the 1859-S is represented by only a single coin (10/16). The present coin displays frosty original mint luster with orange-gold interiors that cede to brighter yellow-gold margins. The strike is sharp. Scattered abrasions determine the grade but pose minimal visual distraction. Population: 14 in 62, 1 finer. CAC: 1 in 62, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269C, PCGS# 8928



1860 Type One Twenty, MS64 From the Bass Collection Tied for Third Finest Known

5999 1860 MS64 PCGS. Ex: H.W. Bass, Jr. This Choice Mint State piece is one of the three finest examples that has ever been submitted to PCGS. Doug Winter reports that the finest known 1860 double eagle is an MS65 NGC coin that was recovered with the *S.S. Republic* treasure, a Gem that was never available to Mr. Bass. The *S.S. Republic* treasure yielded 43 of the 152 certified Mint State examples of this issue. Although this date is considered common when all grades are considered, it emerges as a premier rarity in MS64 and finer grades. The finest 1860 double eagles are the following:

MS65 NGC. From the *S.S. Republic* treasure and offered in our Long Beach Signature sale (9/2006), lot 4046.

MS65 PCGS. An example certified prior to the 2000 Bass sales.

MS64 PCGS. The present example from the Bass Collection.

MS64 PCGS. A second MS64 PCGS example that was certified after the 2000 Bass sales.

MS64 NGC. An example from the *S.S. Republic* treasure that we offered in our Pittsburgh Signature sale (10/2011), lot 5107.

MS64 NGC. An example that we offered in our Central States sale (4/2014), lot 5803.

MS64 NGC. Another example from the *S.S. Republic* treasure.

MS64 NGC. Three other examples, all certified by NGC prior to October 2011. It is unknown if any of those are duplications of other examples listed herein.

CAC has approved one MS64 and one MS65, each with a green sticker, but it is unknown which of the above they have approved. This example was probably considered the finest known at the time Mr. Bass was forming his amazing gold coin collection. The strike is exquisite, and the surfaces are virtually flawless with brilliant and satiny yellow luster and delicate rose overtones. Called a "visual treat" in the Bass catalog, and we concur.

Ex: Abner Kreisberg (11/1972), lot 1300; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection (Part III, Bowers and Merena, 5/2000), lot 801, unsold and reoffered in Part IV (Bowers and Merena, 11/2000), lot 829. NGC ID# 269D, PCGS# 8929



1860-S Type One Twenty, MS61 Conditionally Elusive

6000 1860-S MS61 PCGS. The typical surviving 1860-S double eagle grades AU50, based on the combined average grade of all PCGS and NGC certified examples. Slightly more than a half-million of these coins were minted, but the survival rate is quite low with only about 1,300 certified examples in all grades, and only 58 graded MS60 or finer. Only two coins grade higher than MS62, one certified as MS63 and the other MS64. This lovely example features brilliant and frosty light yellow luster, a strong strike, and minimal grade-limiting marks. Population: 14 in 61, 12 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269F, PCGS# 8931





1861-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU55 Historically Interesting Pre-Civil War Issue Conditionally Rare Any Finer

6001 1861-O AU55 PCGS. The final Antebellum issue coined at the New Orleans Mint, at the very dawn of the Civil War, the 1861-O ranks among the more elusive Liberty twenties, with a mintage of just 17,741 coins struck during the early months of the year. Coinage was conducted by three different governments. Although actual records are unavailable, Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth estimate 5,000 coins were struck under authority of the United States, 9,750 examples under authority of the State of Louisiana, and 2,991 specimens under the auspices of the Confederacy. No more double eagles were struck at the Southern facility until 1879.

Noted gold authority Douglas Winter examined several hundred auction catalog descriptions and plates of 1861-O double eagles to form his opinion that the early strikes under U.S. authority have a weak date and a perfect, uncracked obverse die, and later strikes under Louisiana or Confederate authority have a strong date and cracked obverse die. The present piece has considerable weakness at the date, and a perfect die with no trace of the crack that eventually appears above star 2.

The coin offered here is an attractive Choice AU example with brilliant yellow surfaces that exhibit considerable luster and sharply detailed design features. The surfaces are relatively clean, with only a few minor marks on either side. A diagonal mark on Liberty's neck may serve as a pedigree marker. Both sides retain considerable reflectivity in the fields, further attesting to its early production date. Population: 17 in 55, 8 finer (10/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 2494.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269J, PCGS# 8934



1861-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS61+ Seldom Encountered Any Finer

6002 1861-S MS61+ NGC. After a small production of Paquet Reverse double eagles early in the year, the San Francisco Mint went on to strike 768,000 Liberty twenties during the rest of 1861, using the old Longacre reverse. Like most S-mint double eagles, the 1861-S circulated heavily at the time of issue and few were preserved by contemporary collectors. The issue is available in abundant quantities in circulated condition, but high-grade coins are quite rare today, even factoring in the coins recovered from the *S.S. Brother Jonathan* and the *S.S. Republic*.

The coin offered here is a Plus-Graded MS61 specimen, with an unusually sharp strike for this issue, which is among the most weakly struck Type One S-mint twenties. The stars have complete radials and bold definition is evident on Liberty's hair. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade and the overall presentation is most appealing. Census: 8 in 61 (1 in 61+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269K, PCGS# 8935



1861-S Double Eagle, MS61 Salvaged from the *S.S. Republic* Very Rare in Mint State

6003 1861-S MS61 NGC. CAC. Ex: *S.S. Republic*. This San Francisco issue had a healthy mintage of 768,000 coins, yet it is a significant condition rarity in Mint State. Doug Winter's doubleeaglebook.com provides the following commentary: "The discovery of eleven Uncirculated 1861-S double eagles from the *S.S. Republic* treasure virtually doubled the total number of Uncirculated 1861-S double eagles. The 1861-S remains rare in Uncirculated with most in the MS60 to MS61 range. There are probably just five or six properly graded MS62's and this date is unique in MS63." This impressive double eagle, one of the 11 Uncirculated coins traced to the *S.S. Republic* and housed in its original holder with CAC approval, presents vibrant frost over glowing yellow-gold surfaces. The stars and hair curls are unsurprisingly incomplete, but the reverse is better defined. Small abrasions in the field limit the grade. An important opportunity for those assembling a high-grade set of Type One twenties. Census: 8 in 61 (1 in 61+), 3 finer. CAC: 2 in 61, 4 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269K, PCGS# 8935

1861-S Type One Double Eagle, AU50 Famous Paquet Reverse Design Rarest S-Mint Liberty Twenty



6004 1861-S Paquet AU50 PCGS. The 1861-S Paquet Reverse double eagle is the rarest Liberty twenty from the San Francisco Mint. No examples were saved by contemporary collectors, and the issue is unknown in Mint State grades today. In addition to its absolute rarity, the 1861-S Paquet Reverse is a great “story” coin, with a mysterious origin that was long forgotten by the numismatic community.

Assistant Engraver Anthony Paquet modified the reverse design for the double eagle in 1860 (for use on coinage in 1861), using taller, more slender letters in the legend. Unfortunately, these changes caused the reverse field to expand slightly, making the reverse rim narrower than the obverse rim. This caused some striking difficulties and it was feared die breakage and surface wear would be excessive with this design, so officials at the Philadelphia Mint were quick to abandon the Paquet reverse and return to the old design for regular coinage. All but two (or possibly three) examples of the Philadelphia version of Paquet’s design were subsequently melted.

As happened more than once in the 19th century, the decisions made at the Philadelphia Mint were slow to reach the far-flung branch mints, especially the San Francisco facility on the other side of the continent. Double eagle coinage began early in 1861 at the San Francisco Mint and, by the time the order to strike no coins with the new reverse dies reached that facility, a small mintage of 19,250 specimens with the Paquet reverse had been struck and released into circulation. No effort was made to recall the coins and, since the difference in design is really quite subtle, no one remarked on the new reverse at the time of issue. The small mintage slipped into the channels of commerce without remark, with many examples used in foreign exchange, and all knowledge of the San Francisco Mint Paquet Reverse double eagle was lost to the numismatic community.

The 1861-S Paquet Reverse double eagle was rediscovered in the 1930s, causing quite a stir in numismatic circles. Initially, it was believed the coins were extremely rare, as B. Max Mehl noted in his description for lot 206 of the Belden Roach Collection (Mehl, 2/1944), “I know of one other specimen which was offered for \$1,000.” The lot realized \$375, a strong price for any double eagle at that time, despite the \$1,000 allegedly offered for the discovery specimen. More coins with the Paquet design soon surfaced in European holdings, and perhaps 150-200 examples are known today. The record price realized for the issue is \$223,250, brought by the AU58 PCGS example in lot 5807 of the Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2014).

The present coin is an attractive AU specimen, with just a touch of actual wear. This coin exhibits a better-than-average strike, with much interior detail in Liberty’s hair and only a few stars showing incomplete radials. Some scattered minor abrasions are visible on both sides, but this example is lightly marked for the issue, which nearly always displays excessive surface marks. The orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster and the overall presentation is most attractive for this storied branch mint rarity. Population: 20 in 50, 22 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269L, PCGS# 8936



**1862-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Rare in Mint Condition
Above-Average Strike**

6005 1862-S MS61 NGC. In their reference work *An Insider's Guide to Collecting Type I Double Eagles*, Doug Winter and Adam Crum go to great lengths to emphasize the poor striking quality on the obverse of the typical 1862-S double eagle. Their comments in regard to this issue include the following: "The weak strike seen on the obverse makes the 1862-S a hard coin to grade properly," and "In Mint State, it remains extremely rare."

Clearly, this example represents an exception to the rule, at least as far as striking quality is concerned. The overall definition on Liberty's hair is as good as one may hope to find on any example of this challenging San Francisco issue, as is the level of detail observed on most obverse stars. The piece shows vibrant frosty luster and attractive rose and green-gold coloration. Surface marks are relatively minor for the grade. An excellent opportunity for the collector. Census: 17 in 61, 9 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 2018. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

**1862-S Double Eagle, MS61
Low Mint State Survival**

6006 1862-S MS61 NGC. Most of the 854,000 S-Mint double eagles coined in 1862 entered circulation, and today the average certified grade is just below AU50. The *S.S. Brother Jonathan* and *S.S. Republic* treasure recoveries contributed 190 examples of the 1862-S double eagle to the numismatic marketplace. Despite the appearance of those coins in the last two decades, the combined NGC and PCGS population is limited to 30 examples graded MS61 and only 18 finer, with none above MS63 (11/16). This pleasing example has highly lustrous orange-gold surfaces with scattered, grade-consistent marks. The strike is excellent and the overall eye appeal is first-rate. Census: 17 in 61, 9 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938



1863-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Type One Branch Mint Issue

6007 1863-S MS61 NGC. From a mintage of 966,570 pieces, the 1863-S Liberty twenty is not difficult to locate in circulated grades, but Mint State examples are very scarce. Many coins were used to settle accounts in foreign trade and recent shipwreck finds have augmented the supply of AU specimens considerably, but Mint State coins are still elusive. This attractive MS61 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a touch of the usual softness on Liberty's hair. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces display the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. Census: 37 in 61 (2 in 61+), 26 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940

1863-S Double Eagle, Vibrant MS62 Civil War-Era Issue Type Coin

6008 1863-S MS62 NGC. **Small S, Breen-7217.** The Bowers double eagle reference says "the Small S mintmark exists and is much rarer" while noted gold specialist Doug Winter opines: "There are two mintmark varieties for this date: the Small S and the Medium S. The latter appears to be more scarce." A check of 100 auction appearances in our archives reveals that the Small mintmark outnumbers the Medium S by a factor of 3 to 2.

That said, this 1863-S with the Small S displays high-luster, pale yellow-gold surfaces with frosty and bright surfaces. The radiant eye appeal is exceptional. A few scattered marks exist, but fewer than expected for the grade. The strike is sharp except for topmost hair strands, bun, and lower curls, which are not fully brought up. The *S.S. Brother Jonathan* and *S.S. Republic* yielded more than 300 examples of the 1863-S, but relatively few pieces in this Mint State grade or finer. Census: 19 in 62, 7 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940



1863-S Double Eagle, Frosty MS62 Great No Motto Type Coin

6009 1863-S MS62 PCGS. Small S. The *S.S. Republic* and the *S.S. Brother Jonathan* are responsible for the increased accessibility of the 1863-S in Mint State. Such coins were virtually unheard of before being salvaged from the sea over the past couple decades. The two shipwrecks yielded about 60 Uncirculated coins, likely including the marvelous MS62 double eagle offered here, though there is no indication of such an origin on the insert. A needle-sharp impression shows full star centers, crisp feathers, and good detail on the curls for Type One twenty. Frosty luster mixes with peach and rose-gold color over surfaces that exhibit few important blemishes. Population: 15 in 62, 8 finer (10/16).

1863-S Twenty Dollar, MS63 ★ Rarely Found This Fine Ex: *S.S. Republic*

6010 1863-S MS63 ★ NGC. Ex: *S.S. Republic*. Small S Mintmark. It would be understandable if one were to assume that the discoveries of the *S.S. Republic* and *Brother Jonathan* had reduced the status of the 1863-S from conditionally rare to scarce, given that nearly 300 examples were found aboard the two ships, including nearly 70 Uncirculated representatives. However, most Mint State 1863-S twenties grade no higher than MS62, with most in MS61 condition. Select Uncirculated pieces remain major rarities. The NGC *Census* shows 17 MS63 submissions, this being the only one with a Star designation. There are merely two higher grading events in MS64 ★, possibly representing the same coin (11/16).

Smooth, peach-gold surfaces produce fantastic eye appeal. The technical quality is equally impressive. Each side offers a sharp strike and the minimum number of abrasions for the grade. Coruscating luster sweeps across this MS63 No Motto double eagle, giving it the look of a freshly struck coin.

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940



1864 Double Eagle, MS62 Elusive Civil War-Era Issue

6011 1864 MS62 PCGS. The 1864 twenties are scarce-to-rare in all grades, but especially in Mint State despite the recovery of 42 examples from the *S.S. Republic* shipwreck. Sunk in deep water off the coast of the Carolinas in October, 1865, the *S.S. Republic* was located by Odyssey Marine Exploration in 2003. The present coin is housed in a blue-label holder with barcode (in use by PCGS from 2002 through early 2005), suggesting the current example may (or may not) be a recovery coin. Prior to the seawater recoveries, the 1864 was extremely rare in Mint State. Just 204,285 pieces were struck.

This coin is frosty and lustrous with sun-gold color and orange accents. The strike is needle-sharp throughout both sides, with die cracks visible beneath the date and through most of the reverse legend. Small marks exist but they are minor and well-scattered over the smooth and pleasing surfaces. An important Civil War-era issue, seldom offered in Uncirculated condition. Population: 9 in 62, 4 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269S, PCGS# 8941

1864-S Double Eagle, MS61

6012 1864-S MS61 PCGS. The date is a trifle right of the usual position, and the lower right serif of the 4 nearly touches a dentil. A delicate die crack joins stars 10 and 11. The left serif of the small S mintmark is centered over the left top of the N in TWENTY. The reverse has several die cracks through the peripheral letters. This attractive Mint State piece has frosty light yellow luster with delicate lemon patina on the rims. Both sides have trivial grade-limiting marks, but none of the heavy marks so often seen on these large gold coins. Population: 27 in 61, 18 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 269T, PCGS# 8942



1864-S Twenty Dollar, MS62
Frosty Rose-Gold Surfaces
Ex: S.S. Republic

6013 1864-S MS62 NGC. Ex: S.S. Republic. Aside from the pedigree on the original NGC holder, this amazing Type One double eagle could almost certainly be attributed to the *Republic* based solely on its coruscating mint frost and rose-gold coloration. Doug Winter writes: "The *S.S. Republic* examples of this date tend to have a much different appearance than the coins from the *S.S. Brother Jonathan*. The former tend to have more vivid luster while the latter are more subdued and a bit more matte-like." Full centers appear on the stars, and the eagle is well-defined. Small marks in the fields are minimal. Outstanding eye appeal. Census: 12 in 62, 5 finer (10/16).



1864-S Double Eagle, MS62
Ex: S.S. Republic

6014 1864-S MS62 NGC. Ex: S.S. Republic. Ten years after the San Francisco Mint opened for business, the facility had developed a reputation for striking large quantities of double eagles from California gold, its *raison d'être* from the beginning. Output reached 793,660 coins in 1864. Like its contemporaries, the 1864-S was used extensively in the West. Few high-grade examples were known to have survived before the discoveries of the *S.S. Republic* and the *S.S. Brother Jonathan*. The former yielded 153 1864-S twenty dollar gold pieces, including 60 coins in Uncirculated condition. Examples from that cache in their original holders are subject to ever-strong demand, with Doug Winter writing: "In my opinion, it is worth paying a premium to purchase an example from one of the two major hoards in its original holder."

This Mint State Type One twenty features remarkably strong detail for the issue with fully raised stars, well-defined hair strands, and crisp feathers. Light yellow-gold surfaces beam with frosty luster. Small field marks are peppered over each side, as usual. Census: 12 in 62, 5 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269T, PCGS# 8942



1865 Liberty Double Eagle, MS63 Ex: *S.S. Republic*

6015 1865 MS63 NGC. Ex: *S.S. Republic*. The 1865 Liberty twenty claims a nominal mintage of 351,175 pieces. Before the era of recent shipwreck finds, the 1865 double eagle was seldom encountered above the VF-XF grade level. Fortunately, 320 examples of the 1865 (including the present coin) were recovered from the wreck of the *S.S. Republic*. Most of the recovered coins were in higher AU- Mint state grades, all the way up to MS65. The coin offered here is an impressive Select specimen, with sharply detailed design elements throughout. The pleasing apricot-gold surfaces are well-preserved, with just a few minor contact marks and luster grazes on both sides. Especially vibrant mint luster adds to the terrific eye appeal.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269U, PCGS# 8943

1865 Liberty Head Twenty, Frosty MS63 Vibrant Luster, Smooth Surfaces

6016 1865 MS63 PCGS. Formerly housed in an MS63 NGC holder with the *S.S. Republic* pedigree, this frosty, medium-gold example is exceptionally lustrous with great eye appeal. Only a few minor marks interrupt the smooth fields, while the raised motifs are unmarked save for some tiny abrasions on the chin, jawline and cheekbone. The strike is essentially full throughout.

The Garrett and Guth reference notes that 320 1865 double eagles were salvaged from the shipwreck, a bonanza for collectors since prior to the recovery the issue was generally seen in VF to XF condition. Mint State pieces were previously virtually unknown. The *S.S. Republic* coins Mint State coins were generally in remarkably pristine condition, with superb luster and surfaces — an apt description for this Select Uncirculated coin. Population: 9 in 63, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269U, PCGS# 8943



1865-S Double Eagle, MS64 *Brother Jonathan* Treasure Coin

6017 1865-S MS64 PCGS. Ex: *Brother Jonathan*. The *S.S. Brother Jonathan* capsized on July 30, 1865 off the coast of California, not far from the harbor at Crescent City. Only 19 of the 263 passengers and crew survived. The treasure sat untouched for more than a century until its discovery in 1993. More than 1,200 double eagles were salvaged, nearly all in mint condition.

Housed in a PCGS holder with the special *Brother Jonathan* label, this Choice Mint State double eagle is remarkably well preserved, and appears virtually the same as the day it was struck. Faint orange toning accents the brilliant yellow surfaces. NGC ID# 269V, PCGS# 8944

1865-S Liberty Twenty, MS65 Very Rare Any Finer

6018 1865-S MS65 NGC. The story of the 1865-S Liberty double eagle is a familiar one to collectors of Type One twenties. The 1865-S was produced in large numbers, but the entire mintage was released into circulation at the time of issue and few examples were saved for numismatic purposes. Historically, the 1865-S was easily found in worn, circulated condition, but high-grade specimens were rarely encountered. The picture changed drastically with the recovery of the *S.S. Brother Jonathan* and the *S.S. Republic*, however. These two historic shipwrecks yielded 750 examples of the 1865-S when they were salvaged in recent times, and many of the coins were in Mint State grades. Of course, the 1865-S is still very scarce at the MS65 grade level, and finer coins are very rare.

The coin offered here is a delightful Gem, with well-preserved orange-gold surfaces and ample mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed in most places, but a few stars on the lower left show a touch of flatness. Eye appeal is terrific. Census: 58 in 65 (1 in 65+), 8 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269V, PCGS# 8944



1866-S No Motto Double Eagle, VF35 Final Type One Twenty

6019 1866-S No Motto VF35 PCGS. Small S. The With Motto reverse dies were delayed in transit to the San Francisco Mint, which proceeded to strike an estimated 120,000 No Motto twenties before switching over to the new design. The No Motto pieces were distributed promptly when made, and most circulated until well-worn or lost to attrition. Possibly as few as 200 pieces survive in all grades — or perhaps a few more — making the issue one of the scarcest Type One twenties from any Mint.

This Choice VF example is smoothly worn with attractive apricot-gold color and faint traces of luster at the margins. The expected small marks are mellowed by wear, with no heavy abrasions and strong rims. The devices are well-defined for the grade. A scarce and highly sought-after final-year type, and a necessity for series specialists. Population: 4 in 35, 120 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269W, PCGS# 8945

1866-S Liberty Double Eagle, XF45 Scarcer Type One Example

6020 1866-S No Motto XF45 ANACS. Small S. The design of the double eagle was modified in 1866 to include the popular motto IN GOD WE TRUST on the reverse. There was some delay in getting the new dies to the San Francisco Mint, however, and the first 120,000 coins struck there featured the old Type One reverse. The coins were struck and released into circulation and recalling them was deemed impractical. Perhaps 175-225 examples of the No Motto type are extant today, and high grade pieces are very rare.

The present coin is an appealing Choice XF specimen that shows some light wear on the design elements and the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces traces of original mint luster and the overall presentation is most attractive. NGC ID# 269W, PCGS# 8945



1866-S No Motto Double Eagle, AU55 Second-Rarest S-Mint Liberty Twenty Final Type One Issue

6021 1866-S No Motto AU55 NGC. When gold coinage commenced at the San Francisco Mint early in 1866, Mint personnel used the only dies on hand to strike 120,000 Liberty double eagles of the old Type One design, without the motto IN GOD WE TRUST on the reverse. By the end of February, instructions were received from Philadelphia to only strike coins with the new Type Two design, but the directive came too late to prevent the release of most of the coins already struck. Thus, a communication failure resulted in the creation of one of the rarest issues in the Liberty double eagle series. Among San Francisco Mint Liberty twenties, only the 1861-S Paquet Reverse is more elusive.

Doug Winter estimates the surviving population of the 1866-S No Motto at 175-225 examples in all grades. This represents a low survival rate from an issue of 120,000 coins that was not subject to the catastrophic melting that early U.S. gold issues experienced. It is possible that some of the coins had not been released when the news came from Philadelphia, and the portion of the mintage still on hand may have been melted for recoinage. The coins that were released circulated heavily at the time of issue and experienced a high rate of attrition. Most examples seen today are in lower circulated grades, AU specimens are rare, and Mint State examples are virtually unobtainable. NGC and PCGS have combined to certify only nine Mint State coins, and even that small total may include some duplication (11/16). The finest-known example is the MS62 PCGS specimen recently discovered in the Saddle Ridge Hoard, which was offered at \$1 million, but apparently failed to sell.

The coin offered here is a pleasing Choice AU specimen, with a decent strike that shows just a touch of the usual softness on the obverse stars. The orange-gold surfaces exhibit some scattered, grade-consistent abrasions that do little to detract from the attractive overall presentation. Census: 21 in 55, 14 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269W, PCGS# 8945

1866-S Liberty Double Eagle, AU58 Final No Motto Twenty Rare Branch Mint Issue

6022 1866-S No Motto AU58 NGC. Small S. By Congressional mandate, the design of the double eagle was modified in 1866 to include the motto IN GOD WE TRUST on the reverse, inside the circle of stars. The change was instituted immediately in Philadelphia, but the order to switch to the new Type Two design was not received in San Francisco until after production had started, using the older Type One reverse. As a result, about 120,000 double eagles of the old design were struck in February, before the switchover took place.

The coins were released into circulation and apparently none were saved by contemporary collectors. Collecting double eagles was not popular at the time, because the high face value of each coin made an extensive collection of dates (much less mintmarks) prohibitively expensive for the average collector. Also, the double eagle was a relatively new issue (first struck in 1850) and most collectors saw them as historically uninteresting and artistically uninspired. This combination of lack of interest and high cost made collecting large denomination gold coins unpopular until the late 1930s. After the Gold Recall of 1933, astute collectors like Dr. Charles W. Green and Louis Eliasberg, Sr. realized that collecting double eagles was one of the few legal opportunities to invest in gold in this country. By then, the old Type One double eagles had been circulating for seven decades, with heavy loss and attrition along the way. The 1866-S is one of the rarest Liberty double eagles in today's market, and high-grade specimens are especially elusive. When B. Max Mehl sold an example in lot 827 of the Dr. Charles W. Green Collection (Mehl, 4/1949), he noted:

"1866 S. Without motto. Extremely fine, with considerable mint luster. Light hair-lines on obverse. The coin shows but very slight evidence of circulation. Extremely rare. Far more than is generally recognized. This identical specimen is from my Sale of Mr. Philpott's Collection, November, 1945, where Dr. Green obtained this coin at a cost of \$210.00. But Dr. Green was willing to pay up to \$ 525.00 for it, as he recognized its real rarity. Even the great Atwater Collection did not have a specimen. Catalogs at \$200.00 which I think is far too low for this rarity."

The lot realized \$315, validating Mehl's estimate of its true value. The current price realized record for an 1866-S belongs to the MS62 NGC specimen in lot 5712 of the Chicago Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), which realized \$246,750.

The present coin is an impressive near-Mint example that shows a better-than-average strike for the issue, with just a trace of high-point wear on the devices. A touch of the typical softness shows on the hair near the ear and the first three stars, but the other stars are sharp and the reverse exhibits bold detail throughout. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster and show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. Altogether, the presentation is quite attractive for this rare and underrated branch mint issue. Census: 8 in 58 (1 in 58+), 6 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 269W, PCGS# 8945





1866-S With Motto Twenty, MS61 Conditionally Rare

6023 1866-S Motto MS61 NGC. Although significantly more plentiful than its No Motto counterpart, the 1866-S With Motto double eagle is no common date in high grade. Uncirculated examples are rarely seen and are largely clustered in the MS60 and MS61 grades, with none finer than MS62. We have handled an Uncirculated representative of the date on just 17 previous occasions, only two of which were coins that graded finer than the present MS61 example. This piece displays frosty yellow-gold luster that produces a radiant cartwheel effect. The strike is sharp, and grade-limiting abrasions are uniformly distributed over each side. The 1866-S double eagle is seen in this condition so rarely that the specialist should not let the present coin pass by. Census: 19 in 61 (1 in 61+), 3 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26B2, PCGS# 8950



1868 Double Eagle, Vibrant MS61 Rarely Offered in Mint State

6024 1868 MS61 NGC. Compelling orange-gold color and vibrant mint luster easily outweigh the few field marks and light abrasions that define the MS61 grade of this rare Mint State twenty. The 1868 is by far the rarest Type Two double eagle from the Philadelphia Mint, and in Uncirculated conditions it is among the rarest of the entire series. The average 1868 grades no more than XF40 to AU50 with heavy bagmarks and abrasions. This radiant example stands head and shoulders above that.

In terms of sheer eye appeal, the current example has few peers. The strike is crisp, with sharp definition throughout the central motifs and at the margins. The frosty surfaces display areas of reflectivity with reddish-gold, lilac, and lemon-yellow highlights. NGC and PCGS combined report a mere 13 coins at the MS61 level and just four finer pieces in total. NGC Census: 6 in 61, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26A3, PCGS# 8953



1868 Liberty Twenty, MS61 Conditionally Very Rare in Finer Grades

6025 1868 MS61 PCGS Secure. The regular-issue 1868 Liberty double eagle boasts a low Philadelphia Mint production total of 98,575 pieces, making the date scarce in all grades today. Few collectors were interested in saving date runs of large denomination gold coins in the 19th century, because of the high expense, and the few who did systematically collect double eagles preferred to update their collections by acquiring gold proof sets from the Mint every year, rather than obtaining regular-issue specimens. Since so few high-quality examples were saved by contemporary collectors, the 1868 is very rare in MS61 condition, and finer coins are almost never available.

The present coin is an attractive Mint State specimen, with well-detailed design elements that show full radials on all the obverse stars, but just a touch of the usual softness on Liberty's hair. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade, with ample mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is quite strong. Population: 7 in 61, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26A3, PCGS# 8953



1870 Liberty Double Eagle, MS62 Only Two Finer Coins at PCGS

6026 1870 MS62 PCGS Secure. The 1870 Liberty double eagle claims a nominal business-strike mintage of 155,150 pieces. The date is surprisingly elusive in all grades today, especially in Mint State. Like most Type Two twenties, the 1870 circulated heavily at the time of issue, and few were saved by contemporary collectors. The expanding system of rail transportation made it easier and safer to transport domestic gold shipments overland, rather than by sea, so few Type Two issues have been recovered in recent shipwreck finds. Accordingly, the 1870 double eagle is definitely rare in MS62 condition, and finer coins are virtually unobtainable.

The present coin exhibits pleasing yellow and peach-gold surfaces that show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed and eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 21 in 62, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26A7, PCGS# 8957



1870-CC Double Eagle, XF40

Important First-Year Rarity

6027 1870-CC XF40 PCGS Secure. Winter 1-A. The first settlers arrived in Eagle Valley in 1851 and formed Carson County, part of Utah Territory. They established a trading post to serve those on the gold migration to California. As the migration dwindled, the settlers returned to Salt Lake City, and the abandoned valley was sold to Abraham Curry for \$500 and a few horses. Curry established Carson City in 1858, and a year later came the discovery of the great Comstock Lode. The silver and gold was initially sent over the Sierra Nevada Mountains to the San Francisco Mint, but mine operators soon lobbied for a local branch Mint.

Congress authorized a branch Mint at Carson City, Nevada Territory in March 1863, and construction of the facility began in 1866 when the cornerstone was laid on September 24. Transportation costs for the facility ran far over the \$150,000 appropriation, further delaying construction. Finally, machinery arrived late in 1868, and equipment tests were conducted in 1869. However, the first dies were delayed in Philadelphia, and finally arrived in January 1870. The first coins were Seated dollars that were minted on February 11, and the first double eagles were struck a month later on March 10. Just 24 years later, the Carson City Mint ceased coinage production on June 1, 1893.

Two varieties are described for the small mintage of 3,789 1870-CC double eagles, and they are easily identified by the mintmark position on the reverse. Variety 1-A has the CC mintmark centered over the right upright of the N in TWENTY, while variety 2-B has the mintmark centered over the space between the N and T in that word. While the 1-A die pair appears to be more plentiful than the 2-B, neither variety can be called common as Winter estimates a total population of less than 50 coins for both varieties, and no Mint State examples are known. The entire mintage was issued into circulation in Nevada and attrition took a heavy toll. All surviving examples are plagued with condition issues as Doug Winter notes:

“Every 1870-CC double eagle that I have ever seen has excessive abrasions on the surfaces. These are normally very deep and conspicuous. In addition, the rims frequently have noticeable bumps or bruises.”

The 1870-CC is one of the most famous issues to originate at the historic Nevada facility, also being the first double eagle issue struck at the Carson City Mint and a spectacular rarity that is among the most widely acclaimed issues in the entire series of Liberty twenties. It is surpassed in overall rarity only by the ultra-rare 1861 Paquet, the 1854-O, the 1856-O, and the business strikes of 1882 and 1886, but none of these important issues garner more attention than is generated by the appearance of a 1870-CC double eagle.

The present piece, while softly defined as usual, lacks the abrasions that Winter describes for the typical example, although myriad minuscule handling marks are present. Like most or all known examples, this piece has been cleaned, but does not display the usual heavy hairlines that most cleaned gold coins exhibit. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 8958



1870-S Double Eagle, Frosty MS62 Green and Rose-Gold Hues

6028 1870-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. The Saddle Ridge Hoard of 2013 yielded three 1870-S double eagles in MS62, significantly altering the population of top-graded representatives. PCGS now shows 12 submissions in this grade and a single coin finer (11/16). Those numbers speak to the conditional rarity of the 1870-S, which boasts an unassuming mintage of 982,000 coins. This marvelous, original example showcases pale rose and green-gold hues amid swirling mint frost, all of which account for the spectacular visual appeal. Strike detail is good, though incomplete over the highest points, and marks are peppered uniformly over each side. NGC ID# 26A9, PCGS# 8959



1871 Double Eagle, MS61 ★ Prooflike Fields, Rare This Fine

6029 1871 MS61 ★ NGC. Garrett and Guth offer an excellent capsule summary of the 1871 twenty in their *Encyclopedia of U.S. Gold Coins*:

"This date has the lowest mintage of any Philadelphia Type 2 double eagle. It is scarce in all grades, with the average survivor rating Very Fine or Extremely Fine. Most are heavily abraded or harshly cleaned. ... Mint State specimens are very rare and seldom seen."

While this coin has moderate to heavy abrasions across each side, it is also remarkably appealing, as suggested by the Star designation. Luster is the key, as both obverse and reverse fields offer pale yellow-gold reflectivity. The well-struck obverse also shows a touch of frostiness. NGC has graded just four numerically finer examples, and this piece is the only Star-designated coin in any grade (11/16).

Ex: *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 12/2010), lot 4618.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AA, PCGS# 8960



1871-CC Liberty Twenty, AU Details Second-Rarest CC-Mint Double Eagle

6030 1871-CC — Edge Repair — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. **Variety 1-A.** The 1871-CC is the second-rarest Liberty double eagle from the Carson City Mint in absolute terms, from a small mintage of 17,387 pieces. The entire mintage was released into circulation at the time of issue and few high-quality examples were saved by contemporary collectors, making the 1871-CC a prime condition rarity, as well. Most examples seen are heavily abraded, with condition ranging from VF to lower AU grades. Only a handful of coins have been certified in Mint State.

The present coin shows some light wear on the strongly impressed design elements, but the star radials are fully brought up and much interior detail in Liberty's hair remains intact. The surfaces show the expected number of scattered, moderate abrasions for the grade, but PCGS notes some repair on the edge. The overall presentation is quite attractive.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AB, PCGS# 8961





1872-CC Liberty Double Eagle, MS61
Conditionally Rare Type Two
Branch Mint Issue
Only One Coin Finer at NGC

6031 1872-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 1-B. Gold deposits were up at the Carson City Mint in 1872 and double eagle mintage increased accordingly, to 26,900 pieces. The production was accomplished using just one obverse and two reverse dies, for a total of two die varieties for the date. The coin offered here represents Variety 1-B, with a widely spaced CC mintmark. While the 1872-CC is not as rare as the two preceding Carson City double eagle issues (1870-CC and 1871-CC), it is still scarce in all grades and a better date in the series.

Collecting large denomination gold coins was not popular in the 19th century, because each coin represented such a large face value (the average farm worker earned just \$23 per month, plus room and board in 1870, and industrial workers made just \$129 per year). Acquiring complete date runs of double eagles was clearly out of the question for most contemporary collectors, and even the most wealthy numismatists were usually content to update their collections with proof coins from the Philadelphia Mint every year, since there was no numismatic interest in mintmark varieties before 1893. The entire mintage of Carson City double eagles was released into circulation in 1872 and it is safe to say none were saved for numismatic purposes. The coins circulated heavily in the hard-money economy of the American West and the average specimen seen today shows considerable wear and numerous abrasions. Mint State examples are very rare, and almost always suffer from excessive bagmarks.

The present coin is a rare Mint State example, with pleasing orange-gold surfaces that show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade and retain traces of original mint luster. The strike is better-than-average for a Carson City issue, with many stars showing radials and much fine definition in the eagle's feathers. The overall presentation is most attractive and finer examples are virtually unobtainable. Census: 8 in 61, 1 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AE, PCGS# 8964



1873-CC Double Eagle, AU53 Appealing Surfaces

6032 1873-CC AU53 NGC. *Variety 1-A.* The 1872 and 1873 Carson City double eagles show nearly equal mintages and the dates are similarly scarce in About Uncirculated or finer grades, with the 1873-CC issue perhaps a bit scarcer than its predecessor in AU condition. The Comstock Load was turning out large quantities of gold, but the Carson City Mint saw only a small amount of the Comstock gold bullion. Most of the deposits were carried over to 1874, when CC-Mint double eagle production quintupled.

Light, orange-gold patina covers both sides of this pleasing example. Small marks and field chatter pepper both sides of the coin, but there are no heavy hits that distract the eye. Moderate wear on the high points of the devices attests to substantial time in circulation, but mint luster persists in sheltered areas. Tangible eye appeal remains.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AJ, PCGS# 8968



1875 Double Eagle, MS64 Tied for Finest at PCGS

6033 1875 MS64 PCGS. As the only readily collectible gold issue from the Philadelphia Mint dated 1875, the issue attracts more than its share of attention from collectors. In near-Gem condition, the 1875 is a major gold rarity as a circulation strike. Proofs are rare, too (just 20 pieces struck), making this example one of the few Choice coins available for a high-grade set.

A lustrous and frosty example, the rich-gold surfaces radiate a Mint-fresh eye appeal. Some angled planchet striations in the right obverse field may be no more than faint alloy streaks, certainly of Mint origin and do not disturb the surface or any of the sharply struck raised devices. A few light bagmarks are noted. Heritage has offered but one previous MS64 coin in the past 20 years, which realized \$40,250 at the August, 2007 ANA Signature event. Population: 4 in 64, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 8973



1875-CC Double Eagle, MS62 High Caliber of Production

6034 1875-CC MS62 PCGS. Variety 2-B. Diagnostic indicators include the point of the 5 centered under the base of the curl, and the right edge of the second C aligned with left edge of the T. Despite a lower mintage than other Type Two double eagles struck at the Carson City Mint, the 1875-CC is the only collectible issue in this grade. Rusty Goe estimates the survival rate for the 1875-CC is 30% to 40% higher than its contemporaries. Nevertheless, Uncirculated examples, especially those as fine as this thickly frosted MS62 representative, are very scarce. Glimpses of rose and green color complement peach-gold surfaces. The caliber of production was exceedingly high for the 1875-CC, as evidenced by the strongly defined motifs on each side. Superficial field marks limit the grade. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974

1875-CC Liberty Head Twenty, MS62 Excellent Eye Appeal

6035 1875-CC MS62 NGC. Variety 1-B. Uncirculated Carson City double eagles with original color and minimally abraded surfaces always bring strong bids, and this lustrous, orange-gold example will surely do the same. Frosty mint luster illuminates deep-orange and lilac overtones while the sharply struck devices are free of any significant marks. As the most available CC-Mint twenty from the 1870s, the 1875-CC is a natural candidate for anyone needing a Type Two example from the old West Mint.

The issue becomes scarce in MS62 and it is rare any finer. No more than 10% of the survivors are estimated to exist in any Uncirculated condition — with far fewer than that approaching the Select level. This vibrant example will be a star attraction in any double eagle or Carson City gold set. NGC reports just 26 numerically finer pieces (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974



1876-CC Liberty Twenty Dollar, MS60 Carson City Type Piece

6036 1876-CC MS60 PCGS. *Variety 2-A.* 1876-CC double eagles usually provide a good balance of availability and quality — 138,441 pieces were struck, and the issue is generally well-produced and attractive. This MS60 example offers a discernible step up from a high-end About Uncirculated coin, which is not always the case. Full luster shines across semiprooflike surfaces that show a minimal amount of field chatter for the grade, but no visible rub.

The strike is sharp throughout. Original bright, medium-gold surfaces display brief orange overtones and a sparse speckling of “dirty gold” toning that confirms the natural coloration. The eye appeal is far above average for the grade and for an affordable Mint State Carson City twenty. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977



1876-CC Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Excellent Branch Mint Type Coin

6037 1876-CC MS61 NGC. *Variety 1-A.* The 1876-CC Liberty double eagle claims the largest mintage of the series, at 138,441 pieces. Surprisingly, the 1876-CC is not the most available CC-mint twenty in today's market, and the issue was virtually unobtainable in high grade before a hoard of several dozen examples surfaced in the mid-1990s. Like most Type Two double eagles, the 1876-CC is seen much more often in circulated grades than Mint State, but a number of Mint State examples exist, and they are quite popular with branch mint type collectors.

The present coin is an attractive MS61 specimen, with vivid orange-gold surfaces and vibrant mint luster throughout. The design elements are sharply detailed and the surfaces exhibit a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides. NGC has graded 62 numerically finer examples (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977



1877-CC Liberty Double Eagle, MS62 Better Carson City Date Tied for Finest Certified

6038 1877-CC MS62 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The design of the double eagle was slightly modified in 1877 by spelling out the denomination TWENTY DOLLARS on the reverse, rather than the abbreviated TWENTY D. of former years. The new design, known as the Type Three Liberty double eagle to present-day collectors, represents the only major design modification of U.S. gold coinage that took place during the years the Carson City Mint was operational.

Only 42,565 Liberty double eagles were struck at Carson City in 1877, a much smaller production total than those of the previous three years. Accordingly, the 1877-CC is more difficult to locate than the 1874-CC, 1875-CC, and 1876-CC, both in terms of overall and high-grade rarity. Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth cover the situation thoroughly in their *Encyclopedia of U.S. Gold Coins*:

"Finding an example of the 1877-CC double eagle in grades of Very Fine to About Uncirculated is not too difficult. Many found their way into overseas shipments, and in recent decades significant numbers have surfaced. The coins were transferred in bags, and the average surviving piece is heavily abraded. Mint State examples are scarce, and just a few are known at the choice level."

Doug Winter estimates the surviving population at 500-600 examples in all grades, and the 1877-CC is very rare in grades above MS60. Currently, PCGS has graded six coins in MS62, with none finer, while NGC has certified only five specimens at that grade level, also with none finer (10/16).

The present coin is a splendid MS62 example that combines the highest available technical quality with vivid orange-gold surfaces and vibrant mint luster that give this piece outstanding eye appeal. The design elements are well-detailed, with the hair above the brow showing a trace of the typical softness and some star centers without full radials. The surfaces are lightly marked, aside from a few small, grade-defining gouges on the reverse, below the circle of stars. We expect intense competition from series specialists and Registry Set enthusiasts when this lot is called.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26AZ, PCGS# 8983



**1878-CC Double Eagle, AU55
Distinctive Variety 1-A**

6039 1878-CC AU55 PCGS. **Variety 1-A.** The obverse, appearing only on this single die combination, has a heavy die line on Liberty's neck close to the hair curls, providing immediate identification. The reverse appears on varieties 1-A and 3-A, and has an unusual V-shaped die scratch at the border below the mintmark and the D in DOLLARS. Most examples of the 1878-CC double eagle are from this die pair. This Choice AU example has brilliant light yellow surfaces and sharp design motifs with nearly full luster and outstanding eye appeal. Population: 23 in 55, 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26B4, PCGS# 8986



**1879-CC Liberty Twenty, AU55
Popular Low-Mintage Issue**

6040 1879-CC AU55 NGC. **Variety 1-A.** The 1879-CC Liberty double eagle claims the fourth-lowest mintage of the series, at a meager 10,708 pieces. The 1879-CC actually is more available than the small production total would suggest, probably due to a small hoard of XF-AU specimens that surfaced in the early 1990s. Doug Winter estimates the surviving population as 300-350 examples in all grades. The present coin is an impressive Choice AU specimen that shows some light wear on the coronet and Liberty's hair. The design elements are well-detailed, with just a touch of softness on the eagle's tail feathers. The orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded for the issue and show prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. Eye appeal is quite strong.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 338L, PCGS# 8989



1879-O Liberty Head Double Eagle, AU58 Low-Mintage Issue, Only O-Mint Type Three

6041 1879-O AU58 PCGS. Variety 1. The New Orleans Mint opened for business in 1838 and produced a continuous stream of gold and silver coins until 1861. The series included double eagles beginning in 1850. At the dawn of the Civil War, the facility fell into the hands of state officials and then the Confederate government. A limited number of coins were minted by both groups through about April 1861, before coinage was halted entirely.

After being restored to the U.S. government at the end of the war, the New Orleans Mint remained dormant until 1879, when coinage production resumed, undoubtedly due to the need for silver dollar coinage under the Bland-Allison Act. In 1879, a limited number of double eagles were minted, just 2,325 according to mint records. They were the last coins of that denomination ever struck in New Orleans, and represent the only non-Type One issue of that mint. Those that were struck apparently entered circulation, as the date is a rarity in all grades and an extreme rarity in high grades, as the PCGS population shows. There are probably no more than 150 examples surviving in all grades, including a single harshly cleaned AU coin in the Smithsonian Institute. An early auction appearance of this date was in the Belden Roach Collection (B. Max Mehl, 2/1944), lot 196. Mehl's interesting description read, "1879 Last year of issue. Small O. Uncirculated with bright mint luster. Only the slightest evidence on obverse of having been handled with other coins. Catalogs at \$115.00 but difficult to obtain even at that price."

This wonderful piece has brilliant lemon-yellow color and rose patina, with only a faint trace of highpoint wear over fully lustrous and frosty surfaces. A few minor abrasions are visible on each side, but they are entirely insignificant. Population: 5 in 58, 2 finer (10/16). *Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 3087; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2009), lot 1921.*

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26B8, PCGS# 8990



1882-CC Liberty Double Eagle, MS61 Conditionally Rare Any Finer

6042 1882-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 1-B. No double eagles were struck at the Carson City Mint in 1880 and 1881. Coinage of the denomination resumed in 1882, when a nominal production total of 39,140 pieces was accomplished. Thanks to the two year hiatus, there was no large number of double eagles circulating in the Carson City area by 1882, so the new coins circulated heavily at the time of issue. Although the 1882-CC is not too difficult to locate in circulated grades, Mint State specimens are quite elusive.

The present coin is an impressive MS61 example, with sharply detailed design elements throughout. A faint die crack shows through the base of the letters in the denomination on the reverse and there is a vertical spike in front of Liberty's eye, on her nose. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade, with a few roller marks on the jaw the only marks of note. Vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides and eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 26 in 61, 10 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BF, PCGS# 8997



1882-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS63 Few Exist Any Finer

6043 1882-S MS63 PCGS. Small Squat S. Like many of the Type Three twenties, the 1882-S is relatively available up through lower Mint State grades. It is scarce in Select Uncirculated and rare any finer. This frosty example displays attractive, honey-gold color with faint orange and olive accents. Cartwheel luster adds to the appeal. Abrasions are small and widely scattered across the smooth surfaces.

A conditionally challenged issue, the Heritage archives dating back to 1997 reveal just six appearances of the 1882-S in MS63 and none finer. This coin is certainly the equal to any of those. The Saddle Ridge hoard added 66 examples to the population in all grades, but only one of those coins certified numerically finer than this example. Population: 45 in 63 (3 in 63+), 3 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BG, PCGS# 8998



1883-CC Double Eagle, MS61 Better Eye Appeal Than Typical

6044 1883-CC MS61 PCGS. Variety 1-B, the rare die pairing with the mintmark further left and heavy die lines in the recesses of the shield. Overall, most Uncirculated 1883-CC double eagles are clustered in MS60 and MS61, with finer pieces rare. Demand for Carson City twenties in Mint State is significantly higher than for San Francisco and Philadelphia issues from this period due to the strong collector following for gold pieces with the CC mintmark. The 1883-CC boasts a moderately significant mintage of 59,962 pieces, although circulation in Western regions and trade exports heavily stunted the number of high-grade coins that would survive to modern day for collectors.

Among Mint State coins, the present example is quite appealing, especially compared to its peers in MS61. The strike is sharp, and bright yellow-gold surfaces offer radiant cartwheel luster that shows only light chatter — no major abrasions distract the eye. Population: 64 in 61, 23 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BH, PCGS# 8999



1884-CC Twenty Dollar, MS62 Sharply Produced Type Three Issue

6045 1884-CC MS62 NGC. Variety 1-A. A pleasing pale-green hue adds interest to the butter-gold surfaces of this in-demand Carson City Type Three twenty. Only light abrasions dot the fields and devices, which radiate frosty luster from both sides. Liberty's portrait is well-struck as usual for the 1884-CC, as are the reverse motifs with the exception of the eagle's claws, which lack full details.

As one of the few Carson City double eagles that are somewhat available in Mint State, the 1884-CC is a demand rarity as well as a conditionally scarce issue. Only a few coins qualify for the MS62 grade and finer pieces are very rare. We expect considerable interest when this sharp example is called. Census: 51 in 62, 6 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001



1884-CC Twenty Dollar, MS62 Few Pieces Exist Any Finer

6046 1884-CC MS62 PCGS. Variety 1-A. As a date, the 1884 Carson City issue is readily available compared to other CC-Mint double eagles. As always, bagmarks are a concern, but a lens reveals only occasional tiny marks and abrasions on this frosty, sharply struck twenty. Liberty's hair strands and bun detail are complete, while essentially full details accompany the frosty, minimally marked reverse.

The mint luster is fantastic both sides of the coin. Orange and rose-gold highlights capture the light, while the surfaces radiate sun-gold brilliance. It is worth noting PCGS reports just six numerically finer coins, all at the MS63 level. Population: 62 in 62, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001



1885 Twenty Dollar, AU55 Only 751 Circulation Strikes Produced

6047 1885 AU55 NGC. CAC. In the 2015 Mike Fuljenz *Double Eagles* reference, the comment is made that the 1885 is "clearly a rare issue, but it seems a bit more available in mint-state than one might assume, given its minuscule production." Still, from the tiny mintage of 751 pieces, he estimates only 90-100 examples survive today in all grades. The largest distribution by grade is in XF45 to AU55 condition. To date (10/16), 104 submission events have been recorded by both services combined. Numerous resubmissions are included in the numbers certified, as there is a considerable economic incentive for an increase in grade, even if it is just one level.

This example displays the bright, reflective fields expected from business strikes, but lacks the depth of mirroring on a proof. Each side showcases rich, reddish-gold color, and there are few marks that would aid in tracing the pedigree of this important coin. One is a bit of faint residual grease in the area of the 188 of the date, and a milling mark at the top of Liberty's hair is another. The collector of Liberty double eagles has few opportunities to acquire this ultra rarity, especially in Choice About Uncirculated with CAC endorsement. Census: 5 in 55, 31 finer. CAC: 1 in 55, 7 finer (10/16).

Ex: The Henry Miller Collection (Heritage, 1/2011), lot 5270.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BM, PCGS# 9003



1885-CC Liberty Twenty, MS62 Rarest CC-Mint Issue of the Decade Only One Finer Coin at PCGS

6048 1885-CC MS62 PCGS. Variety 1-A. Only 9,450 Liberty double eagles were struck at the Carson City Mint in 1885. This production total is considerably lower than for any other Carson City double eagle produced during the 1880s. The coins were all released into circulation at the time of issue. No double eagles were struck at Carson City between 1885 and 1889, ensuring that the small available supply circulated heavily in the regional economy. Some coins were even sent to European destinations to settle accounts in foreign trade. None were saved by contemporary collectors, as there was little numismatic interest in double eagles or branch mint issues at the time. As a result, the 1885-CC is an elusive issue today, especially in high grade. Douglas Winter, in his *Gold Coins of the Carson City Mint*, says the 1885-CC "is the rarest Carson City double eagle from this decade, both in terms of overall and high grade rarity." Luckily, a few XF-AU examples were discovered in European holdings in the 1980s, but the 1885-CC remains a very rare issue in Mint State.

The 1885-CC began appearing at auction at least as early as lot 689 of the Charles W. Cowell Collection (B. Max Mehl, 11/1911), "1885 Very fine, very scarce." Cowell was a collector from Denver who specialized in mintmark gold and Territorial gold issues long before either discipline became popular with Eastern collectors. The record price realized for an 1885-CC is \$61,688, brought by the MS62 PCGS specimen in lot 6109 of the Baltimore Auction (Stack's Bowers, 3/2015).

The attractive apricot-gold surfaces of this impressive MS62 example show hints of light tan, and radiate soft, satiny mint luster throughout. The design elements are sharply detailed, including those on the peripheries that are often weak. A few minute marks and luster grazes are scattered about, much less so than usually seen on this typically heavily abraded date. Population: 8 in 62, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 2361.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BN, PCGS# 9004



1889-CC Double Eagle, MS61 Resumptive Carson City Issue

6049 1889-CC MS61 ANACS. *Variety 1-A.* The Carson City Mint closed its coinage operations in March, 1885 and did not resume until 1889, when limited mintages of silver dollars and double eagles were produced. The silver dollars are perhaps of greater “demand rarity,” although the 1889-CC twenties are extremely popular as well. Just 30,945 pieces were struck. The issue is relatively available up to the MS62 grade.

The present coin compares favorably with almost any MS62 example. Rich, sun-gold color illuminates minimally abraded, mostly prooflike surfaces, with the reflectivity limited only by light field chatter. There are no alloy spots or large marks. A thin abrasion to the inside of star 4 and another in the hair above the eye are minor in the context of most 1889-CC double eagles, while the coin displays a sharp strike and great eye appeal. An important opportunity for the astute Carson City specialist.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BV, PCGS# 9011



1890-CC Double Eagle, MS62 Semireflective Orange-Gold Fields

6050 1890-CC MS62 PCGS. *Variety 1-A.* A colorful and attractive representative of this conditionally challenging Carson City double eagle. Bagmarks are the downfall of many 1890-CC examples, and while the surfaces show numerous minor marks, the fields and devices are less abraded than most for the issue. The strike is sharp as usual, yet it is the vibrant patina backed by strong cartwheel mint luster that sets this coin apart.

Lilac and reddish-gold shades with traces of violet toning augment the vivid orange color that covers both sides. The fields are frosty yet semireflective. Struck from a later state of the dies, with die cracks throughout the reverse legend and a few tailfeather fletchings missing from die lapping. Population: 67 in 62 (4 in 62+), 8 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014



1891 Double Eagle, Prooflike MS61 Fewer Than 100 Pieces Known

6051 1891 MS61 PCGS Secure. The 1891 is among the final great rarities and low-mintage dates of the Liberty double eagle series. Most coinage of this denomination in 1891 occurred at the San Francisco Mint, and those coins are abundant today. Carson City twenties of this date are scarce, coming from a mintage of only 5,000 pieces. But the Philadelphia issue, with a mintage of only 1,390 coins, is the rarest; this date survives with a population of fewer than 100 coins by modern estimates. Including possible resubmissions, PCGS and NGC combined report just 81 examples. Our Permanent Auction Archives, going back to the 1993, list only 37 previous appearances of this issue, primarily in AU grades. We have only handled a Mint State coin on four separate occasions, the most recent being in our 2014 FUN Signature sale, where a PCGS MS61 coins realized \$82,250.

The rarity of this issue stems not only from its mintage but also from a lack of collector demand until decades after its production. During the late 1800s and leading into the 20th century, proofs were typically acquired in place of bagmarked and unsightly circulation strikes. Almost no one distinguished between proofs and circulation strikes when it came to completing a date set. As a result, nearly half of the proof coinage of 1891 survives today, compared to only about 7% of the regular issue.

This Condition Census MS61 example displays a sharp strike and exceptional prooflike fields with rich orange-gold coloration. Scattered abrasions determine the grade but none are individually obtrusive. A small grease streak (as made) above star 11 serves as a pedigree identifier. It may be years before a comparable example of this issue appears at auction again. Population: 4 in 61, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26C2, PCGS# 9016



**1891-CC Double Eagle, AU58
Prooflike Fields**

6052 1891-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A. Ex: Eagle Collection. The 1891-CC is among the rarest Carson City double eagles both overall and in high grades. A small hoard of Uncirculated 1891-CC twenties entered the market in the middle of 2001. This included at least five pieces graded MS61 by NGC and another five graded MS62 by NGC, although the market has easily absorbed these, and Uncirculated coins remain rarely offered.

The details on this piece are more sharply defined than on most 1891-CC twenties; however, the first three stars are weak, as usually found. While “always heavily bagmarked” may apply to most examples of this issue, this coin is the pleasing exception to that rule. This happenstance is especially fortunate as the fields are prooflike and would tend to magnify any abrasions. The only disturbance on the surfaces of this exceptional coin is the slightly “fuzzy” look from the light handling this coin received, probably more than a century ago. This piece remains one of the finest available and certainly one of the best values for the grade in this important Carson City date.

Ex: “Eagle Collection” (Heritage, 1/2002), lot 4109; Dallas Signature (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 2385.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26C3, PCGS# 9017



**1891-CC Double Eagle, MS61
Lustrous, Khaki-Gold Color
5,000 Coins Produced**

6053 1891-CC MS61 PCGS. Variety 1-A. Rusty Goe explains in *The Mint on Carson Street* that the San Francisco Mint was busy producing a variety of denominations in 1891 and left the manufacture of eagles and half eagles to the Philadelphia and Carson City mints. He notes: “As a result, the approximate \$2 million in gold that was used to strike the eagles and half eagles left only \$100,000 from bullion deposits to produce \$20 double eagles at Carson City.” The 5,000 coins struck there represents the second-lowest total from the Nevada branch mint after the 1870-CC. About 5% of coins survive, with the average certified example approaching AU53.

This khaki-gold MS61 double eagle is far better preserved than the typical survivor. Definition is as expected for the issue: razor-sharp hair strands and feathers with a touch of softness on the first three and final three obverse stars. Abraded surfaces radiate vibrant, eye-catching luster. Population: 11 in 61, 5 finer (10/16).



1892 Double Eagle, MS63 Exceptional Rarity in This Grade

6054 1892 MS63 PCGS. Though not so great a rarity as famous earlier dates such as the 1882 or 1885, the 1892 double eagle is decidedly low-mintage, with just 4,430 pieces coined for circulation and few of them saved. The date is scarce in any Uncirculated grade, and Select or finer representatives are extremely rare. This Select representative is sure to be a highlight of the winning bidder's cabinet or showcase. Rich yellow-orange luster rolls off smooth surfaces in shimmering cartwheels, backed up by glints of reflectivity. Sharply struck and instantly memorable, this is a captivating example of a long-underrated issue increasingly receiving its due. Population: 5 in 63 (1 in 63+), 3 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 3/2010), lot 2672.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26C5, PCGS# 9019



1892-CC Liberty Twenty, MS61 Popular Branch Mint Type Coin

6055 1892-CC MS61 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The 1892-CC Liberty double eagle claims a mintage of 27,265 pieces, a small production total in absolute terms, but not extremely small in the context of the series. In fact, because of its presence in some hoards that surfaced in the mid-to-late 1990s, the 1892-CC is one of the more available issues of the series, and a popular choice with branch mint type collectors. The present coin is an impressive Mint State specimen, with sharply detailed central design elements, but just a touch of softness on the left obverse stars. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade, with vibrant mint luster mixed with traces of prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. Eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 54 in 61, 55 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26C6, PCGS# 9020





1893-CC Double Eagle, MS61 Semiprooflike Fields

6056 1893-CC MS61 PCGS. Variety 2-A. Coinage operations at the Carson City Mint were suspended in June 1893, for political reasons, as well as due to a decline in bullion output from the Comstock Lode that had been the driving force behind the branch mint's development more than two decades before. Double eagle coinage in the final year of production amounted to only 18,402 coins, although the return of trade export coins in recent years has supplied collectors with a number of Mint State pieces with which to fill their collections. However, in their gold *Encyclopedia*, Garrett and Guth add: "These coins have been widely distributed ... and in the future locating an Uncirculated specimen will be much more difficult than in recent years."

This lower-end Mint State representative displays sharp design elements set against partially reflective fields. The bright yellow-gold surfaces display light, evenly dispersed abrasions without any singular distractions.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26C9, PCGS# 9023



PROOF LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

1864 Liberty Twenty, PR64+ Cameo Classic Proof Gold Rarity Ex: Atwater/Carter/Friend

6057 1864 PR64+ Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: Friend. The 1864 proof Liberty double eagle claims a mintage of just 50 pieces, and it seems likely that many of those coins went unsold and were melted after the end of the year. Experts estimate the surviving population at 12-15 examples in all grades and our most recent roster lists only 13 confirmed examples, three of those in institutional collections. The coin offered here is part of a significant gathering of 1864 proof coins assembled by distinguished collector Dale Friend, including all six proof gold issues of that year, offered in separate lots in this sale.

We believe this coin first appeared as part of a complete gold proof set in lot 324 of the David S. Wilson Collection (S.H. Chapman, 3/1907). Wilson, a prominent collector from Pittsburgh, had an unbroken run of gold proof sets from 1860-1905, and he may well have purchased this set directly from the Mint. The set was purchased by Henry Chapman at the sale, but he was probably acting as agent for William Cutler Atwater. When Fort Worth coin dealer B. Max Mehl sold Atwater's fantastic collection (which included both a Class I and a Class III 1804 dollar), he noted, "Practically all of the gold proofs in this great Collection are from proof sets, a goodly number of which were secured at the Wilson Sale in 1907." Mehl chose to split up the proof sets, offering the coins as separate lots throughout the catalog. Lot 1256 was the double eagle: "1864 Perfect brilliant proof. Another gem coin of extreme rarity. Record \$430." Although \$430 was a strong price in 1946, it pales to insignificance beside the record \$359,375 realized by the PR65 Deep Cameo NGC specimen in lot 5278 of the FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2011), showing how far collecting proof gold has come in recent times.

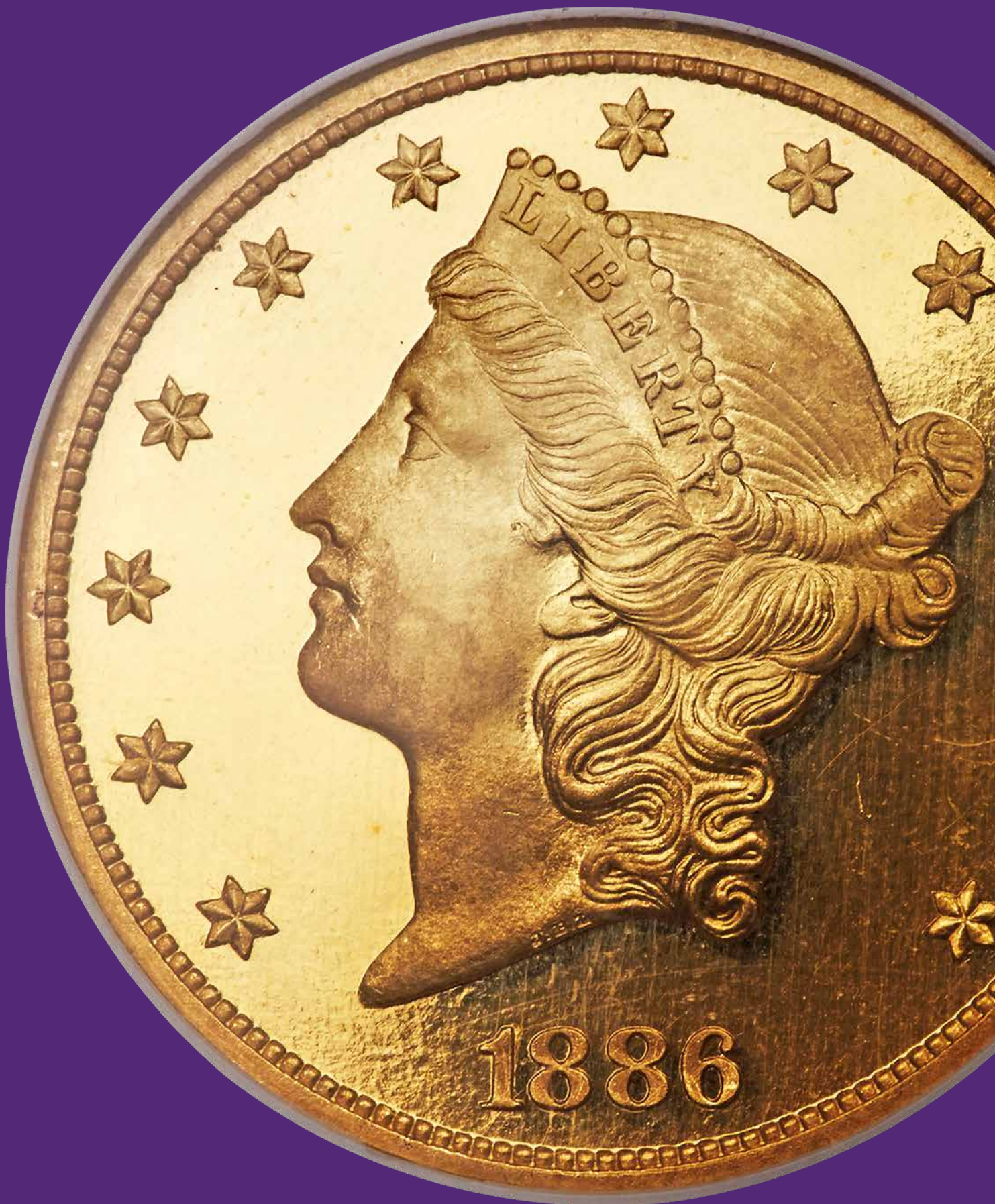
This coin next appeared in lot 600 of another Mehl auction, the Golden Jubilee Sale, in May of 1950. Many of the coins in that auction belonged to famous composer Jerome Kern. This proof double eagle was purchased by Amon Carter, Sr., a prominent businessman from Fort Worth who was one of Mehl's favorite customers in the later part of his career. The coin passed to his son, Amon Carter, Jr., after his death, and remained in the Carter Family Collection until that famous gathering was sold by Stack's in a blockbuster auction in January of 1984. We believe this piece has not been publicly offered since that time.

The present coin is a Plus-graded Choice specimen, with sharply detailed frosty design elements that seem to float on the liquid mirrored fields, creating intense cameo contrast. The vivid orange-gold surfaces are well-preserved and show the slight orange-peel texture seen on many high-quality 19th century proofs. Eye appeal is terrific. This coin is the single-finest certified example at PCGS with the Cameo designation, by virtue of its Plus grade. Population: 5 in 64 (1 in 64+) Cameo, 0 finer. CAC: 2 in 64, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Possibly David S. Wilson Collection (S.H. Chapman, 3/1907), lot 324, part of a complete six-piece gold proof set; Henry Chapman; William Cutler Atwater Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1946), lot 1256; Golden Jubilee Sale (Mehl, 5/1950), lot 600; Amon Carter, Sr.; Amon Carter, Jr.; Amon Carter Family Collection (Stack's, 1/1984), lot 869; Dale Friend.

From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 26DF, PCGS# 89076







1886 Liberty Double Eagle, PR67 Deep Cameo Classic 19th Century Gold Rarity Tied for Finest Certified

6058 1886 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. The 1886 proof twenty is one of the rarest and most sought-after issues of the Liberty double eagle series. Only 106 proof double eagles were struck in 1886 and it is certain that far fewer examples survive today. PCGS CoinFacts estimates the surviving population at 20-25 specimens in all grades, a reasonable figure considering the number of times the issue appears at auction. NGC and PCGS have combined to certify 33 examples in all levels of preservation (9/16), including an unknown number of resubmissions and crossovers. There are two coins in the National Numismatic Collection at the Smithsonian Institution, and another specimen in the collection of the American Numismatic Society, reducing the number of coins available to collectors considerably. In addition, several examples are known in impaired condition. Heritage Auctions is pleased to offer this spectacular Superb Gem, which is tied with one other example at NGC for finest-known honors, in its first auction appearance in 24 years.

Citizens in the Eastern part of the United States were accustomed to using paper money by 1880, reducing the demand for large twenty dollar gold coins in everyday transactions. However, the Western United States was still largely a “hard money” economy at the time, and gold was often the preferred method of settling large accounts in foreign trade. As a result, for most of the 1880s the Philadelphia Mint’s policy was to produce larger numbers of small-denomination gold coins and limit the production of double eagles. The branch mints, especially San Francisco, continued to strike large numbers of double eagles to meet the different needs of their regional economies and provide specie for foreign trade. As a result, only 1,000 business-strike Liberty twenties were coined at the Philadelphia Mint in 1886.

Despite the reduced mintage of business-strikes, the Philadelphia Mint faithfully struck gold proof coins throughout this era, to satisfy what was probably modest, but reliable, collector demand. Accordingly, a generous mintage of 106 proof Liberty double eagles was produced in 1886, to complement the small regular-issue production. For reasons that are difficult to understand, none of the branch mints struck any double eagles in 1886, making the tiny Philadelphia emissions the only options for date collectors of all regions. Twenty five coins were struck in February, for inclusion in the proof sets, but proof double eagles continued to be produced throughout the year, perhaps indicating continuous demand. Of course, the number of double eagle collectors was quite small in 1886, and it is likely that many of the proofs struck late in the year went unsold, to be melted for recoinage after year’s end. In later years, when collecting double eagles became very popular, this would place great pressure on the remaining small supply of proofs.

In most early auction appearances, the 1886 proof Liberty double eagle was offered as part of a complete gold proof set, but those sets were almost all broken up long ago. Today the coins are almost exclusively offered individually and P. Scott Rubin estimates an example of the 1886 proof twenty appears at auction about once per year. The record price realized for the issue is \$305,500, brought by the spectacular PR66 Ultra Cameo NGC example in lot 5462 of the Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015).

The present coin is a delightful Superb Gem, with sharply detailed design elements throughout and deeply mirrored fields. The frosty devices seem to float on the reflective fields, creating a stunning cameo effect. Areas of die polish are evident by the ear and down the neck, adjacent to the lower curls. The lemon-yellow surfaces are impeccably preserved and show the slight orange-peel texture often seen on high quality 19th century gold proofs. Eye appeal is extraordinary. This coin is destined for the finest collection or Registry Set. Population: 1 in 67 Deep Cameo, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: Century Collection Sale (Superior, 2/1992), lot 3105.

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# 26E7, PCGS# 99102

HIGH RELIEF DOUBLE EAGLES



1907 Wire Rim High Relief Twenty Dollar Bright MS61 Example

6059 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS61 NGC. High Relief twenties are generally seen in higher grades because a curbside market developed for them immediately after striking, thus encouraging careful preservation. This piece was obviously in the presence of other coins, enough so that there are numerous small abrasions present, most of which are concentrated in the right obverse field. This piece is a sharply struck with bright yellow-gold color and just the slightest evidence of the usually seen reddish patina. Always in demand for its scarcity and numismatic significance. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Twenty Dollar, MS63 High Relief, Wire Rim

6060 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS63 NGC. The figure of Liberty seen on the High Relief double eagle is clearly based on the monumental work of General W.T. Sherman being led by the same figure of Liberty. At the time the Sherman was unveiled, some saw an ambiguity in the pairing of Sherman the Destroyer with a messenger of peace. As adapted to the twenty dollar gold piece, there is no ambiguity present. The figure of Liberty strides confidently forward into the future, clutching an olive branch in one hand the torch of freedom in the other. This is a deeply impressed example whose satiny luster has a noticeable accent of reddish patina over each side. Only the slightest contact marks can be discerned with a magnifier.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Wire Rim High Relief Twenty, MS63 Attractive Example of This Timeless Design

6061 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS63 PCGS. "A mediocre sculptor is lost.

The sculptor must be either a genius or a nobody."

—Kenyon Cox

Augustus Saint-Gaudens was deeply aware of the implications of the above quote by his friend, the illustrator Kenyon Cox. Saint-Gaudens knew the enduring nature of sculpture, which is one reason he labored for years on his monumental figures. The figure of Liberty used on the High Relief twenty dollar gave him the opportunity to revisit the same figure he had previously used on the Sherman Monument, and make slight design adjustments that were no longer possible on that earlier work. The enduring quality of the design is evident on this example of the High Relief twenty. This is one of the earlier strikes, produced before the problematic fin, or wire rim, was eliminated. The surfaces are bright and the satiny mint luster is interrupted by only the smallest contact marks. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

1907 High Relief Twenty, MS63 Complete Wire Rim Around the Reverse

6062 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS63 NGC. The wire rim or "fin" as it is called in Mint parlance completely encircles the reverse rim, but there is little evidence of it around the obverse rim. It is curious what constitutes a collectible in numismatics. The extruded metal that came to be known as the Wire Rim was viewed by Mint personnel as a defect, and something to be eliminated. Efforts were made to tighten the space between the die faces and the collar, and this largely worked. But collectors are always on the look out for what is different and potentially collectible, and as the years went by the Wire Rim twenties definitely fell into the collectible category. The surfaces of this piece display thick, satiny mint luster and are free from any noticeable contact marks, but a loupe will reveal a few tiny ones. Even orange-gold color is seen over each side. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 High Relief, Wire Rim Specimen

6063 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS65 PCGS Secure. Renowned sculptor Augustus Saint-Gaudens was a perfectionist of the highest order, often extending his projects past agreed-upon deadlines to achieve the best results. Well-known architect Stanford White observed in a letter dated August 13, 1888 to Henry Adams: "... even with a contract and a time and price set, it was hard enough to get anything out of Saint-Gaudens." White was one of Saint-Gaudens' closest friends and collaborator on several of the sculptor's monumental projects. This was a well-informed comment as he had seen up close how Saint-Gaudens worked. It took Saint-Gaudens 11 years to complete the Sherman Memorial. He was still not pleased with his Garfield Monument after it was installed, and offered to make alterations at his own expense 10 years after it was erected. By comparison, the ten and twenty dollar gold coins went relatively quickly. The concept was first broached by President Roosevelt in December 1904 and the first High Reliefs were produced two and a half years later in September 1907. This was the nature of Augustus Saint-Gaudens, his perfectionism drove him to seldom be fully satisfied with any sculpture. Even after his death, his assistant, Henry Hering, attempted to intercede with the Mint and strike twenty dollar gold coins with only moderately reduced relief. But after 12,367 High Reliefs had been struck, President Roosevelt had accomplished his "pet crime," and there was no further need for Executive intervention with Mint personnel to strike more gold coins multiple times with a hydraulic press.

The present coin is a delightful Gem specimen, worthy of Saint-Gaudens' approval. The design elements are sharply detailed, with a distinct wire rim around the edge of the coin. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and eye appeal is terrific.

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 High Relief, Wire Rim

6064 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS65 NGC. Ex: Las Vegas Collection. The Saint-Gaudens High Relief double eagles served multiple purposes after their issuance late in 1907. Coins were sought-after as not only as numismatic collectibles and Christmas gifts, but also as speculative investment instruments. The new double eagles were distributed to banks and sub-Treasuries in limited quantities, and brokers took advantage of both the coins' scarcity and rampant public interest. According to the January 1908 edition of *The Nummatist*, "During the second week in December active trading in the new twenties was carried on in the various Curb Markets in the country, prices quoted ranged from \$26 to \$35. Telegraph and long distance telephone orders were executed on the N.Y. Curb for deliveries in other cities." Today, Saint-Gaudens' twenty dollar gold pieces trade hands with frequency, but the prices they achieve suggest far greater demand than the original supply of 12,367 coins could ever accommodate.

The present coin shows the usual fin, or wire rim, around the circumference of the coin, caused by metal being extruded through the tiny gap between the die and collar when the coin was struck. Most High Relief twenties display this feature. The design elements are sharply detailed and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show no mentionable distractions. NGC has graded 32 numerically finer examples (10/16). NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 High Relief Twenty Dollar, MS65 Slight Wire Rim Around Each Side

6065 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS65 NGC. Manufacture of Saint-Gaudens' High Relief double eagles was time-consuming, but ultimately it was also a process that Mint personnel learned a great deal from. At the start of production, it took 12 minutes to strike each coin. Efficiency increased as the months passed and the coiners became more familiar with the hydraulic press. The most time-consuming part of the minting process was how to best use the segmented collar to impart a raised legend around the edge of the coins. In November 1907, Chief Engraver Charles Barber reported innovative progress:

"... Mr. Hart is working up an attachment that we hope to use on the press to put the inscription on the periphery, if this works as we anticipate, it will save much time in giving the last blow, as it will save the operation of taking the collars out of the press and knocking the coin out by hand, and then placing the sectional collar back in position, which is a slow process."

Mint personnel were allowed overtime work on Sundays (their only day off) in order to keep up with the demand for the High Relief twenties. By the end of the year, a total of 12,367 pieces had been struck. The reception by the general public as well as the numismatic community was highly enthusiastic, and a secondary market developed immediately for the new coins.

This is a solid Gem example that exhibits the thick, satiny surfaces one expects of High Reliefs. The strike details are complete throughout and there are no noticeable or mentionable contact marks on either side. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 High Relief Twenty, Wire Rim, MS66 Seldom Seen in Higher Grades

6066 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS66 NGC. The so-called Wire Rim variant of the High Relief twenties is a result of extruded metal that squeezed between the obverse and reverse die and the collar die. But the Wire Rim and Flat Rim distinctions are somewhat artificial — neither is a pure category. The wire rim (or "fin") seldom appears uniformly around each side. It was viewed by Mint workers in 1907 as a flaw and an impediment to the commercial usage of the coins ("they won't stack," bankers of the day said). The Mint responded to this criticism by striking the last 20% or so of the production run with lesser traces of a wire rim — the so-called Flat Rim variant of the High Relief.

This NGC-certified Premium Gem offers bidders the opportunity to acquire what is certainly one of the most desirable High Relief double eagles extant. The honey-gold color is evenly distributed and unquestionably original. Razor-sharp strike detail appears over all design elements, the surfaces being smooth enough to allow full appreciation of this feature. The finish is nearly mattelike in texture, a not-uncommon characteristic for the issue. This coin would please even the most discerning collector. Census: 25 in 66, 7 finer (11/16). Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 8168. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Twenty Dollar High Relief, MS66 Complete Wire Rim Around the Obverse

6067 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS66 NGC. It might fairly be asked what the difference was between the Neoclassicists, who so strongly influenced American coinage in the 19th century, and the pure Classicism of Augustus Saint-Gaudens, as seen on the High Relief double eagle. One important distinction can be found in the writings of the Neoclassicists and then comparing what they said and did to what Saint-Gaudens sculpted in high relief format on the double eagle. Josiah Wedgwood, founder of the famous jasperware company that still bears his name, stated his intention 200 years ago as:

"I only pretend to have attempted to copy the antique forms, but do not with absolute servility. I have endeavoured to preserve the style and spirit, or if you please, the elegant simplicity of the antique forms."

While Augustus Saint-Gaudens never rejected Neoclassicism outright, he went further than just preserving the style and spirit of the ancient Greeks. Modeling for the figure of Liberty, used both in the Sherman Monument and later on the obverse of the High Relief double eagle did indeed copy the antique forms. Undoubtedly Saint-Gaudens was familiar with the Nike of Samothrace in the Louvre as early as his days as a student in the École des Beaux Arts in the late 1860s. It was this magnificent sculpture that served as the obvious reference point for his figure of Liberty that he transferred 40 years later to the obverse of the double eagle. He also preserved the sculptural integrity of the original Nike by engraving the dies for the double eagle in high relief, giving the figure a sculptural realism and vibrancy that was greatly diminished when Charles Barber lowered the relief for high-speed production. But before Barber lowered the relief, President Roosevelt managed to twist enough arms in the Mint to have 12,367 coins struck in high relief. This is a magnificent example that is crisply struck in all areas. The satiny mint luster is virtually unaffected by contact marks and there is just the slightest hint of reddish patina present. The "fin" or wire rim is complete around the obverse, but only visible around approximately half of the reverse.

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 High Relief Twenty Dollar, MS66 Significant Wire Rim Around Each Side

6068 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim MS66 PCGS. CAC. Neoclassicism imitated Classical forms in a wide range of artistic endeavors from architecture to coinage. It was thought that by imitating the ancient Greeks, a stasis could be achieved in the various artistic forms. But rather than reaching a status quo and remaining there, Neoclassicism evolved just as all other art movements have. The difference, however, is Neoclassicism moved backward in a fifty-year period from the 1740s to the 1790s from an imitation of the ancient Greeks to an abstraction of Hellenistic art. Beginning in the 1790s and moving forward, Neoclassicism showed more austerity or "purity" as it was sometimes called. This starkness eventually led to a total lack of modeling and perspective. In U.S. coinage the best examples of this can be seen in the designs adopted for the three cent nickel and the Liberty nickel, both mere outlines or sketches of the figures they were intended to represent. While the Neoclassicists and a Classically influenced sculptor such as Augustus Saint-Gaudens both started at the same place in history, ancient Greece, they ended up in very different places. No one can claim Saint-Gaudens' figure on the High Relief double eagle is an abstraction or mere outline. It retains the vibrancy of Hellenistic sculpture, even using the "wet canvas" effect on the drapery of the figure of Liberty in order to emphasize the underlying contours of the body. By producing the coin in high relief this Hellenistic influence is readily apparent, giving the coin a three-dimensionality unequalled on any coin produced since. This is a highly lustrous example that shows no obvious contact marks on either side. The strike details are fully defined throughout and there is a trace of a wire rim or "fin" around the perimeter of each side. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135



1907 Flat Rim High Relief Twenty, AU58 Almost No 'Finning' Present

6069 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, AU58 PCGS. Flat Rim High Relief twenties are a minting curiosity and little understood. They were not produced as a separate type even though modern collectors have treated them as such; rather, they were struck as a correction to a perceived problem. What we call today the Wire Rim twenties were actually a production flaw caused by too much space between the die faces and the collar. This was corrected in December 1907, but in reality almost none of the coins show zero "fin" or wire rim; it is more a matter of how much finning remains. This particular piece shows very little finning, only present on the lower right rim of the reverse. Little evidence of high-point friction can be seen, and the surfaces are bright overall with no visible contact marks. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136

1907 High Relief Twenty Dollar, MS62 Scarcer Flat Rim Variety

6070 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS62 PCGS. Although coins produced earlier in the year showed a thin fin of gold extruded through the narrow gap between the die and collar, forming a "wire rim" around the edge of the coin, High-Relief Saint-Gaudens double eagles produced after December 16, 1907 have a regular "Flat" rim. This variety first appeared at auction in lot 620 of the Keel, Griswold and Johnson Collections (Henry Chapman, 2/1908):

"1907 \$20 2nd issue [referring to the Wire Rim example in the preceding lot] the same as last with the edge smooth made by using a flattening collar. Uncirculated. Mint lustre. In great demand, selling now at \$35 to \$40."

Although Chapman did well to notice the flattened rim on this specimen, which had been struck only two months before it made its appearance in his auction, his information about the "flattening collar" was erroneous. The troublesome fin had actually been eliminated by slight changes in the dimensions and upset angle of the planchets, modifications instituted after much experimentation under the direction of Mint Director Frank Leach. Only about 30% of High Relief double eagles in today's market are of the Flat Rim variety. The surfaces show the usual bright, satiny texture that shines through the even reddish patina that covers each side. Only close inspection with a loupe will reveal the small contact marks that account for the grade. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



1907 Flat Rim High Relief Twenty, MS62

6071 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS62 NGC. By setting the collar and die faces closer together and changing the upset angle slightly, the Mint was able to almost eliminate the "fin" or wire rim seen on the earlier-produced High Relief twenties. Just a trace of the fin can be found on each side of this piece. The surfaces are bright with the usually seen satiny mint luster. Very few contact marks can be found on either obverse or reverse. Slightly variegated pale red and yellow-gold is seen on the obverse, the reverse is uniformly light reddish-gold. At this grade level, this coin represents an opportunity to acquire this seldom-seen High Relief variant. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



1907 Double Eagle, MS63 Flat Rim High Relief

6072 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS63 PCGS. About 70% of the famous MCMVII High Relief Saint-Gaudens double eagles show a pronounced fin of gold around the edge of the coin. This was caused by metal extruding through the narrow gap between the die and collar when the coins were struck. Although present-day collectors prize this feature as an interesting artifact of mint production techniques, the rim was viewed as a serious flaw at the time. It made the coins difficult to stack for counting and inventory purposes and it was feared that the fin of soft metal would quickly wear away, reducing the intrinsic value of the coin. Since the coins were almost all preserved as mementoes from the time of issue, neither of these concerns turned out to be important. But 13 Mint officials still worked hard to eliminate the offending fin. Thanks mostly to the efforts of Mint Director Frank Leach, the fin was finally eliminated by modifying the dimensions of the planchet and changing the upset angle slightly. As a result of these changes, coins produced after December 16, 1907 do not show the famous fin, but the majority of the 12,367 High Relief double eagles struck do have this now-popular feature. So far, the market makes little price distinction between the issues, as collectors are almost always satisfied to acquire just one specimen of either type. This piece shows just the slightest trace of the fin or "wire rim," the majority of the rim on each side being completely flat. Each side is bright with the usual satin finish. Only the slightest contact marks can be observed with magnification.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



1907 Flat Rim Twenty Dollar, MS63 Final Adjustment of the High Relief Design

6073 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS63 PCGS. The ultimate success of the High Relief double eagle can best be seen in correspondence between Mint Director Leach and Chief Engraver Charles Barber. After Leach discovered his previous orders had not been followed to eliminate the “fin” or wire rim around the coins, modifications were made in their production that did at least minimize the presence of what was considered a minting flaw. In a letter to Leach, dated December 20, 1907, Barber sent the director two coins with the comment: “... they are so well made that I fear the President may demand the continuance of this particular coin ...” This is one of the coins from that final, modified run that clearly shows a diminished “fin” around the rims. While not completely gone, the remaining wire rim is so slight that Mint officials were able to finally claim victory in the production of the coins. The surfaces of this piece lack the vibrancy of higher-graded High Reliefs, yet there are very few signs of contact on either side, and the strike details are complete throughout. The even bright yellow-gold color shows little trace of the often-found reddish patina seen on many High Relief twenties. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



1907 Flat Rim High Relief Twenty, MS64 Bright, Satiny Surfaces

6074 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS64 PCGS. Augustus Saint-Gaudens High-Relief double eagle is widely acknowledged as the most beautiful regular-issue U.S. coin design. From a limited mintage of approximately 12,367 pieces (the reported mintage varies slightly, from one source to another), the coins were produced amid much controversy and infighting between Chief Engraver Charles Barber and the famous sculptor who created the design at the behest of President Theodore Roosevelt. The high relief of the design made it necessary to strike each coin three times to bring up sufficient detail for coining, with the planchet annealed between each blow of the 150-ton medal press. When production began it took an average of 12 minutes to strike each coin. This was clearly unacceptable in the modern era of high-speed, high-volume coinage, but President Roosevelt insisted on striking a sufficient number of the coins to demonstrate the iconic design to the general public. Once that goal was accomplished, the relief of the design was lowered enough to allow each coin to be struck with just one blow from the coin press, and the date was changed from Roman to Arabic numerals for regular-issue production. The High Relief Saint-Gaudens double eagles remain a testament to Roosevelt and Saint-Gaudens’ commitment to beautify American coinage to a level not seen since ancient Greece. This Flat Rim example has beautiful, bright satiny luster and even yellow-gold color. Only a couple of small contact marks in the obverse fields keep this piece from an even higher grade.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 7/2002), lot 9767. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



1907 Flat Rim High Relief Twenty, MS64 Considerably Scarcer Striking Variant

6075 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS64 NGC. After Augustus Saint-Gaudens accepted the commission from President Roosevelt to redesign the nation's ten and twenty dollar gold coins, he sketched out in words what he wanted to convey with the design of the double eagle. In a letter to the president on November 11, 1905, he proposed:

" ... some kind of a (possibly winged) figure of Liberty striding energetically forward as if on a mountain top, holding aloft on one arm a shield bearing the stars and stripes with the word 'Liberty' marked across the field, in the other perhaps a flaming torch; the drapery would be flowing in the breeze. My idea is to make it a living thing and typical of progress ..."

Obvious modifications were made from Saint-Gaudens' original concept to finished product, but the coin as produced in both the High Relief and later Lower Relief versions retained the sculptor's initial figural idea of Liberty as "a living thing and typical of progress." One of the modifications was slight, but important to Mint personnel, and that involved elimination of the "fin" or what we call today the wire rim. This was seen as a design flaw by the Mint. Flat Rim twenties are four or five times rarer than their Wire Rim counterparts. This example has almost a complete lack of the "fin" on each side. The surfaces display the usual satiny mint luster and have a slight reddish tinge on each side. The only surface flaws are a couple of tiny planchet voids located on the squared-off obverse rim.

Ex: *Summer FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2011), lot 5187. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136



Augustus Saint-Gaudens



MCMVII Double Eagle, MS66 Scarcer Flat Rim Variant

6076 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim, MS66 NGC. The works of Augustus Saint-Gaudens and one of his major influences, Italian painter and sculptor Pisanello, have much in common. Both men created lauded high relief designs that stood in stark contrast to the artistically dubious coinage of their respective eras. Sutherland's *Art in Coinage: The Aesthetic of Money from Greece to Present* (1954) described the medieval coinage of Pisanello's time as "the product of simple engravers who for the most part lacked both the vision of the artist and the modelling technique of the sculptor." The work of Charles Barber has been criticized in much the same way. Soon after the Barber coinage was issued in January 1892, the *American Journal of Numismatics* referred to the new dimes, quarters, and half dollars as "pleasing," but a far cry from "the ideal National coin." The *Journal* had resigned itself to the necessity and practicality of low relief coinage, though it maintained that only coins of high artistic integrity could truly capture the essence of America:

"It must be admitted that if coins should approach more nearly to medals in the matter of 'relief' they would rapidly lose their beauty and suffer serious loss by attrition. The American genius for invention has not yet turned itself in this direction to any extent, but those who have studied the problem most carefully, seem to have come to the conclusion that coins of the highest type of art will be struck for popular use about the same day that the quadrature of the circle shall be exactly accomplished."

While squaring the circle remains an impossibility, Saint-Gaudens was successful in transforming modern coin design by revolutionizing production techniques at the Mint and, like Pisanello's high relief medals, imparting a sense of artistry to contemporary American coinage. This is a splendid, high-grade example of Saint-Gaudens transformation of modern coinage. The three-dimensionality of the figures on both obverse and reverse are singular in the history of American coinage. The surfaces are bright and satiny with no obvious contact marks. The "fin" or wire rim that is seen on most High Reliefs is not present around the perimeter of the obverse; however, there is a slight presence around the reverse.

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9136

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES



1908 No Motto Saint-Gaudens Twenty Magnificent MS68 None Finer at NGC

6077 1908 No Motto MS68 NGC. The availability of the 1908 No Motto double eagle in high grade skyrocketed with the discovery of the Wells Fargo Hoard, a cache of 19,000 coins discovered in the 1990s that had been untouched in a Nevada bank vault since 1917. Most examples of the date that grade MS68 today are from the hoard, possibly even the present coin, despite the lack of such a pedigree on the holder. This piece is among the finest certified at NGC, and it is scarce in this lofty grade. MS68-quality pieces were among the upper reaches of those represented in the Wells Fargo Hoard, and such coins are highly sought-after today. This example is well-struck with satiny straw-gold mint luster. A loupe fails to reveal any mentionable surface flaws. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142



1908 No Motto Twenty, MS68 From the Wells Fargo Hoard Exceptional Quality and Eye Appeal

6078 1908 No Motto, Wells Fargo Nevada, MS68 PCGS. Ex: Wells Fargo Nevada Gold. During the 1930s, most of the double eagles that escaped the melting pots in any significant quantities were coins stored away in foreign bank vaults, residual caches from years of trade with the United States. But most of those pieces were frequently jostled, inventoried, and moved in bags, resulting in heavy abrasions to the coins. An exception, however, was the Wells Fargo Hoard, a stockpile of nearly 20,000 1908 No Motto Saints that came to a Nevada bank in 1917. Locked up in a vault, the coins were forgotten throughout the gold confiscation period and are not known to have been touched or moved for the better part of a century, until they were brought into the public's eye in the 1990s. The Wells Fargo Hoard contained primarily pristine or nearly pristine coins, a truly remarkable thing considering the fact that these pieces were stored in 1,000-coin bags just like the foreign trade coins.

The present piece is among the finer-known examples from the hoard, with only 10 MS69s graded finer (11/16). The motifs are well-defined, and neither side exhibits a single distracting abrasion. Satiny wheat-gold luster glistens with originality. A beautiful No Motto type coin. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 99142 Base PCGS# 9142



1908 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS69 No Motto, Short Rays Variant Wells Fargo Hoard

6079 1908 No Motto, Wells Fargo Nevada, MS69 PCGS. Roger Burdette notes the 1908 No Motto Saint-Gaudens double eagles come in two distinct types, most easily recognized by having short or long rays on the obverse. The dies for the Short Rays coins were prepared using a master die from 1907 that had the first two digits of the date already impressed, but left the final numerals blank, to be punched into the working dies later. The Short Rays coins are the closest representation of Augustus Saint-Gaudens' original design concept seen on any double eagle after 1907. The Long Rays double eagle's reflect revisions of the design by Chief Engraver Charles Barber. The coin offered here is a magnificent MS69 example of the Short Rays type from the famous Wells Fargo Hoard.

The Wells Fargo Hoard was the largest hoard of United States gold coins ever discovered and consisted of 19,900 1908 No Motto Saint-Gaudens double eagles. The great majority of the coins were of the Short Rays type. Details are sketchy, but it appears the hoard was part of a World War I era international payment, probably sent to a Latin American destination. The coins were later acquired by a group of owners and stored in their original bags until the 1960s. By that time, the original canvas bags had deteriorated, so the coins were repackaged and stored in new bags of 500 coins each by the owners. Ron Gillio purchased the hoard in 1996, stored the coins at a Wells Fargo Bank in Nevada, and marketed them over the next three years. The Wells Fargo Hoard has become a byword with serious collectors for high technical quality and outstanding eye appeal.

The quality and visual appeal of the present coin stands out, even among its Wells Fargo Hoard counterparts. A stunning MS69 specimen, this piece exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, and the impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is simply incredible. This coin will find a home in the finest collection or Registry Set. Population: 10 in 69, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Fenn Family Collection, Part III. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 99142 Base PCGS# 9142



1908-S Twenty Dollar, MS62 Early With Motto Key

6080 1908-S MS62 PCGS. A three-year coinage hiatus from 1917 to 1919, separates the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series into two segments. The later portion of the series is a major challenge to collect, as it includes all of the major melt rarities affected by the Gold Recall order of 1933. The earlier With Motto portion has only a single true key date: the 1908-S. This was the first Saint-Gaudens double eagle coined in San Francisco, and only 22,000 pieces were struck. Due to the recovery of foreign trade coins in recent decades, the issue is available to the seeker, but a patient search is required to locate an appealing Mint State example that does not break the bank. The present coin displays a bold strike and lustrous honey-gold surfaces. Uniform surface chatter appears over each side, consistent with the grade, but there are no individually significant abrasions. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149



1908-S Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS63 Scarce, Low-Mintage Issue

6081 1908-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. The 1908-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle boasts an extremely low mintage for a 20th century coin at just 22,000 pieces. Many examples were released into circulation at the time of issue and this date is seen more often in circulated grades than in Mint State, an unusual situation for the series. As a result, the 1908-S is scarce in MS63 condition and rare any finer.

This is a pleasing Select example with vivid orange-gold surfaces and well-detailed design elements. The vibrantly lustrous surfaces show only a scattering of light, grade-appropriate marks, with a small nick on the reverse above the O in OF. Population: 18 in 63, 64 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 22 finer (11/16).

Ex: The Milly Chaykin Collection (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 5214. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149



1908-S Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66 Phenomenal Example of This Popular Issue

6082 1908-S MS66 NGC. CAC. The year 1908 marked a transition in the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series: The motto IN GOD WE TRUST was added to the reverse in late 1908 at the insistence of the U.S. Congress. That body, along with the general American population, disagreed with President Theodore Roosevelt's contention that God's name should be omitted from U.S. coinage because of its blasphemous connotation. Consequently, Congress passed legislation in mid-1908 that mandated the motto appear on all coins large enough to accommodate it.

In addition to its status as a transition design type and as the first San Francisco Mint Saint-Gaudens twenty dollar, the 1908-S boasts the lowest mintage in the series (22,000 pieces), trailing only the Ultra High Relief and the High Relief. As with many San Francisco dates, a considerable number of 1908-S twenties entered the channels of commerce, evidenced by about twice as many circulated pieces known than those in Uncirculated grades. Most Uncirculated examples are concentrated in the MS60 to near-Gem range. Gem and finer specimens are quite rare.

Small to large hoards of 1908-S twenties have been rumored to exist. Walter Breen, in his 1988 *Encyclopedia* states: "The report of a bag of 1,000 found in Central America has not yet been confirmed." David Bowers (2004), on the other hand, writes: "Thanks to the importations of the current generation, such coins (MS62-64) are much more available (today) than they were prior to the 1980s." Exceptional mint luster is the rule for the 1908-S, and that characteristic is abundantly evident on this coin. The surfaces are bright and frosted with even yellow-gold color. The details are complete, and the central figures of Liberty and the eagle are mark-free. Truly a rare coin in this remarkable grade. Census: 5 in 66, 1 finer. CAC: 8 in 66, 4 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Chicago Signature (Heritage, 8/2011)*, lot 7692. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149



1911 Twenty Dollar, MS65 Conditionally Scarce P-Mint Issue

6083 1911 MS65 PCGS. Most 1911 double eagles were shipped to Europe, and surviving examples typically exhibit the effects thereof. An average representative is apt to grade between MS62 and MS64, as interbank exchanges saw bags of coins being tossed around unceremoniously. Roger Burdette writes: "The small quantity of high-quality coins likely came from pieces paid out by the Philadelphia Mint Cashier and one or two bags that were relatively untouched after being received outside the United States." This phenomenal Gem likely derives from one of those sources. Finely textured, frosty surfaces display blended hues of honey-gold, green, and lilac. The devices are well-struck throughout, and the obverse is notably free of overt flaws. Population: 48 in 65 (3 in 65+), 13 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157



1911-S Double Eagle, Rare MS66 None Finer at NGC

6084 1911-S MS66 NGC. A mintage of more than 775,000 pieces and a substantial Mint State population may identify the 1911-S double eagle as a common date overall, but collectors should not ignore the rarity of Premium Gem examples. Including duplication, we have handled only 31 such representatives, and only a single finer coin is known in MS67, which has not been seen at auction in nearly a decade. The present offering, one of the finest in an NGC holder, delivers radiant cartwheel luster and beautifully preserved orange-gold patina. The strike is sharp, and neither side exhibits bothersome abrasions. A rare coin and underrated in this condition. Census: 32 in 66 (1 in 66+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 26FL, PCGS# 9159



1912 Double Eagle, MS65 Major Condition Rarity

6085 1912 MS65 NGC. Dave Bowers comments on this issue in his *Guide Book of Double Eagle Gold Coins* (2004): "In the context of double eagles of this era the 1912 is one of the scarcer issues. However, in absolute terms enough are around that you will have no difficulty in finding a nice one at, say, the MS63 level. Gems are rare." As usual, Mr. Bowers' comments are correct. NGC has certified fewer than two dozen examples at the MS65 level and finer. The numbers at PCGS are similarly scant.

The present representative is boldly struck with thick, satiny luster over orange-gold surfaces. The fields are nearly of Premium Gem quality, although closer examination reveals a few abrasions on Liberty's midsection, thus defining NGC's Gem determination. Census: 19 in 65 (2 in 65+), 2 finer (10/16).

Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 4180. NGC ID# 26FM, PCGS# 9160



1912 Double Eagle, MS65 Rare Date in High Grade

6086 1912 MS65 PCGS. Double eagles were produced exclusively at the Philadelphia Mint in 1912, with a smallish mintage of 149,750 pieces. The 1912 is a scarce issue in higher Mint State grades today, and the supply would be equally small in lower grades if the coins had not surfaced in several European hoards over the years. The last of these accumulations, a hoard of about 40 pieces that was found in Switzerland in 1973, has long since been dispersed. The hoard coins were heavily abraded, typically grading no better than MS63, so the rarity of the 1912 in Gem remained undisturbed.

The present coin is an impressive Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and smooth yellow and rose-gold surfaces. Vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides, and this coin possesses terrific eye appeal. Population: 42 in 65 (2 in 65+), 8 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Pittsburgh Signature* (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 5242. NGC ID# 26FM, PCGS# 9160



1915 Double Eagle, MS65 Among the Finest at PCGS

6087 1915 MS65 PCGS. The minimal 152,000-coin mintage of the 1915 double eagle was struck in the last quarter of the year. Some examples were distributed into domestic circulation, and tens of thousands were exported for trade. Today, approximately 4,500 examples of the date survive, primarily in lightly circulated condition (from domestic use) and lower-to-middle Mint State grades (from foreign vaults). The Gem population, composed of pieces set aside in the early days for numismatic purposes and a few lucky coins from foreign trade shipments, is incredibly small.

The present MS65 example is among the finest at PCGS. NGC shows a single MS66 piece finer, which appeared in the FUN Signature sale (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 4182, and realized \$54,625. Recently, an MS65 PCGS coin in the New York Signature sale (Heritage, 10-11/2016), lot 5626, garnered \$16,450. The present Gem is arguably superior to that coin with regards to eye appeal, showing smooth, satiny yellow-gold surfaces and sharp design elements. A loupe reveals a few tiny ticks, but none are apparent to the unaided eye. Population: 51 in 65 (2 in 65+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26FV, PCGS# 9167



1920-S Saint-Gaudens Twenty, AU58 Challenging San Francisco Issue

6088 1920-S AU58 NGC. The 1920-S was one of the earliest Saint-Gaudens twenties to be impacted by the Gold Recall Act of 1933. 568,000 pieces were struck, but few coins ever left the storage vaults. It is thought that the only coins available to collectors are remnants of 543 pieces leftover from the Annual Assay Commission work and 144 pieces paid out by the San Francisco Mint Cashier soon after the coins were struck. We estimate no more than 200 pieces exist in all grades.

Among Saint-Gaudens double eagles, the 1920-S ranks only a notch behind the 1921 in overall rarity and the 1920-S is actually slightly rarer in AU58 and finer grades. A few light marks and a touch of wear account for the near-Mint grade of the current example. It is sharply struck with nearly full mint luster remaining on both sides. The surfaces are smooth with a satiny, wheat-gold patina and subtle olive-green highlights. The eye appeal is exceptional. Census: 15 in 58, 54 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FZ, PCGS# 9171



1920-S Double Eagle, MS61 Few Examples Ever Distributed

6089 1920-S MS61 NGC. The 1920-S double eagle was produced in the quantity of 558,000 pieces, divided into relatively regular deliveries from the Coiner throughout the month of May and extending into June. Most coins went into storage and were presumably melted in the 1930s. PCGS publishes on their *Population Report* an estimate of only 100 to 150 survivors in all grades, although recent research by Roger Burdette suggests that as many as 200 pieces may be extant. What is undisputed is that the 1920-S is a scarce date in all grades. Including duplicate appearances, we have handled only 88 examples of this actively traded issue, mostly clustered in the AU and lower Mint State conditions, where average collectors have a chance of actually acquiring an example.

The present MS61 coin, at first glance, appears finer than the stated grade, although a loupe reveals contact marks on the devices and some stray lines in the fields that limit the numeric assessment. The devices are sharply struck, and soft, satiny luster attractively illuminates the yellow-gold fields. Census: 11 in 61, 39 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 26FZ, PCGS# 9171



1921 Double Eagle, MS61 Absolute and Condition Rarity

6090 1921 MS61 PCGS. The important rarities of the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series are evident when one examines the PCGS population report. Excluding the Extremely High Relief and the 1933, just seven issues have total PCGS populations of less than 100 pieces, and the list is a “who’s who” of the series: 1920-S (93 certified at PCGS), 1921 (97), 1927-D (9), 1930-S (47), 1931 (79), 1931-D (97), and 1932 (84). In addition to its absolute rarity, the 1921 is a condition rarity as only eight PCGS and NGC certified examples grade finer than MS63. The average certified grade at both services is 59.

The Philadelphia Mint produced a respectable quantity of 528,500 double eagles in 1921, a mintage that fails to explain the rarity of the issue. Economic conditions had worsened during the years following World War I, and there was little need for large gold coins in commerce when these pieces were minted. Most of those coins were tightly held in Mint vaults until the 1930s when they were thrown into the melting pot.

Several important collections lacked a 1921 double eagle, and others, such as the Dallas Bank Collection, had circulated examples. The Eliasberg Collection also had an example that was assigned a circulated grade. Market appearances are few and far between for this issue. Since 1993, we have offered just 70 examples of this date, an average of only three per year. Compare that to the common 1924 double eagle, where we average three per week.

This example, slightly finer than the average certified piece, exhibits frosty yellow-gold luster with scattered marks on each side as expected. The strike shows slight weakness at the lower left obverse and at Liberty’s head, with generally fine details on the reverse. We expect that this piece will garner considerable bidding activity from advanced collectors who have patiently waited to find a suitable example. Population: 9 in 61, 38 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26G2, PCGS# 9172



1921 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS62 Sought-After Series Rarity Seldom Seen in High Grade

6091 1921 MS62 PCGS. The 1921 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is one of the rarest and most valuable issues of the series, especially in high grade. Although an adequate mintage of 528,500 double eagles was produced in 1921, few examples were ever available to collectors. The coins were struck as currency reserves and the great majority of the mintage was tightly held in government vaults until the Gold Recall of 1933. Subsequently, the coins were melted and stored as gold bars in the Fort Knox Bullion Repository. Recent research by Roger Burdette suggests not more than 179 1921 double eagles were available for distribution from the Philadelphia Mint Cashier at the end of the year, a total that was augmented at the end of February 1922, when the Assay Commission returned 403 untested examples to the Cashier. Almost certainly, 250 of those coins were stored in a bag and added to the government stockpile in the vaults, leaving a grand total of 332 double eagles available for circulation. The number actually distributed was undoubtedly even smaller.

The coins were all struck during the last two months of the year, making many numismatists believe none would be coined in 1921. Even Mint Cabinet Curator T. Louis Comparette was only able to secure a few examples of the issue in early January 1922, by which time many collectors had long since given up on securing a specimen. Comparette acted as benefactor to several well-connected collectors and institutions, and most of the really high-quality examples we know about today came from him. A number of coins were undoubtedly released into circulation, as evidenced by the unusually high proportion of examples in circulated grades today. Most Uncirculated specimens are in lower Mint State grades and only four coins have been certified in MS65 or finer (10/16).

The present coin is an impressive MS62 example, with well-detailed design elements that show just a trace of softness on Liberty's fingers, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces show a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides, but none are individually distracting. Eye appeal is strong for the grade. Population: 20 in 62, 17 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G2, PCGS# 9172



1924-S Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS64 Sharp Strike, Vibrant Eye Appeal

6092 1924-S MS64 PCGS. Domestically held 1924-S double eagles were essentially wiped out during the government's gold melts of the 1930s, and shortly thereafter it was believed that only a half-dozen coins or so survived. Discoveries in foreign holdings eased the collector crunch, and today the issue is very scarce in high grades, but it is not nearly the rarity it once was. Current research by Roger Burdette suggests all but approximately 250,000 pieces were melted, at "a huge waste of time, resources and money."

This Choice Uncirculated must be considered to rank highly among similarly graded coins. The 1924-S was not a particularly well-struck or attractive issue, with die collapse, displacements, and other defects that affect the quality of strike. This example is sharply struck, with only minor loss of detail on the right side of the Capitol dome. Abrasions are nearly absent from Liberty's portrait, gown, and legs. The fields are clean and appealing, with vibrant orange accents over attractive sun-gold surfaces. PCGS reports just six numerically finer examples (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G9, PCGS# 9179



1924-S Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 Only One Numerically Finer at NGC

6093 1924-S MS65 NGC. The 1924-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle was once considered the rarest issue of the series, but a number of coins surfaced in European holdings over the years, making the issue only very scarce today, rather than excessively rare. However, most examples seen are in circulated or lower Mint State grades, making the 1924-S a condition rarity at the MS65 grade level, and virtually unobtainable any finer.

The present coin is a spectacular Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and outstanding eye appeal. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and show only the most insignificant signs of contact. On close inspection, a few microscopic alloy spots are evident on the reverse. Census: 20 in 65 (1 in 65+), 1 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26G9, PCGS# 9179



1924-S Double Eagle, MS65 A Rarity This Fine

6094 1924-S MS65 NGC. The 1924-S was at one time considered to be among the rarest of *all* double eagle issues, outranking “the famous MCMVII Ultra High Relief and the incredible Proofs of 1883 and 1884,” in the words of Q. David Bowers’ double eagle *Guide Book*. Thanks to repatriations from overseas hoards, today the 1924-S is only considered “very rare,” but it remains illustrious and noteworthy in Gem condition. This exceptionally pleasing specimen is well defined, with bright, sparkling honey-gold surfaces that are nearly abrasion-free except for a few inconsequential bagmarks. As a testament to its rarity and desirability, both NGC and PCGS have each graded only a single specimen finer. Census: 20 in 65 (1 in 65+), 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: Santa Clara Signature (Heritage, 11/2000), lot 7361; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2001), lot 8494; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 9399; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2002), lot 7560; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2003), lot 9362; Portland Signature (Heritage, 3/2004), lot 6592; Denver Signature (Heritage, 8/2006), lot 5725; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 3386.

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 26G9, PCGS# 9179

1925-D Double Eagle, MS64 Exceptional Color and Luster

6095 1925-D MS64 PCGS. Although nearly 3 million double eagles were coined in Denver in 1925, most were put into storage and later melted. Research by Roger Burdette suggests that most of the surviving coins — about 1,000 pieces, per latest estimates — are from European hoards. As is typical for Saint-Gaudens double eagles supplied by overseas hoards, the population of Mint State 1925-D coins is fairly dispersed throughout the MS60 to MS64 grade range, but finer pieces are great rarities. Foreign banks stored bulk gold loose in bags, and the coins were frequently moved in trade or during inventory, producing heavy bagmarks. The frosty near-Gem in the present lot shows minimal signs of contact amid gleaming tangerine luster that captivates the eye. The strike is sharp throughout. PCGS records only seven numerically finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 26GB, PCGS# 9181



1925-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS65 Only One Finer Coin at PCGS Ex: Morse

6096 1925-D MS65 NGC. The 1925-D is a prime example of the disconnect between mintage and rarity in the Saint-Gaudens series of double eagles. More than 2.9 million pieces were struck, mostly during the first half of the calendar-year, but today only a few hundred are believed to exist. The great majority of the large mintage was destroyed after the Gold Recall of 1933. At one time the 1925-D was even more elusive than it is today, as David Akers explained in his catalog of the Thaine B. Price Collection (Akers, 5/1998), lot 109:

“The 1925-D is another issue that, at one time, was widely regarded to be a major rarity in any condition. It was considered to be more rare than the 1922-S, 1924-D and 1925-S, not to mention such now famous rarities as 1920-S, 1929, 1931 and 1932. The 1950’s, however, brought significant changes to the relative rarity rankings of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles since many formerly rare issues were discovered in European banks. The 1925-D was one of those issues, and although large hoards of the 1925-D were never discovered, several small groups were uncovered over the years amounting to perhaps several hundred pieces.”

Although the availability of the 1925-D in all grades has increased somewhat since the 1940s, it remains a condition rarity at the MS65 grade level. The present coin offers well-defined design elements that display just a trace of softness on Liberty’s torch hand and the Capitol. Rich satiny mint luster radiates from both sides and each side shows significant reddish patina that is intermingled with highlights of lilac. A solid Gem example and virtually unobtainable any finer. Census: 9 in 65, 1 finer (10/16).

Ex: The Phillip H. Morse Collection of Saint-Gaudens Coinage, Part Two (Heritage, 12/2005), lot 2042.

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26GB, PCGS# 9181



1925-S Twenty Dollar, MS63 Better Date in High Grade

6097 1925-S MS63 PCGS. Like most of the branch mint issues from this decade, the mintage of this date is irrelevant. In the case of the 1925-S, nearly 4 million pieces were struck, yet fewer than 1,500 pieces survive in all grades. Dave Bowers estimated a field population that is equally divided between circulated and Mint State coins, suggesting that 300 to 500 of each survive today. Others have provided even smaller estimates, although the frequency of auction appearances would suggest that up to 1,500 coins survive, most in grades below MS63.

Although not fully struck, this piece retains exceptional satin luster with impressive honey-gold color. No major abrasions appear beneath a loupe, despite the MS63 grade. Finer examples are rarely seen. PCGS reports just 26 higher-grade submissions (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2007), lot 5285. NGC ID# 26GC, PCGS# 9182



1925-S Double Eagle, MS64 Seldom Offered in This Grade

6098 1925-S MS64 NGC. The 1925-S double eagle was spared from complete eradication during the mid-1930s gold melts by trade exportation, which preserved small quantities in South American and other foreign banks until recent decades. Although several hundred thousand pieces were paid out to Federal Reserve Banks, per Roger Burdette, the small surviving population of this date does not suggest that any large quantities ever made it into public hands domestically. The date is scarce across the Mint State spectrum, and its availability declines sharply in MS64. Gems, although in existence, are far out of reach for all but the most financially backed collectors. These few Gem-quality survivors were likely acquired directly from the Mint Cashier at the time of issue for numismatic purposes.

This near-Gem example displays well-struck design elements with minor high-point contact marks that define the grade. The fields are thoroughly lustrous, and each side exhibits soft straw-gold coloration. Census: 21 in 64 (1 in 64+), 4 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GC, PCGS# 9182



1926-D Double Eagle, MS62 Limited Overall Survival

6099 1926-D MS62 PCGS. CAC. Despite a mintage of 481,000 pieces, the 1926-D Saint-Gaudens double eagle has a surviving population estimated at fewer than 600 coins. The gold melts of the 1930s destroyed all but a few small handfuls of pieces scattered throughout numismatic holdings and a few hundred pieces that had safely been exported to Europe for trade. The European coins account for the majority of the examples available to collectors today.

This is a rare CAC-endorsed example, residing in the accessible MS62 grade. The devices are sharply rendered, and each side displays warm orange-gold luster with hints of pale rose in the fields. Light handling marks account for the grade, as no individually distracting abrasions are observed. CAC: 7 in 62, 11 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GE, PCGS# 9184



1926-D Twenty Dollar, MS64 Heavily Melted in the 1930s

6100 1926-D MS64 PCGS. Most 1926-D double eagles went into long term storage after production and were later melted in the 1930s. Research conducted by noted numismatist Roger Burdette shows that 5,000 coins were distributed to Federal Reserve Banks, and these were likely the source of the coins that eventually ended up in European gold reserves. Overseas hoard coins represent a significant portion of the 1926-D double eagles known today. Other survivors — including some of the high-grade representatives — were acquired from a supply of several hundred pieces that were in the stock of the Mint Cashier in 1926.

Burdette estimates that as many as 600 pieces are known in all grades, but the vast majority grade no finer than MS62. This Choice example is a genuine rarity, and finer pieces are prohibitively rare and expensive. The coin shows a bold strike with good rim definition and sharp devices. Satiny orange-gold luster exhibits light abrasions, none individually obtrusive. Population: 23 in 64 (1 in 64+), 5 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26GE, PCGS# 9184



1927-S Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS61 Scarce in all Grades

6101 1927-S MS61 NGC. The 1927-S double eagle has a higher mintage than its Philadelphia counterpart — just over 3.1 million pieces versus under 3 million coins. That makes it a perfect illustration of just how irrelevant mintages are to rarity among late-date Saint-Gaudens twenties; The 1927 is one of the most common type coins of the series, while the 1927-S is scarce and costly regardless of condition. Because of numerous repatriations from Europe over the past 50 years, there are now perhaps as many as 120-140 Uncirculated examples known of the 1927-S. This piece has lost little of the frosted luster characteristic of the issue. Rather, the coin's grade is derived from numerous small abrasions that are peppered over both sides. The strike definition is also strong throughout. This is an unusual opportunity for the collector to acquire this scarcity in a lower and more affordable grade, while still purchasing a Mint State example. Census: 14 in 61, 76 finer (10/16).

Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2011), lot 5289. NGC ID# 26GJ, PCGS# 9188





1927-S Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS64 Large Mintage, Heavily Melted Issue Rare Series Key

6102 1927-S MS64 NGC. The 1927-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle claims a really large mintage of more than 3.1 million pieces, but the issue has always been one of the most elusive keys to the series. The explanation for this contradictory situation lies in the distribution of the coins. Only 114 double eagles were held by the cashier of the San Francisco Mint to be paid out in ordinary business transactions. Another 3,055 examples were returned to the Philadelphia Mint cashier, after the Assay Commission finished testing for the year. Of these, if normal policies were followed, 3,000 coins were bagged and stored in the vaults, leaving 55 examples in the cashier's custody for everyday use. Thus, only 169 1927-S double eagles were available for over-the-counter exchanges with the cashiers at the two Mints. No group of coins was sent to the Treasury Department in Washington, D.C., although a handful of coins were sold there and distributed from the cashier's holdings at the Philadelphia Mint. Information from Mint records given to Dr. Charles W. Green in 1947 indicates that 3,750 coins were sent to Federal Reserve Banks for distribution from the government stockpile. The rest of the huge mintage was stored in Mint or Treasury vaults until after the Gold Recall of 1933, when the coins were destroyed. It is likely that the circulated examples we know about today were coins paid out by the Federal Reserve Banks, while the few high-grade specimens were obtained from the cashier's of the Mints by contemporary collectors. No more than 300 examples survive today in all grades.

The present coin is an impressive Choice example, with well-detailed design elements that show a touch of the usual softness on the fingers of the torch hand and the Capitol. A long die break on the reverse travels through the rays, through the eagle's beak, and on to U in UNITED. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate especially vibrant mint luster on both sides and eye appeal is terrific. Census: 17 in 64, 11 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GJ, PCGS# 9188



1929 Double Eagle, MS63 First of the Rare Late Dates

6103 1929 MS63 PCGS. After a series of high mintage double eagles struck from 1924 to 1928, where coinage totals average about 4 million pieces annually, the production of 1929 double eagles was slightly below 2 million coins, and nearly all of those coins sat in Mint and Treasury vaults until they were melted in the late 1930s. Only a few were preserved by contemporary collectors who acquired the coins directly or indirectly from the Mint. Once the Great Depression took hold at the end of the year, many of those collectors could no longer afford to keep their coins, further diminishing the population. The current combined PCGS and NGC census figures show a total of only 312 examples have been certified, a dramatic reduction from the 100,000 certified 1928 double eagles. This piece exhibits brilliant yellow luster with frosty surfaces and exceptional eye appeal. Both sides display the usual scattered marks that are consistent with the grade. More than 60% of certified 1929 double eagles are in higher grades than this piece, meaning it should prove to be more affordable than most others, an important consideration for the budget-minded collector who still seeks an attractive example. NGC ID# 26GL, PCGS# 9190



1929 Twenty Dollar Colorful Near-Gem Example

6104 1929 MS64 PCGS. Ex: Park Avenue Collection. With a combined certified population of just over 300 coins and no significant foreign holdings having surfaced in the past several decades, the 1929 remains an elusive "melt rarity" and one of the key late-series issues. While some researchers believe as many as 1,750 pieces may exist, a recent review of Mint records indicate a maximum possible survivorship of 1,176 pieces, before any attrition. The rest of the 1929 double eagles (more than 1.6 million coins) were cast into .900 fine gold bars and sent to Fort Knox. One has to believe that no great hoards of the 1929 twenty remain to be found.

It is, however, the most-available date of the late-series twenties (1929-1933) when all grades are taken into consideration. In Gem and finer conditions, it is almost equally rare to the 1931, 1931-D, and 1932 issues. This lustrous and sharply struck near-Gem displays exceptional color with lilac, lemon-yellow, and rose-gold highlights. The surfaces are smooth and attractive. Population: 95 in 64 (14 in 64+), 33 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GL, PCGS# 9190



1929 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 Elusive Late-Series Issue Conditionally Very Rare Any Finer

6105 1929 MS65 PCGS. Nearly 1.8 million Saint-Gaudens double eagles were struck in the first half of 1929, in anticipation of a large demand for gold coinage in foreign trade. Unfortunately, the effects of the Great Depression were beginning to be felt and most of the large mintage was stored in Vault F at the Philadelphia Mint, in a rather inconvenient location. Following the principle of first-in, first-out, much of the enormous stockpile of double eagles from 1928 was used to satisfy the demand for foreign exchange and no 1929-dated coins were released to Federal Reserve Banks for commercial distribution. All the coins that remained in Mint custody were subsequently melted after the Gold Recall of 1933. Roger W. Burdette estimates no more than 350 specimens survive today in all grades, representing coins paid out to collectors or businessmen by the Treasurer's office in Washington, D.C., or the Cashier at the Philadelphia Mint.

All issues in the Saint-Gaudens series struck after 1929 are celebrated rarities in today's market, with the 1929 being the most available of the last five collectible issues (1929, 1930-S, 1931, 1931-D, and 1932) in terms of overall rarity. However, the 1929 is usually seen in lower Mint State grades, and both the 1931 and 1932 are more available at the Gem level. Few pieces have surfaced from European holdings, despite the rumored "English Hoard" of 40 examples, allegedly found by dealer Steve Fenton, but actually a totally fictional account that started as a private joke and made its way into the literature through Walter Breen's writings.

The present coin is a delightful Gem with sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces display only a few insignificant contact marks and overall eye appeal is terrific. Population: 28 in 65, 5 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26GL, PCGS# 9190



1930-S Twenty Dollar, MS63 Series Key, Major Melt Rarity

6106 1930-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. Up until the late 1940s or early 1950s, the 1930-S double eagle, while acknowledged to be rare, was thought to be less so than several other issues in the Saint-Gaudens series. The 1930-S has gained increasing recognition over the last few decades as the rarest of the five issues from 1929 through 1932. In fact, it is considered the third-rarest issue in the entire series, behind only the uncollectible 1933 and the legendary 1927-D.

To provide clearer perspective on the gradual recognition the 1930-S has achieved, consider the remarks that David Akers wrote when he was cataloging the example in the phenomenal Dr. Thaine B. Price Collection (Akers Numismatics, 5/1998, lot 119):

"... the 1930-S is one of the greatest rarities in this ever popular series. Since virtually all of the relatively few known specimens are mint state, it is obvious that this issue never saw actual circulation, and it is more than likely that the entire mintage (74,000 pieces, very small by Saint-Gaudens standards) was melted. The specimens that exist today were, in all probability, obtained by collectors or visitors directly from the Mint in the year of issue. In terms of the total number of specimens known, there are undoubtedly fewer 1930-S double eagles than there are examples of any collectible regular issue in this series other than the 1927-D. ... This is in contrast to its relative rarity ranking of 50 years ago when the 1930-S was considered to be only the fourth rarest S Mint issue of the series after the 1924-S, 1926-S and 1927-S. It was also felt to be significantly less rare than the 1926-D, 1921, and the 1931-D. It is difficult to say for sure, but the total number of 1930-S Double Eagles known is probably in the range of only 50-60 pieces."

This Select Uncirculated example is sharply struck overall, as usual, with minor softness on the pillars of the Capitol building. The appealing surfaces frosty luster and a few grazes in the left obverse field. Other minor marks occur on the sun and near the eagle's head. The beautiful color is typical for the 1930-S, orange-gold with blushes of rose. A pendant-shaped die lump in the interior of the 0 in the date and a near-horizontal die line runs from the rim near 3 o'clock to a ray of the sun are diagnostic. Astute specialists in this series will recognize this offering for the significant opportunity it provides, and act accordingly. Population: 7 in 63, 31 finer. CAC: 2 in 63, 11 finer (10/16).

Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2010), lot 5045.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GM, PCGS# 9191



1931 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65 Rare Late-Series Key

6107 1931 MS65 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint achieved a large mintage of more than 2.9 million double eagles in 1931. If original mintage were the only factor in a coin's rarity, the 1931 Saint-Gaudens double eagle would be a common coin indeed. However, as numismatists have long known, mintage statistics are meaningless when discussing the rarity of the later issues of this series. Distribution is the true key to their rarity; the great majority of the 1931 production was melted and transformed into ingots in 1937, after the Gold Recall of 1933.

The actual number of 1931 Philadelphia Mint double eagles available today is a source of some disagreement. Q. David Bowers calls the 1931 "one of the key issues in the series" and estimates a surviving population of 80-120 Mint State specimens, with half a dozen or so examples in circulated grades still extant. This agrees well with recent research by Roger W. Burdette, who concludes the surviving population numbers about 110 coins in all grades, with the great majority in Mint State. Earlier estimates range from the 45 examples postulated by Dr. Charles W. Green in 1947, which was based on earlier (probably incomplete) Mint records, to the 200-300 examples suggested by Jeff Garrett and Ron Guth, in their *Encyclopedia of U.S. Gold Coins*. Currently, PCGS and NGC have certified a total of 113 coins in all grades, including an unknown (but probably small) number of resubmissions and crossovers (11/16).

The first auction appearance of a 1931 double eagle probably occurred in the Needham, Herrick and Other Collections (Thomas Elder, 9/1937), lot 1393. Elder's description stated, "1931. \$20. Of the U.S. St. Gaudens type. A very rare year. First ever offered at auction sale! Value \$350. Brilliant Uncirculated. Of greatest rarity." We have been unable to discover the price realized, but Elder's estimate is an indication of how great the demand was for this date in 1937. While Elder's estimate certainly seems high, it is small compared to the \$1,250 Col. James Flanagan paid for the 1933 double eagle he purchased from B. Max Mehl just two months later. Clearly, the late date double eagles were exciting coins in the late 1930s.

The rare Gem offered here displays richly frosted surfaces and exhibits a delightful cartwheel effect when rotated slowly under a light. The strike is sharp, with crisp detail present on all design elements. The surfaces are an attractive, bright greenish-yellow, with a faint undertone of red. Both sides show a scattering of insignificant handling marks and luster grazes, entirely consistent with the grade. Overpowering luster is the standout feature of this specimen. The combination of high technical grade and intense visual appeal makes this offering a rare opportunity for the discerning collector. Population: 27 in 65, 11 finer (11/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 2338.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GN, PCGS# 9192



1931-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS63 Elusive 'Late-Date' Saint Final Denver Mint Gold Issue

6108 1931-D MS63 PCGS. The Denver Mint struck a modest total of 106,500 Saint-Gaudens double eagles in 1931, all delivered in March and April of that year. Although it was impossible to predict the future of U.S. gold coinage at the time, these were the last gold coins ever produced at the Denver facility. In his recent study of Mint and Treasury records, Roger W. Burdette learned no more than 441 1931-D double eagles were ever available for distribution to private citizens, and the number actually paid out was probably even smaller. No coins were shipped to Federal Reserve Banks for distribution and none were used in payments for overseas trade, although a few coins may have been sent to European destinations by private individuals as a hedge against rising gold prices. The vast majority of this final Denver mintage was held in government vaults until 1935, when the coins were melted into gold bars and stored at the Fort Knox Bullion Repository. Probably no more than 125 examples survive in all grades today.

The 1931-D was extremely difficult to locate when collectors first became interested in collecting large denomination gold coins in this country, in the late 1930s. In the J.F. Bell Collection (Stack's, 12/1944), the cataloger of the 1931-D in that sale noted, "We doubt if more than 6 pieces are known." Of course, the supply of examples increased gradually over the years, as pieces surfaced from tightly held collections, but the 1931-D was still considered the second-rarest issue of the famous "Late Date" Saints (1929, 1930-S, 1931, 1931-D, and 1932) until about 1984. At that time, a small hoard of 15-20 examples came on the market from an uncertain source, making the 1931-D slightly more available than the 1931 and 1932 issues. However, most of the hoard coins graded MS62-MS64, so the 1931-D remains very rare in higher Mint State grades.

The present coin is an attractive Select specimen with well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. Just a touch of the usual softness is evident on the torch hand and Capitol, but the pleasing orange-gold surfaces show only scattered, minor contact marks and eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 21 in 63 (1 in 63+), 57 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GP, PCGS# 9193



1932 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS64 Classic 'Late Date' Rarity

6109 1932 MS64 PCGS. The final five collectible issues in the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series (1929, 1930-S, 1931, 1931-D, and 1932) are usually considered together as an elite group known as the "Late Date" Saints. All the issues in this group are elusive keys to the series, thanks to the government ban on private gold ownership that began in 1933, and the resulting confiscation and melting of almost all the gold coins minted during these years. A substantial production of 1.1 million double eagles was coined in 1932, but none were ever released to Federal Reserve Banks for distribution and the great majority of the coins were destroyed when the Gold Recall took effect the following year. Probably no more than 95 examples survive from the large reported mintage in all grades today.

The first auction appearance of the 1932 double eagle was probably in lot 1394 of the Needham, Herrick and Others Collections (Thomas Elder, 9/1937), only five years after it was issued. Elder's terse description read, "1932. \$20, Same type. Brilliant Uncirculated. Of greatest rarity. None struck for circulation. Value \$350." Elder's estimate of the coin's value was high for the time, but the 1932 sells for many multiples of that price today. The current price realized for the issue is \$184,000, brought by the MS66+ PCGS example in lot 4652 of the FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2012).

The 1932 double eagle is recognized as the second-rarest of the "Late Date" Saints today and the final collectible issue of the series, since only one example of the 1933 issue is currently legal to own. This attractive Choice specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements, with just a trace of the often-seen softness on the fingers of the torch hand and the eagle's belly feathers. The vivid orange-gold surfaces show a few minor contact marks on Liberty's branch arm and the upper obverse field, none worthy of individual mention. Especially vibrant mint luster adds to the outstanding eye appeal of this elusive series key. Population: 30 in 64 (1 in 64+), 44 finer (10/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GR, PCGS# 9194



1932 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66 None Numerically Finer Last Collectible Issue

6110 1932 MS66 NGC. The 2017 *Guide Book* lists the reported mintage of 1932 Saint-Gaudens double eagles as 1,101,750 pieces, but recent research by Roger W. Burdette reveals a small discrepancy in that total. It seems 43 defective coins were reported as “good” by the coiner to balance accounts at the end of the fiscal year in June, 1932. By the end of the year, these defective pieces were destroyed for recoinage and replaced by 43 double eagles from the first delivery of coins in 1933. Thus, the actual number of 1932-dated double eagles was 1,101,707 pieces. Burdette indicates the 43 “replacement coins” (dated 1933) would probably be placed with the cashier as part of his funds, and might be the source of the famous 1933 double eagles that escaped destruction after the Gold Recall and have caused so much controversy over the years.

Of course, interesting as it is, this discrepancy had a negligible effect on the availability of the 1932 double eagle in today’s market, as the vast majority of the coins were held in government vaults until after the Gold Recall of 1933, when they were melted and stored as gold bars at Fort Knox. No coins were released to Federal Reserve Banks for distribution and the maximum number of 1932 double eagles available to the general public was only 175 examples. Of these, Mint and Treasury records (which are more detailed for 1932 than for many other years) indicate 113 coins were purchased by known recipients. A few more may have been sold in anonymous over-the-counter exchanges with the cashiers, but the total number of 1932 double eagles that escaped destruction was somewhere between 113 and 175 pieces, if the records are accurate and none of the coins were actually dated 1933. Probably no more than 95 examples survive today.

The 1932 double eagle has always been known as a rare issue and enjoys a special status as the last collectible issue of the series. It is the second-rarest of the “Late Date” Saints, the final five collectible issues of the series (1929, 1930-S, 1931, 1931-D, and 1932), which are all notable rarities. The 1932 was a well-produced issue and the present coin is an exceptional Premium Gem representative, with sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. The impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces add to the incredible eye appeal and neither of the leading grading services has seen a numerically finer example. Census: 11 in 66 (2 in 66★), 0 finer (10/16).

Selections From The Dr. James C. Kirk Collection of Saint-Gaudens Double Eagles. NGC ID# 26GR, PCGS# 9194

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER



1921 Alabama Centennial Half, MS67 Among the Finest Known

6111 1921 Alabama MS67 PCGS. Although the Alabama Statehood centennial occurred in 1919, Congress did not authorize the commemorative half dollar for this occasion until 1920, and the issue was not struck until 1921. Laura Gardin Fraser, who would later submit designs in the Washington quarter contest of 1932, prepared the designs for the coin. Two variants were produced, one with a plain field and a second with a small 2X2 notation in the right obverse field — the number 22, denoting Alabama as the 22nd state admitted into the Union, parted in the middle by the Saint Andrew's cross.

This Superb Gem example of the former variety is among the finest certified and is a major rarity as such. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty, original mint luster. Lovely champagne toning graces the reverse and central obverse, while the obverse margins exhibit lavender and aquamarine color. There are no significant abrasions. Population: 5 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BYF2, PCGS# 9224



1928 Hawaiian Half Dollar, MS67 Sesquicentennial Commemorative Top-Grade Registry Set Rarity

6112 1928 Hawaiian MS67 PCGS. CAC. High-end 1928 Hawaiian commemorative halves are scarce. At least half of the nearly 10,000-coin regular-strike mintage — and some have theorized that most of it — was distributed on the Hawaiian Islands, with many pieces going to novelty enthusiasts who were not disciplined in the art of coin preservation. Rapidly rising secondary market prices for the issue drove many pieces to be bought up by investors. A small hoard of 137 coins that was auctioned in 1986 came from the vaults of the Bank of Hawaii, the entity that originally began distribution of the commemorative in 1928.

Regardless of their origin, Premium Gem-quality Hawaiian half dollars are scarce today, and finer coins are extremely rare. This Superb Gem is among the finest certified, and it is the only top-grade coin endorsed by CAC. The strike is bold, and the satiny surfaces display exceptional preservation. Both sides are cast in a blanket of rich olive-gold and lemon-yellow toning with deeper amber and russet around the peripheries. Population: 4 in 67 (2 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYGR, PCGS# 9309



1923-S Monroe Half Dollar, MS67 Tied for Numerical Finest at PCGS

6113 1923-S Monroe MS67 PCGS Secure. CAC. The Monroe Doctrine commemorative was struck for a Los Angeles exposition despite the city's tenuous connection with the event. These halves are quite plentiful in circulated grades, but are a significant condition rarity in Mint State. They are almost always weakly struck, and while this piece is no exception to that rule, it does exhibit uncommonly brilliant luster throughout. An attractive medley of gold, light blue, and silver-gray is seen across the carefully preserved surfaces. The issue is seldom offered in such a lofty state of preservation and as such, this is a serious Registry Set contender as the sole CAC endorsed example at the MS67 level. Population: 7 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Los Angeles Signature* (Heritage, 8/2009). NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333



1925 Norse American Medal, MS64 Uniface Reverse Die Trial in Brass Possibly Unique Variant Without THE

6114 1925 Norse Medal, Uniface Reverse Die Trial, Brass, Oversize Planchet, MS64 NGC. An extremely rare uniface die trial of the reverse design for the 1925 Norse medal, struck on an oversized round brass planchet. An example of the obverse and reverse brass die trials for this design accompanied an April 14, 1925-dated letter from Acting Mint Director M.M. O'Reilly to the Honorable Charles Moore, Chairman of the Commission of Fine Arts. The die trials were received and the design approved by the Commission the following day, with one minor change suggested. The original reverse legend included the word "THE" in front of CONGRESS. It was felt that this was an unnatural expression, and another die was prepared without the offending word, and the piece offered here is the trial subsequently struck from that die. There are thus three brass uniface die trials known for this issue, one obverse and two reverse trials (one with, and one without, the word THE).

This piece offers sharply detailed design elements and original red surfaces that have mellowed to light brown and lilac in some areas. No large or distracting contact marks are evident and the overall presentation is most attractive.

From The Sounder Collection, Part II.



**1925 Norse-American Brass Pattern
Oversize Round Planchet, MS65 Brown
Possibly the First Norse Medal Struck**

6115 1925 Norse Medal — Brass Die Trial on Oversize Planchet — MS65 Brown NGC. Approximately 38 mm. in diameter. Early in 1925, the initial trials, such as the present piece, were struck on oversize round planchets. A round planchet was far easier to manipulate during the striking process than an octagonal planchet, and was the logical choice within the Mint prior to Congressional approval of the Norse-American commemorative program. Following approval, eight-sided pieces were minted to test the dies and coinage procedures. Once all was ready, the thin planchet silver pieces were struck on May 21-23. Thick planchet pieces were struck in late May and June, along with the small diameter gold medals and the large diameter silver-plated medals. This sharply defined piece has satin luster with olive-brown surfaces that exhibit glimpses of original red-gold color with hints of pale blue overtones.

From The Souder Collection, Part II.



**1925 Norse Medal, Choice AU
Copper Die Trial**

6116 1925 Norse Medal, Copper Die Trial, AU55 PCGS. The present piece has the octagonal shape and 1-1/2 inch diameter of the Thick and Thin silver Norse medals. The edge is partly visible within the holder, enough to confirm it has a thickness similar to the Thick variety. The olive-brown surfaces display a fine grain texture along with a few inconsequential handling marks. High point wear is minimal.

Copper die trials of the Norse type are extremely rare. In lot 4239 of our January 2009 FUN Signature, we offered a two-sided brass pattern, and the (11/16) PCGS Population Report lists a copper die trial in MS63. The (11/16) NGC Census lists two copper die trials as PR63 Brown. This data, plus the present coin, arrives at a total of five copper or brass die trials known, with possible duplication of appearances.

From The Souder Collection, Part II.



1925 Norse Medal in Silver, MS66 Scarce Thin Planchet Variety

6117 1925 Norse, Thin Planchet, MS66 PCGS. CAC. The Thin silver Norse medal variety is significantly scarcer than its Thick counterpart. The respective net mintages were 6,000 and 31,750 pieces. This lustrous Premium Gem has a caramel-gold and powder-blue obverse. The reverse displays deeper aquamarine, golden-brown, and lavender shades. The coruscating surfaces are unmarked aside from unobtrusive contact on the sail. Although not an official U.S. Mint coin, the Norse medal is traditionally collected as part of the 1892-1954 silver commemorative series. Population: 12 in 66, 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 66, 0 finer (11/16).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9451



1925 Norse Medal, MS65 Large Diameter Silvered Bronze Mintage of 60 to 75 Pieces

6118 1925 Norse Medal, Large Format, Silvered, MS65 NGC. 67 mm, 2429 gn. Norse-American Minnesota congressman Ole Juulson Kvale desired a commemorative to celebrate the centennial of the voyage of the *Restauration* from Norway to the U.S. Kvale met opposition from Treasury officials, but negotiated the issue of an octagonal medal by the U.S. Mint. Most of the production was 1 1/2" silver medals. Sources differ on the mintage of the 2 5/8" pieces. Some say it was 60 pieces, others state 75 pieces, and Wikipedia reports both figures as a range. The large-format medals were struck in bronze, then triple-plated in silver outside of the Mint, perhaps by the Medallion Arts Company. Kvale wanted the pieces to serve as museum displays, but many were instead given to dignitaries, most notably President Coolidge. The present example offers smooth, satiny surfaces and a sharp strike. The fields display ocean-blue and chestnut-gold toning, while the high points are dove-gray.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 523083

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD



1915-S Panama-Pacific Fifty, AU Details Classic Commemorative Key

6119 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The Pan-Pac fifties in round and octagonal variants represent a roadblock for most collectors wishing to complete a classic commemorative type set. The coins had small distributions of only 483 and 645 pieces, respectively, stunted by a high original purchase price of \$100 apiece at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in 1915. The appeal of the coins transcends their key-date status in the series, as they showcase a type of neoclassical artistic merit that is unseen on most other United States coinage, as well as a heft and bulk that only Pan-Pac fifties and Gold Rush-period Assay Office slugs can offer.

The present coin, designated AU Details by PCGS, is among the few round Pan-Pac fifties that can be considered the “affordable” examples of the issue. Faint tool marks and hairlines in the fields accompany unnaturally bright luster, preventing a numeric grade, although the coin is still pleasing to the unaided eye. A few tiny ticks on the obverse serve as pedigree markers.



1915-S Round Panama-Pacific Fifty Uncirculated Sharpness King of the Classic Commemoratives

6120 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. The most lasting mementos of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, held in San Francisco in 1915, are the gold and silver commemorative coins issued in mid-1915 as souvenirs for visitors of the exposition. Among these, the fifty dollar gold pieces are the rarest and most highly prized today. A medal press was shipped to San Francisco for the purpose of striking these coins, which were too large for a regular silver dollar press to accommodate. Congress authorized a coinage of 1,500 examples each of the round and octagonal varieties, although with a fifty dollar face value and hundred dollar purchase price — no small amount of cash in 1915 — most were later melted as unsold. The total number of pieces ever dispersed into collectors’ hands were 645 octagonal coins and 483 round.

Collectors seldom have a chance to acquire a Pan-Pac fifty — particularly the scarcer round variant — in a grade that can in any way be termed affordable. This example comes about as close as possible. The coin is unworn, although faint hairlines on each side attest to an old cleaning that precludes a numeric designation from PCGS. The strike is sharp, and the surfaces are visually pleasing to the unaided eye. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7451



MCMXV Panama-Pacific Round Impressive MS64 One of Only 483 Produced

6121 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round MS64 NGC. CAC. It is sometimes easy to overlook the fair or exposition commemorated by a particular coin. A quick read through the official brochure for the Panama-Pacific Exposition helps bring to life the wonder and excitement promised by that exposition.

When a visitor entered through the main gate on the city side, he or she would wander through the great South Garden and soon come to the "Court of the Universe," the largest of the exposition's five courts. The official fair brochure continued: "This is the meeting place of the Eastern and Western hemispheres, and the decorative scheme on each side is typical of this theme. This is the first Exposition to have a uniform color scheme ... the world will be shown a study in natural tints unlike anything ever before attempted and which at once commands the attention and admiration of all beholders. The palaces themselves are of a soft, cold, gray tint, a kind of smoked ivory, at once pleasing and restful to the eyes, and which forms a foundation or background for the vivid coloring of doorways, the vari-tinted shrubbery, the beds of flowers and matchless lawns."

The brochure went on to exclaim: "From an educational standpoint ... this is the first time in the history of man the entire world is known and in intercommunication. Even the discovery of the north and south poles has been accomplished, and the wide expanses of land and water have been correctly mapped out ... For the first time all the world is known."

The official fair brochure said that visitors would be treated to "an encyclopedia of modern achievement" just by wandering around. It gave some extraordinary details. The construction cost \$50 million. Another like amount was the composite value of the exhibitions. There were miles of "ornamented avenues" to explore. You would see more than 250 groups of marble-like statues crafted by the world's masters, and huge murals, "masterpieces by the greatest artists." There was a million-dollar Auditorium, and an art palace "more beautiful than any part of ancient Greece" containing "the largest and most comprehensive collection of pictures ever collected and shown in one place." There were "near two score Pavilions of the States and Foreign Nations vying with each other in architecture, displays and hospitality." The livestock exhibit showed off countless kinds of animals and the "world's best birds." If that wasn't enough to please you, there were 65 acres of amusement concessions.

There were also spectacular nightly fireworks. For the history-minded, the Liberty Bell had been brought from Philadelphia to the fair for all to see. If industry intrigued you, you could watch the new Ford automobiles being built on an assembly-line set up in the Palace of Transportation. And you might just spot some personalities while visiting the fair: it was attended by John Philip Sousa (who performed at the fair for nine weeks), Buffalo Bill Cody, motion-picture director D. W. Griffith, singer Al Jolson, and Hollywood greats Charlie Chaplin and Fatty Arbuckle (all of whom had also appeared at the St. Louis fair).

This was a fair to end all fairs, the brochure promised. Fun and easy to get to, taking "less effort and less expense than ever before. The railroads are making every preparation for the special accommodation and comfort of their patrons. Very low rates are quoted from all points to California, giving the opportunity of going one way and returning by any other. Make your reservations now—you will never regret it."

And coins were a part of the wonder at the exposition as well. The Round and Octagonal fifty dollar gold pieces still hold the record for the largest gold commemoratives struck by the United States. These two coins were so massive that a medal press was needed to strike them. They are medallion-like. Their beauty is undeniable. So is their symbolism. The 483 round fifties that exist today comprise the lowest mintage of any U.S. commemorative coin. At the fair, they were sold either individually or framed as a set with the other commemoratives. So few of these sets, in copper frames, were sold that the exact number of sets in existence is not known. This is a chance to own an example of this rarely seen, large format gold coin. The surfaces are nearly flawless with a very shallow luster graze in the center of the obverse apparently the only limiting factor that keeps it from grading even higher. The satiny surfaces show a slight reddish patina over each side. A wonderful opportunity to acquire this important coin. CAC: 28 in 64, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7451



1915-S Pan-Pac Round Fifty Dollar, MS65 Only Two Finer at PCGS

6122 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round MS65 PCGS Secure. The 1915-S Panama-Pacific gold coins actually represent two tremendous construction projects. One was the 34-year-long gargantuan construction of the Panama Canal itself; the other was the rebuilding of the City of San Francisco in the decade following the horrific Great Earthquake and Fire of 1906.

The French symbolically began the disastrous Panama Canal effort in 1880; actual construction began in 1881. One of the first French missteps was putting the French diplomat Ferdinand de Lesseps in charge of the Panama Canal. De Lesseps was a French national hero, called *Le Grand Français* (the great Frenchman) by his countrymen, for his completion (in 1869) of the Suez Canal, which connects the Red Sea with the Mediterranean Sea through Egypt — a flat, level passage through a desert. De Lesseps thought a similar canal could be constructed *at sea level* through the Isthmus of Panama. De Lesseps only visited Panama once, during the dry season — its rainy season lasts nine months a year — and he failed to take into account the huge tidal forces of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans on either side of the Isthmus.

The two canals, Suez and Panama, could not have been more different in quality and scope.

Panama was a combination of thick, impenetrable jungle infested with mosquitos, a high mountain range called the Cordillera, and foremost of all the torrential Chagres River. It was 1888 before the French company in charge went bankrupt, after an expenditure of several hundred million francs and the loss of 20,000 lives due to flooding, accidents, mudslides, malaria, and, most of all, the dreaded yellow fever.

That the Americans succeeded where the French had failed was due to a few key personnel. John F. Stevens (1853-1943) was a brilliant railroad engineer, responsible earlier in his career for building the Great Northern Railway. Arriving in Panama, he soon realized the folly of a sea-level canal, which would be subject to continual flooding from the Chagres. He returned to Washington and personally convinced President Theodore Roosevelt that only a system of engineering hydraulic locks to raise the ships to cross the Cordillera, through the area known as the Culebra Cut, would prevent the American project from meeting the same disaster as had the French. Stevens also recognized that the basic problems of the canal were organizational and logistical. The removal of millions of cubic tons of earth and rock would require complete retooling of the Panama Railway, which had been built in the 1850s.

And the workforce, skilled and unskilled, to accomplish these tasks had to be enormously augmented. To that end, Stevens implemented community planning and educational systems, oversaw the recruiting of thousands of new laborers, developed mosquito-eradication programs to combat yellow fever, and devised ingenious railroad innovations. He invented a giant swinging boom mounted on a railroad flatcar that could move yards of track at a time without the need for disassembly. And he arranged the cut through the mountain at Culebra so that gravity would help railcars remove the tons of spoilage on each side of the cut, going uphill empty and downhill full.

But Stevens abruptly resigned in 1907, infuriating President Roosevelt. Roosevelt hired an Army engineer as his replacement. George Washington Goethals was not only a fine engineer, he was also an expert in hydraulics — a skill that railroad engineer Stevens lacked, and crucial to the eventual building of the giant hydraulic locks that would raise and lower oceangoing vessels moving through the canal.

Another key to the Panama Canal success was Colonel William P. Gorgas, who realized that yellow fever, the scourge of Panama, was caused by disease-bearing mosquitos, not by unsanitary conditions. Gorgas' mosquito-eradication program finally saved the thousands of workers' lives that would have previously been lost to yellow fever and malaria (also a mosquito-borne ailment).

It is fitting that the United States' largest gold commemorative coins of the classic era, the 1915-S Pan-Pac fifties, were issued to observe the monumental advances in science, engineering, and medicine that the Panama Canal brought about.

The rebuilding of San Francisco in the decade following the disastrous 1906 earthquake and fire not only made it a noteworthy locale for the Panama-Pacific exposition, it also turned San Francisco into a world-class destination for travel and tourism, a status that it continues to build upon today.

Marking the great 1915 exposition is this impressive Panama-Pacific round \$50 gold piece. Both sides exhibit the usual soft, frosty yellow-gold mint luster, and lack the typical surface abrasions that are normally encountered on these large gold coins. Population: 25 in 65 (4 in 65+), 2 finer (11/16).

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7451



**1915-S Panama Pacific Fifty Dollar, MS65
More Elusive Round Variant
Only Two Numerically Finer at PCGS**

6123 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Round MS65 PCGS Secure. CAC. Authorized by the Act of January 16, 1915, the 1915-S Panama-Pacific fifty dollar gold piece was struck in both round and octagonal formats. The coins were issued in conjunction with the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, held in Golden Gate Park to commemorate the opening of the Panama Canal in 1914, and the recovery of San Francisco after the devastating earthquake of 1906. Five commemorative coins were issued, including a silver half dollar, a gold dollar, a gold quarter eagle, and the two fifty dollar coins. Coin dealer Farran Zerbe conceived of the five-coin program and acted as distributor for the coins. The two fifty dollar pieces featured a design by New York sculptor Robert I. Aitken, with a helmeted head of Minerva (seen on the arms of the State of California) on the obverse and her sacred owl perched on a Ponderosa Pine branch on the reverse. The other three coins featured different artistic designs by different designers. The coins could be purchased individually, or in various sets and combinations, with different options offered as the program went on.

Only 3,000 fifty dollar gold pieces were authorized by Congress and the production was split evenly among the two formats. A total of 1,500 round fifties were struck (plus 10 assay coins), which were offered to the public at \$100 per piece. This represented a large amount of money in 1915 and few collectors could afford the big gold coins. Only 645 octagonal pieces and 483 round examples were sold, with the remainder melted. As might be expected, the round Pan-Pac fifties are somewhat more elusive than their octagonal counterparts today.

The coins began appearing at auction at least as early as the Cook- Conover Collections Sale (B. Max Mehl, 11/1916), where a complete set of Panama-Pacific coins were offered in lots 500-504. The round Pan-Pac fifty was lot 501, described simply as, "1915 \$50.00 Same design as last. Round. Uncirculated." Although the coins were offered separately, there was an option to bid on them as a set, with the copper-frame glass case they were issued in. The coins sold as a set for \$200. The current price realized record for a round Pan-Pac fifty is \$281,750 brought by the spectacular MS66 PCGS specimen in a Bowers and Merena sale in February of 2010.

The present coin is a delightful Gem, with well-detailed design elements that show just a trace of the usual softness on the owl's leg. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces are remarkably free of mentionable flaws and exhibit vibrant mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is terrific. Population: 25 in 65 (4 in 65+), 2 finer. CAC: 17 in 65, 6 finer (11/16).

From *The Sounder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7451



1915-S Panama-Pacific Octagonal Fifty In a Green Label Holder, AU55 Famous Exposition Memento

6124 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Octagonal AU55 PCGS. The octagonal version of the Pan-Pac fifty dollar gold piece was more popular with collectors and buyers at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, held in San Francisco in 1915, where the coins were distributed to the public. Of the 1,500 pieces struck, 645 were sold; compared to only 483 of the round counterpart. The size and shape were reminiscent of the Assay Office “slugs” of the Gold Rush period, which were also coined in San Francisco. If collectors in 1915 were only able to purchase one of these hefty gold commemoratives, it is easy to see why the octagonal version was, more often than not, the ideal choice.

Some octagonal Pan-Pac fifties were mishandled or carried as pocket pieces for a short period of time, resulting in light wear. These coins are rare today, as most examples remain in Mint State (and are prohibitively expensive), and they are highly appealing to budget-conscious collectors who seek a problem-free coin. The present Choice AU representative is a highlight among circulated pieces, showing lustrous, satiny orange-gold surfaces and almost no evidence of wear. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is outstanding. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7452



San Francisco History Center, San Francisco Public Library



1915-S Octagonal Fifty Dollar Gold, MS65 Important Panama-Pacific Issue

6125 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Octagonal MS65 PCGS Secure. The Panama-Pacific International Exposition, held in San Francisco in 1915, was intended to celebrate the completion of the Panama Canal the previous year. It also provided San Francisco with an opportunity to show its recovery from the devastating 1906 earthquake and fire that essentially destroyed the entire city. The fair, held from February 20 through December 16, 1915, was located on 635 acres of the northern shore in the area now known as the Marina District. Although the buildings of the event were intended as temporary structures to be torn down after the fair closed, the Palace of Fine Arts remains standing a century later.

Among the many souvenirs of the exposition, including booklets and postcards, were a series of commemorative medals and coins. The various medals including dollar-sized pieces that are known today as So-Called dollars. That series included nearly 30 different designs that were struck in a variety of metals as recorded at So-CalledDollars.com. Farran Zerbe, one of the leading numismatic figures at the time, called upon Congress to authorize a series of U.S. Mint commemorative gold and silver coins. Zerbe was a recent past president of the American Numismatic Association (from 1908 to 1910), publisher of *The Numismatist*, and founder of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society that he organized in the year of the exposition. In later years, he was head of the Chase Manhattan Money Museum in New York City. Zerbe was born at Blair County, Pennsylvania on April 16, 1871, and died at New York City on December 25, 1949. The Farran Zerbe Memorial Award of the American Numismatic Association recognizes many years of outstanding service to numismatics.

The Panama-Pacific commemorative coins include a silver half dollar, and gold dollars, quarter eagles, and fifty dollar pieces, the latter minted in round and octagonal formats. Initially, plans were made to have the large \$50 coins struck on the exposition grounds. However, those plans fell through and the coins were struck at the nearby San Francisco Mint building, the Granite Lady. The Mint earned that nickname as the only building to wholly survive the 1906 earthquake and fire.

Initial production of the large gold coins including 1,509 octagonal pieces and 1,510 round examples. Sales fell far short of those figures, and eventually the Mint melted 855 octagonal pieces and 1,015 round coins, leaving a net distribution of 645 and 483 coins respectively. The result is a pair of major rarities that are extremely popular with collectors today. The Round and Octagonal issues have identical designs, save for the appearance of dolphins in the angles of the border on the octagonal coins. This stunning Gem exhibits a bold impression with brilliant yellow surfaces and soft, frosty mint luster. Population: 24 in 65 (3 in 65+), 4 finer (11/16).

From The Azalea Collection. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7452



1915-S Panama-Pacific Fifty, MS66 Iconic Octagonal Gold Commemorative Tied for Finest at PCGS

6126 1915-S Panama-Pacific 50 Dollar Octagonal MS66 PCGS. The 1915-S Panama-Pacific fifty dollar gold pieces were struck as part of a five-piece commemorative coin program issued in conjunction with the Panama-Pacific International Exhibition. The Exhibition was held to celebrate the opening of the Panama Canal and the recovery of San Francisco from the disastrous earthquake of 1906. The five-coin program was conceived by coin dealer Farran Zerbe, who acted as distributor of the coins, and Congress signed the authorizing act on January 16, 1915. The set include a silver half dollar, a gold dollar, a gold quarter eagle, and two fifty dollar gold coins, one round and one octagonal.

While all five coins featured original artistic designs, the octagonal fifty dollar pieces, designed by Robert I. Aitken, were undoubtedly the stars of the program. The obverse featured the helmeted head of the goddess Minerva (wisdom), with a dolphin in each of the eight corners, symbolizing the newly opened waterway between the oceans. The reverse displayed an owl (sacred to Minerva) perched on a Ponderosa Pine branch. Despite the Classical symbolism of the design, the coin has a distinctly American flavor, as the octagonal shape evokes memories of the iconic U.S. Assay Office fifty dollar slugs issued during the Gold Rush era, one of the most colorful periods in American history. As well-known art historian Cornelius Vermeule noted, “These coins were a tour de force, dated to be sure, but unusual enough in all respects to be worthy of what American numismatic art could achieve when creativity and Mint technique worked in unison.”

Initially, the five coins were offered individually, or in a set housed in a black leatherette case with velvet lining. The round and octagonal fifties sold individually for the same price, \$100 per piece. This was more than the average collector could afford, so sales were not brisk. Of the 1,500 octagonal fifties minted (outside of assay coins), only 645 were sold. The round version fared even worse, with only 483 examples sold. Later in the program, Zerbe offered the coins in a variety of different packages to encourage flagging sales. He commissioned local jeweler Shreve & Co. to design glass-fronted copper frames to display sets of the five different coins. Double set frames were also available, to exhibit obverse and reverse of all five coins at once. The five-coin set in a frame cost \$200, essentially just the price of the two fifty dollar pieces, with the other coins and frame as a bonus incentive. The double set arrangement cost \$400.

Most of the fifty dollar coins were saved by contemporary numismatists and the majority have been well-preserved over the years. The octagonal fifties began appearing at auction at least as early as lot 500 of the Cook-Conover Collections Sale (B. Max Mehl, 11/1916). Lots 500-504 of the sale comprised a five-piece set of 1915-S Panama-Pacific commemoratives, with the coins offered separately. After lot 504, Mehl noted:

“The above five coins were issued in a specially designed plush case and metal frame under glass and sold at \$200 for the set. The sale of these coins has been discontinued. Bids will be entertained for lots 500 to 504 inclusive as one lot. The plush case to be included.”

The coins sold as a set for the original asking price of \$200. Although the 1915-S Panama-Pacific fifty dollar gold coins were too expensive for contemporary collectors, they have achieved a popularity with present-day numismatists that is second-to-none, and prices realized have risen accordingly. The current record for an octagonal fifty is \$289,671, brought by the MS67 NGC specimen in lot 10443 of the San Francisco Signature (Heritage, 7/2005). Although the round fifties are less available than the octagonal pieces in lower grades, series specialist Anthony Swiatek believes the two issues are equally rare in grades above MS65.

The present coin is a magnificent Premium Gem, with vivid orange-gold surfaces that show hints of canary-yellow and lilac. This piece has been impeccably preserved, with no sign of rim bruises or mentionable surface flaws. The design elements are sharply detailed and vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides. The terrific visual appeal is a match for the high technical quality. Tied with three other coins for finest-seen at PCGS (10/16), this rare American gold commemorative is a must-have specimen for Registry Set enthusiasts.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 7452

PROOF COMMEMORATIVE GOLD



**1925 Gold Norse Medal, PR65+
Net Mintage of 47 Pieces**

6127 1925 Norse Gold PR65+ PCGS. CAC. One hundred one-inch Norse medals were struck in 15.6 grams of 900 fine gold. But 53 pieces failed to sell and were melted, leaving a net production of 47 pieces. Those medals had a uniform, fine-grained matte proof finish, and infrequently appear at auction. The present Gem offers a sharp strike and undisturbed olive-gold surfaces. Identifiers are limited to a few pinpoint flan imperfections, such as below the middle 0 in 1000, and west of the handle of the Norseman's sword. Population: 6 in 65 (1 in 65+), 6 finer. CAC: 3 in 65, 5 finer (11/16).

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 28NU, PCGS# 9452

MODERN BULLION COINS



**1992 Silver Eagle, MS70
One of Three Flawless Coins at PCGS**

6128 1992 Silver Eagle MS70 PCGS. In 1992, the average price of silver dipped just below four dollars per ounce, and with that came a decline in investor demand for Silver Eagles. Production topped 5.5 million coins in 1992, but fell far short of the nearly 7.2 million-coin mintage of the previous year. Collector interest in top-grade examples of this issue has significantly increased in recent years due to the popularity of Registry Sets. In the top grade, there are hundreds of examples certified at NGC, but at PCGS, Registry enthusiasts must compete for only three coins that grade MS70 (10/16). One of those is offered here. This flawlessly preserved and fully struck 1992 Silver Eagle is devoid of toning and imperfection. Radiant satin luster produces incredible eye appeal. NGC ID# 26JG, PCGS# 9856

TERRITORIAL GOLD



Key 1995-W Silver Eagle Registry-Grade PR70 Deep Cameo

6129 1995-W Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS Secure. PCGS Registry Set collectors of proof Silver Eagles arguably have a more challenging set to complete than those who assemble NGC-certified sets, as the population of the series key, the 1995-W, in PR70 Deep Cameo is significantly lower at this service than it is at NGC. PCGS reports 171 grading events in this grade, less than half of the pieces reported by NGC (11/16). To put this in perspective, there are currently 528 proof Silver Eagle sets being assembled on the PCGS Set Registry, which only accepts PCGS-graded coins. The laws of supply and demand take affect here, driving strong prices for PCGS-graded 1995-W Silver Eagles in top condition. The present example displays flawless preservation and a complementary full strike. Field-motif contrast is dramatic from all angles, and the mirrored fields are blinding when tilted beneath a light. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887



C. Bechtler Five Dollar, AU53 134G, With Star, K-20

6130 (1837-1842) C. Bechtler Five Dollar, 134G, With Star AU53 PCGS. K-20, R.4. Bechtler five dollar gold coins are considerably scarcer than their dollar counterparts. This is one of the more available five dollar varieties from the sixth series of Bechtler coinage with the star in the lower obverse field below 134G. This Christopher Bechtler gold five has pale green-gold color with ample bright luster within the legends. Minor laminations are noted above the large 5, at the obverse center, and above the R in CAROLINA. One thin mark is seen beneath the E in RUTHERF. An important example of a scarce type. Listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 14 in 53, 19 finer (10/16).

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 6392. NGC ID# 2B9T, PCGS# 10097



**Undated C. Bechtler Five Dollar, AU53
134G, With Star, K-20 Variety**

6131 (1837-1842) C. Bechtler Five Dollar, 134G, With Star AU53 PCGS. K-20, R.4. America's first gold rush took place in Georgia and the Carolina's in the 1820s and 1830s. Private coiner Christian Bechtler coined gold deposits into well-accepted coinage for the miners of the region, saving them the arduous and hazardous overland trip to the Philadelphia Mint. Bechtler's coinage circulated widely in the Southeast United States until the Civil War. This variety was struck in the sixth series of Bechtler coinage, from 1837-1842. The five dollar coins are scarcer than their one dollar counterparts. This attractive AU53 example offers well-detailed design elements and lightly abraded antique-gold surfaces that retain traces of original mint luster in selected areas. Housed in a new 30th Anniversary green label holder. Listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 14 in 53, 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2B9T, PCGS# 10097



**A. Bechtler Five Dollar, AU53
134G. 21C, K-27
Natural Green-Gold Color**

6132 (1842-1852) A. Bechtler Five Dollar, 134G. 21C, AU53 NGC. CAC. K-27, Low R.5. The Bechtler gold coins of North Carolina and Georgia provided the South with a convenient medium of circulating currency. Of course, there is no doubt that the residents in the area much preferred to deal with the Bechtlers, who were local, then to run the risk of long distance transactions with Philadelphia. Rich and natural green-gold surfaces retain traces of mint luster and modest marks that are entirely in line with the grade. An original example worthy of a premium bid. Listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 2 in 53, 22 finer. CAC: 2 in 53, 4 finer (10/16). Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 3132. NGC ID# 2B9Y, PCGS# 10046



1849 Norris, Gregg & Norris Half Eagle K-4, Reeded Edge, AU55 Period After ALLOY

6133 1849 Norris, Gregg, & Norris Five Dollar, Reeded Edge, AU55 NGC. K-4, R.4. Period after ALLOY. The firm of Norris, Gregg & Norris was the first concern to issue California Pioneer Gold coins in quantity. The newspaper *Alta California* reported examining a five dollar gold coin bearing this imprimatur on May 31, 1849. Four varieties of the Norris, Gregg & Norris half eagle were produced with an 1849 date. The present coin is an example of the Kagin-4 variety, characterized by a reeded edge and the faint period after ALLOY on the obverse.

Both sides of the coin offered here exhibit light, even wear over the high points of the design with much original detail remaining. The largely green-gold surfaces have an attractive reddish accent of color. Abrasions are small and consistent with the grade. One shallow scrape above the eagle's head deserves mention for the sake of completeness. An attractive example of this historic issue. Listed on page 390 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 4 in 55, 21 finer (10/16).

Ex: *Long Beach Signature* (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 3156. NGC ID# ANJE, PCGS# 10282



1850 Moffat & Co. Five Dollar, MS61 Conditionally Rare 'K-7b' Example

6134 1850 Moffat & Co. Five Dollar, Small Eagle, MS61 NGC. "K-7b," R.4. A Small Eagle variant of K-7a. The reverse die is similar, but the berry is directly centered above the I in FIVE, unlike the Kagin-7a plate. This attractive privately coined half eagle has noticeable remaining luster, and the borders display glimpses of tan-russet toning. Aside from softness on the vertical shield stripes, which are opposite the high shelf of hair above the ear, the strike is as bold as the crude dies allow. Moffat & Co. was an early and respected West Coast private coiner, and their facilities were used by U.S. Assayer Augustus Humbert and later, by the U.S. Assay Office of Gold. Listed on page 391 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census (all varieties included): 6 in 61, 11 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Denver Signature* (Heritage, 8/2006), lot 5778. NGC ID# ANJ6, PCGS# 10243



1851 Lettered Edge Humbert Fifty, AU58 K-2 Variety, No 50 on Reverse Exceptional Eye Appeal

6135 1851 Humbert Fifty Dollar, Lettered Edge, 880 Thous. AU58 PCGS Secure. K-2, R.5. Humbert 880 Thous. No 50 on reverse. The Lettered Edge octagonal fifty dollar gold coins are among the most iconic and certainly the most unusual Territorial issues that today remind numismatists of the heady, historic days of the Forty-Niners and the great California Gold Rush, one of the most seismic shifts in the great fabric of American society.

Starting with the discovery of a few flakes of the yellow metal found by John Marshall in the millrace of John Sutter's under-construction sawmill on the American River in January 1848, the Gold Rush would forever alter American history.

Two waves of private coiners would come and go in the early Gold Rush years of 1849 and 1850, alternately victims of greed, incompetence, yellow journalism, and bad publicity or a combination thereof. Of the early private gold coiners in California, only Moffat & Co. would last from 1849 to 1850, much less into 1851.

In 1850 Augustus Humbert was named United States Assayer and contracted with Moffat & Co. to assay and fix the value of gold on ingots and coins marked with the stamp of the United States. It was logical that Moffat & Co. would be the firm of choice for such functions. The Moffat & Co. coinage was of good value and always passed at par, never doubted or discounted.

After the Moffat firm began striking the 1851- and 1852-dated fifty dollar gold coins (and later issues) with Humbert's identification and that of the United States Assay Office, the coins had a competitive advantage that simply could not be matched among the early private gold assayers-coiners. Moffat & Co. and its successor firms were, in effect, a semiofficial branch mint of the United States.

This example is graded AU58 by PCGS and certified in a Secure holder. It features bright yellow-gold surfaces with a greenish glint of California gold that show excellent preservation and superb eye appeal. The obverse is particularly sharply struck and free of mentionable marks or rim bumps. A few small marks appear on the reverse, and a rim nick or two (possibly areas where test cuts were made), but this is an exceptional coin throughout, one that is clearly toward the high end of the surviving population. Listed on page 391 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 8 in 58, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# ANH3, PCGS# 10196

1851 Humbert Fifty Dollar, 887 Thous., MS63, K-6, Finest Graded at PCGS

6136 1851 Humbert Fifty Dollar, Reeded Edge, 887 Thous. MS63 PCGS Secure. CAC. K-6, R.4. This remarkable Humbert 887 Thous. fifty dollar gold piece, with its celebrated and iconic octagonal design, is the finest example certified at PCGS. For a large Territorial gold Humbert fifty dollar to merit (and rightly so) such a grade makes this a remarkable and noteworthy survivor of this historic early-California issue. The overwhelming majority of these large-denomination pieces were melted in the years shortly after their issuance, as more-convenient forms of commercial exchange became available (chiefly smaller-denomination gold coins from the San Francisco Mint, opened in 1854, and from private coiners who operated in California through 1855). Today, Mint State examples of the Humbert-U.S. Assay octagonal fifties are few and far between — in our opinion, far rarer than the inflated certified populations would lead one to believe.

To begin with, the importance of the 1851 fifty dollar gold coins can scarcely be overemphasized. Ask any advanced collector of Territorial gold to name the most significant and memorable coinage design from the early California Gold Rush period, and the Humbert-U.S. Assay Office octagonal fifty dollars will likely be the first named. For many years — until the commemorative Panama-Pacific fifty dollar pieces of 1915 — the 1851-52 Humbert-Assay Office fifties remained the only large octagonal gold coins struck under the auspices of the United States Mint (the Assay Office was a provisional government mint), although later California private coiners struck round fifty dollar coins (Kellogg in 1854-55 and Wass, Molitor in 1855).

The importance of the 1851- and 1852-dated octagonal fifty dollar coins is such that even well-circulated examples (a class that includes most of the surviving population) are bid up to extremely high levels by multiple bidders eager to lay hands on these colorful mementos of the Wild West, the Gold Rush, and the famous “Forty-Niners” who rushed to seek their fortunes in the fields of gold in 1848-49.

We attempted to build a roster of Mint State examples for the 1851 887 Thous. Humbert fifty dollars; we soon discovered that, unlike so many numismatic rarities that trade fairly frequently, these are coins that seldom change hands, particularly at the Mint State level. Attractive, problem-free Mint State representatives are so scarce — and so iconic in their numismatic importance — that they tend to stay with their owners for many, many years, or else move from owner to owner via private treaty.

The present MS63 PCGS example is of the K-6 reverse variety, showing the ribbon quite close to the edges and a larger concentric circle in the center than on the K-7. As expected given the grade, a wealth of detail is apparent, often bold, on this coin. The date and AUGUSTUS HUMBERT are easily discernible, even though they are weak on most survivors, and all of the other peripheral inscriptions are strong. Well-sculpted detail appears on the eagle’s wing feathers, the shield, and throughout the “engine-turned” reverse. A few scattered marks are as expected. A tiny planchet indent helps with pedigree identification, below the T in THOUS., and a series of four small reeding marks appears in the left obverse field, just below the (larger) TE in UNITED. Generous luster prevails on both sides of this piece, complementing attractive yellow-gold and tan-gold surfaces. Listed on page 392 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# ANH9, PCGS# 10214





1853 Moffat & Co. Twenty, Unc Details Impressive Gold Rush Relic, K-19

6137 1853 Moffat & Co. Twenty Dollar — Scratches — NGC Details. Unc. K-19, High R.5. The *Alta California* newspaper published the following on July 26, 1853:

“Moffat & Co.’s Assay Office. The new double eagles lately issued by this firm are attracting much admiration for their beautiful workmanship. The coin is a facsimile of that struck by the United States Mint, with the head instead of bearing the motto Liberty has Moffat & Co. As regards design and finish, the piece is scarcely inferior to the issues of the Mint and reflects great credit upon Messrs. Moffat & Co.’s taste, enterprise, and artistical skill.”

The 1853 Moffat & Co. twenty dollar gold coins are as prized and admired today as they were during the height of the California Gold Rush. There are only so many survivors available to present-day enthusiasts, probably fewer than 100 pieces across all grades. To be sure, Uncirculated examples with the sharpness that this lustrous, lemon-gold example displays are exceedingly rare. Scratches near stars 10 through 13 explain the Details assessment, but they do not overly detract from the appeal, and certainly the numismatic significance, of this attractive offering. Listed on page 395 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

Selections From The Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack.



1855 Wass, Molitor Ten, XF40 Rare K-6 Variety

6138 1855 Wass Molitor Ten Dollar XF40 PCGS. K-6, High R.5. Wass, Molitor & Co. was a well-respected assay firm established in San Francisco in 1851 by Hungarian refugees S.C. Wass and A. Molitor. The firm issued private coinage in 1852, but limited itself to assay services in the following two years. When the San Francisco Mint suspended coinage operations temporarily in 1855, local businessmen petitioned Wass, Molitor & Co. to strike coins again, to provide a much-needed medium of exchange for the regional economy. They responded with alacrity, producing coins of the ten, twenty, and fifty dollar denominations.

The present coin represents the rare K-6 variety of the ten dollar denomination. Listed as an R.7 issue in Don Kagin’s series reference, the K-6 is more common today because a number of coins were recovered from the wreck of the *S.S. Central America*. All 1855 Wass Molitor tens display a “plug” around the final 5 in the date, a feature that suggests that this obverse die was modified from an 1852-dated die. This coin is colored in reddish-gold hues with a typical strike over the reverse and somewhat stronger definition in the center of the obverse. The scattered abrasions are not excessive for a circulated Territorial gold coin. Listed on page 400 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Housed in a new 30th Anniversary green label holder. Population: 3 in 40, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# ANJR, PCGS# 10354



1855 Wass, Molitor & Co. Fifty, K-9 Distinctive Round Large Denomination Issue

6139 1855 Wass Molitor Fifty Dollar — Surfaces Tooled — PCGS Genuine. K-9, R.5. The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests Damage as the reason, or one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of a VF specimen that has been tooled and repaired. The bright greenish-gold surfaces are otherwise lightly abraded and actual wear is moderate and even.

Despite the noted damage, which is most obvious in the lower-left obverse quadrant, this coin remains an impressive relic of an important era in American history. Wass, Molitor & Co. was primarily an assay office, but they enjoyed a reputation for strict honesty and were called upon by California merchants and bankers to issue private coinage on an emergency basis on several occasions. The distinctive round fifty dollar coins were issued only in 1855, at a time when the U.S. Assay Office of Gold was no longer in operation and the newly established San Francisco Mint was unable to meet the coinage needs of the region, due to a shortage of parting acids. The large denomination coins were very important in settling large transactions, as paper money was not authorized in the California economy.

From The Casady Collection.



Sutter's Mill



**1855 Wass, Molitor & Co. Fifty Dollar
K-9, AU58
Famous Round Gold Rush Issue
Just One Numerically Finer at PCGS**

6140 1855 Wass Molitor Fifty Dollar AU58 PCGS. K.9, R.5. An abundance of gold in the early days of the San Francisco Mint did not translate to smooth operations, with a shortage of parting acids among other problems that hampered the mintage of gold coinage for the booming local economy. The respected firm of Wass, Molitor & Co. stepped into the breach at the request of influential bankers and merchants to provide a large-denomination gold pieces that would be accepted for both foreign trade and domestic transactions, including the all-important transfers between banks.

In particular, a new, round fifty-dollar gold piece was well-suited to the needs of the day. What it lacked in aesthetic charm, the coin made up for in utility and public acceptance — not to mention the imposing physical size and weight. The .900 fineness met federal standards and the simplistic design provided instant recognition. Thirteen pinwheel-like stars surround the familiar head of Liberty, which lacks any inscription on the coronet. The 1855 date sits below the neck truncation in its accustomed location. SAN FRANCISCO CALIFORNIA and WASS MOLITOR & CO. form the reverse legend, with a short, curved banner proclaiming 900 THOUS. to guarantee the fineness. A traditional open wreath and bow encircle the denomination 50 / DOLLARS.

This attractive, greenish-gold example shows only modest signs of handling and transport for such a big, heavy coin. Light abrasions and delicate lines are visible as well as a few minimal marks on the portrait, but the rims are sharp and problem-free. Luster remains across both sides of this bright and pleasing fifty dollar gold piece. The raised motifs show few signs of actual wear. The near-Mint State status of this well-preserved coin will draw the interest of all Territorial gold enthusiasts as well as gold specialists of every ilk. Listed on page 401 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 2 in 58, 1 finer (11/16).

From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# ANJU, PCGS# 10363



1860 Clark, Gruber Ten Dollar, K-3, XF40 First-Year Issue, Rare Colorado Gold

6141 1860 Clark, Gruber & Co. Ten Dollar XF40 PCGS. K-3, R.5. Functioning both as a bank and as a private mint, Clark, Gruber & Co. built a reputation for honesty and integrity in both the banking business and in the buying and minting of Colorado gold dust into coin. The gold dust was alloyed with silver, meaning the weight of Clark, Gruber's coinage was greater than federal coinage (17 grains heavier for the ten dollar pieces), but equal in value to the different denominations.

This example of ten dollar Pike's Peak Gold was struck during the first year of the mint operations in 1860. A triangular representation of Pike's Peak mountain gives the coin a quaint motif unique to its Denver mintage. The coin shows minimal abrasions given the assigned grade, considering the softness of the alloy that makes the 1860 issue challenging to find with optimal surfaces. Attractive orange-gold toning with residual mint luster covers both sides of this appealing ten dollar gold piece. A small dig to the right of the eagle's head is the sole mark of note. Listed on page 405 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 16 in 40, 69 finer (10/16). NGC ID# ANK3, PCGS# 10137



1849 Pacific Company Gold Dollar in Silver Extremely Rare Kagin-1, MS62

6142 1849 Pacific Company Gold Dollar, Silver, MS62 PCGS. K-1, R.8. Little is known about the Pacific Company. The *Guide Book* states "all data regarding the firm are based on conjecture." The 1981 edition of Don Kagin's standard reference lists the Pacific Company gold dollar in silver on page 349. The denomination is unlisted in gold in that reference, but today three such pieces are known, including an MS61 NGC example that appeared as lot 5432 in our 2014 Central States Signature and realized \$305,500. The present silver example is struck from the same die pair as that lot, with the same obverse radial die cracks through the OM in COMPANY and the L in CALIFORNIA, and the same reverse radial die cracks through the D and R in DOLLAR. The gold dollar denomination is extremely rare, either in gold or silver. Our online auction archives, which date to 1993, show only the aforementioned appearance in gold, with none other in any alloy. None were in the Garrett Collection; the Clifford sale (1982) had examples of K-1b and K-1c, each said to be unique. Listed on page 397 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

Ex: Stack's private sale, 10/1971; John J. Ford, Jr. Collection, Part XXIV (Stack's-Bowers, 9/2013), lot 10100, which realized \$70,500.

Selections From The Collection of Dr. Donald Knaack. NGC ID# ANG8, PCGS# 521600

S.S. CENTRAL AMERICA GOLD BARS

Henry Hentsch 45.00-Ounce Gold Ingot Ex: S.S. Central America One of Only 33 Hentsch Ingots Recovered



6143 Henry Hentsch Gold Ingot. 45.00 Ounces. CABG-222. More than 500 gold ingots were pulled from the wreckage of *S.S. Central America*, mainly bearing the marks of Kellogg & Humbert and Justh & Hunter. Those two firms alone comprised 80% of the bars recovered. Henry Hentsch ingots, like the one offered here, totaled just 33, the lowest number of any of the five firms represented in the treasure.

One might assume that such figures suggest the relative importance of each assayer in the Gold Rush economy, with the most important and well-reputed companies producing and shipping more gold bars than the smaller firms. After all, Robert Evans wrote in an August 2008 *Numismatist* article, "... a look at the statistics of the recovered treasure can imply certain truths, particularly since the find represents an accidental time capsule." Along those same lines, virtually nothing was known about Henry Hentsch prior to the discovery of the *Central America* in 1988, while Kellogg & Humbert have been among the most recognizable names in numismatic circles since the mid-to-late-19th century. These truths seem to point toward a company of minimal import.

However, we should not be so quick to underestimate Hentsch's status, for Evans also cautioned that "any recovery of treasure from a sunken shipwreck is only a partial recovery, a sample if you will, and that any reliance on statistics must be considered accordingly." For example, 33 Hentsch bars were recovered, but that total was only fractionally smaller than Blake & Co.'s 34 ingots and Harris, Marchand, and Co.'s 37 bars. Additionally, the Hentsch bars had a significantly higher nominal value: \$51,393.11 compared to \$18,242.48 for Blake & Co., and \$35,381.33 for Harris, Marchand, and Co.

Henry Hentsch's personal history also lends credence to his importance as a key California Gold Rush assayer. Hentsch, a Swiss émigré from a prominent banking family, had strong ties to financial institutions in Liverpool, London, France, and Geneva. Dave Bowers explains in *A California Gold Rush History*: "As European banks and gold dealers were a major destination for California gold bars, these endorsements no doubt attracted bullion depositors with such customers in mind." Clearly, Henry Hentsch played an invaluable role, like his more famous contemporaries, in assaying California gold for shipment to the East Coast and elsewhere, solidifying his place in Gold Rush history.

This ingot is classed as "medium to large size." It is thick and vertically oriented. The serial number is repeated on the back side. That side also appears to have been dressed or finessed by tapping (according to the *California Gold Rush History* reference). The ingot measures 48 mm x 74 mm x 21 mm. The top side is laid out: No 3212 / 914 FINE / Hy HENTSCH / Oz 45.00 / \$850.23. The surfaces are bright yellow-gold, except for a nickel-sized spot of rust from the ship's iron ribbing in the center and a small spot of rust that covers the lower part of the 3 in the serial number.

From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

Justh & Hunter Large-Size Gold Ingot 85.49 Ounces Ex: *S.S. Central America*

6144 Justh & Hunter Gold Ingot. 85.49 Ounces. CABG-304. 886 fineness. It took a tragic accident in the sinking of the *S.S. Central America* to preserve the gold ingots of several prominent Gold Rush assayers, including Justh & Hunter. The ship went down with almost 600 passengers on board. Incredibly, the list of fatalities very nearly included Emanuel (Emil) Justh himself.

Justh, a lithographer by trade, arrived in San Francisco from Verboca, Hungary on November 14, 1850. He worked briefly in his field, establishing the Lithographic Printing Office of Justh & Co. or Justh, Quirot & Co. in 1851. That venture was short-lived. In June 1852, Emil Justh formed a customs house brokerage with F.I. Goerlitz, but the firm was dissolved a month later. A couple of years passed before Justh got his first taste of the gold refining industry. He joined the San Francisco Mint as an assistant assayer in April 1854, when the new facility began coining operations. There he worked under Chief Assayer and fellow countryman Agoston Haraszthy, who undoubtedly showed him the ropes.

Emil Justh partnered with Solomon Hillen Hunter, a former merchant in the Baltimore shipping industry, after leaving the Mint in May 1855. They established the assaying and refining firm of Justh & Hunter on May 15 at 188 Montgomery Street in San Francisco.

Justh's was the prototypical story of success. He emigrated from foreign country, tried and failed to build up two small businesses, gained valuable work experience, and started his own highly successful firm. Justh applied for citizenship on February 21, 1857 after having been in the United States for nearly seven years, and was declared a citizen on August 27. Shortly thereafter, Justh traveled to New York City (records show he was in Washington, D.C. in November 1857), his fate and that of the *S.S. Central America* coming dangerously close together.

Merely 15 days separated the departures of the *S.S. Sonora*, which took more than 400 passengers to Panama to connect with the ill-fated *S.S. Central America*, and the *S.S. California*, which carried Emil Justh. The *Sonora* left San Francisco's port on August 20, 1857 and arrived at Panama on the evening of September 2. Voyagers took the Panama Railroad 48 miles across to Aspinwall, where they connected with the *Central America* and departed on September 3. After short stop in Havana, the *Central America* would travel up the East Coast before encountering a hurricane 160 miles off the coast of Cape Hatteras.

Emil Justh bought his ticket to travel aboard the *S.S. California* at least a week before the sinking of the *Central America*. The *California* left San Francisco at 9 a.m. on September 5. It is likely that Justh heard about the maritime tragedy before boarding the *Star of the West* at Aspinwall on September 24. Word of the sinking spread quickly. If not, he would certainly have realized what had happened during his voyage. Evidence of the disaster could still be found along the United Mail Steamship Company's Atlantic route. According to a *New York Times* article published on October 5, the day after the *Star of the West* arrived in New York, "On Saturday, about noon, the *Star of the West* passed the dead body of a man floating upon the surface, supported by a life-preserver. It was off the capes of Virginia, and the sea was rough at the time. It was supposed to be one of the passengers of the *Central America*."

Classified as a large-size ingot, the legends are well-spaced and laid out horizontally. At the top of the front side is: NO. 4200., followed by the J&H logo, then 85.49 OZS on the same line as 886 FINE, and at the bottom of that side is the 1857 value of \$1565.76. The back side repeats the last three digits of the serial number: 200. The ingot measures 100 mm x 58 mm x 28 mm. The surfaces are bright gold throughout.

From The Arizona Treasure Collection.





**Justh & Hunter Massive Gold Ingot, 179.50 Ounces
Sole Example Recovered From This Mold
Heavy Incrustation From the Rusted Ship's Hull**

6145 Justh & Hunter Gold Ingot. 179.50 Ounces. CAGB-314. One of the earliest records of the partnership between Justh and Hunter is a May 15, 1855 article published by the *Daily Placer Times*, based in San Francisco: "An Assay Office — Messrs. Justh & Hunter have opened an Assay office at No. 188, Montgomery street. Mr. Justh was over a year in the employ of the U.S. Mint, and is highly recommended by the officers of that institution."

Nine days later on May 24, an advertisement for the firm appeared in the same newspaper:

JUSTH & HUNTER'S

Assay Office,

No. 188 Montgomery street, 2d door south of Jackson street.

We guarantee our Assays, and bind ourselves to pay all differences arising from the same with any of the U.S. Mints.

Returns made in 24 hours. We refer to the annexed certificate.

JUSTH & HUNTER

All Bars Assayed by us can be cashed at any time, at the usual rate of discount.

We hereby certify that Mr. E. Justh was Assistant Assayer in the U.S. Branch Mint, from April, 1854, to this date, during which time he performed his duties most faithfully and intelligently, and we take pleasure in recommending him to the public as a competent and faithful assayer.

HARASZTHY, U.S. ASSAYER

LOUIS AIKEN BIRDSALL,

Sup't U.S. Br. Mint.

The advertisement ran through the summer months, and the firm steadily grew as it gained a reputation for quality. In May 1856, Justh and Hunter opened a second operation in Marysville, 125 miles northeast of San Francisco, with S. H. Hunter in charge. October 1856 saw expansion of the San Francisco office, as seen from an October 13 advertisement in San Francisco's *Daily Evening Bulletin*:

"Justh & Hunter have removed their assay office to No. 108 Battery street, corner of Merchant, where they are now prepared to execute all orders in their business, on the shortest notice. Returns made in Bars or Coin, at the option of the depositor."

On May 29, 1857, a new partnership was announced between Justh, Hunter, and Charles Urzay, a former partner of Agoston Haraszthy at the Eureka Gold and Silver Refinery. The joint venture was short-lived, and Urzay left the partnership on August 15 of the same year. Less than one year later on July 5, 1858, Justh and Hunter issued a statement confirming that "no bullion for refining and coinage will be received by us until further notice ..." Their relatively brief but remarkably successful partnership formally ended on July 10, 1858 upon S.H. Hunter's withdrawal from the firm.

This ingot is remarkable in several ways. First, of course, is its massive size. Second, this is the only ingot cast from this mold size. Third, it retains evidence on all six sides of the rusted iron hull of the *S.S. Central America*. For those collecting by mold size, this is from mold J&Hsf-09, and is the only one as such. The devices are laid out horizontally on the top side and can be somewhat of a challenge to read because of the heavy incrustation of iron oxide. The top side is laid out: NO. 4250 / J&H logo / 179.50 ozs / 886 FINE / \$3287.50. The last two numbers of the serial number (50) are repeated on the back side. The ingot measures 124 x 51 x 47 mm.



Justh & Hunter Gold Ingot
Massive 327.97 Ounces
Ex: S.S. *Central America*

6146 Justh & Hunter Gold Ingot. 327.97 Ounces. CAGB-372. 909 fineness. Little was known about the partnership of Justh & Hunter prior to the discovery of the wreck of the *S.S. Central America*, which has yielded more than 86 gold ingots stamped with their hallmark. Additional ingots continue to surface with recent recovery efforts, and the knowledge base also grows with every gold ingot salvaged from the sea. While researchers today continue to gather information about the company, Justh & Hunter undoubtedly made a significant contribution to the San Francisco assaying community in the mid-1850s.

Diverse Backgrounds

Like so many legendary Gold Rush personalities, Emanuel “Emil” Justh and Solomon Hillen Hunter came from diverse backgrounds. In fact, the two men represent the major waves of migration that occurred during the Gold Rush era: from Europe to America, and from the Atlantic states to the West Coast. Justh fled revolution in his native Hungary and immigrated to the United States in 1850, while Hunter was born into a well-established family in Maryland. His uncle, Solomon Hillen, Jr., was mayor of Baltimore from 1842 to 1845 after serving as a representative to the 26th Congress.

Curiously, neither Justh nor Hunter had much experience in assaying, certainly not what one might think would be necessary to start a business in that line of work. Prior to settling in California, Justh had a background in lithography and Hunter was a merchant in the shipping industry in Baltimore. Justh gained what must have been invaluable knowledge while working as an assistant assayer during the San Francisco Mint’s first year in operation, but S. H. Hunter’s qualifications as an assayer are unclear. His apparent inexperience did not hamper Justh & Hunter’s success.

Reputation and Innovation

Justh & Hunter began advertising in California newspapers in May 1855. They guaranteed all assays and promised to pay the difference “arising from the same with any of the U.S. Mints.” Promotional material also included endorsements from San Francisco Mint Superintendent Dr. Louis Aiken Birdsall and Assayer Agoston Haraszthy, with whom Justh had worked from April 1854 until May 1855.

Despite minimal field experience, Justh & Hunter quickly established themselves as a reputable and skilled duo. In February 1856, less than a year into their endeavor, the two men received high praise when *The Mining Magazine* published an article entitled, “Invention in the Process of Gold Refining.” The author explained that the firm had adopted a revolutionary technique in refining gold:

“Messrs. Justh and Hunter, assayers, have adopted in their assay office in San Francisco, a late Parisian invention of great convenience in gold-refining. This invention is the use of gas instead of the sand-bath in boiling the assays. ... Messrs. Justh and Hunter are, we believe, the first introducing this invention in the United States. It should at once be adopted in all the Mints, where it would save much labor, inconvenience, and expense.”

Another testament to Justh & Hunter’s superior refining capability appeared in the *Weekly California Express* (Marysville, California) on January 29, 1859. The article listed the average fineness of deposits at the San Francisco Mint for 1858, noting that the second quarter average was significantly higher than the others. The reason was clear: “23.5 per cent of the deposits in May and June were bags of refined gold from the private refinery of Justh & Hunter.” (By that time, though, the firm ceased to exist. Justh & Hunter ended their partnership on July 10, 1858.)

Expansion to Marysville

One year after opening their assay office on Montgomery Street in San Francisco, Emil Justh and Solomon H. Hunter expanded to a second location in Marysville, California, 125 miles northwest. There they occupied a 20 by 70-foot one-story brick building on the south side of 1st Street near the corner of D Street. Hunter was put in charge, while Justh remained at their original location.

Marysville was home to a population of roughly 8,000 people, and had properties valued at a combined \$3.3 million — evidence of a booming Gold Rush economy. Another prominent assaying firm, Harris, Marchand, & Company, also had a location in Marysville. In 1857, \$20 million in gold was shipped from that town alone to the Eastern states. Presumably, much of it was in the form of gold ingots like the one offered here.

Recovery of the Bars

Details regarding Justh & Hunter's operation were scant before Tommy Thompson (recently arrested after nearly three years on the lamb) and his crew discovered the wreck of the *S.S. Central America* on September 11, 1988. Remarkably, the discovery came almost 131 years to the day after the sidewheel steamer perished in a hurricane with more than 500 people on board and approximately \$2.6 million in gold coins and ingots. A total of 86 Justh & Hunter bars were initially recovered from the *S.S. Central America*, this piece included. All bars were separated into two series, those with serial numbers in the 4,000 range, and those in the 9,000 range. Dave Bowers writes in *A California Gold Rush History*:

"The 4,000 series ingots have been tentatively ascribed to the San Francisco office of the firm and the 9,000 series to the Marysville facility. This assumption is based on the use of numbers on the reverse of the ingots in the 4,000 series being similar to the practice of Kellogg & Humbert in the same city (San Francisco). Unlike the situation with the two-office Harris, Marchand & Co. firm, the letter and numeral punches of Justh & Hunter were obtained from the same source and are identical in style and format (although the individual punches display some microscopic differences from use, etc.)"

This 327.97-ounce bar falls into the aptly named "extremely large size" category (300.01 ounces to 500.00 ounces). It is the second-largest Justh & Hunter bar attributed to the Marysville office after a 464.65-ounce ingot, and had a value of \$6,162.78 at the time it was cast. "Extremely large" characterizes not only the size, but also the sheer heft of this ingot. To translate, it is 20.49 pounds, and deceptively heavy (as are all ingots) although its physical size might not lead one to think so. It measures 62 mm x 180 mm x 49 mm. The top side is laid out with the imprints scattered widely across that side: NO. 9496 at the top / J&H hallmark left with 327.97 OZS. below / J&H hallmark right with 909 FINE. below / \$6162.78 centered at the bottom.

From The Arizona Treasure Collection.



Kellogg & Humbert Gold Ingot
Medium-Size, 34.94 Ounces
Ex: *S.S. Central America*

6147 Kellogg & Humbert Gold Ingot. 34.94 Ounces. CAGB-545. Gold was discovered in California in late 1848 and over the next decade the region experienced an unprecedented supply of gold ore coupled with inadequate facilities to convert gold dust into spendable coin form. Local merchants all had scales in their establishments to accept gold dust. Predictably dust varied in fineness, but it was generally accepted at \$16 per ounce. Pure bullion gold had a value of \$18 per ounce in San Francisco, but this was a deduction of \$2.67 from the price of the same pure gold at the Philadelphia Mint. Thus, the incentive for many to convert gold dust into ingots and ship larger quantities of these ingots to the East Coast. Generally, this was not a risky proposition, but in hurricane season the risk increased dramatically in the South Atlantic. Luck ran out on various shippers of gold ingots, whose plans for a higher return by shipping gold ingots eastward disappeared when a hurricane struck the *S.S. Central America*, and on September 12, 1857 slipped beneath the waves in a ferocious storm. For 121 years the vast fortune in gold that was lost that night lay on the seabed along with the rotting hull of the *Central America*. When salvaged in 1988, Kellogg & Humbert ingots represented both the largest number and the greatest value of all the private ingots that went down on the ship.

This is a medium size ingot. It is thick and nearly square. Most of the relevant information about the ingot is contained on the top side, but the company hallmark is stamped on the right side. The top reads: No 715 / 34.94 Oz / 855 FINE / \$617.54. The ingot measures 43 mm x 53 mm x 28 mm. Slight remnants of rust from the ship's iron hull are seen on the four sides and back, but the top side is free from rust incrustation and bright yellow-gold.



Kellogg & Humbert Gold Ingot
Very Large Size, 152.96 Ounces
Ex: S.S. *Central America*

6148 Kellogg & Humbert Gold Ingot. 152.96 Ounces. CABG-440. The S.S. *Central America* took with it more than 500 souls and \$1.2 million in gold when it slipped 7,200 feet below the sea off the coast of the Carolinas in 1857. Its story has been widely publicized since 1988, when the Columbus-America Discovery Group found and began to recover contents from the wreckage. Its claim to fame as one of the greatest treasure finds in history is well-deserved, yet the loss of the *Central America* represents something more. It illuminates the connections between two geographically and economically distant coasts at a crucial period in this country's storied history.

“Hard Money” West, “Paper Money” East

Gold in all its forms instantly comes to mind when one contemplates commerce on the Western frontier. Raw gold dust predominated as a medium of exchange, but coins and bars also traded when available. The issuance of paper money had been explicitly banned upon the adoption California's constitution in 1849. Per Bowers' 2002 tome, *A California Gold Rush History*:

“When California was admitted into the Union on September 9, 1850, it already had a “hard money” economy, with not a piece of paper money in sight. The dependence upon silver and gold coins and the exclusion of paper money prevailed for many years thereafter.”

California mines were producing an estimated \$300,000 worth of gold per day in 1849. There was seemingly no reason for banks to issue paper money under those circumstances. The same could not be said for East Coast states, save for Georgia and North Carolina. The Northeast relied heavily on banknotes, a long-standing tradition despite innumerable instances of fraud (phantom banks, spurious notes, insufficient reserves, etc.). These factors had led to a serious financial crisis in 1837, accounting for the Hard Times of 1837-1843, and had a tremendous influence on California's skepticism toward commercial banking. Clearly, the economies of the East and West were vastly different, yet they were inextricably intertwined.

Linking the Coasts

The Panama route played a vital role in bridging the geographic and economic gap between California and the Eastern states. James P. Delgado writes in *To California by Sea: A Maritime History of the California Gold Rush*: “On Panama steamers and across the isthmus California's wealth poured east, and mail and newspapers forged a regular link between California and the rest of the world.” The route facilitated the movement of United States coinage westward, where federal specie was required to make payments at the Custom House.

The S.S. *Central America*, formerly the *George Law*, was one of the many ships responsible for moving gold, mail, and passengers from California along the Atlantic coast between New York and Havana. Its loss in September 1857 would highlight the interconnectedness between East and West, aggravating the first major panic in 20 years.

Economic Turbulence

By 1857, what had been a booming economy began to show signs of a slowdown. Banks were heavily invested in railroad ventures and agricultural industries, and started to suffer for a variety of reasons, including reduced foreign investment. The trade deficit grew, bank reserves became depleted, and investors got nervous. Outright panic ensued on August 24, when the Ohio Life Insurance & Trust Company declared bankruptcy. The firm was widely considered to be a sound lender, and its failure pointed to serious structural issues underpinning the American economy. Stock markets reacted accordingly in the weeks and months that followed.

At the same time, there was a belief that “the periodic arrival in New York City of treasure-laden ships from Panama pumped vitality into the eastern markets with ‘new money’ to help alleviate the situation, although few took the time to look at the actual numbers involved,” according to Bowers. Two months prior to the fall of the Ohio Life Insurance & Trust Company, *Harper's* magazine included this prophetic commentary in its June 20 issue:

“The country is prosperous, no doubt, but we are going ahead so fast, and living so absolutely from hand to mouth, that the first hitch in the machinery may upset the whole concern. The loss of a single specie-steamer from California would break no one can tell how many mercantile houses in New York, Philadelphia, and Boston.”

Harper's prediction became a reality on September 12, 1857, when the S.S. *Central America* sank in a hurricane. The resulting Panic of 1857 perfectly illustrated the interdependency between the Atlantic and Pacific economies, and the tenuous nature of that relationship.

Preeminent Assayers: Kellogg and Humbert

Aside from its economic significance, as highlighted above, the *Central America* and its contents provide historians with a better understanding of the major players involved in the important work of turning gold dust into coins and bars. Nearly 65% of the 532 gold ingots recovered from the *Central America* were stamped with the mark of Kellogg & Humbert -- a reflection of the firm's excellent standing. John Grover Kellogg and August Humbert had established themselves as two of the most reputable assayers in 1850s San Francisco. The latter was appointed United States Assayer in 1851, and the former had worked for Moffat & Co. before forming a partnership with G.F. Richter. In 1854, Kellogg and Humbert joined forces, striking vast quantities of twenty dollar gold coins when the newly opened San Francisco Mint was unable to meet demand. The men were widely regarded as two of the most trusted refiners and assayers of the Gold Rush period, enhancing the allure of this impressive ingot.

This is classified as a very large size ingot. The inscriptions are on the top face and vertically oriented. The back side does repeat the serial number, but curiously these numbers use a different font. The top side is well-spaced and laid out: No 482 / K&H hallmark / 152.96 Oz / 886 FINE. / \$2801.49. The surfaces are uniformly bright yellow-gold and the ingot measures 64 mm x 150 mm x 28 mm.

From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

COINS OF HAWAII



1883 Hawaii Ten Cents, PR63 Only 26 Pieces Struck

6149 1883 Hawaii Ten Cents PR63 PCGS. Although just 26 proof Hawaiian dimes were struck at the Philadelphia Mint, the small production occurred over a two-year period. Six pieces were struck in September 1883. The following year, another 20 proofs were coined. Although there were also 250,000 business strikes at the San Francisco Mint, the proof keneta, or Hawaiian dime, is a formidable rarity, especially given its status as a single-year type. The present specimen is pearl-gray save for a blush of powder-blue near the date. The strike is needle-sharp. Both sides display minor hairlines but contact marks are absent. Population: 5 in 63, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2C55, PCGS# 10981



1883 Hawaii 12 1/2 Cents, PR62 Rare Denomination

6150 1883 Hawaii 12 1/2 Cents PR62 PCGS. The eighth-dollar or hapawalu pattern is the great rarity of Hawaiian coinage. Only 20 proofs were struck, and no business pieces were ever made. The denomination was intended to rid the kingdom of worn-out Spanish-American reales, but was apparently deemed too similar in diameter and value to the U.S. dime and the equivalent Hawaiian keneta. The dies used to strike the proof patterns have survived, and reside in the Hawaiian State Archives, although the obverse dies were defaced in May 1888. The present eighth-dollar specimen is fully struck and displays light silver-gray toning. The fields are flashy and lightly hairlined. A rare opportunity to acquire this rare Hawaiian denomination. Population: 2 in 62, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2C56, PCGS# 10985



1883 Hawaii Quarter, PR62 Rare One-Year Type

6151 1883 Hawaii Quarter PR62 PCGS. Golden-brown toning visits the border of the otherwise brilliant obverse. The reverse displays medium to deep cream-gray and gunmetal-blue shades. The frosty portrait exhibits substantial contrast with the glassy obverse field, but PCGS has demurred on a Cameo designation, since the reverse lacks contrast. A precisely struck example of the rare proof hapaha, or Hawaiian quarter. The one-year type has a commercial mintage of 700,000 pieces, but a mere 26 proofs were produced, part of four-piece and five-piece denomination sets possibly distributed personally by King Kalakaua. Population: 3 in 62, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2C59, PCGS# 10989

1883 Hawaii Half Dollar, PR63 Only One Finer Coin at PCGS

6152 1883 Hawaii Half Dollar PR63 PCGS. As part of the 26 proof sets reportedly issued and dated 1883. Six sets were struck in September, 1883 as four-coin sets (lacking the eighth-dollar coin, the hapawalu) and another 20 five-coin sets were struck in 1884 (dated 1883) for a total of 26 silver proof sets. King Kalakaua himself may have distributed the proof sets. The silver proof half dollar (or hapalua) is particularly rare in Select Proof or finer condition. This originally toned example displays a pinpoint-sharp strike on the portrait and iridescent shades framed by a deeper ring of gunmetal gray and blue tones at the margins. Population: 3 in 63, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26XJ, PCGS# 10993



1883 Hawaii Dollar, MS64

6153 1883 Hawaii Dollar MS64 PCGS. CAC. This crisply struck and coruscating near-Gem displays medium wheat-gold toning. Both sides are exceptionally free from contact. The akahi dala (or one dollar) is the scarcest of the four issued 1883 denominations. After Hawaii became a U.S. territory in 1898, the 1883 issues were recalled in favor of U.S. coinage. Hawaiian banks forwarded the pieces to the Treasury Department, where they were stored and eventually melted. As a single-year design type, the 1883 dala is scarce in all Uncirculated grades. Population: 23 in 64 (3 in 64+), 22 finer. CAC: 7 in 64, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995



1883 Hawaii Dollar, MS65 Rich, Original Toning

6154 1883 Hawaii Dollar MS65 PCGS. A fully struck and satiny Gem bathed in powder-blue, chestnut-gold, and olive-green patina. The 1883 Hawaiian coinage was struck at the San Francisco Mint from designs engraved by Charles Barber. Four denominations were issued: the keneta, hapawalu, hapaha, and dala; respectively equivalent to the U.S. dime, quarter, half dollar, and silver dollar. The dala or dollar had a mintage of 500,000 pieces, but most were eventually melted, leaving a net production of 46,348 pieces. It was the third time that the U.S. Mint produced foreign coinage. The Mint previously struck 2 1/2 centavos issues for Venezuela in 1875 and 1876. Population: 16 in 65 (1 in 65+), 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995

PATTERNS



**1883 Hawaii Dollar, PR61
Rare Silver Proof Issue**

6155 1883 Hawaii Dollar PR61 PCGS. The akahi dala (one dollar) is a perennial collector favorite as a business strike. With 500,000 pieces struck for circulation, the coins were recalled upon Hawaii's status as a U.S. Territory in 1900, and most Hawaiian dollars were subsequently melted.

In silver proof format such as this coin, the Hawaiian dollar is an extreme rarity with few survivors from the 26-piece mintage. This example is brilliant and deeply reflective with a hint of clear, gray-blue patina. As expected, the Philadelphia Mint produced a full strike with exceptional detail on King Kalakaua's hair, beard, and mustache. The Hawaiian coat of arms is equally well-produced on the reverse. Some light roughness in the left obverse field prevents an even higher grade for this attractive, rare proof. Population: 2 in 61, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2UBZ, PCGS# 10997



**1838 Kneass-Designed Half Dollar in Silver
Judd-73 Restrike, Richly Toned PR66**

6156 1838 Half Dollar, Judd-73 Restrike, Pollock-77, R.5, PR66 PCGS. CAC. On the obverse, Liberty faces left and wears a diadem and a ribbon inscribed LIBERTY. 13 stars and the date fill the periphery. On the reverse, an eagle flies level in a plain field with the statutory legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA around, and the denomination HALF DOLLAR below. Kneass is believed to designed this pattern, but Christian Gobrecht has been credited as the designer. The face of Liberty bears a strong resemblance to her counterpart on the Liberty eagle, also introduced in 1838. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Medallion alignment.

The Judd-73 patterns surely are among the most confusing issues in the entire pattern series. It appears that all are restrikes. The only question is when a particular coin produced. Occasional mention has been made of original strikes, but such a piece does not appear to exist; to date, every coin examined shows die cracks on the reverse. The Mint Cabinet (Smithsonian) does not have an example of this pattern in any state. The earliest state known is the same as seen on this piece: a die break from AM in AMERICA to the eagle, a second from AR in DOLLAR to the eagle, and a partial crack from the eagle toward the A in HALF. This last crack is only partially present and key to dating this half dollar to the early 1840s.

This is one of the finest examples known of this early-striking period half dollar. Only one other piece has been so graded by PCGS and one is finer, an NGC-certified coin (11/16). The fields are deeply mirrored and flash strongly through the cobalt-blue and deep rose toning seen on each side. No obvious flaws or contact marks are apparent. NGC ID# 296N, PCGS# 11288



**1839 Half Dollar Restrike in Silver
Judd-101, PR67, The Finest by Four Points
Only Two Pieces Known**

6157 1839 Seated Liberty Half Dollar, Judd-101 Restrike, Pollock-112, R.8, PR67 PCGS. This half dollar mules a regular 1839 Seated Liberty obverse with an 1838 Standing Eagle reverse (Judd-76-78). Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Medallion turn. There are only two of these fantasy mulings known. The term restrike in this instance requires some explanation. It is not a later-date restriking of an earlier issue, such as Open 3 1873 two cent pieces. This is a restriking in the sense that it is a backdated piece, struck circa 1869 or the early 1870s. Both of the known pieces of this muling are confirmed to have been part of the personal collection of Mint Director Henry Linderman. For decades the pedigrees have been hopelessly jumbled, and today what we know for certain about this coin only dates to 1997. Each side exhibits deep reddish patina in the centers with cobalt-blue margins. Fully struck throughout. The mirrors are deeply reflective even through the considerable toning, and die striations and die rust are seen on the reverse. This is the finest of the two pieces known, the other example is a PCGS PR63.

Ex: John Jay Pittman, Part I (Akers, 10/1997), lot 772; Pre-Long Beach Auction (Superior, 5/1999), lot 3424; Pre-Long Beach Auction (Superior, 1/2004), lot 1416. PCGS# 11432



**1866 Lincoln Obverse Five Cent in Nickel
Judd-486, PR64
The Only CAC-Certified Example
None Are Finer**

6158 1866 Five Cents, Judd-486, Pollock-575, Low R.7, PR64 PCGS. CAC. A bust of President Abraham Lincoln faces right, with UNITED STATES OF AMERICA at the top of the obverse and the date below. The reverse shows an open olive or laurel wreath with IN GOD WE TRUST in tiny letters at the top and a tall 5 / CENTS in the center ("Tall 5 reverse"). Struck in nickel with a plain edge. USPatterns.com estimates that about more than a half-dozen survive of the nickel pieces, including three in museum holdings. The design was also struck in copper and/or bronze (Judd-487/488), the two metals virtually indistinguishable one from another. These pieces are under intense demand as the only 19th century American patterns featuring the martyred President Lincoln. The fields are moderately reflective with an even layer of pinkish-gray patina across each side. Slight planchet porosity can be seen at the top of the obverse, but this has no effect on the grade. Only five pieces have been so graded at PCGS and one example at NGC (11/16). This piece could be considered the finest of the six examples certified at the PR64 level as it is the only CAC-certified piece. NGC ID# 29KP, PCGS# 60682



**1867 Longacre Pattern in Nickel
Judd-565, PR66 Cameo
Only Two Pieces Known in Nickel
Original Judd Plate Coin**

6159 1867 Five Cents, Judd-565, Pollock-626, R.8, PR66 Cameo NGC. Original Judd Plate Coin. A bust of Liberty faces left, and wears a headdress with four feathers and four stars. A ribbon in her hair bears the inscription UNION & LIBERTY, which presumably would not have been a popular design element in the South. "LONGACRE F." resides below the bust; a signature nearly as prominent as that of Gobrecht's below his silver dollar. The reverse has a prominent V within a large shield and a large, six-pointed star at the top. Struck in nickel with a plain edge. The obverse design is relatively available in aluminum (Judd-561-562), the obverse in copper (Judd-563-564) are rare. However, only two examples are known in nickel. The fields are deeply mirrored and the devices are fully struck — both notable attributes for a nickel product. The cameo contrast is obvious on each side. An extraordinary opportunity for the pattern collector.

Ex: Woodside Collection (New York Coin and Stamp Co., 4/1892), lot 213, where it realized \$1.00; 1914 ANS Exhibit — Judson Brenner, exhibitor; Dr. Hewitt Judd; Dodson-Collier Collections (Bowers and Merena, 6/1984), lot 4404; L.W. Hoffecker Collection (Superior, 2/1987), lot 462B. This is also the original plate coin used in the Judd pattern reference, editions 1 through 7. PCGS# 60775



**1870 Standard Silver Half in Copper
Judd-929, PR66 Red Cameo**

6160 1870 Standard Silver Half Dollar, Judd-929, Pollock-1048, R.7, PR66 Red Cameo PCGS. CAC. Ex: Denali Collection. Liberty is seated facing left, and supports a shield inscribed LIBERTY with her right hand. Her left hand holds an olive sprig. A Liberty pole rises from behind her arm. The Standard Silver reverse leaves room for the date below the denomination, however, the date is instead on the obverse exergue. An unusual design pairing that lacks both UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and IN GOD WE TRUST. LIBERTY has raised letters. Previously it was believed there was a variant with incuse lettering, but this has been debunked and it is now known all examples have raised lettering. Judd-929a is delisted in Judd 10th edition and at uspatterns.com. Struck in copper with a reeded edge. An elegant example of this extremely rare pattern with even deep red color that is several shades lighter in the center of the reverse. Carefully preserved and outstanding. CAC has endorsed three examples of Judd-929, with the present piece as the single finest (11/16).

Ex: 1971 ANA (Stack's, 8/1971), lot 464; Faraday Collection / ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/1994), lot 6136. PCGS# 800053 Base PCGS# 81174



1872 Amazonian Dollar in Copper Judd-1206, PR61 Red and Brown

6161 1872 Amazonian Dollar, Judd-1206, Pollock-1346, R.7, PR61 Red and Brown PCGS. The obverse exhibits a seated figure of Liberty, right hand above the head of an eagle, left forearm resting on top of a shield, and left hand holding a sword. Around, 13 stars with the date below. The reverse has an eagle with spread wings, clutching three arrows in its right claw, its left leg raised up with the talon supporting a shield with an olive branch in front. A scroll across the shield is inscribed IN GOD WE TRUST. Around is the legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA with the denomination HALF DOL below. Struck in copper with a reeded edge.

This is one of several different designs that depict a full view of Liberty in a seated position, obviously intended to be an answer to Christian Gobrecht's design that had been in use since 1836. Although several different "Seated Liberty" designs were prepared, the initial design by Gobrecht remained in use until introduction of the Morgan dollar in 1878 and the Barber series of silver coins in 1892. This coin has obviously been cleaned at one time and shows bright copper-red surfaces, except for the occasional hint of blue around the devices and on the shield on the reverse. Light hairlines show in the fields. PCGS# 71477



1873 Seated Dollar in Copper Judd-1274, PR66 Brown

6162 1873 Seated Dollar, Judd-1274, Pollock-1416, High R.7, PR66 Brown PCGS. Struck from regular issue dies, but in copper with a reeded edge. IN GOD WE TRUST is die doubled, as seen on the silver proofs. Per USPatterns.com, "struck for sale to collectors as part of complete off-metal sets." Examples were also struck in copper and aluminum. While labeled Brown, there are significant patches of original muted red still present on each side as well. Blue and brown patina is also intermixed throughout. The strike details are pinpoint-sharp on both obverse and reverse. An exceptionally attractive example of this off-metal striking. PCGS# 61559



**1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1293
Beautifully Toned PR64
Ex: Bass**

6163 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1293, Pollock-1435, R.4, PR64 NGC. CAC. Ex: Bass/ANA Museum Display. The design is similar to the issued Trade dollar, but Liberty's left hand rests on a globe with raised LIBERTY on a scroll, showing parts of North and South America. A cap rests atop the Liberty pole she clutches in her right hand, and plow handles and a sheaf of wheat are behind the globe. On the reverse, a small-sized eagle holds a banner reading E PLURIBUS UNUM in its beak. His left (facing) claw holds three arrows, his right a federal shield with scroll bearing IN GOD WE TRUST. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. This is a beautiful example of this Trade dollar pattern — a popular collecting specialty among pattern aficionados — showing pastel blue and mint iridescence in the centers complementing gold patina near the rims. A bit of strike softness appears on the eagle's claws, but otherwise there are few complaints on this piece. The Judd-1293s were decades ago thought to be much rarer than today, but their relative availability is a boon for collectors.

Ex: Privately purchased from Numismatic Gallery (Abe Kosoff), October 13, 1942; New Netherlands 61st Sale (6/1970), lot 51; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Research Foundation; Selections From The Harry Bass, Jr. Foundation's A.N.A. Museum Display / ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 5813.

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2ZMA, PCGS# 61578



**1876 'Sailor Head' Dollar in Copper
Judd-1460, PR62 Red and Brown**

6164 1876 Sailor Head Dollar, Judd-1460, Pollock-1610, R.7, PR62 Red and Brown NGC. The Sailor Head design is set in a plain field with IN GOD WE TRUST and the date both below the bust. LIBERTY appears on a coronet in Liberty's hair. The reverse has ONE DOLLAR within a wreath with UNITED STATES OF AMERICA at the top border and E PLURIBUS UNUM at the bottom border. Struck in copper with a reeded edge. This pattern was struck in silver (two pieces known) and copper (eight known). This is the #8 coin listed on the roster of known examples and is known only as the Ex: Kentucky Collection piece. The fields on this example are surprisingly bright with equally bright red and blue color over each side. We do not see any obvious pedigree identifiers on either side. PCGS# 71781



**1876 Five Dollar Pattern
PR66 Red and Brown
Judd-1484, Only Two Examples Confirmed**

6165 1876 Five Dollar, Judd-1484, Pollock-1637, R.7, PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. This copper five dollar pattern is struck from the regular dies for the 1876 half eagle. Judd lists it as a die trial; USPatterns.com calls it a pattern likely deliberately struck for sale to collectors. USPatterns.com notes that only two examples are confirmed, this piece and the Harry W. Bass specimen. This is an attractive, sparkling Gem with lots of field-device contrast and plenty of mint orange-red remaining in the fields on both sides, punctuated by dollops of cobalt-blue.

Ex: 1976 ANA Sale (Stack's, 8/1976), lot 3678; Versailles Collection (Paramount, 3/1978); Dallas Signature Auction (Heritage, 7/2006), lot 773, where it brought \$12,650; 2009 ANA Sale (Bowers and Merena, 8/2009), lot 4198, where it realized \$38,525; 2010 FUN Sale (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 2376, where it brought \$35,000; Boston Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3733; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 5540. NGC ID# 2ADB, PCGS# 71806



**1877 'Sailor Head' Quarter in Silver
Judd-1499, PR63
Sole Example Known in Silver**

6166 1877 Sailor Head Quarter Dollar, Judd-1499, Pollock-1652, Unique, PR63 PCGS. Designed by William Barber and nicknamed the Sailor Head design, it is nearly identical to the design of certain 1875 twenty cent, half eagle and eagle patterns, as well as dollar patterns from 1876. A coronet inscribed LIBERTY adorns a head of Liberty with the hair tied back with a ribbon. The reverse is of the regular dies for the 1877 quarter. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. When found, this obverse / reverse pairing is usually found in copper (Judd-1500). This is a unique silver striking. Its rarity as a silver strike is underscored by the silver plating of two of the copper pieces. The surfaces show obvious hairlining and hazy gray-blue toning. We see no contact marks worthy of mention on either side. For the collector pursuing completeness in the Sailor Head series, this is it. There are no other legitimate silver strikes of this pattern.

Ex: 1914 ANS Exhibit, William Woodin, exhibitor; Waldo Newcomer. PCGS# 61835



**1877 Morgan Half Dollar in Silver
Judd-1512, Toned PR65
Ex: Garrett**

6167 1877 Morgan Half Dollar, Judd-1512, Pollock-1676, High R.7, PR65 NGC. Ex: Garrett. The obverse features Morgan's head of Liberty facing left inside a beaded circle. There are 13 stars arranged in two arcs outside the circle, six left and seven right. The inscription E PLURIBUS UNUM is above and the date below. On the reverse, a beaded circle encloses a defiant eagle facing left perched on a thick scroll. The scroll carries the inscription IN GOD WE TRUST, with three arrows and an olive branch behind. The legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA is above and the denomination HALF DOLLAR is below. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Morgan's memorable Liberty head was used, with slight modifications, on 17 different pattern designs in 1877. Of course, it was also adopted for use on the obverse of the Morgan silver dollar, which began production in 1878. The model for Morgan's design was reportedly a Philadelphia school teacher, Miss Anna W. Williams. Williams was always shy about her role as model, and tried to avoid notoriety as the famous "Silver Dollar Girl."

The intricate reverse design was also used again, with minor revisions, on the famous "Schoolgirl" dollar pattern of 1879. The impressive "defiant" eagle was also borrowed by Charles Barber many years later for the reverse of the Panama-Pacific quarter eagle. Andrew Pollock believes the inspiration for this striking motif was a sketch drawn by Titian Peale, circa 1838. This piece is richly toned in shades of deep blue and rose on each side with deeply reflective fields.

Ex: George Cogan (March 17, 1883); Garrett I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979), lot 383. NGC ID# 2ADV, PCGS# 61850



**1877 Morgan Half Dollar in Silver
Judd-1514, PR65 Deep Cameo**

6168 1877 Morgan Half Dollar, Judd-1514, Pollock-1678, Low R.7, PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. The obverse is similar to the Morgan dollar, but the head of Liberty is surrounded by a beaded circle, with 13 stars and E PLURIBUS UNUM around the edge. The date 1877 is below. On the reverse a so-called "defiant eagle" is perched on a scroll inscribed IN GOD WE TRUST. An olive branch points left, and three arrowheads point right. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Despite the popular terminology, the defiant eagle, while it may have its wings spread, is rather dyspeptic in appearance. The pose seems staid and monumental rather than lifelike, and the unnaturally heavy wings appear to be Oriental fans. This bird would never have flown. Nevertheless, this is a majestic and well-produced pattern half dollar. The fields are deeply reflective and establish a "black" background against the heavily frosted devices. The centers of each side appear untuned at first glance, but they actually display almost invisible pale golden color. That golden-brown patina deepens significantly toward the rims on each side. This is the only CAC-certified Deep Cameo for the Judd-1514.

Ex: Waldo Newcomer; F.C.C. Boyd; Dr. Hewitt Judd personal collection; plate coin in the Judd reference, Volumes 1-7; Coronet Coin FPL; Public Auction Sale (Stack's, 3/1980), lot 716; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/1982), lot 2891. PCGS# 134084 Base PCGS# 61852



1877 Barber Half Dollar in Silver Judd-1535, PR64 Deep Cameo

6169 1877 Half Dollar, Judd-1535, Pollock-1703, R.8, PR64 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.

The obverse is the so-called "Barber's Liberty Head with coronet and wheat and cotton." The head of Liberty faces left, IN GOD WE TRUST is above and the date below. Liberty wears a coronet reading LIBERTY in raised letters. The coronet is decorated with wheat ears, cotton bolls and leaves. The stars are seven left, six right. The reverse is "Barber's small heraldic eagle." The eagle has a shield on its breast, clutching arrows and an olive branch. UNITED STATES and HALF DOLLAR are at the rim, with E PLURIBUS UNUM in an inner arc between the wingtips. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Only three examples are known in silver. The roster of known pieces is expanded from USPatterns.com:

1. Dr. Edward Maris (Harlan P. Smith, 6/1886); Garrett Collection-Johns Hopkins University; Garrett I (Bowers and Ruddy, 11/1979), lot 391, \$24,000; Auction '89 (Superior), lot 626; D. Novoselsky, PR64 PCGS; Kagin's; Superior (7/2003); Classics Sale (American Numismatic Rarities, 12/2003), lot 307, PR65 PCGS, \$35,650; Lemus Collection / FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 1881. The **present specimen**. Plate coin in the Judd tenth edition.
2. Francis W. Doughty; Byron Reed Collection; Durham Western Heritage Museum, Omaha. PR65 ICG.
3. Superior (6/1981); Auction '82; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection (Bowers and Merena, 5/1999), lot 1236; southern collection; Simpson Collection. PR60 PCGS.



The surfaces are brilliant overall with stark field/device contrast evident on each side. A few tiny planchet flakes can be found that link this piece to the Lemus coin. PCGS# 539823



1942 Experimental Glass Cent, PR64 Judd-2069, RB 42-70 Sole Unbroken Piece Known

6170 1942 Experimental Glass Cent, Judd-2069, RB 42-70, R.8, PR64 PCGS. Like most wartime experimental alloy cents, the obverse was modeled after the Columbian two centavos, and the reverse adopted a simple James Longacre wreath surrounding UNITED STATES MINT in the center of that side. Struck in glass with a plain edge. Manufactured by the Blue Ridge Glass Company of Kingsport, Tennessee, from tempered, yellow-amber transparent glass. Only one other piece is known, but it is broken in half.

Background

During 1942 the U.S. Mint was searching for a substitute for copper used in the common cent. Copper was a critical war material and the War Production Board refused to allocate enough to the Mint to make cents for the next year. The Mint Bureau began internal experiments that eventually led to adoption of zinc coated steel for the 1943 coins. But the Mint also invited private companies to test various types of plastic in the event metals were not available.

The experiments were publicized in trade magazines, and officials at the Blue Ridge Glass Company asked to participate. The Mint had a pair of used dies sent from Colt Manufacturing Co., one of the plastics experimenters, and Blue Ridge obtained tempered glass "blanks" (or "preforms") from Corning Glass Co.

Blue Ridge had considerable difficulty making glass 1942 sample coins. For impressing a design into glass, both glass and the dies had to be very hot — just below glass melting temperature — then the glass had to cool quickly to preserve design detail. But Blue Ridge was not able to heat the die, and the resulting experimental cents were softly detailed and had many minute surface imperfections. Blue Ridge described their process and results in a six-page report, which has been preserved among U.S. Mint documents in the National Archives.

The present 1942 glass experimental piece is the only intact example discovered in nearly 75 years since the experiments. Although glass was never used for emergency U.S. coinage, this piece represents a unique artifact of the ingenuity and determination of Mint officials and private industry.

Description

The yellow-amber tempered glass disc was made using compression molding, using hot glass with cold steel dies. Blanks, or "preforms," used were slightly larger and thicker than normal one cent pieces. All pieces were manually smoothed on the edge. Thus, weight and dimensions will vary slightly from one specimen to another. The designs are noticeably softer than those seen on plastic or metal examples. The surfaces have irregular glass flow patterns as well as micro cracks and crazing of the surfaces, as described by the Blue Ridge report of December 8, 1942. PCGS# 12255

ERRORS



2000-P Jefferson Nickel, MS65 Struck by Two Obverse Dies

6171 2000-P Jefferson Nickel — Struck with Two Obverse Dies — MS65 PCGS. This Jefferson nickel has two obverses, rotated approximately 225 degrees from coin turn. Both sides are weakly struck, but exhibit a readable date and mintmark, and a partial outline of the Jefferson bust. Although unstruck areas retain the dimpled texture of the planchet surface, post-strike contact is confined to the rim near IN G on one side, and the rim near BERT on the other side. The surfaces are brilliant, luminous, and satiny. Double-headed mint errors are extremely rare, and this is the only one we have seen that is also a rotated dies adjustment strike.



1958 Washington Quarter, PR62 Brockage of Obverse on Reverse

6172 1958 Washington Quarter — Full First Strike Brockage of Obverse on Reverse — PR62 PCGS. The present coin was struck between the obverse die and the obverse of a previously struck coin. The reverse side is a perfect brockage of the obverse design: reversed and incused, without any distortion, expansion, or incompleteness. An extremely rare mint error on a proof coin, which is subject to visual inspection at various points prior to shipment to the customer. A search of our online auction archives, which date to 1993, failed to identify any comparable proof brockages. The surfaces are untoned and lightly hairlined. One minor field abrasion is noted on the obverse above Washington's queue.



1921-S Morgan Dollar, MS63 Struck 20% Off Center

6173 1921-S Morgan Dollar — Struck 20% Off Center — MS63 PCGS. Struck substantially off center toward 3 o'clock. The date and mintmark are complete, but all of UNUM and most of AMERICA are absent. The pearl-gray and almond-gold surfaces appear unabraded and exhibit vibrant luster. Because the collar die was present, the dies were able to closely approach, and the strike is full on the wreath, as seldom seen for the issue. Off-center silver dollars are very rare, but a search of our auction archives shows a comparable past offering: a dateless 1921-S dollar struck 25% off center certified as MS62 by PCGS. As lot 7630 in our January 2012 FUN Signature, that coin sold for \$14,375.



2014 \$50 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS69 Struck on an American Buffalo Planchet The 'Eagalo' — Wrong Planchet Error

6174 2014 One-Ounce Gold Eagle — Struck On a .9999 Fine One-Ounce American Buffalo Planchet — MS69 PCGS. According to an October 10, 2016 *Coin World* article, PCGS graded its first and only (so far) confirmed example of a 2014 \$50 one-ounce Gold Eagle struck on a 2014 American Buffalo .9999 fine gold planchet, rather than the intended .9167 fine gold \$50 American Eagle flan. This is the first coin certified, the discovery coin. One other example is thought to exist known, but yet to our knowledge it has not yet been certified.

Wrong planchet errors are virtually unknown in the U.S. gold series. There have been examples of non-gold coins struck on gold planchets (the few puzzling Indian Head cents struck on quarter eagle planchets come to mind), but the present coin is the only confirmed U.S. Mint gold issue on an incorrect gold planchet. Both the Gold Eagle and the American Buffalo \$50 coins have the same diameter (32.7 mm), but the Buffalo planchet is thicker (2.95 mm vs. 2.87 mm). Their weights are not the same because of the different compositions — the \$50 American Buffalo weighs in at 1.0001 troy oz., while the \$50 Gold Eagle fifty weighs 1.0909 troy oz.

The *Coin World* article quotes noted error coin dealer Fred Weinberg about a similar error involving a modern silver issue: "A 1998 American Eagle silver dollar graded and encapsulated PCGS MS-68 in 2013, struck at the San Francisco Mint on a 38.1-millimeter .900 fine silver dollar commemorative coin planchet instead of the intended American Eagle 40.6-millimeter .999 fine silver planchet, subsequently traded hands privately for in excess of \$50,000."

The current gold error was struck at the West Point Mint, as are all gold bullion coins. *Coin World* reports the Mint was contacted about the error, but has yet to respond how the wrong planchet was used, or how many coins could conceivably be involved. This is an opportunity to acquire the discovery coin — certified at the nearly flawless MS69 grade by PCGS, an important and seemingly very rare U.S. gold error.



Five-Piece 1982 Panama Denomination Set Each Coin Struck Over Its U.S. 1982-S Proof Equivalent

6175 Five-Piece 1982 Panama Struck Over Set NGC. The set includes: centesimo — Struck over USA 1982-S proof cent — MS66 Red and Brown; 5 centesimos — Struck over USA 1982-S proof nickel — MS66; tenth Balboa — Struck over USA 1982-S proof dime — MS65; quarter Balboa — Struck over USA 1982-S proof quarter — MS66; and a half Balboa — Struck over USA 1982-S proof half dollar — MS65. In 1982, the U.S. Mint struck five coin denominations for Panama. They were struck on regular U.S. coin planchets. A U.S. Mint press operator apparently intentionally overstruck the five coins from a 1982-S U.S. proof set with their equivalent Panama business strike dies. On a majority of the five coins, both the date and mintmark of the undertype are perceptible. Undoubtedly a unique offering. (Total: 5 coins)

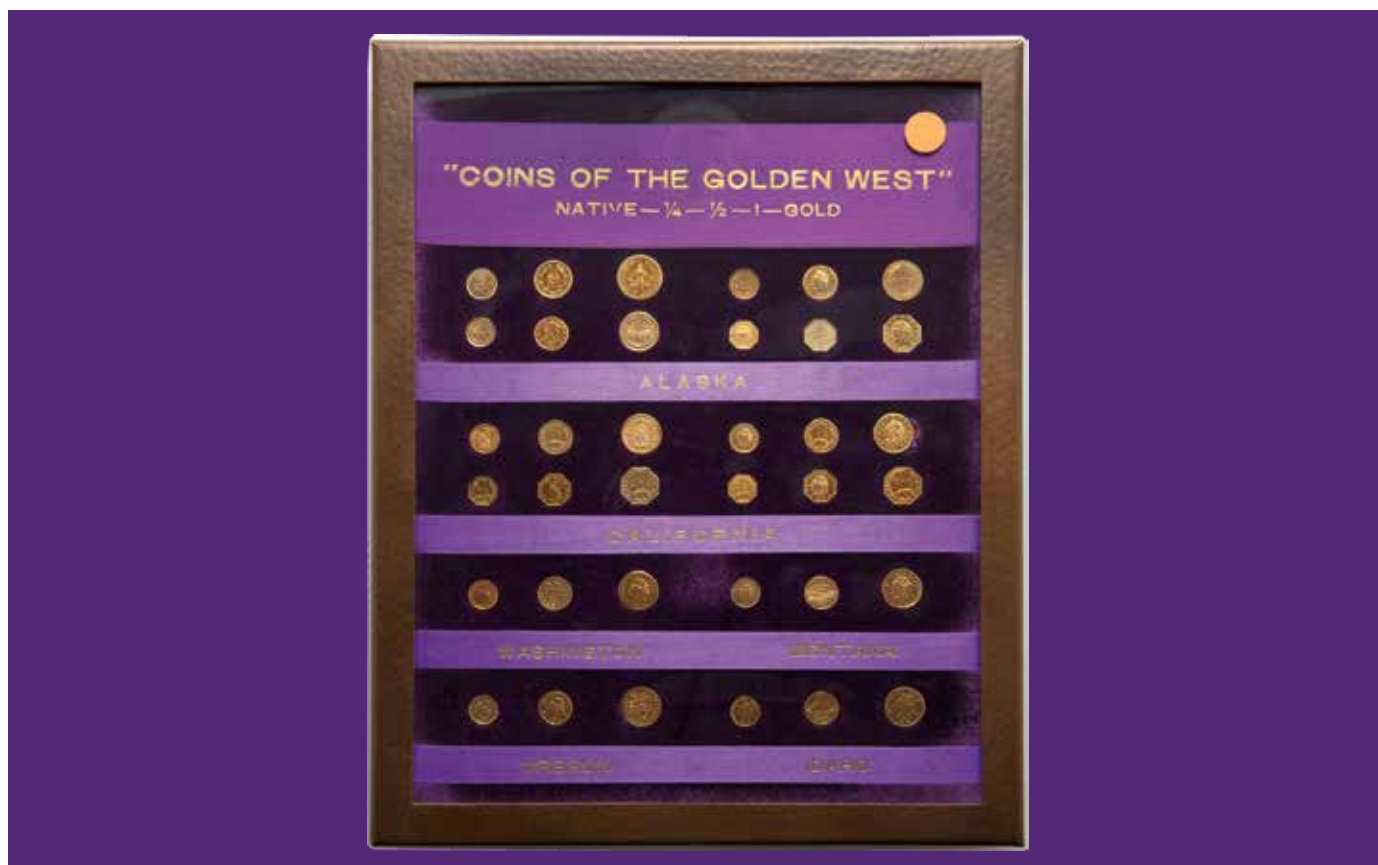
CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA



(1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Struck in Gold, MS67, Breen-8010 Mintage of Three Pieces One in Smithsonian

6176 (1961) 1861 Confederate Cent, Bashlow Restrike, Gold, MS67 NGC. Breen-8010. Designated by NGC as “defaced dies,” but this requires explanation. Robert Bashlow and David Laties purchased the original (and defaced) 1861 Confederate cent dies from John J. Ford, Jr. Hubs were made from the cent, and dies were then made from the hubs. Thus, the 1961 Bashlow restrike Confederate cents were struck from transfer dies derived from the original defaced dies. Bashlow struck 20,000 pieces in bronze and another 5,000 pieces in gold, but the gold mintage was just three pieces. Reportedly, an example was donated to the Smithsonian, which would leave just two pieces available for collectors. In our 2011 Chicago Signature (lot 7745), we sold an MS63 NGC gold Bashlow restrike cent for \$21,850. The present Superb Gem is a different example, identified by a minute carbon fleck above the 6 in the date. The surfaces are otherwise pristine, and exhibit in full detail the rust and cancellation marks endured by the defaced original dies.

WESTERN SOUVENIR GOLD



M.E. Hart's 'Coins of the Golden West' Complete Set in Original Frame

6177 Complete M.E. Hart "Coins of the Golden West" Set in Original Frame. A complete 36-piece "Coins of the Golden West" set in the original frame, as marketed by M.E. Hart & Co. of 560 Powell Street in San Francisco. The frames were made by Shreve & Co. and are very similar to the well-known frames that housed single or double complete sets of 1915-S Panama-Pacific commemoratives. The present frame measures 10 x 8 inches and consists of the 36 tokens, a copper frame, five purple satin ribbons listing the header and states associated with the varieties, and the glass and velvet inset.

The tokens consist of the 1/4, 1/2, and One denominations for the Alaska Miner, Alaska Eskimo, Alaska Indian Octagonal, Alaska Indian Round, California Indian Octagonal, California Indian Round, California Minerva Octagonal, California Minerva Round, Washington, Montana, Oregon, and Idaho series, as listed on page 409 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

A \$1,200 invoice for the set, dated May 15, 1961, is included with the lot, along with two newspaper clippings from February 1961 of the framed set's appearance at the Essex County Coin Club. The cataloger knows of only the following auction appearances of complete framed sets: Bowers and Ruddy, 8/1978, lot 1756; Abner Kreisberg / Quality Sales, 9/1980, lot 1690; Kurt R. Krueger, 4/1990, lot 6597; Dallas Bank Collection, Stack's/Sotheby's, 10/2001, lot 605; Heritage, 1/2015, frame sold as lot 6671, tokens listed as individual lots.

Accompanying the lot is an original two-sided M.E. Hart advertising circular, 158 mm x 88 mm. The cataloger knows of only one other example, offered as lot 2691 in a March 1998 Bowers and Merena auction. Also included: a watch fob with leather belt, 137 mm. The uniface fob appears to be made of brown resin and has gilt lettering "PANAMA PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION SAN FRANCISCO 1915". (Total: 36 tokens)

End of Session Four

SESSION FIVE

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER

6178 1893 Isabella Quarter MS65 ★ NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. Rich aquamarine, apricot, and lilac toning endows this lustrous and crisply struck Gem. Minor obverse field grazes determine the grade. In all grades, only 35 examples have received the Star designation from NGC, bestowed for superior eye appeal (10/16). NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

6179 1893 Isabella Quarter MS65 PCGS. CAC. Remarkably clean surfaces, even for the Gem assessment, radiate shimmering luster and offer attractive blushes of golden-orange patina in the left obverse and reverse fields. A fully struck example of this in-demand quarter dollar commemorative. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

1893 Isabella Quarter, MS66 Uniform Two-Sided Toning



6180 1893 Isabella Quarter MS66 PCGS. The Isabella quarter is usually available through MS66, but finer examples are scarce. This well-struck, collectible Premium Gem displays vibrant cartwheel luster shining through rich ocean-blue and lavender toning on each side. A loupe reveals a few tiny marks, none out of line for the grade or particularly distracting. PCGS reports 57 numerically finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

1893 Isabella Quarter, Sharp MS67 Delightful Original Toning



6181 1893 Isabella Quarter MS67 NGC. Isabella quarters are actively traded at auction, but Superb Gem examples are seldom among the pieces offered. This attractively toned example showcases beautiful surface preservation and razor-sharp design elements. Champagne interiors cede to lavender, blue, and sea-green peripheral toning. Census: 55 in 67 (8 in 67 ★, 1 in 67+★), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

1900 Lafayette Dollar, MS64 Extremely Rare DuVall 4-E Variety Finer of Only Two Examples Known



6182 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS64 PCGS. DuVall 4-E. DuVall 4-E is the rarest variety for the Lafayette dollar. This near-Gem example, the discovery coin, is by far the finest of only two known representatives. The variety is easily identified by the branch on the reverse, which is prominently positioned with the final leaf left of the date — a characteristic that differs from the four other die pairings. Recutting on the E in STATES on the obverse confirms the attribution. If a large quantity of Lafayette dollars was struck with this die pair, it was likely melted in 1945 when the 14,000 unsold coins from the original distribution were converted to bullion by the Treasury Department without knowledge of their numismatic value.

This example displays a razor-sharp strike and satiny luster. Appealing olive-gold, sea-green, and lavender-blue toning blankets each side, masking a few stray marks on the surfaces. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

6183 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS64 PCGS. DuVall 2-C. Golden-brown and cobalt-blue toning endows the peripheries. The fields and motifs show only faint straw-gold patina. A sharply struck and lustrous near-Gem with exceptionally unabraded surfaces. Superior quality for the designated grade. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

6184 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS64 PCGS. DuVall 2-C. A virtually brilliant Choice silver dollar. Vibrant cartwheel sheen sweeps sharply struck and moderately marked surfaces. All Lafayette dollars were struck on a single day, December 14, 1899, the exact centennial of George Washington's death. Five die varieties are known, described by Frank DuVall in John Highfill's 1992 *Silver Dollar Encyclopedia*. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

1900 Lafayette Dollar, MS66 First Commemorative Silver Dollar



6185 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS66 PCGS. DuVall 1-B. The A in DOLLAR leans left and is lower than the adjacent L. As many as 50,000 Lafayette dollars were authorized for production, to be sold for \$2 each. Only 36,026 coins made it into the hands of the public; the remainder were melted decades later. This delightful Premium Gem is awash in frosty luster that emanates from beneath lilac-gray, crimson, and ice-blue patina. Well-rendered devices exhibit a hint of incompleteness over Lafayette's leg and the saddle. A minor reed mark on Washington's forehead is the sole imperfection. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

6186 1921 Alabama 2X2 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. A bright and fresh Gem featuring brilliant silver luster, this lovely Monroe has tinges of gold toning at the peripheries, enhancing its eye appeal. This is the distinctive 2x2 variant that buoyed initial sales of the Alabama half dollars. NGC ID# BYEZ, PCGS# 9225

6187 1921 Alabama 2X2 MS66 PCGS. CAC. The small incuse 2X2 is a distinctive Alabama commemorative variety that took advantage of the early 20th century collecting craze for such coins. Today, these pieces remain popular with collectors, and this Premium Gem ranks among the finer known examples with brilliant champagne luster and splendid peripheral iridescence. PCGS has only certified eight finer examples. CAC: 39 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYEZ, PCGS# 9225

6188 1936 Arkansas MS67 PCGS. CAC. A couple decades ago, the cataloger was involved in the formation of a complete set of Gem or finer commemorative gold and silver coins, including the two Panama-Pacific \$50 gold coins. The last coin obtained for this complete 157 coin set was the 1936 Arkansas, a hidden rarity in the series. This piece has splendid original silver surfaces with delicate peripheral toning. Population: 16 in 67 (3 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 7 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYHX, PCGS# 9237

6189 1935-D Boone MS67 PCGS. Fire-orange patina near the upper and lower border areas is the sole indication of color throughout this immaculate 1935-D Boone Superb Gem half dollar. Boldly defined with a single tick on the chin. Population: 17 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYFR, PCGS# 9259

6190 1925-S California MS66 PCGS. CAC. A glistening, sharply struck Premium Gem example of the California Diamond Jubilee half dollar, celebrating the 75th anniversary of California's statehood. Hints of various colors appear throughout primarily olive-gold and grayish toning on each side. Finer examples are elusive. NGC ID# BYGA, PCGS# 9281

6191 1936-D Cincinnati MS67 PCGS. The Cincinnati commemorative curiously celebrates the city's 50th anniversary as "a musical center of America." This Superb Gem Denver example exhibits traces of champagne-gold, orange, olive, and magenta coloration over largely brilliant surfaces. Satiny and wonderfully preserved. Population: 59 in 67 (11 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYCK, PCGS# 9284

6192 1936-S Cincinnati MS66 PCGS. CAC. A satiny Premium Gem with exceptional eye appeal, this San Francisco Mint half dollar displays rich gold and iridescent toning that gathers nicely near the borders. CAC endorsed with strong mint luster and blatant originality. Population: 71 in 66 (4 in 66+), 5 finer. CAC: 11 in 66, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BYCL, PCGS# 9285

6193 1936 Cleveland MS67 PCGS. CAC. Delicate gold and iridescent peripheral toning frames the frosty and lightly toned central areas of this Superb Gem Cleveland half dollar. A condition rarity that is infrequently found so finer. Population: 88 in 67 (12 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 44 in 67, 0 finer (12/16). NGC ID# BYGB, PCGS# 9288

1936-S Columbia Sesquicentennial Half Delicately Toned MS68 Among the Finest Known



6194 1936-S Columbia MS68 PCGS. CAC. Vibrant cartwheel sheen sweeps this seemingly pristine Superb Gem. The obverse displays subtle forest-green, silver-blue, and sun-gold, while the reverse features delicate lime, honey, and steel-blue shadings. An unimprovable example of this Southern commemorative issue. Columbia is the state capitol of South Carolina, and the obverse depicts the capitol buildings as they existed in 1786 and 1936, the beginning and end of its Sesquicentennial. Encapsulated in a green label holder. PCGS shows just seven MS68 coins (one of which is in MS68+) with none finer; NGC lists eight pieces in this grade, also with none finer. CAC: 5 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYGE, PCGS# 9293

1892 Columbian Half, MS67 Deep Obverse Toning



6195 1892 Columbian MS67 PCGS. The obverse of this impressive Superb Gem exhibits rich rainbow iridescence, while the reverse is toned in light champagne with peripheral blue and iridescent accents. This plentiful issue is rarely seen at this state of preservation. Population: 39 in 67 (7 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYGE, PCGS# 9296

1892 Columbian Half, MS67+ Just One Finer at PCGS



6196 1892 Columbian MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The first-year 1892 mintage of 950,000 Columbian half dollars was a complete sell-out — the entire mintage was distributed. Nevertheless, Gem examples are scarce and Superb Gem pieces are rare. Many of the high-end coins display colorful and attractive toning such as this example, with iridescent rainbow shades that infuse each side with exquisite charm. The satiny surfaces are free of all but the most trivial and inconsequential marks that require a strong loupe and much searching. The strike is sharp for the issue, earning CAC endorsement for the incredible eye appeal and high technical quality. Population: 7 in 67+, 1 finer. CAC: 36 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYGE, PCGS# 9296

**1893 Columbian Half Dollar, MS67
Terrific All-Around Example**



- 6197** 1893 Columbian MS67 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Young Collection. The usual shades of blue, violet, and gold completely swathe each side, with brilliant luster shining through. The portrait and ship elements exhibit pinpoint definition, and a loupe fails to highlight overt flaws of any kind. Eye appeal is extraordinary. Opportunities to acquire finer examples are virtually non-existent. Population: 30 in 67 (3 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 14 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYGG, PCGS# 9297

**1928 Hawaiian Commemorative Half
Toned MS65**



- 6198** 1928 Hawaiian MS65 PCGS. Rather luminous surfaces give this Gem Hawaiian commemorative half dollar pleasant eye appeal, while large areas of greenish toning with russet-gray accents blanket each side. The strike is bold, and a few minor contact marks are hidden beneath the commanding patina. Finer examples of this popular classic commemorative are elusive. NGC ID# BYGR, PCGS# 9309

**1928 Hawaiian Half Dollar, MS65
Light Multihued Patina**



- 6199** 1928 Hawaiian MS65 PCGS. Subtle shades of violet, gold, green, and blue cover the entirety of this Gem Hawaiian half dollar. Microscopic ticks on Cook's cheek and in the adjacent field are the only marks preventing an even higher technical assessment. With a distribution of 10,000 coins, this is the recognized key issue among Classic silver commemoratives. NGC ID# BYGR, PCGS# 9309

**1928 Hawaiian Half Dollar, Satiny MS66
Merely Three Submissions Finer at PCGS**



- 6200** 1928 Hawaiian MS66 PCGS. A total of 10,000 1928 Hawaiian half dollar commemoratives were distributed for four times their face value. Examples of this ever-popular issue are seldom found so well preserved as this Premium Gem. Finer coins are extremely rare. The surfaces are satiny and untuned with bold design detail. A single mark above CAPT is the only one of note. PCGS records merely three finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# BYGR, PCGS# 9309

**1928 Hawaiian Half Dollar, MS66
Key Date Commemorative**



- 6201** 1928 Hawaiian MS66 NGC. A satiny and nearly mark-free representative of the most coveted silver commemorative type. Both sides display rich olive-green and lilac toning, with the former more prevalent on the obverse and the latter occupying much of the reverse. The legends credit Captain Cook as the discoverer of Hawaii even though the islands were already populated upon his arrival. NGC has seen six finer representatives (11/16). Ex: Philadelphia Signature (Heritage, 8/2012), lot 4249. NGC ID# BYGR, PCGS# 9309

- 6202** 1935 Hudson MS66+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A well-struck and largely unabraded example of this conditionally elusive classic commemorative, showing satiny luster with a light champagne hue. Daubs of olive-gold appear occasionally around the borders. PCGS records only 19 finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# BYGS, PCGS# 9312

- 6203** 1925 Lexington MS66 PCGS. CAC. Ice-blue and champagne toning embraces the satiny surfaces of this Premium Gem Lexington-Concord Sesquicentennial half dollar, showing bits of russet near the borders. The strike is sharp throughout. PCGS has seen only 26 numerically finer representatives (12/16). NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318

- 6204** 1918 Lincoln MS67 PCGS. Blushes of chestnut-brown patina appear over each side of this brilliant Superb Gem. The surfaces are near-flawless, failing to yield any mentionable marks even under close inspection. PCGS has certified three finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# BYGU, PCGS# 9320

**1918 Illinois Centennial Half Dollar, MS67+
Colorful Border Toning**



6205 1918 Lincoln MS67+ PCGS. Mottled cobalt-blue, crimson, and russet patina hugs the upper obverse and lower reverse borders. The remaining surfaces display pale gold accents and substantial mint brilliance. This Illinois Centennial Superb Gem commemorative offers a razor-sharp strike and exquisite preservation. PCGS has seen merely three finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# BYGU, PCGS# 9320

6206 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. A delightful Gem, this 1923-S Monroe half dollar exhibits splashes of gold and iridescent toning on its lustrous silver surfaces. A splendid piece for the advanced collector. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

6207 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. CAC. An impressive Gem Monroe half dollar, this piece exhibits brilliant silver luster with vibrant gold and iridescent toning toward the borders. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

6208 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. CAC. The Monroe half dollar is one of the most underappreciated commemorative half dollars due to the shallow dies that produced poor design definition. This Gem is a lovely exception with excellent definition and brilliant silver luster. Both sides have appealing peripheral iridescence. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

6209 1923-S Monroe MS66 PCGS. This lovely Premium Gem exhibits full mint brilliance and satiny silver luster with outstanding dappled gold and iridescent toning. PCGS has only certified seven finer examples since that certification service began operation 30 years ago (11/16). NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

6210 1923-S Monroe MS66 PCGS. CAC. Dappled shades of sea-green, lavender-gray, and jade toning visit the well-preserved surfaces of this impressive Premium Gem, with intense satiny mint luster underneath. CAC: 22 in 66, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

**1938 New Rochelle Half Dollar, MS68
Lively Luster, Spectacular Color**



6211 1938 New Rochelle MS68 NGC. The New Rochelle half dollars of 1938 were actually struck in 1937, championed by the Westchester County Coin Club of New Rochelle to celebrate the town's 250th anniversary. The coins were handled with care, but few can match the quality of this spectacular MS68 representative. Lavender-toned centers merge with accents of blue, gold, and russet around the border areas. Lively luster percolates through the layers of color. Essentially pristine. Census: 21 in 68 (4 in 68★, 1 in 68+★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYDX, PCGS# 9335

6212 1925 Norse, Thin Planchet, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Since their issue, the octagonal Norse medals have been widely collected as part of the silver commemorative series. The thin planchet variety has a mintage of 6,000 pieces, and is significantly scarcer than its thick flan counterpart. Attractively toned golden-brown, apple-green, and rose-red. NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9451

**Large Round Copper Plaque
Oregon Trail Half Dollar Reverse Design
James Earle and Laura Gardin Fraser**



6213 Fraser Oregon Trail Memorial Plaque. 16 inches. 10.5 pounds. Copper. This large and heavy circular plaque emulates the reverse of the Oregon Trail half dollar commemorative, struck intermittently between 1926 and 1939. The date has been replaced by the names of the designers for the issue, the husband and wife team of James Earle and Laura Gardin Fraser, signed as J.E. AND L.G. FRASER SCULPTORS. The only other design change is the absence of the motto IN GOD WE TRUST. The reverse is blank aside from two loops on the upper back that support a steel suspension wire. A similar plaque is on the headstone for the grave of noted Oregon Trail fundraiser Ezra Meeker. No foundry indicated, but possibly Medallie Art Co. We auctioned a similar item as lot 4259 in our 2012 Philadelphia Signature, which realized \$5,287.50.

6214 1926-S Oregon MS67+ PCGS. CAC. A Plus-graded Superb Gem example of one of the most popular issues in the silver commemorative series, this coin exhibits sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a trace of the usual softness on the letters in STATES. The impeccably preserved surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster under subtle shades of golden-brown and lavender-gray toning. PCGS has graded eight numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# BYH7, PCGS# 9341

**1926-S Oregon Trail Half, MS68
Essentially Perfect, Peripherally Toned**



6215 1926-S Oregon MS68 NGC. The Oregon Trail half was struck from 1926 through 1939, and significant numbers of Gem and finer pieces are known. However, at the MS68 level only a handful were set aside. This is an essentially perfect piece with no obvious abrasions. There are two markers evident that appear to be small spots of grease that were struck into the planchet at the time of manufacture: one is above the Indian's shoulder, the other is just below the Florida panhandle. The centers are almost brilliant, but the margins are brightly iridescent, giving the coin a well-balanced appearance from side to side. Census: 17 in 68 (3 in 68★, 1 in 68+★), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYH7, PCGS# 9341

**1936-S Oregon Trail Memorial Half Dollar
Condition Census MS68**



- 6216 1936-S Oregon MS68 PCGS.** The 1936-S Oregon Trail half dollar is rarely seen in MS68, but the certified population in this grade is minutely higher than that of its Philadelphia counterpart. Neither PCGS nor NGC have designated an example MS69, placing the present offering well-within the Condition Census. This piece boasts a remarkable full strike on the rear of the wagon, which is usually soft, and showcases lovely iridescent toning over satiny luster. Tinges of olive, gold, and amber-red color accent the peripheries. Population: 7 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYHC, PCGS# 9346

**1937-D Oregon Half Dollar, MS68
Outstanding Color and Preservation**



- 6217 1937-D Oregon MS68 NGC. CAC.** Amazing multicolor patina comprises golden-orange, russet, magenta, and jade-green. The rich toning uniformly covers the obverse, while the reverse displays similar hues around brilliant centers. Razor-sharp and nearly flawless. Certified in a prior generation holder with CAC approval. Census: 80 in 68 (2 in 68+, 6 in 68★, 1 in 68+★), 1 finer. CAC: 33 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYHG, PCGS# 9347
- 6218 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** Satiny mint luster delivers dusky champagne-gray toning on each side of this Gem Pan-Pac half dollar, illuminating sharp design elements and revealing almost no observable abrasions. The Panama-Pacific half dollar is the most affordable issue in the popular Pan-Pac classic commemorative subset. Housed in a first generation holder. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 6219 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS66 PCGS.** The 1915-S Panama-Pacific half dollars represent a joint effort between Charles Barber and George T. Morgan, long-time colleagues and rivals at the Mint. This lovely representative showcases rich charcoal, cobalt-blue, and golden-orange patina — a color palette often found on coins of this issue. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 6220 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS66 PCGS. CAC.** Pale gold toning appears at the central obverse and reverse inside a ring of lovely peripheral iridescence, with brilliant underlying luster. This exceptional Panama-Pacific half dollar is an excellent Set Registry candidate. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357

1915-S Panama-Pacific Half Dollar, Pleasing MS67



- 6221 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS67 PCGS.** All five of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition coins are in strong demand among collectors. Bowers (2008) writes that: "Most activity is necessarily centered around the varieties with the largest distribution - the half dollar in particular." The latter had a distribution of 27,134 pieces. The lustrous surfaces of the present Superb Gem offering display freckles of gray patina around the borders. Sharply struck devices and well-cared for surfaces round out the coin's highly pleasing eye appeal. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357

**1915-S Panama-Pacific Half Dollar
Spectacular Obverse Patina, MS67**



- 6222 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS67 PCGS. CAC.** A breathtaking palette of iridescent colors grace the obverse of this Superb Gem. At the periphery, a band of salmon-pink coloration is bordered by thin, successive rings of sea-green, lavender, and russet toning that flow into a variegated pool of ice-blue and platinum hues in the center. The reverse is an even silver-gray tone. The 1915 Panama-Pacific halves were all struck at the San Francisco Mint and were the first commemorative coins to include the motto IN GOD WE TRUST. PCGS has seen three finer submissions (11/16). Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 2139; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 4206. From *The Sounder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 6223 1915-S/S Panama-Pacific, FS-501, MS65 PCGS. CAC.** The mintmark is repunched east, apparent near the upper serif. Mostly brilliant surfaces display speckled crimson and russet patina intermittently over the obverse, while the other side remains virtually untuned. This frosty Gem is highly attractive and remarkably clean. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 145748 Base PCGS# 9357
- 6224 1921 Pilgrim MS66+ PCGS.** Struck in large quantities in both 1920 and 1921, the Pilgrim Tercentenary half dollars are far scarcer dated 1921 than the inaugural 1920 issue. An overly ambitious mintage of 100,000 pieces plus 53 assay coins yielded a net distribution of just 20,053 coins in 1921. This Plus-graded Pilgrim exudes satiny silver luster from faintly toned, golden-gray and lilac patina. A fully struck example, with full details on Governor Bradford's hat and cheekbone, as well as full rigging on the ship from stem to stern. Population: 23 in 66+, 47 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BYHS, PCGS# 9360

6225 1935-S San Diego MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The California-Pacific International Exposition held in San Diego saw the issuance of commemorative pieces popularly known today as San Diego half dollars. The bright silver-white surfaces of this high-end Superb Gem display freckles of gold-orange and crimson around the borders. This sharply struck, lustrous half is impeccably well preserved. PCGS lists just six finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# BYHY, PCGS# 9371

6226 1936-D San Diego MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Copper-orange, emerald-green, and chestnut-gold patina clings primarily to the margins. The centers are mostly brilliant with glints of pale toning. This MS67+ San Diego half dollar ranks among an elite group of survivors, as none are graded higher at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ2, PCGS# 9372

6227 1926 Sesquicentennial MS65 PCGS. CAC. Satin luster shines through champagne-gold and lavender toning throughout this wholly original Sesquicentennial half dollar. Grade-defining flecks are concentrated on Washington's cheek and the Liberty bell, whereas the fields are impeccably preserved. PCGS shows nine submissions finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ4, PCGS# 9374

6228 1925 Stone Mountain MS67 PCGS. CAC. Olive-gold and pale russet toning appears over each side of this Superb Gem example in various intensities. The strike is sharp, and the only mentionable imperfections are a few tiny ticks on the neck of General Lee's mount. PCGS records only eight numerically finer Stone Mountain commemorative half dollars. CAC: 87 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378

6229 1925 Stone Mountain MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This boldly defined Superb Gem has frosty bluish-silver luster with delicate gold toning over part of the obverse and much of the reverse. A splendid representative with few finer pieces available. PCGS has only certified eight higher grade examples (12/16). CAC: 87 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378

1925 Stone Mountain Half, MS68 Tied for Finest Known



6230 1925 Stone Mountain MS68 NGC. This remarkable MS68 Stone Mountain half dollar is among the finest known, and it is a major condition rarity as such. The coin is well-struck from lightly worn dies that show faint metal flowlines in the obverse fields. A crescent of deep burgundy toning appears along the lower-right obverse border, but the remainder of each side displays mostly olive-gold toning with soft pink and mint-green accents on the obverse. Census: 12 in 68, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378

6231 1938-S Texas MS67+ NGC. CAC. An arc of lemon-gold toning dominates the upper obverse margin, but most of this lustrous Superb Gem is almond-gold and pearl-gray. Boldly struck and unabraded. A superior example of this low mintage issue. CAC: 55 in 67, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJN, PCGS# 9396

6232 1938-S Texas MS67+ NGC. CAC. A tiny fraction of the Superb Gems reported at NGC have received a Plus designation for quality within the grade, and only two submissions are reported finer at that service (11/16). Golden-orange borders merge with untuned centers. Softly frosted with crisp definition. From a mintage of 3,814 coins. NGC ID# BYJN, PCGS# 9396

1927 Vermont Half Dollar, MS67 One Finer Example at PCGS



6233 1927 Vermont MS67 PCGS. The Vermont Sesquicentennial half dollar honors statesman and University of Vermont founder, Ira Allen, on the obverse. The reverse depicts a catamount or lynx in reference to a prominent tavern in Bennington, frequented by the heroes of the Battle of Vermont, the Green Mountain Boys. This Registry-quality half dollar is satiny and crisply struck with mixed powder-blue and gold patina. Population: 49 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYJR, PCGS# 9401

6234 1951 Booker T. Washington MS67 PCGS. CAC. A six-year run of Booker T. Washington half dollar production came to a close in 1951. Superb Gems are conditionally rare. This piece exhibits ice-blue and crimson tones at the rims that progress to chestnut and mauve hues near partly brilliant centers. A high-powered lens is required to bring minute ticks into view. Population: 23 in 67 (3 in 67+), 0 finer. CAC: 16 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYK9, PCGS# 9424

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD

1903 Louisiana Purchase Gold Dollar, MS67 McKinley Obverse, Two Coins Finer at PCGS



6235 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67 PCGS. A few scattered copper-orange alloy spots accent medium yellow-gold coloration. This Superb Gem gold dollar offers a crisp impression without any signs of die erosion near the margins. A high-powered lens is required to bring microscopic marks into view. PCGS reports just two finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

**1903 Louisiana Purchase Gold Dollar, MS67+
McKinley Obverse, Delightful Color**



- 6236** 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS67+ PCGS. This high-end Superb Gem is a visually delightful coin, showing lovely peach, rose-gold, and sun-orange hues throughout thoroughly lustrous and well-preserved surfaces. The strike is bold, and neither side exhibits a single complaint. PCGS records only two finer coins (10/16), attesting to the importance of this example to Registry Set collectors. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

**1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS65
Early Souvenir Commemorative**



- 6237** 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. Bright, satiny yellow-gold luster adorns this well-preserved Lewis and Clark gold dollar. The portraits are sharply rendered, and the usual metal flowlines in the fields are minimal. The 1904 was the first of two gold dollar issues produced as souvenirs for the Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition, held in Portland, Oregon, in 1905. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7447

**1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66
Exceptional Color and Surfaces**



- 6238** 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 PCGS. Plentiful in lower grades, the 1904 Lewis and Clark gold dollar becomes scarce in MS66 and is rarely seen finer. This sharply struck example showcases exceptional preservation and coloration, including tangerine-gold margins with lovely lavender-tinted interiors. Metal flowlines in the fields are typical of the issue. PCGS reports only 23 Superb Gems finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7447

**1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66+
Outstanding Eye Appeal**



- 6239** 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Stunning copper-gold luster emanates from both sides of this high-end commemorative gold dollar, complemented by sharply struck design elements. The surfaces have been very well cared for, further enhancing the coin's outstanding eye appeal. Bowers (2008) says of this issue: "... among all commemorative gold coins of this denomination, the Lewis and Clark issues of 1904 and 1905 are singularly distinctive for their rarity in higher grades. They are far rarer than any other commemorative gold dollar varieties." NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7447

- 6240** 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS64 PCGS. Lewis and Clark gold dollars were produced in 1904 and 1905, the latter being scarcer in high grades. Attributes of this attractive Choice example include luminous lemon-gold color and coruscating luster. Well-detailed with minimal marks and slight die erosion near the legends. NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

- 6241** 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS64 PCGS. Only 8% of the 250,000 Lewis and Clark gold dollars authorized for production were sold in 1904 and 1905 (10,025 and 10,041 coins, respectively). This well-detailed near-Gem from the scarcer of the two issues displays a mix of yellow-gold color and gleaming mint luster. Field marks are unobtrusive. NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

**1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar, MS66
More Elusive Than the 1904 Issue**



- 6242** 1905 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS66 NGC. From a distribution of 10,041 pieces, the 1905 Lewis and Clark gold dollar is considerably more difficult to locate than its 1904 counterpart. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces with vibrant mint luster on both sides. Census: 52 in 66 (3 in 66+, 1 in 66★), 3 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BYLG, PCGS# 7448

- 6243** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS66+ PCGS. CAC. This glistening, high-end Pan-Pac gold dollar appears to have just fallen from the dies, showing vibrant honey-gold luster, a sharp strike, and almost flawless surfaces. The CAC endorsement affirms the immense eye appeal. Finer examples of this popular classic commemorative are seldom offered. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449

**1915-S Pan-Pac Gold Dollar, MS67
Delightful Luster and Color**



- 6244** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS67 NGC. The Panama-Pacific International Exposition was the occasion for the creation of what would become some of the most sought-after issues in the classic commemoratives series. Here offered is a Superb Gem example of the gold dollar, showing lovely rose-gold and sun-yellow hues along with nearly flawless preservation. Census: 69 in 67 (2 in 67+, 1 in 67 ★), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449

**1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar, MS67+
Tied for Finest Certified at Either Service**



- 6245** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS67+ NGC. CAC. Subtle rose-gold overtones accent satiny yellow-gold luster on each side, while the surfaces approach perfection and the strike is bold. The Panama-Pacific gold dollars were generally well-preserved following their issue in 1915 in San Francisco, and high-grade survivors are fairly plentiful. This piece, however, stands out from the rest as one of only two MS67 representatives to receive a Plus designation from NGC, with none graded numerically finer. Census: 69 in 67 (2 in 67+, 1 in 67★), 0 finer. CAC: 18 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). Ex: *Summer FUN Signature* (Heritage, 7/2014), lot 4069. From *The Souder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449

- 6246** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle AU58 NGC. This brilliant and lustrous orange-gold quarter eagle will prove to be an affordable representative of the denomination for the commemorative gold aficionado on a budget. Just a trace of high-point rub prevents a higher grade and price level. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

**1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle, MS65
Sharply Detailed and Well-Preserved**



- 6247** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS65 NGC. From a distribution of 6,749 pieces struck in connection with the 1915 Panama-Pacific International Exposition, this delightful Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

**1915-S Pan-Pac Quarter Eagle, MS65
Panama-Pacific Exposition Souvenir**



- 6248** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS65 PCGS. CAC. Few subsets of the classic commemorative series are as heavily sought-after and challenging as the Panama-Pacific International Exposition souvenir coins. This set consists of a silver half dollar and four gold issues, including a dollar, quarter eagle, and two fifty dollar coins. This is a lustrous Gem example of the quarter eagle, which is one of only two classic commemorative issues of this denomination. The strike is sharply executed, and the well-preserved surfaces offer satiny orange-gold luster. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

**1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle, MS66
Vivid Color, Vibrant Luster**



- 6249** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS66 NGC. The 1915-S Panama-Pacific quarter eagle is not too difficult to locate at the MS66 grade level, but finer examples are very scarce. This spectacular Premium Gem offers impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and sharply detailed design elements on both sides. Eye appeal is terrific. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1915-S Pan-Pac Two and a Half, MS66
Elusive in Finer Condition



- 6250** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS66 NGC. Frosty yellow-gold luster illuminates well-preserved surfaces on each side of this Premium Gem Panama-Pacific quarter eagle, while the design elements offer sharp definition. The Pan-Pac quarter eagle is frequently available in this grade, but finer coins are scarce and are out of reach for many collectors. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle
Bright MS66



- 6251** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS66 NGC. Exceptional preservation and satiny yellow-gold luster combine to give this Premium Gem example strong visual appeal. The devices are sharply rendered. Finer examples of the Panama-Pacific quarter eagle are scarce, making coins in this grade appealing to the budget-conscious collector seeking a great deal of technical quality and eye appeal. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle, MS66
Exceptional Quality for the Grade



- 6252** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS66 NGC. This sharp Premium Gem Pan-Pac quarter eagle showcases frosty yellow-gold luster that reveals almost no evidence of contact. The appealing surfaces deliver strong eye appeal even at 10x magnification. The 1915-S Panama-Pacific quarter eagle is usually available in this grade, but the present piece is visually finer than the typical MS66. Higher-graded representatives are scarce. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1915-S Pan-Pac Quarter Eagle, MS67
None Numerically Finer at Either Service



- 6253** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS67 PCGS. A prize example of an always-popular Charles Barber and George T. Morgan commemorative design. The obverse is some of Barber's finest work, with a modernistic figure of Columbia astride a galloping hippocampus. The reverse revisits an eagle created by Morgan for an 1877 half dollar pattern. This Superb Gem Pan-Pac quarter eagle is among 43 such submissions in this grade at PCGS, and none could be demonstrably finer than this frosty and lustrous greenish-gold example. Population: 43 in 67 (1 in 67+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

1915-S Pan-Pac Two and a Half, MS67
Sharply Struck and Virtually Unmarked



- 6254** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle MS67 NGC. CAC. The 1915-S Panama-Pacific quarter eagles were a Charles Barber-George T. Morgan dual-design piece, but for once Barber may have outdone Morgan in artistry. These pieces are the largest "affordable" Pan-Pac gold commemoratives for the vast majority of collectors, and the present Superb Gem ranks among the finest survivors at either service. This orange-gold piece displays excellent eye appeal with a sharp strike and virtually none of the tiny marks that many lower-graded examples show. A CAC-endorsed example. CAC: 24 in 67, 0 finer (11/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 3/2013), lot 4014.
From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# BYLP, PCGS# 7450

**1922 Grant Gold Dollar, MS67
Exceptional No Star Variant**



- 6255** 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, No Star, MS67 PCGS. CAC. The 1922 Grant No Star gold dollars were offered to the public at a price of \$3 per coin beginning in April of that year. Unlike many commemorative issues, the Grant gold dollars were all distributed eventually and none were subsequently melted. Surprisingly, the issue is not difficult to locate at the MS67 grade level, but PCGS has not certified any coins in higher numeric grades (11/16). This spectacular Superb Gem offers sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout, with impeccably preserved yellow and orange-gold surfaces. NGC ID# BYLN, PCGS# 7458

**1922 Grant Gold Dollar, MS67+
Finest No Star Example at PCGS**



- 6256** 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, No Star, MS67+ PCGS. CAC. The Grant No Star gold dollar had the same distribution as With Stars coins: 5,016 pieces. The PCGS *Population Report* shows the No Stars coins to be much scarcer in MS66 and MS67 than their With Star cousins. Traces of lilac color accent rich yellow-gold surfaces. This nearly mark-free Superb Gem boasts unbeatable visual appeal. PCGS reports six Superb Gems with a Plus designation and none finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYLN, PCGS# 7458

**1922 Grant Gold Dollar, MS67
With Star Variety**



- 6257** 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, With Star, MS67 PCGS. A sharp strike and beautiful, frosty luster give this Superb Gem With Star Grant Memorial gold dollar exceptional visual appeal. Primarily yellow-gold surfaces reveal hints of lavender and orange when tilted beneath a light. PCGS records only four numerically finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# BYPS, PCGS# 7459

**1922 Grant With Star Gold Dollar, MS67+
Magnificent Eye Appeal**



- 6258** 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, With Star, MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This magnificent high-end Superb Gem Grant commemorative gold dollar With Star displays ebullient luster radiating from yellow-gold surfaces. The design features are sharply rendered, including the details of the fenced clapboard house of Grant's boyhood. Immaculate preservation rounds out the coin's wonderful eye appeal. PCGS reports only four coins finer (11/16). NGC ID# BYPS, PCGS# 7459

**1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle, MS66
Outstanding Preservation and Eye Appeal**



- 6259** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS66 PCGS. The Sesquicentennial quarter eagle is infrequently seen at the Premium Gem level, and PCGS has not certified any numerically finer examples (11/16). The present coin is well-struck and awash in frosty luster — peach and rose hues prevail in the centers, while the peripheries display vivid mint-gold accents. Pleasantly free of abrasions. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466

MODERN ISSUES

**1984-S Olympic Silver Dollar, MS70
Registry Set Essential**



- 6260** 1984-S Olympic Silver Dollar MS70 PCGS. The headless sculptures caused an uproar when these early modern commemoratives were released in 1984. The 1984-D is plentiful through MS69 but very rare in this ultimate collector grade. Brilliant satin surfaces are devoid of any flaws whatsoever. Registry Set essential. Population: 17 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28PB, PCGS# 9611

- 6261 1989-D Congress Half Dollar MS70 NGC.** Congress celebrated its bicentennial in 1989. Beautiful light gray surfaces are perfect in all respects. NGC reports only 11 MS70 pieces, PCGS 18 submissions.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28PY, PCGS# 9632
- 6262 1996-P Olympic/Rowing Silver Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC.** Stark field-motif contrast is apparent on this Ultra Cameo, especially on the obverse. Mark-free surfaces and fully struck devices round out the coin's outstanding eye appeal. This proof 1996 Atlanta Olympic Games commemorative dollar highlights rowing competition.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28TX, PCGS# 9729

1995 and 1996 Atlanta Olympic Commemoratives Complete 32-Piece Set in Wooden Case



- 6263 Complete 32-Piece 1995-1996 Atlanta Olympics Commemorative Set in Wooden Case.**
The most ambitious American commemorative set ever created, the full Atlanta Olympic commemorative suite with four copper-nickel half dollar, eight silver dollar, and four gold five dollar designs, each represented in proof and Uncirculated formats. All coins uncirculated but in their original plastic cases, arranged on two trays in a locking hardwood box with key.
Ex: Stamford Coinfest Signature (Heritage, 10/2010), lot 4478, which realized \$9,200. (Total: 32 coins)
- 6264 1997-W Jackie Robinson Gold Five Dollar MS70 NGC.** The low distribution of 5,174 pieces makes the Jackie Robinson gold five dollar one of the more important keys to the modern commemorative series. Flawless wheat-gold surfaces exhibit fully struck design elements.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28UG, PCGS# 9759 Base PCGS# 9759
- 6265 2000-W Library of Congress Bimetallic Ten Dollar MS70 PCGS.** A flawless example of this intriguing modern commemorative, struck with a platinum core inside a gold ring. The present example is fully struck and lustrous. From a small distribution of 7,261 pieces. NGC ID# 26U9, PCGS# 9784
- 6266 2000-W Library of Congress Bimetallic Ten Dollar MS70 NGC.** This impressive bimetallic ten dollar is completely free of flaws. The design elements are fully struck. Only 7,261 Mint State examples were struck commemorating the 200th anniversary of the founding of the Library of Congress.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 26U9, PCGS# 9784

MODERN BULLION COINS

- 6267 1987 One-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** Slightly more than 1 million one-ounce gold eagles were minted in 1987, yet only 300 pieces have received a perfect MS70 grade assessment from the two major grading services. This brilliant representative has a bold strike and satin luster. As expected, every aspect of this beauty defines perfection. NGC ID# 26PB, PCGS# 9814

- 6268 1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** This was the first of many low-mintage half-ounce gold eagles with a production stopped after just 45,000 pieces were coined. This satiny Superb Gem exhibits brilliant yellow-gold luster and bold design motifs with exceptional eye appeal. Census: 99 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26N9, PCGS# 9822

1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70 Low-Mintage Issue



- 6269 1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** Mintage of half-ounce Gold Eagles was reduced to a paltry 45,000 pieces in 1988. This magnificent specimen exhibits razor-sharp definition on all design elements and the technically perfect orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. Overall eye appeal is terrific. Census: 99 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26N9, PCGS# 9822

1989 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70 Technically and Aesthetically Flawless



- 6270 1989 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1989 half-ounce American Gold Eagle boasts a mintage of just 44,798 pieces and one of the lowest MS70 populations of the series. Current NGC population data shows 66 technically perfect coins, while PCGS has awarded just seven pieces the coveted MS70 grade (11/16). As always, strong mint luster accompanies the pristine and frosty rich, yellow-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 26NA, PCGS# 9832

1990 Silver Eagle, MS70 Perfect Registry Coin



- 6271 1990 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** This is one of the scarce dates from the 1990s that proves exceedingly difficult to find in this perfect grade. Opportunities to procure an MS70 example are scarcer than the coins themselves, as most are tightly held in advanced collections and Registry Sets. This prime offering is completely brilliant. There are no milk spots or signs of contact. NGC ID# 26JC, PCGS# 9836

6272 1990 Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 PCGS. A perfect satiny Mint State tenth-ounce gold Eagle, this piece has brilliant yellow luster and exceptional eye appeal. Population: 15 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26KZ, PCGS# 9838

6273 1990 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 PCGS. With only three finer examples reported at PCGS (10/16), this nearly flawless 1990 half-ounce Gold Eagle represents an excellent opportunity for the Registry Set collector to fill a hole in their collection. The coin is fully struck and radiantly lustrous. The obverse is pristine, and a loupe reveals only one tiny tick at the edge of the upper eagle's right (facing) wing that defines the grade. NGC ID# 26NB, PCGS# 9842

**1990 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Ultimate Technical Quality and Visual Appeal**



6274 1990 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. The 1990 half-ounce Gold Eagle claims a low mintage of 31,000 pieces and relatively few have been certified in the ultimate grade of MS70. This spectacular specimen exhibits technically perfect orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. Razor-sharp definition is evident on all design elements and the incredible eye appeal is a match for the extraordinary technical quality. Census: 44 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26NB, PCGS# 9842

**1991 Silver Eagle, MS70
Very Scarce Registry Offering**



6275 1991 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. The advent of Registry Sets has spurred demand for top-graded Silver Eagles, but technically flawless examples from the early part of the series often pose a major challenge. This satiny, fully struck representative from a mintage of 7.1 million coins is absolutely pristine. A brilliant example sure to attract attention from dedicated series enthusiasts. NGC ID# 26JE, PCGS# 9846

**1991 Silver Eagle, MS70
Ultimate State of Preservation**



6276 1991 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. The second edition of *American Silver Eagles* explains: "At the MS-70 level the 1991 has one of the strongest values in the marketplace." Indeed, it represents one of the most elusive issues at this ultimate grade level. This flawless representative is fully struck and satiny with a couple of trivial milk spots on the obverse. NGC ID# 26JE, PCGS# 9846

6277 1991 Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. An exquisite strike and highly lustrous yellow-gold surfaces are the hallmarks of this perfect Mint State quarter-ounce gold eagle. NGC ID# 26M7, PCGS# 9850

6278 1991 Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. The Philadelphia Mint struck a mere 36,100 quarter-ounce gold eagles dated MCMXCI, the last year that Roman Numerals appeared on the gold eagles. This impressive and perfect Superb Gem exhibits satin surfaces and reflective fields, especially on the obverse. NGC ID# 26M7, PCGS# 9850

**1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS69
Low Mintage**



6279 1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 PCGS. This nearly flawless 1991 half-ounce Gold Eagle displays a full strike and satiny yellow-gold mint luster. This is the final issue in the series with a Roman numeral date, and only 24,100 pieces were struck. PCGS reports a paltry finer population of just 20 representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 26NC, PCGS# 9852

**1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Final Issue With Roman Numerals**



- 6280 1991 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** Mintage of half-ounce Gold Eagles continued to drop in 1991, when only 24,100 examples were struck. Arabic numerals replaced the Roman numerals in the date the following year. This magnificent MS70 specimen exhibits fully struck design elements and technically perfect orange-gold surfaces with vibrant mint luster and incredible eye appeal. Census: 85 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26NC, PCGS# 9852

**1992 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
First Arabic Numerals Date**



- 6281 1992 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** The date on the half-ounce Gold Eagle was expressed in Arabic numerals for the first time in 1992, and the mintage was increased to 54,404 pieces. This extraordinary MS70 example exhibits fully struck design elements and radiant mint luster on both sides. Technically perfect orange-gold surfaces add to the incredible eye appeal. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 9862

**1993 Silver Eagle, MS70
Better Date in the Series**



- 6282 1993 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1996 and 1999 are the two keys to the Silver Eagle series in MS70, but the 1993 is right there with them. This superb example is satiny and brilliant, devoid of contact and any distracting spots, though splashes of pale patina hug the upper reverse periphery. Fully struck and very scarce in this flawless state. NGC ID# 26JJ, PCGS# 9866

- 6283 1993 Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 PCGS.** PCGS reports only 24 1993 tenth-ounce Gold Eagles in perfect MS70 condition (11/16). This example is pristine and perfectly struck with attractive wheat-gold color and dazzling eye appeal. NGC ID# 26L4, PCGS# 9868

- 6284 1994 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1994 Silver Eagle has the second-lowest mintage among all Mint State issues in the series with only 4.2 million pieces produced. The bright, satiny surfaces show brilliant centers while surrounded by pale olive patina in a wide band around the margins. Fully struck as expected. NGC ID# 26JL, PCGS# 9876

- 6285 1994 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** A production of 4.2 million coins makes the 1994 one of the keys to the Silver Eagle series in any grade. Flawless representatives are always in high demand. Aside from translucent patina near some of the peripheral areas, each side is absolutely brilliant without a mark of note. The strike is fully rendered. NGC ID# 26JL, PCGS# 9876

- 6286 1994 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** The extremely popular American Eagle gold and silver coins were intended for bullion purchases, rather than collecting purposes. However, the collector can have the best of both worlds, forming a complete collection of the various issues, and building a significant stockpile of precious metal in the process. This flawless example has brilliant and satiny yellow-gold luster with bold design motifs. NGC ID# 26NE, PCGS# 9882

**1995-W Silver Eagle, PR69 Ultra Cameo
Low-Mintage Key Issue**



- 6287 1995-W Silver Eagle PR69 Ultra Cameo NGC.** Only 30,125 1995-W Silver Eagles were struck in 1995, all for inclusion in the five-piece 10th Anniversary American Eagle proof set. The high cost of the set prevented a large distribution and the 1995-W is the key to the Silver Eagle series today. This fully struck PR69 specimen is just one tick away from technical perfection, with deeply mirrored fields that contrast profoundly with the frosty design elements. Eye appeal is terrific. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

**1995-W Silver Eagle, PR69 Deep Cameo
Visually and Technically Exceptional**



- 6288 1995-W Silver Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** An extensive search with a 10x loupe to find an imperfection of this near-perfect Deep Cameo proof turned up empty. The coin is fully struck and displays dramatic white-on-black contrast with no evidence of toning. The key issue in the proof Silver Eagle series is difficult to acquire in finer condition, particularly in a PCGS holder. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

1995-W Silver Eagle, PR69 Deep Cameo
Virtually Perfect Quality



6289 1995-W Silver Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. At time of issue, the 1995-W Silver Eagle could only be acquired through the purchase on an expensive 10th Anniversary American Eagle proof set — thus the low mintage of just 30,125 pieces. This Deep Cameo example approaches perfection with gleaming, glassy mirrored fields and fully frosty devices. Blizzard-white motifs sit on jet-black fields. PCGS reports only 102 finer coins in Deep Cameo (11/16). NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

1995-W Silver Eagle, PR69 Deep Cameo
Proof Series Key Issue



6290 1995-W Silver Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. Just 30,125 pieces were struck, and while most pieces are understandably in very high grades, relatively few achieve the PR69 Deep Cameo designation or finer. This visually unimprovable example falls just short of the ultimate grade, yet it stands out for the blatant frostiness and devices perched on unfathomably deep, glassy fields. PCGS now reports 102 finer examples, a number that inches up from time to time but not quickly (11/16). NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

1995-W Silver Eagle, PR69 Ultra Cameo
Capstone Issue in the Series



6291 1995-W Silver Eagle PR69 Ultra Cameo NGC. No other issue in the Silver Eagle series is as well-known or wildly pursued as the 1995-W, produced to the meager extent of 30,125 proofs. They represent the first coins in the series with the W mintmark and could only be acquired at the time of issue through the prohibitively expensive 10th Anniversary American Eagle proof set. This near-pristine example is brilliant and boldly contrasted. A thick layer of frost covers devices surrounded by mirrorlike fields. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

1995-W Silver Eagle, PR70 Ultra Cameo
Spectacular Quality



6292 1995-W Silver Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. The 1995-W has proven itself the stand-alone key to the proof Silver Eagle series, benefited by both high-grade scarcity and the allure of its small 30,125-coin mintage. Among modern bullion issues, the mintage of the 1995-W proof is minuscule. This issue was not sold individually at the time of its release but was included in special 10th Anniversary Proof Bullion Coinage Sets, which were distributed at a high cost of \$999. The West Point-issued sets included the Silver Eagle along with its four gold counterparts. Today, PR70 Deep Cameo examples of the Silver Eagle are at the top of Registry Set collectors' wish lists. The present offering showcases a full strike and dramatic white-on-black cameo contrast with fully mirrored fields. This piece is poised to become the Holy Grail of a proof Silver Eagle collection.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

**1995-W Silver Eagle, PR70
Flawless Ultra Cameo Example**



- 6293 1995-W Silver Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC.** The FUN sale this year is an important event for collectors of proof Silver Eagle Registry Sets. Here offered is a flawlessly preserved, beautiful struck Ultra Cameo example of the key to the proof series: the 1995-W. This low-mintage issue was distributed only through special 10th Anniversary Bullion Program proof sets, which included the 1995-W Silver Eagle along with its four Gold Eagle proof counterparts. The sets were sold at a steep price of \$999, which stunted sales to only 30,125 sets. This corresponded to the entire production of the 1995-W Silver Eagle, which is now the key date to the entire proof series. The present NGC coin displays full detail and dramatic field-device contrast. Eye appeal is exceptional. NGC ID# CFWX, PCGS# 9887

**1995-W Proof Set, PR69 Deep Cameo
10th Anniversary American Eagles**



- 6294 Five-Piece 1995-W 10th Anniversary American Eagle Proof Set PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** This complete five-piece silver and gold American Eagle proof set is housed in separate holders bearing consecutive certification numbers. The silver Eagle is the key issue to the set, due to its low mintage of 30,125 pieces. The tenth-ounce \$5, quarter-ounce \$10, half-ounce \$25, and one-ounce \$50 are also included. All five coins are graded PR69 Deep Cameo. Each coin offers an intricate strike, glassy fields, icy motifs, and flawless preservation. (Total: 5 coins)

**1995 Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Only Four Top-Graded Coins at PCGS
The Finest Example We Have Offered**



- 6295 1995 Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 PCGS.** Demand for quarter-ounce Gold Eagles increased by 15% from 1994 to 1995, with the mint striking 83,752 ten dollar gold bullion coins in circulation-strike format. That production total is relatively unremarkable in the context of the entire series, failing to suggest just how rare in the 1995 is flawless MS70 condition. Where recent issues tend to be more available than not in MS70, the 1995 is very rare with flawless surfaces. PCGS has only seen four such examples, this one included (11/16). Another MS70 PCGS example recently realized \$20,200 in an October 2015 eBay sale. Remarkably, this is the first time we have ever offered an example in MS70 from either service. Butter-gold surfaces are devoid of any impairment whatsoever and feature fully struck devices. We expect this lot to generate spirited bidding. NGC ID# 26MB, PCGS# 9890

**1995 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Only 10 Coins This Fine at PCGS**



- 6296 1995 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 PCGS.** The 1995 half-ounce Gold Eagle is a scarce in perfect MS70 condition, and PCGS-graded coins at this level are genuinely rare. The present piece displays a full strike and rich, satiny yellow-gold luster. An essential acquisition for the Registry Set enthusiast. Population: 10 in 70 (10/16). NGC ID# 26NG, PCGS# 9892

1996 Silver Eagle, Pristine MS70



- 6297 1996 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1996 American Silver Eagle issues had the P mintmark reserved for proofs only, while the "circulation strikes" such as this piece lacked a mintmark. Close examination with a loupe locates no mentionable flaws, as expected, and the surfaces are uniformly frosted silver-white save for a light touch of opaque pale-white patina around the obverse border. NGC ID# 26JR, PCGS# 9900

**1996 Silver Eagle, MS70
Unimprovable Key Date Coin**



- 6298 1996 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1996 has the lowest mintage among circulation-strike Silver Eagles and challenges the 1999 for most elusive date in the series to acquire in technically flawless MS70 condition. This is one such coin, with luminous silvery surfaces devoid of color or imperfection. The design elements are fully struck. A couple of unimportant milk spots occur on each side. Expect heated bidding from Registry builders. NGC ID# 26JR, PCGS# 9900

- 6299 1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** Demand for the three larger size gold Eagles dropped in 1996, and only 39,287 half-ounce pieces were produced. This impressive and perfect Superb Gem exhibits a bold strike and brilliant straw-gold luster. NGC ID# 26NH, PCGS# 9906

- 6300 1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** The economy grew and unemployment hit a historic low in 1996, and demand for the gold eagles diminished as investors chose other avenues. This sensational half-ounce gold eagle features a full strike and brilliant satin luster with extraordinary eye appeal. NGC ID# 26NH, PCGS# 9906

**1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Lower-Mintage Issue**



- 6301 1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC.** Gold was not a popular investment option for most people in 1996 and demand for half-ounce gold eagles dropped accordingly. Only 39,287 specimens were struck that year. This magnificent MS70 example exhibits technically perfect orange-gold surfaces, with fully struck design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout. NGC ID# 26NH, PCGS# 9906

- 6302 1997 Tenth-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 PCGS.** A collection of silver, gold, and platinum American Eagle coins allows the collector to enjoy the numismatic hobby and participate in the precious metals marketplace simultaneously. This perfect Mint State piece exhibits reversed mirrors with reflective devices and lustrous fields. Population: 27 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26S5, PCGS# 99754

- 6303 1997 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC.** Despite one of the higher mintages in the series (27,100 coins), the 1997 quarter-ounce Platinum Eagle has a surprisingly small certified population in this grade. Each pristine side features pinpoint definition. Census: 94 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26SR, PCGS# 99753

**1997 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
Inaugural Low-Mintage Issue**



- 6304 1997 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC.** The half-ounce coins had the smallest distribution among first-year Platinum Eagles: only 20,500 pieces. Although readily obtainable in MS68 and MS69, the 1997 fifty dollar is rare in this unimprovable grade. As usual, each side is devoid of color and fully struck. Census: 40 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26TC, PCGS# 99752

**1997 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
The Sole Finest Example at PCGS**



- 6305 1997 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 PCGS.** The numismatic significance of this Platinum Eagle should be considered carefully. It represents the first issuance of platinum coinage in United States history and was voted "Most Popular" by the *World Coin News* in its 1997 "Coin of the Year" competition. Only a small handful of the 56,000 one-ounce bullion strikes produced have received an MS70 assessment. Five of those are at NGC, and this is the sole finest example at PCGS (11/16). Technically perfect, partly contrasted, and fully struck, we expect strong interest from Registry Set builders.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 26TY, PCGS# 99751

1998 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70



- 6306 1998 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC.** Numismatic excellence from the second year of the platinum American Eagle series. This stunning MS70 specimen exhibits fully struck design elements and technically perfect, untuned satiny surfaces with incredible eye appeal. Census: 12 in 70 (11/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2010), lot 3321
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 26TD, PCGS# 9767

**1999 Silver Eagle, MS70
Key in High Grades**



- 6307 1999 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC.** The 1999 has the lowest certified population in MS70 at NGC among all circulation-strike Silver Eagles. As such we expected considerable interest for this important Registry contender. Brilliant and fully struck, this piece displays dusky patina around the margins on each side. Absolutely pristine. NGC ID# 26JX, PCGS# 9947

- 6308 1999 Silver Eagle MS70 ANACS.** A magnificent MS70 specimen of this popular Silver Eagle issue, with technically flawless surfaces, vibrant mint luster on both sides, and razor-sharp definition on all design elements. Overall eye appeal is tremendous. The 1999 Silver Eagle was especially popular with investors because of the Y2K hysteria, but relatively few examples have been certified in MS70 condition. PCGS# 612788 Base PCGS# 9947

- 6309 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS70 NGC.** Dies originally intended to strike proofs, identified by the West Point mintmark, were used to produce an estimated 14,500 circulation-strike tenth-ounce coins. This pristine representative offers a full impression and delightful yellow-gold coloration. A popular *Guide Book* variety.
From The Mile High Collection. PCGS# 511606 Base PCGS# 99940

- 6310 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS69 NGC.** The popular Unfinished Proof issue, a regular issue quarter-ounce Gold Eagle struck with West Point proof dies that were not given a mirror finish. This nearly flawless example offers a full strike and vibrant yellow-gold mint luster. NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 511607 Base PCGS# 99942

**1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Guide Book Unfinished Proof Dies Variety**



- 6311 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS70 PCGS.** The 1999-W quarter-ounce Gold Eagles were inadvertently struck with unfinished proof dies, probably due to the larger demand for bullion coins that was occasioned by the Y2K hysteria of the time, which put considerable strain on the Mint's facilities. This technically perfect example is fully struck and lustrous. This issue is listed among the *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins*. Population: 10 in 70 (10/16). NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 511607 Base PCGS# 99942

**1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
Unfinished Proof Dies Variant, FS-401**



- 6312 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS70 PCGS.** The tenth- and quarter-ounce Gold Eagles struck from unfinished proof dies represent the only true die varieties among all Gold Eagles from 1986 to present and are required for completion of a set. Although it is estimated that 10,000 quarter-ounce coins were inadvertently struck from these proof dies, far fewer are reported at the grading services. This semireflective yellow-gold example features a complete impression. Absolutely flawless in every respect. Population: 10 in 70 (11/16). NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 511607 Base PCGS# 99942

1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, MS70
FS-401, Struck From Unfinished Proof Dies



- 6313** 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS70 NGC. Inexplicably, the Mint employed unfinished proof dies with the West Point mintmark to produce circulation-strike Gold Eagles in the five and ten dollar denominations in 1999. This interesting variety, the only die variety in the series, is listed among the *100 Greatest U.S. Modern Coins* by Schechter and Garrett. This is a flawless, rose-gold representative with full strike characteristics and semireflective fields. Census: 48 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 511607 Base PCGS# 99942

1999 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
Seldom-Offered Registry Opportunity



- 6314** 1999 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 PCGS. More circulation-strike quarter-ounce Platinum Eagles were struck in 1999 than in any other year between 1997 and 2008 (39,734 coins). However, MS70 representatives are very rare. The recesses of the die are polished while the fields are lustrous — a curious finish for sure, but certainly attractive. Sparkling and perfectly preserved. Population: 7 in 70 (11/16). *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2003), lot 9528.* *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26ST, PCGS# 9774

2000 Silver Eagle, Pristine MS70



- 6315** 2000 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. Despite a high mintage of 9.2 million coins, surpassed only by the 1987 up to that point, the 2000 Silver Eagle is very scarce in MS70. Not only is this outstanding, fully struck Registry coin completely devoid of contact, it also lacks any of the naturally occurring spots that often plague coins from this and other issues. NGC ID# 26JZ, PCGS# 9949 Base PCGS# 9969

2000 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
Rarely Offered in Perfect Condition



- 6316** 2000 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 PCGS. Quarter-ounce Platinum Eagle output dropped nearly in half between 1999 and 2000. Merely 20,054 circulation strikes were manufactured in the first year of the new Millennium, and PCGS has only certified nine submissions in this technically perfect grade (11/16). As expected, this Registry-quality coin is fully struck and unabraded. Lovely eye appeal. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26SU, PCGS# 9780

2000 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
Only Five Pristine Examples at Both Services



- 6317** 2000 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. Like many other offerings from this impressive collection, the present coin represents one of the finest examples of the 2000 one-ounce Platinum Eagle. From a mintage of 10,003 coins, NGC records merely four submissions at this grade level, along with a single example at PCGS (11/16). This fully struck MS70 coin is totally brilliant and undeniably appealing. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26U3, PCGS# 9782

- 6318** 2001 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. This Registry-grade half-ounce Platinum Eagle is one of only 12,815 such coins minted in 2001 and ranks among an elite group of top-graded examples. As usual, the razor-sharp motifs and pristine surfaces are bound to impress. Census: 36 in 70 (11/16). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26TG, PCGS# 9788

**2001 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, MS70
Among Seven Top-Graded Examples**



6319 2001 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. Precious metals prices were down across the board in 2001, and demand for gold and silver declined, too. Platinum bullion sales increased, though, to 14,070 one-ounce coins. That total is still relatively meager in the context of U.S. coinage. This is a pristine and needle-sharp example destined for a meticulously assembled Registry Set. Census: 7 in 70 (11/16).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 26U4, PCGS# 9789

6320 Four-Piece 2002 Platinum Eagle Set MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing matching ideal grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** All four coins appear as made with full strikes and pristine preservation.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6321 2003-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Moy Signature PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Jet-black fields and thickly frosted, fully struck relief elements account for the Deep Cameo contrast and spectacular visual quality. The Mint struck 28,344 one-ounce Gold Eagles in 2003. The insert is hand-signed by the 38th Mint Director, Edmund C. Moy. Population: 12 in 70 Deep Cameo, (11/16). PCGS# 522960 Base PCGS# 99963

6322 Four-Piece 2003 Platinum Eagle Set MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in individual holders bearing ideal and identical grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** A pristine and crisply struck quartet.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6323 Four-Piece 2004 Platinum Eagle Set MS70 NGC. The coins are encapsulated in individual holders bearing identical ultimate grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** An immaculate and fully struck quartet.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6324 Four-Piece 2005 Platinum Eagle Set MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing identical and ideal grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** All four coins are brilliant and pristine with full strikes.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6325 Three-Piece 20th Anniversary 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle Set NGC. The three pristine one-ounce \$50 gold eagles are separately holdered. The set includes a **reverse proof PR70, a regular proof PR70 Ultra Cameo, and an Uncirculated finish MS70.** The trio is as issued, with immaculate preservation and bold strikes.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 3 coins)

6326 Three-Piece 20th Anniversary 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle Set NGC. The three pristine one-ounce \$50 gold eagles are housed in separate holders. The set includes a **reverse proof PR70, a regular proof PR70 Ultra Cameo, and an Uncirculated finish MS70.** All three coins are ideally graded and exhibit flawless, intricately struck surfaces.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 3 coins)

6327 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, 20th Anniversary, Reverse Proof, PR70 NGC. Flawless wheat-gold surfaces and fully struck design elements endow this one-ounce gold eagle. This coin was issued to celebrate the 20th anniversary of the bullion coin program. NGC ID# CNCZ, PCGS# 89994

6328 Four-Piece 2006-W Platinum Eagle Set, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing identical and ideal grades. All four coins are from the same grading submission. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** A flawless and fully struck quartet.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6329 Four-Piece 2006 Platinum Eagle Set, First Strikes, MS70 NGC. The coins are housed in individual holders bearing identical and ideal grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** All four coins are immaculate, brilliant, and intricately struck.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6330 2007-W Four-Piece set of Gold Eagles, First Strike, Burnished, MS70 NGC. A four-piece set of Early Release gold eagles representing the \$50, \$25, \$10, and \$5 denominations. All coins feature technically perfect, burnished peach and lemon-gold surfaces, with fully struck design elements and shimmering mint luster. All graded MS70 by NGC. (Total: 4 coins) NGC ID# BNLPL, PCGS# 150444 Base PCGS# 150432

6331 Four-Piece 2007-W Platinum Eagle Set, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing identical and ideal grades. All four holders are from the same grading submission. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** All four coins appear as made with mark-free surfaces and precise strikes.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6332 Four-Piece 2007 Platinum Eagle Set, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing identical and ideal grades. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** A brilliant, unabraded, and intricately impressed set.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6333 2008-W Silver Eagle, Reverse of 2007, First Strike MS70 PCGS. An extremely popular error in the Silver Eagle series, with the Reverse of 2007 that shows a plain U in UNITED. This technically perfect specimen is fully struck, brightly lustrous and impeccably preserved. Housed in a PCGS First Strike holder. NGC ID# BNL6, PCGS# 396437 Base PCGS# 396411

6334 Four-Piece 2008-W Platinum Eagle Set, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. The coins are certified in separate holders bearing identical and ideal grades. The four coins are from the same grading submission. The set includes: **tenth-ounce \$10; quarter-ounce \$25; half-ounce \$50; and a one-ounce \$100.** A brilliant, intricately struck, and immaculate quartet.
From The Mile High Collection. (Total: 4 coins)

6335 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 PCGS. Satiny, semireflective yellow-gold luster is the ideal platform from which to showcase the incredible sharpness and relief of the resurrected Saint-Gaudens Ultra High Relief double eagle design. This flawlessly preserved 2009 one-ounce gold piece represents an affordable way to acquire this iconic design in its originally intended format. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 407404

6336 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar, Saint-Gaudens Holder, MS70 NGC. Essentially a modern day representative of the double thickness, small diameter Saint-Gaudens Ultra High Relief double eagles that were struck in 1907 and retained for the National Numismatic Collection. There are only two known examples of those impressive 110 year old patterns. This brilliant yellow-gold piece has an amazing mirrored finish with flawless surfaces. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 528563 Base PCGS# 407404

- 6337** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS69 Prooflike PCGS. Possibly the most beautiful modern bullion issue minted for today's collectors, the double thickness Ultra High Relief one-ounce gold pieces are designed after the extremely rare 1907 double thickness patterns. This example has brilliant yellow surfaces with reflective fields and satin devices. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

**2009 One-Ounce Twenty Dollar, MS70 Prooflike
Saint-Gaudens' Ultra High Relief Design**



- 6338** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 Prooflike PCGS. Few modern Mint issues can compete with the aesthetics of the 2009 Ultra High Relief double eagle, which showcases a recreation of Saint-Gaudens' beloved 1907 Ultra High Relief pattern design. The coin was a fast sell-out at the time of issue, and its popularity remains strong, particularly for examples in the flawless MS70 Prooflike grade. This example offers fully mirrored fields and sharp design elements. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

**2009 One-Ounce Ultra High Relief Twenty
Remarkably Deep Mirroring, MS70 Prooflike**



- 6339** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 Prooflike PCGS. Fully prooflike surfaces and fully struck design elements give this flawlessly preserved example exceptional visual appeal. Admirers of the Ultra High Relief 1907 pattern double eagles were granted a modern recreation of that issue in 2009, when the Mint issued a special bullion issue on a reduced diameter, extra thick planchet. This modern issue offers an affordable way to acquire Saint-Gaudens' majestic design in the intended high relief form. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

**2009 One-Ounce Ultra High Relief Twenty
MS70 Prooflike**



- 6340** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 Prooflike PCGS. In 2009, the United States Mint issued a special bullion coin modeled after the Ultra High Relief double eagle patterns of 1907, which were struck on an extra thick, reduced diameter planchet as an experiment to make them strike up better. This example of the 2009 issue is flawlessly preserved and displays a full strike with prooflike fields. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

**MMIX Ultra High Relief Twenty
Pristine MS70 Prooflike**



- 6341** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 Prooflike NGC. U.S. Mint Director Ed Moy conceived the idea of a coin modeled after the extremely rare Judd-1917 patterns in the Smithsonian Institution, ultra high relief twenty dollar pieces struck on a double-thick planchet with the diameter of a ten dollar gold piece. Offered in 2009, the coins were an instant hit with collectors and the issue quickly sold out. This fully struck, technically perfect example exhibits deeply reflective prooflike fields. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

**2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty
MS70 Deep Prooflike**



- 6342** 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 Deep Prooflike NGC. NGC has designated only 48 2009 one-ounce gold Ultra High Relief twenties in MS70 Deep Prooflike. None have been graded Deep Cameo at PCGS (11/16). This example displays a flawless strike from fresh, polished dies. The mirrored fields provide a glimmering backdrop to the fully rendered design elements. NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 506602

COINS OF HAWAII

- 6343** 1847 Hawaii Cent MS63 Brown NGC. M. 2CC-1. Crosslet 4. 9x9 berries. This die marriage was considered second-rarest of the issue by Medcalf, trailing only M. 2CC-6. A crisply struck mahogany-brown and olive-green representative with a small area of gray toning near the king's right (facing) shoulder. Listed on page 420 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10965

1847 Hawaii Cent, MS64 Brown Faint Glimmers of Red Still Visible



- 6344** 1847 Hawaii Cent MS64 Brown PCGS. M. 2CC-2. Crosslet 4, 7x8 berries. Faint portions of original mint Red surround the design elements, though the majority of this satiny example has mellowed to medium brown. The surfaces are nearly unabraded and the motifs are well struck. A few unobtrusive spots can be found with a loupe. Population: 42 in 64 Brown, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10965

1847 Hawaii Cent, MS64 Brown Smooth and Semiprooflike



- 6345** 1847 Hawaii Cent MS64 Brown NGC. M. 2CC-2. Crosslet 4, 15 berries. Chocolate-brown and sea-green shades intermingle across this minimally marked, sharply struck, and semiprooflike Choice cent. Issued for the Kingdom of Hawaii by H. M. & E. I. Richards of Attleboro, Massachusetts. The gibberish legend HAPA HANERI was a manufacturer's error, as AUPUNI HAWAII was intended. Listed on page 420 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Ex: *Chicago ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2014), lot 5010, which realized \$2,585. NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10965

1883 Hawaii Ten Cents, MS65 Struck at San Francisco



- 6346** 1883 Hawaii Ten Cents MS65 PCGS. An impressive Gem of the smallest 1883 Hawaiian silver denomination, this example has rich gold and grayish-brown toning, with traces of peripheral rose. Both sides exhibit bold design features and the surfaces host frosty mint luster. Population: 21 in 65, 15 finer (11/16). Ex: *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 12/2013), lot 4451, which realized \$3,525. NGC ID# 2C54, PCGS# 10979

1883 Hawaii Quarter, MS66+ Colorful Border Patina



- 6347** 1883 Hawaii Quarter MS66+ PCGS. CAC. Of the four 1883 Hawaii denominations, the hapa or quarter is the most available in Mint State. But the issue becomes rare at the MS66+ level, with just five pieces certified as such by PCGS with only 17 finer (11/16). This lustrous representative displays splendid ocean-blue and golden-brown toning throughout the borders, leaving a window of brilliance at the centers. The strike is crisp except on the upper portion of King Kalakaua's beard. NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10987

1883 Hawaii Quarter, PR62 Only 26 Examples Struck



- 6348** 1883 Hawaii Quarter PR62 PCGS. CAC. The *Guide Book* lists a proof mintage of 26 pieces for the 1883 Hawaii quarter dollar. The issue is understandably rare in any grade today, with some resubmissions likely reflected in the certified population totals. PCGS and NGC combined report 22 survivors, mostly in low grades. This CAC-approved example displays a full strike and reflective fields. The interiors are essentially brilliant, but the borders show light russet-gold toning. Faint lines in the fields prevent a finer grade. NGC ID# 2C59, PCGS# 10989

**1883 Hawaii Half Dollar, MS65
Rich Multicolor Toning**



- 6349** 1883 Hawaii Half Dollar MS65 PCGS. The hapalua was struck at the San Francisco Mint on Federal half dollar planchets. After Hawaii became a U.S. territory, most examples were recalled by banks and melted by the Treasury. The present lustrous and crisply struck Gem displays dappled lavender, tan-brown, and jade-green toning. A lens reveals only unimportant contact. Certified in a green label holder. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 4 finer (11/16). Ex: Donald E. Bently Collection (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 4364, which realized \$7,637.50. NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10991

**1883 Hawaii Half Dollar, MS65
Conditionally Rare**



- 6350** 1883 Hawaii Half Dollar MS65 PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: Forsythe Collection. Gem-quality examples of any Hawaii silver issue are rare, with the exception of the quarter dollar. This sharply struck half dollar displays frosty luster and original toning in mottled lavender-gray, tan-gold, and greenish hues. Close study with a loupe fails to reveal any mentionable abrasions. Most examples of this issue were withdrawn and destroyed in 1900 after Hawaii became a U.S. territory. Population: 13 in 65 (1 in 65+), 4 finer. CAC: 7 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10991

- 6351** 1883 Hawaii Dollar AU58 NGC. The "dala" or crown-size Hawaii dollar from the only year of issue, 1883. All of the 1883-dated Hawaiian coins, including 500,000 of these dollars, were minted at San Francisco on standard size 90% silver planchets. Semireflective despite light rub with gold-to-gray patina dappled across each side. NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995

- 6352** 1883 Hawaii Dollar — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. A glass is necessary to view the faint hairlines in the fields of this pleasing Hawaiian dollar. The strike is excellent and the surfaces are fully lustrous light gray with hints of peripheral gold toning.

- 6353** (1860) Waterhouse Token Fine 12 NGC. Medcalf 2TE-1. This piece shows indistinct details like most or all known examples of this token that was struck in a soft pewter alloy. The Waterhouse pieces are considered the first tokens issued in Hawaii. This token is very slightly bent as is often the case. An attractive pewter and deep-gray example for the aficionado. NGC ID# 2UBK, PCGS# 600500

- 6354** 1882 Haiku Plantation One Rial Token AU55 NGC. Medcalf TE-15. The series of Hawaiian Plantation tokens served as money substitutes on the islands at a time when coinage was a rare commodity, much like the American colonies 100 or more years earlier. This Choice AU example has lovely mahogany-brown surfaces with minor verdigris about the devices. NGC ID# 2UBZ, PCGS# 600518

**1882 Haiku Plantation One Rial
AU55, Medcalf TE-15**



- 6355** 1882 Haiku Plantation One Rial Token AU55 NGC. CAC. Medcalf TE-15. The Haiku Sugar Plantation was located in north central Maui. Their One Rial [12 1/2 cent] tokens are regarded as the most aesthetically attractive within the 19th century Hawaiian series. This walnut-brown example is moderately granular but free from any obtrusive marks. Incorrectly designated as TE-6A by NGC. Listed on page 421 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 11 in 55, 16 finer. CAC: 1 in 55, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2UBZ, PCGS# 600518

**1886 Grove Ranch Token, XF45
Scarce 12-1/2 Cent Hawaii Plantation Piece**



- 6356** 1886 Grove Ranch Plantation 12 1/2 Cent Token XF45 PCGS. Medcalf TE-16. The Grove Ranch Plantation covered six square miles, producing sugar from cane. This Choice XF Hawaiian token displays medium-brown surfaces, with no consequential marks appearing on either side. The strike is sharp except for some incompleteness at the right side of the 6 in the date, with minor granularity on the obverse. Still, this scarce plantation token is seldom seen finer. Listed on page 421 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 4 in 45, 9 finer (11/16). PCGS# 600521

1891-Dated Queen Lili'uokalani Silver Dollar
PR61 Cameo, Medcalf 2MH-1
Reginald Huth Private Pattern



- 6357** 1891 Queen Lili'uokalani Pattern Silver Dollar PR61 Cameo PCGS. CAC. M. 2MH-1, Bruce X-M1. Queen Lili'uokalani was crowned queen of Hawaii in 1891, succeeding her late brother. Only two years later, she was deposed by American businessmen, supported by diplomat John L. Stevens and the U.S. Marines. London numismatist Reginald Huth sympathized with the lost cause of Hawaiian monarchy, and issued rare private pattern silver dollars to mark the occasion. The present design features a bust left of Queen Lili'uokalani; other varieties portray the young Princess Ka'iulani. The reverse shows the Hawaiian islands, along with the legend AKAHI DALA, Hawaiian for one dollar. This is a brilliant and sharply struck example with distributed minor to moderate obverse marks. PCGS# 800185

1959 Hawaii Statehood Medal
18 Karat Gold, Heraldic Art, MS69
M. 2MS-6, 36 Pieces Struck



- 6358** 1959 Heraldic Art Hawaii Statehood Medal, Gold, MS69 NGC. M. 2MS-6. The silver Heraldic Art Hawaii statehood medal is found with little difficulty, but only 36 pieces were struck in 18 karat gold. A pristine and fully impressed lemon-gold representative. Included with the lot is the original envelope issued by Heraldic Art of Cleveland, Ohio, stating that the present piece is serial #24.

ERRORS

1888 Indian Cent, XF Details
Double Struck Off Center



- 6359** 1888 Indian Cent — Double Struck, Both Strikes Off Center, Corroded — NCS. XF Details. The first strike was 20% off center toward 6 o'clock, and the second strike was 50% off center toward 6 o'clock, at 6 o'clock relative to the first strike. Neither strike was uniface or indented. The surfaces are moderately granular. The high points are lavender-red and the fields are blue-green.

1943-S Cent, AU58
Struck on a Silver Dime Planchet



- 6360** 1943-S Lincoln Cent — Struck on a Silver Dime Planchet — AU58 PCGS. Always an interesting year for error coins due to the ever heightened interest in the '43 copper cents. Struck on a silver dime planchet, this piece saw just a hint of circulation before its rescue. The coin is well-struck in the centers but weak around portions of the borders. E PLURIBUS UNUM is mostly off of the flan. Traces of gold color grace the silvery, lustrous surfaces. Scarce as an off-metal error.
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2004), lot 11426.

1920-Dated Buffalo Nickel on a
Cent Planchet, MS61 Brown



- 6361** 1920-? Buffalo Nickel — Struck on a Cent Planchet — MS61 Brown PCGS. A glossy olive-green and mahogany-brown off-metal error on a popular obsolete type. LIBERTY and the mintmark area are off the flan, but the portrait is intact, as is the bison aside from its tail and back leg. Our auction archives show ten prior appearances of 1920-dated nickels on cent blanks or planchets. An MS61 Brown NGC 1920 nickel on cent planchet error brought \$3,760 in our June 2016 Long Beach Signature.

1999-P Delaware Quarter, MS67
Struck on an Experimental Planchet



- 6362** 1999-P Delaware Statehood Quarter — Struck on an Experimental Planchet — MS67 PCGS. The “Golden” Sacagawea dollar was first issued in early 2000. Its manganese alloy was developed during 1999, and since Sacagawea dies were unavailable at that time, the alloy was tested using statehood quarter dies, which were similar in diameter. For each of the five 1999 statehood quarter designs, a select number of examples were struck at the Philadelphia Mint in a green-gold manganese alloy. Such pieces are better regarded as patterns than errors, since their production was experimental instead of accidental. But they are unlisted in the tenth edition of Judd, and are designated as errors by PCGS. The present pristine and lustrous Superb Gem was struck on an undersized planchet relative to the collar diameter, since the rim width is variable and the peripheral legends exhibit moderate stretching toward the rim. NGC ID# 249D, PCGS# 5944

1976-D Bicentennial Kennedy Half, MS63
Struck 40% Off Center, Brockage Reverse



- 6363** 1976-D Clad Bicentennial Half Dollar — Struck 40% Off Center, Reverse Mirror Brockage — MS63 PCGS. The present mint error was struck widely off center, between the obverse die and the obverse of a previously struck coin. The date and mintmark are incompletely brought up, but readily identified. The lustrous pearl-gray surfaces are well preserved. The unstruck surface retains distributed small marks that were present on the planchet prior to the strike.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

1976-D Bicentennial Half, MS64
First Strike Full Brockage



- 6364** 1976-D Clad Bicentennial Half Dollar — First Strike Full Brockage — MS64 PCGS. The present Bicentennial Kennedy half dollar was struck between the obverse die, and the obverse of a previously struck half dollar. The reverse exhibits a perfect brockage image of the obverse design, except for a couple of short, rod-shaped strike-throughs near the date. A lustrous and lightly toned near-Gem, essentially as made save for a hair-thin vertical line on the obverse cheek.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

1976-D Bicentennial Half, MS65
Deep Die Cap and Brockage



- 6365** 1976-D Clad Bicentennial Half Dollar — Deep Die Cap and Brockage — MS65 PCGS. The first strike for the present half dollar took place between the obverse die and the obverse of a previously struck coin (not included). The reverse of the coin exhibited a brockage of the obverse. The obverse stuck to the obverse die, while the previously struck coin was ejected. The present coin then became a surrogate obverse die for a series of newly fed planchets (not included), with each coined between the reverse die and the present coin. The additional strikes caused the present coin to wrap partly around the obverse die, creating a fairly steep cap. On the brockage reverse, the reversed and incused image of Kennedy expanded with each strike as it was flattened against incoming planchets. The obverse is attractively toned lilac-red, sea-green, and autumn-gold.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

Mated Error Pair 1976-D Halves
Brockage and Reverse Die Cap



- 6366** 1976-D 50C Clad Bicentennial Half Mated Error Pair PCGS. Coin #1 is graded MS65 and described as Obverse Die Cap, Brockage Reverse. Coin #2 is certified as MS62 with the notation Reverse Cap Counterbrockage Obverse. The story of this error begins with a normal first strike for Coin #2. However, it stuck to the reverse die and failed to eject. Coin #1 was then fed, and struck between the obverse die and Coin #2. The obverse of Coin #1 and the reverse of Coin #2 exhibit curved knife rims of various depth. A light X was pinscratched on the cheek of Coin #2 by a curious finder.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors. (Total: 2 coins)

1976-S Bicentennial Half Dollar, PR63
Struck on a Five Cent Planchet



- 6367** 1976-S Bicentennial Half Dollar — Struck on a Five Cent Planchet — PR63 PCGS. A desirable wrong planchet error on a briefly issued type. Attractive light wheat-gold toning visits the mirrored and unblemished surfaces. Struck aligned with the dies at 4:30. The date and mintmark are complete. The top of Kennedy's head is off the flan, as is most of LIBERTY and (appropriately) all of HALF DOLLAR. Letters near the edge (such as the N in IN) are distorted from unrestrained metal flow, characteristic of strikes on undersized planchets.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

1886 Morgan Dollar, MS64
Struck Six Times in Collar



- 6368** 1886 Morgan Dollar — Struck Six Times, Close Overlap — MS64 PCGS. 39 mm. The type has a standard diameter of 38.1 mm. The first strike was normal, but the coin failed to eject from the dies, and was struck an additional five times. The coin remained stationary throughout, and no planchets were fed in between strikes. The portrait and eagle are fully struck, unusual for the series. Evidence of the multiple strikes is most apparent on the dentils, although other peripheral elements also show doubling and distortion.

**1976 Bicentennial Ike Dollar, MS64
Reverse Indented by a Quarter Planchet**



- 6369** 1976 Type Two Bicentennial Eisenhower Dollar — Reverse Indented by a Quarter Planchet — MS64 PCGS. A quarter planchet became mixed with clad Eisenhower dollar planchets. It was fed, along with a dollar planchet, between Type Two Bicentennial Ike dies. The quarter planchet (not included) was struck between the reverse die and the dollar planchet, and created an indent on the lower left reverse of the Ike dollar, overlapping the Liberty Bell and much of ONE DOLLAR. The borders of the Ike dollar are softly impressed except opposite the quarter indent, since the width of the quarter planchet interfered with the peripheral strike. A lustrous and unmarked caramel-gold and olive-gray example.

From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

**1977-D Eisenhower Dollar, MS63
Struck on a 40% Silver Planchet
Transitional Alloy Error**



- 6370** 1977-D Eisenhower Dollar — Struck on a 40% Silver Planchet — MS63 NGC. Breen-5774. 24.9 gm. A clad Ike should weigh 22.7 gm. Walter Breen states in his 1988 *Encyclopedia* that about 15 pieces are known. Struck on planchets intended for 40% silver San Francisco Bicentennial Ike dollars. A lustrous and nicely struck mint error with peripheral straw-gold toning and a few minor obverse field grazes.

Ex: New York Signature (Heritage, 2/2014), lot 5287, which realized \$12,925.

From The Mile High Collection.

**1911 Indian Two and a Half, MS62
Struck 2% Off Center**



- 6371** 1911 Indian Quarter Eagle — Struck 2% Off Center — MS62 PCGS. Struck noticeably off center toward 4:30. The rim is broad near 10:30, and absent at 4:30. The date and STATES OF AMERICA are very close to the edge, and the outer point of star 13 is off the flan. An unabraded and pleasing olive-gold example. Mint errors on Federal gold coins are seldom encountered. Our online auction archives, which date to 1993, show 12 examples of off-center Indian quarter eagles, all at the Philadelphia Mint and bearing 1910, 1911, or 1912 dates. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

**1912 Two and a Half, AU58
Struck 5% Off Center**



- 6372** 1912 Indian Quarter Eagle — Struck 5% Off Center — AU58 PCGS. Substantially off center toward 1:30. The tops of several letters in LIBERTY are off the flan, as are outer points of the right-side stars, and most of the second T in TRUST. Marks are minimal but the high points show incidental wear. Off-center Federal gold coins are rarely encountered.

**Undated 'Silver' Eagle, MS63
Struck on a 3M Sanding Disc**



- 6373** Undated Silver Eagle — Struck on a 3M Sanding Disc — MS63 PCGS. The legends of this piece state it is "1 OZ. FINE SILVER," but this coin contains no silver at all, since it was struck on a wafer-thin sanding disc. A sanding (or emery) disc is thin, round, granular, and backed by an adhesive. Often, it is affixed to a buffing wheel, and was presumably used at the Mint to help prepare dies. Somehow, a sanding disc covered a silver eagle planchet at the moment of strike. The silver planchet (not included) blocked the obverse die, thus the front of this dark gray piece has a reverse die impression. The other side shows an incused impression of the reverse.

1987 'Silver' Eagle, MS64
Struck on a 3M Sanding Disc



6374 1987 Silver Eagle — Struck on a 3M Sanding Disc — MS64 PCGS. An emery or sanding disc is granular, wafer-thin, round, and dark gray. It is typically affixed to a buffing wheel, and used at the U.S. Mint to finish dies. On rare occasions, these discs end up between silver eagle planchets in a planchet feeder. The present piece was struck between a silver eagle obverse die and a silver eagle planchet. The obverse is well defined, and the reverse displays an incused and reversed impression of the obverse.

6375 2006 One-Ounce Gold Buffalo — Excess Pressure Strike — MS63 NGC. A "fin" or knife edge is prominent on the reverse between 4:30 and 5:30, steepest near the D in GOLD. It may be that the reverse die was misaligned, since the reverse rim varies in width. The lustrous apricot-gold surfaces display minor marks near the Indian's chin and the bison's flank.

GSA DOLLARS

1878-CC Morgan Dollar, MS65
in a GSA Soft Pack



6376 1878-CC Soft Pack GSA MS65 NGC. A slender arc of forest-green and autumn-brown toning adorns the lower obverse periphery. The rest of the coin is snow-white. The toning pattern is the likely reason why GSA workers decided to house the present Carson City dollar in a soft pack instead of the familiar hard black plastic GSA holder. In any event it is a lovely Gem, lustrous and nicely struck with a few small marks on the reverse field near the beak.

1880/79-CC GSA Dollar, MS65
VAM-4, Reverse of 1878



6377 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, GSA, MS65 NGC. The popular Carson City variety that pairs a prominent overdate with an obsolete Second Reverse. Brilliant except for light golden-brown toning along the left obverse border. Sharply struck and highly lustrous. The fields are impressively smooth. Minor contact on the cheek limits the grade. Included with the lot is a GSA box, although no certificate is present. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 518922 Base PCGS# 407108

1880/79-CC VAM-4 GSA Dollar
MS65 Prooflike, Reverse of 1878



6378 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, GSA, MS65 Prooflike NGC. A brilliant and beautiful Gem. The fields are flashy and the strike is precise. The reverse field and the portrait display moderate contact. The obverse field is uncommonly smooth. The most prominent overdate of the series, with much of the 79 evident within the 80. The obsolete reverse provides further interest. The GSA box and certificate are included. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 518923 Base PCGS# 518922

6379 1880-CC GSA MS65 NGC. VAM-3A. Light wheat-gold toning accompanies ONE and UNITED, but most of this lustrous Carson City Gem remains white. The strike shows central inexactness, but the preservation is imposing. Without a GSA box or certificate. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

6380 1880-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. VAM-9. Light gold toning visits this lustrous Carson City GSA dollar. The fields are impressively void of contact, and the portrait shows only wispy grazes. The centers show minor incompleteness usual for the issue. No box or certificate are included. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

6381 1881-CC GSA MS66 NGC. VAM-3. The "Gouge Wreath Bow" variety with bold die lines (as made) embedded in the wreath near the bow. Lustrous and brilliant with a good strike and uncommonly smooth surfaces. An exemplary example of this low mintage Carson City issue. The GSA box and certificate are absent. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

6382 1881-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. VAM-2. A practically brilliant and well struck GSA dollar. The lustrous fields are splendidly smooth, and facial contact is minor. The second-lowest mintage Carson City Morgan issue. No GSA box or certificate are included. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

6383 1881-CC GSA MS66 NGC. A particularly pleasing 1881-CC GSA dollar, this coin displays uniquely blended rainbow hues over the obverse and near-brilliance on the reverse. The more vivid colors hug the upper margin, while the remainder of the obverse color palette has interesting lavender, peach, and greenish ice-blue toning. Boldly struck and well-preserved with vibrant luster. No box or certificate is included. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

6384 1881-CC GSA MS66 NGC. VAM-2. Delicate chestnut and powder-blue toning adorns this sharply struck and lustrous Premium Gem. The obverse field is practically pristine, and the reverse is also well preserved. No GSA box or certificate is included. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

**1881-CC VAM-3 GSA Dollar
MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike**



6385 1881-CC GSA MS65+ Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. VAM-3. The "Die Gouge in Wreath" variety, whose 1976 discovery is credited to Hoyt Warren per VAMworld.com. The portrait and eagle are icy, and contrast with the mirrored fields. Well struck, fully brilliant, and carefully preserved. A GSA box and certificate accompany the lot. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518865 Base PCGS# 97127

6386 1882-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. Only a trace of gold patina visits this lustrous and sharply struck Premium Gem. Remarkably smooth, despite a single light diagonal line on the cheek. A desirable GSA type coin. Without a GSA box or certificate. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518866 Base PCGS# 7134

6387 1882-CC GSA MS65 Prooflike NGC. CAC. Uncommonly nice for the third party grade, this sharply struck Gem offers smooth, flashy fields and outstanding eye appeal. Brilliant aside from a trace of struck-in grease on the wing above the arrows. A GSA box and certificate are included. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 518867 Base PCGS# 7135

6388 1882-CC GSA MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. A beautifully preserved Gem. The snow-white surfaces are crisply struck. The fields are mirrored and the portrait displays minimal contact. Only a small percentage of 1882-CC dollars meet the criteria for the DMPL designation. The box and certificate of GSA issue accompany the lot. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 518868 Base PCGS# 97135

6389 1883-CC GSA MS65 NGC. VAM-5B. The lower obverse exhibits blue-green, mahogany-brown, and gunmetal toning. The reverse and upper obverse are brilliant. A lustrous Carson City type coin with moderate grazes on the left obverse field. The remainder of the coin is splendidly preserved. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

6390 1883-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. VAM-7. Rich bands of golden-brown, powder-blue, olive-green, and cherry-red invigorate much of the obverse. The reverse near STATES shows similar colors, but the remainder of that side is brilliant. Nicely struck and lustrous with smooth fields. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

6391 1883-CC GSA MS66+ PCGS. VAM-8. A magnificent Carson City type coin. A mere hint of tan-gold toning denies full brilliance. Lustrous, nicely struck, and exceptionally well preserved. VAM-8 is readily attributed by its doubled 18 in the date. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

6392 1883-CC GSA MS66+ PCGS. VAM-7. A hint of tan toning visits this lustrous and well struck Carson City Premium Gem. The fields appear pristine, and the cheek is also unusually smooth. VAM-5 and VAM-7 share the same reverse with a mint-made die scratch on the right (facing) wing. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

6393 1883-CC GSA MS66 Prooflike NGC. A brilliant and well struck Premium Gem of this popular Carson City issue. The fields are splendidly smooth, and the portrait shows only delicate contact. No box and certificate accompany the lot. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518870 Base PCGS# 7145

6394 1884-CC GSA MS65 NGC. VAM-10A. Rich cherry-red and forest-green toning dominates the left obverse and visits UNITED. This lustrous and sharply struck Carson City type coin shows only incidental contact. The many delicate die cracks are the best identifier for VAM-10A. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

6395 1885-CC GSA MS65+ PCGS. VAM-2. A lightly toned and lustrous Gem. A small strike-through (as made) on the jaw, but both sides are exceptionally free from marks. A popular and lower mintage Carson City issue. VAM-2 has a small dash below the second 8 in the date. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

**1885-CC GSA Dollar, MS65+ ★
Multicolor Obverse Toning**



6396 1885-CC GSA MS65+ ★ NGC. CAC. VAM-2A. Dramatic blue-green, golden-brown, and lavender-red toning dominates the obverse, leaving only an arc of brilliance near the right-side stars. The reverse is close to brilliant. Lustrous and nicely struck with a smooth reverse and only unobtrusive facial contact. No box or certificate is included. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

**1885-CC GSA Dollar, MS66
Doubled Dash VAM-4, Hot 50**



6397 1885-CC Doubled Dash, VAM-4, GSA, MS66 NGC. A Hot 50 Variety. Light gold patina visits this lustrous and intricately struck high grade Carson City silver dollar. The surfaces are clashed and uncommonly free from marks. VAM-4 is a better variety, and can be attributed at arm's length by the large "dash" below the second 8 in the date. The base of the "dash" is doubled. No GSA box or certificate is included. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

1885-CC GSA Dollar, MS66



6398 1885-CC GSA MS66 NGC. VAM-3. A magnificent example of this low mintage Carson City issue. Lustrous and lightly toned with smooth fields and only delicate contact on Liberty's face and neck. The strike is bold, and the eye appeal is impressive. Without a GSA box or certificate. VAM-3 is the most available 1885-CC GSA variety, identified by die lines in front of Liberty's eye. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

6399 1885-CC GSA MS65 Prooflike NGC. VAM-3. A thoroughly lustrous Gem. Nicely struck and virtually brilliant. The lowest mintage Carson City issue, nonetheless affordable in quality Mint State. A box and certificate of GSA origin are included. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518876 Base PCGS# 7161

1885-CC GSA Dollar, VAM-3
MS65 Deep Prooflike



6400 1885-CC GSA MS65 Deep Prooflike NGC. VAM-3. Frosty motifs rise in exceptional definition above glassy fields. The portrait is refreshingly free from scuffs, although the fields display occasional minor marks. The lowest mintage Carson City issue, and the third lowest business production of the series, behind only the 1893-S and 1894. A GSA box and certificate accompanies the lot. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518877 Base PCGS# 97161

1885-CC VAM-3 GSA Silver Dollar
MS65 Deep Prooflike



6401 1885-CC GSA MS65 Deep Prooflike NGC. VAM-3. The mirrored fields contrast with the well-struck and frosty devices. A minimally abraded better-date Carson City GSA dollar. Included with the lot are the box and certificate of GSA issue. GSA Census: 15 in 65 Deep Prooflike, 1 in 65 ★ Deep Prooflike, 1 in 66 Deep Prooflike (10/16). NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518877 Base PCGS# 97161

1890-CC VAM-7 Dollar, MS62
Much Better GSA Issue



6402 1890-CC GSA MS62 NGC. VAM-7. Brilliant aside from a whisper of golden toning beneath ONE. Sharply struck and lustrous with impressively unabraded fields. Liberty's cheek and neck exhibit only wispy contact. The 1879-CC and 1890-CC are the two rarest collectible Carson City GSA dollars. A GSA box is included, but no certificate is present. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 518878 Base PCGS# 7198

1890-CC GSA Dollar, MS63



6403 1890-CC GSA MS63 NGC. A brilliant, lustrous, and well struck better-date GSA dollar. Smooth for the grade aside from a reed impression on the chin. More elusive in a GSA holder than its 1891-CC successor. A very scarce 1890-CC GSA certificate accompanies the lot. No box is included. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 518878 Base PCGS# 7198

1890-CC Dollar, MS63+
Very Scarce in GSA Holder
GSA Certificate Included



6404 1890-CC GSA MS63+ NGC. CAC. The 1879-CC and 1890-CC are the two rarest collectible Carson City Morgan issues in GSA holders. (One each in a GSA holder is reported for the 1889-CC, 1892-CC, and 1893-CC). The present lustrous and lightly toned example has well preserved fields and only moderate facial contact. A GSA box and a very scarce 1890-CC GSA certificate accompany the lot. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 518878 Base PCGS# 7198

6405 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3, GSA, MS60 Uncertified. Most Carson City GSA dollars are dated 1878 to 1885. Examples from the 1890s are comparatively very scarce. The present piece is the most familiar 1891-CC variety, named for the die lump below the eagle's beak. The lustrous surfaces are brilliant aside from a band of gold toning near the date. A GSA box and certificate accompanies the lot. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 518881 Base PCGS# 7206

- 6406 1891-CC GSA MS62 NGC.** A lustrous and brilliant scarcer date Carson City dollar. The reverse is well preserved, and the obverse field displays only inconsequential contact. The portrait is also lightly marked for the designated grade. A GSA box is included, but the certificate is absent. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 518881 Base PCGS# 7206

**1891-CC GSA Dollar, MS62
VAM-3 'Spitting Eagle'**



- 6407 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3, GSA, MS62 NGC.** A Top 100 Variety. The popular variety with a die lump beneath the eagle's beak. A brilliant and lustrous Carson City dollar. The strike is good and the reverse is minimally marked. The cheek displays moderate grazes. A GSA box is included without a certificate. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 518881 Base PCGS# 7206

REDFIELD DOLLARS

**1891 Silver Dollar, MS65
Red Paramount Holder**



- 6408 1891 MS65 Paramount (MS65 NGC).** Forest-green and golden-brown toning adorns the peripheries. The fields and motifs are brilliant. This lustrous Gem offers smooth fields and only wispy contact on the portrait. The centers display incompleteness of strike. Despite a high mintage, the 1891 is surprisingly rare any finer. The red Paramount holder lacks a Redfield pedigree. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

**1893-CC Redfield Dollar, MS62
Peripheral Patina**



- 6409 1893-CC MS65 Paramount (MS62 NGC).** Ex: Redfield Collection. Rich fire-red and blue-green toning endows the borders of this lustrous semikey Carson City dollar. The fields are minimally abraded, and although the cheek displays minor marks, none merit individual mention. Paramount International distributed a large quantity of Uncirculated silver dollars, formerly from the LaVere Redfield estate, sealed in red or black holders, circa 1980.

**1893-CC Silver Dollar, MS63
Ex: Redfield Collection**



- 6410 1893-CC MS65 Paramount (MS63 NGC).** Ex: Redfield Collection. The estate of hard money advocate LaVere Redfield included approximately 400,000 silver dollars, including many Uncirculated Carson City examples. Paramount International eventually acquired a large number of the coins, and housed them in red (MS65) or black (MS60) holders. The present sharply struck and lustrous silver dollar displays lovely golden-brown and sea-green peripheral patina. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

- 6411 23-Piece Lot of Silver Dollars in Paramount Holders.** The lot includes: (2) 1881-S Uncertified; 1886-S MS62 NGC; 1887-S MS63 NGC; (2) 1889-S MS64 NGC; 1890-S MS64 NGC; (2) 1897 MS64 NGC; 1897 MS65 NGC; (3) 1897-S MS63 NGC; (2) 1897-S MS64 NGC; 1897-S MS65 NGC; 1898-S MS62 NGC; 1898-S MS63 NGC; 1899-O MS64 NGC; 1900-S MS63 NGC; 1926-S MS63 NGC; 1926-S MS64 NGC; 1935 MS64 NGC. 20 of the 23 dollars are in red (Mint State 65) holders bearing the Redfield Collection pedigree. The 1886-S dollar is in a black (Mint State 60) holder with a Redfield Collection pedigree. The 1899-O and 1935 dollars are in red (Mint State 65) holders **without** a Redfield pedigree. (Total: 23 coins)

BETTS MEDAL

**1782 Dutch Treaty of Commerce Medal
Betts-606, MS62**



- 6412 1782 Netherlands-America Treaty of Commerce MS62 NGC. Betts-606.** Silver, 32 mm. Obverse: America extends hand of friendship to Holland. Reverse: wreath, caduceus, and an eight line inscription, which Betts translates as "Hail to you, American, who have fought out your freedom. All Netherlands accepts your friendship. God's grace unite two free lands, to mutual good, through solid ties." Light golden-brown and ocean-blue patina outlines peripheral elements. One small edge mark noted above the U in FIDESQUE.

SO-CALLED DOLLARS

- 6413** 1915 Panama-Pacific Exposition Official Medal, Silver, MS67 NGC. HK-399, R.5. Robert Aitken, best known for his fifty-dollar 1915-S P.P.I.E. design, also served as engraver for the official medal from the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, which celebrated the advent of the Panama Canal. The obverse depicts a sailing vessel and Mercury with a caduceus. The reverse figures represent North and South America. A lustrous and well preserved Superb Gem with dappled blue-green and olive-brown toning in protected areas.

From The Sounder Collection, Part II.

- 6414** Ten-Piece Lot of 1915 Panama-Pacific Exposition So-Called Dollars. The lot includes: Official Medal MS66 NGC, HK-400, R.4, bronze; Official Medal MS65 NGC, HK-401, R.4, gilt; Official Medal MS65 NGC, HK-401a, brass; Arkansas at PPIE MS64 NGC, HK-403, R.5, aluminum; Arkansas at PPIE MS64 NGC, HK-403, R.5, aluminum; Louisiana at PPIE MS64 Brown NGC, HK-406, R.4, bronze; Louisiana at PPIE MS61 NGC, HK-406a, R.4, silver-plated bronze; Mississippi at PPIE MS61 Brown NGC, HK-408, R.6, bronze; South Carolina at PPIE AU50 NGC, HK-412, R.6, bronze; Tennessee at PPIE MS63 Brown NGC, HK-413, R.6, bronze.

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. (Total: 10 coins)

- 6415** Eight-Piece Lot of California Exposition Medals. Seven pieces are HK-listed so-called dollars in NGC holders. Six of those are from the 1915 Panama-Pacific Exposition. The exception is the HK-430 so-called dollar. The so-called dollars include: California - Expo State MS62 Prooflike NGC, HK-414, R.5, ex: Cosmique Collection, gilt brass; California - Expo State MS63 NGC, HK-414, R.5, gilt brass; California - Expo State MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC, HK-414, R.5, gilt brass; Tower of Jewels MS62 NGC, HK-415, R.5, gilt brass; Exposition City MS62 NGC, HK-417, R.6, ex: Cosmique Collection, brass; Four Portraits MS62 NGC, HK-420, R.5, silver-plated, antiqued; 1916 Panama-California Exposition Official Medal MS66 Brown NGC, HK-430, R.5, silver-plated, antiqued. The eighth piece is an Uncertified 50 mm bronze Swedish Pavilion medal by Swedish-American artist Carl Oscar Borg with the legend ARBETET ADLAR, which translates as Job Ennobles.

From The Sounder Collection, Part II. (Total: 8 medals)

- 6416** 1900 Leshner Dollar, First Type, No. 93, VF25 PCGS. Zerbel, HK-787, R.6. The first Joseph Leshner dollar variety lacks the mining landscape and Colorado state seal shown on subsequent issues. But the purpose was the same, to use silver in commerce instead of paper money or credit. This problem-free cream-gray example has a bold obverse. The central reverse displays moderate wear. Listed on page 415 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 19000

1900 HK-789 Leshner Dollar, MS64

A.B. Bumstead, Type Two Reverse

Serial No. 976



- 6417** 1900 Leshner Dollar, A.B. Bumstead, Type Two, Serial No. 976, HK-789, R.5, MS64 PCGS. CAC. Silver proponent Joseph Leshner issued "referendum souvenirs" between 1900 and 1901. A.B. Bumstead, a grocer in Victor, Colorado, was his biggest customer. Other merchants also participated, but the Secret Service soon put an end to Leshner's activities. Type One Bumstead examples have scrollwork on each side of the fasces. Type Two pieces omit that scrollwork. This is a high grade piece with sea-green borders and chestnut-gold fields. Sharply struck and desirable. Listed on page 415 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Population: 2 in 64, 0 finer. CAC: 1 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26BL, PCGS# 19002

EXPOSITIONS AND FAIRS

Rare 1890 Utah Territory Gold Medal

Rulau-Ut-SL-4



- 6418** 1890 Utah Territorial Fair, Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society Award Medal, Gold. Rulau-Ut-SL-4. 18K Gold, 9.2 gm, 27 mm. Plain edge. Awarded to "Miss Marie H Gorkinski / FOR COLLECTION OF / WATERCOLOR / PAINTINGS". The Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society (D.A.M.S.) was chartered January 17, 1856, by an Act of the Territorial Legislature. The first sponsored exposition was held in Salt Lake City in 1856. Succeeding expositions were held irregularly at various locations. This particular rare medal, from the D.A.M.S. Territorial Fair of 1890, depicts the date and a beehive on the obverse, a commonly used symbol of the Mormon Church that indicates industry. Similar gold medals appeared as lots 82232 through 82234 in our September 2007 Long Beach Signature.

COUNTERSTAMPS

(1811-15) Planters Bank Cut 8 Reales, Good 4
Multiple Countermarks on Each Side, HT-124



6419 (1811-15) Planters Bank Countermark, Good 4 PCGS. HT-124. See Brunk-112, Brunk-67. Classified as a Hard Times token (HT-124) but more accurately an early American piece from the 1811-1815 period, the “P.B” countermarks on quarter-cut Spanish 8R pieces are thought to be the issue of Planters Bank in New Orleans. A substantial quantity of these pieces were included in large silver deposits made by Planters Bank to the Philadelphia Mint in 1815, 1817, and 1825 — largely in exchange for federal quarters. Circulating small change was in critically short supply throughout the South during the period, when the cut “two bitts” pieces served as a stop-gap solution in place of U.S. quarter dollars.

Circular countermarks verified the cut pieces on both the front and back. Several varieties of countermarks were used, including the obverse mark on this piece, which is P.B in script letters, encircled by chain (Brunk-67). The obverse mark is double struck on the present coin, with the chain outline of both strikes easily seen.

The P.B. portion mark is obliterated by an additional countermark applied to the reverse, where the word “Bad” is punched in script letters — a prepared punch matching the P.B. letter style. The Brunk reference suggests Planters Bank may have stamped underweight pieces, including those clipped for their silver content, with the Bad mark. As a result, this interesting piece actually displays four countermarks in total — the obverse “P.B. in chain,” which is double struck, and a circular Nouvelle Orleans / Eagle countermark on the reverse (Brunk reverse variety 3), plus the script “Bad” countermark. In that regard, the current piece may be unique.

CIVIL WAR MERCHANTS

6420 1862 Bradstreet, Hoffman and Co., New York, NY, MS65 Red and Brown Prooflike NGC. Fuld-NY630Ha-1a, Miller-NY-81, Rulau-NY-NY-36. Copper, 34 mm. Plain edge. Melvin and George Fuld did not include this merchant in their Civil War references, probably because of its relatively large diameter. It was listed by Miller, then by Rulau, and later added to the Fuld Store Card Third Edition. An orange-gold and cherry-red Gem with blushes of navy-blue on the central reverse.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA

1861 Confederate Silver Token, Fine Details
A United South



6421 1861-Dated “Confederate Half Dime,” A United South — Holed, Damaged — NGC Details. Fine. Silver, 13 mm. Similar to DeWitt-Sullivan C 1861-2, but from different dies with only 13 stars on the reverse, and likely unique. The token maker, Alfred Oliver Hazard Perry Sehorn was born at Jefferson County, Tennessee about 1818 and died at Murfreesboro, Tennessee on January 25, 1879. The 13 stars on the reverse may have alluded to the 11 Confederate states along with the slave-holding states of Maryland and Delaware. Both sides of this piece exhibit steel-gray fields and pewter-gray devices, with the hole just left of the flag pole. This piece is slightly bent due to field nicks that dished the surface. Ex: Americana Sale (Stack’s, 1/2010), lot 3781.

1861 Confederate Silver Token, AU58
A United South
Contemporary to the Civil War



6422 1861-Dated “Confederate Half Dime,” A United South, DeWitt-Sullivan C 1861-2, AU58 NGC. Silver, 13 mm. Walter Breen discussed this and related pieces on page 666 of his *Complete Encyclopedia*, stating that nothing is known of their origin. However, we know that these pieces were made by A.O.H.P. Sehorn of Murfreesboro, Tennessee. Traditionally called a half dime, the size is about that of a contemporary three cent silver piece. A note in the April 1878 issue of the *Coin Collector’s Journal* describes this piece and notes that a P. Sid Jones of the Millburn Wagon Company received it on October 9, 1862.

The obverse has a flag with 14 stars, the legend A UNITED SOUTH above, and the date, 1861, below. The reverse depicts a cotton plant inside a ring of 15 stars. A coin of the same description was in the possession of Esquire W.F. Meacham in 1868, according to an article that appeared in *The Tennessean* (Nashville) of March 24, 1868, with identification of Sehorn as the maker in a further article four days later. While they are unofficial coins of the Confederacy, these pieces are clearly contemporary to the Civil War rather than fantasy pieces of a later date. A comment in DeWitt-Sullivan suggests the early Civil War era production: “Undoubtedly it was struck in the early days of the Confederacy when its leaders hoped to bring no less than fifteen states into the Confederacy under a cotton economy.”

This example is likely the finest of an estimated eight to 10 known examples, featuring a bold strike, pale brown toning, and traces of luster on its pewter-gray surfaces, and is one of just two unpierced examples known. This piece and the AU55 NGC example that we sold for \$28,200 as part of the Donald Groves Partrick Collection in January 2015 are virtually identical. Ex: John J. Ford, Jr. (Stack’s, 10/2003), lot 332.

**1861 Confederate Dime-Sized Token, VG Details
Possibly Unique**



- 6423** 1861-Dated “Confederate Dime,” — Holed — NGC Details. VG. Silver, 18 mm. Unlisted in DeWitt-Sullivan. Incorrectly called a “Confederate Half Dime” in the 2001 Bowers and Merena catalog, and in the 2010 Stack’s catalog. This piece is the size of a dime, and should be given that nomenclature. Although the designs are different from the smaller A United South tokens, this piece is likely by the same maker, A.O.H.P. Sehorn, and was probably produced during the Civil War. This piece depicts tobacco plants on the obverse with the date, 1861, and 15 stars around, and shows a cotton plant on the reverse. The presence of 15 stars alludes to an early Civil War era production. Holed at 12 o’clock, this example has grayish-gold toning on both sides with a small area of darker toning on the obverse. These small silver tokens are not official issues of the Confederacy, but were manufactured privately at a time when small silver coins were in short supply.
Ex: Bowers and Merena (11/2001), lot 5396; Americana Sale (Stack’s, 1/2010), lot 3763.

- 6424** (Circa 1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Impressions on Two Silver Cake Knives. Both antique silver cake knives are sterling silver. The first knife is 28 cm in length and weighs 132.8 gm. It has an impression from Bashlow Restrike Confederate cent dies on the handle. The second knife is 27.5 cm long and weighs 118.9 gm. It has an impression from the same dies on the lower portion of the blade. This striking is mentioned on page 241 of the book “*The Lovett Cent*”, by Harold Levi and George Corell: “We [David Laties and Robert Bashlow] went out on the street and bought two sterling silver cake servers and got [August] Frank to strike on the large blank silver part.” (Total: 2 items)

- 6425** Five (1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Hub Impressions. All five pieces are uniface and oversized (32 mm), and each shows a centered impression from a hub transferred from the original defaced Confederate cent dies. The lot includes: an obverse hub impression on a silver disc; an obverse hub impression on a goldine disc; a reverse hub impression on a goldine disc; an obverse hub impression on a copper disc; and a reverse hub impression on a copper disc. These were made in 1961 by Robert Bashlow and are extremely rare in uniface and oversized format. (Total: 5 pieces)

**Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent
Obverse and Reverse Hub Impressions
Uniface, Struck in Platinum**



- 6426** Two (1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Hub Impressions, Platinum. Both pieces are 25.4 gm, 32 mm. In 1961, Robert Bashlow understood the marketing opportunity of the Confederate cent centennial. He purchased the original defaced dies for the cent from John J. Ford, Jr., and made transfers of them. From the transfer dies, he struck a substantial number of pieces in bronze, silver, and goldine, along with sundry examples in other alloys or compositions, including three in platinum. This lot includes two hub impressions on oversize platinum discs. We are unaware of the platinum fineness. The hub impressions are centered, and both pieces are uniface. One piece shows an obverse hub impression; the other piece presents a reverse hub impression. Undoubtedly extremely rare, and perhaps unique in this alloy and diameter. (Total: 2 pieces)

**Confederate Cent Obverse Hub Impression
Gold, Uniface Bashlow Restrike**



- 6427** (1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Obverse Hub Impression, Gold. 22.9 gm, 32 mm. The central obverse exhibits an incused and reversed image of a Bashlow restrike Confederate cent obverse. The reverse is blank. We are unaware of the gold fineness. The impression is from a transfer hub made from the original defaced dies. Bashlow struck 20,000 bronze “restrike” Confederate cents, but examples in gold are extremely rare. A gold Bashlow restrike Confederate cent brought \$21,850 in lot 7745 of our 2011 Chicago Signature.

- 6428** Six-Piece Lot of (1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cents in Rare Alloys. The cents are certified in separate NGC holders from the same submission. Each piece is struck in a different alloy, with a mintage of only 50 pieces. None are struck in the three usually encountered alloys (bronze, silver, goldine). The lot includes: nickel MS66 NGC, Breen-8012; lead — Bent — NGC Details, Unc., Breen-8015; aluminum MS66 NGC, Breen-8016; tin MS65 NGC, Breen-8017; zinc MS63 NGC, Breen-8018; red fiber MS65 NGC, Breen-8019. (Total: 6 pieces)

WESTERN SOUVENIR GOLD

- 6429** Three-Piece 1909 Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition Alaska Gold Set NGC. M.E. Hart's Coins of the West. The tokens are separately housed in NGC holders bearing consecutive certification numbers. The set includes: 1/4 DWT — **Improperly Cleaned** — NGC **Details. Unc.** The reverse is lightly granular. A drop of lacquer on the reverse at 12 o'clock; 1/2 DWT MS62 NGC, unabraded but faintly hairlined; 1 DWT MS62 NGC, attractive apricot-gold surfaces. (Total: 3 tokens)

WORLD MEDAL

Undated Nobel Committee Medal, MS64
Gold Medallion for Physics



- 6430** Undated Nobel Committee 23K Gold Medal, MS64 NGC. 27 mm. 20 grams. The five members of the Nobel committees are tasked with the identification of a worthy laureate for the Nobel Prize in the various classes. With just five committee members, these medals were struck in minuscule quantities and are extremely rare today. Issued to committee members for Physics, this medal features a bold strike and brilliant yellow surfaces with frosty luster and minimal surface marks. This particular example is undated, unlike others we have handled that have the award date on the edge. The medal may have been a prototype, but is more likely an unissued remainder.

MISCELLANEOUS MEDALS AND TOKENS

San Francisco Assay Office
Eagle Motif Impressions
Bashlow Fantasy
Three-Piece Lot



- 6431** Three-Piece Lot of San Francisco Assay Office Eagle Motif Impressions. The uniface medals bear no inscriptions, and are respectively struck in copper, brass, and silver. They were reportedly made by Robert Bashlow, a controversial creator of coin collecting curiosities active during the 1960s. The tokens have a diameter slightly larger than the Kagin-9 1852/1 twenty dollar piece, and the image of the eagle motif is nearly identical to that of the pioneer gold variety, except the banner has no inscription. (Total: 3 tokens)

HOBO NICKELS

- 6432** A Collection of 23 Hobo Nickels by the Known Carver, John Dorusa. This is an interesting collection of 23 hobo nickels that display the inscribed initials "JD" of early-modern carver John Dorusa. The distinctive signature is often positioned near the date area or on the collar of the carved subject. John Dorusa was a former coal miner from Pennsylvania who primarily made imitative carvings of classic original hobo designs by Bert Wiegand and George Washington "Bo" Hughes. Dorusa's carvings were primarily done between 1980 until his death in 1994, likely inspired by images published in Romines' 1982 hobo nickel reference. Today, the John Dorusa signed carvings are quite popular among collectors. This collection is an impressive cross-section of his work. A total of 23 nickels are included in this lot. (Total: 23 coins)

INGOTS

1915 California Gold-Plated Ingot



- 6433** 1915 California Native Gold Washed Ingot. This gold plated, small-sized ingot was issued as a collectible for the Panama-Pacific or Panama-California expositions, respectively held in San Francisco and San Diego during 1915. The top side has the dual dates 1849 and 1915, along with mock inscriptions \$30.55 and 1.675 oz. Actual weight is 42.6 gm. A mid-1960s Henry Christensen envelope accompanies the lot.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II.

TYPE ONE SMALL SIZE SAN FRANCISCO SILVER INGOTS

Type One San Francisco Mint Silver Ingot Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font, 5.19 Ounces Interesting 7 Over 8 in Serial Number



- 6434** Mint of The United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 757 (7 over 8), Curved Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 5.19 ozs. Early to mid-1930s. The Type One silver ingots with a large font serial number and with Curved Stem 9s are the first series of 5-ounce class ingots produced in the early to mid-1930s. Few have survived, and we cannot find another in our Auction Archives that we have handled in recent years. This piece shows an interesting feature, a 7 over 8 imprint in the serial number. The imprinting is well laid-out and the surfaces show bright, original rose-colored patina.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint Type One Hallmark Silver Ingot Large Font, 5.86 Ounces



- 6435** Mint of The United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 330, Curved Stem 9s in 999.75 Fine. 5.86 ozs. Early to mid-1930s. Type One hallmarks are found in large, medium, and small font sized serial numbers. The large size is easily distinguished; small and medium-sized fonts less so. The large font size was part of the first two series of Type One ingots. The surfaces on this piece are bright overall with the usual charcoal-gray in the recesses of the imprint.
Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6437.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint 5.53-Ounce Silver Ingot Type One Hallmark, 999.0 Fine



- 6436** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font #1815, Curved Stem 9s in 999.0 Fine. 5.53 ozs. An interesting sidebar to collecting Type One Hallmark ingot in the five-ounce class is the variation in fineness seen here. Apparently the 999.0 Fineness ingots came at the last of the Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font series. There is a run of ingots in the 999.0 Fineness, Large Font, Curved 9s known that have Serial Numbers between 1737 and 1824. So, this number 1815 fits well within the known range. The surfaces are original with deep gray patina over all the sides.

San Francisco Mint 5.74-Ounce Silver Ingot
Type One Hallmark, Small Font, Curved Stem 9s



64378 Mint of The United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Small Font # 436, Curved Stem 9s in 999.75 Fine. 5.74 ozs. Early to mid-1940s. Production began on the Type One hallmark silver ingots in the early 1930s, but the Small Font pieces with Curved 9s in the fineness date to the early 1940s. This is a relatively available series with an estimated 1,500 ingots produced, of which we know of fewer than 80 that have survived today. The sides are bright silver-gray. A curved gas bubble is seen on the right side of the hallmark.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

Mint at San Francisco Silver Ingot, 6.32 Ounces
Type One Oval Hallmark, Small Font, Curved Stem 9s



6438 Mint of the United States the San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Small Font # 1455, Curved Stem 9s in 999.75 Fine. 6.32 ozs. Early to mid-1940s. The Small Font Serial Number ingots with Curved 9s was produced in the early to mid-1940s. This is a bright silvery ingot that has a hallmark that is just a bit off center to the right. The back side is several shades deeper in color than the mostly untuned top side.

Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6441.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint Silver Ingot, 5.13 Ounces
Type One Oval Hallmark, Medium-Sized Font, Curved 9s



6439 Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Medium Font # 1283, Curved Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 5.13 ozs. Late-1930s to mid-1940s. Type One oval ingots with a medium-sized serial font were produced between the late-1930s and early 1940s. The hallmark is slightly angled on the top side, and curiously the abbreviation OZS on the back side uses three different type sizes. Rich red and blue toning is seen over each side.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

Second S-Mint Type One Oval Hallmark Silver Ingot
Medium Font, Curved Stem 9s, 5.16 Ounces



6440 Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Medium Font # 2449, Curved Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 5.16 ozs. Late-1930s to mid-1940s. A second example of the Medium Font Type One hallmarked silver ingot. The hallmark is well-centered but just a touch high on the top side. Rose-gray patina is seen over all the sides.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint Type One Oval Hallmark
Small Font Ingot, Curved 9s, 6.55 Ounces



- 6441** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Small Font # 1106, Curved Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 6.55 ozs. Early to mid-1940s. The Type One, Small Font silver ingots were last produced in the early to mid-1940s. The surfaces are remarkably smooth with one circular void in the eagle at the juncture of the leg and wing, and a shallow, circular casting flaw on the lower portion of the top side. Pale red and light blue patina is seen over each side.
Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6444.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

Type One Hallmark San Francisco Silver Ingot
Straight Stem 9s, 5.03 Ounces



- 6442** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 1737, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine, Lot #6. 5.03 ozs. Mid to late-1930s. Type One ingots with Straight Stem 9s in the fineness and large font are among the earliest ingots produced in the San Francisco Mint. They are only predated by one other series (Curved Stem 9s). This ingot is bright overall with deeply impressed imprints on both sides.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

S-Mint Type One Oval Hallmark Silver Ingot
Large Font, Straight 9s, 5.71 Ounces



- 6443** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 1894, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 5.71 ozs. Mid to late-1930s. Large Font Type One ingots with Straight 9s and 999.5 fineness are usually found in the numeric range of #1600s to #1900s, placing this particular ingot at the upper range of known serial numbers. The number 1894 would date this item to the late-1930s. The surfaces are bright with just a hint of light reddish patina. The hallmark is slightly angled.
Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6435.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

Mint at San Francisco Type One Silver Ingot
No Serial Number, Straight 9s, 6.05 Ounces
Ex: Bingel



- 6444** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, No Serial Number, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine. 6.05 ozs. Late-1940s to early-1950s. Even though there is no serial number present, through casting comparisons and by tracking lot numbers when available, this ingot makes the transition from Type One to Type Two and then on to the 1959 Round Dated Hallmarks. This is an especially clean ingot with bright, minimally toned surfaces. The hallmark is well-centered at the upper portion of the top side.
Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6438.

San Francisco Silver Ingot, Type One Oval Hallmark
Large Font, Straight 9s, 6.14 Ounces



- 6445** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 1681, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine, Lot #6. 6.14 ozs. Mid to late-1930s. This early period ingot has lightly toned, bright surfaces. The hallmark has three minor voids and one larger one from gas bubbles. The larger one is roughly square in shape, adding increased visual interest. The hallmark is well-centered but a bit soft at the top, indicating uneven pressure. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

Type One San Francisco Mint Silver Ingot
Large Font, Straight 9s, 6.48 Ounces



- 6446** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 1716, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine, Lot #6. 6.48 ozs. Mid to late-1930s. Most Type One ingots do not have a smooth obverse side, leading to many irregularities in the imprinting of the devices. This ingot is fairly smooth; however, the hallmark is slightly off the piece with a small portion of the top and right side of the imprint off the ingot. Each side is bright with light gray-rose patina. *Ex: Alan Bingel Collection / Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 6443.*
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint 6.80-Ounce Silver Ingot
Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font, Straight 9s
Mid to Late-1930s Production



- 6447** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Large Font # 1732, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine, Lot #6. 6.80 ozs. Mid to late-1930s. The type showing Large Font Serial Numbers and Straight Stem 9s are among the more frequently seen ingots in the first two series of Type One ingots. This is an attractive piece that has a well-impressed hallmark that, like the piece above is just slightly off the bar and missing peripheral detail on the top and right portions. An interesting bit of extruded metal is seen on the back side, left from the casting process. Medium density rose and blue patina is seen on all sides. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

Scarce San Francisco Mint Type One Silver Ingot
Small Font, Straight 9s, 7.26 Ounces



- 6448** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Oval Hallmark, Small Font #2278, Straight Stem 9s in 999.5 Fine, Lot #7. 7.26 ozs. Early to mid-1940s. This early type San Francisco ingot with The Type One oval hallmark and small font is seldom seen. It is, in fact, the scarcest type of all S-mint Type One ingots. Only six others have been seen by Ken Conaway, and all are either from Lots 7 or 8. This ingot has the usual layout on the top side and the weight is centered on the back. Light gray patina overall. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

PHILADELPHIA SILVER INGOTS

1946-Dated Philadelphia Mint Silver Ingot
Type One Hallmark, 9.97 Ounces



- 6449** 1946 U.S. Mint Philadelphia, Type One Hallmark, #53, 999 Fine, Lot #10. 9.97 ozs. Philadelphia Mint silver ingots are scarce items. All Type One and Type Two hallmarked Philadelphia ingots were produced in 1946, with the exception of one known 1956 example. Probably no more than a few hundred ingots were produced in Philadelphia of all three hallmark variants with far fewer remaining today. This is a well laid-out ingot with a nicely centered hallmark. Light, even gray patina is seen over each side. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

1946-Dated Philadelphia Silver Ingot
Type Three Hallmark, 6.85 Ounces



- 6450** 1946 U.S. Mint Philadelphia Type Three Hallmark, #20, 999 Fine, Lot #10. 6.85 ozs. The Type Three hallmark was used on Philadelphia ingots in 1946, but the same punch wasn't used on ingots produced in San Francisco until 1956 and the early 1960s on those made in New York. This a nicely laid-out piece with the date, fineness, and hallmark on the top side; while the serial number and weight are punched into the lower back side. Light silver surfaces throughout. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

Type Three 1946-Dated Philadelphia Silver Ingot
7.29 Ounces



- 6451** 1946 U.S. Mint Philadelphia Type Three Hallmark, #171, 999 Fine, Lot #10. 7.29 ozs. This Type Three Philadelphia ingot has a slightly unusual layout. Only the hallmark is on the top side. The back side has the date at the top with FINE overlapping the bottom half of the digits in the date, followed by 999, the serial number 171, and finally the weight: OZS 7.29. Bright overall with just the slightest hint of toning. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

SAN FRANCISCO LARGE SIZE UNDATED SILVER INGOTS

San Francisco Large-Size Silver Ingot
Type One Hallmark, 25.10 Ounces
999.0 Fineness



- 6452 Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type One Hallmark, Cast Ingot, #1724, Lot # SS83. 999.0 Fine. 25.10 ozs. Another 999.0 Fine ingot, like the 5.53-ounce piece listed above. Collecting by fineness is unusual, but the purchase of both of these ingots would assure the buyer of a complete type set of 999.0 Fine bars in this series. Original, deep gray patina is seen on all sides. A few abrasions are seen as well as the expected gas bubbles that have left the occasional void on the surfaces.

Large-Size San Francisco Mint Silver Ingot
Type Two Hallmark, 19.43 Ounces



- 6453 Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type Two Oval Hallmark (1956), Cast Ingot, #538, Lot #2. 999.75 Fine. 19.43 ozs. While not a dated ingot, an overlay of the Type Two cast and 1956-dated ingots shows no repeat of serial numbers and lot numbers between the two hallmarks; therefore dating them to 1956. This ingot is well laid out with the devices evenly spaced and all are contained on the top side (except, of course, the lot number). Light rose patina is highlighted by the natural silver brilliance.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint Silver Ingot
Oversized Type Three Oval Hallmark, 21.32 Ounces



- 6454 Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Undated, Type Three Oval Hallmark (1956), Cast Ingot, #38, Lot # 1. 999.75 Fine. 21.32 ozs. This undated large-size ingot has an oversized oval hallmark on the upper portion of the top side. It is parenthetically dated to 1956 because of the match between the Type Two cast and 1956-dated ingots with no repeat of serial numbers or lot numbers. This Type Three hallmark is more commonly associated with the reverse stamping of silver plates before they were cut into the Sheared Plate ingots and are rarely found on the obverse of cast examples. On both the small and large-sized hallmarks the first S in STATES is taller than expected. The surfaces are remarkably smooth and show even deep blue patina. An unusual and highly collectible ingot.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

SAN FRANCISCO LARGE SIZE DATED SILVER INGOTS

1956-Dated Round Hallmark Silver Ingot
San Francisco Mint, 18.03 Ounces



- 6455 U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1956 Round Dated Hallmark, #803, Lot #249. 999.75 Fine, 18.03 ozs. The Round Dated Hallmark was first used in 1956 in the San Francisco Mint. This year is a relatively plentiful one and an early date that can be used for type purposes. This ingot has interesting elements on both sides. At the bottom of the top side the fineness is lightly punched in (the third 9 is not present) and the E in FINE partially off the bar. The reverse has several deep crevices caused by gas bubbles at the time of the casting. Light, even gray patina overall.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1956 Round Dated San Francisco Silver Ingot
20.77 Ounces



- 6456** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1956 Round Dated Hallmark, #185, Lot #249. 999.75 Fine. 20.77 ozs. In this particular series, the lot numbers range from 185 (this piece) to 803 (the lot above). This is an especially well laid-out ingot with all the devices deeply impressed on the top side and well-spaced. Light reddish patina is seen over each side of this bright silver ingot.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1956-Dated Round Hallmark San Francisco Silver Ingot
22.69 Ounces



- 6457** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1956 Round Dated Hallmark, #292, 999.75 Fine, Lot #249. 22.69 ozs. While Type Two and Round Dated hallmark ingots were both produced in 1956, no serial numbers have yet been seen that overlap these two types. Fewer than 45 of the 25-ounce class ingots dated 1956 have been traced in auction appearances since 1980. This is another nicely laid-out larger sized ingot with all the devices contained on the top side. Light rose-gray toning is seen over all sides with considerable underlying brightness.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1956 Round Hallmark S-Mint Silver Ingot
28.71 Ounces



- 6458** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1956 Round Dated Hallmark, #1847, 999.75 Fine, Lot #164. 28.71 ozs. Lot numbers on 1956 Round Dated examples are found in either 164 (this example) or 249 (see above). The imprint is deep over the top side with an especially crisp hallmark.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1959-Dated Round Hallmark Silver S-Mint Ingot
21.05 Ounces



- 6459** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1959 Round Dated Hallmark, #1683, Lot #38, 999.75 Fine. 21.05 ozs. The 25-ounce ingots were one of the default sizes produced by the Mint, along with 5-ounce and 100-ounce sizes. This original ingot was thoughtfully laid out - the hallmark was positioned just left of a circular casting flaw on the upper portion of the top side. Medium gray toning throughout.
From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1960-Dated Round Hallmark San Francisco Silver Ingot
28.38 Ounces



- 6460** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1960 Round Dated Hallmark, No Serial Number, Lot #10. 999.5 Fine. 28.38 ozs. This ingot is laid out similarly to the 1960 ingot we sold in our June Long Beach Auction in 2011. The round hallmark is at the top, no serial number (as on that ingot from five years ago), and at the bottom is 999.5 and FINE. All the imprints are bold and deeply impressed. Light silver-gray surfaces show just the slightest bit of rose patina. Ken Conaway has only seen four ingots with the 1960 Round Dated hallmark.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

1960-Dated Round Hallmark San Francisco Silver Ingot
35.00 Ounces



- 6461** U.S. Mint San Francisco, 1960 Round Dated Hallmark, #925, 999.5 Fine, Lot #9. 35.00 ozs. The weight is on the left side and is perhaps the most noteworthy aspect on this ingot. It weighs an even 35.00 ounces; undoubtedly a one-in-a-hundred chance rather than anything intentionally made in even ounces. The surfaces are bright and show just the slightest bit of toning. As with the ingot above, Ken Conaway has seen only seen four ingots with the 1960 Round Dated hallmark.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

**SAN FRANCISCO SHEARED
PLATE SILVER INGOTS**

San Francisco Sheared Plate Silver Ingot
17.55 Ounces, Seldom-Seen Type



- 6462** Mint of the United States at San Francisco, Type Two Oval Hallmark, Sheared Plate Ingot, #131 With Added Mark of #66, 999.75 Fine. 17.55 ozs. Early 1950s. Produced in 1952 or 1953, as suggested by the serial number. Sheared plate ingots are a little known and underappreciated series of silver ingots. Their nature as a medium of exchange based on the value of silver tended to encourage melting and as a result few were saved. This is an original sheared plate that has light to medium gray toning. All the imprints are on the top side, and they were impressed perpendicular to each other. The hallmark, serial number (131), and the added number 66 are oriented horizontally. The fineness and weight are arranged vertically. Unlike many sheared ingots this one lacks a hallmark on the back side.

From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.

San Francisco Mint Sheared Plate Silver Ingot
Very Scarce Ingot Type, 24.65 Ounces



- 6463** San Francisco Mint Sheared Plate Silver Ingot. 999.75 Fine, 24.65 Ounces. Sheared plate ingots are among the scarcest types of silver ingots produced in the San Francisco Mint. They date from the early to mid-1950s, and only an estimated 2,000 of these ingots were cast. These unusual ingots were cut from a larger plate of silver to the final size. They were intended for silver storage and exchange at their intrinsic value. Most were melted. The few we have handled all have a Type Two hallmark. Most were hallmarked on both the front and back sides (some show only a partial reverse imprint), but this one just has the imprint on the front side. Ken Conaway has only seen or recorded the appearance of 30 sheared plate ingots. This piece is nicely laid out with the hallmark at the top / 522 / 24.65 OZS / 999.75 FINE. The surfaces show original, light gray patina with occasional dabs of charcoal on the edges. The serial number 522 suggests this ingot was produced in 1954.

NUGGETS

6464 Three pendant-sized gold nuggets. This lot consists of three gold nuggets ideally suited for suspension. The first is a triangular nugget, greenish-gold with smooth, possibly alluvial surfaces, the 14K bail and jump ring in place, 11.5 grams, 14 mm x 17 mm (.55" x .67") at widest points. The second nugget is tall and tree-shaped, medium-gold with a few shallow inclusions, with the bail and jump ring installed — smoothed by water or possibly by wear and handling, nearly flat on one side — 33.2 grams, 19 mm x 30 mm (.75" x 1.18") at widest points. A third nugget is in its smooth, natural shape with no mounting hardware, green-gold, shaped like an arrowhead, 25.6 grams, 17 mm x 29 mm (.67" x 1.14"). Total three pieces, combined weight 70.3 grams. (Total: 3 pieces)

Handsome Alluvial Gold Nugget 1.8 Troy Ounces



6465 Gold Nugget. 56.0 Grams. A heavy, cauliflower-shaped alluvial nugget with veinlike coppery encrustations. The high points are smooth and rounded with brassy-gold color typical of some Alaska findings, although the origin of this nugget is undisclosed. The eye appeal is excellent. Nearly flat on one side, bulbous on the other. 30 mm x 21 mm (1.18" x .83"), 56 grams (1.80 troy ounces).

Diamond-Shaped Alluvial Gold Nugget 2.556 Troy Ounces



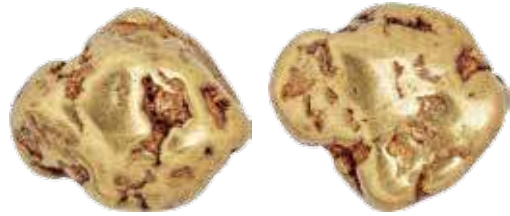
6466 Gold Nugget. 79.5 Grams. A large and unusually formed gold nugget — roughly diamond-shaped — with traces of host matrix that tunnels through the metal in labyrinthine channels and inclusions that appear as russet-red and winding, pale coffee-colored accents. Smooth alluvial gold dominates the surfaces of this weighty nugget. 27 mm x 39 mm (1.06" x 1.54"). 79.5 grams.

Triangular Gold Nugget Alluvial Appearance, 2.652 Troy Ounces



6467 Gold Nugget. 82.5 grams. This triangular-shaped nugget shows comparatively small amount of the host matrix, a granular, reddish-brown ore that appears to hold copper as well as gold. The natural action of weathering and the abrasive force of water and stream action has reduced the nugget to its present form, with rounded edges and smooth-gold surface that displays a mostly brassy-gold color and only a little residual material in the crevices and recesses. The nugget's size at its widest points measures 38 mm x 29 mm (1.50" x 1.14") at a weight of 82.5 grams.

Dense Alluvial Gold Nugget 3.24 Troy Ounces



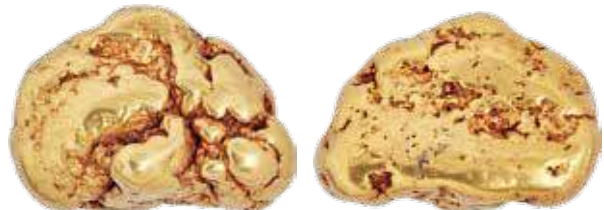
6468 Gold Nugget. 100.7 Grams. This alluvial nugget shows only scattered crystalline inclusions and predominantly smooth gold surfaces. A dense piece for its size, it tips the scale at just over 100 grams (3.24 troy ounces) despite a roundish size of only 27 mm x 32 mm (1.06" x 1.26").

Chunky Alluvial Gold Nugget 3.469 Troy Ounces



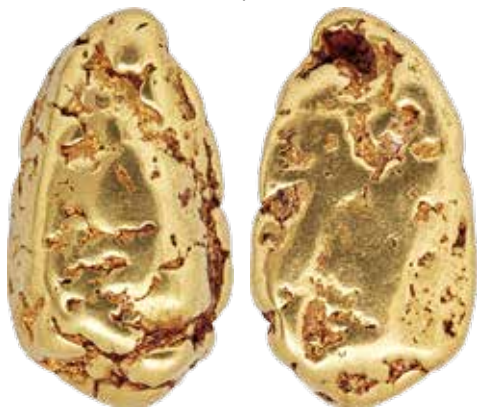
6469 Gold Nugget. 107.9 Grams. A dense, heavyweight gold nugget shaped something (with imagination) like a wool-laden sheep. The surfaces show smooth gold segments with glimpses of underlying copperlike matrix. An interesting and substantial alluvial nugget, with consistent brassy-gold color matching most of the other outstanding nuggets in this impressive collection. 38 mm x 25 mm (1.5" x .98"), 107.9 grams (3.469 troy ounces).

Knobby-Topped, Flat-Bottomed Alluvial Nugget 5.14 Troy Ounces



6470 Gold Nugget. 160 Grams. Tumbled and worn smooth by water action, this heavy nugget is flatsided on the bottom with rounded outcroppings of gold on the top. Shallow inclusions of host matrix emphasize the bulbous, brassy-gold knobs that add heft and height to this impressive nugget. 30 mm x 42 mm (1.18" x 1.65"). 160 grams (5.14 troy ounces).

Large Teardrop-Shaped Alluvial Nugget
5.41 Troy Ounces



- 6471 Gold Nugget. 168.2 Grams.** Smooth, brassy-gold metal dominates this oblong nugget, which would make an impressive pendant if not for its outlandish size and one third-pound weight. Just over two inches long from tip to tail, the nearly all-gold composition shows only minor inclusions with reddish-brown encrustation within the shallow crevices. 29 mm x 53 mm (1.14" x 2.09"), 168.2 grams (5.41 troy ounces). NGC ID# AL86, PCGS# 661000

Substantial Streambed Gold Nugget
5.85 Troy Ounces



- 6472 Gold Nugget. 182.1 Grams.** Roughly shovel-shaped in appearance, this thick nugget weighs in at an impressive 182.1 grams (5.85 troy ounces). The smooth surfaces suggest an alluvial source — either a streambed, or possibly the nugget was smoothed by wave action — although the exact geographic origin is undisclosed. Like the other nuggets in this interesting consignment, the brasslike gold shows olive coloration with only small inclusions, where traces of reddish-brown crystalline host matrix survive. This is a substantial and attractive nugget suitable for display. 29 mm x 43 mm (1.14" x 1.69").

PROOF SET BOX

Box for 1873 Proof Set
G.W.P. Bucheller, Owner



- 6473 Box for an 1873 Proof Set.** The 159mm x 130mm brown leatherette case features a 51mm x 32mm steel plate on the top center, engraved "G.W.P. Bucheller / BORN / February 21st, 1873." The velvet-covered interior has slots for the cent, two cent, three cent silver, three cent nickel, nickel, half dime, dime, quarter, half dollar, and silver dollar denominations. The clasp works. The case grades Fine. No coins are offered with this lot.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

EARLY PROOF SETS

1891 Six-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR65 All NGC-Certified



6474 1891 Six-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR65 NGC. From the same source as the 1880, 1882, and 1886 proof sets in Platinum Night. This set includes:

Cent PR65 Red and Brown. The obverse is bright and untoned with nicely mirrored fields. The reverse is deep cherry-red with a hint of moss-green over the left side of the wreath. Sharply struck.

Liberty Nickel PR64. Again, a very different different obverse/reverse look. The obverse is pale aqua-blue with deep mirrors in the fields. The reverse is streaked with rose and lilac and the fields are a bit more subdued. A carbon spot on the lower portion of the neck explains the grade.

Seated Dime PR65. Target-toned with pale rose in the center of the obverse surrounded by deep cobalt-blue, while the reverse has concentric rose, deep blue, and pale yellow patina. Deeply mirrored fields.

Seated Quarter PR65. Each side has the same coloration — rose and deep blue — but in varying depths. The obverse is a bit deeper in color, but the fields still shine brightly through the color. The reverse is lighter than the obverse with more rose, and also displays deep proof mirrors. Sharply detailed.

Seated Half PR65. Splendid toning on each side and differently colored on each side. The obverse shows light yellow, pale rose, and light blue. The reverse displays swirling deep red and cobalt-blue. Both sides are brightly mirrored in the fields with the coloration no impediment to recognition as a proof striking.

Morgan Dollar PR64. The toning is nothing short of spectacular and well-balanced from side to side on this near-Gem proof dollar. Each side displays bright shades of rose, deep blue, and yellow toning in varying intensities. Brightly mirrored fields. For a coin that is not PR65, there are no obvious contact marks or other flaws apparent. (Total: 6 coins)

1906 Five-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR66
All PCGS-Certified



6475 1906 Five-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR66 PCGS. This five-piece proof set is all PCGS-certified and includes:

Indian Cent PR65 Brown. Uniformly mellowed brown and blue patina with just a glimpse of red still covers each side. The proof fields are subdued by the depth of toning.

Liberty Nickel PR66. The fields are brightly mirrored and each side shows just the slightest hint of oil-slick iridescence. Pinpoint-sharp strike definition throughout. A few minor flyspecks of carbon are seen on both sides.

Barber Dime PR64. Pale blue-gray centers darken around the margins. Fully struck and lightly hairlined.

Barber Quarter PR65. Deeply mirrored fields on each side. The toning is nearly impossible to describe with so many colors present and spread across each side in a seemingly random pattern. A diagonal swath of near-brilliance can be seen on the upper-left of the obverse.

Barber Half Dollar PR65. Similarly toned to the quarter above, the fields are likewise deeply reflective and flash forcefully through the layers of light patina. Sharply but not quite fully struck up. (Total: 5 coins)

CERTIFIED MODERN PROOF SETS

1936 Proof Set, PR64-PR66
All PCGS-Certified



6476 1936 Proof Set, PR64-PR66 PCGS. This five-piece, all PCGS-certified set includes:

Cent — Brilliant Finish — PR65 Red. Deep cherry-red color over each side with occasional dabs of pale yellow and lilac patina interspersed.

Nickel — Brilliant Finish — PR66. Brightly reflective mirrors are evident in the fields and each side is brilliant with no apparent flaws.

Dime PR65. Just the slightest hint of golden is seen over the otherwise brilliant and deeply mirrored fields.

Quarter PR65. Brilliant with illimitable depth of mirrored reflectivity in the fields. Looks finer than the stated grade.

Half Dollar PR64. The surfaces are brilliant throughout and the mirrored fields are remarkably deep, especially so for a 1936 half. It doesn't take much imagination to see a bit of modest contrast against the devices. (Total: 5 coins)

1936 Proof Set, PR66-68
Uniformly High-Quality, All NGC-Certified



6477 1936 Proof Set, PR66-68 NGC. A uniformly high-grade set of this first modern year of issue. All are NGC-certified. Included are:

Cent — Brilliant Finish — PR66 Red. Bright, even red color with no apparent flaws. An especially vibrant proof.

Nickel — Satin Finish — PR68. A coin of singular note that appears to be carbon-free. The faces at first glance look brilliant, but closer inspection shows just the faintest hint of color.

Dime PR66. Nicely mirrored and showing just the lightest bit of rose patina on each side. Exceptional eye appeal.

Quarter PR66. Struck from heavily lapped dies, the fields show mirrors that are predictably deep. Again, only light toning is apparent, except for a couple of dashes of russet along the obverse rim.

Half Dollar PR66. The fields on this piece are more obviously mirrored than seen on many 1936 proof halves. Like the pieces above, just the lightest bit of toning is seen on each side. (Total: 5 coins)

1937 Five-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR67
All PCGS-Certified



6478 1937 Five-Piece Proof Set, PR64-PR67 PCGS. This all PCGS-certified proof set includes:

Cent PR64 Red and Brown. Varying shades of red are seen on each side, but not much brown is apparent. Brightly mirrored fields.

Nickel PR67. A visually impressive coin that is covered with pale ice-blue patina over each side and bright rose around the margins. Deeply reflective fields.

Dime PR65. Specks and streaks of light russet toning can be found on each side of this deeply mirrored proof dime.

Quarter PR66. Very pale, variegated golden dabs of color are barely visible on this high-grade proof.

Half Dollar PR67. Like the quarter, only the slightest bit of color is apparent. Deeply mirrored and problem-free, as indicated by the grade. (Total: 5 coins)

**1937 Proof Set, PR65-67
All NGC-Certified**



6479 1937 Proof Set PR65-67 NGC. This attractive, second-year set is certified by NGC. Included are:

Cent PR65 Red. Deeply mirrored fields on each side. The rich red color is interspersed with occasional accents of lilac.

Nickel PR67. Just the faintest traces of aqua-blue and rose patina can be seen on each side of this deeply mirrored proof.

Dime PR66. Streaks of russet toning are seen across each side, but the color in no way impairs the deep reflectivity seen in the fields.

Quarter PR66. Lightly toned centers turn darker around the peripheries. Nicely mirrored and problem-free.

Half Dollar PR66. Just faint speckles of color can be seen around the obverse rim, but the entire reverse displays even blue-golden toning. A nicely mirrored example of this popular early proof. (Total: 5 coins)

6480 Five-Piece 1938 Proof Set PR66 NGC. Individually housed in holders from the same NGC submission. The set includes:

Cent PR66 Red. A pumpkin-gold specimen with a few slender and horizontal lilac streaks on the central reverse.

Nickel PR66. The light gold surfaces show scattered pinpoint flecks.

Dime PR66. Lightly freckled walnut-brown toning on the reverse.

Quarter PR66. Attractive rose-red, apple-green, and peach-gold toning.

Half dollar PR66. Faint ice-blue and almond-gold patina. Weak AW monogram. (Total: 5 coins)

6481 Five-Piece 1939 Proof Set PR66 to PR67 NGC. The coins are individually holdered, and share certification numbers from the same submission. The set includes:

Cent PR66 Red. A radiant orange-red Premium Gem.

Reverse of 1938 nickel PR67. Pastel lime-gold and lilac patina.

Dime PR67. Fully struck and lustrous with light autumn-gold and fire-red toning.

Quarter PR66. Even light gray toning, undisturbed and flawless.

Half dollar PR67. Delicate straw-gold and cream toning. A precise strike. (Total: 5 coins)

6482 Five-Piece 1940 Proof Set PR66 to PR67 NGC. The quintet is certified in separate holders from the same NGC submission. The lot includes:

Cent PR66 Red. Lovely orange-gold color, one fleck above the portrait.

Nickel — Reverse of 1940 — PR67. Fully struck with light ice-blue and almond-gold toning.

Dime PR66. Horizontal streaks of autumn-gold and lime-green toning adorn both sides.

Quarter PR67. The borders display freckles of blue-green, rose-red, and golden-brown.

Half Dollar PR67. Iridescent lilac-red, sun-gold and aquamarine patina ensures the eye appeal. (Total: 5 coins)

6483 Six-Piece 1942 Proof Set PR65 to PR67 NGC. The coins are individually certified in holders from the same submission. The set includes:

Cent PR65 Red. A fully struck peach-red Gem with a glimpse of ice-blue and tan near the stem of the right wheat ear.

Type One nickel PR67. Brilliant and pristine.

Type Two nickel PR67. Lovely light lime-green and rose-red patina.

Dime PR67. Medium chestnut-gold and steel-blue toning.

Quarter PR67. Undisturbed, delicate green-gray toning.

Half dollar PR67. Pastel aquamarine, slate, and lilac patina. (Total: 6 coins)

MINT SET

Spectacular 1945-PDS Mint Set, MS63 to MS67+ Fresh Original Toning Instant Set Registry Collection



6484 1945-PDS Mint Set MS63 to MS67+ PCGS Secure. This well-matched 15-piece 1945-PDS Mint Set is individually certified in consecutively serial-numbered PCGS Secure holders. The black cardboard holder that housed these coins for many years, likely several decades, is included. Although not currently recorded in the PCGS Set Registry, these coins would receive a total set rating of 66.63, placing this 1945 set in the 6th position for current 1945 Mint Sets registered at www.pcg.com/setregistry. The set includes:

1945 Lincoln Cent MS64 Red PCGS Secure. Nicely defined with brilliant orange mint surfaces that exhibit minuscule splashes of blue toning.

1945-P Jefferson Nickel MS65+ PCGS Secure. Frosty and highly lustrous with champagne centers ceding to beautiful peripheral gold and iridescent toning.

1945 Mercury Dime MS66+ PCGS Secure. Intense orange, cherry, and blue toning frames the delicate greenish-gold centers of this satiny Premium Gem.

1945 Washington Quarter MS67+ PCGS Secure. This highly lustrous Superb Gem exhibits frosty silver surfaces within a narrow ring of brilliant rose, gold, and iridescent toning. Population: 7 in 67+, 2 finer (11/16).

1945 Walking Liberty Half Dollar MS66+ PCGS Secure. An amazing Premium Gem, this lovely half dollar has brilliant silver luster at the centers, exhibiting wispy bluish-green, light gold, intense rose, and pastel violet patina at the peripheries.

1945-D Lincoln Cent MS64 Red PCGS Secure. Trivial spots are noted on the brilliant orange surfaces of this frosty cent.

1945-D Jefferson Nickel MS65 Full Steps PCGS Secure. Fully lustrous and sharply struck with 5 1/2 steps visible through the dusky champagne and gold toning.

1945-D Mercury Dime MS66 PCGS Secure. The obverse of this lovely dime exhibits greenish-yellow at the center within intense reddish-orange toning. The reverse is mostly brilliant silver with a narrow band of orange-gold toning at the border. The central horizontal bands are split, and nearly sharp enough for a Full Bands designation.

1945-D Washington Quarter MS67+ PCGS Secure. A frosty Superb Gem, this lovely quarter has brilliant silver luster with splashes of iridescent toning inside the obverse border, and a lovely peripheral ring of violet, rose, and gold on the reverse. Population: 8 in 67+, 0 finer (11/16).

1945-D Walking Liberty Half Dollar MS67+ PCGS Secure. The three half dollars are the real stars of this Mint Set, and this Superb Gem is the star of the three half dollars. A nicely defined Superb Gem, this half dollar has brilliant and frosty silver luster at the centers, ceding to bright blue, gold, rose, lilac, and steel toning closer to the borders. Population: 19 in 67+, 0 finer (11/16).

1945-S Lincoln Cent MS63 Red PCGS Secure. Minor spots, specks of blue toning, and slight mellowing of the brilliant orange mint surfaces are expected on the cents in this set, given the holder where they resided for so many years.

1945-S Jefferson Nickel MS66 PCGS Secure. Dappled peripheral gold toning is evident on the brilliant silver surfaces of this frosty Premium Gem.

1945-S Mercury Dime MS67 PCGS Secure. The obverse exhibits pastel greenish-yellow toning with splashes of pale gold. The reverse is brilliant and lustrous with attractive peripheral gold toning on the frosty silver surfaces.

1945-S Washington Quarter MS66 PCGS Secure. Intermingled blue, gold, and iridescent toning gathers near the borders of this brilliant and frosty Premium Gem.

1945-S Walking Liberty Half Dollar MS66 PCGS Secure. A spectacular example with central silver brilliance and intense rose, gold, blue, and steel toning. (Total: 15 coins)

6485 Uncertified 1947 Double Mint Set. The set includes 28 coins, two of each denomination issued by the Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver Mints in 1947 (San Francisco did not strike half dollars that year). The coins are in the original cardboard holders, and are lightly to moderately toned. Most of the coins grade MS64 or better. The outer kraft envelope is included, as is the mailing envelope, addressed to Albany, New York. (Total: 28 coins)

End of Session Five



SESSION SIX

PATTERNS

1836 Gold Dollar Pattern in Silver
Judd-69, PR64 Cameo



- 6486** 1836 Gold Dollar, Judd-69, Pollock-72, High R.7, PR64 Cameo NGC. CAC. The obverse offers a Liberty cap appropriately inscribed and surrounded by a glory of rays, the same motif used for the 1836 Mint medal celebrating the advent of steam coinage. It is also very similar to the design seen on certain contemporary Mexican coins. The reverse features a large 1 D. in two lines, surrounded by a palm frond, with UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and the date 1836 around the rim. Struck in silver with a plain edge. Only a half-dozen or so are known in silver, and the striking date is uncertain but likely not in 1836. This is a deeply mirrored example that also has thickly contrasting frosted devices that creates the cameo effect on each side, this in spite of the variegated rose and blue toning across each side. NGC ID# 296H, PCGS# 11264

1836 Gold Dollar Pattern in Copper
Judd-70, PR65 Brown
Much Underlying Red Remains



- 6487** 1836 Gold Dollar, Judd-70, Pollock-73, Low R.7, PR65 Brown NGC. Ex: Exemplar Collection. The obverse shows a glory of rays surrounding a cap inscribed LIBERTY. On the reverse a palm branch encircles the denomination 1 D., with the legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA around and the 1836 date below. Struck in copper with a plain edge. The gold dollar restrikes, such as the present piece, were made circa 1859 and later. These restrike — some in medal turn, some in coin turn — were struck in silver, copper, and orioide. The design reflects a similar Cap and Rays design that appeared on Mexican silver coins about 1825. Fewer than a dozen examples are believed known in copper. While labeled Brown, there is considerable underlying red mint luster still evident over each side. Sharply defined and problem-free. NGC ID# 296J, PCGS# 11269

1854 Cent Pattern, PR63 Brown
Judd-161 Original



- 6488** 1854 One Cent, Judd-161 Original, Pollock-187, R.4 PR63 Brown NGC. The design is similar to that of contemporary large cents except the diameter is close to a quarter dollar, there are no stars on the obverse, and the wreath is proportionately smaller. Struck in bronze with a plain edge. A lovely chocolate-brown and olive-green specimen. The strike is intricate, and there are no detractions. Clashed within the wreath and below the chin. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 29A6, PCGS# 11663

1854 Flying Eagle, PR64 Brown
Judd-164 Original, Bronze



- 6489** 1854 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-164 Original, Pollock-189, R.5 PR64 Brown NGC. The hook-necked flying eagle design is surrounded by stars and the date below. The reverse closely resembles the regular dies issue for the large cent, although the wreath and letters are smaller, as is the diameter. Struck in bronze with a plain edge. Judd-164 was an early part of the Mint effort to replace the cumbersome large cent, culminating in the 1857 Flying Eagle cent. This is a nicely struck deep brown specimen with frequent hints of the introductory orange-gold color. Unabraded and satiny with pleasing surfaces. Both sides exhibit a partial wire rim. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 29A9, PCGS# 11678

1855 Flying Eagle Cent, PR64 Brown
Judd-168 Original, Bronze



- 6490** 1855 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-168 Original, Pollock-193, R.4, PR64 Brown NGC. A Flying Eagle cent pattern featuring a hooked-neck eagle and slanting 5s on the obverse. The diameter is that of a large cent, and the reverse is similar to the issued 1855 cent. It shows ONE CENT at the center surrounded by a circular wreath bound by a ribbon. Struck in bronze with a plain edge. This coruscating Choice cent has a good strike and glossy olive-brown surfaces. A lens reveals unobtrusive handling marks.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 29AG, PCGS# 11720

1858 Flying Eagle Cent Pattern, PR62
Judd-202, Five-Leaf Clusters



- 6491** 1858 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-202, Pollock-245, Snow-PT19, R.5, PR62 NGC. The Small Eagle obverse with open claws and raised wings. The tall, thin obverse letters represent Paquet's style. The reverse is similar to the regular issue 1859 Indian cent. The Pollock subvariety with five-leaf clusters. Struck in copper-nickel with a plain edge. A fully struck and nicely mirrored peach-gold specimen. A few tiny flecks are scattered, and a small strike-through is below the D in UNITED. Both sides exhibit a partial wire rim, most prominent near 12 o'clock on the reverse.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 29BH, PCGS# 11867

1858 Flying Eagle Cent Pattern, PR62
Judd-204, Copper-Nickel



- 6492** 1858 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-204, Pollock-248, R.5, PR62 NGC. Anthony Paquet's small flying eagle motif is paired with an ornamental shield and oak wreath reverse. Struck in copper-nickel with a plain edge. A well struck caramel-gold example. Careful inspection reveals only minor hairlines and a small reverse rim imperfection at 6:30.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 29BK, PCGS# 11871

1858 Flying Eagle Pattern in Copper-Nickel
Judd-206, PR64



- 6493** 1858 Flying Eagle Cent, Judd-206, Pollock-242, R.5, PR64 PCGS. Snow-PT16. Slight hub doubling is evident on the reverse with the close E in ONE rehubb'd with an open E. Paquet's Small Eagle obverse is paired with the regular issue Low Leaves reverse. Struck in copper-nickel with a plain edge. Evenly mellowed and brown overall. At the right angle the mirrored fields still flash through the brown patina. Sharply struck throughout. NGC ID# 29BM, PCGS# 11877

1864 'With Motto' Half Dollar in Copper
Judd-392, PR63 Brown



- 6494** 1864 Half Dollar, Judd-392, Pollock-460, Low R.7, PR63 Brown PCGS. CAC. Struck from the regular obverse die, and paired with the regular reverse die of 1866 with the motto above the eagle. Struck in copper with a reeded edge. The Judd-392 was struck circa-1869 into the early 1870s, according to USPatterns.com, and was offered as part of a denomination set struck in copper. The fields are deeply mirrored on each side with noticeably contrasting mint frost on the devices. A light layer of teal and rose toning is seen across both obverse and reverse. Lightly hairlined.
From The Dale Friend Collection of 1864 Proof Coinage. NGC ID# 93BK, PCGS# 60563

**1867 Longacre Five Cent Pattern in Aluminum
Judd-561, PR63 Cameo**



- 6495** 1867 Five Cents, Judd-561, Pollock-622, R.5, PR63 Cameo PCGS. The central obverse device is a head of Liberty facing left, wearing a headdress of four large feathers and a ribbon with the inscription UNION AND LIBERTY. Resting in the hair in front of the ribbon are four large stars. The Chief Engraver's name LONGACRE F. is stylishly displayed at the truncation of the neck. The legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA around, with the date in the exergue. The reverse features a Roman numeral V over an ornate shield, with IN GOD WE TRUST at the top. Struck in aluminum with a plain edge. This design was struck in both aluminum and copper, reeded and plain edge. According to J. Colvin Randall there were approximately 100 examples struck of the plain edge aluminum variant. This is a bright, noticeably contrasted example with no oxidation present, just a few contact marks that account for the grade. PCGS# 860771 Base PCGS# 60771

**1869 Three Cent Pattern in Nickel
Judd-676, PR66**



- 6496** 1869 Three Cent Nickel, Judd-676, Pollock-753, 755, R.4, PR66 NGC. CAC. Ex: Eric P. Newman Collection. The design resembles the regular dies, with Liberty wearing a coronet on the obverse, surrounded by UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, and the date below. The reverse is known in two varieties; this coin represents the more common one, with a low laurel wreath surrounding the denomination III, and short dentils. Struck in nickel with a plain edge. Several dozen examples of this plentiful pattern variety are known with just over 100 examples certified by NGC and PCGS. These patterns were issued in cents with similar design one cent and five cents patterns. This pleasing Premium Gem proof exhibits soft central details and natural planchet marks that remain from a less than full strike. The nickel-gray surfaces have fully mirrored fields and satiny devices.
Ex: The Eric P. Newman Collection / Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2013), lot 3969. NGC ID# 29PV, PCGS# 60901

**1870 Standard Silver Ten Cents in Copper
Judd-846, PR66 Red and Brown**



- 6497** 1870 Standard Silver Ten Cents, Judd-846, Pollock-945, Low R.7, PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. The obverse features a head of Liberty with no stars on the tiara, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA above, and the motto on a scroll below. The reverse has the date and denomination encircled by an open agricultural wreath, with STANDARD above. Struck in copper with a plain edge. This is a fully struck Premium Gem with peach-gold iridescence in protected areas. The fields and portrait display apple-green and ruby-red shades. NGC ID# 29VN, PCGS# 71090

**1870 William Barber Seated Liberty Quarter
Judd-882, Toned PR62**



- 6498** 1870 Quarter Dollar, Judd-882, Pollock-980, High R.7, PR62 PCGS. A regular issue Motto quarter reverse is paired with a William Barber rendition of the seated Liberty. She faces left and holds an olive branch and a Federal shield. A Liberty pole ascends behind her arm. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Hairlining explains the grade, but the surfaces are still deeply mirrored and each side is enveloped in rich cobalt-blue toning with a slight undertone of rose. NGC ID# 2YAU, PCGS# 61126

**1870 Standard Silver Quarter in Silver
Judd-906, PR64**



- 6499** 1870 Standard Silver Quarter Dollar, Judd-906, Pollock-994, Low R.7, PR64 NGC. CAC. This Standard Silver design depicts a bust of Liberty facing right on the obverse. Liberty's cap is ornamented with three stars and a ribbon with the inscription LIBERTY, the motto IN GOD WE TRUST is on a scroll at the lower periphery. The reverse depicts the denomination within a wreath of oak and laurel with STANDARD SILVER above and the date below. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Approximately a dozen pieces are known with a reeded edge and a similar number are extant with a plain edge. Copper and aluminum examples were also struck from these dies. The surfaces are bright with light hairlines. The centers of each side are brilliant with copper accented margins. NGC ID# 29XD, PCGS# 61150

**Modern Brass Embossing Die
Amazonian Obverse Design**



- 6500 Modern Brass Embossing Die for Amazonian Obverse Design.** A nicely crafted brass embossing/foil stamping die replicating William Barber's Amazonian design used on the 1872 pattern obverses of quarters, half dollars, and silver dollars (Judd-1195 to 1197, Judd-1200 to 1202, and Judd-1205 to 1207). We believe this is the same brass die that was used to foil emboss the June, 1977 Superior Stamp and Coin Co., Inc. auction catalog cover for The Dr. Walter Lee Couch Collection. Diameter: 3.5 in., 15.53 oz.

**1873 Trade Dollar Pattern
Judd-1276, Deeply Reflective PR61**



- 6501 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1276, Pollock-1418, R.5, PR61 NGC.** Ex: Hilt Collection. Judd-1276 distinctively shows a small head of Liberty facing left surrounded by a large, open field with 13 peripheral stars. On the reverse, an olive wreath surrounds the denomination, weight, and fineness inscriptions, while UNITED STATES OF AMERICA graces the upper periphery. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. The fields are deeply reflective even though the surfaces are lightly hairlined. The only color is seen surrounding the devices on each side.
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4/2015), lot 6001. NGC ID# 2A88, PCGS# 61561

**1873 Trade Dollar Pattern in Silver
Judd-1276, PR63 Cameo**



- 6502 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1276, Pollock-1418, R.5, PR63 Cameo NGC. CAC.** A distinctive Trade dollar pattern with a small head of Liberty facing left set amid a large, open field with 13 stars at the margin. The reverse has the required legends mostly set in the middle of that side, surrounded by an olive wreath, and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA at the upper periphery. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. Also struck in silver with a plain edge and in copper and aluminum with a reeded edge, and two pieces were produced in white metal with a plan edge. This is a brilliant example with deeply mirrored fields and starkly contrasted, frosted devices. Lightly hairlined.
From *The Sounder Collection, Part II*. PCGS# 388988 Base PCGS# 61561

**1873 Bailly-Designed Trade Dollar
Judd-1281, Deeply Mirrored PR65**



- 6503 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1281, Pollock-1423, R.4, PR65 NGC.** The obverse, designed by J. A. Bailly, features a coiled hair bust of Liberty facing left. The reverse mimics the 'Amazonian' pattern silver dollar save for a reduction in the size of the eagle and the addition of the motto E PLURIBUS UNUM above and the weight and fineness below. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. The fields are deeply mirrored and mostly untuned, while the color that is present surrounds the devices.
From *The Sounder Collection, Part II*. NGC ID# 2A8B, PCGS# 61566

**1873 Trade Dollar Pattern, PR63 Brown
Judd-1312, Struck in Copper**



- 6504 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1312, Pollock-1455, Low R.7, PR63 Brown PCGS Secure.** Struck in copper with a reeded edge. Originally marketed as part of a six-piece set that sold for \$30. This copper Trade dollar pattern, one of several patterns created leading up the release of regular-issue strikes, exhibits rich mahogany-brown surfaces with faint tints of underlying red. The strike is razor-sharp on each side and only a small rim nick appears adjacent to star 3 on the obverse. This is one of about 10 examples extant. Two six-piece sets of copper Trade dollars were included in the Linderman Collection (Lyman Low, 6/1887), lots 132, 133; later offered in the Linderman Collection (Scott Stamp & Coin, 2/1888), same lot numbers (Scott just wholesale copied the Low catalog).

Also included is an Adams Express Company Bill of Lading dated January 20, 1874, from "Supt of U.S. Mint" to "Hon. H.R. Linderman." The back side of the bill states: "Express Receipt for Seven Sets of Pattern trade dollars in Silver 1873. Also two Sets in copper in value of \$60. See letter of 21st Janary 1874 / BoL value \$60." This is an especially noteworthy document as Linderman was Mint Director (in Washington) at the time and James Pollock was Superintendent.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2A8T, PCGS# 61598

**1873 Bailly-Designed Trade Dollar in Silver
Judd-1315, PR63 Cameo**



- 6505 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1315, Pollock-1458, R.4, PR63 Cameo NGC.** Bailly's Liberty design is seated left on the obverse with cotton bales, tobacco plants, and wheat sheaves around her. Her right (facing) hand supports a globe inscribed with LIBERTY while her left holds high a pileus cap. A small eagle atop a shield dominates the reverse with the inscriptions UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and E PLURIBUS UNUM above and 420 GRAINS, 900 FINE and TRADE DOLLAR below. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. These dollar patterns were struck in silver, copper, aluminum, and (one piece) in white metal. This impressively designed Trade dollar is brilliant throughout with strong white-on-black contrast on each side.

From The Souder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# 2A8V, PCGS# 388540

**1873 Trade Dollar in Silver With Small Eagle
Judd-1322, Toned PR65**



- 6506 1873 Trade Dollar, Judd-1322, Pollock-1465, R.4, PR65 PCGS.** The obverse is similar to the adopted design, but with a longer base on the rock that extends to the right (facing) rim behind Liberty. The reverse shows a small eagle high in the field, with spread wings and holding a ribbon that is nearly a closed loop in its beak. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. This design was produced in silver, copper, aluminum, and white metal, but only the silver version is known with both a reeded and a plain edge. This piece has a remarkably sharp strike, oftentimes this eagle motif is softly detailed on the breast feathers. Richly toned over each side with deeper blue and rose patina on the obverse and much lighter pale rose on the reverse. NGC ID# 2A8Z, PCGS# 61608

1877 William Barber Half Dollar in Silver
Judd-1526, PR65 Cameo
Only Four Pieces Known



- 6507 1877 Barber's Liberty Head Half Dollar, Judd-1526, Pollock-1694, High R.7, PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC** Die engraving is attributed to William Barber. The obverse has a head of Liberty facing left, wearing a crested helmet inscribed LIBERTY with an eagle as part of the design. Above is the motto IN GOD WE TRUST with seven stars left, six right, and the date below. The reverse is the same design described for Judd-1524. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. This is an impressive Gem with pale gold and iridescent toning over silver surfaces. This is an excellent specimen that displays strong cameo contrast on both sides, the lustrous designs are surrounded by deeply mirrored fields.

Only four examples are known:

PR66 NGC. The Judd plate coin. Dr. J. Hewitt Judd; Stack's (3/1980), lot 718; Stack's (6/1999); Superior (7/2003).

PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. The example offered here. Major Lenox Lohr; R.E. Cox (Stack's, 4/1962), lot 2269; Harry X Boosel (RARCOA, 4/1972), lot 1157; Rogers M. Fred, Jr. (Bowers and Merena, 11/1995); Novoselsky; Higman-Alterman; Larry Hanks and Mal Varner; Superior (4/2000 FPL); Bowers and Merena (10/2000). FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 1539.

PR65 PCGS. The Pollock plate coin and the Adams-Woodin plate coin. William H. Woodin; Waldo Newcomer; Col. E.H.R. Green; Taylor Collection (New Netherlands, 61st Sale, 6/1970), lot 63; Harry W. Bass, Jr. (Bowers and Merena, 5/1999), lot 1230.

PR62 PCGS. Farouk (Sotheby's, 2/1954); DiBello Collection (Stack's, 5/1970), lot 391; Armand Champa (Bowers and Merena, 5/1972), lot 1073, Rudy Sieck (Bowers and Ruddy, 1981 ANA), lot 239; Morris Evans (Bowers and Merena, 8/1998) Heritage (1/2004).

1878 Goloid Dollar
Judd-1557, PR63



- 6508 1878 Goloid Dollar, Judd-1557, Pollock-1749, Low R.6, PR63 PCGS.** Liberty wears a cap and faces left with the date below, E PLURIBUS UNUM above, seven stars left and six right. The reverse has GOLOID, the composition, and weight in grains in the center, surrounded by a circle of 38 stars, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA above and ONE DOLLAR below at the periphery. Struck in goloid alloy with a reeded edge. Approximately two dozen pieces are known of this design and in this peculiar metal. An additional six examples were struck in copper. The fields are still brightly reflective and enhance the russet patina that surrounds the margins. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 2AFA, PCGS# 61919

1878 Judd-1557 Goloid Dollar, PR66 Cameo
The Only Piece Metallurgically Tested and the Sole Cameo



- 6509 1878 Goloid Dollar, Judd-1557, Pollock-1749, Low R.6, PR66 Cameo NGC.** 16.6 grams. Liberty faces left, with cap adorned with wheat ears, cotton leaves and bolls, eponymously inscribed in incuse letters. There are 13 stars ringing the rim, with the Latin motto above and date below. On the reverse the center reads GOLOID / 1—G. / 24—S. / .9 FINE. / 258 GRS. within a circle of 38 stars. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA is above, ONE DOLLAR below. Struck in goloid alloy with a reeded edge. This particular coin has been metallurgically tested and the results are: 89% silver, 5% gold, and 5% copper. In other words, this piece is really struck in goloid alloy, not coin silver. Approximately two dozen examples exist, but confusion between goloid composition and coin silver (Judd-1558) has led to confusion about the relative rarity of each. This is the only piece cited on the USPatterns.com website as having been tested. It is also the sole Judd-1557 that has received a Cameo designation. The fields display remarkable depth of mirrored reflectivity with frosted devices. Light golden toning covers the obverse, while the reverse is also golden with light lilac patina intermixed. Virtually flawless surfaces. PCGS# 412466 Base PCGS# 61919

1879 'Washlady' Dollar in Silver
Judd-1603, PR63
A Sought-After Collected Pattern Design



- 6510** 1879 Washlady Dollar, Judd-1603, Pollock-1798, High R.6, PR63 NGC. CAC. The famous "Washlady" design by Charles Barber. A portrait of Liberty faces to the left with her hair tied behind her head. She has a headband inscribed LIBERTY, and her hair is adorned by wheat and cotton. Above is the motto IN GOD WE TRUST and below is the date with seven stars to the left and six stars to the right. The reverse depicts an eagle holding an olive branch and three arrows. The statutory legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA follows the border with the motto E PLURIBUS UNUM, in smaller letters, in the field. The denomination ONE DOLLAR is below. Struck in silver with a reeded edge. The last time we sold a Washlady dollar in silver (six years ago), we observed:

"It is interesting to observe how concepts of beauty change over time. In the late 19th century this design was not well received by dealers and collectors. Liberty's hair appeared disheveled, and the design was apparently given the nickname of Washlady by David Proskey around April 1891 at the Doughty Sale. The name stuck, but today the Washlady design is considered one of the most beautiful ever produced by the Mint. Between 12 and 15 examples are believed known of the Washlady dollar in both copper and silver. There is also one example known in white metal."

This is a deeply reflective example that retains bright underlying silvery sheen with a light layer of rose over each side. Lightly hairlined, but there are no obvious or detracting contact marks present. A significant opportunity for the pattern collector. NGC ID# 2AGU, PCGS# 61981

1879 Goloid Metric Dollar, PR62 Cameo
Judd-1626, Struck in Goloid



- 6511** 1879 Goloid Metric Dollar, Judd-1626, Pollock-1822, R.4, PR62 Cameo PCGS. William Barber's design for the Goloid Metric dollar with a capped head of Liberty on the obverse, paired with a reverse that carries verbose statutory as well as elemental inscriptions. A circle of stars about the central inscriptions breaks the otherwise continuous wording. Struck in goloid with a reeded edge. This sharply struck specimen displays significant contrast between the frosty portrait and the glassy obverse field. The borders display peach-gold toning, and the fields exhibit delicate hairlines. Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 2333. PCGS# 862004 Base PCGS# 62004

1880 Metric Dollar in Copper
Judd-1646, PR67 Red and Brown



- 6512** 1880 Metric Dollar, Judd-1646, Pollock-1846, R.7, PR67 Red and Brown PCGS. William Barber's Metric dollar depicts Liberty wearing a coronet with a border of pearls. The elaborate reverse displays a partial wreath of cotton and corn tied at the base, a ribbon, and the motto DEO EST GLORIA within a cartouche above. Struck in copper with a reeded edge. This majestic design was taken from the 1877 half union. Examples were struck in silver or goloid, copper, and aluminum. More than a dozen copper pieces are known, but predictably survivors with this much original red color are rare. This piece is tied with one other as the finest known among Red and Brown pieces. The surfaces show very little color that is not red. Slight portions of peripheral blue and deeper cherry-red can be seen around the obverse rim, but the collector of full red patterns should be pleased with this example. Deeply reflective fields and fully struck throughout. NGC ID# 2AJ4, PCGS# 72031

1881 Liberty Head Three Cent in Copper
Judd-1669, PR64 Red and Brown



- 6513** 1881 Liberty Head Three Cents, Judd-1669, Pollock-1870, R.7, PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. Three cent nickel pattern featuring the head on the obverse similar to that used on the adopted Liberty nickel of 1883. The reverse has a Roman numeral III in the center, surrounded by a wreath of cotton and corn. Struck in copper with a plain edge. The Charles Barber Liberty Head appears on one cent, three cent, and five cent patterns of 1881 that were issued in sets for collectors. Nickel and aluminum examples of each denomination were also issued and likely also sold in three-piece sets. The surfaces are red and only slightly muted with no obvious browning. A few flyspecks of carbon are present on each side. NGC ID# 35MV, PCGS# 72065

1883 Liberty Nickel, Struck in Pure Nickel
Judd-1704, PR67 Ultra Cameo



- 6514** 1883 Liberty Head Five Cents, Judd-1704, Pollock-1908, Low R.6, PR67 Ultra Cameo NGC. CAC. The obverse is similar in design to the Liberty nickel adopted in this year, except around the obverse instead of stars are the words UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. The reverse has a central inscription that reads PURE NICKEL, surrounded by a wreath of cotton and corn. FIVE CENTS is separated above and below with seven stars left and six right. Struck in pure nickel (and as such a magnetic coin) with a plain edge. By far, the finest example we have seen of this interesting, experimental pattern. The surfaces are bright and untuned with stark cameo contrast between the deeply mirrored fields and frosted devices. Absolutely pristine and unhairlined. This is the only PR67 Deep/Ultra Cameo of this pattern that has received CAC endorsement. PCGS# 962120 Base PCGS# 62120

1884 Eastman Johnson 'Holey Five Cent' Pattern
Judd-1724, PR67
Contrasted and Showing Oil-Slick Iridescence



- 6515** 1884 Five Cents, Judd-1724, Pollock-1934, Low R.6, PR67 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Simpson. The Eastman Johnson "holey five cent" design. The obverse shows FIVE above and CENTS below a roughly octagonal opening in the planchet, with shields on either side. The reverse shows UNITED STATES OF AMERICA at the outer rim, with an inner circle of 13 stars and date 1884 below. Struck in nickel with a plain edge. Also struck in aluminum and a single white metal piece. Approximately two dozen examples are known in nickel, in with both thin and thick planchets. The fields on this example are boldly mirrored with sharply contrasting devices. The surfaces are remarkably well-preserved with olive-gold outer toning and metallic-blue hues at the interior. A remarkable Superb Gem specimen of this popular pattern.
Ex: Bob Simpson Collection / ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 5728. NGC ID# 2ALB, PCGS# 62154

1942 Wartime Cent Pattern in Brown Plastic
Judd-2060, MS61



- 6516** 1942 Cent, Judd-2060, Pollock-4035, Low R.7, MS61 NGC. Part of the World War II effort to divert copper from the U.S. cent, this design was tried in various unusual materials, including red fiber and Bakelite. The obverse Liberty bust right design is based on the KM-198 Columbia two centavos. The wreath and legend reverse borrows from a Baker-155 Washington medalet. Struck in brown plastic with a plain edge. Burdette's First Reverse. Deep brown surfaces overall with porosity and die crumbling seen around the margins. NGC ID# 2ANA, PCGS# 12215

**'1759' Martha Washington Dime
Likely Struck During 1965
Judd-2101, MS62**



- 6517** 1759 (1965) Martha Washington Dime Test Piece, Judd-2101, Pollock-2081, Low R.7, MS62 NGC. 34.94 grains, very similar to the standard weight of a clad dime. The Martha Washington "nonsense dies" were first used circa-1965 to test silver replacement alloys for the dime, quarter, and half dollar. They were also used in 1999 to test alloys for the Sacagawea dollar. The obverse, by Edward R. Grove, depicts a Bust Right of the first First Lady. The reverse, by Philip Fowler, presents a corner view of Washington's Mount Vernon home. Struck in clad (cupronickel-copper) composition with a reeded edge. An essentially unabraded pearl-gray example held back in grade by a soft central strike and a small obverse spot at 5 o'clock.

**1759 (1965) Martha Washington
Half Dollar Medalet, AU58
Judd-2143, Copper / Zinc / Silver Composition**



- 6518** 1759 (1965) Martha Washington Half Dollar Medalet, Judd-2116, Unlisted in Pollock, Low R.7, AU58 NGC. 184.64 grains. Composed of 58.3% copper, 34.3% zinc, and 7.2% silver, as indicated on the insert. This piece was received by NGC in March 2016. The alloy does not match any mentioned in "A Study of Alloys Suitable for Use as United States Coinage." Perhaps we can infer from its omission from that work that it was deemed unsuitable as a coinage alloy. It is also probable that this is a unique composition. The design is the usual Martha Washington obverse paired with the Mount Vernon reverse. Reeded edge. The peculiarity of the design would mean the coin never actually circulated, so what we see as rub was undoubtedly caused by friction from being carried as a pocket piece. Much of each side retains original brilliance while the devices are outlined in golden-russet patina. A very curious and most likely unique pattern.

**1759 (1965) Martha Washington
Half Dollar Medalet, MS64
Judd-2132, Struck From 'Nonsense' Dies**



- 6519** 1759 (1965) Martha Washington Half Dollar Medalet, Judd-2116, Pollock-2083, Low R.7, MS64 NGC. 172.94 grains. The obverse has a bust of Martha Washington with the date 1759, while the reverse shows Mount Vernon. The Mint calls these "nonsense dies" because they lack reference to the current date and the denomination. This piece was struck with a reeded edge in multilateral cupronickel-copper to test the composition in preparation for the clad coins of 1965. The Martha Washington design would later be used to test other alloys and denominations. The surfaces are bright and satiny with pronounced die clashing on each side.

**'1759' Martha Washington Nickel
Judd-2182, MS64**



- 6520** 1759 (Circa 1985) Martha Washington Five Cent Test Piece, Judd-2182, Pollock-Unlisted, R.7, MS64 NGC. 77.08 gn, virtually equal to the 5.0 gm statutory weight of a Jefferson nickel. Struck in nickel with a plain edge. Unlisted in Pollock, who describes only dime, quarter, and half dollar diameter pieces struck in 1965 from similar Martha Washington dies. The alloy of the five cent piece has remained unchanged since 1866, with the exception of the 1942 to 1945 "war nickels." USPatterns.com speculates that Judd-2182 was produced circa 1985 to test the Schuler coin press. The initials of Edward Groves are beneath the bust, and the tree touches the A in WASHINGTON. An evenly struck and lustrous silver-gray near-Gem with nearly unabraded surfaces.

**Martha Washington 'Golden' Dollar, MS65
Judd-2185, Struck in 1999**



- 6521** 1759 (1999) Martha Washington Dollar, Judd-2185, Pollock-Unlisted, Low R.7, MS65 NGC. The 1759-dated obverse has a portrait of Martha Washington facing right, while the reverse shows a view of Mount Vernon. This design, which omits a denomination and the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, has been used by the Mint to test candidate coinage alloys since 1965. The present piece was likely struck in 1999, when the Sacagawea dollar was planned with a "golden" color to distinguish the denomination from a quarter. Struck in manganese-brass-coated copper-clad metal with a plain edge. Sharply struck, lustrous, and nearly unabraded with a few pinpoint flecks on each side. NGC ID# 2ANM, PCGS# 511836

**Martha Washington Dollar, MS65
Judd-2185 Non-Manganese Variant
Two N's in Obverse Field**



- 6522** 1759 (1999) Martha Washington Dollar, "N" and "N", Judd-2185 Variety, Pollock-Unlisted, Low R.7, MS65 NGC. The Martha Washington design, previously used to test clad coinage circa 1965, was revived in 1999 to test "golden" alloys for the pending Sacagawea dollar. Lot 1451 from our May 2009 Long Beach Signature describes the proposed "N" alloy as 77% copper, 20% zinc, and 3% nickel. The letter N was crudely entered into the left and right field of the obverse die, to identify pieces struck in that specific non-manganese alloy. The present Gem exhibits rich peach color, deeper than seen on the typical Martha Washington pattern dollar. Crisply struck, lustrous, and well preserved. NGC ID# 2ANM, PCGS# 511836

GOLD DOLLARS

- 6523** 1849 Open Wreath, D-4, Close Stars, MS64 PCGS. A sharp strike and satiny yellow-gold luster give this lovely Type One gold dollar its eye appeal. A loupe fails to reveal any significant abrasions. The 1849 is usually available for type representation, although coins grading finer than the present piece are elusive. NGC ID# 25B9, PCGS# 521671 Base PCGS# 7502

1849-D Dollar, Sharply Struck AU58



- 6524** 1849-D AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A. The 1849-D Open Wreath Dahlonega gold dollar issue has a low mintage of 21,588 pieces. Two die marriages are confirmed, with the "mintmark left" Variety 1-A somewhat more available than the "mintmark centered" Variety 1-B. Yellow-gold surfaces with traces of light green display luster in recessed areas, and the design elements are sharply struck throughout. A few light contact marks do not detract. Census: 88 in 58 (1 in 58+), 110 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BD, PCGS# 7507

**1850-D Gold Dollar, XF45
Appealing for the Grade**



- 6525** 1850-D XF45 PCGS. Variety 2-C. Dahlonega gold expert Doug Winter calls the 1850-D gold dollar "underrated and undervalued in all grades." With an estimated survival of fewer than 175 pieces, the issue is indeed among the scarcer D-mint Type One gold dollars. This collectible Choice XF representative displays original olive-gold patina with deeper orange-gold overtones in the fields. The strike is bold, and light wear is consistent with the grade. Population: 13 in 45, 59 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BH, PCGS# 7511
- 6526** 1850-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 2-C. Dahlonega gold dollars were struck in very limited quantities. The 1850-D has a mintage of only 8,382 pieces. The present lime-green and pumpkin-gold example is hairlined, and exhibits a soft impression on the curls near Liberty's ear.

1850-O Gold Dollar, MS61
Conditionally Scarce O-Mint Issue



- 6527 1850-O MS61 NGC. Variety 1.** All of the O-mint Type One gold dollars have plentiful mintages, with one exception. The 1850-O has a meager production of 14,000 pieces, perhaps because Seated dollars were also struck at New Orleans that year, but also due to the fact that double eagle coinage began in 1850 at this mint. This is a well-struck, satiny example with original khaki-gold toning. Faint vertical marks near the profile limit the grade but are difficult to see with the unaided eye. Census: 49 in 61, 26 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 3117; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 5128. NGC ID# 25BJ, PCGS# 7512

1851 Gold Dollar, MS66
Outstanding Luster



- 6528 1851 MS66 PCGS.** Ideal for type purposes, this well-struck 1851 gold dollar offers exceptional surface preservation with rich orange-gold and silvery luster. A loupe fails to reveal a single mentionable imperfection. Although plentiful overall, the 1851 gold dollar is conditionally scarce in this grade and rare any finer. Population: 34 in 66 (1 in 66+), 11 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25BK, PCGS# 7513

1851-C Gold Dollar, MS61
Collectible Charlotte Issue



- 6529 1851-C MS61 NGC. Variety 3.** The overall availability of the 1851-C gold dollar compared to other Charlotte issues makes the date ideal for type collectors seeking a single piece from this mint. However, Mint State examples pose a challenge. This representative is sharply struck through the relief elements and yields satiny green-gold luster. Light surface chatter accounts for the grade, but there are no major abrasions. NGC ID# 25BL, PCGS# 7514

1851-O Gold Dollar, MS65+
Early Die State, Prooflike Fields



- 6530 1851-O MS65+ NGC. CAC.** This high-end Gem 1851-O gold dollar is in an early die state with no cracks on the obverse. The reverse crack through the mintmark is also not as advanced as typically seen. This prooflike, CAC-approved beauty is fully struck and showcases dynamic tangerine-gold luster. We find no mentionable imperfections for the grade. The 1851-O gold dollar is rare this fine and prohibitively so any finer. Census: 23 in 65 (1 in 65+), 1 finer. CAC: 7 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BN, PCGS# 7516

1852 Gold Dollar, Bold MS65
Good for Type Purposes



- 6531 1852 MS65 NGC.** The 1852 is a favorite among type collectors because of its availability in high grades. This Gem would be perfect for such purposes. Light yellow-gold hues are accompanied by accents of lavender and sun-gold. Glowing luster illuminates noticeably clean surfaces. Pinpoint-sharp. There are 22 finer submissions at NGC (11/16). NGC ID# 25BP, PCGS# 7517

1852-C Gold Dollar, MS61
Elusive in Mint State



- 6532 1852-C MS61 NGC. Variety 2,** with light repunching beneath the 1 in the date. This straw-gold Charlotte gold dollar has satin luster and unblemished surfaces. The strike is good aside from softness on the A in DOLLAR. A mere 9,434 pieces were struck, and fewer than 350 coins are believed to survive in all grades. Census: 16 in 61, 44 finer (11/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 2913; FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2009), lot 5132. NGC ID# 25BR, PCGS# 7518

- 6533 1853-C XF45 PCGS. Variety 1.** This is the final Type One gold dollar struck at the Charlotte Mint. Medium yellow color with hints of orange and olive toning characterize the pleasant surfaces of this Choice XF example. Each side is lightly marked as usual and typical for the grade.
Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 4626. NGC ID# 25BV, PCGS# 7522

**1853-O Gold Dollar, MS64
Well Preserved and Lustrous**



- 6534 1853-O MS64 PCGS. Variety 1.** A fully struck butter-gold near-Gem that boasts vibrant luster and an absence of relevant marks. The fields exhibit an orange-peel texture, as struck from long-in-use dies. The 1853-O mintage was only about 7% of its Philadelphia counterpart. It was the peak year for gold dollar production, since the denomination was needed in commerce to replace hoarded old tenor Seated coinage. Population: 39 in 64 (3 in 64+), 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BX, PCGS# 7524

**1854 Type One Gold Dollar, MS65
Pinpoint-Sharp, Final-Year Representative**



- 6535 1854 Type One MS65 NGC.** The obverse motifs exhibit razor-sharp definition, as do most elements on the reverse. Only the date is trivially soft. Glittering frost rolls over smooth, yellow-gold surfaces with pale green and lilac tinges. Minor grazes fail to detract in any meaningful way. The 1854 represents the final year of the Type One design. Census: 68 in 65, 16 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25BY, PCGS# 7525

- 6536 1854 Type Two MS62 PCGS.** Struck from clashed and cracked dies, this 1854 is an excellent candidate anyone seeking a representative of the Type Two design. Perhaps 90% of the Type Two gold dollars were struck from clashed dies. This example is otherwise well-struck with orange-gold color enhanced by lilac accents on and around the raised devices. A shallow pinscratch abrasion runs from the edge past O in OF to the headdress. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

- 6537 1854 Type Two MS62 NGC.** Always popular for type, the Type Two is the scarcest of the three gold dollar designs and one that was utilized only in the years 1854 to 1856. This Mint State example is typically die clashed with a bit of graininess at the borders from worn dies. Nice luster covers the flax-gold surfaces, with several faint lines and small marks that define the assigned grade. The strike is reasonably sharp. A few Mint-related file marks between T and A of STATES are noted. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

**1854 Type Two Gold Dollar, MS63
First Generation Holder
Outstanding Mint Luster**



- 6538 1854 Type Two MS63 PCGS.** An outstanding coin for the grade, showing luminous orange-gold luster with lavender and peach hues that attest to obvious originality of color. Clash marks and minor high-point strike weakness in the centers of each side are characteristic of the type in general. This Type Two 1854 gold dollar is an outstanding example of the second gold dollar design issued. A few minor marks are seen only with a loupe. Housed in an old "rattler" holder. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

**1855 Gold Dollar, MS62+
Indian Princess Head Type Coin**



- 6539 1855 Type Two MS62+ PCGS.** The 1854 and 1855 are the only Type Two gold dollars that can realistically be considered available in high grades. As such, they are widely pursued for type representation. Each lustrous, yellow-gold side features well-struck motifs and minimal marks for the grade. Minor softness appears over Liberty's upper hair curls and the date. Extensive clashing occurs centrally. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

**1855 Type Two Gold Dollar, MS64+
Frosty Mint Luster**



- 6540 1855 Type Two MS64+ PCGS.** The 1855 is one of only two issues for the Type Two gold dollar that are usually available for type collection purposes. However, Gem-quality examples are scarce. This high-end near-Gem displays frosty yellow-gold and mostly clean fields. Clash marks appear on each side, and the reverse is lapped. Both sides show the usual minor strike weakness at the very centers. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

- 6541 1855-C — Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Variety 2.** The sole Type Two Charlotte issue, the 1855-C has a scant mintage of 9,803 pieces. This olive-green and almond-gold example displays distributed minor rim knocks and a pinscratch through the upper left portion of the wreath. NGC ID# 25C5, PCGS# 7533

- 6542 1855-O XF45 PCGS. Variety 2.** The 1855-O is the sole New Orleans issue of the ephemeral Type Two design. The mintage was only 55,000 pieces. This peach-gold Choice XF example shows moderate wear on the forehead curls but is otherwise sharp. The 8 in the date is soft, customary for the type. Luster illuminates the obverse legend, and no marks are remotely consequential. NGC ID# 25C7, PCGS# 7535

**1855-O Gold Dollar, AU58
High Quality Planchet**



- 6543 1855-O AU58 NGC. Variety 2.** The upper-left portion of the wreath is lapped and the 1 in the date is partly under the first L in DOLLAR, attributing the variety. The 1855-O is the most popular New Orleans gold dollar because it is the only issue from this mint with the Indian Head or "Type Two" design. The typical greenish-gold hue shows on this near-Mint piece. It is better struck than ordinarily seen though the upper part of the 8 is somewhat weak. Luster is seen in the recessed areas, and the planchet is of higher quality than that of other southern branch mint gold dollars. Two or three light obverse marks do not detract. NGC ID# 25C7, PCGS# 7535

**1855-O Gold Dollar, AU58
Only O-Mint Type Two Issue**



- 6544 1855-O AU58 PCGS. Variety 1.** From a mintage of 55,000 pieces, the 1855-O is the only O-mint gold dollar with the Type Two Indian Head design, an important consideration for branch mint type collectors. This attractive near-Mint specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements and lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces that retain almost all of their original mint luster. Population: 43 in 58, 42 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25C7, PCGS# 7535

**1857-D Gold Dollar, AU55
Challenging Southern Gold Issue**



- 6545 1857-D AU55 PCGS. Variety 9-L.** The mintage of just 3,533 pieces does not fully explain the scarcity of the 1857-D when compared to the 1858-D or 1859-D, which have similarly low mintages yet are considerably more available. The issue lacked careful manufacturing as evidenced by this example, which shows an indifferent strike, small planchet problems, and varying sharpness of letters and numerals throughout both sides. Die clashing adds to the Mint-made surface anomalies on the coin. Still, attractive medium-gold surfaces display an attractive greenish tinge and mint luster shines brightly at the borders. Population: 19 in 55, 34 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25CF, PCGS# 7546

**1859-C Gold Dollar, MS60
Final Charlotte Issue**



- 6546 1859-C MS60 PCGS. Variety 1.** The final gold dollar coinage at the Charlotte Mint occurred in 1859, with a production of 5,235 pieces. Fewer than 250 representatives are believed to survive today in all grades, and Mint State pieces are genuinely rare. This Uncirculated offers satiny orange-gold luster with only light surface chatter to limit the grade. Considerable strike weakness is seen on the central relief elements, supporting this issue's reputation as one of the poorest struck dates in the Charlotte short set. Population: 1 in 60, 13 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25CM, PCGS# 7552

**1859-D Gold Dollar, AU58
Most-Plentiful Dahlonega Dollar for Type**



- 6547 1859-D AU58 NGC. Variety 11-N.** Well-struck for a Dahlonega gold dollar, the 1859-D is somewhat available despite a low mintage of just 4,952 pieces. Doug Winter estimates between 300 and 350 pieces survive in all grades. This example displays attractive, light orange-gold toning with a few field abrasions but hardly any marks on the portrait. Mint luster remains in protected areas. Census: 40 in 58 (1 in 58+), 32 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25CN, PCGS# 7553

**1859-D Gold Dollar, Lustrous AU58+
Scarcer Variety 11-O**



- 6548 1859-D AU58+ NGC. CAC. Variety 11-O.** This scarcer variety is most easily distinguished by the location of the A in DOLLAR that is located entirely beneath the 9 in the date (the more commonly seen variant shows only partial centering below the 9). Few pieces were struck of the 1859-D (4,952), but a surprisingly high percentage have survived, when compared to other Dahlonega issues. The devices are better struck than other Type Three D-mint gold dollars, but high-point softness is still apparent on each side. The surfaces are original orange-gold and there are no abrasions worthy of mention other than a shallow, diagonal mark to the right of the 1 in the denomination. NGC ID# 25CN, PCGS# 7553

**1860-S Gold Dollar, MS63
Sharp and Appealing
Rarely Encountered This Fine**



- 6549 1860-S MS63 PCGS.** Coming from a mintage of 13,000 pieces, the 1860-S gold dollar is scarce, and it is underrated — particularly in Mint State. This MS63 coin is a rarity, with most Uncirculated coins known residing in MS61 or MS62. The strike is razor-sharp, and each side exhibits rich orange-gold patina with faintly reflective fields. Light contact marks define the grade. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 7 in 63, 5 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 25CT, PCGS# 7557

- 6550 1862 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS63 PCGS. CAC.** Liberty's headdress and OF are die doubled. A well struck Civil War gold dollar. The lustrous peach-tinged surfaces show only incidental marks. Both sides exhibit a partial wire rim. Population: 1 in 63, 1 finer (11/16). PCGS# 145704 Base PCGS# 7560

**1865 Gold Dollar, MS66
Only 3,725 Pieces Produced**



- 6551 1865 MS66 NGC.** Only 3,725 pieces were struck of the gold dollar in 1865, and while moderately available in the lower grades of Uncirculated there are only a handful of really exceptional coins have survived from the small group that was obviously set aside at the time of issue. This is a bright, semiprooflike example that displays die striations on each side as well as evidence of die clashing in the fields. Rich orange-gold color. Census: 4 in 66, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25CZ, PCGS# 7564

- 6552 1873 Open 3 MS65 PCGS.** Rich peach patina ensures the eye appeal of this lustrous Gem. Marks are inconsequential aside from a faint field graze near the profile. The strike is sharp except on the C in AMERICA. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 53 in 65 (2 in 65+), 18 finer (5/16). NGC ID# 25DB, PCGS# 7573

- 6553 1873 Open 3 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** An impressive Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and dramatic clash marks on the reverse. This coin displays well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that radiate satiny mint luster. Population: 53 in 65 (2 in 65+), 18 finer. CAC: 19 in 65, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25DB, PCGS# 7573

1874 Gold Dollar, Conditionally Scarce MS67



- 6554 1874 MS67 PCGS.** The 1874 gold dollar, from a mintage of 198,800 pieces, is one of the most frequently seen gold dollar coins. PCGS and NGC have graded about 7,000 examples, making the date available with little difficulty through near-Gem. MS65 and MS66 pieces can be located with diligent searching, but higher grade specimens are scarce to rare. The bright yellow-gold surfaces of this Superb Gem offering exhibit pleasing luster and are nicely preserved. The design elements are well-struck, except that only parts of the LI in LIBERTY show, a common characteristic of the date resulting from die or hub deterioration. A toning spot near the rim between the AM in AMERICA will help to identify the coin. Population: 36 in 67 (2 in 67+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25DC, PCGS# 7575

1876 Gold Dollar, MS65
Only 3,245 Coins Produced



6555 1876 MS65 PCGS. Demand for gold dollars was virtually non-existent by 1876. The public had largely come to accept paper currency as a convenient medium of exchange, as gold and silver had not circulated for many years after the Civil War. About 300 1876 gold dollars are believed extant, only a handful of them meeting the requirements for a Gem assessment. This piece has rich yellow-gold color with splashes of lavender, olive, and orange. Incompleteness of strike is typical for the date, seen here on the lower curls and the central reverse. Population: 9 in 65, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25DE, PCGS# 7577

6556 1880 MS65 PCGS. A magnificent Gem that boasts flashy and unabraded orange-gold surfaces. The 1880 has a scant business emission of 1,600 pieces, but it appears that a few hundred examples were acquired by Philadelphia-area dealers directly from the Mint, since the date is surprisingly collectible in high grade. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 25DJ, PCGS# 7581

6557 1880 MS65 PCGS. The 1880 gold dollar boasts a mintage of only 1,600 coins, although enough examples were spared at the time of issue that the date is collectible today. This Gem example offers a sharp strike and exceptionally clean surfaces. Semiprooflike fields deliver excellent eye appeal. Housed in an old "rattler" holder. NGC ID# 25DJ, PCGS# 7581

1881 Gold Dollar, MS67
Exceptional Type Coin



6558 1881 MS67 PCGS. From a small mintage of 7,620 pieces, the 1881 gold dollar was a well-made issue and contemporary collectors saved a number of high-quality examples, making the issue relatively available in high grade. Even at the Superb Gem level, the 1881 can only be called scarce, but finer coins are elusive. This spectacular MS67 piece offers sharply detailed design elements and impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster throughout. PCGS has graded 44 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 25DK, PCGS# 7582

1881 Gold Dollar
Superb Gem Business Strike



6559 1881 MS67 PCGS. CAC. The small mintage of just 7,620 business strikes offered many examples with prooflike surfaces so deep and reflective they were mistaken for proofs, fooling collectors and dealers alike. This remarkable Superb Gem is an unmistakable circulation strike, although areas of prooflikeness exist among the brilliant, frosted surfaces. Attractive, orange-gold toning covers the fields and devices, revealing lemon-gold margins and lilac accents. Abrasion-free surfaces display a full strike. There are no copper stains, die polish lines, or evidence of die clashing that are so often found on gold dollars of the 1880s. This gleaming dollar offers exceptional eye appeal, and is a great example for the type. NGC ID# 25DK, PCGS# 7582

6560 1883 MS66 PCGS. Sharply struck with glimmering luster and great yellow-gold color. There are no major abrasions. This Premium Gem 1883 gold dollar is a quality survivor from late in the series. NGC ID# 25DM, PCGS# 7584

1883 Gold Dollar, MS67
Undisturbed Surfaces, Rich Color



6561 1883 MS67 PCGS. CAC. Sea-green peripheries surround orange-gold centers. The strike is sharp, except on the lower obverse and upper reverse dentils. Pristine with a tiny reverse spot near 4:30. The RT in LIBERTY is lapped from the die, as made. From a low mintage of 10,800 pieces, it appears that Philadelphia dealers with Mint connections (such as Haseltine and the Chapmans) secured a quantity of high-grade examples. NGC ID# 25DM, PCGS# 7584

6562 1887 MS66+ NGC. CAC. This is a well-struck, satiny type coin from near the end of the series, showing pleasant peach-gold luster and no bothersome abrasions. Finer examples of the 1887 gold dollar are seldom offered. Census: 44 in 66 (1 in 66+), 21 finer. CAC: 18 in 66, 16 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25DS, PCGS# 7588

6563 1889 MS67 PCGS. The final gold dollar issue is available in MS67, ideal for type purposes. Nonetheless, only nine coins are finer than the present piece at PCGS (10/16). This coin displays a sharp strike and softly frosted wheat-gold mint luster. A few small alloy spots on the lower obverse serve as pedigree markers. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

6564 1889 MS67 PCGS. This was the final year of production for the Liberty Head gold dollar type, and 28,950 business strikes emerged from the Philadelphia Mint. Apparently, quite a few examples were spared from circulation and kept in Mint State condition. Superb Gems remain scarce, however. This beautiful specimen displays intense, radiant mint frost and lovely light rose, peach, and yellow-gold toning. It is sharply-struck and the surfaces are virtually flawless. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

**1889 Gold Dollar, MS67+
Few Known Finer**



- 6565 1889 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** The final gold dollar issue is the ideal choice for type representation, as Superb Gems are plentiful. However, MS68 coins are rare, and this Plus-graded, CAC-approved 67 is strikingly close to that grade level. The design elements are fully rendered, and each side offers unabraded, frosty wheat-gold mint luster. PCGS reports nine higher-grade rarities. CAC: 78 in 67, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

**1889 Gold Dollar, Splendid MS68
None Certified Finer at Either Service**



- 6566 1889 MS68 NGC.** Even the most discerning collector cannot help but admire the near-perfection of this frosty, straw-gold piece. The luster is fresh and original, and the strike is bold. A practically undisturbed and wonderful piece that could find a place in an uncommonly fine type or date set. Census: 17 in 68 (1 in 68+), 0 finer (10/16).

Ex: *FUN Signature* (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 5359; *ANA Signature* (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 2821.

From *The Soluna Collection*. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

PROOF GOLD DOLLARS

**1886 Gold Dollar, PR65
In a Green Label Holder**



- 6567 1886 PR65 PCGS.** The proof 1886 gold dollar's mintage reach 1,016 coins, making the date plentiful in the context of proof gold dollars. However, many pieces were mishandled by Mint employees before distribution, and a significant number pieces have been lost over the last century-plus. The result is that Gem-quality examples are scarce. This piece displays a full strike and reflective fields. Mint-green, peach-gold, and pale rose hues adorn each side. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 14 in 65, 10 finer (10/16).

From *The Soluna Collection*. NGC ID# 25EW, PCGS# 7636

EARLY QUARTER EAGLES

**1802/'1' Quarter Eagle, BD-3
Only 60-75 Pieces Believed Known**



- 6568 1802/1 BD-3, R.5 — PCGS Genuine.** In our opinion, this coin has VF Details and is Ex-Jewelry. This rare date quarter eagle has the luster of an AU50, although a typical strike at the centers may cause some to assign a slightly lower sharpness grade. The obverse rim is filed at 2 o'clock and the fields display myriad pinpoint marks, which suggests that this example may once have been used as jewelry. The net grade appears to be VF30. Nonetheless, an elusive variety, and seldom encountered with the remaining luster of the present coin.

Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4-5/2009), lot 3596.

**1804 Quarter Eagle, Sharp XF Details
BD-2, 14 Stars Reverse**



- 6569 1804 14 Stars Reverse, BD-2, R.4 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a, as usual. BD-2 is the only 1804 quarter eagle variety that is generally considered collectible, although examples are still scarce with fewer than 200 believed known. This die marriage features the second and final use of the obverse and the first of two uses of the reverse; the second use of the tail die was for the JR-2 variety of the 1804 dime. It is distinctive for its 14th star. The present BD-2 quarter eagle is well-struck in the centers but weak around the reverse border, as usual. Remaining detail is sharp for the XF grade level, although scattered hairlines suggest a light cleaning. A still-pleasing example of this popular date.

1824/1 BD-1 Two and a Half, VF35
Rare Capped Head Left Overdate



- 6570** 1824/1 BD-1, R.5, VF35 PCGS. A rare Capped Head quarter eagle date, limited in availability by its initial mintage of 2,600 pieces. From that low mintage, only 40-60 pieces are believed known in all grades. Like all early gold coins, most of the coinage was eventually melted because the bullion content exceeded face value. The present Choice VF example has dusky olive-gold toning and unblemished surfaces. An opportunity to acquire a problem-free representative of this seldom-encountered type.
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 5772. NGC ID# BFW4, PCGS# 45517 Base PCGS# 7663

CLASSIC QUARTER EAGLES

1834 Classic Two and a Half, MS61
Scarce Type in Uncirculated



- 6571** 1834 MS61 PCGS. Large Head, Breen-6140, Variety 2, R.3 A crisply impressed introductory-year type coin with bright mint luster throughout the borders and devices. Gold coins were reduced in weight (i.e. devalued) beginning with the Classic types, which enabled examples to remain in circulation. As a result, Classic quarter eagles are relatively plentiful in VF to XF grades, but Mint State pieces are very scarce.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2007), lot 5367. NGC ID# 25FS, PCGS# 7692

- 6572** 1835 AU58 NGC. Breen-6141, Variety 6, R.2. This near-Mint Classic Head type coin displays bright yellow-gold surfaces with small remnants of luster in the protected regions of the fields. Strike weakness in the centers is typical of the type. NGC ID# 25FT, PCGS# 7693

- 6573** 1835 AU58 NGC. Breen-6141, Variety 6, R.2. The usually encountered die pair, distinguished by the wide gap between the AM of AMERICA. A peach-gold example with lime-green luster across the borders. Refreshingly unabraded. The centers are slightly soft, typical for this sophomore Classic date.
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2012), lot 5525, which realized \$1,880. NGC ID# 25FT, PCGS# 7693

1835 Quarter Eagle, Bright MS63
Variety 6, Reflective Fields



- 6574** 1835 MS63 NGC. Breen-6141, Variety 6, R.2. *Ex: Hilt Collection.* A widely spaced AM in AMERICA identifies this distinctive Classic Head die marriage. The 1835 quarter eagle, from a mintage exceeding 131,000 pieces, has a relatively low certified population number of 146 coins in Mint State. The bright yellow-gold surfaces of this Select example display partially prooflike fields when the coin is tilted under a light source, especially on the reverse. The design elements are well-struck except for the usual softness in the hair over Liberty's ear. Census: 14 in 63, 7 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 6855. NGC ID# 25FT, PCGS# 7693

1836 Classic Head Quarter Eagle, MS61
Script 8, Uncirculated Type Coin



- 6575** 1836 Script 8 MS61 PCGS. Breen-6143, Variety 11, R.2. Head of 1835. The branch has no berry and star 6 is very close to Liberty's curl on this collectible Classic Head quarter eagle variety. Design definition is strong with full star centers and good detail on the eagle's talons and olive leaves. Strike softness occurs primarily on Liberty's hair and the eagle's shield and upper wing feathers. Reddish-gold accents complement luminous, yellow-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 25FU, PCGS# 7694

1836 Two and a Half, MS63+
Script 8, Variety 11



- 6576** 1836 Script 8 MS63+ PCGS. CAC. Breen-6143, Variety 11, R.2. A flashy sun-gold Classic representative. The centers exhibit minor incompleteness, but the remainder of the strike is bold. No marks are noticeable, and the numerous delicate die cracks provide interest for the specialist. 1835 is the only Classic quarter eagle date without any Script 8 varieties. Block 8 varieties were struck in 1835 and 1836. NGC ID# 25FU, PCGS# 7694

6577 1839-C — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Breen-6150, Variety 22, R.4. The second Charlotte quarter eagle issue was struck from three die pairs, despite a meager mintage of 18,140 pieces. Variety 22 exhibits a boldly repunched 39 in the date. The reverse shows a vertical crack through the eagle's beak. An early die state without obverse cracks. The caramel-gold surfaces are hairlined, and the portrait shows three narrow mint-made strike-throughs.

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

1840 Quarter Eagle, MS63 Rarely Seen This Fine



6578 1840 MS63 NGC. The debut Liberty quarter eagle from the Philadelphia Mint is scarce in all grades with a survival estimated at "about 100" pieces by PCGS. Auction appearance data seems to substantiate that assessment. The issue is also a great rarity in Mint State and prohibitively rare above MS63. This Select representative displays satiny yellow-gold luster and minimal abrasions. Considerable strike weakness is seen on each side, as is typical. Census: 2 in 63, 4 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25GA, PCGS# 7717

6579 1840-C XF45 PCGS. Variety 1. A wheat-gold representative with noticeable luster and a few tiny ticks on the lower obverse rim. Mint-made strike-throughs, as often seen on this challenging Charlotte issue, are noted on Liberty's neck and jaw, and below star 2 and the eagle's beak. NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

1840-C Quarter Eagle, AU50 Seldom Encountered in Almost Uncirculated



6580 1840-C AU50 PCGS. Variety 1. Softly struck, with an unusual appearance that is similar to that seen on some 1842-C (and 1856-C) quarter eagles. The obverse is especially soft while the reverse has detail that is more consistent with the assigned grade. This piece was struck on an improperly prepared planchet and there is a strip-like flaw on the obverse between stars 1 and 2 up to the chin, and another is seen on the face. Very little luster is present but this is probably more the result of improper preparation of the planchet than actual wear or mishandling. The good news is that this coin is original in appearance with deep reddish-gold color over both sides. We have never seen another 1840-C quarter eagle with a similar appearance and this is an interesting study coin for the specialist.

This issue is popular because of its status as the first Liberty Head quarter eagle from Charlotte. It is reasonably obtainable in circulated grades up to and including XF45, and it is moderately scarce in the lower to middle AU grades. Only 175-225 pieces are estimated extant in all grades.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 3817. NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

1840-C Quarter Eagle, AU55 Attractive and Sharp, Choice Surfaces



6581 1840-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. As the inaugural quarter eagle from the Charlotte Mint, the 1840-C is in demand by first-year type collectors as well as branch mint gold aficionados. This is an exceptionally well-produced and carefully preserved example with pleasing green-gold color. Abrasions and marks are tiny and unobtrusive. The strike is sharp throughout. Perhaps as few as 175 to 225 pieces remain from the original mintage of 12,822 coins, but far fewer than that survive in Choice About Uncirculated or finer grades. Population: 13 in 55, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

1840-C Quarter Eagle, AU55
Inaugural Charlotte Liberty Head Issue



6582 1840-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. The North Carolina facility accomplished a mintage of 12,822 quarter eagles in 1840, the first year Christian Gobrecht's Liberty Head design was employed. Although light friction occurs over each side, the devices are needle-sharp. Bright yellow-gold surfaces house myriad small marks, including two digs near star 5. Population: 13 in 55, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25GB, PCGS# 7718

6583 1840-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Variety 1-A. Both sides are hairlined, but there are no relevant marks, and the olive-gold surfaces reveal glimmers of luster. From a tiny mintage of only 3,532 pieces. An intermediate die state that shows the bisecting vertical reverse crack, but lacks radial cracks near the N in UNITED and the M in AMERICA.

1842 Two and a Half, AU50
Underrated Rarity, Only 50 to 60 Pieces Known



6584 1842 AU50 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint coined only 2,823 quarter eagles in 1842, of which it is estimated that only 50 or 60 survive today in all grades. This rare AU example offers bright yellow-gold luster and lightly marked surfaces. The eagle's left (facing) leg shows the only strike weakness, which is trivial. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 3 in 50, 8 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 25GG, PCGS# 7723

6585 1842-O AU55 NGC. Variety 1. The 1842-O is among the scarcest Liberty quarter eagles from the New Orleans Mint. This lustrous, lightly abraded Choice AU specimen exhibits just a trace of wear on the well-detailed design elements. Census: 20 in 55, 39 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25GK, PCGS# 7726

1842-O Quarter Eagle, MS60
Rarely Seen in Mint State



6586 1842-O MS60 PCGS. Variety 1. Quarter eagle production in New Orleans in 1842 reached 19,800 pieces, the highest mintage of the year from all four mints, although Mint State survivors are nonetheless very rare. This piece displays frosty yellow-gold luster and remarkably well-preserved, frosty surfaces for the grade. Considerable strike weakness appears on each side, consistent with the New Orleans reputation. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 1 in 60, 11 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 25GK, PCGS# 7726

1843-C Large Date Two and a Half, AU58
Unusually Clean Surfaces



6587 1843-C Large Date, Plain 4, AU58 PCGS. Variety 1. In case there is confusion between the Large and Small Date variants of the 1843-C quarter eagle, the Small Date has a crosslet 4 in the date and the Large Date has a plain 4. The Large Date is certainly the more frequently seen of the two varieties, and it is, in fact, reasonably obtainable even in higher grades. Doug Winter estimates between 250 and 300 pieces are known of the Large Date vs. 75-100 of the Small Date. The centers are just a bit soft but the margins are fully brought up. None of the usually seen heavy abrasions are present. There is an unusual lilac-colored area at the tip of the bust of Liberty. Population: 14 in 58, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7HLG, PCGS# 7728

6588 1845-D — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. All Dahlonega quarter eagle issues are rare, and the 1845-D is no exception. A mere 19,460 pieces were issued. This is a lightly abraded but hairlined chestnut-gold and apple-green representative. The shield lines are strengthened.

**1847-D Quarter Eagle, MS62
Strong Strike, Condition Rarity**



6589 1847-D MS62 PCGS. Variety 9-N. The sole die pair. The 1847-D is a popular choice for type purposes given its availability relative to other Dahlonega quarter eagles. Doug Winter suggests a total survival rate of 300 to 350 coins, a figure backed up by the certification totals at PCGS and NGC. About 20 or 25 pieces are in Uncirculated condition. This lovely Georgia quarter eagle offers rose and sun-gold hues that blend seamlessly with shimmering luster. The relief elements rival the sharpness of a Philadelphia Mint product with full stars and pinpoint detail on the eagle. Population: 13 in 62, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25H7, PCGS# 7746

6590 1848-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Variety 1. A challenging Charlotte issue with a scant production of 16,788 pieces. This peach-gold and sea-green quarter eagle shows little high point wear, but the surfaces are subdued and the upper reverse field is smoothed.

1848-D Two and a Half, AU53



6591 1848-D AU53 PCGS. Variety 10-N. The more available of the two die varieties. The mintmark is entered high and nearly touches the branch. A caramel-gold Dahlonega representative with pleasing sharpness except on the reverse dentils. Luster accompanies design elements, and there are no distracting abrasions. A scant 13,771 pieces were produced. NGC ID# 25HC, PCGS# 7751

6592 1849-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU. Variety 11-N. An almond-gold example of this low mintage Dahlonega issue. Neither side has any noticeable abrasions, and the eagle's plumage shows only moderate wear. The surfaces are hairlined but satisfactory to many collectors. NGC ID# 25HF, PCGS# 7754

6593 1850 MS62 PCGS. From a mintage of 252,923 coins, about 250 pieces (0.001%) are believed extant. That number declines to 45 coins in mint condition. This olive-gold MS62 No Motto quarter eagle is strongly impressed and remarkably vibrant. Small marks do not distract. Population: 25 in 62, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25HG, PCGS# 7755

**1850-O Two and a Half, MS62
Unmarked Surfaces**



6594 1850-O MS62 PCGS. Variety 1. The mintmark is mostly west of the fraction bar, unlike the other three 1850-O die marriages, which place the mintmark above the fraction bar. A splendid apricot-gold New Orleans representative that boasts smooth fields and coruscating luster. The centers show minor blending of impression, customary for the issue. Population: 9 in 62, 5 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25HK, PCGS# 7758

6595 1852-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. A difficult Charlotte issue with a scant production of 9,772 pieces. The present wheat-gold and gunmetal example is typically struck at the centers but shows minimal circulation wear. The surfaces are hairlined, and the reverse field is smoothed near the left (facing) wingtip. The horizontal shield lines are strengthened.

6596 1854-C VF35 PCGS. Variety 1. A sea-green and orange-gold Choice VF example. The microgranular surfaces exhibit only two moderate marks, both in the field near the lower hair bun. The eagle's body is typically struck. Only 7,295 pieces were struck.
Ex: Carolina Gold Collection, Part Two (Heritage, 2/2006), lot 2640, which realized \$1,955. NGC ID# 7J2P, PCGS# 7770

6597 1855 MS63 PCGS. The 1855 is scarce in the absolute sense, though it represents one of the more collectible No Motto quarter eagles. Examples become conditionally rare in MS63, and upgrading this luminous orange-gold representative would prove exceedingly challenging. Design detail is nearly full with softness on the talons. Population: 28 in 63, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25J4, PCGS# 7774

**1855-C Two and a Half, AU58
Scarce Charlotte Issue**



6598 1855-C AU58 NGC. Variety 1. The 1855-C quarter eagle is a challenging acquisition in any grade, as only 85 to 105 pieces are believed extant. The present near-Mint example displays satiny original luster with glistening orange-gold hues throughout the light marked fields. The 1855-C has a reputation for being weakly struck, and this example is indeed incomplete on the lower portion of the eagle and on several obverse stars. Eye appeal nonetheless exceeds expectations for the grade. Census: 16 in 58 (1 in 58+), 18 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25J5, PCGS# 7775

**1856-C Two and a Half, AU50
Excellent Color and Surfaces**



6599 1856-C AU50 NGC. Variety 1. Doug Winter estimates that fewer than 125 1856-C quarter eagles are extant in all grades, which suggests that the certified population figures are inflated by resubmissions. This AU coin displays relatively smooth olive-gold surfaces, but considerable strike weakness is seen on the central devices and the peripheral stars, as usual. A tiny rim nick appears at 9 o'clock on the reverse. Census: 10 in 50, 64 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25J8, PCGS# 7778

**1856-C Two and a Half, AU58
Challenging in High Grade**



6600 1856-C AU58 NGC. Variety 1. This is one of the rarer Charlotte quarter eagles, from a mintage of only 7,913 coins. Doug Winter suggests that only 95 to 125 pieces are known in all grades, few of which survive above XF. Mint State examples are rare. This is a pleasing yellow-gold near-Mint example with some surface abrasions and roughness, mostly a result of poor minting procedures or defective planchets. A shallow depression in the surface extends from Liberty's chin to the second star. Census: 20 in 58, 16 finer (11/16).

Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2005), lot 8461; New York Signature (Heritage, 6/2005), lot 6322. NGC ID# 25J8, PCGS# 7778

**1856-D Quarter Eagle, AU50
Rarest of All Dahlonge Issues**



6601 1856-D AU50 PCGS. Variety 20-N. Only 874 pieces were struck of the 1856-D quarter eagle, making it the rarest quarter eagle from the Dahlonega mint, the rarest coin of any denomination struck in this mint, and it is also the most challenging to locate in high grades. The 1856-D is also the weakest struck of all D-mint quarter eagles, making it necessary to grade by remaining luster rather than high-point friction. Only 40-50 pieces are believed extant from the tiny number minted. Probably no more than 10 examples are believed to grade AU. This is a remarkable survivor with few of the usually found problems normally seen. Doug Winter comments that examples of the 1856-D are found with pebbly surfaces. Close examination shows this trait, which appears to be from minor planchet porosity. The surfaces are light orange-gold color overall and exceptionally clean; there are really no obvious marks worthy of mention or ones that can reliably be used as pedigree markers. NGC ID# 25J9, PCGS# 7779

**1856 Two and a Half, MS61
Rare in Mint State**



- 6602 1856-S MS61 PCGS.** Although more than 72,000 quarter eagles were struck at San Francisco in 1856, this issue was heavily circulated in commerce. Mint State survivors are rare in any grade. This accessible MS61 coin displays a sharp strike and satiny yellow-gold luster with minor field chatter that limits the grade. Thin rim cuds are developing along the upper-left obverse border. Population: 6 in 61, 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25KL, PCGS# 7781

**1858-C Two and a Half, AU53
Pleasing for the Issue**



- 6603 1858-C AU53 PCGS. Variety 1.** The 1858-C is fairly plentiful among Charlotte quarter eagles despite a small mintage of only 9,056 coins. The present piece displays relatively smooth surfaces with attractive olive-gold patina. The borders are well-struck, and the central devices exhibit better-than-average definition. The reverse fields above and to the right of the eagle have minor planchet roughness and granularity, typical of quarter eagles struck at the Carolina branch mint this year. NGC ID# 25JH, PCGS# 7787

- 6604 1859 Old Reverse, Type One, MS61 PCGS.** The top two arrowheads touch, attributing the Type One Reverse. Lustrous, yellow-gold surfaces reveal fewer and less severe marks than might be expected for the designated grade. A sharply struck, nice coin that is scarce in all grades. Population: 5 in 61, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25JK, PCGS# 97788

- 6605 1859-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 22-N.** The final Dahlonga quarter eagle issue has a minimal mintage of 2,244 pieces. Most survivors are in XF and AU grades. This lightly circulated example shows an incomplete strike on the eagle's legs and claws, but the borders are sharp. The surfaces are glossy and hairlined but void of reportable marks.

- 6606 1859-S AU55 NGC.** The 1859-S is a scarce San Francisco issue, boasting a small mintage of only 15,200 coins. This Choice AU example displays rich coppery-gold patina and smooth, barely worn surfaces. Slight strike weakness on the eagle's left (facing) leg is typical of the issue. Census: 17 in 55, 35 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 25JN, PCGS# 7790

**1860 Quarter Eagle, Sharp MS62
Rare Old Reverse Type**



- 6607 1860 Old Reverse, Type One, MS62 PCGS.** The PCGS *Population Report* shows the 1860 Old Reverse coins, distinguished by the oval O in OF, to be three times rarer than their New Reverse counterparts. That service has seen 31 examples in all, including six MS62 coins and four finer submissions (11/16). This impressive Uncirculated quarter eagle is nearly fully struck with attractive rose-gold color and vibrant luster. The surfaces are markedly prooflike, although field chatter on each side limits the grade. NGC ID# 25JR, PCGS# 97791

**1861 Two and a Half, MS61
Scarce, Final Use of the Old Reverse**



- 6608 1861 Old Reverse, Type One, MS61 NGC.** For some reason, the old-style reverse hub was utilized one final time in 1861 with Large Letters and large arrowheads. While the exact mintage of Old Reverse quarter eagles is a mystery, grading events confirm the variety is many times rarer than the New Reverse. This Uncirculated example displays smooth and attractive surfaces that are sharply struck on the obverse, but weakly defined at the eagle's head and neck. Bright mint luster illuminates apricot-gold surfaces with orange accents. Census: 25 in 61, 23 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 97794

**1861-S Quarter Eagle, AU53
About 85 Survivors in All**



- 6609 1861-S AU53 PCGS.** This is one of an estimated 85 survivors from a paltry production of 24,000 quarter eagles at the San Francisco Mint in 1861. Auction appearances are infrequent, especially in problem-free AU and higher. Medium yellow-gold surfaces exhibit remarkably strong detail and retain partial luster near the hidden regions of the design. Wispy abrasions occur throughout. Marks below star 13 and on the left (facing) wingtip serve as pedigree identifiers. They do not distract. Population: 7 in 53, 24 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25JY, PCGS# 7795

**1862/1 Three Dollar, MS61
Rare Civil War Overdate**



- 6610 1862/1 MS61 PCGS.** The upright of a 1 is undeniable below the knob of the 2. A sharply struck peach-gold Civil War quarter eagle. The lustrous surfaces are lightly abraded. The overdate is highly elusive overall, and most certified examples are in XF to AU grades. Only a handful of pieces are known in Mint State. Encapsulated in a green label holder. Population: 2 in 61, 3 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25JZ, PCGS# 7797

- 6611 1862 AU55 PCGS.** Like other gold denominations, the 1862 quarter eagle saw a massive decrease in production over the previous year. Only 98,543 pieces were struck. This semiprooflike Choice AU representative presents a bold strike and yellow-gold color with olive accents. Expectedly abraded. Population: 17 in 55, 58 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25JZ, PCGS# 7796

- 6612 1862 AU58 NGC. CAC.** This Civil War-era quarter eagle issue is scarce across the entire grade spectrum. Near-Mint coins are exceedingly difficult to find, and this AU58 example has the look of an even higher grade. Lustrous rose-gold surfaces reveal numerous abrasions on each side, but friction is essentially indistinguishable. CAC: 3 in 58, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25JZ, PCGS# 7796

- 6613 1880 MS62 PCGS.** A fully struck and lightly abraded example. The right obverse displays peach toning. One of just 2,960 business strikes produced and a scarce issue, especially in Mint condition. Karl Stecher, Sr. purchased this piece for \$8.00 from the Gutttag Bros. of New York during the 1930s. Population: 11 in 62, 23 finer (11/16).
Ex: Stecher Collection (3/2007), lot 1752, which realized \$1,955. NGC ID# 25L4, PCGS# 7832

**1881 Quarter Eagle, Prooflike MS61
Only 640 Examples Struck**



- 6614 1881 MS61 NGC.** This underrated Philadelphia issue boasts a mintage of only 640 pieces, one of the lowest production totals for the series from any mint. Expectedly, the date is scarce today in any condition with fewer than 100 pieces believed known. The present coin is fully struck and displays intense, frosty luster over the devices. The fields exhibits liquidlike mirroring but with scattered handling marks that define the grade. Visual appeal is considerable, amplified by modest cameo contrast on each side. Census: 6 in 61, 7 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25L5, PCGS# 7833

- 6615 1882 AU58 PCGS.** An attractive near-Mint specimen from a small mintage of 4,000 pieces, this coin shows just a trace of wear on the sharply detailed design elements and the lightly abraded lemon-yellow surfaces show prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. Population: 39 in 58, 75 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7JTR, PCGS# 7834

- 6616 1882 MS62 PCGS.** Attractive for the assigned grade, this Uncirculated business strike is mostly prooflike (as are nearly all 1882 quarter eagles). The mintage of just 4,000 pieces assured that the dies never entirely lost their polish. Vibrant orange-gold color radiates bright mint luster for outstanding eye appeal. A few light marks determine the MS62 designation, although the sharp strike and vivid coloration suggest a finer grade. Population: 20 in 62, 38 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 7JTR, PCGS# 7834

**1887 Two and a Half, MS64
Semiprooflike Fields, Rare This Fine**



- 6617 1887 MS64 NGC.** A small mintage of 6,160 quarter eagles in 1887 resulted in limited Mint State survivors. This near-Gem example displays a sharp strike and semiprooflike fields with rich straw-gold color. A few small ticks limit the grade but pose little distraction. Census: 9 in 64, 2 finer (10/16).

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25LB, PCGS# 7839

**1888 Quarter Eagle, MS65
Conditionally Rare**



- 6618 1888 MS65 PCGS.** Rarely are Gem-quality 1888 quarter eagles seen, and finer examples are extremely rare. This high-end representative displays frosty orange-gold luster with no severe abrasions. Minor strike weakness is restricted to the central shield stripes and the eagle's left (facing) leg. Population: 28 in 65 (3 in 65+), 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LC, PCGS# 7840

- 6619 1894 MS63 ★ NGC.** Here offered is the only Star-designated 1894 quarter eagle at NGC (10/16), graded such due to deeply prooflike fields that produce appreciable cameo contrast. The strike is full throughout, and grade-limiting abrasions are minor. Census: 36 in 63 (1 in 63+, 1 in 63 ★), 57 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25LJ, PCGS# 7846

**1894 Two and a Half, MS64
Semiprooflike Fields**



6620 1894 MS64 NGC. The 1894 quarter eagle is a date that challenges the collector in high grade. Choice examples are scarce, and finer coins are rare. This near-Gem displays needle-sharp devices and semiprooflike fields with bright yellow-gold color. A few minor abrasions determine the grade. Census: 32 in 64 (1 in 64+), 25 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25LJ, PCGS# 7846

**1896 Liberty Quarter Eagle, MS66
Sharply Detailed, Lustrous Example**



6621 1896 MS66 PCGS. From a nominal mintage of 19,070 pieces, the 1896 Liberty quarter eagle can be found in grades up to the MS65 level with a little patience, but finer examples are elusive. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, with impeccably preserved orange-gold surfaces and vibrant mint luster on both sides. Eye appeal is terrific. Population: 35 in 66 (2 in 66+), 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LL, PCGS# 7848

**1898 Two and a Half Dollar, MS66
Attractive Coloration and a Full Strike**



6622 1898 MS66 PCGS Secure. The fields show a slight orange-peel texture, while blended hues of honey-gold and lavender coalesce over impeccably preserved surfaces. A full strike is readily apparent on the stars, curls, and the eagle. An interesting die crack runs from the rim to the left serif of the U in UNITED and the claw. One tick on the chin merits mention. Population: 46 in 66 (2 in 66+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LN, PCGS# 7850

6623 1901 MS65 PCGS. Frosty green-gold luster adorns the Gem-quality surfaces of this 20th century Liberty Head type coin. A few tiny marks on the cheek are all that prevent an even finer grade. NGC ID# 25LS, PCGS# 7853

6624 1901 MS66+ PCGS. The second 1 in the date is repunched. This glittering Premium Gem has peach-gold interiors that cede to sun-gold hues around the rims. A daub of reddish color appears at the point of Liberty's coronet. Seemingly flawless, save for a microscopic tick near star 9. PCGS shows 18 finer grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 25LS, PCGS# 7853

**1901 Quarter Eagle, MS67
Merely One Finer Example at PCGS**



6625 1901 MS67 PCGS. A fair number of 1901 quarter eagles survive in this outstanding state of preservation, making this an ideal piece to represent the Liberty Head type. Desirable attributes include a full strike, ebullient luster, and light yellow-gold coloration. Naturally, abrasions are essentially unseen. Population: 17 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LS, PCGS# 7853

**1902 Quarter Eagle, MS67
Only One Coin Finer at PCGS**



6626 1902 MS67 PCGS. A scarce Superb Gem example of this otherwise plentiful 20th century type-coin issue. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty yellow-gold mint luster with no distracting abrasions. Finer examples of the date are extremely rare. Population: 50 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LT, PCGS# 7854

**1902 Quarter Eagle, MS67+
Only One Coin Finer at PCGS**



6627 1902 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. This remarkable Liberty Head type coin displays vibrant, frosty mint luster in delicate peach and mint-gold hues. The strike is razor-sharp. This Plus-graded coin ranks among the finest 1902 quarter eagles endorsed by CAC, and finer certified examples are extremely rare. The 20th century type collector should give this piece prime consideration. Population: 50 in 67 (2 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 19 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25LT, PCGS# 7854

1904 Quarter Eagle, Radiant MS67
One Finer Example at PCGS



6628 1904 MS67 PCGS. CAC. The search for a high-grade Liberty Head quarter eagle type coin could easily end with this spectacular, CAC-approved Superb Gem, boasting frosty luster over peach and rose-gold surfaces. Each side is fully struck, and the only marks of note occur above the eagle's head. From a production of 160,790 coins. Population: 64 in 67 (4 in 67+), 1 finer. CAC: 24 in 67, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25LV, PCGS# 7856

6629 1905 MS66 PCGS. A spectacular Premium Gem, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved peach-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant, satiny mint luster on both sides. The 1905 Liberty quarter eagle is very scarce in any finer grade. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 7857

1905 Quarter Eagle, MS67
Marvelous Surface Quality



6630 1905 MS67 PCGS. With a mintage of 217,750 coins, the 1905 quarter eagle is a collectible late-date issue that can be found through MS67. Collectors might want to reconsider holding out for a finer example, as MS68 representatives are extremely rare. Besides, this pinpoint-sharp Superb Gem has the appearance of a better-graded coin. Orange and lavender-gold hues mix over nearly pristine surfaces awash in glimmering luster. A colorful alloy spot occurs near the left wingtip. Population: 92 in 67 (7 in 67+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 7857

6631 1906 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Frosty green-gold luster and a sharp strike give this high-end Liberty type coin its eye appeal. Finer examples are infrequently available. This representative is ideal for the budget-conscious type collector seeking a quality. NGC ID# 7JW8, PCGS# 7858

1907 Quarter Eagle, MS67
Rich Green-Gold Toning



6632 1907 MS67 NGC. The long-standing Liberty quarter eagle series came to a close in 1907 with a mintage of 336,294 coins. This is among the most available issues in mint condition, and a popular date among type enthusiasts. Each side of this fully struck two and a half dollar gold piece is essentially pristine. A loupe is required to bring microscopic contact into view. Apple-green margins surround apricot centers. Housed in a former generation holder.
From The Twelve Oaks Collection. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7859

PROOF LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

1895 Two and a Half, PR60
Flashy Fields, Rich Lemon Toning



6633 1895 PR60 PCGS. A sharply struck lemon-gold specimen. The fields are flashy despite moderate field chatter. Cameo contrast is apparent, although undesignated as such to the age of the green label holder. Small gray spots are above the D in UNITED and the 5 in the date. Just 119 proofs were produced.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 7KFT, PCGS# 7921

1901 Two and a Half, PR64
Captivating Jet-Black Fields



6634 1901 PR64 PCGS. Proof quarter eagle output surged to 223 specimens in 1901, representing the highest total in the Liberty Head series. Accordingly, this Choice specimen would be an ideal selection for the collector looking to add a proof to his or her set for type purposes. Partial contrast results from deeply reflective fields, jet-black fields and razor-sharp motifs. Yellow-gold colors each side. Population: 20 in 64, 17 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7KFZ, PCGS# 7927

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLES

- 6635** 1908 MS65 PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Satiny yellow-gold luster illuminates well-struck design elements on this Gem 1908 Indian quarter eagle. The fields are particularly clean. The 1908 is a favorite type-coin issue due to its first-year-of-issue status and its relative availability in high grade. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

1908 Indian Quarter Eagle, MS65+ Eye-Appealing Type Coin



- 6636** 1908 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. Frosty green-gold luster illuminates bold design elements on this high-end Gem 1908 Indian quarter eagle. A tiny mark in the left obverse field appears to be all that prevents a full MS66 grade. The 1908 is a popular type-coin issue due to its availability and status as the first issue of the series. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

- 6637** 1909 MS64 PCGS. CAC. This sharp near-Gem 1909 displays satiny yellow-gold luster and lacks any severe abrasions in the fields. The CAC endorsement will make this piece highly appealing to the budget-conscious series or type collector. NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

- 6638** 1909 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Allan Schein characterizes the eye appeal of the 1909 as "Generally excellent with luster equal to the best. Often seen frosty, especially in the sunken recesses." This needle-sharp near-Gem fits that description to a tee. Light yellow-gold colors each side. NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

1909 Quarter Eagle, MS65+ Exceptionally Clean Surfaces



- 6639** 1909 MS65+ PCGS. Even beneath a loupe, this Plus-designated Gem does not show a single contact mark or abrasion that would prohibit at least an MS66 grade, although when held at certain angles, a 10x loupe detects a few faint lines in the fields that dictated PCGS' assessment. The coin is well-struck, and eye appeal far surpasses expectations for the grade. PCGS reports 19 finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

1909 Quarter Eagle, MS65 Full Strike, Attractive



- 6640** 1909 MS65 PCGS. CAC. Few marks or distractions are seen throughout this lustrous Gem quarter eagle. The reverse is particularly appealing, with radiant luster and red, green, and orange highlights over the tan-gold surface. The obverse flashes red overtones across the fully detailed bonnet feathers. There are 19 higher-graded submissions at PCGS. CAC: 42 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

1909 Quarter Eagle, Butter-Gold MS65+ Full Strike, Attractive



- 6641** 1909 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. Although the 1909 is collectible through Gem condition, examples of comparable technical and aesthetic quality to the coin offered here are rare. Lightly frosted, butter-gold surfaces display strong strike characteristics and impressively few abrasions. There are only 19 higher-graded submissions at PCGS. CAC: 42 in 65, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 288Z, PCGS# 7940

- 6642** 1910 MS65 PCGS. A lovely Indian Head type coin with glistening straw-gold luster and well-preserved surfaces. Some of the usual strike weakness occurs on the lower headdress feathers. The 1910 is accessible in this grade rarely seen finer, as PCGS has certified only 11 such coins (12/16). NGC ID# 2892, PCGS# 7941

1911-D Quarter Eagle, Unc Details Scarce Weak D Mintmark



- 6643** 1911-D Weak D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. This is a collectible example of the famous 1911-D, with surfaces that have been somewhat muted by an old cleaning. Central design definition is strong, especially on the eagle's shoulder and leg feathers, while close examination is required to bring the mintmark into view. The Weak D coins are scarcer than their Strong D counterparts. NGC ID# 2895, PCGS# 7954

6644 1911-D — Ex-Jewelry — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Strong D. This bright yellow-gold quarter eagle, from a mintage of 55,680 coins, is an ideal option for the budget-minded collector looking to fill the most challenging hole in the set. Each side shows slight merging over the devices. Evidence of a mount around the rims is undistracting. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

6645 1911-D — Ex-Jewelry — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Strong D. The 1911-D is widely recognized as the most elusive issue in the Indian quarter eagle series. The glossy coin offered here features AU sharpness and myriad wispy marks in the fields. The reverse rims exhibit small scratches indicative of time spent in a mount, while the central obverse is slightly depressed across the headdress. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

6646 1911-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Strong D. The cheekbone and headdress exhibit slight wear, but this caramel-gold key date quarter eagle retains noticeable luster and lacks any mentionable marks. The surfaces are slightly subdued but would please many collectors.

6647 1911-D — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Strong D. A sea-green and peach-gold example of the low mintage series key. Close inspection is required to locate a pinscratch from the final 1 in the date, and a field scuff below the first A in AMERICA. The Denver mintmark has low relief but is fully outlined.

1911-D Strong D Quarter Eagle, AU50



6648 1911-D AU50 PCGS. Strong D, worn but clear. This is a well-detailed AU example, notable for its original, undipped surfaces that show rich orange-gold and lavender coloration. The fields are smooth with no significant abrasions or other distractions. About Uncirculated 1911-D quarter eagles are seldom seen this appealing. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, AU55 Strong D Mintmark



6649 1911-D AU55 PCGS. Strong D. The mintmark is sharp despite light high-point wear. This well-detailed 1911-D quarter eagle displays satiny straw-gold luster with expected field chatter. The coin is quite pleasing for the grade. This key issue is usually available, but most of the upper-AU-level representatives on the market show unnaturally bright surfaces from being dipped or otherwise cleaned. This example will please many collectors in that regard. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, Attractive AU58 Key Date to the Series



6650 1911-D AU58 PCGS. Strong D. The 1911-D is the unquestionable key to the Indian Head quarter eagle series. This near-Mint State offering displays light yellow-gold color with a greenish tint that is more prevalent on the reverse, and retains a good amount of luster. The design elements are well-defined. Even the shoulder of the right (facing) wing, an area worn flat on most AU examples, shows some feather detail. And as indicated on the holder, the D mintmark is strong. Only the upper-right reverse field reveals a handful of light ticks, fewer and less severe than ordinarily seen on pieces experiencing even brief circulation. All in all, this is a pleasing example of this remarkably clean, lustrous, well-detailed key date representative. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Two and a Half, MS60 Strong D, In an Old Holder



6651 1911-D MS60 NGC. Strong D. This lustrous Mint State example is sharply struck with satiny orange-gold luster. Grade-limiting abrasions are much less obvious than expected for the grade. The 1911-D is actively sought in lower Mint State grades with pleasing eye appeal, although few coins at this level exhibit such. The present example is a refreshing exception in that regard. Housed in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, MS60 Strong D Mintmark



6652 1911-D MS60 PCGS. Strong D. Deep orange-gold coloration adorns this unworn Denver key date quarter eagle, one of the 55,680 two and a half dollar gold pieces struck at that facility in 1911. Detail is bold throughout, including the mintmark. Small marks are fewer in number than might be expected for the grade. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

**1911-D Indian Quarter Eagle, MS61
Sought-After, Low-Mintage Issue**



- 6653 1911-D MS61 NGC.** The 1911-D Indian quarter eagle is the most famous and sought-after issue of the series, from a remarkably low mintage of 55,680 pieces. This attractive Mint State example exhibits well-detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces with a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

1911-D Quarter Eagle, Orange-Gold MS61



- 6654 1911-D MS61 NGC.** Strong D. A small mintage of 55,680 coins is all it took to cement the status of the 1911-D as the key to the Pratt quarter eagle series. Deep orange-gold coloration characterizes each side. The exposed fields show myriad marks. Well-struck with minor softness on the headdress and the wingtip. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

**1911-D Two and a Half, MS62
Attractive for the Grade**



- 6655 1911-D MS62 PCGS.** Strong D. This is a lustrous coin with finely textured surfaces, as usual. The straw-gold fields reveal few noteworthy abrasions, giving the coin unusually strong visual merit for the grade. The strike is sharp, and the knife rim along the upper-right obverse border is plainly discerned in the modern PCGS holder. The coloration appears original, something that cannot be said of the majority of low-end Mint State 1911-D quarter eagles. NGC ID# 7KR7, PCGS# 7943

- 6656 1912 MS64 NGC.** Apricot-gold surfaces emit pleasing luster. The design elements are better defined than usually seen, including the bonnet feathers and the eagle's shoulders. Some trivial marks in the fields preclude Gem classification. Challenging any finer. NGC ID# 7KR8, PCGS# 7944

**1912 Two and a Half, MS64+
Strong Collector-Grade Example**



- 6657 1912 MS64+ PCGS.** CAC. Satiny rose-gold and pale olive hues characterize the near-Gem surfaces of this high-end Choice 1912 quarter eagle. A Gem grade might have been achieved were it not for a few light marks in the reverse fields. The lower headdress feathers exhibit slight softness, but the eagle's wing is sharply defined. Finer 1912 quarter eagles will be out of reach for most collectors of this popular and completable series. NGC ID# 7KR8, PCGS# 7944

- 6658 1913 MS63+ PCGS.** This Plus-graded Select specimen displays lightly marked reddish-gold surfaces with satiny mint luster on both sides and well-detailed design elements throughout. Overall eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 7KR9, PCGS# 7945

**1913 Two and a Half, MS65
Rarely Encountered Finer**



- 6659 1913 MS65 PCGS.** Frosty orange- and mint-gold hues appear over largely unabraded surfaces on this Gem 1913 quarter eagle. A loupe reveals a few tiny ticks that determine the grade. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent. The 1913 is scarce in this condition, and PCGS reports only nine numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 7KR9, PCGS# 7945

- 6660 1914 MS63 PCGS.** A pleasing peach-gold representative with comprehensive luster and minimal marks. The 1914 has the second lowest mintage of the widely collected Indian quarter eagle series. Only the 1911-D is considered more desirable. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

- 6661 1914 MS63 NGC.** This satiny Select example is boldly struck and displays surprisingly few abrasions for the grade. The 1914 is a scarce date in high grade, making this accessible MS63 coin appealing to the budget-conscious collector. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

- 6662 1914 MS63+ PCGS.** A well-struck example of this better Philadelphia issue with lustrous orange-gold surfaces that show few abrasions for the grade. Only a few MS63 examples are Plus-graded at PCGS. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

- 6663 1914 MS63 PCGS.** CAC. Frosty surfaces yield lovely orange-gold and olive hues on this Select CAC-endorsed 1914 quarter eagle. The design elements are well-defined, and the overall eye appeal exceeds expectations for this grade level. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

**1914 Two and a Half, MS64
Original Color and Luster**



6664 1914 MS64 NGC. The 1914 Indian quarter eagle is among the top three series keys in Gem condition, heightening demand for near-Gems such as the present coin. This piece displays a sharp strike and original, satiny orange-gold luster. Light field grazes are all that limit the grade. NGC reports 48 numerically finer submissions (10/16), a paltry number in comparison to the popularity of this series among collectors. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

**1914 Quarter Eagle, MS64+
P-Mint Semikey**



6665 1914 MS64+ PCGS. The 1914 Indian quarter eagle has the lowest mintage of any Philadelphia Mint issue with a coinage total of 240,000 pieces. Only the 1911-D had a lower mintage. This Select Mint State piece has trivial marks over pleasing light yellow-gold surfaces. While obtainable in MS64, Plus-designated coins are in the distinct minority. Gems are very scarce. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

6666 1914-D MS64 NGC. This vibrant Indian quarter eagle is well-struck with satiny surfaces and slight reflectivity in the fields. Medium yellow-gold color frames rose-gold hues in the recesses. For practical purposes, the 1914-D is the rarest issue of the series in Gem or finer grades, making this near-Gem an attractive opportunity. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

6667 1914-D MS64 PCGS. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces of this attractive Choice specimen exhibit vivid color and vibrant mint luster, with a few scattered signs of contact. The design elements are sharply detailed and eye appeal is terrific. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

6668 1914-D MS64 PCGS. An attractive Choice specimen of this popular branch mint issue, with well-detailed design elements that show just a touch of the usual softness on the lower headdress feathers. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

**1914-D Quarter Eagle, MS64+
Better Denver Issue**



6669 1914-D MS64+ PCGS. This is a particularly well-preserved example, fully deserving of the assigned Plus designation. Almost no significant abrasions are seen, even in the fields. The strike is sharp, and frosty yellow-gold luster adorns each side. The 1914-D is among the top three rarities in the series just one grade point finer, making this high-end near-Gem quite appealing to the budget-conscious collector. PCGS records 51 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

**1914-D Two and a Half, MS64+
Lustrous and Appealing**



6670 1914-D MS64+ PCGS. In Gem condition, the 1914-D is one of the greatest rarities of the Indian quarter eagle series. This Plus-designated near-Gem offers a more affordable, yet, visually comparable option for the budget-restricted collector. A few small marks in the right reverse field appear to be all that limit the grade. The strike is sharp, and each side offers satiny yellow-gold mint luster. The mintmark is clear. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

**1914-D Two and a Half Dollar, MS64+
Beyond Reach in Higher Grades**



6671 1914-D MS64+ PCGS. Famed as one of the condition rarities in the series, the 1914-D is rare in higher grades than the coin offered here. The mintmark and central design features are strongly rendered throughout this sun-gold near-Gem. Glints of powder-blue and reddish toning occur around the borders. PCGS lists 51 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

**1914-D Quarter Eagle, MS64+
Popular Denver Semikey**



6672 1914-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Only a few trivial luster grazes keep this high-end Choice 1914-D quarter eagle from a full Gem grade assignment, as the CAC green label affirms. Sharp definition appears throughout each side amid frosty yellow-gold luster that glistens when rotated beneath a light. Finer examples of this semikey Denver issue are rare in comparison to the demand for them, placing them far out of reach for most collectors. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

6673 1925-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. The 1925-D is readily available through the Gem grade and it is typically well-struck, although the issue sometimes falls short on eye appeal. This colorful Gem is lustrous and attractive with CAC endorsement. Variegated toning shows a blaze of lilac from the Indian's chin down across the neck and breast. Orange accents enliven the wheat-gold patina. PCGS reports just 36 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

6674 1926 MS65 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold luster adorn this Gem 1926 Indian quarter eagle. The fields are exceptionally clean, as is the Indian's cheek. PCGS reports only 44 finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

6675 1927 MS65+ PCGS. A small group of perhaps 25 or 30 pieces are graded finer than this MS65+ quarter eagle, and they command many multiples of a Gem coin at auction. This is a more accessible alternative that just barely misses out on a full Premium Gem assessment. Green accents complement wheat-gold color. Well-struck and awash in frosty luster. NGC ID# BUTL, PCGS# 7951

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES

6676 1854 MS61 NGC. A sharply struck survivor from the large mintage of 138,618 pieces. Numerous small marks exist across the lustrous yellow-gold surfaces, but none are substantial or deep. Mint luster shines from every angle to add eye appeal. The 1854 is always a great selection for three dollar type, second only to the 1878 in availability.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

6677 1854 MS62 PCGS. Some consider the 1854 three dollar to be a single year type coin due to the smaller size of the letters in DOLLARS. Beginning in 1855, a different font and larger type size were put in place. This piece is a frosty and lustrous example with light yellow-gold brilliance with hints of deeper orange on the highpoints. The strike shows slight incompleteness at the upper and lower hair curls.

Ex: The DAX Collection, ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2007), lot 2961. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

6678 1854 MS62+ NGC. The first year of the three dollar gold denomination is also a one-year subtype with small letters in DOLLARS. This sharply defined Mint State example is a lovely representative with brilliant yellow surfaces and frosty luster. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

**1854 Gold Three Dollar, MS65
Rarely Seen This Fine**



6679 1854 MS65 PCGS. The 1854 three dollar gold piece's reputation as a common date becomes almost irrelevant at the Gem grade level where the issue is conditionally rare. Of some 12 coins in the Smithsonian Institution, the finest grades just MS63, per Garrett and Guth. The present piece is exceptional, suitable for a high-end date or type collection. The strike is sharply executed on the obverse portrait, the reverse wreath, and even the bowknot. The reverse lettering and motifs show almost none of the "halo effect" typically seen on examples of this type, and the frosty yellow-gold surfaces are devoid of any major abrasions. Only a few stray lines detected with a loupe preclude an even finer grade from PCGS. If a first-year coin is desired for type representation, this Gem 1854 is an ideal choice. Population: 28 in 65, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

1854-O Three Dollar, Choice AU



- 6680** 1854-O AU55 NGC. Variety 2. The lapped variety with attenuated details on the wreath ribbon. The 1854-O is the only New Orleans issue of the denomination, and is requisite for a type set from the Southern facility. This lightly circulated apricot-gold example has occasional small strike-throughs, as made and usual for the issue. Abrasions are few, although bright marks near the left ribbon end and the AM in AMERICA are worthy of passing mention.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25M5, PCGS# 7971

- 6681** 1855 MS61 PCGS. This Uncirculated 1855 three dollar gold piece displays satiny yellow-gold luster and well-struck design elements. Light handling marks appear on each side, including a small dig on Liberty's cheek, all consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 25M6, PCGS# 7972

1856-S Three Dollar, AU58
Small S Mintmark



- 6682** 1856-S AU58 NGC. Breen-6356. Small S. Despite a mintage of 34,500 pieces, two mintmark sizes are known for the '56-S. The Small S is scarcer than the Medium S variety. This lightly circulated straw-gold example displays luster throughout the legends. Marks are relegated to Liberty's cheekbone and the field near the left ribbon end. Census: 69 in 58 (1 in 58+), 25 finer (10/16).
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25M9, PCGS# 7975

1857-S Three Dollar Gold, AU53
Scarce in High Grade



- 6683** 1857-S AU53 NGC. A scarce branch mint issue from this popular odd-denomination series. This About Uncirculated 1857-S three dollar gold piece exhibits pleasantly smooth, orange-gold surfaces with remnants of luster in the protected regions of the fields. Excellent detail on the devices completes the package. Census: 28 in 53, 43 finer (10/16).
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7K5H, PCGS# 7977

1857-S Three Dollar Gold, AU55
Conditionally Rare S-Mint Issue



- 6684** 1857-S AU55 NGC. One of the few branch mint issues in the series, the 1857-S three dollar gold piece is scarce in About Uncirculated condition and extremely rare in Mint State. This Choice AU representative displays a bold strike with lustrous fields that offer deep reddish-gold color in the centers. Light surface chatter accompanies the grade. Census: 31 in 55, 12 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 7K5H, PCGS# 7977

1860-S Three Dollar Gold, AU50
Scarce in High Grade



- 6685** 1860-S AU50 PCGS. Peach-colored luster consumes the borders, legends, and recessed areas of the devices. The portrait and wreath offer moderate rub, but the absence of detrimental abrasions is refreshing. Faint clashmarks (as made) from Liberty's crown are noted on the lower reverse. Problem-free San Francisco Mint examples of this popular gold denomination are infrequently encountered. Population: 14 in 50, 36 finer (10/16).
Ex: Portland Signature (Heritage, 3/2004), lot 6161.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7K5M, PCGS# 7981

1864 Three Dollar Gold, AU53
Better Date in High Grade



- 6686** 1864 AU53 NGC. The 1864 three dollar gold piece boasts a scant Civil War-era East Coast mintage of only 2,630 pieces and was issued long before this denomination was widely saved by dealers and collectors. The date is thus scarce in high grade. This AU example displays sharp motifs and modestly reflective fields with rich orange-gold coloration. Scattered abrasions are typical of the grade.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7HSK, PCGS# 7985

1864 Gold Three Dollar, AU58
Partially Reflective Fields



6687 1864 AU58 NGC. This near-Mint 1864 three dollar gold piece remains accessible by budget-conscious collectors, while finer pieces are scarce and costly. The coin is sharply struck and shows remnants of prooflike mirroring in the fields. Light surface chatter accompanies the grade, giving the yellow-gold surfaces an authentic appearance. Census: 50 in 58, 44 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7HSK, PCGS# 7985

1865 Three Dollar Gold, AU Details
Scarce in Any Condition



6688 1865 — Smoothed — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The 1865 three dollar gold piece boasts a small 1,140-coin mintage and was issued long before this denomination was heavily saved by dealers and collectors. Surviving examples are scarce in all grades and genuinely rare in Mint State. This is a sharp AU-level example with rich orange-gold coloration. Faint but numerous hairlines are evidence of careful smoothing of the fields, which give the coin a clean appearance despite the coin not receiving a numeric grade.

1866 Gold Three Dollar, MS63
Rarely Seen This Well-Preserved



6689 1866 MS63 PCGS. This lustrous yellow-gold 1866 three dollar gold piece displays shimmering fields and boldly struck design elements. Light, scattered abrasions determine the grade, although the 1866 is genuinely rare even in this condition. Finer coins are out of reach for most collectors. This is an outstanding, high-end example of a low-mintage issue (4,000 coins). Population: 9 in 63 (1 in 63+), 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25MM, PCGS# 7987

1867 Gold Three Dollar, AU58
Semiprooflike and Appealing



6690 1867 AU58 NGC. High-point friction on this near-Mint 1867 three dollar gold piece is almost unnoticed next to the semireflective fields, sharp strike, and rich orange-gold coloration. Light field chatter accompanies the grade, although visual appeal surpasses that seen on most lower-end Uncirculated coins. The 1867 boasts a small mintage of 2,600 pieces, and coins grading finer than the present example are rare. Census: 46 in 58, 29 finer (10/16). *From The Hotel Harrington Collection.* NGC ID# 25MN, PCGS# 7988

1867 Three Dollar, Near-Mint
Low Mintage, Little Saved



6691 1867 AU58 NGC. The 1867 has a meager mintage of 2,600 pieces, and unlike certain later dates in the series, was not saved at the time of issue by dealers with connections to the Philadelphia Mint. Examples are very scarce in all grades. The present near-Mint example displays slight wear on the curls, but flashy luster fills the legends and headdress. Marks are minimal, with only a tick on the chin worthy of passing mention. NGC ID# 25MN, PCGS# 7988

6692 1868 AU58 NGC. Much remaining luster shows with considerable reflectivity across the pleasing, yellow-gold surfaces. There are a few small marks on both sides, but the strike is sharp. The 1868 is a scarcer date in grades of AU58 and better from a Philadelphia Mint production of 4,850 pieces.

Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2005), lot 7463.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25MP, PCGS# 7989

1869 Gold Three Dollar, MS62
Rarely Encountered in Mint State



6693 1869 MS62 PCGS. Coming from a mintage of only 2,500 coins and issued prior to the time period when this denomination was widely saved by numismatists, the 1869 gold three dollar piece is a rarity in Mint State. This example is in the lower end of the Mint State grade range, although few finer examples are known. The strike is bold, and each side displays bright yellow-gold color. Scattered abrasions are expected for the grade. Population: 9 in 62, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25MR, PCGS# 7990

6694 1870 XF45 PCGS. A Choice XF specimen of this popular date, with light wear on the design elements and lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces that retain traces of original mint luster. From a mintage of 3,500 pieces. NGC ID# 7K8F, PCGS# 7991

1870 Gold Three Dollar, Semiprooflike AU58



6695 1870 AU58 NGC. Partially reflective fields highlight bold devices on this near-Mint 1870 gold three dollar, while each side exhibits soft yellow-gold color. A thin, vertical mark on Liberty's cheek is the only mentionable abrasion. The 1870 comes from a small mintage 3,500 pieces, and few Mint State coins were saved. This example represents the ideal collecting grade for most enthusiasts. *From The Hotel Harrington Collection.* NGC ID# 7K8F, PCGS# 7991

6696 1871 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. The three dollar series has many low mintage issues, but the 1,300-piece production of the 1871 nonetheless stands out. This green-gold representative has no distracting marks, but the surfaces are subdued and faintly hairlined.

1871 Gold Three Dollar, AU55
Reflective Fields



6697 1871 AU55 NGC. Three dollar gold coinage in 1871 amounted to only 1,300 pieces, and Uncirculated survivors are elusive. This Choice AU representative remains within the grasp of budget-conscious collectors and shows sharp design elements with reflective fields. Light handling marks and trivial high-point wear determine the grade.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25MU, PCGS# 7993

1872 Three Dollar Gold, MS62
Scarce in Mint State



6698 1872 MS62 NGC. Numismatic authors assert that the 1872 was the first three dollar gold piece that citizens saved in quantity at the time of issue. If this is true, a quick glance at current NGC and PCGS population data suggests that many of those pieces preserved fall somewhere in the About Uncirculated grade range. This is a modestly prooflike example whose coloration is a nice mix of yellow-gold and copper-rose shades. Scattered contact marks account for the MS62 grade, but we stress that none of these detractors are worthy of individual mention. Census: 14 in 62, 8 finer (10/16).

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2000), lot 6665.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25MV, PCGS# 7994

6699 1874 MS61 PCGS. Shimmering orange-gold luster gives this well-struck type coin significant eye appeal. Moderate field chatter limits the grade in the absence of any significant abrasions. The 1874 is one of the top three type-coin issues in the series, and the present example easily surpasses comparably graded coins on grounds of eye appeal. NGC ID# 7KDE, PCGS# 7998

6700 1878 MS61 NGC. Unfailingly popular as one of two issues that are readily available for type sets (the other is the higher-mintage 1854), this vibrantly lustrous green-gold example shows minimal marks for the grade and radiates powerful eye appeal. The strike is bold on all but the highest points of the hair and wreath. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

6701 1878 MS61 NGC. Although not the highest mintage of the series (that honor goes to the 1854), the 1878 three dollar gold is the most readily available issue and a prime target for type. This lustrous and attractive Mint State example is sharply struck with orange-gold patina and frosty surfaces. Scattered tiny marks account for the assigned grade. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

6702 1878 MS61 PCGS. The 1878 is arguably the most popular issue in the series for type collectors. This collectible MS61 coin shows smooth, lustrous yellow-gold surfaces and bold design elements. There are no obvious abrasions, only light handling marks on the high points. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

6703 1878 MS61 NGC. An attractive apricot-gold type coin. Marks are minor for the MS61 level. The strike is sharp except on the knot of the ribbon. Minor die doubling is apparent on the upper right portion of the wreath. The 8s in the date are lightly repunched within their upper loops. Housed in a former generation holder. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

6704 1878 MS61 PCGS. Original orange-gold toning ensures the eye appeal of this lustrous type coin. The strike is good and the fields are essentially unabraded. The grade is determined by a linear strike-through on Liberty's cheek. Certified in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

**1878 Gold Three Dollar, MS64
Frosty, Shimmering Luster**



6705 1878 MS64 PCGS. An extremely attractive, shimmering type coin with frosty luster that is exceptionally attractive in the fields. A few tiny ticks on the relief elements limit the grade. The bowknot is better-defined than usual, and the obverse is sharply struck. The 1878 is one of only a few issues in the three dollar gold series that can be termed available in such high of a grade, making it a favorite for type collectors. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

**1879 Three Dollar, MS61
Prooflike and Appealing**



6706 1879 MS61 PCGS. Despite a small mintage of 3,000 coins, the 1879 three dollar gold remains collectible in Mint State. The present piece will appeal to the budget-minded collector due to its grade, and the visual appeal surpasses expectations for the MS61 designation. This piece has bold devices and fully prooflike fields with rich orange-gold color. No severe abrasions are observed, only minor handling marks.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25N2, PCGS# 8001

6707 1880 XF45 PCGS. A rare circulated example of the 1880 three dollar gold piece, coming from a mintage of only 1,000 pieces. The strike is bold and wear is light. Both sides display beautiful original coloration with rich violet, orange, and olive-gold hues. NGC ID# 25N3, PCGS# 8002

**1880 Gold Three Dollar, MS64
Rich Mint Luster**



6708 1880 MS64 NGC. Only 1,000 1880 three dollar gold pieces were issued. While it is true that the date survives in greater numbers than might be expected, we have handled very few pieces over the past several years worthy of a near-Gem or finer grade. Typical for the issue, the surfaces of this coin display both prooflike reflectivity in the fields and a mixture of cartwheel luster (which is especially pronounced on the devices). Rich reddish color covers both sides, giving the piece a reassuring look of originality. The only grade-limiting flaws we see are a series of small grease stains at the back of the coronet that were struck into the coin at the time of manufacture. Census: 35 in 64 (3 in 64+, 4 in 64 ★), 23 finer (10/16).

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2001), lot 8159.

From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25N3, PCGS# 8002

**1880 Three Dollar Gold, MS64+
Famous Low-Mintage Date**



- 6709 1880 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1880 three dollar gold piece boasts a memorably low mintage of just 1,000 pieces. Fortunately, contemporary collectors became aware of the low production total almost immediately and a number of high-quality examples were saved at the time of issue. The present coin is a Plus-graded Choice example, with well-detailed design elements that exhibit just a trace of the typical softness on the ribbon bow. The luminous orange-gold surfaces show only a few minor contact marks, suggestive of an even higher grade. Vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides, adding to the terrific eye appeal. Population: 61 in 64 (3 in 64+), 23 finer. CAC: 15 in 64, 4 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25N3, PCGS# 8002

**1881 Gold Three Dollar, AU55
Only 500 Pieces Struck**



- 6710 1881 AU55 PCGS.** With the exception of the 1870-S, which is unique, the 1881 three dollar gold piece boasts the lowest mintage of the series at only 500 coins. Much to the delight of collectors, many examples were saved at the time of issue. This Choice AU representative offers original orange-gold and olive patina with areas of reflectivity in the fields. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent. Population: 28 in 55, 49 finer (10/16). *From The Hotel Harrington Collection.* NGC ID# 25N4, PCGS# 8003

**1882 Three Dollar Gold, MS60
Vivid Reflective Surfaces**



- 6711 1882 MS60 NGC.** Only 1,500 business-strike three dollar gold pieces were struck in 1882, but the issue has a relatively high survival rate. This attractive Mint State example displays well-detailed design elements and the prooflike orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked, aside from a diagonal scratch in the right obverse field. NGC ID# 25N5, PCGS# 8004

**1882 Three Dollar, MS62
Better Later Date**



- 6712 1882 Repunched Date, FS-301, MS62 PCGS.** A semiprooflike honey-gold and olive-green example. The strike is bold, and the few field marks are of little import. The 2 in the date is lightly but widely repunched north. Apparently, the first three date digits were entered first, with a gang punch, then the final date digit was inexpertly added and corrected. The same obverse die was used for the entire business mintage of only 1,576 pieces. *From The Hotel Harrington Collection.* NGC ID# 4DXC, PCGS# 145710 Base PCGS# 8004

1883 Gold Three Dollar, MS61
Small Mintage of 900 Coins



- 6713 1883 MS61 NGC. Prooflike fields accentuate rich orange-gold color on this Mint State 1883 gold three dollar, while the devices exhibit sharp detail. Scattered light marks account for the grade, but the overall appeal of this piece exceeds expectations for the MS61 level. The 1883 comes from a small mintage of only 900 coins, which makes the date highly popular among collectors. Census: 16 in 61, 47 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25N6, PCGS# 8005

1883 Three Dollar Gold, MS63
Cameo-Contrasted Devices



- 6714 1883 MS63 PCGS. Coming from a small mintage of 900 pieces, the sought-after 1883 gold three dollar is conditionally scarce in Select condition and rare any finer, despite a higher-than-normal survival rate. The present coin is sharply struck and showcases reflective fields and rich orange-gold coloration. A few minor marks are not overly distracting. Population: 32 in 63, 27 finer (10/16).
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 25N6, PCGS# 8005

1885 Gold Three Dollar, AU58
Second-Lowest Mintage of the Series



- 6715 1885 AU58 NGC. The 801-coin mintage of the 1885 three dollar gold piece ranks as the second lowest in the series (not counting that of the unique 1870-S). Examples were heavily saved at the time of issue, making the date collectible today. This near-Mint coin displays a sharp strike and semiprooflike fields. Light handling marks appear in the yellow-gold patina.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7KDP, PCGS# 8007

1885 Gold Three Dollar, Unc Sharpness



- 6716 1885 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Boasting a small mintage of only 801 pieces, the 1885 three dollar gold issue is highly sought-after in all grades. This is a bright yellow-gold example with prooflike fields and sharp design elements. Light surface chatter appears beneath a loupe, but the overall eye appeal remains pleasing. PCGS declined a numeric grade due to an old cleaning, evidenced by scattered hairlines in the fields. NGC ID# 7KDP, PCGS# 8007

1885 Three Dollar Gold, MS61
Merely 801 Coins Struck



- 6717 1885 MS61 PCGS. The year 1885 saw the Mint drop three dollar gold production to its second-lowest point since the series' inception in 1854. A total of 801 coins were distributed. Unsurprisingly, the 1885 stands among the semikeys in the series. This Uncirculated example is clearly prooflike with reflective fields, as is characteristic of the extremely low-mintage issues in this series. The strike is razor-sharp, and olive-gold color and wispy marks appear over each side. Housed in a first generation holder. NGC ID# 7KDP, PCGS# 8007

**1885 Three Dollar, Unexpected
Field Device Contrast MS63**



- 6718 1885 MS63 PCGS.** A paltry mintage of 801 coins drives demand for the 1885 three dollar gold piece, the second-lowest production in the series after the 1881. The Mint also struck 109 proofs that year from the same set of dies. All circulation strikes exhibit the prooflike reflectivity expected of such a low mintage. This Select rose and green-gold three dollar is no different, with pronounced contrast between the fields and frosted motifs. Definition is bold on the relief elements, including the left bow leaf, the date, and Liberty's curls. Small, wispy marks account for the grade. A spindly lint mark (as-made) travels from the E in AMERICA to the Y in LIBERTY, down through the curls, and back out into the field. NGC ID# 7KDP, PCGS# 8007

**1885 Three Dollar Gold, MS60 Prooflike
Only 801 Pieces Struck**



- 6719 1885 MS60 Prooflike NGC.** The 1885 three dollar gold piece had an enticingly low mintage of 801 coins, one of only three issues in the series with a mintage below 1,000 pieces. Nonetheless, in 1885, the three dollar denomination circulated little as compared to previous decades, and a higher number of Mint State pieces survive today than might be expected, making the date collectible. This boldly struck Prooflike example displays bright yellow-gold color with scattered marks and hairlines that determine the grade. Census: 1 in 60 Prooflike, 23 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25N8, PCGS# 78007

**1888 Gold Three Dollar, MS64
Luminous Surfaces**



- 6720 1888 MS64 PCGS.** This coin shows a sharp strike and shimmering yellow-gold luster with few abrasions. Eye appeal is excellent. The 1888 three dollar gold piece boasts a small mintage of 5,000 pieces, although late-date issues in this series were heavily saved in Mint State at the time of issue. The 1888 is a collectible type-coin issue with an enticingly low mintage. NGC ID# 25NB, PCGS# 8010

1888 Three Dollar, Sharp MS64+



- 6721 1888 MS64+ PCGS.** The 1888 is a late-date semikey struck to the extent of 5,000 coins. A strong strike is one of the primary attributes of this near-Gem three dollar gold piece, most notable on the cotton bolls, curls, denomination, and lower wreath. A reddish tint complements peach-orange coloration. Frosty with few marks. NGC ID# 25NB, PCGS# 8010

1889 Three Dollar Gold, MS63
Attractive for the Grade



- 6722 1889 MS63 PCGS. The final three dollar gold issue in the series is an ideal type coin. Despite a mintage of only 2,300 coins, this issue remains readily collectible in Mint State. The present Select representative displays a sharp strike and surprisingly smooth, satiny surfaces. Semiprooflike mirroring characterizes the reverse fields. An outstanding example of the date or type.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7KDU, PCGS# 8011

1889 Three Dollar Gold, MS65
Low-Mintage Final Issue



- 6723 1889 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The three dollar gold denomination was cancelled after 1889, an important consideration for type purposes. Only 2,300 examples were struck, but the issue was well-saved by contemporary collectors and remains readily collectible today. This attractive Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lustrous, well-preserved orange-gold surfaces. Population: 31 in 65 (2 in 65+), 13 finer. CAC: 5 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7KDU, PCGS# 8011

PROOF THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECE

Proof 1889 Gold Three Dollar, Unc Details
Mirrored Fields and Modest Contrast



- 6724 1889 — Mount Removed — PCGS Proof Genuine. Unc Details. An affordable proof three dollar gold piece from the final date in the series. This sharp 1889 displays lightly hairlined but deeply reflective fields with intricately struck design elements. The bright yellow-gold surfaces offer subtle cameo contrast. Four old jewelry mount locations appear equidistantly around the rims and on the reeded edge, preventing a numeric grade assignment. NGC ID# 28AY, PCGS# 8053

EARLY HALF EAGLES

1795 BD-1 Half Eagle, AU Details
First U.S. Mint Gold Coin



- 6725 1795 Small Eagle, BD-1, R.5 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/a with minor obverse die cracks but no evidence of lapping on the reverse. The first U.S. Mint gold coins were 744 half eagles delivered to the Mint treasurer on July 31, 1795, and several additional deliveries followed in August. The late Harry W. Bass, Jr., one of the top students of the early gold coinage, concluded that Breen 2-C (BD-1) was the first 1795 half eagle variety minted. This example has considerable detail on its light yellow surfaces that show extensive evidence of tooling and myriad scratches. Despite the quality, it is an historically important early half eagle. NGC ID# 25ND, PCGS# 519849 Base PCGS# 8066

1798 BD-2 Half Eagle, AU53
Heraldic Eagle, Large 8
Late Die State



- 6726 1798 Large Eagle, Large 8, 13 Stars Reverse, BD-2, R.5, AU53 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b, or later. Both dies exhibit extensive die cracks on this late die state piece, including a crack from the border to star 1 and the curls, with a branch crack extending upward through the left field, forming a small triangular retained cud behind the hair curls. Both sides have bisecting die cracks from top to bottom. This lightly circulated example has pleasing orange-gold color with substantial luster. The surfaces are a trifle subdued, but the overall appearance is quite appealing. Population: 23 in 53, 67 finer, for all 1798 Large 8 varieties (11/16). NGC ID# BFX6, PCGS# 507322 Base PCGS# 8078

1798 Heraldic Eagle Five Dollar, VF25
Scarce BD-8 Variety



- 6727 1798 Large Eagle, Small 8, BD-8, R.5, VF25 PCGS. Moderate wear on the devices, as expected for the grade, but the surfaces are pleasing to the unaided eye, and there we do not see any adjustment marks on either side. The central obverse does show some action, and there is an old scratch before Liberty's nose. A scarce die pairing which shows a minor die crack from the cloud to the rim left of OF, and the star cross pattern is used on the reverse. Housed in a green label holder.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 5105. NGC ID# BFX5, PCGS# 507328 Base PCGS# 8079

1800 BD-2 Half Eagle, MS61
Lustrous and Pleasing for the Grade



- 6728 1800 BD-2, High R.3, MS61 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/d. BD-2 is one of the more plentiful 1800 half eagle varieties, suitable for date or type purposes. Nonetheless, Mint State pieces are scarce. This example offers an even, well-centered strike that is sharp around the margins but lacking slightly in the very centers. Satiny straw-gold surfaces show lustrous fields and exhibit only light chatter to limit the grade. This is the latest known die state for the variety. The reverse was retired after this one use, although the obverse would go on to strike the remaining three 1800 die varieties. Housed in a green label holder. Population (all 1800 varieties): 15 in 61, 51 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25NW, PCGS# 45592 Base PCGS# 8082

6729 1802/1 BD-1, High R.4 — Ex-Jewelry — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. The 2 in the date is free of the bust and the lowest star points straight to the lower point of the beak, identifying the popular BD-1 variety. The surfaces of this coin are noticeably rough, with many fine striations visible on both sides and an unnaturally bright sheen, but the design elements retain XF sharpness. NGC ID# 25NX, PCGS# 519890 Base PCGS# 8083

6730 1803/2 BD-1, R.4 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/c. This orange-gold example is sharp for the VF level and retains glimpses of luster in the curls and plumage. Both sides display horizontal hairlines, and the obverse is smoothed near 5 o'clock. The upper reverse also shows smoothing, but protected areas are somewhat dark and granular. Diagonal adjustment marks cross the shield and war claw.

**1805 Half Eagle, BD-2
Appealing Choice AU Example**



6731 1805 BD-2, R.4, AU55 NGC. Ex: Hilt Collection. Bass-Dannreuther Die State g/d. The terminal state for this obverse die, only in its second use, with multiple heavy cracks and bold clash marks. The reverse is heavily clash and lightly cracked but was retained for striking the final three 1805 varieties, as well as the first 1806 variety, where it finally cracked terminally. This Choice AU BD-2 example is lightly struck on the obverse stars, but the border denticles are complete and the central reverse is unusually sharp. A few light marks are scattered across the yellow-gold surfaces, but none are individually distracting. BD-2 is a scarce variety overall, with just 100 to 150 examples believed known, and is noticeably scarcer than the "common" variety for this year, BD-1, which shares this obverse die.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2015), lot 7026. NGC ID# 25P4, PCGS# 45616 Base PCGS# 8088

**1806 BD-6 Half Eagle, AU Details
Knob 6, 7x6 Stars**



6732 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2 — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/e. The 1806 BD-6 half eagle with the Knob 6, 7 x 6 Stars obverse is handily the most plentiful Draped Bust half eagle, and therefore the best choice for date and type collectors. The large production also yielded a number of die states that are enumerated in the Bass-Dannreuther reference. This example shows a die crack from the border to the bottom curl, and a rust lump on the upright of the R in LIBERTY, with light reverse clashmarks. A pleasing light yellow-gold example with satiny luster that overshadows the myriad surface marks. Excellent eye appeal.

**1806 Half Eagle, AU Details
BD-6, Knob 6**



6733 1806 Knob 6, 7x6 Stars, BD-6, R.2 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/f, the latest known die state. Moderate luster remains in the protected portions of the fields on this sharply detailed Bust Right type coin. Chatter in the obverse fields is not unusual for the AU grade level, and a small dig near the Y in LIBERTY is the only flaw worthy of the Damage designation from PCGS. The surfaces have pleasing orange-gold color and offer significant appeal for a Details-graded coin. NGC ID# BFXJ, PCGS# 45620 Base PCGS# 8089

**1807 Bust Right Five Dollar, VF20
BD-1, Small Date, Small Reverse Stars**



6734 1807 Bust Right, BD-1, High R.4, VF20 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b. The small date is spaced 1 807, where the 1 overlies the curl and is close to the bust. On the reverse the leaf under C is just an outline. This very scarce variety (80-100 pieces known) has medium yellow-gold surfaces. The obverse shows wear on the portrait, while the reverse is choice for the grade, with a pleasing level of detail remaining. An affordable yet problem-free example, housed in a green label holder.

Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 5114; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 3181. NGC ID# CKLF, PCGS# 519898 Base PCGS# 8092

**1807 BD-4 Half Eagle, XF40
Elusive Die Marriage**



6735 1807 Bust Right, BD-4, High R.4, XF40 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/a. The obverse has a die crack from the crown of the cap to the border, and that crack appeared when the die was used for BD-3. No additional cracks have formed, so this is the earliest die state of the scarce BD-4 die marriage. John Dannreuther estimates that just under 100 examples are known in all grades. This pleasing piece has light yellow gold surfaces with trivial hairlines and marks on each side. NGC ID# CKLF, PCGS# 519901 Base PCGS# 8092

1807 Bust Left Five Dollar, BD-8
AU Sharpness



- 6736 1807 Bust Left, BD-8, R.2 — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. A peach-gold example that appears problem-free upon cursory inspection. When studied beneath a lens, a few faded pinscratches emerge on the field near the eagle's head. But no other marks are relevant, and luster dominates the borders and eagle. John Reich's 1807 to 1812 half eagle series is collectible by date, if not by variety. NGC ID# CKLH, PCGS# 507607 Base PCGS# 8101

1807 Bust Left Half Eagle, AU Details
Collectible BD-8 Variety



- 6737 1807 Bust Left, BD-8, R.2 — Repaired, Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b, clashed. BD-8 is by far the more plentiful of the two Capped Bust Left 1807 half eagle varieties, making it ideal for date and type collections. This AU-level example displays a sharp, even strike and medium orange-gold patina. Abrasions in the fields have been smoothed out, giving the coin a clean, mattelike appearance but preventing a numeric grade. Some mint-made adjustment marks are seen along the lower-left obverse border.

1808 Half Eagle, AU Details
BD-4, Wide 5D



- 6738 1808 Wide 5D, BD-4, High R.3 — Harshly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/a, as usual with no reverse clash marks. BD-4 is the most plentiful 1808 half eagle variety, suitable for date purposes. This AU-level example displays rich olive-gold coloration and sharp, evenly struck details. The surfaces exhibit subdued luster, and a loupe reveals hairlines in the fields that betray an old cleaning. Still, this is a pleasing example of the issue for the budget-conscious collector.

1809/8 BD-1 Five Dollar
XF Sharpness



- 6739 1809/8 BD-1, High R.3 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/b, clashed above the wings. The only 1809-dated dies. This straw-gold example displays inoffensive hairlines and a thin straight line near the shoulder curl. Sharp for the XF level, and luster is prevalent across the borders, curls, and eagle.

1809/8 Capped Bust Left Five
BD-1, Only Dies for the Date



- 6740 1809/8 BD-1, High R.3, PCGS Genuine. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests surface damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of an About Uncirculated specimen that has been cleaned and repaired. The design elements were sharply impressed and show just a trace of high-point wear. According to Mint records, 33,875 Capped Bust Left half eagles were struck in 1809, all from the same pair of dies. Traditionally, the date has been called 1809/8, but expert opinion is divided about the overdate status of this issue, as many numismatists believe the undertype digit is really just another 9.

1810 BD-4 Five Dollar, AU50
Large Date, Large 5



- 6741 1810 Large Date, Large 5, BD-4, R.2, AU50 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. The 1810 Large Date, Large 5 half eagle is a good choice for collectors in search of collectible example of the John Reich type. With that in mind, the issue remains scarce in the absolute sense. This attractive About Uncirculated five dollar gold piece features green and wheat-gold hues, glimpses of original mint luster, and few marks worthy of individual attention (observed below the scroll). The major design elements are well-struck, if a touch incomplete with an expected degree of blending. NGC ID# BFXP, PCGS# 507598 Base PCGS# 8108

**1810 Draped Bust Left Half Eagle, MS61
Large Date, Large 5, BD-4**



6742 1810 Large Date, Large 5, BD-4, R.2, MS61 NGC. Bass-Dannreuther Die State a/a. Numismatists have identified four die varieties of 1810 half eagles, two with large numerals in the date and two that employ smaller punches. Aside from the size difference, the smaller numerals have pointed-top 1's, while the large 1's are nearly flat. This coin represents the BD-4 variety, with the Large Date and a Large 5 in the denomination on the reverse. The BD-4 is an available variety, with a surviving population of 500-750 examples in all grades. The obverse die was used previously to strike the BD-3 variety of this date, but this was the only use of the reverse die.

The present coin is a sharply detailed Mint State specimen from an early state of the dies. Fine definition shows in Liberty's hair and all star radials are complete. Star 13 shows John Reich's signature notched point. The pleasing antique-gold surfaces retain much of their original mint luster and only minor, grade-consistent contact marks are evident. NGC ID# BFXP, PCGS# 507598 Base PCGS# 8108

6743 1813 BD-1, R.2 — Ex-Jewelry, Cleaned — ANACS. XF Details, Net VF20. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/b. Here is an affordable example of this scarce type, showing excellent detail and an even strike. The surfaces are lightly abraded and unnaturally bright due to past cleaning. Any damage to the rim from use in jewelry is hidden by the holder. NGC ID# 25PM, PCGS# 519907 Base PCGS# 8116

**1813 Half Eagle, BD-2, MS62
Sharp and Appealing**



6744 1813 BD-2, R.4, MS62 PCGS. Bass-Dannreuther Die State d/b, both dies cracked. BD-2 is the scarcer of the two 1813 half eagle varieties, surviving with likely fewer than 200 pieces in all grades. This is the second and final use of the obverse, although the tail die was again employed in 1814 and 1815. This Mint State example is impressively sharp throughout the portrait, eagle, and peripheral stars, evidencing a bold and even strike. Satiny yellow-gold luster shows light field chatter that limits the grade but is free of severe abrasions. The aesthetics of this piece generate strong type coin appeal. Finer examples of the BD-2 die pairing are scarce. NGC ID# 25PM, PCGS# 45648 Base PCGS# 8116

**1818 Half Eagle, BD-1, AU Sharpness
Some Luster Remains**



6745 1818 BD-1, R.5 — Bent — NGC Details. AU. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c, obverse clashed. BD-1 is one of the two rarer varieties of the 1818 half eagle, with only 50 to 65 examples believed extant in all grades. This representative offers attractive orange-gold surfaces with remnants of luster in the protected regions. The strike is even and sharp. There appears to be a subtle bend in the planchet along the lower-right obverse, although it is virtually unnoticed by the casual observer.

1818 Half Eagle, AU Details
BD-2, STATESOF



- 6746 1818 STATESOF, BD-2, R.4 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c. A die crack bisects the obverse from the 8 in the date to star 6. This is the most often seen 1818 half eagle variety, showing STATES OF closely spaced on the reverse. The present example displays rich orange-gold coloration with lustrous fields, but faint hairlines on each side prevent a numeric grade. The strike is even but lacking definition on the eagle's left (facing) wing. NGC ID# BFXV, PCGS# 519912 Base PCGS# 8121

CLASSIC HALF EAGLES

- 6747 1834 Plain 4 XF45 PCGS. Breen-6502, McCloskey 4-C, R.2. Golden-brown luster fills the legends and outlines the devices. A moderately circulated and pleasing Classic type representative. No marks are remotely relevant, and the surfaces are original and attractive. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171
- 6748 1834 Plain 4 AU58 PCGS. Breen-6501, McCloskey 1-A, R.3. A charming caramel-gold Classic type coin. The strike is good, and consequential marks are confined to Liberty's upper lip. A scarcer first-year marriage, McCloskey 1-A is identified by cracks through stars 3 to 6, and a repunched base on the D in UNITED. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171
- 6749 1834 Plain 4 AU58 PCGS. Breen-6502, McCloskey 2-B, R.3. A trace of wear on the curl west of the ear denies a Mint State assessment. This caramel-gold example has a good strike, and marks are limited to the field between the wingtip and the D in UNITED. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171

1834 Classic Head Half Eagle
Crosslet 4 Variety, AU Details



- 6750 1834 Crosslet 4 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Breen-6503, McCloskey 5-D, R.4. The Crosslet 4 1834 Classic Head five is scarce, and high-grade pieces are rare in comparison to their Plain 4 counterparts. This AU piece is lightly cleaned with faintly granular yellow-gold surfaces, but it nonetheless shows strong detail and an even strike. Light chatter in the fields is typical of the issue. NGC ID# 25RU, PCGS# 8172

1838 Classic Head Five, MS62
Smooth, Problem-Free Surfaces



- 6751 1838 MS62 NGC. Breen-6515, McCloskey 2-B, R.1. Small Arrows, Large 5. The letters TES of STATES are widely spaced. The surfaces are satin-smooth and appealing, with only small marks that determine the designated MS62 grade. A sharp strike with soft mint luster beneath mellow-gold color completes the considerable eye appeal. Mint State examples are scarce of this brief type, especially when problem-free such as this example. Census (both varieties): 26 in 62, 24 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25S4, PCGS# 8176

1838-D Five Dollar, XF40
Scarce Key to the Classic Series



- 6752 1838-D XF40 PCGS. McCloskey 1-A, R.3. The 1838-D is one of the three keys to the Classic half eagle series. It is also the only Classic-design Dahlonega issue, placing considerable pressure on the 300-350 pieces believed known in all grades. This is an original reddish-golden example with the expected number of small to medium-sized abrasions for a gold coin that received 20 points of circulation. NGC ID# 25S6, PCGS# 8178

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

1839-C Half Eagle, VF30
First Year of the Coronet Design



- 6753 1839-C VF30 PCGS. Variety 1. From a mintage of just 17,025 pieces, the second of two Charlotte issues to have the mintmark on the obverse. This mustard-gold example has moderate, even wear over the surfaces, with the expected number of handling marks. An important piece, housed in a green label holder. Population: 11 in 30, 85 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2006), lot 3498; Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 3413. NGC ID# 25S8, PCGS# 8192

1839-D Five Dollar, AU50
Popular Obverse Mintmark Type



6754 1839-D AU50 NGC. **Variety 2-A.** The 1839-D is the first emission in the Liberty Head series, representing a single-year type. The portrait was modified in 1840, and the mintmark moved from the obverse to the reverse. The latter characteristic combined with the issue's low mintage of 18,939 coins contribute to the remarkably popularity of the 1839-D. This partly lustrous orange-gold five shows strong detail on the eagle and moderate softness over the hair curls and stars. Wispy marks on each side do not detract. Housed in a prior generation holder. Census: 10 in 50, 49 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25S9, PCGS# 8193

1839-D Five Dollar, AU53
One-Year Design Type and Obverse Mintmark



6755 1839-D AU53 PCGS. **Variety 1-A.** This is the significantly scarcer die variety of the two known for the 1839-D. The '39-D is a distinctive one-year design type and it is the only Liberty half eagle with an obverse mintmark. Of the 18,939 pieces struck, it is estimated that 200-225 examples are extant. Of the known survivors, at least two-thirds are VF or XF. This is a bright piece that shows slight reddish patina surrounding the devices and the usual choppy surfaces. NGC ID# 25S9, PCGS# 8193

1840-C Five Dollar, AU Details
Scarce Charlotte Issue



6756 1840-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. **Variety 2.** Heavy die lines on either side of the eagle identify this variety, and a heavy die crack connects the eagle's left (facing) wing to the rim. The 1840-C half eagle is scarce in all grades with fewer than 150 pieces believed known. This example is lightly struck on the central devices and has a few linear marks on Liberty's neck. Some luster remains in the fields despite light cleaning of the yellow-gold surfaces.

1840-O Five Dollar, Near-Mint
Sharp Strike, Original Color



6757 1840-O AU58 PCGS. **Variety 2.** A well-struck Borderline Uncirculated example of the first New Orleans five dollar issue. The reverse exhibits a few delicate hair-thin marks, but the green-gold surfaces are less abraded overall than is usual for the grade. Peach-tinged luster fills the borders and devices. Population: 7 in 58, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25SK, PCGS# 8200

6758 1841-D Tall D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. **Variety 5-B.** The Medium or Tall D variety is even scarcer than its Small D counterpart. Overall, the Dahlonega issue has a low mintage of 29,392 pieces. The present example is well struck and lacks any reportable marks. The green-gold surfaces are somewhat glossy but acceptable to many collectors.

1842-C Half Eagle
Choice XF Large Date Five



6759 1842-C Large Date XF45 NGC. **Variety 1.** Branch-mint gold from the 1840s is always in high demand, especially in Choice XF condition such as this medium-gold example. The mintage of 27,432 pieces is split between the Large Date and Small Date varieties, with the Large Date the more-available of the two by a small margin. Small abrasions dot the surfaces of the present coin, which displays minor weakness at the back curls and through the center of the eagle. The most recent reference by Doug Winter estimates between 110 and 140 Large Date fives survive in all grades. Census: 16 in 45, 68 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25SW, PCGS# 8209

**1842-C Half Eagle, Choice XF
Large Date Variety**



- 6760 1842-C Large Date XF45 PCGS. Variety 1.** Predominately toned lemon-gold, although the device high points display gunmetal-blue. Luster illuminates design recesses, and no marks are of singular consequence. The central strike shows blending, but peripheral elements are sharp. Though less rare than its Small Date counterpart, the Large Date is also desirable, particularly with problem-free surfaces. NGC ID# 25SW, PCGS# 8209

**1842-C Half Eagle, MS60
Conditionally Rare Large Date Coin**



- 6761 1842-C Large Date MS60 NGC. Variety 1.** The Large Date 1842-C half eagle is often overshadowed by the rarity of its Small Date counterpart, although this issue is itself scarce in all grades with likely fewer than 140 pieces known. Uncirculated examples are major rarities. This piece displays sharp stars and central devices with satiny green-gold luster. Light, scattered abrasions determine the grade. Census: 5 in 60, 9 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25SW, PCGS# 8209

**1842-D Small Date Five Dollar, AU53
Red-Violet and Orange-Gold Color**



- 6762 1842-D Small Date AU53 PCGS. Variety 7-E.** Die scratches are plainly visible near (L)IB(ERTY). Small Date half eagles were struck during the first part of the year and are seen with far greater frequency than their Large Date brethren. Red-violet tones complement the rich orange-gold color that dominates this pleasing Dahlonega five dollar gold piece. Typically struck over the hair curls but with good detail on the stars. The eagle, too, exhibits bold feather, talon, and olive leaf definition. NGC ID# 25SX, PCGS# 8210

- 6763 1843 MS61 NGC.** The 1843 Half Eagle is not a particularly noteworthy issue (other than its status as a No Motto type coin) until the Mint State threshold is reached, where it becomes scarce. This example shows a bold strike overlaid in rich coppery patina and softly glowing mint luster. Marks are fewer than expected for the assigned grade. Census: 32 in 61, 37 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2005), lot 4577. NGC ID# 94FD, PCGS# 8213

**1843-D Five Dollar, AU50
Medium D Variety**



- 6764 1843-D Medium D AU50 PCGS. Variety 10-G.** The mintage of the 1843-D five dollar was abundant with 98,452 pieces produced. Of that number it is estimated that today between 450 and 550 examples remain. It is only moderately challenging in the lower ranges of AU, and often serves as an early type coin for a Dahlonega half eagle. The surfaces show the usually encountered numerous abrasions seen on most surviving 1843-D fives. The strike is generally well-defined over the high points of the design. NGC ID# 25T4, PCGS# 8215

**1843-D Half Eagle, AU53
Medium D Mintmark**



- 6765 1843-D Medium D AU53 NGC. Variety 10-G.** The 1843-D is fairly plentiful in the context of Dahlonega half eagles, ideal for the collector seeking a single piece from this mint. The present AU coin is well-struck with hints of luster remaining in the protected regions of the fields. A few marks in the left reverse field accompany light chatter elsewhere. A pleasing yellow-gold Dahlonega five. NGC ID# 25T4, PCGS# 8215

- 6766 1843-O Small Letters AU50 NGC. Variety 1.** Die State 1. An attractive AU example of the scarcer Small Letters variety, with some light wear on the well-detailed design elements and lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces. Census: 5 in 50, 36 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25T5, PCGS# 8217

**1844-D Half Eagle, AU58
Strongly Impressed**



6767 1844-D AU58 PCGS. Variety 11-G. The top of the 1 is repunched. Doug Winter estimates 400 to 500 1844-D half eagles are extant, making this one of the more collectible Dahlonega five dollar gold issues overall. However, only 10 or 12 Mint State representatives are thought to survive in better condition than this nearly Uncirculated piece. Deep orange-gold surfaces reveal tinges of violet and blue toning. The relief elements are strongly impressed, and partial luster glows from the recesses. Lightly marked. NGC ID# 25T9, PCGS# 8221

6768 1844-O AU58 PCGS. Variety 8. A nicely struck straw-gold near-Mint New Orleans type coin. Slight rub on Liberty's eyebrow confirms a momentary stint in antebellum commerce, but no marks are noticeable. A small strike-through on the rim near star 4 provides an identifier. NGC ID# 25TA, PCGS# 8222

**1844-O Half Eagle, Semiprooflike MS61
Sharp and Conditionally Scarce**



6769 1844-O MS61 PCGS. Variety 4. This early O-Mint half eagle is incredibly sharp and displays lustrous straw-gold surfaces with nothing more than light field chatter to limit the grade. Semiprooflike reflectivity illuminates the fields. The 1844-O is scarce in Mint State, and low-end examples are seldom found with as much eye appeal as the present coin generates. Population: 13 in 61, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25TA, PCGS# 8222

**1845-D Five Dollar, AU58
Popular D-Mint Type Coin From the 1840s**



6770 1845-D AU58 PCGS. Variety 13-H. The 1845-D is one of the frequently seen Dahlonega fives from the 1840s. Of the almost 500 survivors known in all grades today, only an estimated quarter of that number are AU or Mint State. This is a well-preserved example that has all the requisite features for a type piece: a strong strike, bright orange-gold surfaces, and small, scattered abrasions (not the usually heavily marked surfaces). NGC ID# 25TC, PCGS# 8224

**1846-D Half Eagle, AU50
Normal Mintmark**



6771 1846-D AU50 NGC. Variety 16-I. The date is low, and the Dahlonega mintmark shows no sign of repunching. Luster brightens the stars, legends, and device crevices. The fields and portrait are generally smooth for an AU gold coin. The dies appear perfect except for minor clashing near Liberty's chin. Of the 80,294 pieces that were produced, it appears that only 175-225 examples are known today, the vast majority of which are VF-XF. Ex: *Summer FUN* (Heritage, 7/2007), lot 2508; *West Palm Beach Signature* (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 1494. NGC ID# 25TH, PCGS# 8228

**1846-D/D Five Dollar, AU50
Popular Dahlonega Half Eagle**



6772 1846-D/D AU50 NGC. Variety 16-J. One of the more spectacular mintmark blunders of the entire federal series, where a primary D overlaps a misplaced secondary D south by a large spread, earning a separate listing in the *Guide Book*. Two varieties feature the Repunched Mintmark — paired with either a Low Date and a High Date obverse. This is an example of the Low Date variant. Minor marks and abrasions exist on both sides, with moderate wear on the high points of the hair and eagle. A pleasing bright, yellow-gold example. Census: 12 in 50, 72 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25TH, PCGS# 8229

**1846-O Five Dollar, Near-Mint
Scarce Southern Gold Issue**



6773 1846-O AU58 NGC. Variety 1. A pleasing apricot-gold near-Mint New Orleans No Motto five. Both sides are surprisingly free from apparent abrasions, and the strike is crisp throughout. Slight rub on Liberty's eyebrow and nostril confirms a brief duration in antebellum commerce. Census: 25 in 58, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25TK, PCGS# 8230

**1848-C Half Eagle, AU58
Challenging High-Grade Example**



6774 1848-C AU58 NGC. **Variety 1.** The 1848-C survives mainly in VF or XF condition. About Uncirculated pieces are seldom offered, and such coins with original coloration are downright rare. Mint State pieces are rare regardless of surface quality. This near-Mint coin displays well-struck devices amid lightly abraded fields. The yellow-gold surfaces offer remnants of reflectivity in the protected regions of the fields. Eye appeal is excellent for the grade. Census: 17 in 58, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25TT, PCGS# 8237

**1849-C Five Dollar, MS61
Rare in Uncirculated Condition**



6775 1849-C MS61 NGC. **Variety 2.** This is the scarcer of the two known varieties, showing heavy die lines behind Liberty's neck. Overall, the 1849-C half eagle is fairly plentiful in the context of Charlotte gold, although Mint State examples are conditionally rare. The present example displays a sharp strike and reflective yellow-gold fields. Scattered abrasions are familiar to the grade. Census: 9 in 61, 11 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# C5XD, PCGS# 8241

6776 1849-D VF30 NGC. **Variety 25-S.** The original orange-gold surfaces display cherry-red luster in protected regions. The strike shows the usual incompleteness on the curls, but the sole apparent mark is a thin field line below OF. Four die marriages are confirmed for the 1849-D, despite a mintage of only 39,036 pieces. Certified in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# C5XE, PCGS# 8242

**1849-D Half Eagle, Near-Mint
Rare With CAC Seal**



6777 1849-D AU58 PCGS. CAC. **Variety 25-S.** A handsome olive-green and peach-gold Dahlonega half eagle. Marks are surprisingly few, and the eye appeal is significant. The strike is sharp on peripheral elements, and only the fletchings and the curls near the ear are lightly brought up. A late die state with a heavy crack from the wingtip through the base of AMER. Population: 13 in 58, 9 finer. CAC: 4 in 58, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# C5XE, PCGS# 8242

**1850-C Half Eagle, AU53
Green-Gold Color, Strong Strike**



6778 1850-C Weak C AU53 PCGS. **Variety 4.** The upper curve of the mintmark is entirely distinct, while the lower curve is evident under close scrutiny. This Charlotte half eagle, one of 63,591 coins struck, showcases a remarkably strong strike and pleasing greenish-gold coloration. Predictably abraded. The 1850-C is popular for type representation, though finer coins are notably rare. NGC ID# 25U2, PCGS# 98244 Base PCGS# 8244

**1851-C Five Dollar, MS60
Lovely Original Luster**



6779 1851-C MS60 NGC. **Variety 1.** The 1851-C half eagle is a challenging date overall, although Mint State examples are decidedly rare. Doug Winter estimates that only four or five true Mint State pieces exist, despite a population of 21 Uncirculated coins between NGC and PCGS combined. Resubmissions may be reflected in the latter figure, and we estimate that the true number of Mint State survivors resides about midway between these two extremes. The present coin displays strikingly original luster and lightly abraded yellow-gold fields. Strike weakness on the hair curls around Liberty's face is not unusual for the issue. Eye appeal exceeds expectations. Census: 3 in 60, 12 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25U6, PCGS# 8247

1852-C Five Dollar, Choice AU
Collectible North Carolina Product



6780 1852-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. From a fairly substantial mintage of 72,574 pieces, the surviving population of the 1852-C half eagle has been augmented by a couple of small hoards that surfaced in modern times. This attractive Choice AU representative shows just a touch of wear, with well-detailed design elements and surprisingly lustrous, lightly abraded surfaces. Population: 16 in 55, 37 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25UB, PCGS# 8251

1852-D Five Dollar, AU53
Good Issue for a D-Mint Five



6781 1852-D AU53 NGC. Variety 32-V. The 1852-D is one of the more frequently encountered D-mint fives, its availability (in this case) reliably indicated by the mintage of 91,584 pieces. As such it is often used for type purposes because of the number of coins on the market at any given time in grades up to AU53. As always, the strike is soft on each side, but there is considerable remaining luster that surrounds the devices. While lacking the often-seen heavy abrasions, close examination shows a number of small, but individually insignificant marks. Original orange-gold color. NGC ID# 25UC, PCGS# 8252

1853-D Five Dollar, AU53
The Go-To Issue for a Dahlonega Type Piece



6782 1853-D Large D AU53 NGC. CAC. Variety 34-Y. With a mintage of 89,678 pieces one might predict that the 1853-D would be a Dahlonega type coin, and so it is. Probably 200 or so examples are known in AU, making it possible to acquire a well-detailed coin. This piece is well-defined in the centers with the expected softness around the peripheral stars. Each side is somewhat choppy from time spent in circulation, but noticeable traces of mint luster can be seen surrounding the devices. NGC ID# 25UF, PCGS# 8255

1853-D Half Eagle, Near-Mint
Dahlonega Type Coin



6783 1853-D Large D AU58 PCGS. Variety 35-AA. A lovely honey-gold near-Mint Dahlonega type coin. Marks are unexpectedly few, and luster illuminates the legends. The strike shows customary blending on the eagle's neck, claws, and fletchings. Five die marriages are confirmed for the 1853-D. On the present coin, the mintmark touches both the feather and the branch, diagnostic for Variety 35-AA. Population: 29 in 58, 28 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25UR, PCGS# 8255

1854 FS-101 Half Eagle, MS61
Doubled Die Obverse



6784 1854 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS61 PCGS. CAC. Perhaps the first mention of this interesting variety was lot 441 in the November 2000 Bowers and Merena catalog for Part IV of the Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection. The variety was described as from a "die with 'earring' at Liberty's ear lobe, no doubt a centering mark." This is a charming peach-gold example that exhibits vibrant luster throughout the borders. The well struck surfaces lack any mentionable marks. Population: 2 in 61, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25UG, PCGS# 145713 Base PCGS# 8256

1854-O Five Dollar, AU58
Challenging in High Grade



6785 1854-O AU58 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. The 1854-O is an underrated date, seldom offered in near-Mint condition and genuinely rare in Mint State. This example is sharply struck and displays partially lustrous yellow-gold fields with light, uniform chatter. Eye appeal is exceptional for the grade and issue, as is noted by CAC, which ranks with piece among the finest worthy of a green label endorsement. Population: 17 in 58 (1 in 58+), 11 finer. CAC: 6 in 58, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25UM, PCGS# 8259

1855-C Five Dollar, AU53
Seldom Seen in Almost Uncirculated



- 6786 1855-C AU53 NGC. Variety 1. The 1855-C is moderately scarce in lower grades, but quickly enters the realm of a condition rarity in AU condition. The mintage was a hefty 39,788 pieces, but only 175-225 coins are estimated to have survived in all grades. Perhaps three dozen are extant today in AU. This piece shows even orange-gold color with traces of surviving mint luster around the devices. Uniform softness is noted over the high points of the design elements. Lightly abraded overall. NGC ID# 25UR, PCGS# 8262

1855-D Half Eagle, AU53
Attractive Orange-Gold Patina



- 6787 1855-D Medium D AU53 NGC. Variety 38-CC. The scarcest Dahlonega half eagle from the 1850s, the 1855-D is very scarce in AU condition with attractive color and the Medium D mintmark — all of which is true for this attractive, orange-gold example. Mint luster clings to the stars and around the letters of the reverse legend. As usual, the strike is a bit flat at the centers and the eagle lacks feather definition on its neck and head. Still, there is much to like about this challenging D-Mint coin. Doug Winter estimates just 125 to 150 pieces survive, most in grades lower than this solid AU53 example. Census: 12 in 53, 36 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25US, PCGS# 98263

1855-D Half Eagle, MS60
Medium D Variety



- 6788 1855-D Medium D MS60 NGC. Variety 38-CC. The 1855-D is a scarce and often-overlooked Dahlonega five dollar. The mintage was 22,432 pieces, a number that does not indicate rarity by itself. However, it seems apparent from the number of survivors that attrition from circulation took a heavy toll on the number produced. Only 125-150 pieces are believed known today in all grades. At least two-thirds of the survivors are VF or XF with only two or three dozens examples remaining in AU, and three to five Uncirculated pieces believed known. This is a bright Uncirculated piece that displays a noticeably striated reverse die. The fields are semiprooflike, as often found on D and C-mint gold, and there are only small, scattered abrasions evident on both obverse and reverse. Remarkably well-detailed on the obverse, the reverse shows a bit of strike softness on the eagle's neck feathers. NGC ID# 25US, PCGS# 98263

**1855-S Half Eagle, Choice About Uncirculated
Conditionally Rare S-Mint Five**



6789 1855-S AU55 NGC. The half eagle was a workhorse denomination in West Coast commerce. Even a moderately large mintage of 61,000 pieces did not survive to any great extent, with most coins lost to normal attrition. This Choice About Uncirculated example saw brief circulation, but it was soon set aside and well-preserved thereafter. Natural orange-gold patina retains much mint luster and sharpness of strike. Only minor chatter disturbs the attractive surfaces. Census: 19 in 55, 19 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25UU, PCGS# 8265

**1855-S Liberty Half Eagle, AU55
Elusive Early Branch Mint Issue**



6790 1855-S AU55 PCGS. From a mintage of 61,000 pieces, the 1855-S Liberty half eagle is a scarce-to-rare issue in all grades, as most of the coins were released into circulation and few were saved by contemporary collectors. This attractive Choice AU specimen shows just a touch of friction on the high points of the devices, and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded. Population: 14 in 55 (1 in 55+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25UU, PCGS# 8265

**1857-C Five Dollar, AU55
Well-Detailed Charlotte Coin**



6791 1857-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. The 1857-C is a fairly plentiful issue among Charlotte half eagles, making it a suitable issue for the collector seeking a single coin from this mint. The present Choice AU representative displays sharp detail with traces of high-point wear. Yellow-gold surfaces retain hints of luster in the protected regions with scattered abrasions in the unprotected areas. This is an appealing example of the later Charlotte coinage. Population: 19 in 55, 31 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25V3, PCGS# 8272

**1857-C Five Dollar Gold, AU55
Sharply Struck for the Issue**



6792 1857-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. Marks are limited to light surface chatter on this brilliant, yellow-gold example. The 1857-C is more frequently available than many half eagles in the Charlotte series, yet only 225 to 275 pieces are estimated to survive in all grades. This Choice AU coin shows the expected tiny abrasions, with a slightly deeper scrape above the eagle's head. The strike is sharp for a C-Mint five. Population: 20 in 55, 32 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25V3, PCGS# 8272

6793 1857-D XF40 NGC. Variety 41-HH. Well-struck by the standards of the issue with light to moderate abrasions and wear over the subtly radiant wheat-gold surfaces. Census: 6 in 40, 88 finer (11/16).

Ex: Houston Signature (heritage, 12/2008), lot 2019. NGC ID# 25V4, PCGS# 8273

**1857-D Five Dollar, XF45
Scarcer D-Mint Issue**



6794 1857-D XF45 PCGS. CAC. Variety 42-HH. The 1857-D is a scarce and underrated issue from the Dahlonega mint. Only 17,046 pieces were produced, and of that number an estimated 150-200 examples are known in all grades. The grade distribution is the typical bell curve with 30-40 coins in VF, 70-100 in XF, 43-52 in AU, and a paltry 7-8 in Uncirculated. Even high-point friction is seen over the devices on each side. The only marks of consequence are a lamination on the obverse rim at 9 o'clock and a long but shallow mark above the eagle's head on the reverse. Original reddish-tinged surfaces retain faint portions of mint luster in the protected areas. NGC ID# 25V4, PCGS# 8273

1857-S Half Eagle, Minimally Marked AU58



6795 1857-S AU58 PCGS. The 1857-S half eagle saw extensive use in the channels of commerce during the California Gold Rush. Consequently, most known survivors are in circulated grades. Only 11 of the 134 submissions seen by PCGS are in mint condition. This near-Mint example displays yellow-gold surfaces with luster residing in the recessed areas. The design elements are sharply impressed, and there are fewer marks than might be expected for a gold coin having seen some circulation. Population: 20 in 58, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# CBE7, PCGS# 8275

1858-C Half Eagle, AU55
Sharp Design Elements



6796 1858-C AU55 PCGS. Variety 1. Coming from a mintage of 38,856 pieces, the 1858-C half eagle remains fairly plentiful overall. This Choice About Uncirculated Charlotte type coin displays partial luster in the fields around sharply rendered design elements. Straw-gold surfaces offer pleasing eye appeal, along with the usual scattering of small abrasions. Population: 38 in 55, 39 finer (12/16). NGC ID# CLAK, PCGS# 8277

1858-D Five Dollar, AU50
Underrated Georgia Issue



6797 1858-D AU50 NGC. Winter's *Gold Coins of the Dahlonega Mint* (2013) notes that the 1858-D is "generally overlooked, but it is actually scarcer than most collectors believe. It is much harder to find than the 1859-D and 1860-D" There are probably only 200 to 250 survivors, about 100 of which are in AU condition. All 1858-D half eagles (15,362 coins struck) show softness at the centers, as is seen here. High-point rub is moderate, and the surfaces show lovely reddish-gold tinges. NGC ID# CBBT, PCGS# 8278

1858-S Five Dollar, AU50
Fewer Than 100 Pieces Known



6798 1858-S AU50 NGC. Despite a mintage of 18,600 pieces, the 1858-S half eagle is scarce in all grades with fewer than 100 pieces believed known. NGC and PCGS combined list 98 coins, including possible resubmissions, with just one piece in Mint State. This About Uncirculated coin displays sharp detail and partially lustrous olive-gold surfaces. Scattered marks are characteristic of the grade. Census: 8 in 50, 26 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# CLAM, PCGS# 8279

1859 Five Dollar, AU58+
Highly Lustrous Fields



6799 1859 AU58+ PCGS. Coming from a mintage of only 16,734 pieces, the 1859 Liberty half eagle is a rarity in high grade. Mint State coins are extremely rare. The present example is as close to Mint State as a collectible AU coin can get. The strike is bold, and substantial luster remains in the fields amid original straw-gold patina. Field chatter appears to limit the grade, as no mentionable wear is seen. Population: 22 in 58 (2 in 58+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25VB, PCGS# 8280

6800 1859-C — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 2. All 1859-C half eagles were struck from the same improperly annealed reverse die, and exhibit blurry definition on the eagle. The present Charlotte example is well struck, given the limitations of the reverse die. The apricot-gold surfaces are mildly glossy and display a smattering of trivial marks.

1859-D Half Eagle, AU50
Medium D, Natural Coloration



6801 1859-D Medium D AU50 NGC. CAC. Medium D mintmark. With the second-lowest mintage of the D-Mint fives, the 1859-D is surprisingly more-available than its low mintage of 10,336 pieces suggests. Among the estimated 175 to 225 survivors in all grades, coins with original color are in the minority, as are specimens with smooth surfaces such as this CAC-endorsed example. Apricot-gold fields and devices show only light pinpoint marks and moderate wear, with a bit of central strike weakness that always accompanies the issue. Census: 4 in 50, 72 finer. CAC: 1 in 50, 10 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25VD, PCGS# 8282

6802 1860-D Medium D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 46-GG. Most survivors from the low mintage of 14,635 pieces are the Medium D variety, although two rare die pairs feature a Large D. The present olive-gold Medium D example is hairlined but surprisingly free from any visible abrasions.

6803 1861 MS61 PCGS. The 1861 half eagle is an ideal No Motto type-coin issue, as Mint State examples are more plentiful than those of other issues from this period. The present coin displays a sharp strike and satiny yellow-gold luster with the expected assortment of minor abrasions. A few small alloy spots appear on each side beneath a loupe. NGC ID# 25VK, PCGS# 8288

**1861-C Five Dollar, AU55
Final Issue From the Historic Charlotte Mint**



6804 1861-C AU55 NGC. Variety 1. State II. The 1861-C is an immensely popular issue in the Charlotte series, far in excess of its actual rarity. This was the final issue from the Charlotte mint with production that stopped shortly after Confederate troops seized control on April 20, 1861. Much of the issue's popularity revolves around this seizure and the uncertainty that followed. How many coins were struck under CSA authority? Can these "Confederate" pieces be definitely identified? The traditional answer (unsubstantiated by any documented facts) is the pieces that show a die crack through the top of AMERI are the final ones struck, therefore they were struck under the auspices of the Confederacy.

Almost all known 1861-C fives show choppy surfaces, and that is the case on this coin as well. The strike details are a bit soft over the high points of the design, but not noticeably so as seen on other, previous C-mint issues. Each side shows bright orange-gold color and just the slightest traces of luster remain around the margins. NGC ID# 25VL, PCGS# 8289

**1862 Five Dollar, XF45
Only 4,430 Pieces Struck**



6805 1862 XF45 NGC. After the federal government ceased paying out gold, the mintage for half eagles dropped from 688,084 pieces in 1861 to only 4,430 coins in 1862. Predictably, an example of the 1862 is very difficult to obtain. This example shows slight, even wear over the high points and small abrasions scattered overall. The only mark worthy of mention is a shallow, horizontal pinscratch between the eagle's head and left (facing) wing. NGC ID# 25VP, PCGS# 8292

**1862 Five Dollar, AU50
Scarce Philadelphia Issue**



6806 1862 AU50 NGC. The 1862 half eagle comes from a small 4,430-coin mintage, and fewer than 100 pieces are believed to survive in all grades. Uncirculated coins are rare. This AU example displays partially lustrous, satiny orange-gold surfaces and relatively smooth fields. The sharp design elements show little high-point wear. Census: 2 in 50, 28 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25VP, PCGS# 8292

**1862-S Half Eagle, VF25
Rare in All Grades**



6807 1862-S VF25 NGC. From a mintage of 9,500 pieces, the 1862-S Liberty half eagle is a rare date in all grades. Bright yellow-gold surfaces exhibit well-defined design elements despite moderate circulation. Distributed light marks are in concert with the designated grade. Census: 5 in 25, 30 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25VR, PCGS# 8293

**1862-S Half Eagle, Attractive XF45
Scarce in All Grades**



6808 1862-S XF45 NGC. Despite having nearly twice the mintage (9,500 pieces), the 1862-S half eagle is every bit as scarce as its Philadelphia counterpart and actually more so in high grade. This Choice XF coin displays excellent detail and remarkably smooth, original olive-gold surfaces. Eye appeal greatly exceeds expectations for the grade. Fewer than 100 survivors are known in all levels of preservation, an estimate supported by certified population data. Census: 9 in 45, 20 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25VR, PCGS# 8293

6809 1865-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Because double eagles were the preferred gold denomination for bankers and importers, half eagles were struck in limited number at San Francisco prior to 1879. The 1865-S mintage was 27,612 pieces, and none were saved by numismatists until the 20th century. The present inoffensively cleaned peach-gold example is well defined and lacks distracting marks.

**1869 Liberty Half Eagle, AU50+
Underrated, Low-Mintage Issue**



6810 1869 AU50+ PCGS. The 1869 Liberty half eagle is an elusive and underrated issue, from a minuscule mintage of 1,760 pieces. The coin offered here shows a number of grade-consistent minor abrasions, the worst being a scratch over the final digit in the date. The well-detailed design elements exhibit some light wear and the orange-gold surfaces retain a few traces of original mint luster. Population: 7 in 50 (1 in 50+), 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25W7, PCGS# 8317

**1869 Half Eagle, AU55
Underrated in All Grades**



6811 1869 AU55 NGC. The 1869 half eagle comes from a small mintage of 1,760 pieces, of which only 50 or 60 examples are believed to survive in all grades. This underrated issue is extremely rare any finer than the present coin. The strike displays bold rendering, and each side has medium yellow-gold color with scattered abrasions. The upper loop of a misplaced numeral appears in the dentils beneath the 86 of the date. Two small, faint, linear lumps in the field beneath the 8 could also be from a dropped date punch. NGC ID# 25W7, PCGS# 8317

**1869-S Five Dollar, AU55
Conditionally Elusive**



6812 1869-S AU55 NGC. Half eagle coinage in San Francisco in 1869 amounted to 31,000 pieces, although high-grade survivors are rare. This Choice AU representative offers original wheat-gold coloration with substantial luster remaining in the fields. The strike is soft on the eagle's neck and the fletchings, as usual. A linear mark near stars 4 and 5 is the only mentionable abrasion. Census: 17 in 55, 17 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25W8, PCGS# 8318

**1871-S Half Eagle, Reflective AU58
Extremely Rare Any Finer**



6813 1871-S AU58 NGC. The 1871-S five, coming from a mintage of 25,000 pieces, is an underrated date that is rare in AU58 and extremely rare in Mint State. This near-Mint coin displays bright yellow-gold luster and semiprooflike fields, with scattered abrasions as are expected for the grade. The hair curls around Liberty's face exhibit minute weakness. Census: 17 in 58, 2 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25WE, PCGS# 8324

**1876-CC Half Eagle, AU50
Variety 1-A, The Only Dies**



6814 1876-CC AU50 NGC. Variety 1-A. The only known dies, used for a small production of 6,887 half eagles at Carson City in 1876. A raised die lump on Liberty's neck is diagnostic for the obverse. The small CC mintmark is high in the field, close to the tip of the arrow feather. This exceptional light yellow example has pleasing surfaces that exhibit traces of luster and trivial hairlines. A few scattered marks are mostly insignificant. Despite a higher certified population, only about a dozen 1876-CC half eagles grade AU or better. Census: 8 in 50, 24 finer (10/16). NGC ID# B5SN, PCGS# 8340

6815 1876-S VF30 NGC. A glass reveals minuscule marks on each side of this subdued yellow-gold example. Half eagles were coined at Philadelphia, Carson City, and San Francisco in 1876, and Carson City had the highest mintage at 6,887 coins. San Francisco was next with a mintage of only 4,000 pieces, and Philadelphia produced 1,432 circulation strikes. The date is challenging regardless of the mintmark. Census: 3 in 30, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25WY, PCGS# 8341

**1877-CC Five Dollar, AU Details
Incredibly Sharp and Smooth**



6816 1877-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 1-B. The 1877-CC boasts a mintage of only 8,680 pieces and is scarce in all grades. Uncirculated examples are extremely rare. This AU-level coin displays incredibly sharp detail with almost no evidence of high-point friction. The yellow-gold surfaces are largely unabraded, although faint granularity in the fields prevents a numeric grade from PCGS. Overall, this Carson City half eagle is far more appealing than the notation on the holder insert would suggest. NGC ID# BT9Z, PCGS# 8343

**1878 Five Dollar, MS65
Condition Census**



6817 1878 MS65 PCGS. Breen-6703, Repunched Date. Repunching of the first 8 in the date is plainly visible within the lower loop. Overall, the 1878 half eagle is scarce in Mint State and a major rarity at the Gem level. Only a dozen coins have been graded MS65 or finer by PCGS and NGC combined (10/16). This piece displays sharp detail and frosty yellow-gold mint luster. Faint grazes in the obverse fields are all that prevent an even finer grade. Population: 5 in 65, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 25X4, PCGS# 8345

**1879 Half Eagle, Fully Struck MS65
Extremely Rare in Gem Condition**



6818 1879 MS65 PCGS. This is an absolutely phenomenal example of the date. Liberty's curls, the stars, and the eagle all exhibit complete design definition. Light rose-gold hues color each side with two alloy spots near star 1 and on the cheek. A handful of small grazes in the field above the eagle's head limit the grade. Although 301,950 half eagles were coined in 1879, they are rare in MS63 and higher, especially as nice as this Gem. Population: 4 in 65, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25X7, PCGS# 8348

- 6819 1879-S MS63+ PCGS.** Frosty orange-gold luster illuminates sharp motifs on this conditionally scarce 1879-S half eagle. Scattered light abrasions limit the grade. Finer examples are rarely offered, and the 1879-S is underrated even in this grade. Population: 30 in 63 (1 in 63+), 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25X9, PCGS# 8350

**1881-CC Five Dollar, AU Details
Low-Mintage Carson City Issue**



- 6820 1881-CC — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU Details. Variety 1-A.** Coming from a mintage of only 13,886 pieces, the 1881-CC half eagle is scarce in all grades. Mint State examples are prohibitively rare. This AU-level coin displays bold detail and bright yellow-gold color, although the eagle's neck is incompletely struck. The fields are lightly marked and hairlined from an old cleaning but remain pleasing to the unaided eye.

- 6821 1883-CC VF25 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A.** A better Carson City issue with a stingy mintage of 12,958 pieces. The portrait and eagle exhibit wear commensurate with the grade, but the caramel-gold surfaces are surprisingly void of abrasions. NGC ID# 25XL, PCGS# 8362

- 6822 1885 MS64+ PCGS.** This Philadelphia half eagle issue is a popular choice for type purposes given its accessibility through MS64. However, MS64+ coins represent a small fraction of the Choice submissions at PCGS, and there are only two coins graded higher (11/16). Each side offers well-struck motifs and frosty luster over warm, sun-gold surfaces. NGC ID# 25XS, PCGS# 8367

- 6823 1885 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Vibrant luster washes over this splendid, lavender-gold near-Gem. The fields show a bit of light chatter, but Liberty's cheek is remarkably unabraded. An ideal type coin with good detail. PCGS reports merely two higher grading events. CAC: 17 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25XS, PCGS# 8367

**1885-S Five Dollar, MS66
Conditionally Rare**



- 6824 1885-S MS66 NGC.** Although plentiful in lower grades, the 1885-S half eagle is a major condition rarity in MS66 and is prohibitively rare any finer. This frosty straw-gold example offers sharp design elements and largely untouched surfaces. Eye appeal is outstanding. Census: 12 in 66 (1 in 66+, 1 in 66 ★), 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2Y7X, PCGS# 8368

- 6825 1890 MS61 PCGS.** The 1890 claims a small mintage of 4,240 coins. No supplemental half eagles were manufactured at the San Francisco or Carson City mints that year. This MS61 ranks among the few Mint State survivors. Peach and green-gold surfaces radiate softly frosted luster. Abrasions are scattered over each side. Population: 7 in 61, 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25Y2, PCGS# 8375

**1891 Half Eagle, MS64
None Finer at PCGS**



- 6826 1891 MS64 PCGS.** The 1891 half eagle (61,300 coins) is a rarity in Choice Uncirculated condition. PCGS reports merely 18 submissions at that grade level and none finer (11/16). This top-graded example enjoys peach and rose-gold surfaces that yield green accents on occasion. The overall impression is bold despite areas of unimportant softness on a couple of stars and the upper curls. Die clash occurs in the central fields. Population: 18 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25Y4, PCGS# 8377

- 6827 1891-CC AU58 PCGS. Variety 1-A.** The date is centered and a diagnostic die line appears on Liberty's cheek. A crack from the bust through stars 1, 2, and 3 confirm the late die state of this lustrous near-Mint half eagle. The device are strongly struck with imperceptible friction. Orange-gold colors each side. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

- 6828 1891-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 2-A.** A lustrous peach-gold Carson City representative. Crisply struck, and only lightly marked for the MS61 level. Devoid of any alloy spots. A good value for those in pursuit of a type set from the fabled Old West facility. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

**1891-CC Five Dollar, MS62
Vibrant Mint Luster**



- 6829 1891-CC MS62 PCGS. Variety 1-A.** An attractive peach-red Carson City type coin. Dynamic luster and a crisp strike contribute further to the quality. The reverse is only minimally abraded, while the obverse displays scattered, unimportant marks. Higher-end Mint State examples of the 1891-CC half eagle are challenging for the budget-conscious collector. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

1891-CC Five Dollar, Well-Struck MS62



- 6830 1891-CC MS62 NGC. CAC. Variety 1-A.** A sharp strike and frosty orange-gold luster give this Mint State 1891-CC half eagle pleasing visual appeal. Die cracks in the margins denote the often-seen late die state. A few marks around Liberty's nose accompany light chatter in the fields that determines the grade. The 1891-CC is a collectible Carson City issue, suitable for the type collector seeking a single piece from this mint. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

**1891-CC Half Eagle, MS63
Lustrous Straw-Gold Example**



- 6831 1891-CC MS63 PCGS.** As far as Carson City half eagles go, the 1891-CC is fairly accessible. However, the issue is conditionally scarce in MS63 and exceedingly challenging in higher grades. Thick, frosty luster merges with straw-gold color. The strike is strong overall with areas of incompleteness on several stars and parts of the reverse legend. Lightly marked. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

- 6832 1893-CC AU58 PCGS. Variety 2-A.** Ex: Norweb. A sharply struck orange-gold example. The obverse is unusually void of marks, and the reverse shows only minor field ticks near the left (facing) wing. Luster illuminates the margins.
Ex: *Norweb Collection, Part I (Bowers and Merena, 10/1987)*, lot 935. NGC ID# 25YB, PCGS# 8384

- 6833 1895 MS65 NGC.** While just over 1.3 million half eagles were produced in Philadelphia, a mintage among the highest in the series, Gems such as this are scarce and anything finer is rare. The surfaces are frosty and well-struck, with a few scattered ticks. NGC has certified only 12 coins in higher numeric grades (11/16). NGC ID# 25YH, PCGS# 8390

**1897 Half Eagle, MS65+
Frosty, Apricot-Gold Type Coin**



- 6834 1897 MS65+ PCGS.** Five dollar gold coin output at the Mint increased by nearly 15 times between 1896 and 1897 (867,800 pieces). It should come as little surprise, then, that this represents one of the most accessible dates in the series. At the Gem grade level, the 1897 begins to pose a formidable challenge, and Plus-designated examples are among the finest obtainable representatives. This MS65+ half eagle radiates frosty mint luster over clean, apricot-gold surfaces. Well-struck at the centers. Population: 36 in 65 (4 in 65+), 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25YM, PCGS# 8394

- 6835 1898 MS64 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A lustrous and fully struck orange-gold near-Gem. The reverse appears pristine, and obverse contact is limited to the field below the hairbun and a hair-thin line above the shoulder tip. NGC ID# 25YP, PCGS# 8396

**1898-S Liberty Half Eagle, MS64+
Rare Any Finer**



- 6836 1898-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Despite a substantial mintage of almost 1.4 million pieces, the 1898-S Liberty half eagle is very scarce in MS64 condition, and finer examples are nothing short of rare. This Plus-graded Choice specimen is sharply detailed throughout, with lightly marked orange-gold surfaces and vibrant mint luster. Housed in a new 30th Anniversary green label holder. Population: 39 in 64 (3 in 64+), 13 finer. CAC: 3 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25YR, PCGS# 8397

- 6837 1900-S MS64 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1900-S half eagle is scarce in Choice condition and rarely seen better. This piece displays a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold luster. A few minor grazes determine the grade but pose little distraction. PCGS records 13 numerically finer examples (10/16). NGC ID# 25YV, PCGS# 8401

- 6838 1901/0-S FS-301 MS64+ PCGS.** The remnant of a 0 is visible at the top of the 1 in the date, identifying this popular overdate variety. The present Plus-graded near-Gem offers frosty yellow-gold luster and a sharp strike. No major abrasions are observed. Finer examples of the overdate are seldom offered. NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 145720 Base PCGS# 8403

**1901-S Five Dollar, MS66
Excellent 20th Century Type Coin**



- 6839 1901-S MS66 PCGS.** Lovely mint-green hues appear near the rims on both sides of this satiny lemon-yellow Gem. Both sides exhibit trivial, grade-consistent marks only visible with a loupe. This is a highly appealing piece for an advanced Liberty half eagle collection or a gold type set. Population: 70 in 66 (7 in 66+), 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 8404

**1901-S Five Dollar, MS67
Liberty Head Type Coin**



- 6840 1901-S MS67 NGC.** This stunning Superb Gem type coin is as attractive as any business strike Coronet five that we have handled in recent memory. The strike is a little softly defined on some of the stars, the only negative thing we can say about this magnificent coin. The surfaces have thick mint luster that show a touch of rose on the high points, with pleasing green-gold elsewhere. There are just the tiniest breaks in the luster, no real bagmarks to speak of, just a few ripples in the mint bloom that keep the coin from absolute technical perfection. Census: 10 in 67, 1 finer (10/16).
Ex: Palm Beach Signature (Heritage, 3/2005), lot 6986; ANA Signature (Heritage, 8/2010), lot 3508.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 8404

- 6841 1902 MS63 PCGS.** An impressive Select specimen of this popular issue, with sharply detailed design elements and lightly marked orange-gold surfaces that display vibrant mint luster on both sides. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 25YY, PCGS# 8405

- 6842 1903-S MS65+ PCGS.** A Plus-graded Gem and appropriately eye-appealing in all grades, this high-end 1903-S half eagle displays sharp motifs and vibrant yellow-gold mint luster. PCGS reports only 23 finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 25Z3, PCGS# 8408

**1904 Half Eagle, MS66
Delicate Lavender Accents**



- 6843 1904 MS66 PCGS.** Frosty luster radiates from each side of this yellow-gold Premium Gem, with delicate splashes of lavender that complement the rich, eye-catching coloration. Well-struck with bold detail on the lower portion of the eagle. The 1904 is readily available through most grades, but not so in MS66. Population: 25 in 66 (3 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25Z6, PCGS# 8409

**1904 Half Eagle, MS67
Rarely Seen This Fine**



- 6844 1904 MS67 NGC.** Here is memorable example of this date which is seldom found so Superb. Glorious luster in the fields and the strike is typically sharp throughout. What makes this particular 1904 half eagle so unusual is quality, for the surfaces are finer than virtually any other surviving example of this date. Liberty's face and neck show the barest traces of handling, and the fields are as nice as one could expect to find. Only a handful of 1904 half eagles remain so pristine. Few left the Philadelphia Mint as nice as the present coin is today, as the slide down the coining chute into the hopper frequently caused more handling marks than are found on this specimen. Census: 8 in 67, 1 finer (10/16).
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2006), lot 3500.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 25Z6, PCGS# 8409

**1905 Half Eagle, Frosty MS66
Rarely Seen Finer**



- 6845 1905 MS66 PCGS.** This canary-gold representative has dynamic cartwheel luster and a virtually pristine reverse. The left obverse has just a few faint grazes, and the strike shows only minor incompleteness on the claws and a few stars. Available in MS61 to MS63, the 1905 is a rarity in the present lofty grade. Population: 19 in 66 (1 in 66+), 2 finer (10/16).
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 1654. NGC ID# 25Z6, PCGS# 8411

1906 Five Dollar, MS65
Frosty Liberty Head Type Coin



6846 1906 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The 1906 half eagle is scarce in Gem condition and exceedingly so any finer. This CAC-endorsed example displays a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold mint luster that exhibits greenish hues near the borders. A loupe reveals are few faint grazes that are consistent with the grade. PCGS records 44 numerically finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 25Z9, PCGS# 8413

1906 Liberty Half Eagle, MS66



6847 1906 MS66 PCGS. Despite the fairly large recorded mintage of 348,700 pieces, the 1906 Liberty half eagle is very scarce at the MS66 grade level, and finer examples are condition rarities. This delightful Premium Gem offers sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster throughout, with well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that show a couple of minor planchet flaws in the lower reverse field. Population: 40 in 66 (5 in 66+), 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25Z9, PCGS# 8413

6848 1907-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. A delightful Gem Liberty half eagle, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. Eye appeal is terrific. PCGS has graded 21 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 25ZD, PCGS# 8417

1908 Liberty Half Eagle, MS65
Final Year of Design



6849 1908 MS65 PCGS. CAC. The long-lived Liberty design was retired partway through 1908, giving way to the innovative reduced relief Indian motif in mid-year. This attractive Gem displays sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, with well-preserved peach-gold surfaces. Eye appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

PROOF LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

1890 Liberty Five, PR62 Cameo
Exceptional Eye Appeal



6850 1890 PR62 Cameo NGC. Only 88 proof Liberty half eagles were struck in 1890, to accompany a small business-strike mintage of 4,240 pieces. In addition, it is likely that some coins went unsold and were melted after the end of the year. The surviving population numbers no more than 20-25 examples in all grades, and three of those coins are in institutional collections, forever out of reach of eager collectors. High-quality business strikes are at least as rare as the proofs, resulting in intense demand for both formats from date collectors.

The present coin is an attractive MS62 example, with razor-sharp definition on all design elements. The deeply reflective fields contrast boldly with the frosty devices to create a dramatic cameo effect. The pleasing lemon-yellow surfaces show the slight orange-peel texture of the best 19th century gold proofs, with the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. Overall eye appeal is outstanding for the grade. Census: 3 in 62 Cameo, 14 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 3WUT, PCGS# 88485

6851 1905 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Proof. Breen-6788. The flag of the 5 is clearly repunched, characteristic of the 108 proofs produced. A well-defined specimen that shows only a trace of rub on the fletchings. The apricot-gold surfaces are faintly hairlined and display a smattering of minor marks.

INDIAN HALF EAGLES

6852 1908-D MS64 PCGS. Mint-green, lavender, and vivid orange-gold hues give this near-Gem 1908-D Indian Head five exceptional visual appeal for the grade. The strike is sharp, and abrasions are minimal. PCGS reports only a dozen numerically finer examples (12/16). NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

1908-D Five Dollar, MS64+ Beautiful Coloration



6853 1908-D MS64+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This beautifully patinated, high-end near-Gem showcases rose-red, orange, and wheat-gold hues interspersed throughout frosty fields. The strike is sharp and there are limited surface abrasions. Although plentiful in Choice condition, the 1908-D half eagle is rarely seen finer, with PCGS reporting only 12 such coins (11/16). NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

6854 1908-S MS61 PCGS. A low-mintage issue, the 1908-S is nevertheless available in most grades for collectors desiring a branch mint Indian five. This wheat-gold example is more satiny than frosty with attractive mint luster. Light marks congregate primarily on the reverse fields to determine the grade. The strike is sharp except at the eagle's shoulder. NGC ID# 65K3, PCGS# 8512

6855 1909 MS64 PCGS. CAC. This attractive Choice specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and vivid orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and a few insignificant signs of contact. Overall visual appeal is outstanding. NGC ID# 28DH, PCGS# 8513

6856 1909-D MS64 PCGS. Although plentiful through MS64, the 1909-D Indian half eagle becomes scarce any finer. This satiny, orange-gold near-Gem is sharply struck and shows only light field marks consistent with the grade. An excellent type coin. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

6857 1909-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. A lovely Choice Mint State example of the popular Denver Mint issue, this piece has satiny yellow luster with faint rose overtones. Both sides exhibit sharply defined design motifs. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

6858 1909-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1909-D half eagle is plentiful in near-Gem with about 6,000 certified. The population drops precipitously in higher grades with a little more than 200 known. The yellow-gold surfaces of this high-end near-Gem display pleasing luster. Well-struck devices include feather detail on the eagle's right (facing) shoulder. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

1909-O Five Dollar, AU Details



6859 1909-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. The 1909-O is one of the keys to the Indian half eagle series, and it is the only New Orleans issue struck after the discontinuance of the Liberty Head design. The present example is well-detailed with medium olive-gold patina. Vigorously cleaned surfaces have a smooth, flat texture. The mintmark is worn but clear.

1909-O Half Eagle, AU50 Only O-Mint Indian Five



6860 1909-O AU50 NGC. The 1909-O Indian half eagle represents the final year of coinage at the New Orleans Mint. Only 34,200 examples were struck and the issue is always in demand from branch mint type collectors and series specialists alike. This attractive AU specimen is lightly worn, and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster. NGC ID# 25ZK, PCGS# 8515

**1909-O Five Dollar, Unc Details
The New Orleans Key Date
Important Collecting Opportunity**



- 6861 1909-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc.** In Gem condition, the Indian half eagle series is riddled with challenging acquisitions. But in circulated condition and in the lower Mint State grades, there are really only three dates that pose a roadblock for collectors. These are the 1929, 1911-D, and 1909-O. Of these, the 1909-O is arguably the most difficult acquisition. A problem-free but low-end Mint State example can easily cross the \$30,000 price level at auction, and a piece that shows more luster than bagmarks can surpass the \$50,000 barrier with ease. The present example offers a more affordable option for the budget-conscious collector. The coin is unworn, but the surfaces are unnaturally bright due to cleaning. Close inspection reveals faint planchet striations in the fields and lower headdress feathers, leftover from a slightly incomplete strike. Abrasions are relatively minor, giving the coin a boost of appeal in that regard. The mintmark is bold. Due to the rarity and prohibitive prices of most Mint State examples, this still-pleasing 1909-O may be the finest that most collectors of this popular series can reasonably acquire.

**1909-S Five Dollar, Honey-Gold MS61
Underrated in Mint Condition**



- 6862 1909-S MS61 PCGS.** The 1909-S poses an unexpected challenge considering its unassuming mintage of 297,000 coins. This is among the most elusive of the Pratt half eagles in mint condition. Examples invariably come sharply struck, as here. Honey-gold color, too, is representative of the issue. A thin scratch from the eagle's head to the first A in AMERICA is the only singular impairment. NGC ID# 25ZL, PCGS# 8516

- 6863 1910-D MS63 NGC.** The 1910-D Indian half eagle is an elusive issue in grades above MS63. This sharply detailed Select example displays lustrous orange-gold surfaces with some scattered minor contact marks. NGC has graded 33 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 28DL, PCGS# 8518

**1910-D Five Dollar, Lustrous MS63
Better Date In Select Uncirculated or Finer**



- 6864 1910-D MS63 PCGS. CAC.** A blond-gold beauty, this Select Uncirculated Denver five displays bright satiny luster and only a few light marks that resist a finer grade. The strike is uniformly sharp throughout both sides. A contact on the cheek is noted — visible at an angle, or when viewed with a lens — but any other marks are few and minor in nature. The eye appeal is palpable, confirmed by CAC endorsement. PCGS shows just 66 numerically finer pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 28DL, PCGS# 8518

**1910-D Five Dollar, MS63+
Scarce Any Finer**



6865 1910-D MS63+ PCGS. CAC. The 1910-D Indian Head five is a better date in Uncirculated condition, scarce above MS63. This Plus-graded CAC coin offers original peach and mint-gold hues throughout lustrous surfaces that boast sharp design elements. Scattered light abrasions in the fields are as expected for the grade. NGC ID# 28DL, PCGS# 8518

6866 1910-S MS62 NGC. Strong Mintmark. The 1910-S Indian half eagle is a semikey date in Uncirculated condition, and pieces grading finer than this MS62 coin are especially scarce. This piece displays well-struck design elements and satiny prairie-gold luster. Light, scattered abrasions are consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 28DN, PCGS# 8519

**1911 Half Eagle, MS64
Seldom Offered With CAC Approval**



6867 1911 MS64 PCGS. CAC. The 1911 five dollar gold piece is obtainable through MS64, though CAC-approved representatives are seldom offered. Anything finer is very scarce. Peach and green-gold coloration enriches this marvelous Choice half eagle. Frosty luster swirls over well-preserved surfaces that are sure to impress the most discerning collector. NGC ID# 28DP, PCGS# 8520

6868 1911 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. An evenly struck apricot-gold Choice Indian type coin. Lustrous and refreshingly unabraded. Although available in Uncirculated grades, the 1911 becomes highly elusive in the present quality. NGC ID# 28DP, PCGS# 8520

**1911 Five Dollar, MS64+
Delightful Coloration**



6869 1911 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Rose-gold, silver, and fire-orange hues appear over both sides of this high-end near-Gem, delivering a depth of eye appeal that isn't seen on many Gems. A few minor grazes in the fields determine the numeric grade. This 1911 half eagle is well-struck and is a clear stand-out representative among its peers. Technically finer examples are scarce. NGC ID# 28DP, PCGS# 8520

**1911 Five Dollar, MS64+
Impressive Preservation**



6870 1911 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1911 half eagle is plentiful through MS64 but seldom offered finer. This Plus-designated, CAC-approved example displays frosty original luster and remarkably clean fields. A loupe reveals only trivial grazes here and there that prevent Gem classification. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal exceeds expectations. NGC ID# 28DP, PCGS# 8520

6871 1911-D AU55 NGC. An important low-mintage issue, the 1911-D half eagle lies in the shadows of the similarly dated Indian quarter eagle. This example has smooth greenish-yellow surfaces with coppery-orange toning in the crevices of the design. NGC ID# 28DR, PCGS# 8521

6872 1911-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. This San Francisco issue is challenging in all Mint State grades and the 1911-S is seldom available finer than the MS63 level. The current CAC-endorsed coin is a pleasing MS62 with khaki-gold color and fewer marks than often encountered. A thin scrape on the cheek and some light field abrasions on the reverse are present, but the eye appeal, strike, and luster exceed expectations. NGC ID# 25ZM, PCGS# 8522

**1911-S Five Dollar, MS63
Challenging in High Grade**



- 6873 1911-S MS63 NGC.** Although plentiful in circulated condition, the 1913-S Indian half eagle becomes quite scarce in Mint State and is rarely seen finer than the present Select example. This piece displays satiny bronze-gold luster with grade-appropriate abrasions. The strike is slightly soft on the lower headdress feathers. Census: 82 in 63 (1 in 63+), 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 25ZM, PCGS# 8522

**1911-S Half Eagle, MS63+
High Quality Within the Grade**



- 6874 1911-S MS63+ PCGS. CAC.** Frosty luster blends with light yellow-gold coloration, delivering the excellent eye appeal. Quality within the grade is better than expected for the MS63 assessment, hence the added recognition from PCGS and CAC. The centers are boldly defined, while the periphery exhibits slightly softer detail. Marks peppered over each side barely prevent a full MS64 grade. A pinscratch near the motto merits attention. PCGS reports 33 finer grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 25ZM, PCGS# 8522

- 6875 1912 MS64+ PCGS.** The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces of this impressive Choice example show a few highlights of red, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. The design elements are sharply detailed throughout and eye appeal is quite strong. NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

**1912 Half Eagle, Attractively Toned MS65+
Virtually Unobtainable Any Finer**



- 6876 1912 MS65+ PCGS.** The 1912 half eagle, sporting a mintage of 790,000 pieces, is available through near-Gem but becomes difficult in MS65 with fewer than 100 pieces certified in this grade. Only three finer have been reported, all by NGC. Both sides of this PCGS high-end Gem are attractively toned in variegated orange-gold and soft bluish-gray. Lustrous surfaces exhibit sharply struck design features and are well-preserved. A linear mark concealed in the lower headdress precludes an even finer grade. This piece exudes tremendous eye appeal. Population: 57 in 65 (1 in 65+), 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

**1912 Half Eagle, MS65
Top Graded at PCGS and CAC**



- 6877 1912 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** Gem condition is where the 1912 half eagle becomes a real challenge, especially if one desires an example with CAC approval for eye appeal and quality within the grade. Anything finer is prohibitive. Light yellow-gold surfaces glitter with frosty mint luster. The impression is bold over the centers, and marks are undeniably scant. Population: 57 in 65 (1 in 65+), 0 finer. CAC: 11 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

6878 1912-S AU55 PCGS. This attractive Choice AU specimen shows just a touch of wear on the well-detailed design elements and the lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces retain much of their original mint luster. A few tiny amber alloy spots are visible above the headdress. NGC ID# 65KD, PCGS# 8524

6879 1912-S MS61 PCGS. CAC. The vivid yellow and orange-gold surfaces of this attractive Mint State specimen are lightly marked for the grade and much of the original mint luster remains intact. The design elements are well-defined and overall visual appeal is quite strong. NGC ID# 65KD, PCGS# 8524

1912-S Half Eagle, MS62
Challenging in Uncirculated Grades



6880 1912-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. The 1912-S is a better date in Uncirculated condition, elusive in all such grades. This example remains accessible to most enthusiasts of this series, and the overall eye appeal is excellent. The lower headdress feathers are slightly soft, but the strike is otherwise well-executed. Luminous olive-gold surfaces show light chatter that defines the grade. Seldom seen in better condition. CAC: 17 in 62, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 65KD, PCGS# 8524

1913 Half Eagle, MS64
Lustrous, Original Surfaces



6881 1913 MS64 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Frosty original luster adorns minimally marked surfaces on this near-Gem 1913 half eagle. The Indian's cheek and the reverse fields are particularly well-preserved, as only light marks in the left obverse field prohibit a finer grade. This piece is sharply struck and displays lovely olive-gold color. Finer examples are seldom offered at auction. NGC ID# 28DT, PCGS# 8525

1913 Five Dollar, MS64+
Choice Surface Quality



6882 1913 MS64+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1912 and 1913 half eagles are often mentioned in the same breath since they are the two most-available dates from the Indian five series. Both issues are easily obtained through the MS64 grade, but quickly become scarce any finer. This Plus-graded 1913 displays lustrous, light olive-gold color with only a few minor abrasions on the reverse. The strike is sharp throughout both sides. Population: 38 in 64+, 54 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 28DT, PCGS# 8525

6883 1914 MS63 PCGS. CAC. The 1914 Indian half eagle is a better date from the Philadelphia Mint. This piece exhibits lustrous and satiny yellow surfaces with a better-than-average strike and trivial, grade-consistent surface marks. NGC ID# 28DU, PCGS# 8527

1914 Half Eagle, MS64
Scarce Any Finer



6884 1914 MS64 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1914 Indian Head five is usually available in MS64 but is seldom seen finer. This lustrous orange-gold near-Gem is sharply struck and appealing, showing minimal field marks. There are 33 finer examples reported at PCGS, including possible resubmissions (10/16). NGC ID# 28DU, PCGS# 8527

1914-D Half Eagle, Lustrous MS64+



6885 1914-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1914-D is numismatically significant as the final Indian Head half eagle produced at the Denver Mint. Soft greenish-gold color graces both sides of this high-end near-Gem, each of which exudes pleasing bright luster. The design elements are well-impressed, including the eagle's right (facing) shoulder and the D mintmark. A few abrasions preclude Gem status. NGC ID# 28DV, PCGS# 8528

**1914-S Five Dollar, MS62+
Better Than the Grade Suggests**



6886 1914-S MS62+ PCGS. CAC. Terrific aesthetic quality is the result of mixed orange and peach-gold color, and luminous mint frost that combine throughout this eye-appealing five dollar gold piece. The central design elements feature needle-sharp detail, while evidence of die buckling is apparent around the borders. Inarguably clean for the grade. The 1914-S is a conditional rarity. PCGS has seen 63 finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 28DW, PCGS# 8529

**1915 Five Dollar, MS64+
Attractive Wheat-Gold Example**



6887 1915 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Only minor imperfections keep this Plus-graded near-Gem coin from a full Gem grade. Sharply defined motifs on both sides show only a few light, curving abrasions and tiny marks. Attractive wheat-gold color is softly lustrous with good eye appeal. A high-end and Choice Indian five — the 1915 issue has yet to exceed the MS65 grade at either service. CAC endorsed. Population: 43 in 64+, 55 finer. CAC: 92 in 64, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28DX, PCGS# 8530

6888 1916-S MS62 PCGS. The vivid orange and yellow-gold surfaces of this attractive MS62 specimen show some scattered minor contact marks that define the grade. The design elements are sharply rendered and vibrant mint luster adds to the ample visual appeal. NGC ID# 28DY, PCGS# 8532

EARLY EAGLES

**1799 Eagle, BD-7
Small Stars Type Coin**



6889 1799 Small Obverse Stars, BD-7, R.3, PCGS Genuine. Bass-Dannreuther Die State b/c. The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests Damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. In our opinion, this coin has the details of an AU specimen that has some minor graffiti in the right obverse field. More typical, scattered abrasions appear throughout each side. This piece is well-struck and displays bright straw-gold color. Eye appeal exceeds expectations for a Details-designated early eagle type coin. NGC ID# 2625, PCGS# 45730 Base PCGS# 98562

**1799 Ten Dollar, AU Sharpness
BD-10, Large Obverse Stars**



6890 1799 Large Obverse Stars, BD-10, R.3 — Polished — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Early eagles rank among the most impressive gold types. Their rarity and large diameter can stop traffic at coin shows. The present piece shows only a trace of wear, on the eagle's cheekbone and Liberty's shoulder. The butter-gold surfaces are bright, and the obverse field is glossy. The reverse exhibits many pinpoint-sized strike-throughs, likely as coined. NGC ID# 2625, PCGS# 45723 Base PCGS# 8562

1800 BD-1 Eagle, XF Sharpness
Late-State Dies, Nice Color



- 6891 1800 — Tooled — BD-1, High R.3, PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Bass-Dannreuther Die State c/e. A loupe reveals numerous small abrasions and scattered vertical marks among the field chatter that may represent the tooling that accounts for the lack of a PCGS numeric grade. Some angled adjustment marks are noted across the shield. Still, the devices are sharply struck for the XF level and considerable mint luster remains. A heavy die crack above LIBERTY and clashed dentils over STATES define the late die state.

LIBERTY EAGLES

1838 Liberty Eagle, AU Details
Two-Year Design Type



- 6892 1838 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. From a mintage of only 7,200 pieces, the 1838 Liberty eagle survives in numbers fewer than 100 pieces, according to most estimates. The issue is popular for its ornate Liberty portrait, which differs in the hair styling and curvature of the bust truncation when compared to later issues in the series. This briefly circulated piece displays sharp detail and deep olive-gold coloration. Lightly abraded surfaces are muted by an old cleaning.

1838 Liberty Ten Dollar AU50
First Year of Issue



- 6893 1838 AU50 PCGS. Not since 1804 had the Mint manufactured ten dollar gold coins when the first Liberty Head eagles were struck 34 years later in 1838. Output amounted to 7,200 coins, just another factor that contributes to the popularity of this first-year issue. Additionally, the obverse portrait design was only employed through part of 1839 before being slightly modified, creating a two-year subtype that collectors are always looking to acquire. Unfortunately, demand for the 1838 vastly outpaces supply. About 80 to 100 coins are thought to survive. This bright yellow-gold representative shows softness on the stars and a hint of friction over the remaining devices. Still, the impression is bold. Myriad marks throughout. Population: 8 in 50, 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 262D, PCGS# 8575

1839/8 Ten Dollar, AU Details
Large Letters Reverse, Head of 1838



6894 1839/8 Large Letters — Harshly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. Type of 1838. The 25,801 eagles struck in 1839 featured the original ornate Liberty head of 1838, while later strikes from this year showed the modified portrait that would be used until 1907. The type coin appeal of this early issue is significant. The present piece displays sharp interior detail with some weakness on peripheral stars. The surfaces are fairly smooth with medium olive-gold coloration. Vigorous cleaning from years ago subdues the luster.

1839/8 Liberty Ten, AU50
Type of 1838, Brief Two-Year Design



6895 1839/8 Large Letters AU50 NGC. Traces of an underlying digit remain beneath the right outside curves of the 9 in the date. The Large Letters variety is more easily identified by the position of the date and star 13 to the bust truncation. This example is a pleasing orange-gold coin, minimally abraded, with glimpses of luster remaining primarily at the margins. The motifs retain sharp definition despite 10 points of wear. Census: 17 in 50, 78 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 54XF, PCGS# 8576

6896 1842 Large Date AU55 PCGS. The yellow-gold surfaces of this Choice AU display hints of apricot around the borders. The design elements are well brought up except for the usual weakness in the star centers. Distributed small marks are visible over each side. Population: 16 in 55, 9 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 262M, PCGS# 8584

1842-O Ten Dollar, AU53
High Wide O Variety



6897 1842-O AU53 PCGS. Variety 3. A well struck yellow-gold example. The obverse is minimally abraded, and the reverse displays a few field lines below OF. It is little known that the 1842-O, despite its low mintage of 27,400 pieces, has two mintmark sizes and three die marriages. Variety 1 has an Narrow O. Variety 2 is the low Wide O, and Variety 3 is the high Wide O. Variety 2 is the most available, and Variety 3 is the rarest, although all three marriages can be acquired with patience. NGC ID# 262N, PCGS# 8587

6898 1843-O AU55 PCGS. Variety 2. A lightly abraded and well struck olive-gold Choice AU example. A relatively early New Orleans issue. A late die state with a radial crack through the final A in AMERICA. Population: 22 in 55, 15 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 262R, PCGS# 8589

1845-O Ten Dollar, Unc Details
Repunched Date



6899 1845-O Repunched Date, VP-003 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. Variety 1. High Date. The 84 in the date is widely repunched south. The granular yellow-gold surfaces are mattelike and a bit subdued from the cleaning. Otherwise, this coin is remarkably sharp and does not show wear, with bagmarks limited to a few small marks and tiny nicks. Mint State examples of the issue are extremely rare, adding to the appeal of this coin with Uncirculated sharpness. The S.S. Republic yielded 19 examples of the 1845-O, including a number of AU coins and two Mint State pieces. One has to wonder if this coin is one of the recovered eagles, although there is no such indication on the holder.

1846 Ten Dollar, AU55
Rare This Fine



6900 1846 AU55 NGC. The 1846 eagle is a rarity in AU condition and exceedingly so in Mint State. This Choice AU representative remains within the grasp of the average collector, showing bright yellow-gold surfaces with partially reflective fields and sharp design elements. Scattered light abrasions account for the grade. Census: 12 in 55, 8 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 262W, PCGS# 8594

6901 1847-O AU58 PCGS. Variety 7. Although the 1847-O half eagle is a rarity, its ten dollar counterpart has the highest mintage of any New Orleans gold issue. Nonetheless, it becomes rare at the near-Mint level, particularly in a green label holder. This is a pleasing piece with original peach-gold toning and an absence of reportable marks. Population: 14 in 58 (1 in 58+), 12 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2632, PCGS# 8598

1852-O Ten Dollar, AU53
Low-Mintage New Orleans Issue



6902 1852-O AU53 NGC. Variety 1. A scant mintage of 18,000 pieces ensures that the 1852-O is a scarce and underappreciated New Orleans issue. Pockets of bright luster fill the legends and surround the stars. Marks are minor for the grade, though we note a small bright area on the field near Liberty's profile. As always for the '52-O, a "shield ring" rests atop the second vertical stripe. Census: 20 in 53, 32 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 263D, PCGS# 8609

6903 1856 AU58 PCGS. Ten dollar gold production was cut in half between 1855 and 1856, with output falling to 60,490 pieces. The average grade awarded at the leading services is just shy of AU53, yet survivors are rarely seen finer than this. Each side is rose-gold with partial luster and myriad abrasions. Central design detail is good. Population: 29 in 58 (1 in 58+), 19 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 263P, PCGS# 8619

1856-O Ten Dollar, AU55
Scarce in High Grade



6904 1856-O AU55 NGC. Variety 3. The decline of California gold deposits at the New Orleans Mint after the San Francisco Mint became operational in 1854, is evident in the small 14,500-coin mintage of the 1856-O eagle. The date is scarce in high AU grades, and Mint State coins are rare. This Choice AU representative displays a bold strike and reflective yellow-gold fields. Scattered contact marks are consistent with the grade. Census: 24 in 55 (1 in 55+★), 21 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 263R, PCGS# 8620

1857 Eagle, Orange-Gold AU58
Minimally Abraded Surfaces



6905 1857 AU58 NGC. CAC. A low-mintage Liberty ten, with only 16,606 pieces struck and characteristically low survivorship that frequents the middle dates of the series. This example displays lovely orange-gold color and minimally marked surfaces, earning CAC endorsement for its surface quality and visual appeal. Mint luster remains prominent at the margins and in generous amounts throughout the fields. With Uncirculated examples seldom seen, this near-Mint coin fits any high-grade eagle set. Census: 24 in 58, 4 finer. CAC: 3 in 58, 0 finer (10/16).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 55GV, PCGS# 8622

6906 1858-O — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 1. Although less famous than its Philadelphia cousin, the 1858-O is also a very scarce and low mintage issue. Just 20,000 pieces were struck, and most survivors are in XF to AU grades. The present lightly circulated example is without any distracting marks, though the green-gold surfaces are hairlined.

1859-S Eagle, Choice XF
About 45 Survivors, Underrated Rarity



- 6907 1859-S XF45 PCGS.** Out of the 7,000 ten dollar gold coins struck in California in 1859, it is believed a paltry 45 examples survive. The issue is a major rarity in any grade, but largely underappreciated as such. The coins' extensive usage in Western commercial transactions and the dearth of contemporary collectors interested in mintmarks explains the issue's meager survivorship. Despite obvious signs of circulation in the form of blending and scattered abrasions, this Choice XF eagle offers attractive orange-gold color and flashes of luster within some of the reverse design recesses. Population: 10 in 45, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2643, PCGS# 8630

1861 Eagle, Pleasing AU58
Excellent No Motto Type Coin



- 6908 1861 AU58 PCGS.** The 1861 eagle has long been the go-to issue for type collectors looking for a pleasing No Motto ten dollar gold coin, as the Mint struck 113,100 pieces that year. Near-Mint coins are still very scarce. This borderline-Uncirculated eagle has bright and partly lustrous yellow-gold surfaces with myriad abrasions lightly peppered over each side. As a whole, the impression is bold, although the stars lack centers and the olive leaves fail to show complete veins. NGC ID# 2647, PCGS# 8633

1861 Eagle, AU58
Popular No Motto Type Coin



- 6909 1861 AU58 PCGS.** A popular and available issue, considering its status as a first-year Civil War coinage. This piece offers somewhat prooflike yellow-gold surfaces with the light ticks and field chatter characteristic of so much gently circulated large denomination gold. Population: 53 in 58, 42 finer (10/16).
Ex: ANA Signature (Heritage, 7-8/2008), lot 3135. NGC ID# 2647, PCGS# 8633

1864 Ten Dollar, VF30
Only 3,580 Pieces Minted



- 6910 1864 VF30 NGC.** The 1864 ten dollar had a paltry mintage of only 3,580 pieces, attributable to the Civil War and the non-convertibility of the newly issued "green backs" issued to fund the war. Garrett-Guth point out that on average only two pieces appear at auction per year. This piece shows the numerous, small abrasions peppered across each side one would expect from a coin that has seen 30 points of circulation. The surfaces are bright overall with even friction over the high points of the design. NGC ID# 264D, PCGS# 8639

1865-S Ten Dollar
Rare Normal Date
AU Details



- 6911 1865-S — Obverse Damage — NGC Details. AU.** The 1865-S has a low mintage of 16,700 pieces, divided between the Normal Date and Inverted Date varieties. Although the latter is better known, the Normal Date is rarer. AU examples are very rare, and the present piece would secure Condition Census status were it not for a capital J counterstamp on Liberty's shoulder tip, and a pair of small roundish digs on the obverse field near the chin.

1866-S Motto Eagle, AU55
Underrated S-Mint Rarity



- 6912 1866-S Motto AU55 NGC.** Both 1866-S eagles, with and without IN GOD WE TRUST, are important low-mintage rarities. Those struck after the motto was instated claim a mintage of 11,500 coins — 3,000 more than the No Motto coins. PCGS provides a survival estimate of 60 to 80 Motto eagles. This is an example of nearly unsurpassed quality. Partly lustrous peach-gold surfaces retain good detail over the devices despite minimal circulation. Each side exhibits myriad abrasions, typical for the issue. Census: 7 in 55, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 53FR, PCGS# 8650

1867 Ten Dollar, AU55
Low Survival Rate



- 6913 1867 AU55 NGC.** Peach and orange-gold hues emerge from the semireflective fields when tilted beneath a light, while the majority of each side displays medium yellow-gold color. This Choice AU 1867 ten is well-detailed and shows few abrasions for the grade. The 1867 is a rare date in all grades, coming from a mintage of only 3,090 pieces. Fewer than 100 survivors are believed known. Census: 16 in 55 (1 in 55+★), 11 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 264L, PCGS# 8651

1867-S Ten Dollar, AU53
Fewer Than 75 Pieces Known



- 6914 1867-S AU53 NGC.** From a mintage of 9,000 coins, only 50 to 75 1867-S eagles survive in all grades, and none of them are certified Mint State. This About Uncirculated example displays bold detail and partially lustrous orange-gold surfaces. Light field marks hardly detract from the eye appeal. Census: 6 in 53, 8 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 264M, PCGS# 8652

1871 Eagle, AU53
Low-Mintage Rarity, Ex: Bass



- 6915 1871 AU53 PCGS.** Ex: Bass. Gold coin specialist and collector extraordinaire Harry Bass owned no fewer than four examples of the 1871, of which only 60 to 75 coins are believed extant from mintage of 1,790 pieces. The 1871 is a rarity in any grade, and this partly lustrous yellow-gold ten will fit nicely into any advanced set. Scattered marks over each side aid in identification. Population: 7 in 53, 13 finer (11/16).
Ex: Abe Kosoff (8/1968), lot 1024; Harry W. Bass, Jr. Collection, Part III (Bowers and Merena, 5/2000), lot 672. NGC ID# 264W, PCGS# 8660

1872 Liberty Ten Dollar, VF25
Paltry Mintage, Minuscule Survival Rate



- 6916 1872 VF25 PCGS.** The 1872 proudly stands among the rarest issues in the entire Liberty Head eagle series. With a paltry mintage of 1,620 coins and a minuscule survival rate of perhaps 40 to 60 pieces, this Philadelphia emission in undoubtedly underrated compared to other branch mint issues, including the 1872-CC. This smooth, well-circulated representative displays numerous abrasions on each side. A prize for the specialist. Population: 2 in 25, 33 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 264Z, PCGS# 8663

1873-CC Ten Dollar, XF Details
Rare in All Grades



- 6917 1873-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. Variety 2-B.** This is a rarely seen reverse with the mintmark positioned below the fletchings. As a date, the 1873-CC ten is scarce in all grades with fewer than 80 pieces believed known. None survive certified in Mint State. This lightly circulated example displays pleasing detail and medium olive-gold coloration. Moderate hairlines on each side attest to a thorough cleaning. NGC ID# 53M6, PCGS# 8667

1874-CC Eagle, Choice VF
Smooth Surfaces, Attractive Color



- 6918 1874-CC VF35 PCGS. Variety 1-A.** Olive and apricot-gold colors embrace traces of mint luster that remain across remarkably smooth and unabraded surfaces of this well-defined Carson City ten. In relative terms, the 1874-CC is more available than any of the other CC-Mint eagles from the 1870s. It is still scarce and in demand, though, with a mintage of 16,767 pieces — from which perhaps only 1 to 2% survive in all grades. Population: 27 in 35, 114 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 54UF, PCGS# 8670

- 6919 1877-S AU50 NGC.** A green-gold representative with hints of rose-red luster about the stars, letters, and date. The mildly bright surfaces display the expected number of small marks. An elusive San Francisco issue with a mintage of only 17,000 pieces. NGC ID# 265H, PCGS# 8679

1878-CC Ten Dollar, XF40
Challenging Carson City Issue



6920 1878-CC XF40 PCGS. Variety 1-A. A tiny mintage of 3,244 pieces ensures the rarity of the 1878-CC eagle. PCGS estimates 60 to 75 survivors, and only one (graded MS61 by NGC) is certified as Mint State. The present XF example offers rich peach-gold toning. The slightly glossy surfaces show shallow strike-throughs near the date and first two stars. Encapsulated in a green label holder. NGC ID# 265K, PCGS# 8681

6921 1879 MS63 PCGS. CAC. The 1879 Liberty eagle claims a large mintage of 384,740 pieces, but the issue has a low survival rate and high-quality examples are elusive in today's market. This attractive Select ten dollar offers sharply detailed design elements and pleasing peach-gold surfaces that show scattered minor contact marks. Population: 34 in 63, 14 finer. CAC: 3 in 63, 3 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 265M, PCGS# 8683

1880 Ten Dollar, MS64
Rare This Fine



6922 1880 MS64 NGC. CAC. The 1880 eagle is a plentiful date through MS62, but MS63 coins are scarce and near-Gems are rare. Gem-quality examples are prohibitively rare. This sharp Choice example offers frosty yellow-gold luster with minimal abrasions. Some die grease is struck into the planchet near the olive leaves on the reverse. Census: 12 in 64 (1 in 64+), 2 finer. CAC: 7 in 64, 1 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 265S, PCGS# 8687

6923 1880-O XF45 PCGS. Variety 1. The New Orleans Mint reopened in 1879 to strike silver dollars, but also coined very small mintages of eagles annually through 1883. The 1880-O has a tiny production of 9,200 pieces. This yellow-gold example displays moderate wear and a slight obverse rim knock at 2 o'clock. The left-side stars are die doubled, especially stars 2 through 4. NGC ID# 265U, PCGS# 8689

1880-O Ten Dollar, AU55
Exceptional Color, Partially Lustrous



6924 1880-O AU55 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. Token quantities of gold eagles were among the coins struck at the New Orleans Mint in the early years following its reopening in 1879. In 1880, ten dollar gold piece production topped out at 9,200 pieces, of which only a handful of coins survive in Mint State. This Choice AU representative displays sharp detail and original olive-gold patina with lustrous orange-gold undertones. Surface chatter is typical of the issue and grade. Population: 30 in 55, 15 finer. CAC: 3 in 55, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 265U, PCGS# 8689

6925 1881-CC XF45 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The 1881-CC (24,015 coins) is a collectible issue in the Carson City short set. Partial luster emanates from the design recesses of this bright Choice XF survivor. Well-struck with myriad surface abrasions, as always. NGC ID# 265X, PCGS# 8692

6926 1881-CC AU53 NGC. Variety 1-A. An apricot-gold example of this low mintage Carson City emission. Substantial bright luster fills the borders and eagle. The strike is fairly sharp, and although small marks are scattered, only moderate contact on the cheek merits mention. NGC ID# 265X, PCGS# 8692

6927 1881-S MS63+ PCGS. The 1881-S is mostly encountered in AU58 through MS62 grades. Despite a fairly generous mintage of 970,000 pieces, Select examples are highly elusive, and PCGS has yet to certify a single coin as MS64 or finer. As of (10/16), the present coin is tied with one other as finest graded at PCGS. It is a lustrous pumpkin-gold piece with a sharp strike and only a couple of consequential marks. NGC ID# 265Z, PCGS# 8694

1882-O Ten Dollar, MS60
Rare Uncirculated Representative



6928 1882-O MS60 PCGS. Variety 1. A lemon-gold example of this better-date New Orleans eagle issue. Field marks are distributed, but only those near the arrowheads and star 2 merit mention. The surfaces are well-struck and partly lustrous. A scant 10,820 pieces were struck, and Mint State examples are rarely seen. Population: 6 in 60, 11 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 55GJ, PCGS# 8697

6929 1884-CC VF30 PCGS. Variety 1-A. A better Carson City issue, the 1884-CC has a scant mintage of 9,925 pieces. All were struck from the same die pair, which features several bold die lines on the portrait. Perhaps the obverse die was marred during its long journey from Philadelphia to Carson City. The present peach-gold example is well-defined for the VF30 level, and lacks any consequential marks. An opportunity for the alert specialist. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 266B, PCGS# 8704

6930 1886-S MS64 PCGS. The 1886-S is plentiful in the context of the Liberty Head series, but only through MS63 grades. Any finer, this San Francisco issue is not just scarce, but rare and underrated. Here is a frosty and lustrous near-Gem example with lovely greenish-gold color and rose-gold accents. The strike is needle-sharp and the eye appeal is fantastic. A few small marks are scattered across the Choice surfaces to deter an even finer grade. Population: 25 in 64 (1 in 64+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 554Y, PCGS# 8709

6931 1890 MS63 NGC. The 1890 Liberty eagle boasts a modest mintage of 57,980 pieces, but the survival rate for this issue is surprisingly high in absolute terms. The 1890 is rare in MS63 condition, however, and finer examples are virtually unobtainable. This sharply detailed Select eagle offers lightly marked peach-gold surfaces with frosty mint luster on both sides. Census: 6 in 63, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 266R, PCGS# 8717

1890-CC Eagle, Sharp MS61 Elusive in High Grade



6932 1890-CC MS61 NGC. CAC. Variety 1-A. The only 1890-CC eagle variety shows IN GOD WE TRUST lightly die doubled north. This Mint State example is conditionally scarce. The strike is sharp, and each side offers frosty yellow-gold luster. Light handling marks on the cheek and in the fields limit the grade, but there are no individually significant abrasions. NGC ID# 266S, PCGS# 8718

6933 1891-CC AU53 NGC. Variety 1-A. A caramel-gold CC-mint example. The hair above the ear shows slight wear, but luster dominates the margins and motifs. Moderate marks are scattered, and we note a slight edge knock on the reverse at 5:30. NGC ID# 266U, PCGS# 8720

6934 1891-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A. A charming apricot-gold Carson City type coin. Abrasions are refreshingly absent, though we note a small strike-through (as made) between stars 10 and 11. Liberty's eyebrow shows a trace of wear, but both sides exhibit substantial luster. NGC ID# 266U, PCGS# 8720

6935 1891-CC/CC FS-501 MS61 NGC. Variety 4-C. The mintmark is repunched west, with the lower curve of a C apparent west of the base of the second C. A well struck sun-gold Carson City representative that shows substantially fewer marks than is customary for the MS61 grade. NGC ID# 266U, PCGS# 145728 Base PCGS# 8720

1893 Ten Dollar, MS65 Lovely Rose-Gold Luster



6936 1893 MS65 PCGS. Frosty rose-gold luster rolls over sharp devices and well-preserved fields on this Gem 1893 Liberty eagle. A few faint luster grazes in the fields are not out of line for the grade. This issue is rare in MS65 and nearly unknown finer. The present example is among the finest at PCGS. Population: 9 in 65 (1 in 65+), 0 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 266Z, PCGS# 8725

1894 Ten Dollar, MS64+ Only One Coin Finer at PCGS



6937 1894 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. This available Philadelphia issue becomes a major condition rarity at the Gem grade level. Here offered is a Plus-graded near-Gem, essentially the finest that most collectors will be able to acquire. Only a single finer coin is reported at PCGS (11/16). This piece displays sharp detail and frosty orange-gold luster. Light, scattered grazes in the fields determine the grade but pose little distraction. NGC ID# 2675, PCGS# 8729

1894-S Ten Dollar, MS62 Condition Census



6938 1894-S MS62 PCGS. The 1894-S Liberty eagle is a rarity in Mint State. Although graded only MS62, this lustrous wheat-gold example is tied for the finest known. The strike is boldly executed, and both sides display only light chatter in the fields rather than distracting abrasions. The surfaces are original and truly unworn, and eye appeal is thus much stronger than expected for the grade. Population: 4 in 62, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2677, PCGS# 8731

6939 1896-S MS62 PCGS. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces of this attractive MS62 specimen are lightly marked for the grade, with frosty mint luster on both sides. The design elements are well-detailed and overall eye appeal is outstanding. Population: 30 in 62, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267C, PCGS# 8736

6940 1897-O MS62 PCGS. Variety 1. A lustrous apricot-gold example of this lower mintage New Orleans issue. From the production of 42,500 pieces, several hundred have survived, likely formerly held as gold reserves by foreign banks. Most such coins are abraded from long-term indifferent storage, but the present well-struck piece displays comparatively few marks. NGC ID# 7LHC, PCGS# 8738

**1897-O Liberty Eagle, MS62+
Scarce New Orleans Issue**



6941 1897-O MS62+ PCGS. CAC. Variety 1. Like other Motto New Orleans ten dollar issues, the 1897-O has a low mintage and is seldom encountered in MS63 or better grades. The present MS62+ example has peach-gold toning and coruscating luster. Marks are distributed but moderate. Population: 92 in 62 (4 in 62+), 27 finer. CAC: 15 in 62, 5 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 7LHC, PCGS# 8738

**1897-O Ten Dollar, MS63
Lightly Repunched Date**



6942 1897-O MS63 PCGS. Variety 1. A low mintage New Orleans issue usually encountered in AU55 to MS62 grades. Examples with minimal marks, such as the present lot, are rare. A lustrous olive-green and peach-gold Liberty ten with a typical strike on the stars and claws. The base of the 1 in the date is lightly repunched north. A second die marriage is also known, with the date placed further west. NGC ID# 7LHC, PCGS# 8738

**1897-S Ten Dollar, MS63
Scarce So Well-Preserved**



6943 1897-S MS63 PCGS. Most Uncirculated examples of the 1897-S Liberty eagle grade no finer than MS62. This Select coin is a conditional rarity, and finer representatives are extremely rare. The strike is sharp throughout, and frosty yellow-gold luster adorns each side. Light, scattered surface grazes determine the grade but pose little distraction. Population: 16 in 63, 7 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 267F, PCGS# 8739

**1898-S Liberty Ten, MS64
Very Rare Any Finer**



6944 1898-S MS64 PCGS. The 1898-S Liberty eagle claims a fairly substantial mintage of 473,600 pieces, but few examples were saved for numismatic purposes and the issue is not often seen in high grade today. This attractive Choice specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout, with vibrant mint luster and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that show few signs of contact. Population: 7 in 64, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267H, PCGS# 8741

**1899-O Ten Dollar, MS62+
High-End for the Issue**



6945 1899-O MS62+ PCGS. Variety 1. This challenging New Orleans issue is a great rarity above MS62. This Plus-designated coin just misses that finer grade. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty green-gold luster imbued with glowing tinges of peach-orange in the fields. A small mark by Liberty's mouth is the only individually mentionable abrasion. Population: 52 in 62 (5 in 62+), 20 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267K, PCGS# 8743

6946 1901-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The Plus designation combined with the CAC green label give this high-end Choice 1901-S Liberty eagle type coin tremendous appeal. The strike is sharp, and there are no significant abrasions. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

**1901-S Ten Dollar, MS65+
Full Strike, Strong Visual Appeal**



6947 1901-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC. An excellent selection for Liberty Head type, the 1901-S was struck to the tune of 2.8 million pieces. The San Francisco Mint was spot-on with its quality control throughout the mintage. This high-end Gem example radiates mint luster from fully struck surfaces. Lime-green and pink highlights enhance the virtually mark-free surfaces. An extremely sharp and attractive type coin, confirmed by the PCGS Plus designation and CAC endorsement. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

**1903-S Liberty Eagle, MS65+
Radiantly Lustrous**



6948 1903-S MS65+ PCGS. Sharp motifs and vibrant, frosty yellow-gold luster give this high-end Gem tremendous visual appeal. Only a few trivial ticks in upper-left obverse field prevent a full MS66 grade. The 1903-S ten is a plentiful date in most grades but becomes scarce in Gem condition. Type collectors can appreciate the vibrant luster and sharp strikes showcased by San Francisco issues from this year. Population: 69 in 65 (7 in 65+), 29 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 267X, PCGS# 8754

**1903-S Ten Dollar, MS65
San Francisco Type Coin**



6949 1903-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. This available 20th century issue becomes difficult to locate in Gem condition. The present CAC coin offers a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold luster. A loupe reveals a few trivial grazes on the cheek, not out of line for the grade. Finer 1903-S eagles are seldom offered. Population: 69 in 65 (7 in 65+), 29 finer. CAC: 17 in 65, 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 267X, PCGS# 8754

6950 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. Philadelphia Mint issues from the 1890s and 1900s are often considered common, but there are several low mintage and conditionally scarce dates from those decades. At the MS64 level, the 1904 is a decidedly better date, relative to the 1901 and 1907. The present caramel-gold near-Gem is exceptionally smooth, since marks are confined to a pair of brief field lines behind Liberty's neck. Population: 53 in 64 (2 in 64+), 3 finer. CAC: 11 in 64, 2 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 267Y, PCGS# 8755

**1904 Eagle, Choice Uncirculated
Lustrous Surfaces**



6951 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. The wheat-gold surfaces brim with effulgent luster over this near-Gem 1904 eagle, a great choice for a type set. The well-struck surfaces show a couple of tiny ticks and small luster grazes, none of them overt. This issue is seldom seen any finer and usually appears in lower grades. Population: 53 in 64 (2 in 64+), 3 finer. CAC: 12 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 267Y, PCGS# 8755

**1905 Ten Dollar, MS65+
Remarkable Eye Appeal**



6952 1905 MS65+ PCGS. The availability of the 1905 Liberty eagle nearly evaporates at the Gem grade level, where survivors are scarce. Finer examples are rarely seen. This Plus-graded Gem displays full design definition amid frosty peach-orange, mint-green, and wheat-gold luster that cartwheels freely around each side. A distinct lack of noteworthy abrasions confirms the Plus designation. Population: 20 in 65 (1 in 65+), 11 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 7LD3, PCGS# 8757

6953 1906-O MS62 PCGS. Variety 1. The final New Orleans ten dollar issue is considered a better date in AU58 and higher grades. This lustrous caramel-gold representative is crisply struck. Marks are fewer than anticipated for the MS62 level. NGC ID# 53FB, PCGS# 8761

PROOF LIBERTY EAGLES

1901 Liberty Ten, PR55 Still-Collectible Circulated Proof



- 6954** 1901 PR55 NGC. Scarce in any condition, the proof 1901 eagles numbered only 85 coins when struck and no more than two dozen examples are estimated to survive. In hard times, the high face value saw many proof eagles enter circulation, and most were lost to attrition or were no longer recognizable as proofs. This example retains its mirrored surfaces at the margins and wherever protected by the raised devices, although the exposed fields are busy with chatter and minor marks. Census: 1 in 55, 7 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 28G8, PCGS# 8841

1902 Proof Eagle, Unc Sharpness Brilliant Finish Proof, Few Survive



- 6955** 1902 — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Response to the Mint's experiment with an all-brilliant proof finish (usually lacking any significant field/device contrast) was less than overwhelming, even with a mintage of only 113 pieces. Most eagles were part of gold proof sets, yet best estimates suggest only 30 to 35 pieces survive. Some whitish cloudiness on the obverse of this example and underlying fine hairlines suggest an effort to enhanced the mirrorlike surfaces. The reverse also shows signs of a light polish, as well as a reddish alloy spot above E of STATES. Despite the lack of a numeric grade, this is clearly one of the elusive 1902 proofs, which are rare and desirable in any grade. The reflective, rich-gold color retains substantial appeal.

INDIAN EAGLES

- 6956** 1907 No Motto MS62 NGC. Satiny brassy-gold surfaces display softly lustrous eye appeal and only minor abrasions. Traces of deep residue in the left obverse field convey originality rather than distraction, and a crisp strike covers the obverse. Weakness at the eagle's shoulder is a function of the new "No Periods" design initiated by Charles Barber — a two-year type, which was further modified to add the motto in 1908. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

- 6957** 1907 No Motto MS62 PCGS. This satiny and sharply struck No Motto type coin has surprisingly few field marks, although slender abrasions are present on the cheek and the front wing. Encased in a green label holder.
Ex: *Houston Signature* (Heritage, 11/2007), lot 61742. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

- 6958** 1907 No Motto MS62 PCGS. The 1907 No Periods Indian eagle is the ideal No Motto type coin for budget-conscious collectors. This MS62 representative displays rich yellow-gold luster and bold motifs. Light, scattered abrasions determine the grade. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

- 6959** 1907 No Motto MS63 PCGS. Minimally abraded yellow-gold surfaces feature luminous luster and partial detail on the two lowest headdress feathers. Central design definition is moderately soft. The 1907 represents the first regular issue in the Saint-Gaudens series and a popular No Motto type emission. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

- 6960** 1907 No Motto MS63 PCGS. CAC. The two-year No Motto type is always in high demand, first-year representatives being all the more desirable. Lustrous, straw-gold surfaces display minor marks, none worthy of individual attention. Typically struck with flow lines from die erosion around the peripheries. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 Indian Eagle, MS64 No Periods, No Motto Type



- 6961** 1907 No Motto MS64 PCGS. An impressive Choice specimen of this popular two-year design type, with a better-than-average strike that shows just a touch of the usual softness on Liberty's curls. The lightly marked orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster and the overall presentation is most attractive. From a large first-year mintage of 239,400 pieces, the 1907 Indian eagle is prized by series specialists and type collectors, alike. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 Indian Eagle, MS64 First-Year No Motto Type



- 6962** 1907 No Motto MS64 PCGS. A delightful Choice representative of the popular No Motto design, always in demand from first-year type collectors and series specialists alike. This coin offers unusually sharp definition on all design elements, and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. Housed in a new 30th Anniversary green label holder. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 Indian Eagle, MS64
Luminous No Motto Representative



- 6963 1907 No Motto MS64 PCGS.** Although somewhat modified by Chief Engraver Charles Barber, the 1907 No Periods, No Motto design was the first version of Augustus Saint-Gaudens' ten dollar gold design to be seen by the general public. This impressive Choice representative exhibits unusually sharp detail on the design elements and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces are free of mentionable distractions. Eye appeal is extraordinary. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 No Motto Ten Dollar, MS64
A Splendid Example of the Type



- 6964 1907 No Motto MS64 PCGS.** Augustus Saint-Gaudens' acclaimed design is well-defined throughout this splendid first-year type coin. Yellow-gold coloration yields to accents of lavender on each side, accompanied by vibrant luster. There are minor flecks scattered about this Choice No Motto eagle, but none of them merit individual mention. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 No Motto Eagle, Clean MS65



- 6965 1907 No Motto MS65 NGC.** This gorgeous No Motto Gem would serve as an ideal representative of the two-year subtype with which the Saint-Gaudens Indian Head eagle series commences. Each side boasts light yellow-gold coloration and uninhibited mint luster that generate great eye appeal. Strongly defined motifs house a couple of insignificant marks within the bonnet feathers. The exposed fields are remarkably clean. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1907 No Periods Ten Dollar, MS66
Radiant No Motto Type Coin



- 6966 1907 No Motto MS66 NGC.** The majority of the No Motto Indian eagle type is represented by the 1907 No Periods issue. However, with availability comes immense demand from type collectors, fueling prices beyond what might be expected. As a result, Superb Gems are out of reach for most collectors. This Premium Gem example is a more affordable option for the Indian gold enthusiast seeking high quality without breaking the bank. The surfaces are devoid of bothersome abrasions and exhibit radiant luster over orange-gold surfaces. There is trivial incompleteness on the hair over Liberty's ear, but the eagle's plumage is sharply defined. NGC lists 33 Superb Gems finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

1908 No Motto Ten, MS62
Low-Mintage Issue



- 6967 1908 No Motto MS62 PCGS.** The No Motto 1908 Indian eagle is famous for its low 33,500-coin mintage, which contributes to the issue's scarcity in Mint State. This example displays scattered abrasions, as the grade suggests, but none are individually bothersome. The strike is sharp, and each side offers pleasing orange-gold luster. NGC ID# 28GG, PCGS# 8853

1908 Indian Eagle, MS63
No Motto Type Coin



- 6968 1908 No Motto MS63 PCGS.** The No Motto 1908 eagle boasts a small mintage of 33,500 coins, making attractive Mint State examples scarce. This Select representative displays a bold strike and satiny orange-gold luster. Light, scattered marks determine the grade but have little effect on the eye appeal. A suitable type coin. NGC ID# 28GG, PCGS# 8853

1908-D No Motto Eagle, MS64
Formidable Challenge in High Grades



6969 1908-D No Motto MS64 PCGS. The Denver Mint struck a large number of ten dollar gold coins early in 1908, before the addition of IN GOD WE TRUST was mandated on July 1. No Motto representatives from that facility (210,000 coins) are readily available in circulated grades and somewhat collectible through MS62. Select Uncirculated examples are scarce, while coins as fine as this present a formidable challenge. Mixed sun and peach-gold color covers this satiny, well-detailed representative. A wispy graze in the left obverse field and a few hair-thin marks on the portrait preclude an even higher grade. Population: 56 in 64 (6 in 64+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GH, PCGS# 8854

1908 Motto Ten, MS64
First-Year With Motto Type Coin



6970 1908 Motto MS64 PCGS. A sharp, satiny Choice example of the inaugural With Motto Indian eagle issue, showing yellow-gold luster without any obvious abrasions. Finer examples of this issue are elusive, making this piece ideal for the budget-conscious collector. Eye appeal is pleasing for the grade. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

1908 Motto Ten Dollar, MS64
Very Scarce Any Finer



6971 1908 Motto MS64 PCGS. The Philadelphia Mint scaled up ten dollar gold coin output by ten times during the second half of 1908. With Motto coins struck after July 1 total 341,300 representatives, while the No Motto coins claim a small mintage of 33,500 pieces. This typically detailed near-Gem radiates frosty luster over well-preserved, wheat-gold surfaces. The fields are notably clean. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

1908 Indian Motto Ten, MS64



6972 1908 Motto MS64 PCGS. Mint production of 1908 eagles was split into two halves. The first half of the year saw 210,000 No Motto tens struck, while the second half was devoted to eagles with the Motto added. The mintage of 341,300 With Motto coins makes either subtype available in grades up to MS64, but Gems are scarce. This near-Gem Motto example radiates sun-gold mint luster from finely textured, minimally abraded surfaces. Only minor lack of definition on the eagle's shoulder confirms the sharp strike. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

6973 1908-D Motto MS62 PCGS. A combination of satiny luster and khaki-gold color generate impressive eye appeal throughout this MS62 1908-D Motto eagle. The devices are characteristically defined, and small marks are in accordance with the grade. A very scarce issue to locate in MS63 condition or finer. NGC ID# 28GK, PCGS# 8860

1908-D Ten Dollar, MS63
With Motto Variety



6974 1908-D Motto MS63 PCGS. The With Motto 1908-D Indian eagle boasts a mintage of more than 836,000 pieces, although Mint State survivors are disproportionately scarce, particularly above the MS63 grade level. This collectible Select example displays sharp details and original yellow-gold luster. Light, scattered marks contribute to the grade. PCGS lists 46 finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 28GK, PCGS# 8860

6975 1909 MS63 PCGS. Softly frosted mint luster glimmers throughout this Select khaki-gold eagle. The devices are well-detailed with areas of incompleteness over the lower headdress feathers, forecurls, and the eagle's wingtip. Small scattered grazes define the grade. The 1909 is very scarcely found finer. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

6976 1909 MS63 PCGS. The 1909 becomes very scarce in grades higher than MS63. This Select offering delivers a fine balance of quality and affordability with greenish-gold color, frosty luster, and good detail over the centers. A thin, wispy mark below STAT is the only flaw worthy of attention. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

6977 1909 MS63 PCGS. The 1909 ten dollar is available in the Select level of preservation but becomes scarce any finer. Lustrous yellow-gold surfaces exhibit well-struck devices. Scattered grazes determine the grade. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

6978 1909 MS63 PCGS. This boldly defined Select Mint State 1909 Indian eagle exhibits a few scattered marks on its highly lustrous lemon-yellow surfaces, but those grade-consistent marks are entirely trivial. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

6979 1909-S MS61 NGC. This pleasing Mint State example displays orange-gold surfaces with slightly subdued mint luster and a minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. The design elements are well-detailed. NGC ID# 28GP, PCGS# 8864

6980 1909-S MS61 NGC. Dark high-point toning is the result of decades of storage in an overseas vault before repatriation. This eagle exhibits frosty light yellow luster and good overall eye appeal for the lower Mint State numerical grade. NGC ID# 28GP, PCGS# 8864

1909-S Ten Dollar, MS63 Lustrous Straw-Gold Surfaces



6981 1909-S MS63 PCGS. Uncirculated 1909-S eagles appear on the market with frequency in MS61 and MS62. The certified population begins to dip noticeably in MS63 and MS64, while Gems are very rare. This straw-gold Select offering enjoys complementary accents of rose and frosty S-mint luster throughout. Minor grazes and ticks explain the grade. NGC ID# 28GP, PCGS# 8864

6982 1910 MS64 PCGS. This lovely Indian ten exhibits frosty yellow-gold luster with extraordinary eye appeal. Light surface marks keep this piece out of the Gem category. NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865

1910 Indian Ten, MS65+ Outstanding Luster and Sharpness



6983 1910 MS65+ PCGS. This otherwise plentiful Philadelphia issue is seldom offered in Gem condition and rarely finer. The present coin boasts exceptionally clean surfaces and satiny wheat-gold luster. The strike is sharp, and a few light grazes on Liberty's jaw are all that preclude an even finer numeric designation. Population: 68 in 65 (4 in 65+), 29 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865

6984 1910-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. The 1910-S is a better date in Uncirculated condition. This CAC-approved MS62 coin offers original yellow-gold luster and bold design elements. Light, scattered abrasions determine the grade, but none are individually bothersome. NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

1910-S Eagle, Highly Attractive MS64



6985 1910-S MS64 NGC. Despite a mintage of 811,000 pieces, the 1910-S ten dollar is elusive in near-Gem and exceedingly rare any finer. NGC and PCGS report 54 submissions in MS64 and a mere 10 finer. Grade-defining bagmarks characterize most 1910-S eagles, limiting the number of certified Gem examples. Strong luster emanates from the copper-gold surfaces of the present near-Gem that exhibit sharply defined design elements. A mark on the lower part of the fourth feather, one under the I of IN, and another above the eagle's tail limit the grade. This is a highly attractive coin that may well warrant a Plus designation. Census: 19 in 64, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

6986 1911 MS64 NGC. A frosty near-Gem, this Indian eagle is brilliant with original yellow-gold surfaces and hints of iridescent overtones. Although more than one-half million were coined, the 1911 is elusive in Gem or finer grades. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

6987 1911 MS64 NGC. CAC. Choice and frosty sun-gold surfaces show only a few small marks, while the strike is consistently sharp on both sides. The 1911 seldom exceeds the radiant eye appeal of this example, which is confirmed by CAC endorsement. Finely granular surfaces seem to capture the mint luster and return it two-fold. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

**1911-D Ten Dollar, AU58
Semikey Branch Mint Issue**



6988 1911-D AU58 NGC. A low-mintage Indian Head ten with just 30,100 coins struck, the surfaces of this near-Mint example display smooth and frosty fields set against sharply struck devices and barely a trace of wear. The 1911-D is the leading condition rarity among all of the Indian eagles, where most Mint State coins grade MS60 to MS62. This high-end About Uncirculated representative retains most of its original mint luster and rivals any lower Mint State coin. A few small ticks on the rims are the sole marks of note. NGC ID# 28GU, PCGS# 8869

**1911-D Eagle, AU58
Low Mintage of 72,500 Coins**



6989 1911-D AU58 PCGS. CAC. The 1911-D quickly becomes a significant rarity in mint condition. This overtly original near-Mint ten dollar would be ideal as a more affordable alternative. Satiny luster graces lightly marked, khaki-gold surfaces. The two lowest headdress feathers are fully defined, while slight incompleteness occurs over the centers. NGC ID# 28GU, PCGS# 8869

6990 1912 MS64 NGC. A well-preserved Choice specimen of this early series issue, with sharply detailed design elements and pleasing orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. NGC has graded 70 numerically finer examples (12/16). NGC ID# 28GW, PCGS# 8871

6991 1913 MS64 PCGS. Although available in MS64, the 1913 eagle becomes scarce any finer. This lustrous yellow-gold example offers clean fields and sharp devices. A few light marks on Liberty's cheek are all that prevent a finer grade. NGC ID# 28GY, PCGS# 8873

6992 1913-S AU55 NGC. The wheat-gold surfaces of this Choice AU ten dollar show luster in the recessed areas. The design elements are well-defined, though the eagle's right (facing) wing shows some high-point wear. A few light marks are not out of place for a gold coin having seen some circulation. The 1913-S is a better date with a mintage of only 66,000 coins. Quite scarce in Mint State. NGC ID# 28GZ, PCGS# 8874

**1913-S Indian Eagle, AU58
Low-Mintage Issue, Rare in High Grade**



6993 1913-S AU58 PCGS. From a meager mintage of 66,000 pieces, the 1913-S Indian eagle is one of the most challenging issues of the series, especially in high grade. This impressive near-Mint example displays lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces, with a few highlights of green and red. Just a trace of wear shows on the high points of the well-detailed design elements and overall eye appeal is quite strong for the grade. NGC ID# 28GZ, PCGS# 8874

**1914 Indian Eagle, MS64
Vivid Color, Vibrant Mint Luster**



6994 1914 MS64 PCGS. From a mintage of 151,050 pieces, the 1914 Indian eagle is an elusive issue in grades above the MS64 grade level. This impressive Choice example displays vibrant mint luster on both sides and sharply detailed design elements throughout. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces add to the outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded 56 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

**1914 Indian Eagle, MS64+
Well-Preserved Better Date**



6995 1914 MS64+ PCGS Secure. The 1914 Indian eagle is a better date in high grade, from a mintage of 151,050 pieces. The issue is scarce at the MS64 grade level, and very scarce any finer. This Plus-graded Choice example is a good balance of quality and value, with sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster on both sides. PCGS has graded 56 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

1914-D Indian Eagle, MS64
Scarce Any Finer



6996 1914-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. Pinkish-rose and peach-orange hues are spread across satiny yellow-gold surfaces on this near-Gem 1914-D Indian eagle. The design elements are sharp, and neither side exhibits significant abrasions. The 1914-D is occasionally available in this grade but is rarely seen finer, where PCGS has graded only 36 examples (10/16). NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

1914-S Ten Dollar, MS62
High-End for the Grade



6997 1914-S MS62 PCGS. The 1914-S is a better date in Uncirculated grades, despite a moderate mintage of 208,000 pieces. The present MS62 coin balances quality and affordability, as its surfaces yield better-than-average eye appeal for the grade. The strike is sharp, and the smooth yellow-gold surfaces offer vibrant luster. A loupe reveals light handling marks on the high points that limit the grade. NGC ID# 28H4, PCGS# 8877

1914-S Ten Dollar, MS62
Better Date in Mint State



6998 1914-S MS62 PCGS. The microgranular fields are virtually unmarked and the surfaces are radiantly lustrous while displaying vibrant, orange-gold coloration. The devices show a sharp strike save for some brief, frictionlike blending on Liberty's forecurls and at the eagle's shoulder, no doubt factors in the assigned grade. Overall, the eye appeal is terrific. Housed in an old green label holder. NGC ID# 28H4, PCGS# 8877

1914-S Ten Dollar, MS63
Shimmering Mint Frost



6999 1914-S MS63 PCGS. Certification data at the leading grading firms shows the 1914-S ten dollar to be scarce in MS63, very scarce in MS64, and a significant rarity in Gem condition. Demand is strong across the board, driving high prices that put anything finer than this Select example beyond the reach of most collectors. Shimmering frost covers each side. Yellow-gold color dominates with greenish accents throughout. Well-struck, if a touch soft over the usual areas. NGC ID# 28H4, PCGS# 8877

7000 1915 MS64 NGC. This well-made Philadelphia Indian Head eagle issue is ideal for type representation. Choice examples like the one here are sufficiently available to meet most collector demand, though higher-graded Gems become decidedly scarce. Light copper and wheat-gold color reveal occasional tinges of green. Design detail is crisp, and shallow marks and grazes do not overly detract. NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

7001 1915 MS64 PCGS. Aside from a coppery allow spot on the headdress and intermittent lilac accents, this well-struck Choice Uncirculated eagle features medium yellow-gold color. Each side is awash in frosty luster. Small marks occur on the cheek and within the eagle's feathers. The population of the 1915 declines significantly at the Gem grade level but is perfect for type purposes in MS64. NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

1915 Ten Dollar, MS64+
Excellent Surfaces for the Grade



7002 1915 MS64+ PCGS. To the unaided eye, this high-end Choice 1915 Indian eagle appears a grade point finer, although a loupe reveals subtle lines on the cheek that prevent such a designation from PCGS. The strike is sharp, and each side offers smooth yellow-gold luster. Finer examples of this conditionally elusive issue are infrequently seen. NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

1915 Ten Dollar, MS65
Few Seen in Higher Grades



- 7003 1915 MS65 NGC.** The 1915 is a common choice for type collectors, but it becomes difficult to locate above Choice Mint State. Gem pieces are elusive, and examples are seldom seen in a higher grade. Splendid lemon-yellow patina coats the carefully preserved surfaces. Shimmering, satiny luster complements the boldly struck details. NGC and PCGS combined have certified just 40 examples finer (10/16).
Ex: *Los Angeles Signature* (Heritage, 8/2009), lot 2651. NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

1915-S Eagle, MS62
Low-Mintage San Francisco Issue



- 7004 1915-S MS62 PCGS.** Few Indian tens are as elusive in Mint State grades as the 1915-S. Just 59,000 pieces were struck. This example displays vivid orange-gold patina and brilliant mint luster. A few light marks and high point abrasions are the sole grade-limiting considerations. The strike is suitably sharp for this San Francisco issue and the coin is free of alloy spots that sometimes plague the 1915-S. Population: 61 in 62 (1 in 62+), 61 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 28H6, PCGS# 8879

1916-S Ten Dollar, MS63
Sharp, Olive-Gold Surfaces



- 7005 1916-S MS63 NGC.** Scarce in Select or finer Mint State, the 1916-S is the final affordable eagle from the San Francisco Mint given the rarity of both the 1920-S and 1930-S issues. This example displays a natural, olive-gold coloration over softly lustrous, finely granular surfaces typical of the issue. Remarkably few abrasions visit the attractive fields and minimally marked motifs. Just 138,500 pieces were struck. Census: 35 in 63, 31 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 28H7, PCGS# 8880

1920-S Ten Dollar, AU Details
Much-Melted Branch Issue



- 7006 1920-S — Removed From Jewelry — NGC Details. AU.** The 1920-S was likely struck to back gold certificates. The vast majority of the mintage never left Treasury vaults, and was eventually melted following the 1933 gold recall. NGC has certified a total of just 60 pieces over the past 30 years, including an unknown number of resubmissions. The present hairlined example has bright sun-gold surfaces and displays moderate wear on the eagle's front leg. Both sides exhibit slight tab-shaped depressions at 1:30, 4:30, 7:30, and 10:30.

1926 Eagle, MS65
Pleasing Rose-Gold Color



- 7007 1926 MS65 PCGS.** Like the 1932, this late-date issue claims a high mintage (1 million coins) and is a staple in type collections. Gem condition, however, represents the pinnacle of collectibility for the date. Premium Gems are rare. Frosty and strongly detailed, this MS65 eagle enjoys vibrant luster and rose-gold coloration that are sure to please. There are 20 finer submissions at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

- 7008 1932 MS64 PCGS.** Frosty yellow-gold luster engulfs the vibrant surfaces of this near-Gem 1932 Indian eagle type coin. The strike is sharp throughout, and only a few tiny marks on the cheek preclude a Gem designation. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

1932 Ten Dollar, MS65+
Frosty Type Coin



- 7009 1932 MS65+ PCGS.** The Plus designation gives this Gem-graded 1932 type coin significant appeal. The surfaces display frosty yellow-gold luster and boldly rendered design elements. Light marks on Liberty's cheek prevent an even finer grade. The 1932 is one of the most popular With Motto type issues of the series, although its availability declines significantly above MS63. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

**1932 Ten Dollar, MS66+
Exceptional Example of the Type
Just One Finer Coin at PCGS**



- 7010 1932 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** With of mintage twice that of the next highest-production issue in the Saint-Gaudens Indian eagle series, the 1932 is ripe for type representation. The Mint manufactured 4.4 million ten dollar gold coins that year. While certain issues from the same period were sent to the melting pot after the 1933 Gold Recall, the 1932 managed to avoid that fate. Premium Gems are very scarce, but they remain relatively accessible. Plus-designated representatives are, however, truly rare. PCGS reports a single coin finer than this virtually flawless rose and yellow-gold coin (11/16). Thick, frosty luster washes over seemingly pristine fields that house boldly struck motifs. Unbeatable visual appeal. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

- 7011 1850 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF.** A moderately hairlined caramel-gold example of the first collectible twenty dollar issue. The obverse displays no more than the expected number of small abrasions. The reverse shows relatively few marks.

**1850 Double Eagle, XF45
Attractive First Year of Issue**



- 7012 1850 XF45 PCGS.** The still-lustrous fields of this Choice XF piece show numerous light abrasions on each side. The lemon-gold portrait shows typical softness, combined with light highpoint wear. Overall, a pleasing representative of this first circulation-strike double eagle issue.
Ex: FUN Signature (Heritage, 1/2008), lot 4555. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850 Twenty Dollar, Choice XF
Smooth Surfaces**



- 7013 1850 XF45 PCGS.** Relatively smooth yellow-gold surfaces give this Choice XF example pleasing eye appeal. The strike is sharp, and wear is light. The 1850 double eagle was primarily coined with California ore and is recognizable for its bright yellow color. The early Philadelphia issues from before the opening of the San Francisco Mint are frequently pursued for type representation. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850 Liberty Double Eagle, XF45
Popular First-Year Issue**



- 7014 1850 XF45 NGC. CAC.** The double eagle denomination was introduced in 1850, an important consideration for type purposes, and a large mintage of 1.1 million coins was accomplished at the Philadelphia Mint. This Choice XF specimen exhibits light wear on the well-detailed design elements and the still-lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850 Liberty Twenty, AU50
First-Year, Type One Favorite**



- 7015 1850 AU50 NGC.** A sharply detailed AU specimen from the first year of the denomination, this coin shows just a touch of wear on the devices. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster, with the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. Produced in large numbers, the 1850 Liberty double eagle is especially popular with first-year type collectors. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850 Twenty Dollar, AU50
Gold Rush-Era Type Coin**



- 7016 1850 AU50 NGC.** A very typical example of this inaugural Philadelphia issue, showing yellow-gold surfaces with scattered abrasions and light high-point wear. Some luster remains in the protected regions of the fields. The 1850 double eagle was the first of its kind, and although more than 1.1 million pieces were struck, the date experienced heavy circulation and is challenging to locate today in high grade. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850 Twenty Dollar, AU58
Appealing Type One Coin**



- 7017 1850 AU58 NGC.** Luster remains in the fields of this yellow-gold 1850 double eagle, while the devices are sharp and neither side exhibits significant wear. Scattered abrasions are typical of this issue, which experienced heavy circulation. The 1850 double eagle was struck with California gold, which was shipped in quantity to the New Orleans and Philadelphia Mints prior to the opening of the San Francisco Mint in 1854. NGC ID# 268F, PCGS# 8902

**1850-O Twenty Dollar, XF45
Partially Reflective Fields**



- 7018 1850-O XF45 PCGS. Variety 3.** The protected regions of the fields showcase remnants of semiprooflike mirroring, while the lightly worn areas of each side display original yellow-gold patina. The design elements are well-defined, and abrasions are minimal for the grade. This debut New Orleans double eagle presents stronger eye appeal than is typical for the grade and issue. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 268G, PCGS# 8903

**1850-O Double Eagle, XF45
First Branch-Mint Twenty**



- 7019 1850-O XF45 NGC. CAC. Variety 3.** Ex: Eureka Hoard. The mintmark is high and touches the tailfeathers, one of three varieties that make up a mintage of just 141,000 pieces. The 1850-O represents the first branch-mint double eagles from the inaugural year of regular issue for the Liberty Head twenties — one of the few reasonably collectible New Orleans Type One issues, although scarcer than the 1851-O and 1852-O. This example displays deep apricot-gold surfaces with traces of orange luster in protected areas. Numerous small marks and field chatter do not detract from the overall appeal of this original and pleasing, CAC-endorsed example. CAC: 15 in 45, 16 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 268G, PCGS# 8903

- 7020 1850-O — Graffiti, Tooled, Cleaned — ANACS. AU50 Details. Variety 1.** This is a well-detailed and affordable O-mint double eagle from the first year of production with California gold. A loupe reveals cleaned surfaces that show several areas of faint scratches, including a faint letter H in the left obverse field. Tooling marks appear on Liberty's cheek and below UNITED on the reverse. A small planchet lamination is seen behind Liberty's neck.

- 7021 1851 XF45 PCGS.** Hints of orange toning appear in the protected areas of this attractive yellow-gold double eagle. Struck in large quantities at the height of the California gold rush, even the Philadelphia Mint coinage contained gold from the west coast. NGC ID# 268H, PCGS# 8904

1851 Liberty Twenty, AU55
Popular Early Type One Issue



- 7022 1851 AU55 PCGS. Large deposits of gold from the rich California mines resulted in a blockbuster mintage of more than 2 million Liberty double eagles at the Philadelphia Mint in 1851. Like most early Type One twenties, the 1851 is abundant in lower circulated grades, but Mint State examples are elusive. The vivid orange-gold surfaces of this Choice AU specimen are lightly abraded, with much of their original mint luster intact. NGC ID# 268H, PCGS# 8904

1851 Twenty Dollar, MS60
Second Year of Production



- 7023 1851 MS60 PCGS. This Uncirculated second-year double eagle exhibits typically well-defined motifs. An original skin of orange and green-gold color characterizes surfaces that show scattered abrasions throughout. The 1851 was struck to the considerable extent of 2 million coins and represents one of the more collectible No Motto dates in Mint State. A great type coin for the collector in search of an early twenty dollar gold piece. NGC ID# 268H, PCGS# 8904

1851 Twenty Dollar, MS61
Excellent Color



- 7024 1851 MS61 PCGS. More than 2 million 1851 twenties were struck, mostly because of the influx of newly mined gold from California. This is a well-preserved coin that has somewhat subdued mint luster and fewer-than-expected abrasions for the grade. Sharply defined, this is an attractive Type One twenty in Uncirculated condition.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2007), lot 2533.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268H, PCGS# 8904

1851-O Double Eagle, XF45
Collectible New Orleans Issue



- 7025 1851-O XF45 NGC. Variety 1. The yellow-orange surfaces of this lightly circulated O-mint double eagle retain a surprising amount of flash. The strike is slightly above-average for the issue, with solid definition on a handful of obverse stars but softness on the rest. Numerous wispy marks and a handful of more significant abrasions appear on Liberty's cheek and in the fields. Of the 315,000 pieces struck for this early double eagle issue, only a small fraction survive today.
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 4/2008), lot 3713. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1851-O Twenty Dollar, XF45
The Usual Choice for a Type One O-Mint



- 7026 1851-O XF45 PCGS. CAC. Variety 2. Attribution of this variety can be a bit tedious, but it is probably most easily distinguished by the die chip beneath the R in LIBERTY. The 1851-O is the most available O-mint in the Type One series of twenties, and as such is a popular choice for type purposes. This piece exhibits "dirty gold" patina, a sure indicator of untampered originality. Numerous small to medium-sized abrasions are scattered over each side, as usually seen on this issue. The strike details are well-defined, but not completely brought up. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1851-O Twenty Dollar, AU Details
Popular New Orleans Issue



- 7027 1851-O — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 1. New Orleans double eagles were struck for the first dozen years of the double eagle denomination, and again in 1879, but a majority of the issues are rare. Type set demand from Southern collectors pressures the most available O-mint dates, coined between 1850 and 1853. The present sun-gold twenty shows only a trace of wear on the wingtips and shoulder curl, but the surfaces are hairlined and somewhat bright. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1851-O Liberty Twenty, AU50
Collectible New Orleans Issue



- 7028 1851-O AU50 NGC. Variety 1. Double eagle coinage at the New Orleans Mint peaked in 1851, with a production of 315,000 pieces. This is the ideal date for the type collector seeking an affordable representative from this mint. The current AU coin displays bright yellow-gold surfaces and bold motifs. Each side is moderately abraded, as usual for the issue, with small areas of prooflike mirroring in the protected regions of the fields. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1851-O Double Eagle, AU53
In-Demand Southern Gold Type One



- 7029 1851-O AU53 NGC. Variety 2. The fields of this desirable O-Mint twenty retain a large amount of lustrous prooflike surface for the grade, with equally exceptional eye appeal. Abrasions are less severe than often seen, with no heavy marks and a relatively clean cheek on Liberty. The 1851-O joins other early New Orleans double eagles as the only readily available examples of the Type One design from the Southern Mint. Vibrant and reflective canary-yellow surfaces display orange-gold patina on the high points and sharp definition on the motifs. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

1851-O Double Eagle, AU55
Partially Reflective Fields
Exceptional Visual Appeal



- 7030 1851-O AU55 PCGS. The appeal of O-mint double eagles drives strong demand for such coins in all grades. In the upper AU levels, demand for the 1851-O often surpasses the number of coins on the market at any given time. Uncirculated examples of the date are rare, and often a high-end AU coin is more attractive due to the heavy abrasions typically seen on Mint State pieces. The present offering is particularly representative of the eye appeal that can be found on an About Uncirculated coin. Here, the fields glimmer with prooflike mirroring in the protected regions, and the open areas are only lightly marked. The strike is sharp, and Liberty's cheek shows few abrasions. This yellow-gold New Orleans double eagle could easily become a highlight of a 19th century gold collection. Population: 46 in 55, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

**1851-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU55
Rarely Seen Finer**



- 7031 1851-O AU55 PCGS. Variety 3.** A large mintage of 315,000 Liberty double eagles was accomplished at the New Orleans Mint in 1851, but the coins were all released into circulation at the time of issue. Accordingly, the 1851-O can be located with little difficulty in lower circulated grades and it is a popular choice of branch mint type collectors, but really high-grade specimens are seldom encountered. Although a small number of coins have been recovered from modern shipwreck finds, and 10 specimens surfaced in the Baltimore Hoard in 1934, the 1851-O Liberty double eagle remains an elusive issue in all Mint State grades.

The vivid orange-gold surfaces of this Choice AU specimen show the expected number of minor abrasions for the grade, with traces of prooflike reflectivity in sheltered areas. The design elements were strongly impressed and show just a touch of wear on the high points. The mintmark is centered over the N in TWENTY, identifying the scarce Variety 3. The overall presentation is quite attractive. Population: 47 in 55, 27 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

**1851-O Liberty Twenty, Unc Details
Favorite Branch Mint Type Coin**



- 7032 1851-O — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Variety 1.** The 1851-O Liberty double eagle claims the highest mintage of the O-mint series, at 315,000 pieces, making it a favorite choice of branch mint type collectors. This still-attractive specimen displays sharply detailed design elements, with some unobtrusive graffiti on Liberty's neck, near the truncation. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are unworn and lightly marked, aside from the noted flaws. NGC ID# 268J, PCGS# 8905

**1852 Double Eagle, AU55
Olive and Reddish-Gold Coloration**



- 7033 1852 AU55 PCGS.** The 1852 represents the third issue of double eagle coinage. A total of 2 million coins were manufactured at the Philadelphia Mint from California-mined gold. This is a Choice About Uncirculated example of the No Motto type with an attractive "dirty gold" look. Olive and reddish hues color each side. Liberty's curls are well-defined. Myriad abrasions are peppered throughout. NGC ID# 268K, PCGS# 8906

1852 Double Eagle, MS61
Pleasantly Smooth Surfaces



- 7034 1852 MS61 NGC.** Uncirculated examples of the Gold Rush-era 1852 double eagle are scarce in any grade, and such pieces experience competitive demand from type collectors. This MS61 coin displays sharp detail and satiny orange-gold mint luster. Light handling marks limit the grade in the absence of any major abrasions. Census: 46 in 61, 36 finer (10/16).
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268K, PCGS# 8906

1852 Double Eagle, Lustrous MS61
Ideal Mint State Type One Example



- 7035 1852 MS61 PCGS.** The mintage topped 2 million pieces in 1852 and examples are readily available in circulated grades, yet Mint State coins are scarce. This clearly Uncirculated coin will make a splendid representative of the Type One design. Cartwheel luster flashes brightly across the sun-glow-gold surfaces. Abrasions are fewer and less severe than expected for the grade, with a short mark by the mouth and another in the hair, but no signs of heavy contact. The strike is sharp throughout despite advanced die cracks through the reverse legends. Eye appeal is strong. Population: 44 in 61, 50 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268K, PCGS# 8906

- 7036 1852-O — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** A well defined but somewhat subdued caramel-gold representative. No marks are noticeable, and the eye appeal is better than implied by the PCGS designation. New Orleans double eagles are scarce, since most were coined between 1850 and 1853, long before collector interest in mintmark varieties.

1852-O Liberty Double Eagle, AU55
Popular Branch Mint Type Coin



- 7037 1852-O AU55 PCGS.** A substantial mintage of 190,000 Liberty double eagles was accomplished at the New Orleans Mint in 1852, making the issue the second-most available New Orleans twenty in absolute terms. Like most New Orleans double eagles of this era, the 1852-O circulated heavily in the regional economy in the 19th century and few coins were saved for numismatic purposes. Examples are usually seen in lower circulated grades and Mint State specimens are rare. That being said, the 1852-O is still encountered in high grade more often than other Type One twenties from this Southern mint, making it popular with branch mint type collectors.

The coin offered here is an impressive Choice AU specimen, with a better-than-average strike and just a touch of wear on the high points of the design elements. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces retain traces of original mint luster and show minimal abrasions for the grade. Population: 37 in 55, 55 finer (11/16).
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268L, PCGS# 8907

1852-O Liberty Double Eagle, XF45
Saddle Ridge Hoard Example



- 7038 1852-O Saddle Ridge Hoard XF45 PCGS. Variety 1. Ex: Saddle Ridge Hoard. Some light wear shows on the well-detailed design elements of this attractive Choice XF specimen, but the pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded and retain traces of original mint luster. From a substantial mintage of 190,000 pieces, the 1852-O Liberty double eagle is seldom encountered in high grade. PCGS# 108907 Base PCGS# 8907

- 7039 1853 AU53 PCGS. Deep olive-gold patina overall and bits of dirt in the crevices give this About Uncirculated 1853 double eagle undeniable original appeal. The lightly marked surfaces show hints of luster in the fields, and the devices are well-detailed. NGC ID# 268M, PCGS# 8908

1853 Liberty Twenty, AU58
Ex: S.S. Republic



- 7040 1853 AU58 NGC. Ex: S.S. Republic. Like many high-grade Type One double eagles, this coin was recovered from a recent shipwreck find (the S.S. Republic in this case). The well-detailed design elements show a trace of high-point wear, and the lustrous yellow-gold surfaces exhibit a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides.
Ex: PNG Invitational (Heritage, 10/2014), lot 5047. NGC ID# 268M, PCGS# 8908

1854 Small Date Twenty, AU53
Original Coloration



- 7041 1854 Small Date AU53 PCGS. CAC. The usual Small Date variety is ideal for date representation, as a nice AU example such as the present piece is not out of reach for the casual collector. This CAC-approved coin displays exceptional olive-gold patina with substantial orange-gold luster rising from the fields. Light surface chatter on each side is typical of the grade. NGC ID# 268R, PCGS# 8911

1854 Small Date Twenty, MS61
A Significant Rarity in Mint State



- 7042 1854 Small Date MS61 NGC. The Small Date variety makes up the vast majority of the surviving 1854 double eagle population, but the issue becomes surprisingly rare in Mint State. Most Uncirculated examples are also heavily abraded, grading MS61 or lower. Our Permanent Auction Archives list only 31 offerings of a Mint State coin in more than two decades (including reappearances) almost all of which graded MS60 to MS61 or were cleaned and otherwise damaged. We have seen only four coins in MS62, and the sole finest example of the date ever offered at auction was an MS63 NGC coin in our 2000 FUN Signature sale. Today, PCGS lists a lone Gem as the finest of the issue, which has never been offered at auction.

The current offering grades "only" MS61, but without any singular abrasions, it produces visual appeal reminiscent of a finer grade. A loupe reveals mild field chatter that limits the grade. This piece is sharply struck and displays satiny yellow-gold luster. An outstanding opportunity for the collector seeking this date in rarely seen Mint condition. Census: 19 in 61, 7 finer (11/16).

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 268R, PCGS# 8911

**1855 No Motto Twenty Dollar, AU55
Olive and Khaki-Gold Color**



7043 1855 AU55 PCGS. Olive and khaki-gold coloration, a hallmark of originality, characterizes this Choice About Uncirculated No Motto double eagle. The 1855 usually comes well-struck, and the devices here do not disappoint. Myriad marks cover each side. Doug Winter explains: "The 1855 is not often seen above properly graded About Uncirculated-55 to About Uncirculated-58 and I doubt if more than a half dozen exist which grade Mint State-62 or finer." Population: 35 in 55, 49 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 268V, PCGS# 8914

7044 1855-S XF40 NGC. Medium S. Although a number of 1855-S twenties were recovered from the S.S. *Central America*, it is unlikely that the present lot was from that famous shipwreck, since its die marriage does not match any of those noted by SSCA numismatist Robert Evans. The almond-gold surfaces show moderate wear. Only lightly abraded for the grade, except on the obverse rim near 3 o'clock. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

7045 1855-S AU50 NGC. Bright yellow-gold surfaces display hints of luster in the protected regions of the fields, while much of each side is unusually smooth with few abrasions. The devices are sharply struck, and eye appeal is pleasing. The 1855-S is a popular date, elusive in Mint State but collectible in AU. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

7046 1855-S AU50 PCGS. Original orange-gold surfaces offer much luster in the protected regions amid light, scattered abrasions on each side. The devices are sharp, and eye appeal is pleasing for the grade. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

**1855-S Double Eagle, AU58
Sharply Struck, Second Year S-Mint Issue**



7047 1855-S AU58 NGC. In its second year of production, the San Francisco Mint achieved a substantial coinage of 879,675 double eagles. Examples in VF, XF and lower AU grades are easily available, but the issue is scarce at the near-Mint level. The orange and rose-gold surfaces of this coin show relatively few abrasions, and the details are quite sharp.

Ex: ANA Signature (*Heritage*, 3/2010), lot 2586.

From *The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins*. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

**1855-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Lustrous and Razor-Sharp**



7048 1855-S MS61 NGC. Medium S. This coin offers far greater overall eye appeal than the numeric grade of MS61 suggests. Couple that with considerable historic appeal, and this piece emerges as a prime offering. It was struck in only the second year of operation of the San Francisco Mint. As might be expected for a new Western outlet for tons of freshly mined gold, the production of the 1855-S double eagle was plentiful, a total of 879,675 pieces. The loser in the long run was New Orleans, which saw diminishing double eagle mintages until the Civil War ended its production altogether until the small 1879-O issue.

This piece shows the familiar "Slanted 5s" in the date, and the surfaces are clean for the grade, except for a few abrasions that are mostly well-hidden in Liberty's hair. Orange-gold and green-gold compete for territory over surfaces that retain much luster. A loupe reveals scattered, trivial hairlines in keeping with the grade, and the strike is uniformly bold throughout. Census: 13 in 61, 11 finer (11/16).

Ex: *Summer FUN Signature* (*Heritage*, 7/2011), lot 4996. NGC ID# 268X, PCGS# 8916

1856 Liberty Twenty, MS60
Seldom Encountered in High Grade



7049 1856 MS60 ANACS. The 1856 Liberty double eagle was heavily circulated at the time of issue and relatively few examples have surfaced in recent shipwreck finds. Accordingly, the 1856 is a rare issue in high grade, despite the mintage of 329,878 pieces. This impressive Mint State example offers well-detailed design elements and the orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked for the grade. NGC ID# 268Y, PCGS# 8917

7050 1856-S XF40 PCGS. Olive accents complement orange-gold color throughout this lightly circulated, well-detailed Type One double eagle. Marks on each side are to be expected. The recesses retain flashes of luster. A pleasing type coin. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

7051 1856-S XF45 PCGS. The fields retain significant mint luster despite a scattering of handling marks and light wear. The rich orange-gold surfaces yield bold devices and pleasing eye appeal. An outstanding example for the grade. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

7052 1856-S AU50 NGC. Bold devices are set off from the fields by hints of luster that remain in the protected areas. This green-gold AU coin displays the usual scattered abrasions of the grade. The 1856-S is a popular date, made famous by the discovery of numerous examples on the S.S. *Central America* shipwreck. The present coin is not pedigreed to the underwater treasure.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

**1856-S Double Eagle, AU55+
Reddish-Gold, Partly Lustrous**



7053 1856-S AU55+ NGC. This attractive reddish-gold No Motto double eagle preserves glints of original mint luster. The issue, which became one of the most available Type One twenties following the recovery of the S.S. *Central America*, is often found well-struck with above-average eye appeal. This Choice AU example is no exception. Liberty's hair strands are particularly bold, and the stars exhibit complete radial lines. Minor chatter is inconsequential. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

**1856-S Double Eagle, AU58
Lustrous Fields**



7054 1856-S AU58 PCGS. The salvage of the S.S. *Central America* treasure yielded more than 1,000 examples of the 1856-S double eagle, making a major condition rarity suddenly very collectible in high grade. Nonetheless, an eager market has long driven strong demand for any gold coin issues connected to the famous shipwreck of 1857. This near-Mint example is well-detailed and shows no obvious wear. The bright yellow-gold surfaces are satiny and lightly abraded, as one would expect considering the grade. Although not pedigreed to the *Central America*, this piece displays surface characteristics suggestive of a coin from the underwater cache. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

**1856-S Double Eagle, MS61
Scarce in Mint State**



7055 1856-S MS61 NGC. Outstanding eye appeal for the grade. The devices are sharp and frosty, and the fields are satiny. Both surfaces are essentially brilliant with a hint of olive-gold iridescence. Examples of such outstanding quality were once very elusive until modern technology enabled treasure hunters to locate old shipwrecks in deep water; some of these shipwrecks have yielded up large numbers of 19th-century gold coins and ingots of immense value. Many of the Uncirculated 1856-S double eagles now available were originally discovered several years ago aboard the S.S. *Central America* which was discovered off Cape Hatteras, North Carolina. There is no designation on the NGC label, however, indicating that this piece is from that source.
Ex: Central States Signature (Heritage, 5/2005), lot 8918.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 2692, PCGS# 8919

7056 1857 XF45 NGC. A pleasing Choice XF Liberty double eagle with lightly abraded yellow and rose-gold surfaces that retain much of their original mint luster. The design elements are well-detailed, with some light, even wear.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 2693, PCGS# 8920

1857-O Double Eagle, XF45
Semireflective, Scarce Southern Gold Issue



- 7057 1857-O XF45 NGC. Variety 1.** After three years of record-low production, the New Orleans increased double eagle output to a respectable 30,000 coins in 1857. Examples are difficult to come by, but they are nowhere near as rare as their predecessors. Bright surfaces display pale yellow-gold coloration and glimpses of semiprooflike reflectivity. While the hair curls are incomplete, full centers and radials are visible on the stars. Myriad field marks occur throughout. A pleasing example of this scarce Southern gold issue. NGC ID# 2694, PCGS# 8921

1857-S Double Eagle, AU55
Sharp and Partially Lustrous



- 7058 1857-S AU55 NGC.** The 1857-S double eagle is an available Type One issue thanks to the discovery of the S.S. *Central America* shipwreck, which yielded a cache of thousands of coins. Yet, the issue's popularity has only increased as a result. This Choice AU representative is not pedigreed to the shipwreck find, but the surfaces are still fairly smooth and retain partial luster. The strike is sharp, and little high-point wear is seen.
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2016), lot 4599. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Double Eagle, MS64
From the S.S. *Central America*



- 7059 1857-S Spiked Shield, Variety 20A, MS64 PCGS.** Ex: S.S. *Central America*, SSCA 2125. This near-Gem has duskier luster than most other *Central America* treasure coins, although the vibrancy of the cartwheel effect is unhindered. Peach, amber, and rose-gold hues encompass each side. The strike is sharp, and there are no significant abrasions. Liberty's cheek is particularly clean. The 1857-S was virtually uncollectible in high grade prior to the salvage of the 130-year-old shipwreck. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Liberty Twenty, MS64
Ex: S.S. *Central America*



- 7060 1857-S Spiked Shield, Variety 20A, MS64 PCGS.** Ex: S.S. *Central America*, SSCA 2737. This fully struck near-Gem offers glowing, frosty mint luster in rich yellow-gold hues that deepen around the outer peripheries. The reverse is virtually pristine, although a few light marks on Liberty's cheek on the obverse determine the grade. A beautiful memento of the famous treasure ship that sank in a hurricane off the coast of North Carolina in September 1857. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Double Eagle, MS64
From the S.S. *Central America*



- 7061 1857-S Spiked Shield, Variety 20A, MS64 PCGS.** Ex: S.S. *Central America*, SSCA 4811. Frosty rose-gold luster delivers radiant cartwheel effects on this outstanding near-Gem *Central America* treasure coin. The usual orange-gold peripheral ring attractively frames the sharp devices. Grade-limiting abrasions are quite trivial. The Spiked Shield die pairing represents the majority of the shipwreck coins recovered. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Twenty Dollar, MS64
S.S. *Central America* Treasure Coin



- 7062 1857-S Spiked Shield, Variety 20A, MS64 PCGS.** Ex: S.S. *Central America*, SSCA 2151. This glittering *Central America* treasure coin may have achieved an even finer grade were it not for a couple of thin marks on Liberty's cheek. The fields are clean, and the frosty luster is exceptional. Yellow-gold interiors cede to tangerine borders, and the design elements are razor-sharp. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

1857-S Twenty Dollar, MS64
Ex: S.S. Central America



7063 1857-S Bold S, Variety 20B, MS64 PCGS. Ex: *S.S. Central America*, SSCA 0105. At least eight different die varieties were identified among the more than 5,000 1857-S double eagles that were salvaged from the *Central America* shipwreck. The Bold S variety is one of the less often represented of these. The present near-Gem displays a sharp strike and radiant, frosty mint luster. The characteristic orange-gold halo around the periphery beautifully frames rose-gold interiors. A small planchet lamination between stars 10 and 11 is the only mentionable strike flaw. NGC ID# 2696, PCGS# 8922

7064 1858-S AU53 NGC. Bright yellow-gold color includes a slight greenish cast over the obverse. The stars display complete centers, and the eagle's feathers remain crisply detailed. Partial luster radiates from the hidden areas, and myriad abrasions are unsurprising. Collectible No Motto coin. NGC ID# 2699, PCGS# 8925

1859-S Double Eagle, AU53
Strong Peripheral Detail



7065 1859-S AU53 PCGS. Medium S. The date shows repunching on 18. The 1859-S claims a mintage of 636,445 coins and is a frequent target among type collectors. The stars display fully delineated radials and centers, while Liberty's curls are more characteristic of the issue. Considerable frosty luster issues from the recesses. A minimally abraded orange-gold No Motto double eagle. NGC ID# 269C, PCGS# 8928

1859-S Double Eagle, AU58
Ex: S.S. Republic, Mint-Fresh Look



7066 1859-S AU58 NGC. CAC. Ex: *S.S. Republic*. Repunching is apparent on 18 in the date. A total of 60 1859-S double eagles were found on board the *S.S. Republic*, but only one was in mint condition (MS61). This piece ranks among the finest coins from that hoard, and few examples derived from any source survive in higher grades. This near-Mint twenty has the look of an Uncirculated coin with radiant frost, though the slightest trace of friction on the cheek prevents such a designation. Well-struck and lightly marked with luminous straw-gold coloration. NGC reports 22 finer submissions (11/16).
From The Casady Collection. NGC ID# 269C, PCGS# 8928

1860 Twenty Dollar, Choice AU
Partial Luster Remains



7067 1860 AU55 NGC. Aside from the first three stars, the radial lines are clear. Liberty's hair curls exhibit good detail for the type, as do the eagle's neck and wing feathers. Green and rose-gold hues complement partly lustrous, orange-gold surfaces. Myriad abrasions are expected, and a small grease mark occurs at the tip of the bust. NGC ID# 269D, PCGS# 8929

1860 Twenty Dollar, MS61
Challenging in Mint State



7068 1860 MS61 PCGS. Uncirculated examples of the 1860 double eagle are scarce in any grade and genuinely rare above MS61, where most Mint State coins seem to reside. This collectible MS61 piece displays a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold luster. Moderate abrasions determine the grade. Population: 34 in 61, 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269D, PCGS# 8929

7069 1861 AU53 PCGS. The vivid orange-gold surfaces of this pleasing AU53 example are lightly abraded and retain much of their original mint luster. The well-detailed design elements show only light wear and eye appeal remains quite strong. NGC ID# 269G, PCGS# 8932

**1861 Twenty Dollar, Frosty MS61
Attractive Type One Representative**



- 7070 1861 MS61 PCGS.** A high influx of gold from the West accounted for the massive output of nearly 3 million double eagles from the Philadelphia Mint in 1861. Uncirculated survivors can be found with some searching, but are apt to be no finer than MS62. This is a sharply struck, green and rose-gold representative of the Type One design. Thickly frosted with few major abrasions. NGC ID# 269G, PCGS# 8932

**1861 Double Eagle, MS62
Frosty and Well-Defined**



- 7071 1861 MS62 PCGS.** The 1861 is the most available Type One double eagle unaffected by shipwreck discoveries over the past couple decades. Still, coins finer than this are very scarce. Vibrant luster swirls across this light yellow-gold representative. The stars display full radial lines, and the curls and feathers are as strongly detailed as one may hope to find. Abrasions are generally shallow and undistracting. NGC ID# 269G, PCGS# 8932

**1861 Liberty Double Eagle, MS62
Popular Type One Issue**



- 7072 1861 MS62 NGC.** The fields are uncommonly smooth for the grade, although extensive scrutiny with a loupe locates some inconspicuous marks on the cheek. While an available date before the recovery of the *S.S. Republic*, since the recovery of those coins the 1861 has become an even more obtainable Type One issue. Still, examples remain scarce relative to demand, partly because of its Civil War date. Census: 76 in 62, 49 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2007), lot 3781; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5/2008), lot 3574. NGC ID# 269G, PCGS# 8932

**1862-S Liberty Head Twenty, AU50
Lustrous and Appealing**



- 7073 1862-S AU50 PCGS Secure.** Original orange-gold surfaces retain portions of luster in the fields amid otherwise lightly abraded surfaces. Type One S-mint double eagles are seldom seen in AU condition without heavy abrasions and subpar eye appeal. This 1862-S is an appealing exception to the rule. The design elements are sharply struck and show little high-point wear. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

1862-S Twenty Dollar, AU53



- 7074 1862-S AU53 NGC.** The 1862-S double eagle is a rarity in Uncirculated condition, making the present AU coin highly appealing to budget-conscious collectors. This challenging San Francisco issue is often seen with heavy abrasions, although the present example exhibits mainly uniform field chatter that does not overly detract. Partial luster remains in the bright yellow-gold fields. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

**1862-S Twenty Dollar, AU58
Seldom Encountered Finer**



- 7075 1862-S AU58 NGC.** The rarity of the 1862-S double eagle in Mint State produces strong demand for high-end AU coins. This near-Mint representative displays bold detail and lustrous yellow-gold fields. Light handling marks are present but do not overly detract. NGC reports only 34 higher-grade submissions (10/16).
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

1862-S Twenty, Bright AU58



- 7076** 1862-S AU58 NGC. The 1862-S is an issue that has only recently become available in higher grades, thus greatly expanding the number of higher grade Type One twenties for collectors. This piece displays bright, even yellow-gold color over each side with significant mint luster remaining. Surprisingly lightly abraded for this normally heavily marked issue. NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

**1862-S Double Eagle, AU58
Pleasing Near-Mint Type Two Twenty**



- 7077** 1862-S AU58 NGC. CAC. While Civil War hoards removed gold and silver coinage from circulation in much of the country, the West Coast was comparatively unaffected and substantial mintages continued for most denominations. Double eagles were stalwarts of trade and commerce. A mintage of 854,173 twenties was produced by the San Francisco Mint in 1862, some of which survive to this day in high grades. This near-Mint example retains nearly full mint luster with attractive orange-gold toning and grayish overtones. Sharply struck and only lightly abraded, the coin is CAC endorsed. Census: 156 in 58, 34 finer. CAC: 27 in 58, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269N, PCGS# 8938

**1863 Liberty Double Eagle, XF40
Type One Wartime Issue**



- 7078** 1863 XF40 NGC. A modest mintage of 142,790 Liberty double eagles was accomplished at the Philadelphia Mint in 1863, the low production due to wartime hoarding of all precious-metal coinage during that era. This pleasing XF specimen exhibits light wear on the well-detailed design elements, and the lustrous yellow and orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded. NGC ID# 269P, PCGS# 8939

**1863-S Twenty Dollar, AU53
Collectible No Motto Coin**



- 7079** 1863-S AU53 NGC. Medium S Mintmark. The 1863-S claims a mintage that approaches 1 million coins and an average certified grade of AU50, reflecting the discovery of a considerable number of AU and Uncirculated coins recovered from shipwrecks in the past couple of decades. This representative features orange-gold color and typically defined relief elements. Flashes of luster and rose-gold accents appear within the recesses. Myriad abrasions occur throughout. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940

**1863-S Liberty Double Eagle, AU55
Lightly Worn Type One Issue**



- 7080** 1863-S AU55 PCGS. From a substantial mintage of 966,570 pieces, the 1863-S Type One double eagle was often used in foreign trade and the issue is quite elusive in high grade, despite some nice examples recovered from recent shipwreck finds. This attractive Choice AU specimen offers lightly worn, moderately abraded orange-gold surfaces that retain significant amounts of original mint luster. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940

**1863-S Double Eagle, Pleasing AU55
Apricot-Gold Coloration**



- 7081** 1863-S AU55 NGC. Small S Mintmark. A few light marks and discernible rub define the grade of this Choice About Uncirculated, Civil War-era twenty. In the West, wartime hoarding was not as severe for silver and gold coinage, although this double eagle may have been tucked away after only brief time in commerce. Luster remains in protected areas and there are no serious abrasions. A pleasing Type One branch mint twenty. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940

1863-S Double Eagle, Near-Mint



- 7082** 1863-S AU58 NGC. CAC. Breen-7217. Small S. This is an attractive example, showing sharp detail and remarkably smooth surfaces. Rose and honey-gold luster resides in the protected areas, illuminating soft overtones of olive-gold on the relief elements. The eye appeal rivals that of many lower-grade Uncirculated coins. NGC ID# 269R, PCGS# 8940

1864 Twenty Dollar, AU50 Elusive Any Finer



- 7083** 1864 AU50 NGC. This Civil War-era Philadelphia issue is a rarity in Mint State. About Uncirculated coins such as the present piece represent a more affordable, yet, still-pleasing alternative. This coin displays sharp detail and bright yellow-gold coloration with hints of luster remaining in the fields. The 1864 is scarcer in AU than many other issues of this same period. NGC ID# 269S, PCGS# 8941

1864-S Liberty Double Eagle, XF45



- 7084** 1864-S XF45 NGC. Before recent shipwreck finds significantly increased the supply of high-grade specimens, the 1864-S Liberty double eagle was almost always seen in the VF-XF grade range. This impressive Choice XF specimen shows only light wear on the design elements and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces exhibit a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides. NGC ID# 269T, PCGS# 8942

1864-S Double Eagle, AU53 Better Date in High Grade



- 7085** 1864-S AU53 PCGS. A formerly rare date that remains scarce in higher grades, despite a number of pieces found in the *S.S. Republic* and *S.S. Brother Jonathan* treasures. This About Uncirculated example is highly lustrous with moderately lustrous yellow-gold fields and well-detailed devices.
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 3895. NGC ID# 269T, PCGS# 8942

1864-S Twenty Dollar, AU55 Lustrous Surfaces



- 7086** 1864-S AU55 NGC. The 1864-S was formerly a very difficult issue in AU and especially mint condition, but the *S.S. Republic* finds changed the landscape, making this an available issue in AU and better grades. This is a surprisingly lustrous example that shows just a trace of light friction in the fields. The surfaces are noticeably abraded on each side, as one would expect, and the color is original deep orange-gold. NGC ID# 269T, PCGS# 8942

**1865 Liberty Double Eagle, AU58
Undesignated Prooflike Fields**



7087 1865 AU58 PCGS. PCGS does not acknowledge such things, but the surfaces of this minimally circulated twenty are decidedly prooflike. Bright sun-gold color covers both sides, while wispy lines are the sole evidence of the brief stint in commerce. An impressive No Motto double eagle for the grade, sharply struck with frosted devices that contrast with the reflective fields. Population: 41 in 58, 49 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269U, PCGS# 8943

7088 1865-S XF40 PCGS. Small S. The population of the 1865-S was dramatically altered by the discoveries of the *S.S. Brother Jonathan* and *Republic*. This XF No Motto twenty is a collectible example of the type with peach-gold color and intermittent glints of luster near the protection regions. Design detail is typical. NGC ID# 269V, PCGS# 8944

**1866 With Motto Twenty, AU58
Still Lustrous, Light Abrasions**



7089 1866 Motto AU58 NGC. CAC. Ex: Granite Lady Hoard. Despite a generous mintage of 698,775 pieces, the first-year Motto twenty is scarce in About Uncirculated condition and rare any finer. Demand is high for the inaugural Type Two issue from both series specialists and type collectors. This is an original, brassy-gold example with reddish-gold highlights and scattered deep-gold toning. Light abrasions and slight rub from brief circulation do not diminish the eye appeal of this CAC-endorsed example. CAC: 21 in 58, 15 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 269X, PCGS# 8949

**1866 Twenty Dollar, Choice AU
Doubled Motto**



7090 1866 Doubled Motto, FS-801, AU55 PCGS. CAC. The N in IN is widely repunched. The R in TRUST is lightly repunched north. 1866 was the first year that IN GOD WE TRUST appeared on double eagles. Due to its remote location, San Francisco struck both Motto and No Motto varieties. Philadelphia struck only Motto examples, but it appears that the Motto was added by hand (instead of hubbed) for at least one of the reverse dies. This is a charming Choice AU example with pumpkin-gold color and no mentionable marks. NGC ID# 38JK, PCGS# 145733 Base PCGS# 8949

**1866-S Double Eagle, AU55
Inaugural With Motto Emission**



7091 1866-S Motto AU55 NGC. Double eagles were produced at the Western branch mint in 1866 with and without IN GOD WE TRUST above the eagle. The Motto coins are far more available, unsurprising given a mintage of 842,250 pieces. The recesses emit partial luster, illuminating green and rose-gold surfaces. Although this Choice AU piece saw brief circulation, the devices remain boldly defined. A die crack travels across the upper obverse. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26B2, PCGS# 8950

**1867 Double Eagle, AU58
Substantial Remaining Luster**



7092 1867 AU58 PCGS. This second-year Type Two issue claims a moderate mintage of 251,015 coins. Very scarcely are finer Uncirculated representatives seen. This near-Mint double eagle retains substantial luster over bright rose and greenish-gold surfaces. Boldly rendered on the stars with numerous marks evenly distributed over each side. NGC ID# 269Z, PCGS# 8951

**1867 Double Eagle, MS62+
High-End Type Two Coin**



- 7093 1867 MS62+ PCGS.** The 1867 Liberty double eagle claims a mintage of 251,015 pieces, an adequate production total in absolute terms, but not large in the context of the series. Most of the coins produced that year were used in overseas trade, where they were often melted for recoinage. Those that circulated domestically are usually heavily worn with myriad abrasions, and the examples repatriated from European holdings show signs of rough storage and transport. While circulated examples can be found without much trouble, the 1867 is a prime condition rarity in grades above the MS62 level.

This Plus-graded MS62 example offers well-detailed design elements with just a trace of the usual softness on Liberty's hair. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster, and scattered minor contact marks do little to detract from the outstanding eye appeal. Population: 51 in 62 (3 in 62+), 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 269Z, PCGS# 8951

1867-S Double Eagle, Choice AU



- 7094 1867-S AU55 PCGS.** Large S. Peach-gold luster dominates the borders and motifs of this Choice AU Type Two twenty. The strike is consistent, and noticeable marks are limited to Liberty's jaw and the field near the profile. Above average for the issue. Most survivors are in XF to AU grades, and PCGS has yet to certify any examples above the MS62 level. NGC ID# 26A2, PCGS# 8952

**1867-S Twenty Dollar, AU58
Very Rare Any Finer**



- 7095 1867-S AU58 NGC.** Small Squat S. The mintage of the 1867-S approaches 1 million coins, but examples were employed extensively in Western trade with no thought given to preserving some for the future. Consequently, Mint State coins are major rarities (about 20 pieces). Near-mint representatives are about as fine as one can hope to procure. Each side is orange-gold with hints of rose. Stars 1 through 4 and the curls are incomplete, but design definition is bold elsewhere. Most marks are confined to the obverse, while the reverse is comparatively clean. NGC ID# 26A2, PCGS# 8952

- 7096 1868-S AU55 NGC.** An impressive Choice AU Type Two double eagle, with some light wear on the high points of the well-detailed design elements and lightly abraded orange-gold surfaces that retain traces of original mint luster. Despite the substantial mintage of 837,500 pieces, the 1868-S is an elusive issue in higher grades. NGC ID# 26A4, PCGS# 8954

**1868-S Liberty Twenty, AU58
Seldom Encountered Any Finer**



7097 1868-S AU58 PCGS. Despite the mintage of 837,500 pieces, the 1868-S Liberty double eagle is a challenging issue in high grade. Like most Type Two double eagles, the 1868-S is most often seen in lower circulated grades and Mint State specimens are rare. The present coin is an attractive near-Mint example, with just a trace of high-point wear on the well-detailed design elements. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded, aside from a diagonal scratch near star 5 and a horizontal mark in the lower obverse field, near the throat. Population: 79 in 58 (2 in 58+), 35 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 26A4, PCGS# 8954

7098 1869-S AU55 NGC. Some luster remains in the protected regions of the fields on this well-detailed 1869-S double eagle. The surfaces are fairly smooth and present as problem-free. This Choice AU coin is quite appealing compared to heavily abraded low-end Mint State pieces. NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

**1869-S Liberty Twenty, AU58
Lightly Abraded Lustrous Surfaces**



7099 1869-S AU58 PCGS. A substantial mintage of 686,750 Liberty double eagles was accomplished at the San Francisco Mint in 1869. Most of the coins were released into circulation and few were saved for numismatic purposes, making the issue very scarce in high grade today. This lightly worn and lightly abraded near-Mint specimen exhibits attractive orange-gold surfaces with ample satiny mint luster. NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

**1869-S Twenty Dollar, AU58
Rarely Offered in Higher Grades**



7100 1869-S AU58 NGC. From a mintage of 686,750 coins, the 1869-S is moderately available through AU55. Near-mint examples are scarce, and truly Uncirculated survivors are rarely offered. This yellow-gold Type Two representative is surprisingly lustrous with a faint greenish tinge. Wispy marks appear over each side. The devices are well-defined. NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

**1869-S Twenty Dollar, Near-Mint
Eye-Appealing Type Two Coin**



7101 1869-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. The case of the 1869-S double eagle is no different from other gold and silver coins struck at the San Francisco Mint during this period. Examples circulated extensively in the West, and collectors made little effort to save mintmarked coins for numismatic purposes. Thus, the 1869-S is scarcely seen in AU58, and Mint State survivors are rare. The centers on this Type Two double eagle are boldly rendered, but the peripheries are a touch soft. Lively medium yellow-gold surfaces showcase eye-appealing lavender and orange accents. Distracting abrasions are incredibly scant. NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

**1869-S Double Eagle, MS61
Elusive in This Grade**



7102 1869-S MS61 NGC. Most of the generous 1869 San Francisco production approaching 700,000 pieces survives in the grades of Very Fine to About Uncirculated. Mint State examples are highly elusive in the MS60 to MS62 range and are excessively rare any finer. Still, the 1869-S double eagle is one of the few Type Two twenties from the 1860s that is somewhat available in Mint State. The frosty, peach-gold surfaces of this MS61 coin display nice mint luster throughout both sides. The design elements are relatively well-impressed, although the centers on the left-side stars are soft. A few minuscule marks contribute to the assigned grade. Census: 37 in 61 (1 in 61+), 22 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

7103 1870 — Rim Damage — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Moderate marks on the reverse rim at 4:30 are less consequential than implied by the PCGS designation. We also mention four narrow horizontal marks, located on the reverse between WE and the first U in UNUM. This lower mintage canary-gold Type Two twenty displays cartwheel luster and shows scant evidence of wear.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.

**1870-S Twenty Dollar, AU58
Lightly Circulated Example**



- 7104 1870-S AU58 PCGS.** A lustrous, lightly circulated Liberty double eagle, with well-detailed design elements and pleasing greenish-gold surfaces that emit subtle highlights of orange color. A number of scattered, minor abrasions are consistent with the grade. Uncirculated examples are infrequently encountered.
Ex: Pittsburgh Signature (Heritage, 10/2011), lot 5125. NGC ID# 26A9, PCGS# 8959

**1871-S Double Eagle, MS60
Scarce in Uncirculated Condition**



- 7105 1871-S MS60 PCGS.** Micro S. While plentiful in grades Very Fine to About Uncirculated, the 1871-S double eagle becomes increasingly rare in Mint State. Indeed, it is virtually unobtainable above MS62. This well-struck yellow-gold example displays nearly full luster, somewhat more so on the reverse. Distributed marks are more prevalent on the obverse. Unlisted in *Cherrypickers'*, this coin shows what appears to be the misplaced base of a 1 in the fields below the 87 in the date.
Ex: Houston Signature (Heritage, 12/2009), lot 1948.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 8962

**1871-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Challenging in Mint State**



- 7106 1871-S MS61 PCGS.** Micro S. What appears to be the base of a misplaced 1 is evident in the field below the 87 of the date. This Uncirculated 1871-S twenty dollar displays a bold strike and lustrous yellow-gold fields. Scattered abrasions define the grade. This Type Two San Francisco issue is scarce in Mint State and borderline rare above the present grade level. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 8962

**1871-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Frosty and Lustrous**



- 7107 1871-S MS61 PCGS.** A true Uncirculated example with frosty wheat-gold luster that just shows scattered abrasions. No individually significant marks are seen. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent for the grade. The 1871-S double eagle is scarce in Mint State and rarely encountered above MS61. This piece remains accessible by budget-conscious collectors. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 8962

1871-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Lustrous and Eye-Appealing



7108 1871-S MS61 PCGS. Micro S. About Uncirculated examples of the 1871-S are eminently collectible, but the issue becomes very scarce once it crosses the Mint State threshold. This MS61 offering undoubtedly has the look of a higher-grade coin. The central obverse is well-defined, though the left star radials are incomplete. The reverse similarly features razor-sharp detail on the eagle's neck, wing, and tailfeathers, while parts of the legends are marginally soft. Rose-gold surfaces radiate vibrant luster. Fewer marks than expected for the grade. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 8962

7109 1872 AU58 NGC. This is an excellent appearing double eagle with frosty yellow luster and sharp design features. The surfaces are lightly abraded with a couple large marks on the obverse. The surface quality is typical of most known examples. NGC ID# 26AD, PCGS# 8963

1872 Double Eagle, MS61
Glittering Peach-Gold Surfaces



7110 1872 MS61 PCGS. This Type Two Philadelphia double eagle issue is very scarcely offered in mint condition. This is essentially the highest grade for which the 1872 can be considered obtainable, as higher-graded representatives are very rare. Copper-orange hues accent glittering peach-gold surfaces awash in luminous luster. The relief elements are crisply impressed with minor softness on the hair curls. Marks appear over each side. Housed in a green label holder. Population: 47 in 61, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26AD, PCGS# 8963

1872-CC Twenty Dollar, AU50
Early Carson City Semikey



7111 1872-CC AU50 PCGS. Variety 1-B. The wide mintmark placement and spikes from the denticles above CA are diagnostic. About 1.5% of the 26,900-coin mintage is believed to have survived (roughly 400 to 450 pieces). The average certified representative grades somewhere between XF45 and AU50. This About Uncirculated double eagle from the early period of Carson City coinage displays light orange-gold color and good detail with merging over stars 1 to 4 and Liberty's hair strands. Partial luster glitters from within the recesses of this pleasing semikey, and myriad marks occur throughout. A nice example of a challenging Type Two issue. NGC ID# 26AE, PCGS# 8964

**1872-CC Double Eagle, AU53
Elusive Western Issue**



7112 1872-CC AU53 NGC. Variety 2-A. The 1 in the date nearly touches the bust, and the CC mintmark is narrowly spaced over the N. It should come as no surprise to students of this series that the 1872-CC is scarce across the board. The issue circulated extensively in the West, and was not exactly produced to a great degree. Only 26,900 double eagles were struck at the Carson City Mint in 1872, up from 17,387 coins the year before. The 1872-CC is the first obtainable Nevada double eagle after the exceedingly elusive 1871-CC and the uncollectible 1870-CC. Bright yellow-gold surfaces house myriad marks, and the central devices are somewhat incomplete. However, the stars show full radial lines and flashes of luster appear within the recesses. A small edge bump occurs at 2 o'clock on the obverse. NGC ID# 26AE, PCGS# 8964

7113 1872-S AU58 PCGS. Small Narrow S. A honey-gold representative of the conditionally scarce Type Two design. The well-struck surfaces are lustrous and exhibit the expected quantity of small to moderate marks. NGC ID# 26AF, PCGS# 8965

**1873 Double Eagle, MS60
Underrated Closed 3 Variant**



7114 1873 Closed 3 MS60 PCGS. Much rarer than the Open 3 variety, the Closed 3 double eagle made up only a small portion of the 1.7 million-piece mintage in 1873. Even comparable MS60 coins are very scarce. Full cartwheel mint luster flows across the lightly abraded surfaces. The coin retains its Mint-fresh look despite the scuffs and some deep, dirty-gold accents. Underrated for the importance of the Closed 3 type and the scarcity of original-surface survivors. Population: 26 in 60, 33 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8966

7115 1873 Open 3 MS62 NGC. Frosty wheat-gold luster and a sharp strike give this Mint State 1873 Open 3 double eagle excellent eye appeal for the grade. Light abrasions on the cheek and in the adjacent field are not overly bothersome. This issue is infrequently available finer. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967

7116 1873 Open 3 MS62 PCGS. CAC. An attractive MS62 specimen of the more available Open 3 variety, with vivid orange-gold surfaces that show a scattering of minor contact marks and retain almost all of their original mint luster. The design elements are sharply detailed and eye appeal is strong for the grade. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967

**1873-S Double Eagle, MS61
Lustrous and Well-Defined**



7117 1873-S Closed 3 MS61 PCGS. Uncirculated 1873-S double eagles are predominately found in the MS60 to MS62 range. The yellow-gold surfaces of this MS61 piece show more luster than might be expected for the grade, despite the numerous marks, especially on the obverse. The design elements are well-defined. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8969

**1873-S Double Eagle, AU58
Original Orange-Gold Color**



- 7118 1873-S Open 3 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** A thoroughly lustrous, vividly colored Open 3 example with rich orange-gold and tangerine surfaces. The strike is sharp, and each side shows light, scattered abrasions as expected for the grade. The originality of the surfaces and the scarcity of finer examples gives this CAC-endorsed near-Mint coin exceptional appeal. NGC ID# 26AM, PCGS# 8979

**1874-CC Liberty Head Twenty, AU55
Carson City Type Coin**



- 7119 1874-CC AU55 NGC. Variety 2-A.** The 1874-CC double eagle comes from a substantial mintage of 115,085 pieces, although Mint State coins are nonetheless elusive. This Choice AU representative offers the budget-conscious collector sharp detail and partial mint luster with yellow-gold surfaces. Scattered abrasions are consistent with the grade. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8971

- 7120 1874-S AU58+ PCGS. CAC.** This sharply detailed 1874-S double eagle is about as lustrous and frosty as a circulated gold piece can get. Scattered abrasions accompany the grade but are not particularly distracting. The Plus-designation makes this coin highly appealing. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

- 7121 1874-S MS60 NGC. Block S mintmark.** A well struck canary-gold Type Two twenty with good luster and distributed small to moderate abrasions. The 1874-S is a conditional rarity. NGC has certified just three pieces as MS63, with none finer. The present MS60 example is above average for the issue, since a majority of certified pieces are in circulated grades. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

**1874-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Scarce Any Finer**



- 7122 1874-S MS61 PCGS.** This Type Two San Francisco issue is usually available in MS61, but higher-grade representatives are scarce. This piece is well-struck and lustrous with yellow-gold surfaces. Scattered abrasions determine the grade, including a vertical mark above Liberty's ear that serves as a pedigree marker. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

**1874-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Seldom Offered Finer**



- 7123 1874-S MS61 PCGS.** Plentiful through MS61, the 1874-S double eagle becomes scarce and out of reach in finer grades. This accessible Mint State coin displays a sharp strike and frosty orange-gold cartwheel luster. Heavily abraded surfaces account for the grade, although the originality of the luster balances the eye appeal. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

1874-S Double Eagle, Lustrous MS61



- 7124 1874-S MS61 PCGS. Broad S.** The 1874-S has one of the highest mintages among Type Two double eagles (1.2 million coins) and correspondingly ranks among the more accessible issues in mint condition. However, anything graded higher than this MS61 double eagle will present a serious challenge to any dedicated specialist. The surfaces are relatively smooth for the grade. Both sides feature frosty luster that blends with light yellow-gold color. Well-struck with a particularly attractive reverse. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

- 7125 1875 MS61 PCGS.** An impressive Mint State Type Two double eagle, this 1875 is fully brilliant and lustrous with lovely yellow surfaces. Pale rose tones outline the devices and subliminal blue toning lines the borders. This imposing gold piece has exceptional eye appeal. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 8973

1875 Liberty Double Eagle, MS63
Very Rare in Finer Grades



- 7126 1875 MS63 NGC.** The Liberty double eagle was the only gold denomination struck in normal quantities at the Philadelphia Mint in 1875, with a nominal mintage of 295,740 pieces. Like most Type Two twenties, the 1875 is seldom found in high grade. This impressive Select example displays well-detailed design elements and lightly marked, dusky orange-gold surfaces with slightly subdued mint luster. Census: 29 in 63, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 8973

1875-CC Double Eagle, Partially Lustrous AU53



- 7127 1875-CC AU53 PCGS. Variety 9-A.** A pleasing Type Two Carson City double eagle, showing orange-gold surfaces with remnants of luster in the protected regions of the fields. The strike is sharp, and little high-point wear is observed. Scattered abrasions on each side are a typical characteristic of CC-mint twenties. This piece is suitable for date and type purposes. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974

1875-CC Double Eagle, AU58
Beautifully Lustrous



- 7128 1875-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 9-A.** Here is a coin that displays incredibly vibrant, original orange-gold luster in volumes rarely seen below the Mint State grade level. The obverse shows light chatter on the cheek and in the fields, and both central devices exhibit minor strike weakness at their centers. Nonetheless, eye appeal dominates. Housed in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974

1875-CC Double Eagle, MS61
Lively Mint Frost



- 7129 1875-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 2-B.** The right edge of the second C is in line with left edge of the T, and the date is positioned further right. Despite a lower mintage than several of its counterparts (111,151 coins), the 1875-CC is one of the few available (relatively speaking) Carson City double eagles in Uncirculated grades. This MS61 example boasts lively mint frost over light yellow-gold surfaces that display semiprooflike tendencies. The upper stars are needle-sharp, while the lower stars are trivially soft. The hair strands above Liberty's ear and the eagle's feathers are as bold as can be expected for the type. Scattered ticks and grazes limit the grade, but the cheek is fairly clean. NGC ID# 26AT, PCGS# 8974

- 7130 1875-S MS61 NGC.** Radiant yellow-gold luster rolls around the moderately abraded surfaces of this Uncirculated Type Two double eagle. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent for the grade. NGC ID# 26AU, PCGS# 8975

**1875-S Double Eagle, MS62+
Outstanding Quality for the Grade**



- 7131 1875-S MS62+ PCGS. CAC.** Luminous rose-gold surfaces are exceptionally preserved for the accorded technical assessment. Eye appeal, too, is far better than what might be expected for the grade. The first three stars are incomplete, but the others show full radials and centers. Small abrasions are undistracting, and die cracks encircle the reverse legends. PCGS has only certified 25 finer submissions. CAC: 21 in 62, 5 finer (12/16). NGC ID# 26AU, PCGS# 8975

**1876 Double Eagle, MS61 Prooflike
Very Rare With Bold Contrast**



- 7132 1876 MS61 Prooflike NGC. CAC.** Light Motto. Prooflike coins represent merely 1% of the 2,773 1876 double eagle submissions at NGC, attesting to their utmost rarity in any grade. This profoundly reflective and boldly contrasted Mint State example showcases deep yellow-gold color and a strong strike, though the stars are a bit soft. Myriad field marks are typical. Two linear depressions in the left obverse field act as pedigree identifiers. Census: 13 in 61 Prooflike, 3 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26AV, PCGS# 78976
- 7133 1876-CC VF35 PCGS. Variety 5-B.** Arguably one of the most affordable Carson City doubles on the market, this Choice VF 1876-CC displays even wear with uniform olive-gold coloration. Lightly abraded surfaces include several old, faint scratches in the left obverse field. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

1876-CC Double Eagle, AU Details



- 7134 1876-CC — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** Much like their silver dollar counterparts, Carson City double eagles hold a special place in the hearts of collectors who pursue this series in its various collectible forms. The 1876-CC is one of more plentiful double eagle issues from this mint, making it a popular choice for the enthusiast seeking a single CC-mintmarked coin. The present example will be considered by budget-conscious collectors. It shows bright yellow-gold color and bold motifs, but numerous hairlines expose a thorough cleaning. Small coppery discolorations appear near Liberty's ear and chin and on the reverse around the final S in STATES. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

**1876-CC Twenty Dollar, AU58
Semiprooflike Fields, Smooth Surfaces**



- 7135 1876-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A.** Rich yellow-gold surfaces give this near-Mint Carson City double eagle excellent eye appeal for the grade. The fields are mirrored but free of major abrasions. Even Liberty's cheek is clean. The strike is sharp throughout. The 1876-CC is one of the more plentiful Carson City issues in the double eagle series, suitable for the collector seeking a single coin from this mint. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

**1876-CC Twenty Dollar, AU58
Vibrant Remaining Luster**



- 7136 1876-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 5-A.** One of 10 die pairs used to strike 138,441 double eagles at the Nevada branch mint in 1876. Variety 5-A features a network of die lines near the lower curl, a vertical die crack left of the date, and the right edge of the second C over the left edge of the T. The friction that barely prevents an Uncirculated assessment is near-indiscernible. Peach and rose-gold surfaces remain vibrant and lustrous with strong definition on the obverse stars and eagle's feathers. The date side features a touch of reflectivity in the fields. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

**1876-CC Double Eagle, MS61
Breen's Wide CC Mintmark**



7137 1876-CC MS61 NGC. Variety 3-D. The Carson City Mint produced 138,441 double eagles in the centennial year, minted from a combination of seven obverse dies and four reverse dies, creating 10 documented die varieties. The Wide CC reverse seen here was only used in one of the 10 combinations, and was called Very Rare by Walter Breen in his *Complete Encyclopedia*. We examined 70 Mint State examples of this issue that appeared in our Permanent Auction Archives, and found seven examples of the Wide CC variety. This piece has reflective surfaces with fully brilliant luster and a few faint hairlines and surface marks on each side. Perhaps not the rarity that Breen suggested, but still an extremely important Carson City double eagle. NGC ID# 26AW, PCGS# 8977

7138 1876-S MS61 NGC. A large mintage of nearly 1.6 million pieces combine with many repatriated exports make the 1876-S readily available in all but the higher Mint State grades — an unusual opportunity to secure an Uncirculated Type Two double eagle. The Block S mintmark is nearly centered over the second T in TWENTY, one of several positional varieties yet to be fully defined for the 1876-S. Scattered abrasions exist on the highly lustrous, sun-gold surfaces, but none are too severe. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

**1876-S Twenty Dollar, MS62
Final Type Two Issue, Ideal for Type**



7139 1876-S MS62 PCGS. Vibrant honey-gold color covers both sides of this frosty and minimally abraded Mint State double eagle, the final year of the Type Two design. Nearly 1.6 million pieces were struck. Frosty luster reveals fleeting orange accents and a strong strike adds to the eye appeal. The 1876-S is easily the most readily available Type Two double eagle for type, although it is scarce in Select Uncirculated and finer grades. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

**1876-S Twenty Dollar, Sharp MS62
Last S-Mint Type Two Issue**



7140 1876-S MS62 PCGS. This Centennial-year S-mint issue engenders broad appeal in addition to its popular date and mintmark. Radiant cartwheel luster emanates from both sides, and the strike is close to full. Beautiful orange-gold color dominates with complementary glints of mint-green on the reverse. A sharp-looking Type Two double eagle, the last of the subtype with TWENTY D. on the reverse.
Ex: *Central States Signature* (Heritage, 4-5/2010), lot 3917. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

**1876-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS62
Nice Final-Year Type Coin**



7141 1876-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. The final year of the Type Two design saw a large mintage of 1.6 million Liberty double eagles at the San Francisco Mint. Many examples were sent overseas in foreign trade and some have been repatriated in recent times, making the 1876-S a relatively available issue and a popular choice for type collectors. This well-detailed MS62 specimen displays lustrous orange-gold surfaces, with a scattering of minor contact marks on both sides. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

1876-S Twenty Dollar, Frosty MS62+



- 7142 1876-S MS62+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1876-S Liberty double eagle is difficult to acquire in MS63, but MS62 coins often lack the desired eye appeal for quality collections. This Plus-graded, CAC-approved example balances aesthetics and affordability. The strike is sharp, and each side offers vibrant, frosty luster in rose-gold and peach-yellow hues. Light marks determine the grade but are uniformly dispersed with minimal visual impact. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

- 7143 1877 MS61 PCGS. CAC.** The reverse was modified to read TWENTY DOLLARS in 1877, the first year of the Type Three design. Peach and green-gold surfaces are thickly frosted and inarguably original. A sharp strike further the desirability of this Uncirculated representative. Myriad abrasions are in line with the grade. Rarely seen with CAC approval. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 8982

**1877 Double Eagle, Frosty MS62
Conditionally Scarce, First P-Mint Type Three**



- 7144 1877 MS62 NGC. CAC.** Very scarce in Select Uncirculated grades and finer, the MS62 level is an optimal opportunity for double eagle specialists needing a first-year Type Three example. This 1877 twenty fills the bill with lustrous and attractive medium-gold surfaces. Light grazes and small marks are confined primarily to the obverse, while the brilliantly lustrous reverse is perhaps two grades finer. A sharp strike covers both sides. NGC reports just 16 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 8982
- 7145 1877-S MS61 PCGS.** A pleasing Mint State Type Three double eagle, with well-detailed design elements and orange-gold surfaces that show the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. Vibrant mint luster radiates from both sides. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 8984
- 7146 1878 MS61 PCGS.** Yellow- and orange-gold color graces both sides of this MS61 specimen that retains ample luster. The design features are well-impressed. A few moderate-sized marks are visible on Liberty's cheek. NGC ID# 26B3, PCGS# 8985

**1878 Twenty, Frosty MS62+
Seldom Seen Finer**



- 7147 1878 MS62+ PCGS.** Most Uncirculated 1878 double eagles are concentrated in the MS60 to MS62 grade range, with finer coins scarce. This Plus-designated piece offers better-than-average quality for the grade along with sharp devices and frosty yellow-gold luster. A linear mark on Liberty's cheek is the only notable abrasion. NGC ID# 26B3, PCGS# 8985

**1878-CC Twenty, Choice VF
Collector-Grade Example**



- 7148 1878-CC VF35 ANACS. Variety 1-A.** A heavy die scratch on Liberty's neck aids in rapid identification of this often-seen variety. This Choice VF 1878-CC double eagle represents an excellent opportunity for the budget-conscious collector to acquire one of the better Carson City issues in the series. This piece displays medium olive-gold surfaces with light wear. A small rim bump is noted near star 8 on the obverse.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26B4, PCGS# 8986

1878-CC Double Eagle, XF45
Scarce Type Three CC-Mint Issue



7149 1878-CC XF45 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The 1878-CC is among the more challenging Type Three Carson City issues in the series, and in Mint State, it is the rarest, just edging out the 1879-CC and 1885-CC for that honor. Coming from a small 13,180-coin mintage, this is not all that surprising. Frequent auction appearances for this issue reflect an active trading market brought about by strong collector demand, not necessarily ample quantities of the issue being available. Of the coins seen at auction over the past couple of decades, most have resided in XF or lower AU grades; we have handled only a single Mint State piece, a heavily abraded Prooflike coin more than a decade ago.

This Choice XF representative displays substantially more original luster than expected for the grade, and the design elements are sharp with minimal blending. Light surface chatter accompanies rich yellow-gold patina. Eye appeal exceeds expectations. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26B4, PCGS# 8986

1879-S Twenty Dollar, AU58 Prooflike
Scarce With Reflective Fields



7150 1879-S AU58 Prooflike NGC. This prooflike, near-Mint twenty retains an impressive amount of prooflike surface and sharply defined devices. Light surface chatter and a few delicate lines confirm the brief circulation, yet the eye appeal is strong. Pleasing orange accents augment the attractive, medium-gold coloration. Relatively few prooflike examples are certified for this San Francisco date. Census: 5 in 58 Prooflike, 7 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26B9, PCGS# 78991

1880 Double Eagle, AU55
Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue



7151 1880 AU55 PCGS. The 1880 double eagle is scarce in Mint State. This collectible Choice AU representative displays sharp design elements and bright yellow-gold color. Prooflike mirroring appears in the obverse fields despite scattered abrasions, while the reverse exhibits a more satiny luster. Eye appeal is pleasing for this low-mintage issue, struck to the extent of only 51,420 pieces. NGC ID# 26BA, PCGS# 8992

1880 Double Eagle, Lustrous AU58



7152 1880 AU58 NGC. The 1880 double eagle is fairly available through MS62 due to significant quantities having been imported from European banks. The yellow-gold surfaces of this near-Mint example retain considerable luster and exhibit sharply struck design features. A few light circulation grazes do not detract. NGC ID# 26BA, PCGS# 8992

**1882-CC Double Eagle, VF35
Rich Coloration**



- 7153 1882-CC VF35 PCGS. Variety 1-A.** This piece represents the scarce variety of the 1882-CC double eagle, showing the first C in the mintmark higher than the second. The coin is well-detailed and displays smooth honey-gold features, save for some marks in the obverse field near star 5. Hints of luster remain in the reverse fields. NGC ID# 26BF, PCGS# 8997

**1882-CC Liberty Twenty, AU55
Lustrous and Lightly Abraded**



- 7154 1882-CC AU55 PCGS. Variety 1-A.** From a mintage of 39,140 pieces, Doug Winter has identified two varieties of the 1882-CC Liberty double eagle. This coin represents the rarer Variety 1-A, with a closely spaced CC mintmark and the first C higher than the second. Only a touch of wear is evident on the sharply detailed design elements and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded. NGC ID# 26BF, PCGS# 8997

**1882-CC Twenty Dollars, AU58
Peach-Gold Color, CAC Seal**



- 7155 1882-CC AU58 NGC. CAC. Variety 1-A.** The rarer of the two known die marriages for this low mintage (39,140 pieces) Carson City emission. This is an original peach-gold near-Mint example that displays fewer than the expected number of small abrasions. Substantial luster rolls across the pleasing surfaces. As an identifier, we note a mark on the dentils below the second L in DOLLARS. Highly elusive with a CAC seal. CAC: 14 in 58, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26BF, PCGS# 8997

1883-CC Double Eagle, XF45



- 7156 1883-CC XF45 PCGS. Variety 2-A.** Luster brightens the borders and motifs of this original olive-green Carson City double eagle. Marks are distributed, but fewer than anticipated given the moderate Old West circulation. With a mintage of less than 60,000 pieces, the 1883-CC has only about 5% of the production of its 1883-S cousin. NGC ID# 26BH, PCGS# 8999

- 7157 1883-S MS62 PCGS. Small Squat S.** A lustrous and lovely pumpkin-orange example. The strike is crisp throughout. The 1883-S is available in bagmarked Mint State, but attractive, lightly marked pieces are surprisingly scarce. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7158 1883-S MS62 NGC. Small squat S,** one of two mintmark sizes known for the issue. The olive-green and canary-gold surfaces are lustrous and well struck. Marks are distributed but inoffensive for the MS62 level. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7159 1883-S MS62 PCGS. Tall S.** A lustrous example with an olive-green borders and an orange-gold center. The sharply struck surfaces display a smattering of small abrasions, with the greater number on the obverse.
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2006), lot 3767. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7160 1883-S MS62 NGC. Tall S.** Moderately scarce in MS62 and very scarce any finer, the 1883-S poses an unexpected challenge given a mintage approaching 1.2 million coins. Most collectors have no choice but to pursue the 1883-S given the lack of P-mint circulation strikes and the popularity of CC coins. Medium rose-gold surfaces display exceedingly bold detail with scattered marks throughout. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7161 1883-S MS62 NGC.** Frosty orange-gold surfaces deliver warm luster on this well-struck 1883-S twenty. Grade-limiting abrasions are light and uniformly dispersed over each side. Two small alloy spots are seen, one on top of Liberty's hair and the other near the mintmark. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7162 1883-S MS62 NGC.** The cartwheel effect on this Mint State 1883-S Liberty Head double eagle is dazzling, accentuated by a hint of field reflectivity on the reverse. The strike is sharp, and the rose-gold luster is highly appealing. An abrasion between stars 2 and 3 is the most obvious of those that determine the grade. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7163 1883-S MS62 NGC.** Some reflectivity in the reverse fields complements frosty luster on the obverse of this MS62 1883-S twenty. The strike is sharp throughout. Moderate abrasions scattered across the obverse define the grade. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7164 1883-S MS62 NGC.** This sharp Uncirculated 1883-S double eagle displays warm orange-gold luster. The obverse is frosty and shows moderate abrasions, while the reverse has semiprooflike fields. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

- 7165 1883-S MS62 NGC.** A sharp strike and vibrant, frosty honey-gold luster offer pleasing visual appeal on this Mint State example, while light, scattered abrasions account for the grade. A small toning spot appears on the obverse in front of Liberty's neck. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

7166 1883-S MS62 NGC. Rose-gold interiors cede to lighter yellow-gold margins on this Mint State 1883-S double eagle. The strike is sharp, and abrasions are consistent with the grade. Finer examples of this issue are elusive. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

**1883-S Twenty Dollar, MS63
Few Known Finer**



7167 1883-S MS63 NGC. The 1883-S double eagle is a scarce date in MS63, and finer representatives are exceedingly rare. This Select example displays sharp design definition and frosty yellow-gold cartwheel luster. A few light, unobtrusive grazes determine the grade. Census: 83 in 63 (1 in 63+), 6 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

**1884-CC Double Eagle, XF45
Original Patina**



7168 1884-CC XF45 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A. Boasting a mintage that exceeds 81,000 pieces, the 1884-CC double eagle represents an affordable option for the budget-conscious collector seeking a single coin from the Carson City Mint. This Choice XF example displays pleasing detail and original olive-gold color with remnants of luster in the fields. Scattered abrasions accompany the grade. NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001

**1884-CC Double Eagle, AU58
Lustrous and Appealing**



7169 1884-CC AU58 PCGS. Variety 1-A. For many collectors, a lustrous, attractive AU coin is preferable to a more expensive Mint State piece covered in unsightly bagmarks. Thus is the appeal of this near-Mint 1884-CC double eagle. The surfaces are only lightly marked and display frosty wheat-gold luster in the fields. The sharp design elements show little evidence of high-point friction. NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001

1884-CC Liberty Twenty, Unc Details



7170 1884-CC — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Variety 1-A. From a mintage of 81,139 pieces, the 1884-CC Liberty double eagle is a popular issue with series specialists and branch mint type collectors, alike. This impressive specimen exhibits sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces throughout. No actual wear is evident, but some minor pitting shows on Liberty's cheek. NGC ID# 26BK, PCGS# 9001

**1885-CC Double Eagle, AU53
Popular Carson City Issue**



7171 1885-CC AU53 PCGS Secure. Variety 1-A. "The 1885-CC issue is scarce; in fact, it is one of the rarest Carson City double eagles struck in the 1880s": Thus begins the narrative on the 1885-CC twenty in Garrett and Guth's *Encyclopedia of U.S. Gold Coins*. This issue comes from a low mintage of 9,450 pieces. Survivors largely originated in overseas hoards, residuals of trade exports from more than a century ago. Circulated examples today are more or less evenly distributed through the VF, XF, and AU grade levels, with Mint State pieces being rare. The present coin is in AU, showing partially lustrous fields and bright yellow-gold patina. The devices are well-detailed. Scattered abrasions on each side are typical of the grade. NGC ID# 26BN, PCGS# 9004

**1885-CC Twenty Dollar, Unc Details
Scarce Carson City Issue**



- 7172 1885-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. Variety 1-A.** Coming from a small mintage of 9,450 pieces, the 1885-CC is one of the rarest Carson City double eagles of the Type Three design. Mint State examples are seldom offered and typically command strong prices when sold. This example is unworn, but a light cleaning keeps it within the grasp of budget-restricted collectors. The strike is sharp, and each side displays bright yellow-gold luster. Scattered field chatter is typical of the issue. NGC ID# 26BN, PCGS# 9004

**1885-S Double Eagle, MS63+
Vibrant Mint Luster**



- 7173 1885-S MS63+ PCGS.** The 1885-S is another San Francisco issue that is collectible in MS63 but rare finer. The present Plus-designated representative offers lustrous rose-gold surfaces with minimal abrasions and sharp design elements. Eye appeal surpasses expectations for the grade. PCGS reports 39 finer submissions, NGC only 11 (10/16). NGC ID# 26BP, PCGS# 9005

**1887-S Twenty Dollar, MS62
Better Date in High Grade**



- 7174 1887-S MS62 NGC.** A wonderful example and conditionally rare, with only 25 finer NGC-certified examples of the date. Only proofs were coined in Philadelphia during the year 1887, and no other mint produced any double eagles, so the 1887-S is the only circulation strike of that denomination. Peripheral turquoise patina enhances full, satiny luster and light yellow surfaces. Abrasions are minimal for the grade.
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2009), lot 2125. NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

**1887-S Double Eagle, MS62
Above-Average Strike**



- 7175 1887-S MS62 PCGS.** This double eagle shows yellow-gold surfaces that retain ample luster. The design elements are better impressed than ordinarily seen on this issue, especially Liberty's hair strands and the star centers that are often weak. Unobtrusive grazes limit the grade. PCGS has seen fewer than 80 pieces finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

**1887-S Liberty Double Eagle, MS62
Elusive S-Mint Issue in High Grade**



- 7176 1887-S MS62 NGC.** The 1887-S Liberty double eagle claims a small San Francisco mintage of 283,000 pieces, making the issue quite elusive in high grade today. This attractive MS62 specimen exhibits well-detailed design elements and lustrous yellow and rose-gold surfaces with the expected number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC has graded 25 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

**1887-S Twenty Dollar, MS62
Seldom Offered Finer**



- 7177 1887-S MS62 PCGS.** Mint State examples of the 1887-S double eagle are infrequently seen compared to traditional common dates, and coins grading finer than the present MS62 piece are scarce. Sharp design elements melt into vibrant, frosty luster on each side that appears green-gold in the margins and transitions to warmer rose-gold hues in the centers. Scattered abrasions define the grade. NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

**1887-S Double Eagle, MS62+
Frosty Original Luster**



- 7178 1887-S MS62+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1887-S is another Type Three San Francisco issue that is available in MS62 but scarce in MS63. This Plus-graded example resides somewhere in the middle, and the CAC green label gives it heightened appeal. The strike is sharp, and each side displays frosty original luster with warm rose-gold interiors ceding to green-gold margins. Scattered abrasions define the grade. NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

1889 Double Eagle, Sharply Struck MS62



- 7179 1889 MS62 PCGS.** The double eagles of 1889 are infrequently found above the MS62 level. Indeed, PCGS and NGC have certified only about 40 examples finer (11/16). In this regard, Fuljenz (2015) writes: "The 1889 ... has a great rarity factor. It is very hard to find even in MS62." Yellow-gold, lustrous surfaces exhibit sharply struck devices throughout. Additionally, this piece reveals fewer and less severe abrasions than typically encountered. NGC ID# 2695, PCGS# 9010

**1889-CC Double Eagle, XF40
Old-Time Coloration**



- 7180 1889-CC XF40 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A.** The Carson City Mint reopened in 1889 with a coinage of 30,945 double eagles, creating an issue that would become elusive in high grade for modern-day collectors. This accessible XF representative displays old-time olive-gold coloration and adequate detail for the grade. Scattered abrasions are consistent with moderate circulation in the Nevada Territory. NGC ID# 26BV, PCGS# 9011

**1889-CC Double Eagle, XF45
Popular Carson City Issue**



- 7181 1889-CC XF45 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A.** Doubling on Liberty's ear is characteristic of the only 1889-CC double eagle variety. This Choice XF coin is sharply detailed with partial luster remaining in the protected regions of the fields. Light handling marks are typical of the grade and contribute to the natural appearance delivered by rich olive-gold coloration. NGC ID# 26BV, PCGS# 9011

1889-CC Double Eagle, Lustrous AU58



- 7182 1889-CC AU58 NGC. Variety 1-A.** The 1889-CC double eagle boasts a small mintage of 30,945 pieces and a proportionately limited Mint State survival. This more accessible near-Mint example displays lustrous yellow-gold fields and bold design elements with trivial high-point friction. Light field chatter accompanies the grade, as expected. NGC ID# 26BV, PCGS# 9011

- 7183 1889-S Saddle Ridge Hoard MS62 PCGS. Ex: Saddle Ridge Hoard.** An attractive MS62 Liberty double eagle from the famous Saddle Ridge Hoard, this coin offers sharply detailed design elements throughout and lustrous orange-gold surfaces that show the minimum number of minor contact marks for the grade. NGC ID# 26BW, PCGS# 109012 Base PCGS# 9012

- 7184 1890-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 1-A.** The 1890-CC is a moderately available Carson City issue. The usual example has heavily abraded surfaces, but this piece shows remarkably few marks. It is, however, noticeably hairlined over each side. The strike details are even and strong over the design elements. NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014

**1890-CC Twenty Dollar, Lustrous AU50
Uncommonly Appealing for the Grade**



- 7185** 1890-CC AU50 PCGS. Ex: Rainy Day Collection. This piece is in the early die state, preceding the lapping of the reverse in which the eagle's tailfeathers were partially effaced. Much luster emerges from the fields with original orange-gold patina. The devices are well-detailed, and the surfaces are unusually smooth. This is a striking attractive Carson City double eagle. NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014

**1890-CC Twenty Dollar, AU53
Partially Lustrous With Original Color**



- 7186** 1890-CC AU53 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A. This piece is in the early die state before the eagle's tailfeathers were partially effaced by die lapping. The coin displays bold detail and original olive-gold patina with remnants of luster in the fields. The 1890-CC double eagle is an available date in the context of Carson City issues, although the supply of nice AU examples with original, appealing surfaces is limited. NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014

**1890-CC Twenty Dollar, AU55
Collectible Carson City Issue**



- 7187** 1890-CC AU55 PCGS. Variety 1-A. The lower peripheral reverse legends are lightly die doubled on this variety, although said doubling is partially effaced by die lapping on the present late-die-state coin. The eagle's tailfeathers are also weakened by the lapping. This Choice AU 1890-CC double eagle is otherwise sharp and lustrous, with pleasing orange-gold coloration. NGC ID# 26BY, PCGS# 9014

**1890-CC Double Eagle, Unc Details
Reflective Fields**



- 7188** 1890-CC — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc Details. Variety 1-A. The reverse is lapped on this late die state, visible at the eagle's tailfeathers. The coin is nonetheless sharply struck and displays bright yellow-gold surfaces with semiprooflike mirroring in the fields. Scattered hairlines prevent a numeric grade from NGC but are not overly noticeable to the unaided eye.

1892-CC Liberty Twenty, VF35



- 7189** 1892-CC VF35 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A. The 1892-CC Liberty double eagle was a well-produced issue but most examples seen today are in circulated grades from VF-AU. This Choice VF example shows moderate wear on the strongly impressed design elements, with most of the letters in LIBERTY still legible. The pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded for the grade. NGC ID# 26C6, PCGS# 9020

**1892-CC Liberty Double Eagle, AU55
Popular CC-Mint Type Three Issue**



- 7190** 1892-CC AU55 PCGS. CAC. Variety 1-A. The 1892-CC Liberty double eagle is somewhat more available than other CC-mint issues of this period, due to its presence in recently discovered hoards. This impressive Choice AU specimen shows just a touch of actual wear on the sharply detailed design elements, and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces are lightly abraded and lustrous. NGC ID# 26C6, PCGS# 9020

**1892-S Twenty Dollar, MS64
Exemplary Luster and Eye Appeal**



- 7191 1892-S MS64 NGC.** Here is an immediately captivating 1892-S double eagle that generates incredible visual appeal even from a distance. Vibrant yellow-gold luster melts into semiprooflike fields and highlights the sharp design elements. The fields are virtually flawless in preservation, and only a few small marks on Liberty's cheek prevent a grade of at least one point finer. The 1892-S is elusive in this grade and rarely offered finer. Census: 75 in 64 (8 in 64+), 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26C7, PCGS# 9021

**1893-CC Twenty Dollar, AU Details
Lustrous and Sharply Struck**



- 7192 1893-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. Variety 2-A.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. The 1893-CC is a popular and challenging issue, being the final production of the Carson City Mint in this denomination. The present coin is highly lustrous with yellow-gold surfaces and sharp design elements. Hairlines on the obverse denote a light cleaning of that side, but close study fails to discern noticeable wear on the devices. This Carson City double eagle is remarkably attractive for a coin designated AU Details. NGC ID# 26C9, PCGS# 9023

**1893-CC Double Eagle, AU55
Final Carson City Issue**



- 7193 1893-CC AU55 PCGS. Variety 2-A.** The B in JBL is positioned over the right edge of the 8. The final-year 1893-CC double eagle was struck to the extent of 18,402 coins. Examples are always in high demand, but that demand far exceeds supply. This khaki-gold Choice AU twenty shows full star centers and good detail on the hair curls despite a hint of blending. Marks are peppered over each side, but they are generally minor in nature. NGC ID# 26C9, PCGS# 9023

- 7194 1894-S MS63 PCGS.** The 1894-S enjoys a mintage barely exceeding 1 million coins. Examples can be procured through MS63, but the issue proves challenging in higher grades. Deep orange-gold tones dominate, accentuated by hints of green and rose. Strongly struck with scattered flecks. NGC ID# 26CC, PCGS# 9026

- 7195 1894-S MS63 PCGS.** A few light field abrasions define the Select Uncirculated grade, although frosty mint luster and sharply struck devices combine with radiant rich-gold color to give the coin Mint-fresh appeal. Most 1894-S double eagles were shipped overseas, with many pieces returning with some souvenirs (in the form of bagmarks) of their travels. NGC ID# 26CC, PCGS# 9026

**1895 Double Eagle, MS64+
Rarely Encountered Finer**



- 7196 1895 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Available in MS64, the 1895 double eagle becomes a great rarity in Gem condition. The present Plus-graded coin balances quality and affordability. The strike is sharp throughout, and vibrant, frosty luster illuminates the rose-gold surfaces. Light contact marks on Liberty's cheek prevent a finer grade. PCGS lists five higher-grade representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 26CD, PCGS# 9027

1896 Double Eagle, Strong MS64+



- 7197 1896 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Thoroughly frosted yellow-gold surfaces yields hints of mint-green color over this high-end Choice 1896 double eagle. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is outstanding. Save for a few faint grazes on Liberty's cheek, this coin appears nearly pristine. There are seven Plus-graded MS64 coins at PCGS and seven Gems finer. CAC: 9 in 64, 2 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 9029

1896-S Double Eagle, MS63
Rare CAC-Approved Example



7198 1896-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. The 1896-S double eagle is plentiful in MS63, but only a few dozen examples are CAC-approved at this level. Finer coins are challenging overall. This piece offers sharp detail and frosty yellow-gold surfaces. Light grazes on Liberty's cheek determine the grade, while some minor planchet roughness appears beneath a loupe near the lower reverse rim. CAC: 39 in 63, 10 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26CG, PCGS# 9030

7199 1897-S MS64 PCGS. The medium-gold surfaces flash olive highlights across the frosty and lustrous surfaces of this Choice double eagle. A razor-sharp strike adds to the eye appeal. Some light grazes in the left obverse field and tiny marks on the portrait and neck justify the assigned grade. While moderately available at the MS64 level, finer coins are rare with PCGS reporting just 12 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26CJ, PCGS# 9032

7200 1897-S MS64 NGC. For collectors, the MS64 grade is both a curse and a blessing for the 1897-S double eagle. The issue is readily available in near-Gem grade, yet higher grades are rarely designated by either PCGS or NGC. As a result, the quality of MS64 coins ranges from average to a few exceptional, borderline Gem coins. This example falls into the latter category, with minimally marked surfaces and bold, frosty luster. The strike is sharp but not quite full. NGC reports just 20 numerically finer examples (10/16). NGC ID# 26CJ, PCGS# 9032

7201 1898 MS62 NGC. Sun-gold coloration includes complementary shades of green and rose, illuminated by effulgent mint frost that swirls throughout. A crisp impression is apparent on the stars, hair curls, and tailfeathers. Light grazes throughout. NGC ID# 26CK, PCGS# 9033

7202 1898 MS62 PCGS. CAC. The 1898 has one of the lowest mintages of the period, only 170,395 coins. Examples are scarce in MS63, making this high-end MS62 perfect for the collector on a budget. Rose and green-gold hues dominate each side, accentuated by lively mint frost. The hair strands and stars are crisply delineated. NGC ID# 26CK, PCGS# 9033

7203 1898-S MS64 PCGS. Collectors, investors, and gold specialists alike flock to the 1898-S for its ready availability in all Uncirculated grades. Examples are easy to find through the Choice category. Any finer, and the issue becomes scarce. This near-gem example walks the line between Choice and Gem. The frosty surfaces are nearly unabraded with plentiful eye appeal. The strike is plenty sharp as well. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

7204 1898-S MS64 PCGS. A sharp, frosty Choice example of this popular 19th century type-coin issue, showing luminous yellow-gold surfaces with only a few light grazes. Finer 1898-S twenties are seldom offered and are usually out of reach for the collector on a budget. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

7205 1898-S MS64+ PCGS. Save for minor softness on the lower stars and the eagle's neck, a common affliction among 1898-S double eagles, this Choice example is well-detailed and undeniably pleasing. Each side is frosty with rose-gold color and the absolute minimum number of surface flaws for the grade. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

7206 1898-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Frosty S-mint luster and pleasing orange-gold color blanket this smooth Liberty twenty dollar gold piece. A bold impression adds to this offering's suitability for type purposes. More than 2.5 million double eagles were struck in California in 1898, yet better-graded representatives are very seldom seen. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

7207 1899 MS64+ PCGS. The strike varies greatly from one coin to the next, but this Choice example is among the better-made representatives. Orange and rose-gold hues color each side. Flecks of olive-gray patina congregate near the right reverse border. An attractive Liberty Head type coin from the final 19th century issue. NGC ID# 26CM, PCGS# 9035

7208 1899 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Available in MS64, the 1899 double eagle becomes scarce just one grade point finer. This Plus-graded near-Gem balances quality and price. The strike is sharp, and frosty orange-gold surfaces show few abrasions. PCGS records 30 higher-grade submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 26CM, PCGS# 9035

1899 Double Eagle, MS65
High-End 19th Century Type Coin



7209 1899 MS65 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. An available date in lower grades, the 1899 double eagle becomes scarce in Gem condition and is prohibitively rare any finer. This example displays a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold luster. The fields are pristine, and only a few tiny marks near Liberty's mouth prevent an even finer designation. Population: 29 in 65, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26CM, PCGS# 9035

1899-S Twenty Dollar, MS64+
Very Rare Any Finer



7210 1899-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Sharply struck on both sides, this high-end near-Gem twenty approaches the conditionally rare (and expensive) MS65 level. With a mintage of more than 2 million pieces, the issue is readily available in lesser grades, but most survivors lack the overall quality of this Choice coin. Smooth, lustrous, and frosty surfaces display greenish-gold color and very few marks. CAC endorsement adds to the appeal. PCGS has seen only four finer coins, including three MS65 and an MS67. Population: 8 in 64+, 4 finer. CAC: 23 in 64, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

7211 1900 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Remarkably few abrasions or marks appear anywhere on the frosty surfaces of this sharply struck and attractive near-Gem double eagle. It is an exceptionally well-preserved example, lacking the signs of coin-on-coin contact that frequent the vulnerable surfaces of coins that saw export or those stored and handled in bags. Vibrant honey-gold surfaces earn the PCGS Plus designation as well as CAC endorsement. NGC ID# 26CP, PCGS# 9037

1901 Double Eagle, Scintillating MS65+



- 7212 1901 MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** This razor-sharp Gem twenty beams with scintillating luster over radiant peach-orange surfaces. A couple of small alloy spots occur near Liberty's hair bun. Impeccably preserved surfaces display a couple of minute ticks, none of any consequence. This piece easily approaches the quality of the four finer submissions reported at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 26CS, PCGS# 9039

**1901-S Double Eagle, MS63+
Scintillating Peach-Gold Surfaces**



- 7213 1901-S MS63+ PCGS. CAC.** Rich, frosty mint luster typical of S-mint coins from this period washes over scintillating peach-gold surfaces. Full centers are noted on the stars, and the hair strands are well-delineated. Light chatter primarily in the obverse field barely holds this coin back from achieving a scarcely offered Choice assessment. NGC ID# 26CT, PCGS# 9040

**1902 Double Eagle, Well-Struck MS62
A Low-Mintage Issue**



- 7214 1902 MS62 PCGS.** The 31,140-piece mintage of the 1902 double eagle is the lowest from the middle of the 1890s to the end of the design type in 1907. Yellow-gold surfaces exhibit well-struck design elements, indeed better than typically seen on this issue. In particular, Liberty's hair strands, the star centers, and the eagle's plumage, often weak on the 1902, are strongly detailed. Distributed scuffs, characteristic of this date, limit the grade. NGC ID# 26CU, PCGS# 9041

**1902 Twenty Dollar, MS62
Low-Mintage Philadelphia Issue**



- 7215 1902 MS62 PCGS. CAC.** The 1902 double eagle draws its scarcity in Mint State from a small mintage of 31,140 pieces, the lowest production total in the series after the turn of the century. This CAC-approved MS62 coin displays sharp detail and lustrous green-gold surfaces with expected abrasions. Finer examples are scarce. NGC ID# 26CU, PCGS# 9041

**1902 Double Eagle, MS62
Rarest 20th Century Liberty Issue**



- 7216 1902 MS62 PCGS. CAC.** Green and rose-gold coloration near the centers of this boldly struck double eagle merges with honey-gold hues near the outer areas. A thick layer of frost covers each side. Myriad bagmarks limit the grade, as usual. The 1902 is very scarcely found finer. Only 31,140 coins were struck. Mike Fuljenz notes: "The 1902 is the rarest 20th century Liberty Head issue of this denomination in terms of its overall rarity." NGC ID# 26CU, PCGS# 9041

**1903-S Twenty Dollar, MS64+
Few Known in Higher Grades**



- 7217 1903-S MS64+ PCGS.** Although plentiful in MS64, the 1903-S double eagle becomes a challenging acquisition in Gem condition. The present Plus-graded near-Gem offers sharp detail and frosty peach-gold luster with a lack of bothersome abrasions. A small coppery alloy spot appears on Liberty's hair near the bun. PCGS records only 16 finer submissions (10/16). NGC ID# 26CX, PCGS# 9044

**1903-S Twenty Dollar, MS64+
Unlisted Doubled Die Reverse**



7218 1903-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The reverse legends, particularly TWENTY and UNITED, are clearly die doubled. The variety is unlisted, but a similar example appeared in our October 2015 New York Signature sale as lot 5280. Close inspection of this Choice double eagle leads to one conclusion: The Plus designation and CAC approval sticker are well-deserved. Peach and rose-gold coloration, coruscating luster, and a full strike are readily appreciable. PCGS records 16 finer grading events (11/16). NGC ID# 26CX, PCGS# 9044

7219 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. A beautiful lemon-gold Choice Liberty twenty type coin. Lustrous and well struck. The reverse is uncommonly free from contact, and the obverse also has pleasing surfaces. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

7220 1904 MS64 NGC. CAC. A bold strike and vibrant yellow-gold luster give this near-Gem 1904 double eagle outstanding eye appeal. Only a few small marks on the cheek prevent an even finer grade. The 1904 is a favorite type coin and investment piece due to its ready availability and often strong eye appeal. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

1904 Liberty Head Twenty, Frosty MS65



7221 1904 MS65 PCGS. The most popular Liberty Head type coin in the double eagle series, the available 1904, is seen here in Gem condition with a sharp strike and rich yellow-gold luster. A few light grazes on Liberty's cheek represent the usual hindrance on a higher grade for this issue but pose little distraction for the MS65 level. Finer examples will prove to be elusive for the average collector. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

**1904 Double Eagle, MS65
Elusive in Finer Condition**



7222 1904 MS65 PCGS. Original, satiny mint luster glows on the Gem-quality surfaces of this honey-gold 1904 double eagle. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is outstanding. High-end 1904 twenties are a favorite type coin, and this date is also heavily acquired by gold coin investors. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

**1904 Double Eagle, MS65+
High-End Type Coin**



7223 1904 MS65+ PCGS. For many type collectors, even the plentiful 1904 double eagle is out of reach above the MS65 level. This Plus-graded coin represents significant quality for the astute collector. The strike is sharp, and each side exhibits frosty wheat-gold luster. A small mark above the second T in TWENTY is the only mentionable abrasion. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

**1904 Twenty Dollar, MS65+
Beautifully Preserved**



7224 1904 MS65+ PCGS. Although the 1904 double eagles are plentiful in all Mint State grades, those with clear and essentially unmarked surfaces are strictly in the minority — even in high Uncirculated conditions. This attractive, medium-gold Gem received the PCGS Plus designation. Strong cartwheel luster reveals green and peach-gold highlights. A rim dig between stars 12 and 13 is noted, but it is small and shallow. The strike is consistently sharp on both sides. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

**1904 Double Eagle, MS63 Prooflike
Deeply Reflective Fields**



7225 1904 MS63 Prooflike NGC. A hint of cameo contrast befalls each side of this Select Prooflike 1904 double eagle. The strike is sharp, and rich orange-gold coloration adds warmth to the almost liquidlike fields. Light, scattered marks are not distracting for the grade. Finer Prooflike examples will prove to be elusive. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 79045

**1904-S Double Eagle, Attractive MS65
A High-Grade Type Coin**



7226 1904-S MS65 PCGS. The 1904-S has the highest mintage (more than 5 million pieces) of any San Francisco double eagle. This and the fact that this issue was produced to high quality standards makes it an excellent type coin. This Gem offering displays sharply detailed devices, great luster, and nice surface preservation. Attractive yellow-gold color imbued with whispers of light green and rose adorns both sides. NGC ID# 26CZ, PCGS# 9046

**1905 Double Eagle, Sharply Struck MS61
A Popular Low-Mintage Issue**



7227 1905 MS61 PCGS. The 1905 is very popular due to a small mintage approaching 60,000 pieces. The lemon-gold surfaces of this MS61 example are visited by whispers of rose. Several distributed marks are relatively small and impact the luster flow minimally. The design elements are sharply impressed. All in all, this is a nice looking coin for the grade designation. NGC ID# 26D2, PCGS# 9047

**1905 Double Eagle, MS61
Great Quality for the Grade**



7228 1905 MS61 NGC. The mintage of 58,919 pieces seems minuscule by 20th century standards, and the date is proportionately scarce in high grades as a result. Most high-grade examples represent importations from foreign holdings over the past several decades. This coin is clearly high-end for the MS61 grade. Abrasions are minimal and the strike is strong. Satiny mint luster radiates from both sides. NGC ID# 26D2, PCGS# 9047

**1905-S Double Eagle, MS64+
Rare in Better Condition**



7229 1905-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. The 1905-S is more accessible than its low-mintage Philadelphia cousin, but anyone looking for a Gem example should contemplate this high-end MS64+ double eagle. Copious mint luster, typical of the San Francisco facility, washes over beautiful orange-gold surfaces that show the fewest marks possible for the grade. PCGS has seen merely 12 finer submissions despite a mintage in excess of 1.8 million coins (11/16). NGC ID# 26D3, PCGS# 9048

1906 Double Eagle, Well-Defined MS62



7230 1906 MS62 NGC. The yellow-gold surfaces of this MS62 double eagle offering are imbued with whispers of light green. The design elements are well-defined, including Liberty's hair, the star centrilis, and denticles. The latter are often weak on this issue. Light grazes are fewer and less severe than typically seen on this heavily abraded date. NGC ID# 26D4, PCGS# 9049

1906 Liberty Twenty, MS63
Underrated, Low-Mintage Issue



- 7231 1906 MS63 PCGS.** The 1906 Liberty double eagle is an underrated late-series issue from a small mintage of 69,500 pieces. This attractive Select specimen offers well-detailed design elements and vivid orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant satiny mint luster and only minor signs of contact. PCGS has graded only 37 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26D4, PCGS# 9049

1906-D Double Eagle, MS64+
Frosty and Lustrous



- 7232 1906-D MS64+ PCGS.** The 1906-D Liberty double eagle is unsuspectingly rare in Gem condition despite a mintage of more than 620,000 pieces. Choice examples are themselves elusive, particularly when sought with a Plus designation. This example offers sharp detail and frosty wheat-gold luster. A few minor abrasions prevent a finer designation but hardly impede the eye appeal. PCGS reports 13 finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 26D5, PCGS# 9050

- 7233 1906-S MS63 PCGS.** Yellow-gold surfaces display well-struck design elements. Trivial grazes are in concert with the designated grade. The 1906-S is readily available through MS63, but becomes more difficult any finer. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9051

1907-D Double Eagle, MS63
Lustrous and Appealing



- 7234 1907-D MS63 PCGS.** The Denver Mint coined only Liberty type double eagles in 1907, despite Saint-Gaudens' replacement making its debut with much heraldry at the Philadelphia Mint. This Select 1907-D twenty showcases sharp detail and frosty yellow-gold mint luster. Light bagmarks on Liberty's cheek and in the adjacent field is consistent with the grade.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26D8, PCGS# 9053

1907-D Double Eagle, MS63
Exceptional Eye Appeal



- 7235 1907-D MS63 NGC.** Partially reflective, sun-gold surfaces display brilliant cartwheel mint luster and dazzling eye appeal. Only a few light grazes in the fields and a few scattered, high point marks are grade limiting factors. Likely struck from Cripple Creek Colorado gold, the vibrant color and impressive visual effect make the Select Uncirculated grade seem insufficient. NGC ID# 26D8, PCGS# 9053

1907-D Liberty Double Eagle, MS65
Final-Date, Branch Mint Type Coin



- 7236 1907-D MS65 PCGS.** The 1907-D Liberty double eagle is somewhat scarce in MS65 condition, and finer examples are rare. This impressive Gem would make an excellent branch mint type coin, from the final year of the Liberty design. The design elements are sharply detailed and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster on both sides. PCGS has graded 19 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26D8, PCGS# 9053

- 7237 1907-S MS63 NGC.** Pale green and deep orange accents complement the medium yellow-gold color that dominates this Select final-year Liberty Head twenty. Coruscating S-mint frost washes over razor-sharp motifs and minimally abraded fields. Two copper alloy spots appear on the reverse. NGC ID# 26D9, PCGS# 9054

- 7238 1907-S MS63 PCGS.** The final-year 1907-S is surprisingly scarce above MS63 given a mintage of 2.1 million coins. This green and rose-gold representative offers good detail on the stars, hair strands, and feathers. A linear depression near the mouth acts as a pedigree marker. NGC ID# 26D9, PCGS# 9054

1907-S Twenty Dollar, Sharply Struck MS64



7239 1907-S MS64 PCGS. The 1907-S double eagle was well-made, as evidenced by this near-Gem that exhibits a sharp strike and pleasing luster radiating from yellow-gold surfaces. This issue is usually heavily abraded as most were shipped loose in bags to banks and were subject to considerable contact (Fuljenz, 2015). The present coin reveals fewer and less severe marks than typically seen. This is an excellent piece for a high-grade type collection. NGC ID# 26D9, PCGS# 9054

1907-S Liberty Head Twenty, MS64+
A Rare Date Any Finer



7240 1907-S MS64+ PCGS. Beautiful, frosty luster showcases myriad yellow-gold, pale rose, and mint-green hues when studied with a loupe, the deeper colors concentrated in the central regions. The strike is sharp, and only a few light marks on the cheek limit the grade. PCGS reports just 14 finer representatives (11/16). NGC ID# 26D9, PCGS# 9054

PROOF LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLE

Proof 1890 Twenty Dollar, Unc Details
Only 55 Proofs Produced



7241 1890 — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. Proof Unc Details. The 1890 proof twenty is very rare in any condition. Only 55 proofs were struck and assuming half that number have survived today, that still leaves only two dozen or so in all grades. This is a bright yellow-gold example that shows deeply reflective fields on each side. A slight cameo effect can also be seen against the lightly frosted devices. In addition to the depth of mirrors that make this an obvious proof, the fields also display the slight rippling "orange-peel" effect seen on many proof gold coins struck in the latter half of the 19th century. The Altered Surfaces designation apparently refers to the extensively marked fields. Curious, none of the marks are large. In fact, they are all tiny but they densely populate the fields. Still, an affordable entry-level piece of proof gold. NGC ID# 26EB, PCGS# 9106

HIGH RELIEF DOUBLE EAGLES

1907 High Relief Twenty, AU58
Wire Rim



7242 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim AU58 NGC. The discovery of Pompeii and Herculaneum in the mid-18th century led to the widespread revival of interest in Greek art, architecture, and sculpture. The Neoclassicists were aware that Greek artists combined elements from a variety of observations to create a general, idealized beauty. Augustus Saint-Gaudens also was aware of this use of a variety of observations. The figure of Liberty in the Sherman Group (now at the southern entrance to Central Park) was a combination of two of his favorite models, Davida Clark and Hettie Anderson. Davida Clark had facial structure and features that can be seen as an ideal of beauty in any age. Likewise, Hettie Anderson, a model from Georgia, possessed a body that Saint-Gaudens considered the finest he had ever worked with. By combining the head of one and the body of the other, Saint-Gaudens produced a figure of idealized beauty that was inspiring enough for the Sherman Monument and one that would successfully translate onto the obverse of the twenty dollar gold piece. The same figure (slightly altered) is still in production today on U.S. gold bullion coins, proving the timelessness of Saint-Gaudens concept of idealized beauty. Struck in high relief, the figure appears to stride toward the viewer and reinforce the confidence of America at the dawn of the 20th century. The (partial) wire rim remains despite a short time in the channels of commerce. A few small marks are noted on the eagle's wing; otherwise, the fields are quite clean. Certainly an affordable alternative to a much more expensive Mint State specimen.

Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2006), lot 4437. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

1907 High Relief Twenty Dollar
Wire Rim, Unc Details



7243 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. 30th Anniversary Green Holder. This presents a remarkable opportunity for some astute collector. Yes, light hairlines can be detected when closely examined, and as a result the surfaces are not as vibrant as one that has not been lightly cleaned. However, there are no obvious contact marks on either side and the strike details are fully detailed throughout. Medium orange-gold color. There is a pronounced wire rim that encircles the rims on each side. Despite the disclaimer, this is a fully presentable and attractive High Relief twenty.

**MCMVII High Relief Twenty
Wire Rim, Uncirculated Details**



7244 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc. Details. A sharply struck and satiny lemon-gold representative of the famous and low mintage High Relief type, the subject of President Theodore Roosevelt's command to "begin the new issue, even if it takes you all day to strike one piece!" Roosevelt's "pet crime" of revamping all U.S. coinage with new designs from noted sculptors began with the double eagle. This representative is mildly bright from a cleaning, and the left obverse field is lightly abraded. A lint mark is noted through the first M in MCMVII. Devoid of wear, and always in demand for its scarcity and numismatic significance. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

**1907 High Relief Twenty, Unc Details
Wire Rim**



7245 1907 High Relief, Wire Rim — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. The hairlines from cleaning are certainly visible, but only minimally distracting. Most of the brightness inherent in these coins from the striking process itself is still apparent on each side. The strike details are still complete throughout, and there are no noticeable or detracting contact marks on either side. All in all, this High Relief should provide some lucky collector with an opportunity to acquire this highly desirable type coin at half the price of a problem-free, high-grade example; yet it still retains most of the appeal that collectors have found so compelling about these special coins over the past 110 years. NGC ID# 26F2, PCGS# 9135

1907 Flat Rim Double Eagle, AU Details
High Relief Design



- 7246 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** The rims are indeed filed, but this is only evident upon close examination. Still, a slight bit of the usually seen remnant of a wire rim is just faintly evident; otherwise, the rim is flat. The devices show a slight bit of high-point friction, most likely the product of being carried in a pocket rather than actual handling in the channels of commerce. Each side is uniformly bright and there are remarkably few contact marks, again reinforcing the theory this was a pocket piece for a short time. A slight accent of reddish patina is seen over each side intermixed with the expected bright orange-gold color.

1907 High Relief Twenty, Unc Details
Flat Rim



- 7247 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. Unc.** This is a fully struck Flat Rim coin with satiny yellow-gold luster and immediate eye appeal. Several faint, hair-thin scratches in the right obverse field prevent a numeric grade but have little impact on the unaided eye. The High Relief Saint-Gaudens double eagle is among the most sought-after 20th century gold issues from the United States Mint. Its degree of aesthetic appeal and classical symbolism surpassed all other coinage of its day, and even in modern times has not been surpassed by a circulating issue.

MCMVII High Relief Double Eagle
Flat Rim, Mint State Sharpness



- 7248 1907 High Relief, Flat Rim — Reverse Rim Filed — NGC Details. Unc.** A lustrous and well struck sun-gold example of the famous and low mintage High Relief double eagle. President Roosevelt personally ordered the issue struck, over objections by U.S. Mint officials who knew that the coins would not stack. Most quickly ended up in collector hands. The present lot is attractive despite filing on the reverse rim between 2 and 5 o'clock.

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES

- 7249 1907 Arabic Numerals MS64 PCGS.** An attractive Choice specimen of this popular first-year type coin, with well-detailed design elements that show just a touch of softness on the eagle's belly. The well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

- 7250 1907 Arabic Numerals MS64 NGC.** In the Bass catalog, this coin was "A particularly nice example with 'creamy' and satiny lustre. A winning piece that is worth more than a regular 'MS-63 price.'" From today's perspective, this yellow-gold near-Gem's new grade is hardly a stretch. Lightly marked and grazed but thoroughly appealing.
Ex: Harry W. Bass, Jr. Part II (Bowers and Merena, 10/1999), lot 1962. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

- 7251 1907 Arabic Numerals MS64+ PCGS.** A Plus-graded Choice specimen of this important first-year issue, with well-detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces that radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. The Arabic Numerals motif was the lower-relief version of Augustus Saint-Gaudens' iconic double eagle design that was suitable for high volume coinage. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

- 7252 1907 Arabic Numerals MS65 PCGS.** Frosty orange-gold luster illuminates well-preserved surfaces on this Gem Arabic Numerals 1907 Saint. The strike is sharp, and the fields are well-preserved. Light contact marks on the high points of the devices prevent a finer grade. This piece will please the collector seeking an example with an old-time look. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

- 7253 1907 Arabic Numerals MS65 PCGS Secure.** Glowing yellow-gold mint luster illuminates bold devices on this Gem 1907 Arabic Numerals Saint. The obverse figure and fields show remarkably few signs of contact, and the coin might have achieved an even finer grade were it not for a few light, scattered ticks on the reverse eagle. Eye appeal is excellent. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

1907 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS65
Arabic Numerals, Old Holder



- 7254 1907 Arabic Numerals MS65 NGC. CAC.** A splendid pumpkin-gold Gem. Lustrous and well struck with blushes of lemon toning on the high points. A lens reveals only infrequent incidental contact. The first year of the No Motto type is scarcer than its 1908 successor, especially in high Mint State grades. Encased in a prior generation holder. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

**1907 Arabic Numerals Twenty, MS66
Saint-Gaudens Type Coin, Elusive Finer**



- 7255 1907 Arabic Numerals MS66 PCGS.** An impressive lemon-yellow Premium Gem with a low population in higher grades, this piece has frosty yellow and orange surfaces with bold design motifs. Splashes of blue-green toning add to the eye appeal. PCGS has only certified 18 finer pieces (10/16).
Ex: Summer FUN Signature (Heritage, 7/2011), lot 5194. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

**1907 Arabic Numerals Twenty Dollar, MS66+
Thick Mint Frost**



- 7256 1907 Arabic Numerals MS66+ PCGS.** After the prolonged production run of High Relief twenties of the Saint-Gaudens design, Charles Barber lowered the relief significantly for circulation coins so they would strike with one blow from the press. Even still, the design is magnificent and the 1907 is an excellent first year of type representative. This piece displays wondrously lustrous surfaces and there are just no noticeable or distracting abrasions. Really ... take a look at this magnificent coin. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

- 7257 1908 No Motto MS66 PCGS.** Bold design elements and satiny tangerine-gold luster give this Premium Gem pleasing visual appeal. A few tiny ticks do not detract. The 1908 No Motto Saint is the ideal type coin, as high-grade representatives can be acquired without breaking the bank. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

- 7258 1908 No Motto MS66 NGC.** The 1908 is the ideal No Motto type coin after the discovery of thousands of high-end examples in the Wells Fargo Hoard. This Premium Gem example is well-struck and displays the usual satiny yellow-gold luster and clean fields. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

- 7259 1908 No Motto MS66 NGC.** Luminous, softly frosted yellow-gold surfaces are delightfully well-preserved on this Premium Gem No Motto 1908 double eagle. The devices are well-defined, and eye appeal is outstanding. This is the most plentiful and affordable No Motto issue in such fine of a grade. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

- 7260 1908 No Motto MS66 PCGS.** Long Rays Obverse. A magnificent orange-gold Premium Gem. Boldly struck and lustrous with few perceptible marks. The Arabic Numerals, No Motto type was struck for about one year, during late 1907 and the first half of 1908. Certified in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

- 7261 1908 No Motto, Wells Fargo Nevada, MS66 PCGS.** *Ex:* Wells Fargo Nevada Gold. Although large quantities of various double eagle issues have been found in overseas hoards in recent decades, none produced coins as well-preserved as the 1908 No Motto double eagles discovered in the Wells Fargo Hoard in the early 1990s, a cache of thousands of coins that had been untouched in a bank vault since 1917. This Premium Gem example displays clean fields and well-struck devices with outstanding yellow-gold luster. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 99142 Base PCGS# 9142

- 7262 1908-D No Motto MS64+ PCGS.** Short Rays Obverse. This orange-gold near-Gem exhibits sweeping luster and a precise strike. Marks are infrequent and inconsequential. Scarcer than its Philadelphia No Motto counterpart, especially in better Mint State grades. NGC ID# 26F7, PCGS# 9143

**1908 With Motto Twenty, MS65
Seldom Available This Fine**



- 7263 1908 Motto MS65 NGC.** Less than five percent of double eagle production at the Philadelphia Mint in 1908 went into the relatively scarce With Motto design, while the great majority of the pieces were the earlier produced, No Motto variety. Mint State With Motto survivors can be obtained without too much difficulty up to and including MS63, but there is a progressive decline in numbers above that level. Gems are decidedly scarce. This beautiful matte-like representative is bathed in uniform reddish patina and displays far fewer abrasions than are normally seen, none being of any real consequence. Census: 21 in 65 (1 in 65+), 10 finer (10/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 12/2005), lot 1910.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# BNAK, PCGS# 9147

**1908-S Saint-Gaudens Twenty, VF35
Low-Mintage Branch Mint Issue**



- 7264 1908-S VF35 PCGS.** The 1908-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle claims a low mintage of just 22,000 pieces, a remarkably small production total for any 20th century coin. David Akers notes the 1908-S is one of the few Saint-Gaudens twenties that is seen most often in circulated grades. This Choice VF example retains most interior detail intact on the central design elements and the pleasing orange-gold surfaces show a scattering of minor abrasions on both sides. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149

1908-S Twenty Dollar, AU58
Low Mintage, Scarce When Finer



- 7265 1908-S AU58 PCGS.** The scarcest With Motto Saint-Gaudens twenty from the early dates (pre-1920), the 1908-S shows a scant mintage of just 22,000 pieces as the first Saint coined at the San Francisco Mint. This near-Mint example outshines many technically Mint State coins with nearly full mint luster remaining. A touch of high-point rub and minor chatter across both sides determine the grade. An opportunity for the perceptive double eagle specialist. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149

1908-S Twenty Dollar, MS61
Small Mintage



- 7266 1908-S MS61 PCGS.** Ex: Rive d'Or Collection. Coming from a mintage of only 22,000 pieces, the 1908-S double eagle is a popular and scarce date in Uncirculated condition. This collectible MS61 coin displays sharp design elements and attractive yellow-gold mint luster. Scattered abrasions limit the grade, but the obvious originality of the surfaces is the chief visual attribute. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149

1908-S Double Eagle, MS62
Low Mintage, Scarce in Mint State



- 7267 1908-S MS62 PCGS.** Only a single delivery of double eagles, amounting to 22,000 coins, was accomplished by the San Francisco Mint in 1908, delivered in August of that year. These were not released into circulation until September, per new research by Roger Burdette. The 1908-S is an oddity in the series as a date for which there are more circulated pieces known than Mint State. Once a boom region for gold and silver mining, the Western states retained a preference for circulating gold even while Eastern states were becoming increasingly accustomed to paper currency, backed by gold in a government vault. The high-end Mint State coins known today are thought to have been acquired directly from the San Francisco Mint.

The present MS62 example displays a sharp strike and satiny yellow-gold luster. Scattered abrasions determine the grade, but none are individually distracting. Eye appeal is pleasing for the MS62 level.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FA, PCGS# 9149

1909/8 Double Eagle, MS63
Popular Guide Book Variety



- 7268 1909/8 FS-301 MS63 PCGS.** Above MS63, the 1909/8 Saint-Gaudens double eagle becomes noticeably scarce, and Gems are rare. This collectible Select representative offers sharp detail and satiny orange-gold mint luster. Light, scattered marks define the grade but pose minimal distraction. The 1909/8 is the only overdate in the series, boasting strong popularity. *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 37XB, PCGS# 145740 Base PCGS# 9151

1909/8 Twenty Dollar, MS63
Sole Overdate of the Series



- 7269 1909/8 FS-301 MS63 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This Select 1909/8 double eagle is sharply struck and displays original, frosty mint luster with a rich yellow-gold hue. Scattered light abrasions limit the grade but pose little distraction to the unaided eye. This is the only overdate of the Saint-Gaudens double eagle series, and examples grading finer than the present coin are scarce. NGC ID# 37XB, PCGS# 145740 Base PCGS# 9151
- 7270 1909 MS62+ PCGS Secure.** The 1909 is a slightly better date in Uncirculated grades. This Plus-designated example displays bold design elements and satiny straw-gold mint luster. A few light high-point marks are not obvious to the unaided eye. NGC ID# 26FC, PCGS# 9150
- 7271 1909 MS63 PCGS.** A slightly better date in high grade, the 1909 double eagle is most easily acquired in MS63 if a well-preserved example is sought. This coin displays excellent detail and satiny orange-gold luster with few significant abrasions. *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 26FC, PCGS# 9150

1909 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS64
Better Early Series Date



- 7272 1909 MS64 PCGS.** From a mintage of 161,282 pieces, the 1909 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is somewhat scarce in MS64 condition, and rare any finer. This attractive Choice specimen displays well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster, with well-preserved orange-gold surfaces and outstanding eye appeal. PCGS has graded 28 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26FC, PCGS# 9150

1909-D Twenty, MS62
Vibrant Color, Scarce Denver Issue



- 7273 1909-D MS62 PCGS.** Just 52,500 pieces were struck — a small mintage in the context of the Saint-Gaudens series, with the few survivors usually returned to collectors via Switzerland, France, or South American holdings. This example shows signs of handling in the form of tiny marks over the finely textured surfaces. Still, vibrant orange-gold color gives this scarce, low-mintage Denver issue excellent eye appeal. The strike is a bit blunt on the torch hand, yet the balance of the motifs are sharply struck. NGC ID# 26FD, PCGS# 9152

1909-D Twenty Dollar, MS64
Elusive in High Grade



- 7274 1909-D MS64 PCGS.** The 1909-D is a better date in Uncirculated condition, and pieces grading finer than MS64 are genuine rarities. This near-Gem offers lustrous peach and yellow-gold hues over satiny surfaces. The devices are well-defined, and neither side exhibits major abrasions. PCGS records only 24 numerically finer representatives (10/16). *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 26FD, PCGS# 9152

1909-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS64
Difficult in Higher Grades



7275 1909-D MS64 PCGS. Once considered one of the top issues in the Saint-Gaudens series, the 1909-D became available in lower Mint State grades in 1983 when a hoard of several hundred pieces was discovered in Central America. Few of those pieces were of MS64 or better quality. Still, better grade 1909-D twenties are more available today than 30 years ago. Satiny mint luster overlays granular, matte-like finish on the present coin. The strike is strong throughout and there are no large or detracting abrasions. The obverse is reddish tinted while the reverse is noticeably bright yellow-gold in the center with reddish-gold at the margin.
Ex: Chicago Signature (Heritage, 8/2011), lot 7693. NGC ID# 26FD, PCGS# 9152

7276 1910 MS64+ PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. A lustrous pumpkin-gold near-Gem. Well struck throughout, and the scattered small marks fail to challenge the third-party grade. By 1910, gold coins little circulated in the East, but served as bank reserves and backed Federal gold certificates. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154

7277 1910 MS64+ PCGS. A Plus-graded Choice specimen of this early series issue, with sharply detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. Well-preserved orange-gold surfaces add to the outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154

7278 1910-D MS65 NGC. Available through MS65, the 1910-D Saint-Gaudens double eagle becomes scarce in finer grades. This collectible Gem offers luminous yellow-gold luster and a sharp strike. A few light marks are seen only with a loupe. NGC reports 48 numerically finer submissions (12/16). NGC ID# 26FG, PCGS# 9155

7279 1910-S MS64 PCGS. 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. Dynamic cartwheel luster illuminates the nicely struck apricot-gold surfaces. Trivial marks are scattered, but none are individually consequential. NGC ID# 26FH, PCGS# 9156

1910-S Twenty Dollar, MS65
Strongly Defined



7280 1910-S MS65 PCGS. Frosty luster shimmers over pale wheat-gold surfaces. Both sides are carefully preserved with clean fields and a single notable mark within the central part of the eagle's plumage. Strike detail on Liberty's face, torch hand, and the Capitol is strong, cementing this Gem double eagle's status as one of the top surviving representatives of the 1910-S (2.1 million coins struck). PCGS and NGC each report nine finer submissions (11/16). NGC ID# 26FH, PCGS# 9156

7281 1911 MS63 NGC. This attractive Select specimen is a flashy coin for the grade, with well-detailed design elements and vibrant mint luster on both sides. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces show a number of scattered minor contact marks, mostly on the obverse. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157

7282 1911 MS63 PCGS. Satiny orange-gold luster rolls around lightly abraded surfaces on this Select 1911 Saint. The Philadelphia issue is a rarity in Gem condition, although MS63 to MS64 examples can be acquired with pleasing eye appeal for the budget-conscious collector.

From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157

1911 Double Eagle, MS64
Seldom Available Finer



7283 1911 MS64 PCGS. Plentiful in MS64, the 1911 double eagle becomes a challenging acquisition just one grade point finer. The present near-Gem offering exhibits well-struck design elements and satiny yellow-gold luster. An unobtrusive reed mark on the reverse sun is the only noticeable abrasion. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157

1911 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS64
Vivid Color, Vibrant Luster



7284 1911 MS64 PCGS. From a smallish mintage of 197,250 pieces, the 1911 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is not difficult to locate in MS64 condition, but the issue is very scarce in finer grades. This attractive Choice specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster and outstanding eye appeal. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157

**1911-D Double Eagle, MS65+
Fully Struck**



- 7285 1911-D MS65+ PCGS.** A suitable offering for type purposes, this amazing Plus-designated Gem double eagle boasts needle-sharp detail on the torch hand, Capitol dome, and the eagle's claw. Medium yellow-gold surfaces are aglow with vibrant, satiny luster, and there are few distractions of any kind. From a mintage of 846,500 coins, many of which were exported overseas. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

**1911-D Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS66
Rare Any Finer**



- 7286 1911-D MS66 PCGS.** The 1911-D Saint-Gaudens double eagle claims a substantial mintage of 846,500 pieces and the issue is not too difficult to locate at the MS66 grade level, but finer examples are rare. This delightful Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements throughout and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show no mentionable distractions. PCGS has graded seven numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158

**1911-D/D Twenty Dollar, Satiny Gem
FS-501, Repunched Mintmark**



- 7287 1911-D/D FS-501 MS65 PCGS.** A secondary D east of the primary D attributes this *Cherry-pickers' Guide* variety. This satiny, yellow-gold Gem is one of 846,500 double eagles struck at the Denver Mint in 1911. About half of them were shipped overseas and preserved in Mint State. However, finer coins are notable rarities. A razor-sharp representative without detracting flaws. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 145010 Base PCGS# 9158

- 7288 1911-S MS64 PCGS.** A respectable mintage of 775,750 Saint-Gaudens double eagles was accomplished at the San Francisco Mint in 1911, and most of the coins were sent to European and Central American destinations. This attractive Choice specimen offers sharply detailed design elements and the well-preserved orange-gold surfaces radiate vibrant mint luster throughout. NGC ID# 26FL, PCGS# 9159

**1911-S Double Eagle, MS65+
Elusive Date in Higher Grades**



- 7289 1911-S MS65+ PCGS.** The 1911-S Saint-Gaudens double eagle can be located without much difficulty in grades up to the Gem level, but higher grades are elusive and expensive. This high-end Gem represents a good balance of value and quality, with sharply detailed design elements and lustrous orange-gold surfaces. *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2012), lot 5069.* NGC ID# 26FL, PCGS# 9159

- 7290 1913 MS63 PCGS.** Rich, original orange-gold luster engulfs satiny surfaces on this Select 1913 double eagle, while grade-limiting abrasions are minor. This date is rare in Gem condition but remains collectible at the current level. *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 26FN, PCGS# 9161

**1913 Twenty Dollar, MS64+
Rarely Encountered Finer**



- 7291 1913 MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** Although usually available in MS64, the 1913 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is a rarity at the Gem level, where PCGS has graded just 14 examples (11/16). The present coin strikes a balance between quality and affordability. The design elements are well brought up, and each side displays frosty yellow-gold luster. Only a few minor grazes limit the grade. CAC: 23 in 64, 4 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 26FN, PCGS# 9161

- 7292 1913-D MS64 PCGS.** The certified population declines precipitously in grades higher than MS64. This well-struck D-mint double eagle enjoys satiny luster and pale wheat-gold color over each side. Small marks are evenly peppered throughout. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

- 7293 1913-D MS64 PCGS.** Roger Burdette suggests 250,000 1913-D double eagles from a mintage of 393,500 coins were shipped to Europe, explaining the prevalence of examples in MS62 to MS64 and the rarity of higher-graded representatives. Satiny mint luster and straw-gold color characterize this lightly marked near-Gem. A small planchet void is noted under the eagle's head. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

- 7294 1913-D MS64 PCGS.** The 1913-D is considered one of the scarcer Denver double eagles from the early part of the Saint-Gaudens series. This lively Choice example showcases blended rose and straw-gold hues over well-preserved surfaces. Strongly detailed with few overt distractions. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

7295 1913-D MS64 PCGS. The 1913-D is available in this grade but becomes less obtainable any finer. The present coin shows a sharp strike and satiny orange-gold luster. Scattered light marks contribute to the grade.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

7296 1913-D MS64 PCGS. Frosty rose-gold and peach hues adorn each side of this near-Gem 1913-D double eagle, while close examination fails to reveal any singularly distracting abrasions. The strike is bold throughout. Finer examples will be challenging to acquire for the budget-restricted collector. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162

**1913-S Double Eagle, MS63
Low-Mintage Issue**



7297 1913-S MS63 NGC. An enticingly low mintage of only 34,000 pieces gives the 1913-S double eagle much of its popularity. This collectible Select representative offers radiant yellow-gold luster and lightly marked, satiny surfaces. Boldly struck design elements add to the overall visual appeal.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FR, PCGS# 9163

**1913-S Twenty Dollar, MS64
Rarely Seen Finer**



7298 1913-S MS64 PCGS. Boosted by a small mintage of 34,000 pieces, the 1913-S double eagle is widely popular in near-Gem condition. Additionally, finer examples are rare, with PCGS having certified only 24 such pieces (10/16). The present coin displays a sharp strike and frosty yellow-gold mint luster. Only a few light surface grazes limit the grade. NGC ID# 26FR, PCGS# 9163

**1913-S Double Eagle, MS64
Rarely Encountered Finer**



7299 1913-S MS64 PCGS. This sharply struck near-Gem displays original, softly frosted luster with fewer abrasions than are expected for the grade. The fields and Liberty's figure are particularly clean. The reverse shows a depression on the rim near 6 o'clock, apparently as-struck from a defective planchet. The 1913-S Saint is usually obtainable in this grade, but PCGS records only 24 numerically finer representatives (10/16). NGC ID# 26FR, PCGS# 9163

7300 1914 MS63 PCGS. Rough handling in overseas transactions explains the prevalence of 1914 double eagles in lower Uncirculated grades. This Select twenty strikes a good balance between quality and affordability. Lustrous surfaces appear cleaner than the grade suggests, and design detail is bold throughout. A splendid orange-gold example. NGC ID# 26FS, PCGS# 9164

7301 1914 MS63 PCGS. The 1914 is a popular date due to its low mintage of only 95,250 pieces. The present example offers sharp motifs and vibrant yellow-gold luster. Scattered contact marks on the devices prohibit a finer grade, although the eye appeal remains pleasing.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FS, PCGS# 9164

**1914 Twenty Dollar, MS64
Better Date in High Grade**



7302 1914 MS64 NGC. Although available in this grade, the 1914 double eagle is a rarity any finer. This near-Gem offers satiny orange-gold luster with a few trivial abrasions as allowed by the grade. The design elements are sharply defined. NGC has seen only 33 finer examples, including possible resubmissions (10/16). NGC ID# 26FS, PCGS# 9164

**1914 Saint-Gaudens Twenty, MS64+
Popular Low-Mintage Issue**



7303 1914 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. Always in demand because of its limited mintage of 95,250 pieces, the 1914 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is very scarce in grades above the MS64 level. This Plus-graded Choice example offers well-detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces, with vibrant mint luster throughout. Housed in a new 30th Anniversary green holder. PCGS has graded 43 numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26FS, PCGS# 9164

7304 1914-S MS65 PCGS. This highly lustrous Gem exhibits exceptional eye appeal. Both sides have brilliant yellow luster with frosty surfaces and minuscule marks. NGC ID# 82KA, PCGS# 9166

**1915 Twenty Dollar, MS64
Elusive in High Grade**



7305 1915 MS64 PCGS. Gem-quality 1915 double eagles are seldom seen, making the more affordable near-Gems widely collected. This example offers bold design elements and bright, satiny yellow-gold mint luster. A loupe reveals nothing more than trivial field marks that limit the grade. Fewer than 100 finer coins are reported by PCGS and NGC combined (10/16). NGC ID# 26FV, PCGS# 9167

**1915 Twenty Dollar, MS64
Elusive Any Finer**



7306 1915 MS64 NGC. The 1915 is a known rarity in Gem condition, making Choice coins such as the present piece popular among budget-restricted collectors. This coin displays sharp detail and satiny yellow-gold mint luster. Light, scattered ticks limit the grade, but none are individually noticeable. NGC reports only 43 finer examples, including possible resubmissions (11/16). *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 26FV, PCGS# 9167

**1916-S Twenty Dollar, MS65+
Scarce in Higher Grades**



7307 1916-S MS65+ PCGS. The availability of the 1916-S double eagle declines above MS65 to the point where many collectors cannot afford a higher-grade coin. This Plus-designated Gem offers that extra bounce of quality without breaking the bank. The strike is sharp, and frosty yellow-gold luster vibrantly illuminates the fields. No significant abrasions are observed. NGC ID# 34NJ, PCGS# 9169

**1922-S Double Eagle, MS64
Exceptional Color and Luster**



7308 1922-S MS64 PCGS. Fresh mint luster gives this near-Gem 1922-S splendid visual appeal, illuminating boldly struck design elements. Lovely peach-gold, rose, and mint-green hues intermingle over each side, producing outstanding coloration. Die buckling is seen around the reverse periphery. This San Francisco issue is occasionally available in MS64 but rarely finer. The present example is high-end for the grade. PCGS reports 20 numerically finer representatives (11/16). *From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins.* NGC ID# 26G4, PCGS# 9174

**1922-S Double Eagle, MS64
Still Elusive in High Grades**



7309 1922-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. Formerly a great rarity in the Saint-Gaudens series until after World War II when the troops came marching home, and so did the 1922-S from overseas holdings. It is still a better date in near-Gem or finer conditions and a popular San Francisco issue from the early 1920s. This example approaches a finer grade with attractive apricot-gold color and minimally marked surfaces. Ten full fingers are visible on Liberty's two hands. A sharply lustrous example with only minor incompleteness at the Capitol dome. PCGS shows just 20 numerically finer pieces (11/16). NGC ID# 26G4, PCGS# 9174

**1923 Twenty Dollar, MS65
Few Known Finer**



- 7310 1923 MS65 PCGS.** 30th Anniversary Green Label Holder. This usually plentiful Philadelphia issue declines in availability at the Gem level and is extremely rare any finer. Frosty prairie-gold luster rolls around the fields like sunlight across a windblown pasture. There are no distracting abrasions, and eye appeal is excellent. PCGS records four numerically finer coins, NGC none (11/16). NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

**1923 Double Eagle, MS65
None Finer at NGC**



- 7311 1923 MS65 NGC.** Frosty original luster bathes this Gem 1923 double eagle in luminous prairie-gold hues, while the devices are sharp throughout. No major abrasions are seen. The 1923 is occasionally offered in this grade but is extremely rare any finer; NGC has not certified a single numerically finer coin, and PCGS reports just four (10/16). NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175
- 7312 1924 MS65 PCGS.** Frosty orange-gold luster shows wisps of mint-green and rose as it engulfs this Gem Saint-Gaudens type coin. The strike is sharp, and there are no major abrasions. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177
- 7313 1924 MS65 PCGS.** A sharp strike on this Gem 1924 double eagle is complemented by a lack of bothersome abrasions on the devices. The fields are also clean, and the coin displays lovely orange-gold mint luster. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177
- 7314 1924 MS65 NGC.** This frosty Gem exhibits highly lustrous and frosty yellow-gold surfaces and sharp design elements with trivial copper toning spots on the obverse. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177
- 7315 1924 MS66 PCGS.** Frosty green-gold and peach-orange hues appear throughout the well-preserved fields of this Premium Gem type coin. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is excellent. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

- 7316 1924 MS66+ PCGS.** The 1924 is best-suited for type purposes, as examples are readily available through MS66. Warm, orange-gold borders lighten to rose-gold near the centers of this outstanding Premium Gem Saint-Gaudens twenty. The Capitol dome is moderately soft, but design detail elsewhere is bold. Exceptionally clean fields. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

- 7317 1924 MS66+ PCGS.** The columns on the Capital show strong delineation, and the torch hand is bold. Splashes of deep orange-gold merge with lighter areas of peach-gold color amid swirling mint luster. A tick in the left obverse field is the only singular flaw, and it does nothing to diminish the overall appeal. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

**1924 Double Eagle, MS66+
Eye-Catching Type Coin**



- 7318 1924 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** The 1924 is the ideal type-coin issue in the series, as beautiful Premium Gems are readily available. Nonetheless, the present Plus-graded coin stands above its peers with stellar preservation and radiant, frosty yellow-gold mint luster. The strike is sharp, and eye appeal is outstanding. Fewer than 100 finer coins are listed at PCGS (10/16). NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

1924-D Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle, MS62



- 7319 1924-D MS62 PCGS.** The 1924-D Saint-Gaudens double eagle was once considered an extremely rare issue, but a number of coins were repatriated from European holdings in the 1950s, making it just a median rarity in the series today. This impressive MS62 example displays sharply detailed design elements in most areas, with just a touch of softness on the upper torch and Capitol. The lustrous orange-gold surfaces are lightly marked, apart from a scratch on Liberty's torso and another on the rock near her foot. NGC ID# 34VF, PCGS# 9178

1924-D Double Eagle, MS63
High-End for the Grade



7320 1924-D MS63 PCGS. The 1924-D stands apart from its Philadelphia counterpart as a scarce issue in the finer Mint State grades. This Select example displays frosty orange-gold luster and remarkably clean fields for the grade. Minor abrasions on the devices prevent a finer designation from PCGS. This 1924-D Saint is among the most attractive examples in MS63. NGC ID# 34VF, PCGS# 9178

1924-D Double Eagle, MS63
Radiant Mint Luster



7321 1924-D MS63 PCGS. The Select Uncirculated level starts a rapid decline in the availability of this Denver issue, which was heavily melted when not secured in foreign holdings. The Mint-fresh cartwheel luster and minimally abraded rich-gold surfaces suggest this coin may have survived domestically, although its provenance is unknown. The strike is sharp in most regards and any marks are secondary to the notable eye appeal. NGC ID# 34VF, PCGS# 9178

1924-D Double Eagle, MS64
Attractive Coloration



7322 1924-D MS64 PCGS. The 1924-D double eagle is scarce in Choice condition and rare at the Gem level. This near-Gem offers a sharp strike amid an array of rose-gold, peach-orange, and straw-yellow luster. The vibrant cartwheel effect is interrupted only by a few minor ticks on the central obverse. PCGS records 11 higher-grade representatives (10/16), making the 1924-D one of the more challenging condition rarities of the series.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 34VF, PCGS# 9178

1924-S Double Eagle, MS64
Scarce in This Grade, Rare Finer



7323 1924-S MS64 NGC. Slightly more than 1,000 1924-S Saints are believed to survive, mostly with light or heavy abrasions. Small remainders of Annual Assay Commission coins likely produced the higher-grade pieces on the market, with the remainder coming from overseas hoards or Western circulation. The Mint distributed about a quarter-million examples to Federal Reserve Banks, but no comparable quantities were ever released into domestic commerce. Today, the 1924-S double eagle is a great rarity in Gem condition and experiences strong demand at the Choice level from budget-restricted collectors.

The present near-Gem offers a bold strike and satiny yellow-gold mint luster. Light, scattered contact marks determine the grade, but none are bothersome to the unaided eye. NGC records 21 numerically finer examples, PCGS just six (10/16). NGC ID# 26G9, PCGS# 9179

7324 1925 MS66 PCGS. From a mintage of 2.8 million pieces, the 1925 Saint-Gaudens double eagle is an available date in grades up to MS66, but it is a condition rarity any finer. This spectacular Premium Gem exhibits sharply detailed design elements and well-preserved orange-gold surfaces with ample mint luster and terrific eye appeal. PCGS has graded seven numerically finer examples (11/16). NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

7325 1925 MS66 PCGS. Although plentiful in this grade, the 1925 Saint is rarely seen finer. PCGS lists only seven such submissions (11/16). The present Premium Gem displays a bold strike and fiery orange mint luster that is interspersed with bright yellow-gold. The cartwheel effect is radiant. NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

**1925-D Twenty Dollar, MS63
Outstanding Coloration**



- 7326 1925-D MS63 PCGS.** Most of the nearly 3 million 1925-D double eagles struck ended up in the melting pot of during the 1930s, resulting in limited numbers of survivors for modern-day collectors. This Select example is in the median grade for Mint State survivors. Silvery-gold, rose, and lemon-yellow hues encompass each side amid satiny cartwheel luster that illuminates bold design elements. Only a few minor marks are seen with a loupe.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GB, PCGS# 9181

- 7327 1926 MS65+ PCGS.** Plus-graded and well-preserved, this Gem 1926 Saint-Gaudens double eagle displays frosty cartwheel luster with medium yellow-gold patina. No major abrasions are observed. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

1926-S Twenty Dollar, MS64



- 7328 1926-S MS64 PCGS.** The 1926-S is a scarce date in Gem condition, making this Choice coin very appealing to the budget-conscious collector. The coin is sharply struck and exhibits luminous orange-gold surfaces that show few noticeable abrasions. PCGS lists 46 numerically finer submissions (10/16).
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GF, PCGS# 9185

**1926-S Double Eagle, MS64
Appealing Coloration**



- 7329 1926-S MS64 PCGS.** The rarity of the 1926-S was tempered by widespread importations from abroad during the middle part of the 20th century. Now, this San Francisco issue is considered scarce but obtainable through MS64. Shades of warm, sun-gold coloration encircle glowing rose-gold centers. Each side presents well-struck devices, though a touch of softness occurs over the Capitol dome. Abrasions are minimal and largely limited to the central areas. NGC ID# 26GF, PCGS# 9185

- 7330 1927 MS65 PCGS.** Frosty mint luster engulfs this Gem 1927 double eagle in lovely mint-green, yellow-gold, and peach hues, while the fields and Liberty's figure are devoid of significant abrasions. Eye appeal is outstanding. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186

- 7331 1927 MS66+ PCGS.** Examples of the 1927 are obtainable with little searching through MS66. Finer coins, however, will require considerable patience and resources to acquire. This piece nearly qualifies for a Superb Gem grade. Booming luster and alternating shades of honey and rose-gold deliver tremendous eye appeal. Only 20 submissions are graded higher at PCGS (11/16). NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186

- 7332 1928 MS65 PCGS.** Vibrant orange-gold luster gives this Gem 1928 Saint exceptional visual appeal. The strike is sharp, and the only grade-limiting marks are faintly visible on the high points of Liberty's figure. Housed in a green label holder. NGC ID# 34VK, PCGS# 9189

**1928 Double Eagle, MS66+
Frosty Original Mint Luster**



- 7333 1928 MS66+ PCGS.** This Plus-designated Premium Gem would make an outstanding type coin for the budget-conscious collector. Liberty and the eagle are sharply struck, and the frosty yellow-gold luster is free of severe abrasions. Finer examples of the 1928 double eagle are infrequently seen and may be out of reach for most collectors. NGC ID# 34VK, PCGS# 9189

**1928 Double Eagle, MS66+
Popular Saint-Gaudens Type Coin**



- 7334 1928 MS66+ PCGS.** The 1928 has the highest mintage of any U.S. gold coin: 8,816,000 pieces. Undoubtedly, the majority of the production never left Treasury vaults, and was eventually melted. But unlike (for example) the 1927-S, a significant percentage of the mintage did survive, predominantly held as bank reserves in Europe and South America. Those coins typically returned to the United States during the second half of the 20th century. High grade examples, such as the present piece, are coveted by gold type collectors. This is crisply struck and lustrous pumpkin-gold Premium Gem. Smooth aside from two brief horizontal lines on the front wing and southeast of Liberty's branch. NGC ID# 34VK, PCGS# 9189

TERRITORIAL GOLD

(1834-37) C. Bechtler Dollar, AU50
K-3, 28G. Centered, Normal N



- 7335 (1834-37) C. Bechtler Dollar, 28G. Centered AU50 PCGS. K-3, R.6. Christopher Bechtler's home-based private mint in Rutherfordton, North Carolina filled an important need for local gold miners and the local economy. The operation soon won the trust of the gold-mining interests throughout the state as well as in Georgia and the surrounding areas. Founded in 1831, the Bechtler mint issued denominations ranging from gold dollars to half eagles, carefully assayed to conform to federal guidelines based on the composition of local gold dust. This gold dollar was struck in the period from 1834 to 1837. Diagnostically, 28.G. is centered in the field, a differentiating factor from the K-2 variety with it high in the field. A similar issue, K-4, has the N in ONE reversed — a more popular, but less-scarce issue than this About Uncirculated K-3 example. Reflective surfaces display a greenish-gold tinge, with the thin planchet slightly dished as often seen. Small abrasions and a couple of minor rim irregularities are secondary to the overall appeal. Population (K-3 variety): 4 in 50, 14 finer (10/16). NGC ID# 2B96, PCGS# 10058

1834 C. Bechtler Five Dollar, XF45
Date, Plain Edge, K-17



- 7336 1834 C. Bechtler Five Dollar, RUTHERFORD, Plain Edge, XF45 PCGS. K-17, R.5. A Choice representative of a scarce five dollar Bechtler issue, with all of the elements boldly struck and little actual wear. This coin shows the variety with the numeral 20 close to CARATS. Bechtler coinage was typically overweight in comparison to federal gold standards. These five dollar coins — issued in the period from 1834 to 1837 — contained 140 grains of 20-carat gold, yielding an excess of gold at a rate of about .5 percent to standard. Both sides display attractive, reddish-gold coloration. Considerable prooflike flash remains. A few shallow abrasions are noted on the date side, although none of the marks are distracting. Listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B9P, PCGS# 10091

C. Bechtler Five, 140 Grains, XF40
20 Distant, RUTHERE, K-19



- 7337 (1834-1837) C. Bechtler Five Dollar, 20 Distant, RUTHERE, XF40 PCGS. K-19, Low R.6. An evenly struck green-gold representative of this rare Bechtler variety. Careful rotation displays delicate hairlines, but flan imperfections are minimal, and the sole noticeable mark is a thin line below the first A in CAROLINA. Struck using the "new tenor" (August 1, 1834) weight of 140 grains of 20 carat gold. Certified in an old green label holder, and listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# 2B9S, PCGS# 10115

Christopher Bechtler Five Dollar
128 G., RUTHERE, K-23
AU Details



- 7338 (1837-1842) C. Bechtler Five Dollar, RUTHERE. — Improperly Cleaned — NCS. AU Details. K-23, R.5. All five dollar Bechtler gold coins are rare, and Kagin-23 is the 128 grains variety with RUTHERE: instead of RUTHERFORD. This yellow-gold example is a bit bright and displays faint marks from light circulation, but will satisfy advanced collectors of this challenging private gold maker. Listed on page 389 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Ex: *Mulkin Collection (Heritage, 10/2009)*, lot 1964. NGC ID# 2B9W, PCGS# 10109

1852/1 Humbert Ten, K-8, VF30
Ex: S.S. Central America



- 7339 1852/1 Humbert Ten Dollar, K-8, R.4, VF30 PCGS. Ex: S.S. Central America, SSCA 7022. A delay in coinage of this issue from late 1851 to early 1852 caused the overdated date on the dies. The heavy diagonal reverse crack is a diagnostic of the variety. This representative circulated for a period prior to being loaded onto the S.S. *Central America* and shipped to the East Coast. The evenly worn surfaces display bright, faintly textured surfaces from the shipwreck but reveal no major distractions. The reverse is weak along the left side of the die break, and the obverse is slightly ill-defined along the lower rim. *From The Arizona Treasure Collection*. NGC ID# 342H, PCGS# 10190

**1853 Assay Office Twenty Dollar
900 Thous., K-18, Choice AU**



- 7340** 1853 Assay Office Twenty Dollar, 900 Thous. AU55 PCGS. K-18, R.2. The 900 Thous. 1853 twenty was the final issue from the United States Assay Office of Gold, struck shortly before the doors were closed in favor of the pending San Francisco Mint. The K-18 mintage was significant, struck from a number of hubbed dies, but most were eventually melted, and the variety is scarce relative to early Federal S-mint issues. This sun-gold representative shows light wear on the fletchings, but cartwheel luster is apparent. Less abraded than usual, although a few thin marks near the ED in UNITED merit passing mention. Listed on page 395 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# ANHD, PCGS# 10013

**1853 Assay Office Twenty, MS61
K-18, 900 Thous., Orange-Gold Patina**



- 7341** 1853 Assay Office Twenty Dollar, 900 Thous. MS61 NGC. K-18, R.2. A's in AMERICA without crossbars. Although the estimated mintage of 2.5 million pieces sounds impressive, many pieces were melted while others were lost to trade and attrition. The Assay Office twenties were hard-used throughout the West Coast economy. They were readily accepted as currency and for Customs payments because the Assay Office could refine gold to the prescribed 900 fineness — and they were issued under the authority of THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. This is an attractive orange-gold example with natural patina. A few small abrasions do not detract from the lustrous eye appeal. We note two minor rim dings at 10 and 1 o'clock on the obverse, with another at 1 o'clock on the engine-turned reverse. Listed on page 395 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# ANHD, PCGS# 10013

**1850 Baldwin & Co. Five Dollar
K-2, XF40 Details**



- 7342** 1850 Baldwin Five Dollar, K-2, R.5 — Scratched, Cleaned — ANACS. XF40 Details. The usual early die state without a heavy rim cud above the hair bun on the obverse. The Baldwin & Co. five dollar gold piece is scarce in any condition. This example displays soft detail with heavily abraded, bright yellow-gold surfaces. A thin scratch on the reverse from the rim through the I in FIVE to the fletchings is noted on the holder. This is an affordable example of an elusive territorial gold issue. NGC ID# ANHJ, PCGS# 10025

**1854 Kellogg & Co. Twenty, AU50
Short Arrows, Kagit-1b**



- 7343** 1854 Kellogg & Co. Twenty Dollar AU50 NGC. K-1b, R.5. Short Arrows. Growing pains at the fledgling San Francisco Mint caused select Bay Area assay firms to issue their own private gold coins. Most were melted once the local mint became efficient. Five die marriages of 1854 Kellogg & Co. twenties are known. All are very scarce to rare except for K-2a, which is very rare. This lemon-gold representative has lustrous borders and devices. The surfaces show the expected number of small marks. Listed on page 402 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. NGC ID# ANHY, PCGS# 10222

**1855 Kellogg & Co. Twenty, AU55
Unlisted K-3c Variety**



- 7344 1855 Kellogg & Co. Twenty Dollar AU55 NGC. K-3c, R.5.** A shortage of parting acids and other growing pains slowed production at the San Francisco Mint in its early years and private assay firms were sometimes called upon to fill the void in coinage operations during 1854 and 1855. The well-regarded firms of Kellogg & Co. and Wass, Molitor & Co. both issued private gold coinage during this period, including the popular 1855 Kellogg twenty dollar piece offered here.

The elusive K-3c variety was discovered after Don Kagin published his series reference. The K-3c employs the Short Arrows reverse, and the obverse shows the O in CO embedded in Liberty's hair, like the more familiar K-3b, but the date placement differs, with all the digits located left of the curl. This attractive Choice AU specimen shows just a trace of wear on the high points of the well-detailed design elements and the lustrous orange-gold surfaces show the normal number of minor abrasions for the grade. Listed on page 402 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 16 in 55, 27 finer (11/16).. NGC ID# ANJ2, PCGS# 10225

- 7345 1861 Clark, Gruber & Co. Five Dollar, K-6, R.4, VG10 PCGS. CAC.** An accessible, well-circulated example of this elusive Clark, Gruber & Co. five dollar issue. Both sides display pleasant green-gold patina with even wear. ES PEAK in PIKES PEAK is clear on the obverse, and partial shield stripes remain on the reverse. A small mark in the field above the eagle's head is the only mentionable imperfection. A pleasing low-grade example. Population: 2 in 10, 56 finer. CAC: 1 in 10, 6 finer (11/16). NGC ID# ANK2, PCGS# 10140

**1861 Clark, Gruber Gold Ten Dollar
K-7, AU Sharpness**



- 7346 1861 Clark, Gruber & Co. Ten Dollar — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. K-7, R.4.** The second and final year of Clark, Gruber coinage abandoned the volcanic Pikes Peak motif on the ten and twenty, and instead imitated their Federal counterparts. The change was likely made to increase the acceptance of the private pioneer gold coins in the Denver area. The PIKES PEAK legend survived, though, substituted for LIBERTY on the coronet. This better grade example has minimal wear and ample luster. The luminous surfaces show a minor retained lamination below the lowest arrowhead, but are minimally marked aside from a filed area on the reverse rim near 3:30. Listed on page 406 of the 2017 *Guide Book*.

S.S.C.A. RELIC GOLD MEDALS

**'1855 Kellogg Fifty Dollar' 2001 Relic Medal
Made from S.S.C.A. Gold Ingots, Gem Proof**



- 7347 (2001) 1855 S.S.C.A. Relic Gold Medal "1855 Kellogg & Co. Fifty" Gem Proof PCGS.** Struck on September 9, 2001, one of 104 proofs produced on that date. A relic medal struck from 1309 grains of 887 Fine gold, as obtained from melted unsold Kellogg & Humbert bars recovered from the S.S. *Central America*. The design closely imitates the genuine proof 1855 Kellogg & Co. fifty dollar pieces. The present piece is essentially pristine. Frosty motifs contrast with glassy fields. Comes with a certificate of authenticity, brochure, copper frame, outer box and slipcover, and a commemorative screwdriver. All that is missing is the glass inset of the copper frame. NGC ID# 32DS, PCGS# 10358

**‘1855 Kellogg Fifty Dollar’ 2001 Relic Medal
Made from S.S.C.A. Kellogg & Humbert Ingots**



- 7348** (2001) \$50 S.S.C.A. Relic Gold Medal “1855 Kellogg & Co. Fifty” Gem Proof PCGS. Struck on September 7, 2001, with a proof mintage for that date of 223 pieces. This 2.5-ounce round restrrike from 2001 contains 887 Fine gold, obtained from melted-down Kellogg & Humbert ingots recovered from the 1857 wreck of the S.S. *Central America*. The mirrored apricot-gold surfaces are essentially as made. Housed in the mauve and gold insert PCGS holder of its initial issue. Comes with a brochure, certificate of authenticity #1913, a copper-and-glass frame, and outer box and slipcover. No screwdriver is included. NGC ID# 32DS, PCGS# 10358

**Humbert Fifty Dollar Commemorative
Privately Coined in 2008 From
S.S. Central America Ingots, Gem Proof**



- 7349** 2008 S.S.C.A. “Humbert \$50 Commemorative” Gem Proof NGC. #120 of 375. The source of the gold alloy was Kellogg & Humbert ingots 830 and 555 recovered from the S.S. *Central America* shipwreck. Struck on September 12, 2008, exactly 149 years after the maritime disaster. The design is based on Kagin-11 except for a four-line legend within a plain rectangle on the reverse. The sun-gold surfaces display myriad fine die polish lines. PCGS# 10361

BOOKS

- 7350** *A California Gold Rush History* by Q. David Bowers. This copy is #148 of 400 printed, and has front and back glossy photographs of Justh & Hunter gold bar #4200 attached to the inside back cover. Like all examples, it includes a pinch of gold dust recovered from the S.S. *Central America*, embedded in the inside front cover. The shipwreck is best known for the many San Francisco Mint double eagles recovered circa-1988, but its most valuable cargo was a number of large gold ingots from forgotten assayers of the California Gold Rush era, all of which are featured on color plates within the text.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

- 7351** *A California Gold Rush History* by Q. David Bowers. A shrinkwrapped example of the heralded 1,055-page gold rush reference, published to promote and accompany sales of gold bars and coins recovered from the 1857 wreck of the S.S. *Central America*. The book includes a pinch of gold within the inside front cover, and has color plates of all the assayer ingots from the shipwreck known at the time of its 2002 publication.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

- 7352** *A California Gold Rush History* by Q. David Bowers. The famous limited edition (400 copies) numismatic reference issued in 2002 to accompany sales of gold coins and ingots recovered from the S.S. *Central America*. The book describes the journey of the gold in 1857, from the San Francisco area, across the isthmus of Panama, to its fate at the depths of the Atlantic Ocean. The 1,055 page book includes color plates that depict all ingots recovered at that time. This example is still sealed in shrinkwrap.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

- 7353** *A California Gold Rush History* by Q. David Bowers. A significant numismatic reference, published in 2002 to accompany the sale of treasure recovered from the S.S. *Central America* shipwreck. This example is #298 of only 400 printed, and has front and back glossy photographs of Henry Hentsch gold bar #3212 attached to the inside back cover.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

CALIFORNIA FRACTIONAL GOLD

- 7354** 1864 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-706, High R.5, MS64 PCGS. A charming orange-gold near-Gem with glimpses of powder-blue in recesses areas. The strike is good and the eye appeal is superior. Usual boldly clashed die state. Population: 11 in 64, 1 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2BMG, PCGS# 10533

- 7355** 1867 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-709, R.4, MS67 NGC. Satiny and well-struck, with seemingly pristine surfaces and lovely olive-gold toning. Few fractional gold pieces exist at this superior level of preservation, and examples of this elusive variety are rare this fine. Census: 6 in 67, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 2/2009), lot 3181.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BMK, PCGS# 10536

**1869 Liberty Octagonal Quarter,
BG-712, Top-Graded MS67**



- 7356** 1869 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-712, High R.4, MS67 PCGS. This is the only octagonal 25 cent fractional gold variety manufactured in 1869 with the reverse fraction outside of the shield. The portrait is boldly rendered, while the stars and central reverse display a moderate degree of softness. Yellow-gold color and vibrant luster combine over impressively preserved surfaces. Population: 2 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2BMN, PCGS# 10539

**1870 Liberty Octagonal Quarter, MS67
BG-713, None Finer at PCGS**



- 7357 1870 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-713, R.4, MS67 PCGS.** BG-713 is the so-called "Muscle Head" variety of the 1870 Octagonal quarter. This light yellow-gold example offers strong detail on the portrait, while the reverse legends are trivially incomplete. Myriad die chips occur on each side, but there are few post-strike blemishes. In fact, this is among the finest examples seen at PCGS. Population: 3 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2BMP, PCGS# 10540

- 7358 1872 Washington Octagonal 25 Cents, Baker-503, BG-722, Low R.4, MS66 PCGS.** A popular Washington Head variety, struck in 1872 by Frontier & Bellemere. This piece is well-struck and beautifully preserved with lovely orange-gold coloration and reflective fields. Population: 34 in 66 (2 in 66+), 2 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 2BN4, PCGS# 10549

**1872 Octagonal Quarter, BG-723
Rare Washington Head Variety**



- 7359 1872 Washington Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-723, Baker-503A, Musante GW-817, Low R.6, MS62 PCGS.** Within the California fractional gold series, the scarce Washington Head varieties provide a change of pace from the parade of Liberty and Indian heads. A nicely struck caramel-gold representative. Smooth save for a hair-thin horizontal mark on the cheek. BG-723 is much rarer than the other two Washington varieties, BG-722 and BG-818. Population: 7 in 62, 8 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2BN5, PCGS# 10550

- 7360 1872 Washington Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-724, High R.6, MS62 PCGS.** The Small Date, Washington Head variety with berries on the reverse wreath. This example is richly toned in variegated orange and lilac shades. There are few singular detractors, and the overall appeal is high for this rare variety. Population: 3 in 62, 5 finer (10/16). *Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 5-6/2007), lot 2908; Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 9/2008), lot 1380.* *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 2BN6, PCGS# 10551

- 7361 1870 Liberty Head Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-755, High R.4, MS64 PCGS.** A challenging Period Two variety by Robert B. Gray & Co. This Choice example offers pleasing detail and reflective fields with bright yellow-gold color. Housed in a green label holder. Tied with one other as the finest at PCGS (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 2BP6, PCGS# 10582

- 7362 1870 Goofy Head Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-789, R.4, PCGS.** Breen-Gillio Die State III with a sizeable reverse cud between 1 and 3 o'clock. The cud causes a soft impression opposite on the obverse near 3 o'clock. A canary-gold example without post-strike detractors. Population: 3 in 65, 0 finer (11/16). *Ex: Hall Park McCullough Collection (Stack's, 11/1967), lot 747.* NGC ID# 2BR9, PCGS# 10616

**1880/70 Indian Head Octagonal Quarter
BG-799I, MS66
The Finest Certified**



- 7363 1880/70 Indian Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-799I, R.6, MS66 PCGS.** This rare Period Two variety was not discovered until the 1950s, per the Breen-Gillio reference. PCGS and NGC combined record only 23 submissions in all grades, of which the present piece is the sole finest (11/16). It is well-struck and deeply prooflike with bright yellow-gold coloration. Cameo contrast is apparent on both sides. NGC ID# 2BRV, PCGS# 10635

**1852 Octagonal Quarter
Single Highest Graded BG-799U
MS67 Deep Mirror Prooflike**



- 7364 1852 Indian Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-799U, High R.5, MS67 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC.** The single finest certified example. At PCGS, none have been certified above MS66. NGC has graded just two pieces as Deep Mirror Prooflike, one as MS65 plus the present Superb Gem (10/16). The coin is solidly struck with smooth glassy fields and luminous devices. Struck from widely rotated dies. Listed on page 407 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. *Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 2540.* *From The Soluna Collection.* PCGS# 910647

- 7365 1868 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-806, R.3, MS67 NGC.** The only round quarter dollar variety struck by Frontier & Co. in 1868. This Superb Gem example is among the finest known. The coin is well-struck and displays frosty yellow-gold luster. Census: 6 in 67, 0 finer (10/16). *From The Soluna Collection.* NGC ID# 2BSU, PCGS# 10667

1872 Liberty Round Quarter Dollar, MS62
BG-815, Planchet Crack at 9 O'Clock



- 7366 1872 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-815, High R.7 — Planchet Crack at 9 O'Clock — MS62 NGC. The very rare BG-815 shares the same obverse die with BG-814 and BG-816 but the lapped reverse die is unique to the present variety. It is identified by two berries inside each side of the wreath. This is only the second time we have offered this rare California fractional at public auction in the past 23 years. This piece is distinguished by an irregular die lamination at 9 o'clock on the obverse rim and corresponding area on the reverse. The surfaces are muted orange-gold and a few scattered abrasions account for the grade. NGC ID# 2BT6, PCGS# 10676

- 7367 1872 Washington Round 25 Cents, BG-818, Low R.4, MS65 PCGS. The Washington Head round quarter dollar variety struck by Frontier & Bellemere in 1872. This Gem displays reflective fields and yellow-gold color with hints of greenish toning tucked into the crevices of the relief elements. Population: 25 in 65, 6 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BT9, PCGS# 10679

1872 Round Quarter, MS66
Washington Head, BG-818



- 7368 1872 Washington Round 25 Cents, BG-818, Low R.4, MS66 NGC. BG-818 is the sole round quarter Washington head variety, and as a California small denomination gold type coin, it is subject to strong collector demand. The present Premium Gem ranks among the finest certified and is noteworthy for its pristine, flashy fields. The strike is good, although the central reverse is incompletely brought up, as always for BG-818. Listed on page 408 of the 2017 *Guide Book*. Census: 2 in 66, 3 finer (10/16).
Ex: Long Beach Signature (Heritage, 6/2011), lot 5270.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BT9, PCGS# 10679

1871 Liberty Round 50 Cents, MS67
BG-1011, Among the Finest Certified



- 7369 1871 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-1011, R.2, MS67 PCGS. This variety is easily identified as the only 1871 Round 50 cent without the designer's initials below the bust. Both sides of this immaculate Superb Gem are yellow-gold with an attractive layer of frost over typically impressed motifs. Numerous spidery die cracks occur throughout. Population: 4 in 67, 0 finer (11/16). NGC ID# 2BYL, PCGS# 10840

- 7370 1875 Indian Octagonal 1 Dollar, BG-1125, Low R.5, MS64 PCGS. Die State I, unclashed. This is a well-struck and starkly contrasted cameo example, showing liquidlike mirroring in the fields. There are no bothersome abrasions. A scarce Period Two variety made by Christopher Ferdinand Mohrig or San Francisco. Population: 15 in 64, 3 finer (10/16).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2C3T, PCGS# 10936

1872 Round Gold Dollar, MS65 Prooflike
Finest BG-1207 in Prooflike



- 7371 1872 Indian Round 1 Dollar, BG-1207, R.4, MS65 Prooflike NGC. The watery, prooflike fields are nearly undisturbed on both sides of this lovely Gem. The coin is very sharply struck for the type and amazingly preserved; only the most minute surface disturbances appear on either side, none of which are inconsistent with the Gem grade assessment. None are numerically finer, although NGC does list another Gem in Deep Prooflike. Census: 1 in 65 Prooflike, 0 finer (10/16).
Ex: Dallas Signature (Heritage, 10/2008), lot 2559.
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 26JE, PCGS# 710952

End of Session One



SESSION SEVEN

COLONIALS

- 8001** 1662 Oak Tree Twopence, Small 2, .66g — Clipped — ANACS. Fine 12 Details. NGC Census: (0/27). PCGS Population: (1/15). NGC ID# 2ARD, PCGS# 45355 Base PCGS# 17
- 8002** (1670-75) St. Patrick Farthing VG8 Brown NGC. Breen-208, W-11500. NGC Census: (5/60). PCGS Population: (4/196). NGC ID# AUAR, PCGS# 42
- 8003** (1670-75) St. Patrick Farthing Fine 15 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (14/158 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (8/39 and 0/0+). CDN: \$940 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 15. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# AUAR, PCGS# 42
- 8004** (1670-75) St. Patrick Halfpenny — Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (5/5). PCGS Population: (19/42).
- 8005** (1694) London Elephant Token, Thick Planchet, VF30 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (13/140). NGC Census: (6/32). NGC ID# 2U3A, PCGS# 55
- 8006** 1760 Hibernia-Voce Populi Halfpenny VF35 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (10/60). PCGS Population: (37/182). NGC ID# 2AUC, PCGS# 262
- 8007** 1760 Hibernia-Voce Populi Halfpenny XF45 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (30/106). NGC Census: (16/36). NGC ID# 2AUC, PCGS# 262
- 8008** 1722-H French Colonies Copper Sou VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/22). NGC Census: (1/2). NGC ID# 2AYJ, PCGS# 158629
- 8009** 1787 Massachusetts Half Cent — Improperly Cleaned — NCS. AU Details. NGC Census: (3/54). PCGS Population: (31/109). NGC ID# 2B22, PCGS# 296
- 8010** 1788 Massachusetts Cent, Period, VF35 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (17/107). PCGS Population: (43/188). NGC ID# 2WNJ, PCGS# 311
- 8011** 1788 Massachusetts Cent, Period, XF40 PCGS. Ryder 3-A, W-6210, Low R.4. PCGS Population: (17/38). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2B27, PCGS# 948 Base PCGS# 311
- 8012** 1788 Massachusetts Cent, Period, AU50 PCGS. Ryder 10-L, W-6280, High R.2. PCGS Population: (26/66). NGC Census: (9/63). *Ex: Baltimore ANA Signature (Heritage, 7/2008), lot 898, which realized \$1,495.* NGC ID# 2B27, PCGS# 948 Base PCGS# 311
- 8013** 1787 Connecticut Copper, Horned Bust Left, — Double Struck, 2nd Strike 20% Off-Center — VF20 PCGS Secure. M. 4-L, W-2810, R.1. PCGS Population: (10/81 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (2/27 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 2B2T, PCGS# 364
- 8014** 1787 Connecticut Copper, Laughing Head, XF45 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (3/10). PCGS Population: (5/19). NGC ID# 2B2W, PCGS# 358
- 8015** 1787 Connecticut Copper, Draped Bust Left, XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/59). NGC Census: (36/138). NGC ID# 2B33, PCGS# 370
- 8016** 1787 Immunis Columbia, Eagle Reverse, — Damaged — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (0/20). PCGS Population: (0/65). NGC ID# BFJL, PCGS# 841
- 8017** 1787 Nova Eborac Copper, Seated Right, VF20 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (2/16). PCGS Population: (6/40). NGC ID# 2B49, PCGS# 475
- 8018** 1787 Nova Eborac Copper, Seated Right, VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/26). NGC Census: (1/11). NGC ID# 2B49, PCGS# 475
- 8019** 1786 New Jersey Copper, Beam Straight, Narrow Shield, VF30 Brown NGC. Maris 17-b, W-4870, R.3. NGC Census: (12/36). PCGS Population: (26/65). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF30. PCGS# 496
- 8020** 1786 New Jersey Copper, Hidden WM in Sprig, VF30 Brown NGC. Maris 62-q, W-5350, R.3. NGC Census: (12/36). PCGS Population: (26/65). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF30. NGC ID# AUL8, PCGS# 506
- 8021** 1788 New Jersey Copper, Head Left — Environmental Damage — NGC Details. Fine. NGC Census: (0/5). PCGS Population: (3/28).
- 8022** 1781 North American Token XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (4/3). PCGS Population: (14/21). NGC ID# 2B5H, PCGS# 589
- 8023** 1783 Nova Constellation Copper, Blunt Rays, Small 'US', VF35 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (1/14). PCGS Population: (20/76). NGC ID# 2AYZ, PCGS# 807
- 8024** 1785 Nova Constellatio Copper, Pointed Rays, Small Date VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/13). NGC Census: (0/4). NGC ID# 2AZ4, PCGS# 823
- 8025** 1785 Nova Constellatio Copper, Pointed Rays, Large Date XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/134). NGC Census: (12/37). NGC ID# 2AZ3, PCGS# 813
- 8026** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays — Curved Clip at 1:00 — VG10 Brown NGC. Newman 13-R, W-6850, R.4. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883
- 8027** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, VG10 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (14/452). PCGS Population: (45/1441). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883
- 8028** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, VF25 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (31/354). PCGS Population: (91/1161). NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883
- 8029** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, 4 Cinquefoils, Pointed Rays, VF25 Brown NGC. N. 7-T, W-6735, R.4. NGC Census: (31/353). PCGS Population: (91/1162). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# AX5E, PCGS# 883
- 8030** 1787 Fugio Cent, STATES UNITED, Raised Rim Fine 12 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/1). PCGS Population: (1/41). NGC ID# 2B8F, PCGS# 895
- 8031** 1794 Franklin Press Token, Plain Edge, AU55 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (6/70). PCGS Population: (34/114). NGC ID# 2B5V, PCGS# 630
- 8032** 1794 Franklin Press Token, Plain Edge, MS62 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/27). NGC Census: (26/21). NGC ID# 2B5V, PCGS# 630
- 8033** 1794 Franklin Press Token, Plain Edge, MS63 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (17/4). PCGS Population: (18/9). NGC ID# 2B5V, PCGS# 630
- 8034** 1794 Franklin Press Token, Plain Edge, MS63 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (17/4). PCGS Population: (18/9). NGC ID# 2B5V, PCGS# 630
- 8035** 1794 Franklin Press Token, Plain Edge, MS63 Brown NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (17/4). PCGS Population: (18/9). NGC ID# 2B5V, PCGS# 630
- 8036** 1783 Georgivs Triumpho Token XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/44). NGC Census: (5/8). NGC ID# 2B6K, PCGS# 664



- 8037** 1783 RES Washington & Independence Cent, Draped Bust, No Button, Copper Restrike, Engrailed Edge PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/7). NGC Census: (2/0). NGC ID# 2B6T, PCGS# 686
- 8038** 1783 RES Washington & Independence Cent, Draped Bust, No Button, Copper Restrike, Engrailed Edge PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (10/7). NGC Census: (2/0). NGC ID# 2B6T, PCGS# 686
- 8039** 1791 Washington Large Eagle Cent XF40 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (7/46). PCGS Population: (10/159). NGC ID# 2B6Z, PCGS# 702
- 8040** 1791 Washington Small Eagle Cent AU53 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (6/50). PCGS Population: (21/145). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2B73, PCGS# 705
- 8041** 1793 Washington Ship Halfpenny, Copper, Lettered Edge XF40 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (13/47). PCGS Population: (36/196). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2B7J, PCGS# 734
- 8042** 1793 Washington Ship Halfpenny, Copper, Lettered Edge AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/29). NGC Census: (9/6). NGC ID# 2B7J, PCGS# 734
- 8043** 1795 Washington Grate Halfpenny, Large Buttons, Reeded Edge MS63 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (23/10). PCGS Population: (54/29). NGC ID# 2B7M, PCGS# 746
- 8044** 1795 Washington Liberty & Security Halfpenny, BIRMINGHAM Edge AU53 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (10/19). NGC Census: (2/6). NGC ID# 2B7S, PCGS# 758

- 8045** 1795 Liberty and Security / Irish Halfpenny Mule XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/11). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* PCGS# 985
- 8046** 1795 Liberty and Security / Irish Halfpenny Mule — Planchet Flaw — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (4/11). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*
- 8047** (1795) Washington Liberty & Security Penny, Plain Rims, AU50 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (1/34). PCGS Population: (9/115). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2B7V, PCGS# 767
- 8048** Washington Success Medal, Large Size, Reeded Edge, XF45 NGC. Baker-266, DeWitt-GW-1792-2, W-10915, Musante GW-42, R.6. NGC Census: (2/2). PCGS Population: (3/31). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2VZ7, PCGS# 780

HALF CENTS

- 8049** 1794 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. PCGS Population: (31/234). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 81,600.
- 8050** 1794 Normal Head, C-1a, B-1a, R.3, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/8). Mintage 81,600.
- 8051** 1794 Normal Head, C-3a, B-5b, R.5, — Damage — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/6). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8 .
- 8052** 1794 Normal Head, Small Edge Letters, C-6a, B-4b, High R.5, Good 4 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/3). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4 . Mintage 81,600. NGC ID# 2223, PCGS# 35048 Base PCGS# 35015
- 8053** 1794 High Relief Head, C-8, B-8, R.5, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/4). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8 .
- 8054** 1794 High Relief Head, C-9, B-9, R.2, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/10). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*
- 8055** 1795 Lettered Edge — Tooled — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (7/78). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 139,690.
- 8056** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole Good 6 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/229). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 139,690. NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 1018 Base PCGS# 1018
- 8057** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole Fine 12 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (22/154). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 139,690. NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 1018 Base PCGS# 1018
- 8058** 1795 Plain Edge, No Pole, Thin Planchet, C-6a, B-6a, R.2, VG10 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/18). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2225, PCGS# 35089 Base PCGS# 1018
- 8059** 1797 Plain Edge, Low Head, C-3a, B-3c, R.3, — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1/4). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 127,840.
- 8060** 1797 Lettered Edge, Low Head, C-3b, B-3a, R.4, — Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/2). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 127,840.
- 8061** 1800 C-1, B-1, R.1, — Graffiti — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/13). CDN: \$80 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8 . Mintage 202,908. NGC ID# 222B, PCGS# 35119 Base PCGS# 1051
- 8062** 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, Good 4 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/13). CDN: \$70 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4 . Mintage 20,266. NGC ID# 222D, PCGS# 35125 Base PCGS# 1057
- 8063** 1802/0 Reverse of 1802, C-2, B-2, R.3, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/10). CDN: \$80 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8 . Mintage 20,266. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*
- 8064** 1803 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/65). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 92,000. NGC ID# 222E, PCGS# 1060
- 8065** 1804 Spiked Chin AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/125). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 222G, PCGS# 1075 Base PCGS# 1075
- 8066** 1804 Spiked Chin, C-8, B-7, R.1, AU50 PCGS. Housed in a first generation PCGS holder as coin number 1063. PCGS Population: (50/162). NGC Census: (38/153). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,055,312. NGC ID# 222G, PCGS# 35167 Base PCGS# 1075

8067 1804 Crosslet 4, No Stem AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/70). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 222F, PCGS# 1072 Base PCGS# 1072



8068 1804 Crosslet 4, No Stems, C-12, B-11, R.2, — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/4). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

8069 1804 Plain 4, No Stems AU50 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (97/354). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,055,312. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222F, PCGS# 1063 Base PCGS# 1063

8070 1805 No Stems AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/60). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 814,464. NGC ID# 222H, PCGS# 1081 Base PCGS# 1081

8071 1806 Small 6, No Stems XF40 PCGS. Gold CAC. PCGS Population: (104/373). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$315 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 356,000. NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 1093 Base PCGS# 1093

8072 1806 Small 6, No Stems AU53 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (40/193). Mintage 356,000. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 1093 Base PCGS# 1093

8073 1806 Small 6, No Stems AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (60/136). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 356,000. NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 1093 Base PCGS# 1093

8074 1806 Small 6, No Stems AU55 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (60/133). Mintage 356,000. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 1093 Base PCGS# 1093

8075 1806 Large 6, Stems, AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/84). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 222J, PCGS# 1099 Base PCGS# 1099

8076 1807 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/70). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 476,000. NGC ID# 222K, PCGS# 1104 Base PCGS# 1104

8077 1807 C-1, B-1, R.1, AU53 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/8). Mintage 476,000. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222K, PCGS# 35203 Base PCGS# 1104

8078 1808/7 Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/44). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 222L, PCGS# 1110 Base PCGS# 1110

8079 1808 AU50 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (9/48). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 26Y2, PCGS# 1107 Base PCGS# 1107

8080 1808 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/48). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 26Y2, PCGS# 1107 Base PCGS# 1107

8081 1809 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/58). NGC Census: (16/28). CDN: \$180 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,154,572. NGC ID# 222N, PCGS# 1123

8082 1809 MS63 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/12). NGC Census: (8/7). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,154,572. NGC ID# 222N, PCGS# 1123

8083 1809/6 9 Over Inverted 9, C-5, B-5, R.1, AU58 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/6). CDN: \$180 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,154,572. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 222N, PCGS# 35233 Base PCGS# 1126

8084 1809/6 9 Over Inverted 9 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (24/33). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$180 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,154,572. NGC ID# 26YZ, PCGS# 1126 Base PCGS# 1126

8085 1809/6 9 Over Inverted 9 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/33). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,154,572.

8086 1809 Circle In 0, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1/7). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50.

8087 1811 VG8 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/129). NGC Census: (5/37). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 63,140. NGC ID# 222S, PCGS# 1135 Base PCGS# 1135

8088 1811 Wide Date, C-1, B-1, Low R.4, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (1/2). PCGS Population: (0/7). CDN: \$62 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 63,140.

8089 1828 13 Stars MS63 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (124/103). NGC Census: (120/102). CDN: \$370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 222W, PCGS# 1147 Base PCGS# 1147

8090 1828 13 Stars MS64 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (85/18). NGC Census: (86/16). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 222W, PCGS# 1147 Base PCGS# 1147

8091 1828 13 Stars MS63 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (77/79). NGC Census: (49/56). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 222V, PCGS# 1148 Base PCGS# 1148

8092 1828 13 Stars MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (74/5). NGC Census: (44/12). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 222V, PCGS# 1148 Base PCGS# 1148

8093 1832 MS63 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (46/57). NGC Census: (33/31). CDN: \$390 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 154,000. NGC ID# 222Y, PCGS# 1159 Base PCGS# 1159

8094 1833 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (52/16). NGC Census: (33/15). CDN: \$920 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 120,000. NGC ID# 222Z, PCGS# 1163

8095 1833 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS64 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/2). NGC Census: (84/47). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 222Z, PCGS# 35282 Base PCGS# 1162



- 8096 1834 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS65 Brown NGC.** CAC. NGC Census: (22/3). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 141,000. NGC ID# 2232, PCGS# 35285 Base PCGS# 1165
- 8097 1835 MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (131/28). NGC Census: (125/55). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 398,000. NGC ID# 2233, PCGS# 1168 Base PCGS# 1168
- 8098 1835 MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (131/28). NGC Census: (125/55). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 398,000. NGC ID# 2233, PCGS# 1168 Base PCGS# 1168
- 8099 1835 MS64 Brown PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (131/28). NGC Census: (125/55). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 398,000. NGC ID# 2233, PCGS# 1168 Base PCGS# 1168
- 8100 1851 MS63 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (64/23). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 147,672.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26YW, PCGS# 1225 Base PCGS# 1225
- 8101 1853 MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (168/67). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 129,694. NGC ID# 26YX, PCGS# 1227 Base PCGS# 1227
- 8102 1854 MS64 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (99/28). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 55,358. NGC ID# 26YY, PCGS# 1230 Base PCGS# 1230

- 8103 1854 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (65/19). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 55,358. NGC ID# 26YY, PCGS# 1231 Base PCGS# 1231
- 8104 1855 C-1, B-1, R.1, MS65 Brown NGC.** CAC. NGC Census: (82/13). PCGS Population: (2/0). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 26YZ, PCGS# 35333 Base PCGS# 1233
- 8105 1856 MS65 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/0). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 40,430. NGC ID# 26ZX, PCGS# 1236 Base PCGS# 1236
- 8106 1857 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (50/1). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 35,180. NGC ID# 26Z3, PCGS# 1240 Base PCGS# 1240
- 8107 1857 C-1 MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (122/94). PCGS Population: (2/2). CDN: \$330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 35,180.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26Z3, PCGS# 35339 Base PCGS# 1239

LARGE CENTS

- 8108 1793 Wreath, Vine and Bars Edge — Tooled — PCGS Genuine.** VG Details. NGC Census: (9/130). PCGS Population: (35/391). CDN: \$3,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 63,353.
- 8109 1794 Head of 1793, S-18b, B-2b, R.4, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine.** AG Details. NGC Census: (0/5). PCGS Population: (0/5).
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 8110 1794 Head of 1794, S-22, B-6, R.1, Fine 12 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (1/8). PCGS Population: (0/9). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35531 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8111 1794 Head of 1794, S-22, B-6, R.1, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine.** XF Details. NGC Census: (0/6). PCGS Population: (0/7). CDN: \$2,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40.
- 8112 1794 Head of 1794, S-24, B-8, R.1, Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/10). NGC Census: (0/10). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35537 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8113 1794 Head of 1794, S-24, B-8, R.1, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine.** XF Details.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 8114 1794 Head of 1794, S-26, B-16, R.2, VG10 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (0/6). NGC Census: (0/7). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35543 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8115 1794 Head of 1794, S-54, B-46, R.3, — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine.** VF Details. NGC Census: (0/4). PCGS Population: (1/3). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 8116 1794 Head of 1794, S-57, B-55, R.1, Fine 12 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (0/9). NGC Census: (0/14). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35633 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8117 1794 Head of 1794, S-60, B-52, R.3, Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (0/6). NGC Census: (0/9). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 35642 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8118 1794 Head of 1794, S-65, B-51, R.1, — Environmental Damage — NGC Details.** VF. NGC Census: (0/13). PCGS Population: (1/14). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 8119 1794 Head of 1795, S-68, B-60, R.5, — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details.** VG. NGC Census: (1/2). PCGS Population: (0/3). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8.
- 8120 1794 Head of 1794 Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (54/497). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 223P, PCGS# 901374 Base PCGS# 901374
- 8121 1794 Head of 1794 — Tooled — PCGS Genuine.** VF Details. PCGS Population: (68/429). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 8122 1795 Plain Edge Fine 15 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (26/250). NGC Census: (8/83). Mintage 501,500. NGC ID# 223T, PCGS# 1380 Base PCGS# 1380
- 8123 1796 Liberty Cap, S-82, B-3, R.5, VG8 PCGS.** Tied for eighth finest in the Noyes Census. PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (0/4). NGC ID# 223V, PCGS# 35753 Base PCGS# 1392
- 8124 1796 Liberty Cap, S-88, B-9, R.4, VG10 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (1/6). NGC ID# 223V, PCGS# 35771 Base PCGS# 1392
- 8125 1796 Reverse of 1794, Good 6 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/29). NGC Census: (0/1). NGC ID# 223W, PCGS# 1404 Base PCGS# 1404
- 8126 1796 Reverse of 1795, NC-4, B-23, High R.5, — Damaged — PCGS Genuine.** Good Details. An elusive variety always found in low grades. The finest known is just Fine 15. NGC Census: (0/2). PCGS Population: (0/1). NGC ID# 223W, PCGS# 35840 Base PCGS# 1401

8127 1797 Reverse of 1795, Grippled Edge, S-120b, B-2b, R.2, Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/4). NGC Census: (0/5). NGC ID# 223Y, PCGS# 35900 Base PCGS# 1416

8128 1797 Reverse of 1797, No Stems, S-143, B-31, R.5, VG8 PCGS. A scarce variety that is usually found in low grades. PCGS Population: (0/4). NGC Census: (1/3). NGC ID# 2243, PCGS# 35990 Base PCGS# 1425

8129 1796 Liberty Cap VG8 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (22/148). NGC Census: (8/44). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 109,825. NGC ID# 223V, PCGS# 1392 Base PCGS# 1392



8130 1796 Liberty Cap — Environmental Damage — NGC Details. XF. NGC Census: (0/22). PCGS Population: (7/32). CDN: \$6,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 109,825.

8131 1797 Reverse of 1797, Stems — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (4/54). PCGS Population: (28/179). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 897,510. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

8132 1798 First Hair Style, S-146, B-3, Low R.5, VG10 PCGS. This example ranks about 10th finest in the Condition Census. PCGS Population: (3/1). NGC Census: (1/1). NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36017 Base PCGS# 1431

8133 1798/7 S-152, B-13, R.2, VG8 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/30). NGC Census: (1/6). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 1,841,745. NGC ID# 2245, PCGS# 35999 Base PCGS# 1440

8134 1798 Second Hair Style, S-173, B-38, R.3, VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (40/251). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36089 Base PCGS# 1434

8135 1798 Second Hair Style, S-185, B-46, R.2, VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (53/170). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2244, PCGS# 36122 Base PCGS# 1434

8136 1799 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. AG Details. NGC Census: (0/22). PCGS Population: (20/119). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AG3. Mintage 42,540.

8137 1800 VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/69). NGC Census: (1/13). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 2,822,175. NGC ID# 2248, PCGS# 1449

8138 1801 S-216, B-6, R.1, VF35 Brown NGC. Ex: Rasmussen. NGC Census: (2/4). PCGS Population: (0/5). NGC ID# 224B, PCGS# 36245 Base PCGS# 1458

8139 1801 NC-1, B-3, High R.5, AG3 PCGS. Just 31 examples are currently known. PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (0/1). Mintage 1,362,837. PCGS# 36257 Base PCGS# 1458

8140 1801 1/000, NC-3, B-15, High R.6, Fair 2 PCGS. An important piece as the finest known grades just VG8. PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (0/3). PCGS# 36281 Base PCGS# 1464

8141 1802 — Environmental Damage — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (5/37). PCGS Population: (29/70). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 3,435,100.

8142 1802 No Stems, S-231, B-9, R.1, VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/15). NGC Census: (4/10). NGC ID# 224F, PCGS# 36344 Base PCGS# 1476

8143 1802 No Stems, S-231, B-9, R.1, — Corroded, Burnished — ANACS. AU50 Details. NGC Census: (1/4). PCGS Population: (1/5). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 224F, PCGS# 36344 Base PCGS# 1476

8144 1803 Small Date, Small Fraction XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (52/151). NGC Census: (22/131). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 3,131,691. NGC ID# 224G, PCGS# 1482

8145 1804 S-266, B-1, R.2, AG3 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/65). PCGS Population: (1/19). NGC ID# 224H, PCGS# 36422 Base PCGS# 1504

8146 1804 S-266, B-1, R.2, — Damage — PCGS Genuine. AG Details. NGC Census: (0/65). PCGS Population: (1/19).

8147 1805 VF30 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (5/58). PCGS Population: (28/114). Mintage 941,116. NGC ID# 224K, PCGS# 1510

8148 1805 VF35 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (7/52). PCGS Population: (25/87). Mintage 941,116. NGC ID# 224K, PCGS# 1510

8149 1806 S-270, B-1, R.1, VF30 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (4/39). PCGS Population: (0/14). NGC ID# 224L, PCGS# 36436 Base PCGS# 1513

8150 1806 S-270, B-1, R.1, VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (0/14). NGC Census: (4/35). NGC ID# 224L, PCGS# 36436 Base PCGS# 1513

8151 1808 VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/91). NGC Census: (1/48). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 1,007,000. NGC ID# 224P, PCGS# 1543

8152 1809 Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/68). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 222,867. NGC ID# 224R, PCGS# 1546

8153 1810/09 VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/54). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 1,458,500. NGC ID# 224T, PCGS# 1552

8154 1810 VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/101). NGC Census: (5/50). Mintage 1,458,500. NGC ID# 224S, PCGS# 1549

8155 1812 Small Date VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/194). NGC Census: (6/129). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 1,075,500. NGC ID# 224W, PCGS# 1561

8156 1814 Crosslet 4 VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/178). NGC Census: (7/114). Mintage 357,830. NGC ID# 224Y, PCGS# 1573



- 8157 1816 MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (30/2). NGC Census: (29/3). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,820,982. NGC ID# 224Z, PCGS# 1591
- 8158 1817 13 Stars MS61 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (17/81). PCGS Population: (4/135). Mintage 3,948,400. NGC ID# 2252, PCGS# 1594
- 8159 1818 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (99/393). NGC Census: (48/348). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,167,000. NGC ID# 2253, PCGS# 1600
- 8160 1818 MS64 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (87/13). PCGS Population: (64/5). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,167,000. NGC ID# 2253, PCGS# 1600
- 8161 1818 MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (64/5). NGC Census: (87/13). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,167,000. NGC ID# 2253, PCGS# 1600
- 8162 1818 MS63 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (59/51). PCGS Population: (143/50). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,167,000.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2253, PCGS# 1601
- 8163 1818 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (49/1). NGC Census: (45/6). CDN: \$1,025 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,167,000. NGC ID# 2253, PCGS# 1601
- 8164 1818 N-1, R.2, MS62 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (0/4). NGC Census: (1/1). PCGS# 36601 Base PCGS# 1600

- 8165 1819 Large Date MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (42/29). PCGS Population: (21/14). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,671,000. NGC ID# 2254, PCGS# 1603
- 8166 1820 Large Date MS63 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (102/369). NGC Census: (61/335). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,407,550. NGC ID# 2257, PCGS# 1615
- 8167 1820 Large Date MS64 Brown NGC.** CAC. NGC Census: (160/176). PCGS Population: (214/154). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,407,550. NGC ID# 2257, PCGS# 1615
- 8168 1820 Large Date MS64 Brown PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (214/153). NGC Census: (160/176). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,407,550. NGC ID# 2257, PCGS# 1615
- 8169 1820 Large Date, N-13, R.1, MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (14/35). PCGS Population: (2/15). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 2256, PCGS# 36673 Base PCGS# 1615
- 8170 1823/2 Fine 12 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (20/77). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 1,262,000. NGC ID# 225B, PCGS# 1630
- 8171 1823/2 Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/64). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 1,262,000. NGC ID# 225B, PCGS# 1630
- 8172 1823/2 VF25 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (6/46). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 1,262,000. NGC ID# 225B, PCGS# 1630
- 8173 1826 AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (21/67). NGC Census: (8/73). Mintage 1,517,425. NGC ID# 225G, PCGS# 1645
- 8174 1826 AU58 Brown NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (26/47). PCGS Population: (28/39). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,517,425. NGC ID# 225G, PCGS# 1645
- 8175 1827 AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (14/78). NGC Census: (16/46). Mintage 2,357,732. NGC ID# 225J, PCGS# 1651
- 8176 1827 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (29/50). NGC Census: (17/29). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,357,732. NGC ID# 225J, PCGS# 1651

- 8177 1828 Large Narrow Date AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (13/29). NGC Census: (14/22). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,260,624. NGC ID# 225J, PCGS# 1654
- 8178 1830 Large Letters, N-1, R.1, MS62 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (3/4). PCGS Population: (0/4). Mintage 1,711,500. NGC ID# 225L, PCGS# 36937 Base PCGS# 1672
- 8179 1832 Medium Letters AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/19). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 225N, PCGS# 1690
- 8180 1832 Medium Letters MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/3). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 225N, PCGS# 1690
- 8181 1834 Small 8, Large Stars, Medium Letters, MS62 Brown NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (15/19). NGC ID# 225R, PCGS# 1708
- 8182 1836 MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (17/7). NGC Census: (13/8). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,111,000. NGC ID# 225T, PCGS# 1726
- 8183 1837 Head of 1838, MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (54/44). NGC Census: (72/84). CDN: \$840 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,558,300. NGC ID# 225U, PCGS# 1729
- 8184 1839 Silly Head MS63 Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (10/30). NGC Census: (8/21). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,128,661. NGC ID# 225Y, PCGS# 1748
- 8185 1840 Small Date Over Large 18, AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/4). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2266, PCGS# 1826
- 8186 1841 N-7, R.2, MS62 Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2/4). NGC Census: (2/7). Mintage 1,597,367. NGC ID# 2267, PCGS# 405809 Base PCGS# 1832
- 8187 1842 Large Date MS63 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (34/32). NGC Census: (13/29). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,383,390. NGC ID# 2268, PCGS# 1835
- 8188 1843 Petite Head, Large Letters, N-4, N-13, R.1, MS62 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/8). NGC Census: (9/14). NGC ID# 2269, PCGS# 403922 Base PCGS# 1847
- 8189 1847 N-3, N-33, R.3, MS64 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/2). NGC Census: (1/0). CDN: \$345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,183,669. NGC ID# 226D, PCGS# 37271 Base PCGS# 1877

8190 1848 MS64+ Brown NGC. NGC Census: (48/28 and 1/1+). PCGS Population: (66/17 and 4/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,415,799. NGC ID# 226E, PCGS# 1883

8191 1850 MS65 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (64/10). NGC Census: (87/38). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,426,844. NGC ID# 226G, PCGS# 1889

8192 1850 MS65 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (63/10). NGC Census: (87/38). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,426,844. NGC ID# 226G, PCGS# 1889

8193 1850 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (173/118 and 2/3+). NGC Census: (90/108 and 0/0+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,426,844. NGC ID# 226G, PCGS# 1890



8194 1850 MS66 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (18/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). Mintage 4,426,844. NGC ID# 226G, PCGS# 1890

8195 1850 N-21, N-10, R.2, MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/2). NGC Census: (1/3). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,426,844. NGC ID# 226G, PCGS# 405910 Base PCGS# 1889

8196 1851 MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (171/94). NGC Census: (137/172). CDN: \$345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,889,707. NGC ID# 226H, PCGS# 1892

8197 1853 MS65 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (105/24). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,641,131. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 1901

8198 1853 MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (105/24). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,641,131. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 1901

8199 1853 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (236/116). NGC Census: (146/132). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,641,131. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 1902

8200 1853 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (104/12). NGC Census: (102/31). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,641,131. NGC ID# 226K, PCGS# 1902

8201 1855 Upright 55, MS64+ Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (135/60 and 6/4+). NGC Census: (105/110 and 0/0+). CDN: \$345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,574,829. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1907

8202 1855 Upright 55, MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (50/10). NGC Census: (81/29). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,574,829. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1907

8203 1855 Upright 55, MS65 Brown NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (81/29). PCGS Population: (50/10). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,574,829. NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1907

8204 1855 Upright 55 MS64 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (73/96). PCGS Population: (175/85). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,574,829. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1908

8205 1855 Upright 55 MS64+ Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (73/96 and 0/0+). PCGS Population: (175/85 and 2/0+). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,574,829. NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1908

8206 1855 Upright 5s MS64 Red NGC. NGC Census: (50/37). PCGS Population: (84/97). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,574,829. NGC ID# 226M, PCGS# 1909

8207 1857 Large Date MS64 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (52/9). NGC Census: (75/16). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 333,456. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 1928

FLYING EAGLE CENTS

8208 1857 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (341/1678). PCGS Population: (497/2209). Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8209 1857 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (540/1137). PCGS Population: (872/1332). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 17,450,000. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8210 1857 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1093/240). NGC Census: (920/222). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8211 1857 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1092/240). NGC Census: (920/223). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8212 1857 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1090/240). NGC Census: (920/223). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8213 1857 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1096/241). NGC Census: (915/222). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 2016

8214 1857 Reverse Die Clash with Seated Quarter, Snow-8, FS-901 (005), — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (1/21). PCGS Population: (2/14). CDN: \$165 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 17,450,000. NGC ID# 2276, PCGS# 37377 Base PCGS# 2016

8215 1858 Large Letters MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (547/208). NGC Census: (73/25). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,600,000. NGC ID# 2277, PCGS# 2019

8216 1858/7 Large Letters, Snow-1, FS-301, AU50 ANACS. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/4). CDN: \$165 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 24,600,000. NGC ID# 2277, PCGS# 37383 Base PCGS# 2022

8217 1858 Small Letters MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (324/94). NGC Census: (286/87). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

8218 1858 Small Letters MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (324/94). NGC Census: (286/87). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 2279, PCGS# 2020

INDIAN CENTS

- 8219 1859 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (697/193). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 36,400,000. NGC ID# 227E, PCGS# 2052
- 8220 1859 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (696/199). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 36,400,000. NGC ID# 227E, PCGS# 2052
- 8221 1860 Pointed Bust MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (141/51). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 227F, PCGS# 2056
- 8222 1860 Pointed Bust MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (141/51). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 227F, PCGS# 2056
- 8223 1861 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (463/325). NGC Census: (293/188). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 10,100,000. NGC ID# 227G, PCGS# 2061
- 8224 1861 MS65 PCGS.** Ex: Eagle Eye Photo Seal, no photo card included. PCGS Population: (234/93). NGC Census: (147/42). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,100,000. NGC ID# 227G, PCGS# 2061
- 8225 1862 MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (187/42). PCGS Population: (261/94). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 28,075,000. NGC ID# 227H, PCGS# 2064
- 8226 1863 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (273/63). NGC Census: (224/22). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 49,840,000. NGC ID# 229D, PCGS# 2067
- 8227 1863 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (273/63). NGC Census: (224/22). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 49,840,000. NGC ID# 229D, PCGS# 2067
- 8228 1864 Copper-Nickel MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (161/30). NGC Census: (124/18). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,740,000. NGC ID# 227K, PCGS# 2070
- 8229 1864 Bronze No L MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (245/29). NGC Census: (244/76). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 39,233,712. NGC ID# 29GN, PCGS# 2077



- 8230 1864 Bronze No L MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (29/0). NGC Census: (71/5). Mintage 39,233,712. NGC ID# 29GN, PCGS# 2077
- 8231 1864 L On Ribbon MS65 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/1). NGC Census: (19/2). CDN: \$80 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 39,233,712. NGC ID# 227M, PCGS# 2079
- 8232 1864 L On Ribbon MS65 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (101/22). PCGS Population: (90/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 39,233,712. NGC ID# 227M, PCGS# 2080
- 8233 1866 MS64 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (141/124). PCGS Population: (249/94). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,826,500. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 227P, PCGS# 2086
- 8234 1866 MS65 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (100/24). PCGS Population: (88/6). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,826,500. NGC ID# 227P, PCGS# 2086
- 8235 1866 Repunched Date, Snow-2, FS-301, MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** (FS-007.7). Ex: Eagle Eye Photo Seal, no photo card included. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (2/4). CDN: \$75 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,826,500. PCGS# 37448 Base PCGS# 2086
- 8236 1867 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (321/74). NGC Census: (139/115). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,821,000. NGC ID# 227R, PCGS# 2089
- 8237 1867 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (321/74). NGC Census: (139/115). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,821,000. NGC ID# 227R, PCGS# 2089
- 8238 1867 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (73/1). NGC Census: (103/12). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,821,000. NGC ID# 227R, PCGS# 2089
- 8239 1868 Doubled Die Obverse, Snow-1, FS-101 (008.2), MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/2). NGC Census: (2/1). CDN: \$75 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 10,266,500. PCGS# 37463 Base PCGS# 2092
- 8240 1869/69 Snow-3, FS-301, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (34/105). PCGS Population: (16/52). NGC ID# 227T, PCGS# 37474 Base PCGS# 2094
- 8241 1870 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (243/69). NGC Census: (107/101). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,275,000. NGC ID# 227U, PCGS# 2098
- 8242 1870 MS64 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (107/101). PCGS Population: (244/69). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,275,000. NGC ID# 227U, PCGS# 2098
- 8243 1870 Doubled Die Obverse and Reverse, Snow-2, FS-101, FS-801, MS63 Brown PCGS. CAC.** (FS-008.6/FS-008.7) PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$45 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,275,000. NGC ID# 227U, PCGS# 408503 Base PCGS# 2097
- 8244 1872 MS64 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (44/20). PCGS Population: (48/12). CDN: \$60 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,042,000. NGC ID# 227W, PCGS# 2103
- 8245 1872 MS62 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (15/228). PCGS Population: (20/404). Mintage 4,042,000. NGC ID# 227W, PCGS# 2104
- 8246 1873 Open 3 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (224/79). NGC Census: (50/62). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,676,500. NGC ID# 227Y, PCGS# 2107
- 8247 1873 Open 3 MS65 Red and Brown NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (60/2). PCGS Population: (74/6). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,676,500. NGC ID# 227Y, PCGS# 2107

8248 1873 Open 3 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (74/6). NGC Census: (60/2). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,676,500. NGC ID# 227Y, PCGS# 2107

8249 1873 Closed 3 MS63 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/156). NGC Census: (53/186). CDN: \$55 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 227X, PCGS# 2110

8250 1873 Closed 3 MS64+ Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (113/43 and 3/2+). NGC Census: (118/68 and 1/0+). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 227X, PCGS# 2110

8251 1873 Closed 3 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/4). NGC Census: (57/11). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 227X, PCGS# 2110

8252 1875 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (285/111). NGC Census: (175/129). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 13,528,000. NGC ID# 2282, PCGS# 2122

8253 1875 Polished Die, S-15, MS65 Red and Brown PCGS Secure. CAC. Ex: Eagle Eye Photo Seal, no photo card included. PCGS Population: (104/7 and 2/1+). NGC Census: (111/18 and 0/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,528,000. NGC ID# 2282, PCGS# 2122

8254 1876 MS65 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (100/14). PCGS Population: (87/9). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 7,944,000. NGC ID# 2283, PCGS# 2125

8255 1877 VG8 PCGS. PCGS Population: (414/2756). NGC Census: (249/1673). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 852,500. NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2127

8256 1877 VG8 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (248/1673). PCGS Population: (413/2752). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 852,500. **From The Palos Verdes Collection.** NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2127

8257 1877 VG8 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (248/1673). PCGS Population: (413/2752). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 852,500. NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2127

8258 1877 Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (246/1822). NGC Census: (126/1156). Mintage 852,500. NGC ID# 2284, PCGS# 2127

8259 1879 MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (55/23). NGC Census: (21/3). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,231,200. NGC ID# 2286, PCGS# 2135



8260 1882 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (7/0). NGC Census: (14/0). Mintage 38,581,100. NGC ID# 2289, PCGS# 2143

8261 1883 MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC Census: (21/1). Mintage 45,598,108. NGC ID# 228A, PCGS# 2146

8262 1885 MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/82). NGC Census: (12/21). CDN: \$175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,765,384. NGC ID# 228C, PCGS# 2153

8263 1886 Type One MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (173/61). NGC Census: (104/58). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,654,290. NGC ID# 228D, PCGS# 2155

8264 1889 MS64 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (95/60). NGC Census: (61/34). CDN: \$175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 48,869,360. NGC ID# 2732, PCGS# 2174

8265 1890 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/2). NGC Census: (77/0). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 57,182,856. NGC ID# 228J, PCGS# 2176

8266 1892 MS65 Red NGC. NGC Census: (36/4). PCGS Population: (55/16). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 37,649,832. NGC ID# 228L, PCGS# 2183

8267 1894 Repunched Date AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/23). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$18 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 228N, PCGS# 92187 Base PCGS# 2187

8268 1894 MS66 Red and Brown NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. NGC Census: (5/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). Mintage 16,752,132. NGC ID# 228N, PCGS# 2188

8269 1894 MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (78/31). NGC Census: (38/12). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,752,132. NGC ID# 228N, PCGS# 2189

8270 1895 MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (123/56). NGC Census: (91/43). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 38,343,636. NGC ID# 228P, PCGS# 2192

8271 1897 MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (57/20). NGC Census: (32/10). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 50,466,328. NGC ID# 342W, PCGS# 2198

8272 1899 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (84/22). NGC Census: (52/10). Mintage 53,600,032. NGC ID# 228U, PCGS# 2204

8273 1899 MS66 Red NGC. NGC Census: (52/10). PCGS Population: (85/21). Mintage 53,600,032. **From The Palos Verdes Collection.** NGC ID# 228U, PCGS# 2204

8274 1900 MS66 Red NGC. NGC Census: (44/3). PCGS Population: (72/15). Mintage 66,833,764. NGC ID# 228V, PCGS# 2207

8275 1908-S MS64 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (250/139). PCGS Population: (449/136). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,115,000. NGC ID# 2296, PCGS# 2233

8276 1909 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (187/14). NGC Census: (35/3). Mintage 14,370,645. NGC ID# 2297, PCGS# 2237

8277 1909 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (187/14). NGC Census: (35/3). Mintage 14,370,645. NGC ID# 2297, PCGS# 2237

8278 1909-S XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (300/752). NGC Census: (269/610). Mintage 309,000. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2238

8279 1909-S AU53 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (63/487). PCGS Population: (64/557). Mintage 309,000. **From The Palos Verdes Collection.** NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2238

8280 1909-S AU58 ANACS. NGC Census: (100/285). PCGS Population: (156/246). CDN: \$18 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 309,000. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2238

8281 1909-S MS63 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (82/86). PCGS Population: (112/77). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 309,000.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 2298, PCGS# 2238

PROOF INDIAN CENTS

8282 1865 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (78/33). NGC Census: (37/39). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 500. NGC ID# 229H, PCGS# 2283

8283 1869 PR65 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (37/5). PCGS Population: (45/13). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 229M, PCGS# 2295

8284 1878 PR65 Red and Brown Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (10/3). PCGS Population: (11/7). NGC ID# 4YVB, PCGS# 82323

8285 1879 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (101/53). NGC Census: (78/35). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 229Y, PCGS# 2325

8286 1879 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (101/53). NGC Census: (78/35). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 229Y, PCGS# 2325

8287 1880 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (86/37). NGC Census: (76/30). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,955. NGC ID# 229Z, PCGS# 2328

8288 1880 PR64 Red Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/13). NGC Census: (4/2). NGC ID# 229Z, PCGS# 82329

8289 1881 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (102/45). NGC Census: (76/48). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,575. NGC ID# 22A2, PCGS# 2331

8290 1881 PR65 Red NGC. NGC Census: (30/15). PCGS Population: (54/24). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,575. NGC ID# 2868, PCGS# 2332



8291 1882 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (38/5). NGC Census: (22/6). Mintage 3,100. NGC ID# 22A3, PCGS# 2334

8292 1883 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (125/44). NGC Census: (120/39). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 6,609. NGC ID# 22A4, PCGS# 2337

8293 1884 PR66 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (58/13). PCGS Population: (65/16). Mintage 3,942.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 22A5, PCGS# 2340

8294 1884 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/16). NGC Census: (58/13). Mintage 3,942. NGC ID# 22A5, PCGS# 2340

8295 1886 Type One PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/120). NGC Census: (49/81). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 22A7, PCGS# 2346

8296 1886 Type One PR66 Red and Brown NGC. NGC Census: (26/2). PCGS Population: (39/3). Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 22A7, PCGS# 2346

8297 1887 PR66 Brown PCGS. CAC. Ex: Eagle Eye Photo Seal, no photo card included. PCGS Population: (25/5). NGC Census: (19/3). Mintage 2,960. NGC ID# 22A9, PCGS# 2348

8298 1887 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (61/11). NGC Census: (48/15). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,960. NGC ID# 22A9, PCGS# 2349

8299 1888 PR65 Red and Brown NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (36/9). PCGS Population: (44/5). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 4,582. NGC ID# 22AA, PCGS# 2352

8300 1889 PR64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/24). NGC Census: (9/5). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 3,336. NGC ID# 2732, PCGS# 2356

8301 1890 PR65 Red NGC. NGC Census: (12/1). PCGS Population: (22/2). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,740. NGC ID# 22AC, PCGS# 2359

8302 1891 PR65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/4). NGC Census: (10/1). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 22AD, PCGS# 2362

8303 1892 PR66 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (8/0). NGC Census: (2/1). Mintage 2,745. NGC ID# 22AE, PCGS# 2363

8304 1894 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (40/3). NGC Census: (42/11). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,632. NGC ID# 22AG, PCGS# 2370

8305 1896 PR66 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/0). NGC Census: (4/0). Mintage 1,862. NGC ID# 22AJ, PCGS# 2375

8306 1896 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. Secure. PCGS Population: (36/14 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (46/10 and 0/0+). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,862. NGC ID# 22AJ, PCGS# 2376

8307 1896 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (10/0). Mintage 1,862. NGC ID# 22AJ, PCGS# 2376

8308 1898 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/6). NGC Census: (26/8). Mintage 1,795. NGC ID# 22AL, PCGS# 2382

8309 1905 PR66 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/4). NGC Census: (19/4). Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 22AU, PCGS# 2403

8310 1905 PR65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/16). NGC Census: (12/10). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 22AU, PCGS# 2404

8311 1909 Indian PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (65/32). NGC Census: (53/30). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,175. NGC ID# 22AY, PCGS# 2415

LINCOLN CENTS

8312 1909 VDB Doubled Die Obverse, FS-1102, MS65 Red NGC. (FS-012.1). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (36/17). NGC ID# 22AZ, PCGS# 37636 Base PCGS# 2425

- 8313 1909-S VDB Fine 15 ANACS.** NGC Census: (597/4745). PCGS Population: (814/8949). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8314 1909-S VDB Fine 15 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (600/4763). PCGS Population: (818/8995). Mintage 484,000.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8315 1909-S VDB — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. VF Details.** NGC Census: (415/4348). PCGS Population: (804/8202). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8316 1909-S VDB XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (967/4695). NGC Census: (402/2816). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8317 1909-S VDB XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (967/4695). NGC Census: (402/2816). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8318 1909-S VDB XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (967/4695). NGC Census: (402/2816). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8319 1909-S VDB — Obverse Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF.** NGC Census: (402/2816). PCGS Population: (967/4695). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 484,000.
- 8320 1909-S VDB XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1056/3639). NGC Census: (509/2307). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8321 1909-S VDB XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1057/3645). NGC Census: (509/2308). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8322 1909-S VDB — Scratches — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (161/2146). PCGS Population: (496/3143). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 484,000.
- 8323 1909-S VDB AU50 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (158/2140). PCGS Population: (491/3129). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8324 1909-S VDB AU58 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (460/1150). PCGS Population: (787/1356). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426

- 8325 1909-S VDB — Smoothed — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details.** NGC Census: (2/1148). PCGS Population: (15/1343). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 484,000.
- 8326 1909-S VDB — Altered Color — NGC Details. Unc.** NGC Census: (2/1148). PCGS Population: (15/1342). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 484,000.
- 8327 1909-S VDB MS62 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (316/726). PCGS Population: (312/1019). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426



- 8328 1909-S VDB MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (330/396). PCGS Population: (540/475). Mintage 484,000.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8329 1909-S VDB MS63 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (330/396). PCGS Population: (540/476). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 2426
- 8330 1909-S VDB MS62 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (106/3509). NGC Census: (99/1681). Mintage 484,000. NGC ID# 22B2, PCGS# 2427
- 8331 1909-S Lincoln MS65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (286/14). NGC Census: (146/18). Mintage 1,825,000. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2433
- 8332 1909-S Lincoln MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (287/14). NGC Census: (145/18). Mintage 1,825,000. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2433
- 8333 1909-S MS64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (500/645). NGC Census: (173/242). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,825,000. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2434

- 8334 1909-S MS65 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (463/182). NGC Census: (174/68). CDN: \$1,020 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,825,000. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 2434
- 8335 1909-S/S S Over Horizontal S MS65 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (34/1). PCGS Population: (49/4). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 92433
- 8336 1909-S/S S Over Horizontal S MS65 Red NGC.** NGC Census: (69/27). PCGS Population: (215/75).
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 92434
- 8337 1909-S/S S Over Horizontal S MS65 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (216/74). NGC Census: (69/27). NGC ID# 22B4, PCGS# 92434
- 8338 1910 MS66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (155/34). NGC Census: (88/14). Mintage 146,801,216. NGC ID# 22B5, PCGS# 2437
- 8339 1911-D MS65+ Red PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (177/54 and 8/6+). NGC Census: (30/3 and 0/0+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,672,000. NGC ID# 22B8, PCGS# 2446
- 8340 1911-S MS65 Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (16/1). NGC Census: (16/0). Mintage 4,026,000. NGC ID# 22B9, PCGS# 2447
- 8341 1911-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (76/0). NGC Census: (57/3). Mintage 4,026,000. NGC ID# 22B9, PCGS# 2448
- 8342 1912 MS66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (91/10). NGC Census: (10/1). Mintage 68,153,056. NGC ID# 22BA, PCGS# 2452
- 8343 1912-S MS65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (56/3). NGC Census: (34/3). Mintage 4,431,000. NGC ID# 22BC, PCGS# 2457
- 8344 1912-S MS65 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (82/4). NGC Census: (24/1). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,431,000. NGC ID# 22BC, PCGS# 2458
- 8345 1913-S MS64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (156/55). NGC Census: (38/15). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,101,000. NGC ID# 22BF, PCGS# 2467
- 8346 1913-S MS64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (157/55). NGC Census: (38/15). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,101,000. NGC ID# 22BF, PCGS# 2467

8347 1913-S MS64 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (157/55). NGC Census: (38/15). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,101,000. NGC ID# 22BF, PCGS# 2467

8348 1914-D XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (477/1115). NGC Census: (199/750). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,193,000. NGC ID# 84BX, PCGS# 2471

8349 1914-D XF45 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (373/740). NGC Census: (218/532). Mintage 1,193,000. NGC ID# 84BX, PCGS# 2471

8350 1914-D — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (56/476). PCGS Population: (142/594). CDN: \$1,190 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,193,000.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

8351 1914-D AU55 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (110/306). PCGS Population: (156/352). Mintage 1,193,000. NGC ID# 84BX, PCGS# 2471

8352 1914-S MS64 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (32/11). PCGS Population: (60/13). Mintage 4,137,000. NGC ID# 22BJ, PCGS# 2474

8353 1914-S MS64 Brown NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (32/11). PCGS Population: (60/13). Mintage 4,137,000. NGC ID# 22BJ, PCGS# 2474

8354 1914-S MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/1). NGC Census: (10/1). Mintage 4,137,000. NGC ID# 22BJ, PCGS# 2474

8355 1914-S MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (155/26). NGC Census: (46/27). Mintage 4,137,000. NGC ID# 22BJ, PCGS# 2475

8356 1914-S MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (136/40). NGC Census: (24/5). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,137,000. NGC ID# 22BJ, PCGS# 2476

8357 1915 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (90/12). NGC Census: (11/1). Mintage 29,092,120. NGC ID# 22BK, PCGS# 2479

8358 1915-S MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/2). NGC Census: (18/3). Mintage 4,833,000. NGC ID# 22BM, PCGS# 2483

8359 1915-S MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (166/26). NGC Census: (61/34). Mintage 4,833,000. NGC ID# 22BM, PCGS# 2484



8360 1916 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (59/0). NGC Census: (6/0). Mintage 131,833,680. NGC ID# 22BN, PCGS# 2488

8361 1916-S MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (36/2). Mintage 22,510,000. NGC ID# 22BR, PCGS# 2492

8362 1916-S MS64 Red NGC. NGC Census: (28/6). PCGS Population: (112/26). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 22,510,000. NGC ID# 22BR, PCGS# 2494

8363 1917 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (141/18). NGC Census: (26/1). Mintage 196,429,792. NGC ID# 22BS, PCGS# 2497

8364 1917 MS66 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (141/18). NGC Census: (26/1). Mintage 196,429,792. NGC ID# 22BS, PCGS# 2497

8365 1917-S MS66 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 32,620,000. NGC ID# 22BU, PCGS# 2501

8366 1917-S MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/19). NGC Census: (16/2). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 32,620,000. NGC ID# 22BU, PCGS# 2503

8367 1918 MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (133/30 and 30/4+). NGC Census: (21/4 and 2/0+). Mintage 288,104,640. NGC ID# 22BV, PCGS# 2506

8368 1918-D MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/0). NGC Census: (22/1). Mintage 47,830,000. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 2508

8369 1918-D MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/39). NGC Census: (28/8). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 47,830,000. NGC ID# 22BW, PCGS# 2509

8370 1919-D MS64+ Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (195/81 and 5/3+). NGC Census: (63/20 and 0/0+). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 57,154,000. NGC ID# 22BZ, PCGS# 2518

8371 1919-D MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/15). NGC Census: (20/0). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 57,154,000. NGC ID# 22BZ, PCGS# 2518

8372 1920 MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (123/9 and 9/1+). NGC Census: (58/3 and 0/0+). Mintage 310,164,992. NGC ID# 22C3, PCGS# 2524

8373 1922-D MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (107/11). NGC Census: (23/2). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,274,000. NGC ID# 22C8, PCGS# 2539

8374 1922-D Weak D MS62 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (9/14). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22C8, PCGS# 3110 Base PCGS# 2537

8375 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (576/2411). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 3285

8376 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (576/2413). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 3285

8377 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (719/1692). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22C9, PCGS# 3285

8378 1922 No D, Strong Reverse, FS-401, Die 2, — Cleaned — ANACS. VF20 Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (6/34).

8379 1923-S MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (162/23). NGC Census: (57/19). Mintage 8,700,000. NGC ID# 22CB, PCGS# 2547

8380 1924-D MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (185/36). NGC Census: (115/72). Mintage 2,520,000. NGC ID# 22CD, PCGS# 2553

8381 1924-D MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (93/40). NGC Census: (27/18). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,520,000. NGC ID# 22CD, PCGS# 2554

8382 1925 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (69/1). NGC Census: (26/0). Mintage 139,948,992. NGC ID# 22CF, PCGS# 2560

8383 1926-D MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (154/59). NGC Census: (33/5). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 28,020,000. NGC ID# 22CK, PCGS# 2572

8384 1926-S MS64 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (69/8). PCGS Population: (72/7). Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 22CL, PCGS# 2573



8385 1928 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/0). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 134,116,000. NGC ID# 22CR, PCGS# 2587

8386 1928-D MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (99/15). NGC Census: (33/3). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 31,170,000. NGC ID# 22CS, PCGS# 2590

8387 1928-S MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (159/47). NGC Census: (32/7). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,266,000. NGC ID# 22CT, PCGS# 2593

8388 1930 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (105/1). NGC Census: (256/0). Mintage 157,415,008. NGC ID# 22CX, PCGS# 2605

8389 1930 MS67 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (110/1). NGC Census: (256/0). Mintage 157,415,008. NGC ID# 22CX, PCGS# 2605

8390 1930-D MS66+ Red NGC. NGC Census: (122/8 and 3/0+). PCGS Population: (120/12 and 5/0+). Mintage 40,100,000. NGC ID# 22CY, PCGS# 2608

8391 1931 MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (288/22 and 13/1+). NGC Census: (106/9 and 3/0+). Mintage 19,396,000. NGC ID# 22D2, PCGS# 2614

8392 1931-S MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (821/110). NGC Census: (245/25). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 866,000. NGC ID# 22D4, PCGS# 2620

8393 1933 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (55/0). NGC Census: (25/0). Mintage 14,360,000. NGC ID# 22D7, PCGS# 2629

8394 1933-D MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (378/31 and 18/1+). NGC Census: (296/39 and 2/0+). Mintage 6,200,000. NGC ID# 22D8, PCGS# 2632

8395 1933-D MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (381/31 and 20/1+). NGC Census: (297/39 and 2/0+). Mintage 6,200,000. NGC ID# 22D8, PCGS# 2632

8396 1934 MS67+ Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (323/17 and 39/0+). NGC Census: (401/4 and 1/0+). Mintage 219,080,000. NGC ID# 22D9, PCGS# 2635

8397 1935 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (513/9 and 48/0+). NGC Census: (476/0 and 1/0+). Mintage 245,388,000. NGC ID# 22DB, PCGS# 2641

8398 1935-S MS66+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (290/17 and 20/0+). NGC Census: (271/45 and 2/0+). Mintage 38,702,000. NGC ID# 22DD, PCGS# 2647

8399 1936 MS67+ Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (268/0 and 22/0+). NGC Census: (643/1 and 1/0+). Mintage 309,637,568. NGC ID# 2748, PCGS# 2650

8400 1936-S MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (62/0). NGC Census: (118/0). Mintage 29,130,000. NGC ID# 22DG, PCGS# 2656

8401 1937 MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (472/2 and 14/0+). NGC Census: (1127/0 and 3/0+). Mintage 309,179,328. NGC ID# 86CF, PCGS# 2659

8402 1940-S MS67+ Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (241/1 and 23/0+). NGC Census: (711/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 112,940,000. NGC ID# 22DV, PCGS# 2692

8403 1943-D MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (132/0). NGC Census: (51/0). Mintage 217,660,000. NGC ID# 22E6, PCGS# 2714

8404 1943-D/D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (46/35). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 22E6, PCGS# 2715

8405 1943-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1741/56 and 43/0+). NGC Census: (2132/16 and 3/0+). Mintage 191,550,000. NGC ID# 22E8, PCGS# 2717

8406 1945-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (264/1 and 17/0+). NGC Census: (941/0 and 4/0+). Mintage 266,268,000. NGC ID# 22EH, PCGS# 2737

8407 1945-S MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (823/0 and 28/0+). NGC Census: (1552/0 and 4/0+). Mintage 181,770,000. NGC ID# 856Y, PCGS# 2740



8408 1948 MS67 Red NGC. NGC Census: (61/0). PCGS Population: (20/0). Mintage 317,569,984. NGC ID# 22ES, PCGS# 2761

8409 1949 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (40/0). NGC Census: (41/0). Mintage 217,775,008. NGC ID# 22EV, PCGS# 2770

8410 1951-D MS67+ Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (134/0 and 11/0+). NGC Census: (181/0 and 2/0+). Mintage 625,355,008. NGC ID# 22F4, PCGS# 2791

8411 1951-D MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (134/0 and 11/0+). NGC Census: (181/0 and 2/0+). Mintage 625,355,008. NGC ID# 22F4, PCGS# 2791

8412 1955 MS67 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/0). NGC Census: (65/1). Mintage 330,958,208. NGC ID# 22FF, PCGS# 2824

8413 1955 Doubled Die Obverse — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (212/3262). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 5,000.

8414 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (246/3040). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825

8415 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (246/3040). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825

- 8416 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU58 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1056/1199). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8417 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1041/1184). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8418 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU58 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1056/1199). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8419 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1053/1197). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8420 1955 Doubled Die Obverse AU58 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1056/1199). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8421 1955 Doubled Die Obverse MS61 Brown ANACS.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (36/1151). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22FG, PCGS# 2825
- 8422 1955-D MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (37/0). NGC Census: (106/0). Mintage 563,257,472. NGC ID# 22FH, PCGS# 2830
- 8423 1955-S MS67+ Red PCGS.** Ex: Lone Star Collection. PCGS Population: (343/1 and 31/0+). NGC Census: (2823/0 and 1/0+). Mintage 44,610,000. NGC ID# 22FJ, PCGS# 2833
- 8424 1955-S MS67+ Red PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (343/1 and 31/0+). NGC Census: (2823/0 and 1/0+). Mintage 44,610,000. NGC ID# 22FJ, PCGS# 2833
- 8425 1959 MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (20/0). Mintage 610,864,320. NGC ID# 22FS, PCGS# 2854
- 8426 1960 Large Date MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (38/0). Mintage 588,096,576. NGC ID# 22FW, PCGS# 2860
- 8427 1963 MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/0). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 757,185,664. NGC ID# 22G5, PCGS# 2884
- 8428 1964-D MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (12/0). NGC Census: (7/0). Mintage 3,799,071,488. NGC ID# 22G8, PCGS# 2893
- 8429 1964-D MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (12/0). NGC Census: (7/0). Mintage 3,799,071,488. NGC ID# 22G8, PCGS# 2893
- 8430 1966 MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (11/0). NGC Census: (22/0). NGC ID# 22LV, PCGS# 2900
- 8431 1969 MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (16/0). NGC Census: (19/0). NGC ID# 22GF, PCGS# 2914
- 8432 1969-D MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (26/0). NGC Census: (15/0). NGC ID# 22GG, PCGS# 2917
- 8433 1972 Doubled Die Obverse MS65 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1348/608). NGC Census: (657/198). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 75,000. NGC ID# 22GT, PCGS# 2950
- 8434 1972 Doubled Die Obverse MS65 Red PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1348/608). NGC Census: (657/198). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 75,000. NGC ID# 22GT, PCGS# 2950
- 8435 1972 Doubled Die Obverse MS66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (561/47). NGC Census: (184/14). Mintage 75,000. NGC ID# 22GT, PCGS# 2950
- 8436 1972 Doubled Die Obverse MS66 Red NGC.** NGC Census: (184/14). PCGS Population: (561/47). Mintage 75,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 22GT, PCGS# 2950
- 8437 1972 Doubled Die Obverse MS66 Red PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (557/47). NGC Census: (184/14). Mintage 75,000. NGC ID# 22GT, PCGS# 2950
- 8438 1972 Doubled Die Obverse , FS-101 (033.3), MS66 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 75,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* PCGS# 38012 Base PCGS# 2949
- 8439 1972-S MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (1/0). NGC ID# 22GW, PCGS# 2959
- 8440 1974-S MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (1/0). NGC ID# 22H5, PCGS# 2978
- 8441 1974-S MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (1/0). NGC ID# 22H5, PCGS# 2978
- 8442 1980 MS67+ Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (82/1 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (30/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 22HF, PCGS# 3001
- 8443 1981-D MS67+ Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 22HJ, PCGS# 3037
- 8444 1982 Bronze, Small Date, MS67+ Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (23/1 and 7/0+). NGC Census: (14/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 3AJG, PCGS# 146020 Base PCGS# 3047



- 8445 1982-D Zinc, Large Date, MS68 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22HT, PCGS# 146033 Base PCGS# 3050
- 8446 1982-D Zinc, Large Date, MS68 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22HT, PCGS# 146033 Base PCGS# 3050
- 8447 1983 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS67 Red NGC.** NGC Census: (116/10). PCGS Population: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 22HW, PCGS# 38063 Base PCGS# 3056
- 8448 1983 Doubled Die Reverse MS67 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (55/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22HW, PCGS# 3056
- 8449 1984 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-102, MS67 Red NGC.** (FS-038). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 22HY, PCGS# 38082 Base PCGS# 3059
- 8450 1989 MS68 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (14/1). NGC ID# 5C72, PCGS# 3077
- 8451 1989 MS68 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (14/1). NGC ID# 5C72, PCGS# 3077
- 8452 1990 MS68 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (34/0). NGC Census: (28/0). NGC ID# 22JD, PCGS# 3083
- 8453 2005 Satin Finish MS70 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 27KH, PCGS# 93190

PROOF LINCOLN CENTS

- 8454 1909 PR64 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (67/75). PCGS Population: (114/154). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 2,198. NGC ID# 22KS, PCGS# 3304
- 8455 1910 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (101/104). NGC Census: (57/50). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 4,118. NGC ID# 22KT, PCGS# 3307
- 8456 1911 PR64 Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (38/32). PCGS Population: (54/78). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,725. NGC ID# 22KU, PCGS# 3309
- 8457 1911 Matte Proof PR63 Red and Brown ANACS.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (32/195). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,725. NGC ID# 22KU, PCGS# 3310
- 8458 1911 PR64 Red and Brown NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (106/89). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,725. NGC ID# 22KU, PCGS# 3310
- 8459 1911 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (106/89). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,725. NGC ID# 22KU, PCGS# 3310
- 8460 1912 PR63 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (48/199). NGC Census: (16/77). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 2,172. NGC ID# 22KV, PCGS# 3313
- 8461 1912 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (133/66). NGC Census: (38/39). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 2,172. NGC ID# 22KV, PCGS# 3313
- 8462 1912 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (54/12). NGC Census: (30/9). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,172. NGC ID# 22KV, PCGS# 3313
- 8463 1912 PR64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (32/21). NGC Census: (10/3). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 2,172. NGC ID# 22KV, PCGS# 3314

- 8464 1913 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (92/33). NGC Census: (47/26). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,983. NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316
- 8465 1913 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (93/33). NGC Census: (47/26). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,983. NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316
- 8466 1913 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (92/33). NGC Census: (47/26). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,983. NGC ID# 22KW, PCGS# 3316
- 8467 1914 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (92/101). NGC Census: (27/57). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,365. NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3319
- 8468 1914 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS.** PCGS Population: (59/42). NGC Census: (31/26). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,365. NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3319
- 8469 1914 PR64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19/57). NGC Census: (3/10). CDN: \$905 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,365. NGC ID# 22KX, PCGS# 3320
- 8470 1936 Type One—Satin Finish PR64+ Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (87/89 and 0/4+). NGC Census: (22/26 and 0/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 5,569. NGC ID# 22L2, PCGS# 3332
- 8471 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR64 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (451/249). NGC Census: (110/63). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 5,569. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335
- 8472 1936 Type Two — Brilliant Finish PR64+ Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (451/249 and 5/4+). NGC Census: (110/63 and 0/0+). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 5,569. NGC ID# 22L3, PCGS# 3335



- 8473 1937 PR66 Red NGC.** Ex: Highland Collection. NGC Census: (97/14). PCGS Population: (229/21). Mintage 9,320. NGC ID# 22L7, PCGS# 3338
- 8474 1937 PR66+ Red PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (231/22 and 8/0+). NGC Census: (96/14 and 1/0+). Mintage 9,320. NGC ID# 22L7, PCGS# 3338
- 8475 1938 PR66 Red Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/3). NGC Census: (17/2). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 22L5, PCGS# 83341
- 8476 1940 PR66+ Red PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (243/15 and 4/0+). NGC Census: (125/6 and 1/0+). Mintage 15,872. NGC ID# 22L7, PCGS# 3347
- 8477 1941 PR66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (146/8). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 21,100. NGC ID# 3H34, PCGS# 3350
- 8478 1942 PR66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/5). NGC Census: (74/2). Mintage 32,600. NGC ID# 22L9, PCGS# 3353
- 8479 1942 PR66 Red PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/5). NGC Census: (74/2). Mintage 32,600. NGC ID# 22L9, PCGS# 3353
- 8480 1942 PR66 Red Cameo NGC.** CAC. NGC Census: (18/3). PCGS Population: (18/4). NGC ID# 22L9, PCGS# 83353
- 8481 1950 PR66 Red Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (90/19). NGC Census: (103/39). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 83359

8482 1950 PR66 Red Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (90/19). NGC Census: (103/39). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 83359

8483 1950 PR66 Red Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (103/39). PCGS Population: (90/19). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 83359

8484 1950 PR65 Red Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (17/33). PCGS Population: (23/23). NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 93359

8485 1950 PR65 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/24). NGC Census: (17/33).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 22LA, PCGS# 93359

8486 1951 PR66 Red Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/16). NGC Census: (44/20).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 22LB, PCGS# 83362

8487 1952 PR68 Red NGC. NGC Census: (111/0). PCGS Population: (5/0). Mintage 81,980. NGC ID# 22LC, PCGS# 3365

8488 1952 PR68 Red Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (8/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC ID# 22LC, PCGS# 83365

8489 1954 PR67 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/6). NGC Census: (15/4). NGC ID# 22LE, PCGS# 93371

8490 1958 PR67 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/7). NGC Census: (12/9). NGC ID# 22LJ, PCGS# 93383

8491 1959 PR68 Red Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/3). NGC Census: (21/0). NGC ID# 22LK, PCGS# 93386

8492 1964 PR70 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (10). NGC Census: (0). Mintage 3,950,762. NGC ID# 22LS, PCGS# 3404

8493 1980-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (25). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 22MD, PCGS# 93464

8494 1983-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (48). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 27WY, PCGS# 93476

TWO CENT PIECES

8495 1864 Small Motto AU50 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (10/278). PCGS Population: (32/254). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 3XHD, PCGS# 3579

8496 1864 Small Motto AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/249). NGC Census: (10/276). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 3XHD, PCGS# 3579

8497 1864 Small Motto AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (45/162). NGC Census: (26/221). CDN: \$70 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 3XHD, PCGS# 3579

8498 1864 Large Motto MS65+ Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (87/9 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (248/35 and 0/2+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3576



8499 1864 Large Motto MS66 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (29/0). NGC Census: (98/3). Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3577

8500 1864 Large Motto MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (257/63). NGC Census: (120/43). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3578

8501 1864 Large Motto MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (256/63). NGC Census: (120/43). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3578

8502 1864 Large Motto MS65 Red PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (260/63). NGC Census: (119/43). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 19,847,500. NGC ID# 22N9, PCGS# 3578

8503 1865 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (305/35). NGC Census: (352/70). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,640,000. NGC ID# 22NA, PCGS# 3583

8504 1865 MS65 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (203/50). NGC Census: (95/26). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,640,000. NGC ID# 22NA, PCGS# 3584

8505 1865 Fancy 5 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (12/3). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,640,000. NGC ID# 8HFV, PCGS# 38257 Base PCGS# 3583

8506 1865 Fancy 5 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (12/3). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,640,000. NGC ID# 8HFV, PCGS# 38257 Base PCGS# 3583

8507 1866 MS65 Red and Brown NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (70/10). PCGS Population: (71/11). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,177,000. NGC ID# 3XHP, PCGS# 3589

8508 1868 MS65+ Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (58/7 and 3/0+). NGC Census: (77/9 and 0/0+). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,803,750. NGC ID# 22NC, PCGS# 3598

8509 1868 MS64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/19). NGC Census: (3/13). CDN: \$565 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,803,750. NGC ID# 22NC, PCGS# 3599

8510 1869 MS65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (67/5). NGC Census: (64/8). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,546,500. NGC ID# 22ND, PCGS# 3604

8511 1870 MS65 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (13/2). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 860,250. NGC ID# 22NE, PCGS# 3606

8512 1870 MS65 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (13/2). PCGS Population: (3/0). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 860,250. NGC ID# 22NE, PCGS# 3606

8513 1870 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (109/39). NGC Census: (72/41). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 22NE, PCGS# 3607

8514 1870 MS63 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/35). NGC Census: (0/18). CDN: \$310 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 861,250. NGC ID# 22NE, PCGS# 3608

8515 1871 MS64 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (53/9). NGC Census: (74/33). CDN: \$160 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 721,100. NGC ID# 22NF, PCGS# 3609

8516 1871 MS64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (128/49). NGC Census: (64/64). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 721,250. NGC ID# 22NF, PCGS# 3610

8517 1872 XF40 ANACS. NGC Census: (16/94). PCGS Population: (42/173). CDN: \$935 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 64,000. NGC ID# 22NG, PCGS# 3612

PROOF TWO CENT PIECES

8518 1865 PR64 Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/20). NGC Census: (15/24). CDN: \$395 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 500. NGC ID# 274U, PCGS# 3627

8519 1865 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (57/52). NGC Census: (21/42). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 500. NGC ID# 274U, PCGS# 3628

8520 1866 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (60/82). NGC Census: (27/57). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 725. NGC ID# 274V, PCGS# 3631

8521 1866 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/17). NGC Census: (43/14). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 725. NGC ID# 274V, PCGS# 3631

8522 1867 PR64 Red PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/25). NGC Census: (8/24). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 625. NGC ID# 274W, PCGS# 3635



8523 1868 PR66 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (5/0). Mintage 600. NGC ID# 274X, PCGS# 3636

8524 1869 PR65 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (11/5). NGC Census: (11/11). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 274Y, PCGS# 3639

8525 1869 PR64 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (103/90). NGC Census: (43/84). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 274Y, PCGS# 3640

8526 1870 PR65 Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (5/4). NGC Census: (14/5). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 274Z, PCGS# 3642

8527 1870 PR63 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (34/213). NGC Census: (15/123). CDN: \$410 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 274Z, PCGS# 3643

8528 1870 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (76/26). NGC Census: (53/19). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 274Z, PCGS# 3643

8529 1870 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (76/26). NGC Census: (53/19). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 274Z, PCGS# 3643

8530 1871 PR63 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/224). NGC Census: (14/130). CDN: \$410 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 22NH, PCGS# 3646

8531 1871 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (89/23). NGC Census: (59/22). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 22NH, PCGS# 3646

8532 1871 PR65 Red and Brown PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (89/23). NGC Census: (59/22). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 22NH, PCGS# 3646

8533 1872 PR65 Brown NGC. NGC Census: (36/9). PCGS Population: (15/5). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 950. NGC ID# 2752, PCGS# 3648

THREE CENT SILVER

8534 1851 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (204/159). NGC Census: (180/86). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,447,400. NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

8535 1851 MS65 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (180/86). PCGS Population: (208/156). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,447,400. NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

8536 1851 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (141/18). NGC Census: (76/10). Mintage 5,447,400. NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

8537 1851 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (137/19). NGC Census: (76/10). Mintage 5,447,400. NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

8538 1851 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (137/19). NGC Census: (76/10). Mintage 5,447,400. NGC ID# 22YX, PCGS# 3664

8539 1851-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (67/320). NGC Census: (65/254). Mintage 720,000. NGC ID# 22YY, PCGS# 3665

8540 1852 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (100/22). NGC Census: (94/20). Mintage 18,663,500. NGC ID# 22YZ, PCGS# 3666

8541 1852 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (100/22). NGC Census: (94/20). Mintage 18,663,500. NGC ID# 22YZ, PCGS# 3666

8542 1853 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (75/11). NGC Census: (35/10). Mintage 11,400,000. NGC ID# 22ZZ, PCGS# 3667

8543 1854 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (88/66). NGC Census: (106/32). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 671,000. NGC ID# 22Z3, PCGS# 3670

8544 1854 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (91/67). NGC Census: (106/33). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 671,000. NGC ID# 22Z3, PCGS# 3670

8545 1855 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/88). NGC Census: (7/62). Mintage 139,000. NGC ID# 22Z4, PCGS# 3671

8546 1856 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92/31). NGC Census: (94/22). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,458,000. NGC ID# 22Z5, PCGS# 3672

8547 1857 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (81/47). NGC Census: (115/49). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,042,000. NGC ID# 22Z6, PCGS# 3673

8548 1859 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (95/63). NGC Census: (92/54). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 364,200. NGC ID# 22Z8, PCGS# 3677

8549 1861 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (205/224). NGC Census: (192/226). CDN: \$445 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 497,000. NGC ID# 22ZA, PCGS# 3679

8550 1861 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (210/226). NGC Census: (192/226). CDN: \$445 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 497,000. NGC ID# 22ZA, PCGS# 3679

8551 1862/1 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (87/90). NGC Census: (61/76). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# CBR7, PCGS# 3681

8552 1862/1 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (88/89). NGC Census: (61/75). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# CBR7, PCGS# 3681

8553 1862 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (209/153). NGC Census: (219/145). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

8554 1862 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (206/150). NGC Census: (220/144). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

8555 1862 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (206/150). NGC Census: (220/144). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680



8556 1862 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (134/19). NGC Census: (122/23). Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

8557 1862 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (134/19). NGC Census: (122/23). Mintage 343,000. NGC ID# 22ZB, PCGS# 3680

8558 1866 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/61). NGC Census: (9/48). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 22,000. NGC ID# 22NK, PCGS# 3686

8559 1870 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/33). NGC Census: (10/47). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,000. NGC ID# 22ZL, PCGS# 3691

8560 1871 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (35/67). PCGS Population: (24/52). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,400. NGC ID# 22ZM, PCGS# 3692

PROOF THREE CENT SILVER

8561 1862 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (23/16). PCGS Population: (19/13). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 550. NGC ID# 27C9, PCGS# 3711

8562 1868 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/216). NGC Census: (13/218). Mintage 600. NGC ID# 2TYZ, PCGS# 3718

8563 1868 PR64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (82/64). NGC Census: (108/65). CDN: \$940 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 2TYZ, PCGS# 3718

8564 1869 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (65/133). NGC Census: (26/114). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 22ZR, PCGS# 3719

8565 1869 PR63 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/26). NGC Census: (1/19). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. NGC ID# 22ZR, PCGS# 83719

8566 1870 PR64 NGC. NGC Census: (86/66). PCGS Population: (100/57). CDN: \$940 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 27CF, PCGS# 3721

8567 1871 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/40). NGC Census: (33/27). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 27CG, PCGS# 3722

8568 1871 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/40). NGC Census: (33/27). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 27CG, PCGS# 3722

8569 1872 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/22). NGC Census: (8/11). CDN: \$940 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 27CH, PCGS# 83723

THREE CENT NICKELS

8570 1865 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/3). NGC Census: (22/3). Mintage 11,382,000. NGC ID# 22NJ, PCGS# 3731

8571 1866 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (84/38). NGC Census: (65/51). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,801,000. NGC ID# 22NK, PCGS# 3732

8572 1866 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/3). NGC Census: (49/2). Mintage 4,801,000. NGC ID# 22NK, PCGS# 3732

8573 1868 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/1). NGC Census: (17/5). Mintage 3,252,000. NGC ID# 2756, PCGS# 3734

8574 1869 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (26/0). NGC Census: (15/0). Mintage 1,604,000. NGC ID# 22NL, PCGS# 3735

8575 1871 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (44/42). NGC Census: (42/14). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 603,000. NGC ID# 22NN, PCGS# 3737

8576 1871 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (44/42). NGC Census: (42/14). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 603,000. NGC ID# 22NN, PCGS# 3737

8577 1871 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (44/42). NGC Census: (42/14). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 603,000. NGC ID# 22NN, PCGS# 3737

- 8578 1871 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (41/1). NGC Census: (11/3). Mintage 603,000. NGC ID# 22NN, PCGS# 3737
- 8579 1873 Closed 3 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (36/13). NGC Census: (22/11). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,173,000. NGC ID# 22NP, PCGS# 3739
- 8580 1873 Open 3 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (40/3). NGC Census: (10/3). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 22NR, PCGS# 3740



- 8581 1879 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (43/11). NGC Census: (20/5). Mintage 38,000. NGC ID# 275Z, PCGS# 3747
- 8582 1880 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (50/105). NGC Census: (44/45). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,000. NGC ID# 275C, PCGS# 3748
- 8583 1880 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (67/39). NGC Census: (42/3). Mintage 21,000. NGC ID# 275C, PCGS# 3748
- 8584 1881 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/8). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 1,080,575. NGC ID# 22NT, PCGS# 3749
- 8585 1881 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/8). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 1,080,575. NGC ID# 22NT, PCGS# 3749
- 8586 1881 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (51/8). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 1,080,575. NGC ID# 22NT, PCGS# 3749
- 8587 1881 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (51/8). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 1,080,575. NGC ID# 22NT, PCGS# 3749

- 8588 1883 XF45 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (20/85). NGC Census: (8/34). Mintage 4,000. NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3751
- 8589 1887 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (34/41). NGC Census: (22/4). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 22NU, PCGS# 3755
- 8590 1889 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (28/59). NGC Census: (29/26). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 18,100. NGC ID# 275J, PCGS# 3758
- 8591 1889 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (28/59). NGC Census: (29/26). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 18,100. NGC ID# 275J, PCGS# 3758
- 8592 1889 MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (22/4). PCGS Population: (33/26). Mintage 18,100. NGC ID# 275J, PCGS# 3758

PROOF THREE CENT NICKELS

- 8593 1867 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (55/7). NGC Census: (48/18). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 625. NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 3763
- 8594 1867 PR66 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (46/6). PCGS Population: (41/4). NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 83763
- 8595 1867 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (40/4). NGC Census: (46/6). NGC ID# 275M, PCGS# 83763
- 8596 1868 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (32/25). NGC Census: (32/34). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275N, PCGS# 83764
- 8597 1869 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (56/30). NGC Census: (52/35). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275P, PCGS# 83765
- 8598 1869 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (56/30). NGC Census: (52/35). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275P, PCGS# 83765
- 8599 1869 PR66 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (32/3). PCGS Population: (23/7). NGC ID# 275P, PCGS# 83765
- 8600 1870 PR65 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (39/26). PCGS Population: (36/18). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 83766
- 8601 1870 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (31/16). NGC Census: (39/26). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 83766

- 8602 1871 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (45/2). NGC Census: (42/8). Mintage 960. NGC ID# 275S, PCGS# 3767
- 8603 1872 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (30/2). PCGS Population: (28/1). Mintage 950. NGC ID# 275T, PCGS# 3768
- 8604 1873 Closed 3 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (53/21). NGC Census: (41/23). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275U, PCGS# 83769
- 8605 1874 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (31/2). NGC Census: (27/2). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 275V, PCGS# 3770
- 8606 1874 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (40/53). NGC Census: (31/36). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275V, PCGS# 83770
- 8607 1874 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (44/4). NGC Census: (32/4). NGC ID# 275V, PCGS# 83770
- 8608 1874 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (44/4). NGC Census: (32/4). NGC ID# 275V, PCGS# 83770
- 8609 1875 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (109/30). NGC Census: (75/12). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 700. NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 3771
- 8610 1875 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (13/0). PCGS Population: (30/1). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 3771
- 8611 1875 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (12/0). PCGS Population: (28/1). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 3771
- 8612 1875 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (28/1). NGC Census: (12/0). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 22NV, PCGS# 3771
- 8613 1876 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (29/3). Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 3772
- 8614 1876 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (42/30). NGC Census: (30/31). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 83772
- 8615 1876 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (36/3). NGC Census: (30/2). NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 83772
- 8616 1876 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (33/3). NGC Census: (30/2). NGC ID# 275W, PCGS# 83772
- 8617 1878 PR64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (252/360). NGC Census: (132/329). CDN: \$630 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 275Y, PCGS# 3774



- 8618 1878 PR67 NGC.** NGC Census: (16/0). PCGS Population: (16/1). Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 275Y, PCGS# 3774
- 8619 1878 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (92/33). NGC Census: (58/31). NGC ID# 275Y, PCGS# 83774
- 8620 1879 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (198/55). NGC Census: (183/60). Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 275Z, PCGS# 3775
- 8621 1881 PR66 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (235/60). PCGS Population: (261/70). Mintage 3,575. NGC ID# 2763, PCGS# 3777
- 8622 1881 PR66 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (55/39). PCGS Population: (57/42). NGC ID# 2763, PCGS# 83777
- 8623 1882 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (105/7). NGC Census: (57/4). Mintage 3,100. NGC ID# 2764, PCGS# 3778
- 8624 1882 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (64/5). NGC Census: (33/3). NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 83778
- 8625 1883 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (377/84). NGC Census: (297/83). Mintage 6,609. NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3779
- 8626 1883 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (377/84). NGC Census: (297/83). Mintage 6,609. NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3779
- 8627 1883 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (79/5). NGC Census: (80/3). Mintage 6,609. NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 3779

- 8628 1883 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/128). NGC Census: (33/81). CDN: \$410 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 83779
- 8629 1883 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (85/47). NGC Census: (52/27). NGC ID# 2765, PCGS# 83779
- 8630 1884 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (65/36). NGC Census: (54/24). NGC ID# 2766, PCGS# 83780
- 8631 1884 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (65/36). NGC Census: (54/24). NGC ID# 2766, PCGS# 83780
- 8632 1885 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (160/38). NGC Census: (156/26). Mintage 3,790. NGC ID# 2767, PCGS# 3781
- 8633 1886 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (65/3). NGC Census: (39/0). Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 2768, PCGS# 3782
- 8634 1886 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (69/3). NGC Census: (38/0). Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 2768, PCGS# 3782
- 8635 1886 PR67 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (15/0). PCGS Population: (26/0). NGC ID# 5E5Y, PCGS# 83782
- 8636 1887/6 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (181/75). NGC Census: (159/90). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,900. NGC ID# 276A, PCGS# 3784
- 8637 1887/6 PR65 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (157/90). PCGS Population: (181/76). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,900. NGC ID# 276A, PCGS# 3784
- 8638 1887/6 Strong Overdate, PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (73/5). NGC Census: (85/5). Mintage 2,900. NGC ID# 276A, PCGS# 3784
- 8639 1887 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (8/17). NGC Census: (5/2). CDN: \$410 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 2769, PCGS# 83783
- 8640 1888 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (66/16). NGC Census: (52/11). NGC ID# 276B, PCGS# 83785



- 8641 1889 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (59/2). NGC Census: (52/2). Mintage 3,436. NGC ID# 22NW, PCGS# 3786
- 8642 1889 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (42/23). NGC Census: (21/10). NGC ID# 22NW, PCGS# 83786
- ### SHIELD NICKELS
- 8643 1866 Rays MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (498/214). NGC Census: (555/192). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 14,742,500. NGC ID# 22NX, PCGS# 3790
- 8644 1866 Rays MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (497/211). NGC Census: (554/192). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 14,742,500. NGC ID# 22NX, PCGS# 3790
- 8645 1866/1866 Rays, Clashed Reverse, Repunched Date, FS-901, MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 14,742,500. PCGS# 405716 Base PCGS# 3790
- 8646 1869 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (66/18). NGC Census: (91/17). CDN: \$570 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,395,000. NGC ID# 22P3, PCGS# 3796
- 8647 1869 MS65 PCGS Secure. CAC.** PCGS Population: (66/18 and 4/1+). NGC Census: (91/17 and 0/0+). CDN: \$570 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,395,000. NGC ID# 22P3, PCGS# 3796

- 8648 1869 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (14/3). Mintage 16,395,000. NGC ID# 22P3, PCGS# 3796
- 8649 1870 MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (35/9). PCGS Population: (59/16). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,806,000. NGC ID# 22P4, PCGS# 3797
- 8650 1873 Open 3 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (72/52). NGC Census: (71/55). CDN: \$290 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,500,000. NGC ID# 22P8, PCGS# 3800
- 8651 1873 Open 3 MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (73/56). NGC Census: (71/55). CDN: \$290 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,500,000. NGC ID# 22P8, PCGS# 3800
- 8652 1873 Open 3 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (43/9). NGC Census: (45/10). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,500,000. NGC ID# 22P8, PCGS# 3800
- 8653 1874 MS65 PCGS Secure.** PCGS Population: (40/12 and 2/3+). NGC Census: (22/4 and 0/0+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,538,000. NGC ID# 22P9, PCGS# 3803
- 8654 1876 The Bleeder, FS-401, AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$90 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,530,000. PCGS# 569428 Base PCGS# 3805
- 8655 1879 AU55 PCGS.** Ex: Gutta Family. PCGS Population: (12/119). NGC Census: (4/64). Mintage 25,900. NGC ID# 5KWK, PCGS# 3808
- 8656 1881 AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (10/157). NGC Census: (3/102). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 68,800. NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3811
- 8657 1881 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/126). NGC Census: (12/80). CDN: \$90 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 68,800. NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3811
- 8658 1882 MS66+ PCGS Secure.** PCGS Population: (99/8 and 10/0+). NGC Census: (52/4 and 2/0+). Mintage 11,476,000. NGC ID# 276Y, PCGS# 3812
- 8659 1883 MS66 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (79/18). PCGS Population: (116/14). Mintage 1,456,919. NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3813

- 8660 1883 MS66 PCGS Secure. CAC.** PCGS Population: (116/14 and 7/1+). NGC Census: (79/18 and 1/0+). Mintage 1,456,919. NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3813

PROOF SHIELD NICKELS

- 8661 1867 No Rays PR65 NGC.** NGC Census: (50/9). PCGS Population: (33/10). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 4T4L, PCGS# 3821
- 8662 1868 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (60/14). NGC Census: (59/19). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 276J, PCGS# 3822
- 8663 1869 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (81/24). NGC Census: (118/39). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 276K, PCGS# 3823
- 8664 1870 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (75/12). NGC Census: (71/19). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 276L, PCGS# 3824
- 8665 1871 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (92/40). NGC Census: (86/33). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 960. NGC ID# 276M, PCGS# 3825



- 8666 1871 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (39/1). NGC Census: (30/3). Mintage 960. NGC ID# 276M, PCGS# 3825
- 8667 1871 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (27/27). NGC Census: (20/20). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# AMU3, PCGS# 83825

- 8668 1872 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (103/74). NGC Census: (110/59). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 950. NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3826
- 8669 1872 PR65 NGC.** NGC Census: (109/58). PCGS Population: (101/72). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 950. NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3826
- 8670 1872 PR65 NGC.** NGC Census: (109/58). PCGS Population: (101/72). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 950. NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3826
- 8671 1872 PR66 NGC.** Ex: Simpson. NGC Census: (51/8). PCGS Population: (75/5). Mintage 950. NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3826
- 8672 1872 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (68/4). NGC Census: (50/8). Mintage 950. NGC ID# 22P6, PCGS# 3826
- 8673 1872 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/32). NGC Census: (24/18). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# AMU4, PCGS# 83826
- 8674 1872 PR65 Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC.** PCGS Population: (24/32 and 0/4+). NGC Census: (24/18 and 0/1+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# AMU4, PCGS# 83826
- 8675 1873 Closed 3 PR65+ NGC.** NGC Census: (106/40 and 3/0+). PCGS Population: (102/31 and 2/4+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 5KX3, PCGS# 3827
- 8676 1873 Closed 3 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (27/4). NGC Census: (36/4). Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 5KX3, PCGS# 3827
- 8677 1874 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (80/59). NGC Census: (84/51). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 700. NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3828
- 8678 1874 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (48/11). NGC Census: (45/5). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3828
- 8679 1874 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (48/11). NGC Census: (45/5). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 276R, PCGS# 3828
- 8680 1875 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (71/20). NGC Census: (65/24). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 700. NGC ID# 276S, PCGS# 3829

8681 1875 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (71/21). NGC Census: (65/24). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 700. NGC ID# 276S, PCGS# 3829

8682 1876 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (85/32). PCGS Population: (82/34). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 4S39, PCGS# 3830

8683 1876 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/5). NGC Census: (42/6). NGC ID# 276T, PCGS# 83830

8684 1878 PR65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (277/178). NGC Census: (197/173). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 276V, PCGS# 3832

8685 1878 PR66 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (160/18 and 6/2+). NGC Census: (152/21 and 1/0+). Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 276V, PCGS# 3832

8686 1878 PR66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (152/21). PCGS Population: (160/18). Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 276V, PCGS# 3832

8687 1879/8 PR65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (150/155). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$630 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 3834

8688 1879/8 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (118/37). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 3834

8689 1879 PR65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (174/92). NGC Census: (161/137). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 3833



8690 1879 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (77/15). NGC Census: (122/15). Mintage 3,200. NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 3833

8691 1879 PR65 Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (13/23 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (19/22 and 1/0+). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 22PG, PCGS# 83833

8692 1880 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (299/140). NGC Census: (254/162). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,955. NGC ID# 5L6T, PCGS# 3835

8693 1880 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (299/140). NGC Census: (254/162). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,955. NGC ID# 5L6T, PCGS# 3835

8694 1880 PR65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (300/141). NGC Census: (254/162). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,955. NGC ID# 5L6T, PCGS# 3835

8695 1880 PR65 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (71/107). NGC Census: (53/70). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 276W, PCGS# 83835

8696 1881 PR65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (288/177). NGC Census: (229/198). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,575. NGC ID# 5L6U, PCGS# 3836

8697 1881 PR66 PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (150/27 and 2/1+). NGC Census: (176/22 and 2/0+). Mintage 3,575. NGC ID# 5L6U, PCGS# 3836

8698 1882 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (79/26). NGC Census: (55/24). NGC ID# 5EBF, PCGS# 83837

8699 1882 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (79/26). NGC Census: (55/24). NGC ID# 5EBF, PCGS# 83837

8700 1882 PR66 Cameo PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (79/26 and 4/1+). NGC Census: (55/24 and 3/0+). NGC ID# 5EBF, PCGS# 83837

8701 1883 PR66 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (207/35 and 10/1+). NGC Census: (223/46 and 5/0+). Mintage 5,419. NGC ID# 276Z, PCGS# 3838

8702 1883 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (207/35). NGC Census: (223/46). Mintage 5,419. NGC ID# 276Z, PCGS# 3838

8703 1883 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (57/10). NGC Census: (36/14). NGC ID# 276Z, PCGS# 83838

LIBERTY NICKELS

8704 1883 No Cents MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (436/45 and 18/1+). NGC Census: (491/65 and 14/1+). Mintage 5,479,519. NGC ID# 2772, PCGS# 3841

8705 1883 No Cents MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (442/38 and 23/1+). NGC Census: (492/65 and 14/1+). Mintage 5,479,519. NGC ID# 2772, PCGS# 3841

8706 1883 With Cents MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/7). NGC Census: (43/4). Mintage 16,032,983. NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3844

8707 1883 With Cents MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/7). NGC Census: (42/4). Mintage 16,032,983. NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3844

8708 1883 With Cents MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (68/7). NGC Census: (43/4). Mintage 16,032,983. NGC ID# 22PH, PCGS# 3844

8709 1885 Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (67/757). NGC Census: (27/390). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 1,476,490. NGC ID# 2773, PCGS# 3846

8710 1885 VF25 NGC. NGC Census: (17/341). PCGS Population: (33/636). Mintage 1,476,490. NGC ID# 2773, PCGS# 3846

8711 1885 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/432). NGC Census: (7/265). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,476,490. NGC ID# 2773, PCGS# 3846

8712 1887 MS65 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (76/18 and 2/1*). PCGS Population: (97/29 and 2/1*). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,263,652. NGC ID# 22PL, PCGS# 3848

8713 1887 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (98/32). NGC Census: (75/18). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,263,652. NGC ID# 22PL, PCGS# 3848

8714 1888 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (64/19). NGC Census: (47/12). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,720,483. NGC ID# 2774, PCGS# 3849

8715 1888 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (64/19). NGC Census: (47/12). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,720,483. NGC ID# 2774, PCGS# 3849

8716 1889 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (106/31). NGC Census: (168/48). CDN: \$635 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,881,361. NGC ID# 2775, PCGS# 3850



8717 1889 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (31/0). NGC Census: (46/2). Mintage 15,881,361. NGC ID# 2775, PCGS# 3850

8718 1890 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (67/18). NGC Census: (46/10). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,259,272. NGC ID# 22PM, PCGS# 3851

8719 1891 MS65 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (58/13 and 1/0*). PCGS Population: (101/34 and 1/0*). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,834,350. NGC ID# 2776, PCGS# 3852

8720 1892 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (93/33). NGC Census: (88/10). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,699,642. NGC ID# 2777, PCGS# 3853

8721 1892 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/0). NGC Census: (10/0). Mintage 11,699,642. NGC ID# 2777, PCGS# 3853

8722 1893 MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (89/35 and 1/3+). NGC Census: (76/16 and 1/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,370,195. NGC ID# 2778, PCGS# 3854

8723 1893 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/1). NGC Census: (13/3). Mintage 13,370,195. NGC ID# 2778, PCGS# 3854

8724 1893 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/1). NGC Census: (13/3). Mintage 13,370,195. NGC ID# 2778, PCGS# 3854

8725 1893 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/1). NGC Census: (13/3). Mintage 13,370,195. NGC ID# 2778, PCGS# 3854

8726 1894 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (149/105). NGC Census: (75/80). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,413,132. NGC ID# 2779, PCGS# 3855

8727 1894 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (57/23). PCGS Population: (59/46). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,413,132. NGC ID# 2779, PCGS# 3855

8728 1895 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (152/91 and 1/8+). NGC Census: (138/54 and 2/2+). CDN: \$370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,979,884. NGC ID# 277A, PCGS# 3856

8729 1895 MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (60/31 and 6/2+). NGC Census: (42/12 and 0/2+). CDN: \$1,325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,979,884. NGC ID# 277A, PCGS# 3856

8730 1895 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (60/31). NGC Census: (42/12). CDN: \$1,325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,979,884. NGC ID# 277A, PCGS# 3856

8731 1897 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (77/20). NGC Census: (63/8). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 20,428,736. NGC ID# 22PN, PCGS# 3858

8732 1897 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/1). NGC Census: (7/1). Mintage 20,428,736. NGC ID# 22PN, PCGS# 3858

8733 1898 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (37/2). NGC Census: (16/1). Mintage 12,532,087. NGC ID# 22PP, PCGS# 3859

8734 1898 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (37/2). NGC Census: (16/1). Mintage 12,532,087. NGC ID# 22PP, PCGS# 3859

8735 1899 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (76/5). NGC Census: (42/6). Mintage 26,029,032. NGC ID# 22PR, PCGS# 3860

8736 1900 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/10). NGC Census: (46/3). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

8737 1900 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (62/10). NGC Census: (46/3). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

8738 1900 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (46/3). PCGS Population: (62/10). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

8739 1900 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (46/3). PCGS Population: (62/10). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861



8740 1900 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (65/10). NGC Census: (46/3). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

8741 1900 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (66/10). NGC Census: (46/3). Mintage 27,255,996. NGC ID# 22PS, PCGS# 3861

8742 1901 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (61/5). NGC Census: (37/2). Mintage 26,480,212. NGC ID# 277C, PCGS# 3862

8743 1901 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (59/4). NGC Census: (37/2). Mintage 26,480,212. NGC ID# 277C, PCGS# 3862

8744 1901 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (61/5 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (37/2 and 1/0+). Mintage 26,480,212. NGC ID# 277C, PCGS# 3862

8745 1902 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (33/5). PCGS Population: (73/6). Mintage 31,489,580. NGC ID# 277D, PCGS# 3863

8746 1902 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (72/6). NGC Census: (32/5). Mintage 31,489,580. NGC ID# 277D, PCGS# 3863

8747 1902 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (32/5). PCGS Population: (72/6). Mintage 31,489,580. NGC ID# 277D, PCGS# 3863

8748 1903 MS66 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (61/3). PCGS Population: (96/5). Mintage 28,006,724. NGC ID# 277E, PCGS# 3864

8749 1903 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (100/6). NGC Census: (61/3). Mintage 28,006,724. NGC ID# 277E, PCGS# 3864

8750 1903 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (96/5). NGC Census: (61/3). Mintage 28,006,724. NGC ID# 277E, PCGS# 3864

- 8751 1903 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (100/6 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (61/3 and 2/0+). Mintage 28,006,724. NGC ID# 277E, PCGS# 3864
- 8752 1904 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (96/1). NGC Census: (60/2). Mintage 21,404,984. NGC ID# 277F, PCGS# 3865
- 8753 1904 MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (96/1 and 30/0+). NGC Census: (60/2 and 1/0+). Mintage 21,404,984. NGC ID# 277F, PCGS# 3865
- 8754 1905 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (95/3). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 29,827,276. NGC ID# 277G, PCGS# 3866
- 8755 1905 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (89/3). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 29,827,276. NGC ID# 277G, PCGS# 3866
- 8756 1906 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (26/0). NGC Census: (6/0). Mintage 38,613,724. NGC ID# 277H, PCGS# 3867
- 8757 1906 MS66 NGC.** Ex: Simpson. NGC Census: (6/0). PCGS Population: (24/0). Mintage 38,613,724. NGC ID# 277H, PCGS# 3867
- 8758 1907 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (48/1). NGC Census: (11/0). Mintage 39,214,800. NGC ID# 277J, PCGS# 3868
- 8759 1907 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (48/1). NGC Census: (11/0). Mintage 39,214,800. NGC ID# 277J, PCGS# 3868
- 8760 1908 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (97/22). NGC Census: (57/12). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 22,686,176. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 3869
- 8761 1910 MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (13/1). PCGS Population: (27/1). Mintage 30,169,352. NGC ID# 277L, PCGS# 3871
- 8762 1910 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (27/1). NGC Census: (13/1). Mintage 30,169,352. NGC ID# 277L, PCGS# 3871
- 8763 1911 MS66 PCGS.** Ex: Baxi. PCGS Population: (52/4). NGC Census: (24/1). Mintage 39,559,372. NGC ID# 277M, PCGS# 3872
- 8764 1911 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (52/4). NGC Census: (24/1). Mintage 39,559,372. NGC ID# 277M, PCGS# 3872

- 8765 1911 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (52/4). NGC Census: (24/1). Mintage 39,559,372. NGC ID# 277M, PCGS# 3872
- 8766 1911 MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (24/1). PCGS Population: (52/4). Mintage 39,559,372. NGC ID# 277M, PCGS# 3872
- 8767 1912 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (551/209). NGC Census: (421/126). CDN: \$160 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 26,236,714. NGC ID# 277N, PCGS# 3873
- 8768 1912 MS66 PCGS.** Ex: Baxi. PCGS Population: (32/0). NGC Census: (10/0). Mintage 26,236,714. NGC ID# 277N, PCGS# 3873
- 8769 1912 MS66 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (10/0 and 1/0*). PCGS Population: (32/0 and 1/0*). Mintage 26,236,714. NGC ID# 277N, PCGS# 3873
- 8770 1912-D MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (318/214). NGC Census: (311/112). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,474,000. NGC ID# 277P, PCGS# 3874

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- 8771 1883 No Cents PR67 NGC.** NGC Census: (19/0). PCGS Population: (7/0). Mintage 5,219. NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 3878
- 8772 1883 No Cents PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (103/129). NGC Census: (75/93). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 83878

- 8773 1883 No Cents PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (105/24). NGC Census: (71/22). NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 83878
- 8774 1883 No Cents PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (105/24). NGC Census: (71/22). NGC ID# 22PU, PCGS# 83878
- 8775 1883 With Cents PR65 NGC.** NGC Census: (189/75). PCGS Population: (184/59). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 6,783. NGC ID# 277S, PCGS# 3881
- 8776 1883 With Cents PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (50/9). NGC Census: (60/15). Mintage 6,783. NGC ID# 277S, PCGS# 3881
- 8777 1883 With Cents PR66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (50/9 and 5/0+). NGC Census: (60/15 and 1/0+). Mintage 6,783. NGC ID# 277S, PCGS# 3881
- 8778 1883 With Cents PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (39/5). NGC Census: (35/3). NGC ID# 277S, PCGS# 83881
- 8779 1884 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (82/5). PCGS Population: (57/2). Mintage 3,942. NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 3882
- 8780 1884 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (52/10). NGC Census: (29/17). *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 83882
- 8781 1884 PR66 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (52/10). NGC Census: (29/17). NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 83882
- 8782 1884/188 FS-301 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** (FS-013.8) PCGS Population: (8/2). NGC Census: (6/3). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 22PV, PCGS# 410660 Base PCGS# 83882
- 8783 1885 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (108/21). PCGS Population: (124/18). Mintage 3,790. NGC ID# 277T, PCGS# 3883
- 8784 1886 PR64 NGC.** NGC Census: (232/406). PCGS Population: (366/426). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3884
- 8785 1886 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (125/15). PCGS Population: (112/26). Mintage 4,290. NGC ID# 277U, PCGS# 3884

8786 1887 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (186/47). PCGS Population: (158/69). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,960. NGC ID# 277V, PCGS# 3885

8787 1888 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (94/14). PCGS Population: (100/7). Mintage 4,582. NGC ID# 277W, PCGS# 3886

8788 1889 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (200/115). PCGS Population: (237/114). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 3,336. NGC ID# 277X, PCGS# 3887

8789 1890 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (95/15). PCGS Population: (81/8). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,740. NGC ID# 277Y, PCGS# 3888

8790 1890 PR66 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (22/3). PCGS Population: (19/1). NGC ID# 277Y, PCGS# 83888

8791 1891 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (81/28). PCGS Population: (77/14). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,350. NGC ID# 277Z, PCGS# 3889

8792 1891 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/2). NGC Census: (29/4). NGC ID# 277Z, PCGS# 83889

8793 1891 PR64 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (3/13). NGC Census: (2/10). CDN: \$280 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 548V, PCGS# 93889



8794 1892 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (46/4). PCGS Population: (31/2). Mintage 2,745. NGC ID# 2782, PCGS# 3890

8795 1892 PR66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (46/4). PCGS Population: (31/2). Mintage 2,745. NGC ID# 2782, PCGS# 3890

8796 1892 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/5). NGC Census: (22/8). NGC ID# 5EJP, PCGS# 83890

8797 1893 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (105/47). PCGS Population: (87/33). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,195. NGC ID# 2783, PCGS# 3891

8798 1893 PR66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (36/11). PCGS Population: (31/2). Mintage 2,195. NGC ID# 2783, PCGS# 3891

8799 1893 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (30/16). NGC Census: (24/8). NGC ID# 2783, PCGS# 83891

8800 1894 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (121/47). PCGS Population: (120/40). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 2,632. NGC ID# 2784, PCGS# 3892

8801 1894 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/4). NGC Census: (39/8). Mintage 2,632. NGC ID# 2784, PCGS# 3892

8802 1895 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (32/3). PCGS Population: (23/3). Mintage 2,062. NGC ID# 2785, PCGS# 3893

8803 1896 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (97/49). PCGS Population: (86/28). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,862. NGC ID# 2786, PCGS# 3894

8804 1896 PR65 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/24). NGC Census: (24/12). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 2786, PCGS# 83894

8805 1896 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/3). NGC Census: (9/3). NGC ID# 2786, PCGS# 83894

8806 1897 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (58/22). PCGS Population: (67/24). Mintage 1,938. NGC ID# 2787, PCGS# 3895

8807 1897 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (67/24). NGC Census: (58/22). Mintage 1,938. NGC ID# 2787, PCGS# 3895

8808 1897 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (32/17). NGC Census: (19/11). NGC ID# 2787, PCGS# 83895

8809 1898 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (47/8). PCGS Population: (31/2). Mintage 1,795. NGC ID# 2788, PCGS# 3896

8810 1899 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (79/20). PCGS Population: (78/13). Mintage 2,031. NGC ID# 2789, PCGS# 3897

8811 1899 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (78/13). NGC Census: (79/20). Mintage 2,031. NGC ID# 2789, PCGS# 3897

8812 1900 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (70/29). PCGS Population: (75/28). Mintage 2,262. NGC ID# 278A, PCGS# 3898

8813 1900 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (76/28). NGC Census: (70/29). Mintage 2,262. NGC ID# 278A, PCGS# 3898

8814 1901 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (127/29). PCGS Population: (103/38). Mintage 1,985. NGC ID# 278B, PCGS# 3899

8815 1902 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (90/18). PCGS Population: (72/24). Mintage 2,018. NGC ID# 278C, PCGS# 3900

8816 1902 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (9/16). NGC Census: (5/4). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 278C, PCGS# 83900

8817 1903 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (121/129). PCGS Population: (146/95). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,790. NGC ID# 27MY, PCGS# 3901

8818 1904 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (115/67). PCGS Population: (103/78). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,817. NGC ID# 278E, PCGS# 3902

8819 1905 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (65/26). PCGS Population: (49/15). Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 278F, PCGS# 3903

8820 1905 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (49/15). NGC Census: (65/26). Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 278F, PCGS# 3903

8821 1905 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (49/15). NGC Census: (65/26). Mintage 2,152. NGC ID# 278F, PCGS# 3903

8822 1906 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (52/25). PCGS Population: (53/13). Mintage 1,725. NGC ID# 278G, PCGS# 3904

8823 1906 PR65 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (24/49). NGC Census: (18/22). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 278G, PCGS# 83904

8824 1907 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (69/7). PCGS Population: (49/17). Mintage 1,475. NGC ID# 278H, PCGS# 3905

8825 1907 PR66+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (69/7 and 4/0+). PCGS Population: (49/16 and 2/6+). Mintage 1,475. NGC ID# 278H, PCGS# 3905

8826 1908 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (119/80). PCGS Population: (118/67). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,620. NGC ID# 278J, PCGS# 3906

8827 1908 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (21/5). NGC Census: (8/7). NGC ID# 278J, PCGS# 83906



8828 1909 PR67 NGC. NGC Census: (85/8). PCGS Population: (45/3). Mintage 4,763. NGC ID# 278K, PCGS# 3907

8829 1909 PR67 NGC. NGC Census: (85/8). PCGS Population: (45/3). Mintage 4,763. NGC ID# 278K, PCGS# 3907

8830 1909 PR67 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (85/8). PCGS Population: (45/3). Mintage 4,763. NGC ID# 278K, PCGS# 3907

8831 1909 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (66/30 and 3/3+). NGC Census: (47/28 and 1/2+). NGC ID# 278K, PCGS# 83907

8832 1910 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (123/49). PCGS Population: (96/41). Mintage 2,405. NGC ID# 278L, PCGS# 3908

8833 1911 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (147/106). PCGS Population: (125/61). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,733. NGC ID# 278M, PCGS# 3909

8834 1911 PR67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/1). NGC Census: (15/1). Mintage 1,733. NGC ID# 278M, PCGS# 3909

8835 1912 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (81/21). PCGS Population: (47/5). Mintage 2,145. NGC ID# 278N, PCGS# 3910

BUFFALO NICKELS

8836 1913 Type One MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (533/18). NGC Census: (275/10). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8837 1913 Type One MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (275/10). PCGS Population: (533/18). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8838 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 72/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8839 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 72/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8840 1913 Type One MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18). NGC Census: (275/10). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8841 1913 Type One MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18). NGC Census: (275/10). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8842 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 71/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8843 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 72/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8844 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 72/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8845 1913 Type One MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/18 and 72/0+). NGC Census: (275/10 and 5/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 30,993,520. NGC ID# 22PW, PCGS# 3915

8846 1913-D Type One MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (450/69). NGC Census: (171/17). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,337,000. NGC ID# 22PX, PCGS# 3916

8847 1913-S Type One MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (157/25). NGC Census: (54/16). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,105,000. NGC ID# 22PY, PCGS# 3917

8848 1913 Type Two MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (222/23). NGC Census: (93/7). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 29,858,700. NGC ID# 22PZ, PCGS# 3921

8849 1913-D Type Two MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (82/21). PCGS Population: (155/84). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,156,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 3922

8850 1913-S Type Two AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (70/1782). NGC Census: (46/1096). Mintage 1,209,000. NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

8851 1913-S Type Two MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (188/968). NGC Census: (196/518). Mintage 1,209,000. NGC ID# 22R3, PCGS# 3923

8852 1914/3 FS-101 XF40 ANACS. (FS-014.87). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 147844 Base PCGS# 93924

8853 1914/3 FS-101 AU58 NGC. (FS-014.87). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1/4). NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 147844 Base PCGS# 93924



8854 1914 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (162/29). NGC Census: (45/8). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,665,738. NGC ID# 22R4, PCGS# 3924

8855 1914-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (393/235). NGC Census: (248/91). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,912,000. NGC ID# 22R5, PCGS# 3925

8856 1914-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (248/91). PCGS Population: (393/235). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,912,000. NGC ID# 22R5, PCGS# 3925

8857 1914-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (394/77). PCGS Population: (474/186). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,470,000. NGC ID# 22R6, PCGS# 3926

8858 1914-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (475/187). NGC Census: (394/77). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,470,000. NGC ID# 22R6, PCGS# 3926

8859 1915 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (257/49). NGC Census: (77/10). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,987,270. NGC ID# 22R7, PCGS# 3927

8860 1915 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (258/50). NGC Census: (77/10). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,987,270. NGC ID# 22R7, PCGS# 3927

8861 1915 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (258/50). NGC Census: (77/10). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,987,270. NGC ID# 22R7, PCGS# 3927

8862 1915-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (255/435). NGC Census: (142/271). CDN: \$280 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 7,569,000. NGC ID# 22R8, PCGS# 3928

8863 1915-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (141/40). NGC Census: (63/15). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 7,569,000. NGC ID# 22R8, PCGS# 3928

8864 1915-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (141/40). NGC Census: (63/16). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 7,569,000. NGC ID# 22R8, PCGS# 3928

8865 1915-D/D FS-501 AU50 PCGS. (FS-015). PCGS Population: (2/7). NGC Census: (1/4). Mintage 7,569,000. PCGS# 38434 Base PCGS# 3928

8866 1915-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (181/83). PCGS Population: (256/160). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,505,000. NGC ID# 22R9, PCGS# 3929

8867 1916 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (222/22). NGC Census: (77/11). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 63,498,064. NGC ID# 22RA, PCGS# 3930

8868 1916 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (223/22 and 12/1+). NGC Census: (77/11 and 0/0+). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 63,498,064. NGC ID# 22RA, PCGS# 3930

8869 1917 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (174/22). NGC Census: (50/6). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 51,424,020. NGC ID# 22RD, PCGS# 3934

8870 1917-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (369/173). NGC Census: (219/57). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,910,000. NGC ID# 22RE, PCGS# 3935

8871 1918/7-D — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (207/744). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 8,362,000.

8872 1918/7-D FS-101 VG10 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (68/407). PCGS Population: (5/9). NGC ID# 22RJ, PCGS# 38446 Base PCGS# 3939

8873 1918/7-D FS-101 — Whizzed — NGC Details. Fine. NGC Census: (86/321). PCGS Population: (3/6).

8874 1918-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (66/292). PCGS Population: (64/395). Mintage 4,882,000. NGC ID# 22RK, PCGS# 3940

8875 1919 Two Feathers MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/1). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 520163 Base PCGS# 3941

8876 1919-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (111/520). NGC Census: (83/342). Mintage 7,521,000. NGC ID# 22RN, PCGS# 3943

8877 1920-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (112/341). NGC Census: (61/277). CDN: \$1,125 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 9,418,000. NGC ID# 22RR, PCGS# 3945

8878 1920-S MS63 ANACS. NGC Census: (65/242). PCGS Population: (138/266). CDN: \$1,420 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 9,689,000. NGC ID# 22RS, PCGS# 3946

8879 1921 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (133/71). PCGS Population: (277/214). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,663,000. NGC ID# 22RT, PCGS# 3947

8880 1921 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (277/214). NGC Census: (133/71). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,663,000. NGC ID# 22RT, PCGS# 3947

8881 1921 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (277/214). NGC Census: (133/71). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,663,000. NGC ID# 22RT, PCGS# 3947

8882 1921-S XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (75/607). NGC Census: (54/363). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,557,000. NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948

8883 1921-S XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (81/519). NGC Census: (42/318). Mintage 1,557,000. NGC ID# 22RU, PCGS# 3948



8884 1923 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (164/17). NGC Census: (43/8). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 35,715,000. NGC ID# 22RV, PCGS# 3949

8885 1923 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (166/17 and 13/0+). NGC Census: (43/8 and 0/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 35,715,000. NGC ID# 22RV, PCGS# 3949

8886 1923 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (167/17). NGC Census: (43/8). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 35,715,000. NGC ID# 22RV, PCGS# 3949

8887 1923-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (422/56). NGC Census: (310/45). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,142,000. NGC ID# 22RW, PCGS# 3950

8888 1924 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (227/127). NGC Census: (109/37). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,620,000. NGC ID# 22RX, PCGS# 3951

8889 1924-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (328/163). NGC Census: (272/21). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,258,000. NGC ID# 22RY, PCGS# 3952

- 8890 1924-S XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (64/437). NGC Census: (31/271). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,437,000. NGC ID# 22RZ, PCGS# 3953
- 8891 1925-D MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (374/124). NGC Census: (249/59). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 22S3, PCGS# 3955
- 8892 1925-D MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (374/125). NGC Census: (249/59). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 22S3, PCGS# 3955
- 8893 1925-S MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (25/401). PCGS Population: (7/591). Mintage 6,256,000. NGC ID# 22S4, PCGS# 3956
- 8894 1925-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (76/515). NGC Census: (93/308). Mintage 6,256,000. NGC ID# 22S4, PCGS# 3956
- 8895 1925-S MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (216/294). NGC Census: (115/193). CDN: \$1,610 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 6,256,000. NGC ID# 22S4, PCGS# 3956
- 8896 1926 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (439/41 and 33/1+). NGC Census: (166/18 and 3/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 44,693,000. NGC ID# 22S5, PCGS# 3957
- 8897 1927 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (341/16). NGC Census: (95/9). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 37,981,000. NGC ID# 22S8, PCGS# 3960
- 8898 1927-D MS64 NGC.** NGC Census: (257/37). PCGS Population: (470/80). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,730,000. NGC ID# 22S9, PCGS# 3961
- 8899 1927-S AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (122/540). NGC Census: (83/339). Mintage 3,430,000. NGC ID# 22SA, PCGS# 3962
- 8900 1928 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (225/20). NGC Census: (50/6). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 23,411,000. NGC ID# 22SB, PCGS# 3963
- 8901 1928-D MS65+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (384/52 and 9/1+). NGC Census: (136/6 and 0/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,436,000. NGC ID# 22SC, PCGS# 3964
- 8902 1928-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (381/89). NGC Census: (244/54). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,936,000. NGC ID# 22SD, PCGS# 3965
- 8903 1928-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (384/89). NGC Census: (244/54). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,936,000. NGC ID# 22SD, PCGS# 3965
- 8904 1928-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (384/89). NGC Census: (244/54). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,936,000. NGC ID# 22SD, PCGS# 3965
- 8905 1929 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (195/10). NGC Census: (57/1). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 36,446,000. NGC ID# 22SE, PCGS# 3966
- 8906 1929-D MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (196/60). NGC Census: (58/18). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,370,000. NGC ID# 22SF, PCGS# 3967
- 8907 1929-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (226/9). NGC Census: (47/4). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 7,754,000. NGC ID# 22SG, PCGS# 3968
- 8908 1930 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (434/35 and 43/1+). NGC Census: (98/4 and 2/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 22,849,000. NGC ID# 22SH, PCGS# 3969
- 8909 1930 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (438/35 and 43/1+). NGC Census: (98/4 and 2/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 22,849,000. NGC ID# 22SH, PCGS# 3969
- 8910 1930 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-103, MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. PCGS# 569451 Base PCGS# 3969
- 8911 1930-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (189/7). NGC Census: (33/0). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,435,000. NGC ID# 22SJ, PCGS# 3970
- 8912 1930-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (188/7). NGC Census: (33/0). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,435,000. NGC ID# 22SJ, PCGS# 3970
- 8913 1931-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (506/7). NGC Census: (87/2). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 22SK, PCGS# 3971
- 8914 1931-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (506/7). NGC Census: (87/2). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 22SK, PCGS# 3971
- 8915 1934 MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (203/29). NGC Census: (83/4). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,213,004. NGC ID# 22SL, PCGS# 3972



- 8916 1935 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (138/1). NGC Census: (32/1). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 58,264,000. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 3974
- 8917 1935 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (138/1). NGC Census: (32/1). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 58,264,000. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 3974
- 8918 1935 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (138/1). NGC Census: (32/1). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 58,264,000. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 3974
- 8919 1935 Doubled Die Reverse AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/30). NGC Census: (3/35). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 93974
- 8920 1935 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, AU50 NGC.** (FS-018). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1/9). NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 38465 Base PCGS# 93974

- 8921 1935 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, AU53 NGC.** (FS-018). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 22SN, PCGS# 38465 Base PCGS# 93974
- 8922 1935-D MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (194/9). NGC Census: (49/3). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,092,000. NGC ID# 22SP, PCGS# 3975
- 8923 1935-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (429/38 and 26/1+). NGC Census: (139/10 and 4/0+). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 10,300,000. NGC ID# 22SR, PCGS# 3976
- 8924 1936 MS65 PCGS. Gold CAC.** PCGS Population: (2296/1354). NGC Census: (1029/1271). CDN: \$50 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 119,001,424. NGC ID# 22SS, PCGS# 3977
- 8925 1936 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (116/0). NGC Census: (99/2). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 119,001,424. NGC ID# 22SS, PCGS# 3977
- 8926 1936 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 PCGS.** (FS-018.7) PCGS Population: (17/5). NGC Census: (15/7). NGC ID# 22SS, PCGS# 38469 Base PCGS# 3977
- 8927 1936 Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS64 PCGS.** (FS-018.7). PCGS Population: (17/5). NGC Census: (15/7). NGC ID# 22SS, PCGS# 38469 Base PCGS# 3977
- 8928 1936-D 3 1/2 Legs VF20 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (11/64). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. NGC ID# 22ST, PCGS# 93978
- 8929 1936-D 3 1/2 Legs, FS-901, VF30 NGC.** (FS-019). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (9/18). NGC ID# 22ST, PCGS# 38471 Base PCGS# 93978
- 8930 1937 MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8931 1937 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8932 1937 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8933 1937 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8934 1937 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8935 1937 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (376/10 and 36/0+). NGC Census: (431/6 and 8/0+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 79,485,768. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3980
- 8936 1937-D Three-Legged VF35 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (496/5723). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8937 1937-D Three-Legged XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (695/5013). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8938 1937-D Three-Legged XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (700/5023). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8939 1937-D Three-Legged — Scratched — ANACS. XF40 Details.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (701/5026). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8940 1937-D Three-Legged XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (937/4086). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8941 1937-D Three-Legged — Cleaned — ANACS. XF45 Details.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (937/4086). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8942 1937-D Three-Legged XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (939/4087). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8943 1937-D Three-Legged — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (624/3462). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 17,826,000.
- 8944 1937-D Three-Legged AU50 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (624/3463). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8945 1937-D Three-Legged AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (909/1045). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 3982
- 8946 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, — Reverse Damage — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (222/4087). PCGS Population: (9/28). Mintage 17,826,000.
- 8947 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, AU55 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (787/2994). PCGS Population: (10/13). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982
- 8948 1937-D Three-Legged, FS-901, AU55 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (787/2994). PCGS Population: (10/13). Mintage 17,826,000. NGC ID# 22SX, PCGS# 38475 Base PCGS# 3982



- 8949 1937-S MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (126/1). NGC Census: (59/1). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,635,000. NGC ID# 22SY, PCGS# 3983
- 8950 1938-D MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1743/20 and 74/0+). NGC Census: (2360/14 and 20/1+). CDN: \$150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,020,000. NGC ID# 22T2, PCGS# 3984
- 8951 1938-D/D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (98/0). NGC Census: (22/0). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,020,000. NGC ID# 22T2, PCGS# 93984 Base PCGS# 3984
- 8952 1938-D/S Buffalo MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (212/0). NGC Census: (70/5). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,020,000. NGC ID# 22T3, PCGS# 3985
- 8953 1938-D/S FS-513 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 7,020,000. PCGS# 569457 Base PCGS# 3984

PROOF BUFFALO NICKELS

8954 1937 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (410/859). PCGS Population: (638/1326). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 5,769.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 278Z, PCGS# 3996

8955 1937 PR66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (488/371). PCGS Population: (813/513). Mintage 5,769. NGC ID# 278Z, PCGS# 3996

JEFFERSON NICKELS

8956 1938-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (7/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). Mintage 5,376,000. NGC ID# CNZP, PCGS# 4001

8957 1939 Reverse of 1940 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (5/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 22TA, PCGS# 94003

8958 1939 Reverse of 1940 MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (50/1 and 7/0+). NGC Census: (27/0 and 4/0+). NGC ID# 22T8, PCGS# 894003

8959 1939 Doubled Monticello MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (13/9). PCGS Population: (52/42). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 22T8, PCGS# 4004

8960 1939 Doubled Monticello MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/6). NGC Census: (7/2). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 22T8, PCGS# 4004

8961 1939-D Reverse of 1938 MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (94/0 and 6/0+). NGC Census: (248/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 3,514,000. NGC ID# 22T9, PCGS# 4005

8962 1939-S Reverse of 1938, MS66 Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 22TB, PCGS# 84006

8963 1939-S Reverse of 1938, MS66+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/0 and 7/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 22TB, PCGS# 84006

8964 1940-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (140/0 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (25/0 and 1/0+). NGC ID# 22TE, PCGS# 84008

8965 1941 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 203,283,712. NGC ID# 22TJ, PCGS# 4010

8966 1941 MS67 Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (37/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22TG, PCGS# 84010

8967 1941 MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (38/0 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 22TG, PCGS# 84010

8968 1942-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (72/0 and 8/0+). NGC Census: (29/0 and 1/0+). NGC ID# 22TL, PCGS# 84014

8969 1942-P Type 2 MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (244/1). NGC Census: (2001/3). Mintage 57,900,600. NGC ID# 22TM, PCGS# 4016

8970 1942-S MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (107/0 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (1335/4 and 0/0+). Mintage 32,900,000. NGC ID# 22TN, PCGS# 4017

8971 1942-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (4/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 32,900,000. NGC ID# 22TN, PCGS# 4017

8972 1942-S MS67 Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/0). NGC Census: (22/0). NGC ID# 22TN, PCGS# 84017

8973 1943-P MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (267/2). NGC Census: (1639/8). Mintage 271,164,992. NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 4018



8974 1943-P MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (8/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). Mintage 271,164,992. NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 4018

8975 1943-P MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (8/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). Mintage 271,164,992. NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 4018

8976 1943-P Doubled Die Obverse MS65 Full Steps PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (12/22). NGC Census: (1/7). NGC ID# 22TP, PCGS# 84174

8977 1943-D MS67+ Five Full Steps NGC. NGC Census: (213/1 and 3/0+). PCGS Population: (381/4 and 67/0+). NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 84020

8978 1943-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (381/4 and 67/0+). NGC Census: (213/1 and 3/0+). NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 84020

8979 1943-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (381/4 and 67/0+). NGC Census: (213/1 and 3/0+). NGC ID# 22TS, PCGS# 84020

8980 1943-S MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (184/0 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (1847/2 and 2/0+). Mintage 104,060,000. NGC ID# 22TT, PCGS# 4021

8981 1943-S MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (181/0 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (1847/2 and 2/0+). Mintage 104,060,000. NGC ID# 22TT, PCGS# 4021

8982 1943-S MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (184/0 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (1847/2 and 2/0+). Mintage 104,060,000. NGC ID# 22TT, PCGS# 4021

8983 1943-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 104,060,000. NGC ID# 22TT, PCGS# 4021

8984 1944-S MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (3/0 and 2/0*). PCGS Population: (2/0 and 2/0*). Mintage 21,640,000. NGC ID# 22TW, PCGS# 4024

8985 1944-S MS67 Full Steps PCGS. Ex: Steve Strom Collection. PCGS Population: (45/1). NGC Census: (7/0). NGC ID# 22TW, PCGS# 84024

8986 1945-P MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (50/1 and 14/0+). NGC Census: (351/2 and 2/0+). Mintage 119,408,096. NGC ID# 22TX, PCGS# 4025

8987 1945-D MS67+ Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (101/2 and 17/0+). NGC Census: (66/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 22TY, PCGS# 84026

8988 1945-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 58,939,000. NGC ID# 22TZ, PCGS# 4027

8989 1946-D/D D Over Inverted D, FS-501, MS66 Full Steps PCGS. (FS-501). PCGS Population: (10/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22U3, PCGS# 38508 Base PCGS# 84029

8990 1946-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/0). NGC Census: (134/0). Mintage 13,560,000. NGC ID# 22U4, PCGS# 4030

8991 1946-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/0). NGC Census: (134/0). Mintage 13,560,000. NGC ID# 22U4, PCGS# 4030

8992 1947-D MS67 Full Steps PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (8/0). NGC ID# 22U6, PCGS# 84032

- 8993 1947-S MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 24,720,000. NGC ID# 22U7, PCGS# 4033
- 8994 1948-D MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (11/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (104/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 44,734,000. NGC ID# 22U9, PCGS# 4035
- 8995 1948-S MS66+ Full Steps PCGS.** PCGS Population: (101/3 and 4/0+). NGC Census: (31/2 and 1/0+). NGC ID# 22UA, PCGS# 84036
- 8996 1949 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (10/0). Mintage 60,652,000. NGC ID# 22UB, PCGS# 4037



- 8997 1949-D MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (12/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (101/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 36,498,000. NGC ID# 22UC, PCGS# 4038
- 8998 1949-D/S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (73/3). NGC Census: (18/3). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 36,498,000. NGC ID# 22UC, PCGS# 4039
- 8999 1949-S MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (19/0). Mintage 9,716,000. NGC ID# 2799, PCGS# 4040
- 9000 1950 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (45/0). Mintage 9,700,000. NGC ID# 22UE, PCGS# 4041
- 9001 1950 MS66+ Full Steps PCGS.** PCGS Population: (38/9 and 5/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 22UE, PCGS# 84041
- 9002 1951-S MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/0). NGC Census: (53/0). Mintage 7,776,000. NGC ID# 22UJ, PCGS# 4045

- 9003 1951-S MS66 Full Steps PCGS.** PCGS Population: (40/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 22UJ, PCGS# 84045
- 9004 1953-D MS66+ Five Full Steps NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). PCGS Population: (14/1 and 3/0+). NGC ID# 22UP, PCGS# 84050
- 9005 1954 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (8/0). Mintage 47,600,000. NGC ID# 22US, PCGS# 4052
- 9006 1954-D MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (45/1 and 0/0+). Mintage 117,183,056. NGC ID# 22UT, PCGS# 4053
- 9007 1954-S MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (19/0). Mintage 29,384,000. NGC ID# 22UU, PCGS# 4054
- 9008 1955-D/S FS-501, OMM-002, MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 74,464,096. NGC ID# 22UX, PCGS# 38519 Base PCGS# 4058
- 9009 1958-D MS67 Full Steps PCGS.** PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (21/0). NGC ID# 22V5, PCGS# 84064
- 9010 1960 MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (109/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (149/7 and 0/0+). Mintage 55,400,000. NGC ID# 5KZS, PCGS# 4067
- 9011 1960 MS65 Five Full Steps NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (8/1). NGC ID# 22V8, PCGS# 84067
- 9012 1960-D MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (90/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (165/11 and 0/0+). Mintage 192,582,176. NGC ID# 22V9, PCGS# 4068
- 9013 1962 MS67 PCGS.** Ex: Compradore Collection. PCGS Population: (5/0). NGC Census: (11/0). Mintage 97,300,000. NGC ID# 22VC, PCGS# 4071

SMS JEFFERSON NICKELS

- 9014 1966 SMS MS66 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (20/19). NGC Census: (11/15). NGC ID# 27AE, PCGS# 94198
- 9015 1967 SMS MS67 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (45/2). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 27AF, PCGS# 94199
- 9016 1994-P SMS, SP70 Full Steps PCGS.** PCGS Population: (68). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 27BA, PCGS# 84230

PROOF JEFFERSON NICKELS

- 9017 1938 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (246/14 and 9/0+). NGC Census: (192/13 and 1/0+). Mintage 19,365. NGC ID# 279X, PCGS# 4175

- 9018 1939 Reverse of 1940 PR66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (64/63). NGC Census: (37/26). NGC ID# 279Z, PCGS# 94176
- 9019 1939 Reverse of 1940 PR67 NGC.** NGC Census: (25/1). PCGS Population: (62/1). NGC ID# 279Z, PCGS# 94176
- 9020 1940 Reverse of 1938 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (67/2). NGC Census: (15/1). NGC ID# 279Z, PCGS# 94177
- 9021 1940 Reverse of 1938 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (67/2). NGC Census: (15/1). NGC ID# 279Z, PCGS# 94177
- 9022 1941 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (112/4 and 12/0+). NGC Census: (77/1 and 2/0+). Mintage 18,720. NGC ID# 27A2, PCGS# 4178
- 9023 1941 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (122/4 and 12/0+). NGC Census: (77/1 and 2/0+). Mintage 18,720. NGC ID# 27A2, PCGS# 4178
- 9024 1952 PR68 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (33/0). NGC Census: (94/22). NGC ID# 27A6, PCGS# 84184
- 9025 1953 PR69 White Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (24/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC ID# 22YE, PCGS# 84185
- 9026 1957 PR69 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (350/0). Mintage 1,247,952. NGC ID# 22YH, PCGS# 4189
- 9027 1959 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/1). NGC Census: (3/2). NGC ID# 27A9, PCGS# 94191



- 9028 1963 PR70 PCGS.** Ex: Ed Wielawski. PCGS Population: (6). NGC Census: (0). Mintage 3,075,645. NGC ID# 27AB, PCGS# 4195
- 9029 1963 PR70 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6). NGC Census: (0). Mintage 3,075,645. NGC ID# 27AB, PCGS# 4195

9030 1971 No S PR67 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/99). NGC Census: (10/40).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 56PC, PCGS# 84204

9031 1971 No S PR67 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/99). NGC Census: (10/39). NGC ID# 56PC, PCGS# 84204

9032 1971 No S PR67 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/99). NGC Census: (10/39). NGC ID# 56PC, PCGS# 84204



9033 1975-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ultimate perfection and deeply contrasted surfaces make this 1975-S nickel one of only a handful to achieve the top grade at PCGS. Stunning silver-white surfaces show not the slightest mentionable flaw. An essential for the finest Registry Sets. Population: 15 in 70 Deep Cameo (3/15). NGC ID# 27AN, PCGS# 94208

9034 1981-S Type 2 PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (41). NGC Census: (12). NGC ID# 27KM, PCGS# 94216

9035 1981-S Type 2 PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (41). NGC Census: (10). NGC ID# 27KM, PCGS# 94216

EARLY HALF DIMES

9036 1795 — Bent — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. PCGS Population (15/497). NGC Census: (10/292). Mintage: 78,600. Numismedia Wsl. Price for problem free NGC/PCGS coin in Fine 12: \$1,825.

9037 1795 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (10/298). PCGS Population: (16/524). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 78,600.

9038 1795 — Bent — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (6/285). PCGS Population: (28/463). CDN: \$2,510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 78,600.

9039 1797 16 Stars, PCGS Genuine. The PCGS number ending in .98 suggests damage as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (7/64). NGC ID# 22ZZ, PCGS# 4259

BUST HALF DIMES

9040 1829 MS64+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (110/57 and 1/0+). PCGS Population: (76/38 and 3/0+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,230,000. NGC ID# 232B, PCGS# 4276

9041 1830 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (108/141). NGC Census: (79/159). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 232C, PCGS# 4277

9042 1830 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (98/61). PCGS Population: (78/63). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 232C, PCGS# 4277

9043 1830 V-9, LM-2, R.3, MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (0/1). NGC Census: (0/2). NGC ID# 232C, PCGS# 38639 Base PCGS# 4277

9044 1831 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (102/94). NGC Census: (126/103). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 232D, PCGS# 4278

9045 1832 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (112/228). NGC Census: (128/261). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 965,000. NGC ID# 232E, PCGS# 4279

9046 1832 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (113/228). NGC Census: (128/261). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 965,000. NGC ID# 232E, PCGS# 4279

9047 1837 Small 5C AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/21). NGC Census: (5/21). CDN: \$285 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 871,000. NGC ID# 232K, PCGS# 4290

SEATED HALF DIMES

9048 1838 Large Stars, No Drapery, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (56/36). NGC Census: (74/66). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,225,000. NGC ID# 2TXX, PCGS# 4317

9049 1839 No Drapery MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (25/25). NGC Census: (38/29). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,069,150. NGC ID# 232S, PCGS# 4319

9050 1840-O Drapery XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (5/22). PCGS Population: (5/25). Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 232X, PCGS# 4327

9051 1844-O VF25 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (8/55). NGC Census: (1/26). Mintage 220,000. NGC ID# 2336, PCGS# 4334

9052 1847 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/20). NGC Census: (18/20). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,274,000. NGC ID# 2339, PCGS# 4337



9053 1850 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/9). NGC Census: (18/7). Mintage 955,000. NGC ID# 233F, PCGS# 4345

9054 1853-O No Arrows VF20 NGC. NGC Census: (3/21). PCGS Population: (5/41). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 160,000. NGC ID# 233N, PCGS# 4352

9055 1858 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (105/84). PCGS Population: (90/74). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,500,000. NGC ID# 233U, PCGS# 4367

9056 1858-O MS64+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (71/27 and 1/0+). PCGS Population: (58/24 and 2/3+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,660,000. NGC ID# 233V, PCGS# 4369

9057 1861/0 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/12). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 2349, PCGS# 4380

9058 1865 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/54). NGC Census: (1/44). Mintage 13,000. NGC ID# 234G, PCGS# 4386

- 9059 1868-S MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (18/12). NGC Census: (32/23). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 280,000. NGC ID# 234P, PCGS# 4393

PROOF SEATED HALF DIMES

- 9060 1860 PR64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (35/31). NGC Census: (35/42). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 235V, PCGS# 4443
- 9061 1860 PR65 NGC.** NGC Census: (20/22). PCGS Population: (16/15). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 235V, PCGS# 4443
- 9062 1868 PR64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (55/37). NGC Census: (62/44). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 2365, PCGS# 4451
- 9063 1873 PR66 NGC.** NGC Census: (22/9). PCGS Population: (16/5). Mintage 600. NGC ID# 236A, PCGS# 4456
- 9064 1873 PR64 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (16/13). NGC Census: (12/20). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 236A, PCGS# 84456

EARLY DIMES

- 9065 1800 — Repaired — NGC Details. VF.** NGC Census: (2/26). PCGS Population: (4/46). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 21,760.
- 9066 1800 JR-2, R.5, — Graffiti — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details.** NGC Census: (1/11). PCGS Population: (0/2). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 21,760. NGC ID# 236H, PCGS# 38755 Base PCGS# 4470
- 9067 1802 AG3 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (7/57). NGC Census: (0/28). Mintage 10,975. NGC ID# 236K, PCGS# 4472
- 9068 1805 4 Berries Good 4 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (30/395). NGC Census: (3/33). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 120,780. NGC ID# 236S, PCGS# 4477
- 9069 1805 4 Berries VF20 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (30/259). NGC Census: (2/21). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 120,780. NGC ID# 236S, PCGS# 4477
- 9070 1807 Good 6 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (8/350). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 165,000. NGC ID# 236T, PCGS# 4480

BUST DIMES

- 9071 1811/09 Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (9/74). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 65,180. NGC ID# 236V, PCGS# 4487
- 9072 1811/09 JR-1, R.3, Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/3). NGC Census: (2/48). Mintage 65,180. NGC ID# 236V, PCGS# 38772 Base PCGS# 4487
- 9073 1814 Large Date, JR-4, R.2, XF45 ANACS.** NGC Census: (1/3). PCGS Population: (0/1). Mintage 421,500. PCGS# 38776 Base PCGS# 4488
- 9074 1820 Large 0 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/74). NGC Census: (31/126). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 942,587. NGC ID# 236X, PCGS# 4492
- 9075 1821 Small Date, JR-8, R.2, AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/1). NGC Census: (1/4). NGC ID# 236Y, PCGS# 38798 Base PCGS# 94496
- 9076 1830 Medium 10C AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (30/117). NGC Census: (11/125). Mintage 510,000. NGC ID# 2379, PCGS# 4516
- 9077 1830 Medium 10C, JR-8, R.3, MS60 ANACS.** NGC Census: (0/2). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 510,000. NGC ID# 4FA4, PCGS# 38845 Base PCGS# 4516
- 9078 1832 AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (37/153). PCGS Population: (42/126). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 522,500. NGC ID# 237C, PCGS# 4521
- 9079 1832 JR-3, R.4, — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** NGC Census: (0/3). PCGS Population: (0/1). CDN: \$360 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 522,500. NGC ID# 4D4X, PCGS# 38857 Base PCGS# 4521
- 9080 1833 MS61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/129). NGC Census: (20/130). Mintage 485,000. NGC ID# 237D, PCGS# 4522
- 9081 1834 Large 4, JR-2, R.3, MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/1). NGC Census: (1/4). NGC ID# 237E, PCGS# 38874 Base PCGS# 4526
- 9082 1835 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/194). NGC Census: (69/252). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,410,000. NGC ID# 237F, PCGS# 4527
- 9083 1835 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/196). NGC Census: (70/252). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,410,000. NGC ID# 237F, PCGS# 4527

- 9084 1837 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (25/53). NGC Census: (14/82). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 359,500. NGC ID# 237H, PCGS# 4529

SEATED DIMES

- 9085 1837 No Stars, Large Date AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (34/173). NGC Census: (51/219). CDN: \$690 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 682,500. NGC ID# 237R, PCGS# 4561
- 9086 1837 No Stars, Large Date MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (36/168). PCGS Population: (24/142). Mintage 682,500. NGC ID# 237R, PCGS# 4561
- 9087 1837 No Stars, Small Date, MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (10/40). NGC Census: (3/11). NGC ID# 237R, PCGS# 4562
- 9088 1838-O No Stars XF40 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (33/132). NGC Census: (20/90). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 406,034. NGC ID# 237T, PCGS# 4564



- 9089 1838 No Drapery, Large Stars MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (43/145). NGC Census: (37/154). CDN: \$710 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,992,500. NGC ID# 237U, PCGS# 4568
- 9090 1838 No Drapery, Large Stars MS63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (43/145). NGC Census: (37/154). CDN: \$710 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,992,500. NGC ID# 237U, PCGS# 4568
- 9091 1839 No Drapery MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19/96). NGC Census: (30/124). Mintage 1,053,115. NGC ID# 237X, PCGS# 4571

- 9092 1845-O VF30 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (12/45). NGC Census: (3/21). Mintage 230,000. NGC ID# 238C, PCGS# 4587
- 9093 1846 Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/95). NGC Census: (6/33). Mintage 31,300. NGC ID# 238D, PCGS# 4588
- 9094 1848 MS61 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2/26). NGC Census: (4/34). Mintage 451,500. NGC ID# 238F, PCGS# 4590
- 9095 1850 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/31). NGC Census: (29/33). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,931,500. NGC ID# 238J, PCGS# 4593
- 9096 1851-O AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/4). NGC Census: (12/6). CDN: \$160 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 238M, PCGS# 4596
- 9097 1852 MS63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (22/59). NGC Census: (10/38). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,535,500. NGC ID# 238N, PCGS# 4597
- 9098 1853 Arrows MS63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (128/300). NGC Census: (134/308). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 12,078,010. NGC ID# 2398, PCGS# 4603
- 9099 1853 Arrows MS63+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (128/300 and 1/9+). NGC Census: (134/308 and 0/4+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 12,078,010. NGC ID# 2398, PCGS# 4603
- 9100 1853 Arrows MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (76/58). NGC Census: (75/57). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,078,010. NGC ID# 2398, PCGS# 4603
- 9101 1854-O Arrows MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/25). NGC Census: (13/39). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,770,000. NGC ID# 239B, PCGS# 4606
- 9102 1857 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/25). NGC Census: (88/47). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,580,000. NGC ID# 238X, PCGS# 4614
- 9103 1857 MS64+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/25 and 2/2+). NGC Census: (88/47 and 3/2+). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,580,000. NGC ID# 238X, PCGS# 4614

- 9104 1858-S Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/73). NGC Census: (3/24). Mintage 60,000. NGC ID# 2393, PCGS# 4618
- 9105 1860 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (38/27). NGC Census: (31/29). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 239D, PCGS# 4631
- 9106 1860-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Fine.** NGC Census: (7/32). PCGS Population: (7/66). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 40,000.
- 9107 1864-S AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/23). NGC Census: (1/24). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 230,000. NGC ID# 239N, PCGS# 4640
- 9108 1868-S AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/22). NGC Census: (2/15). Mintage 260,000. NGC ID# 239X, PCGS# 4648
- 9109 1872-CC — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. VF Details.** NGC Census: (0/25). PCGS Population: (2/51). CDN: \$3,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 35,480. NGC ID# 23A8, PCGS# 4657
- 9110 1872-CC — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. Fortin-101.** Fortin writes that “many examples have surface porosity problems,” an unsurprising fact given the lack of numismatists in the Old West. The present pearl-gray piece is moderately granular and displays myriad fine pinscratches. LIBERTY and the other legends are bold. NGC ID# 23A8, PCGS# 4657
- 9111 1873 Arrows MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (41/60). NGC Census: (24/47). CDN: \$710 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,378,500. NGC ID# 23BG, PCGS# 4665
- 9112 1873 Arrows MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (43/17). NGC Census: (26/21). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,378,500. NGC ID# 23BG, PCGS# 4665
- 9113 1875 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (29/5). NGC Census: (39/8). Mintage 10,350,700. NGC ID# 23AC, PCGS# 4672



- 9114 1876 MS67+ NGC.** NGC Census: (7/0 and 1/0+). PCGS Population: (3/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 1,145,000. NGC ID# 23CZ, PCGS# 4679
- 9115 1876-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (71/60). NGC Census: (77/67). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,270,000. NGC ID# 23AJ, PCGS# 4680
- 9116 1877-CC MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (47/55). NGC Census: (71/59). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 7,700,000. NGC ID# 23AM, PCGS# 4683
- 9117 1878 MS65+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (9/7 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (12/4 and 0/0+). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,677,200. NGC ID# 23AP, PCGS# 4685
- 9118 1879 MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (38/30). PCGS Population: (60/29). Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 23AS, PCGS# 4687
- 9119 1879 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (60/29). NGC Census: (38/30). Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 23AS, PCGS# 4687
- 9120 1880 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (27/42). NGC Census: (22/42). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 36,000. NGC ID# 23AT, PCGS# 4688

- 9121 1887 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (93/37). NGC Census: (60/51). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,283,229. NGC ID# 23B5, PCGS# 4698
- 9122 1889 MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (21/8). PCGS Population: (25/8). Mintage 7,380,000. NGC ID# 23B9, PCGS# 4702
- 9123 1891 MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (120/77). PCGS Population: (129/80). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,310,600. NGC ID# 23BD, PCGS# 4706
- 9124 1891 MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (71/9). NGC Census: (58/19). Mintage 15,310,600. NGC ID# 23BD, PCGS# 4706
- 9125 1891 MS66 ★ NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (58/19 and 4/3*). PCGS Population: (71/9 and 4/3*). Mintage 15,310,600. NGC ID# 23BD, PCGS# 4706

PROOF SEATED DIMES

- 9126 1858 PR63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/50). NGC Census: (8/49). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 100. NGC ID# 23CC, PCGS# 4747
- 9127 1863 PR65 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (12/3). PCGS Population: (8/7). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 23BS, PCGS# 84756
- 9128 1866 PR64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (36/24). NGC Census: (33/34). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 725. NGC ID# 23CP, PCGS# 4759
- 9129 1868 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (20/7). NGC Census: (16/9). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 23CS, PCGS# 4761
- 9130 1873 No Arrows, Closed 3 PR63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (53/74). NGC Census: (29/91). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,100. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 23CX, PCGS# 4766
- 9131 1874 Arrows PR61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/208). NGC Census: (5/157). Mintage 700. NGC ID# 23DJ, PCGS# 4770

- 9132 1876 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (18/6). NGC Census: (18/9). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 23CZ, PCGS# 4773
- 9133 1879 PR64 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (27/29). NGC Census: (17/29). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 23D4, PCGS# 84776
- 9134 1881 PR65 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (45/43). PCGS Population: (49/25). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 975. NGC ID# 3X3D, PCGS# 4778
- 9135 1885 PR65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/36). NGC Census: (44/37). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 930. NGC ID# 5KLC, PCGS# 4782
- 9136 1886 PR66 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (12/13). PCGS Population: (9/3). NGC ID# 23DB, PCGS# 84783
- 9137 1889 PR64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (43/54). NGC Census: (41/73). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 711. NGC ID# 23DE, PCGS# 4786



- 9138 1891 PR66 Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (13/5). PCGS Population: (10/8). NGC ID# 23DG, PCGS# 84788

BARBER DIMES

- 9139 1892 MS66 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (60/19). PCGS Population: (86/17). Mintage 12,121,245. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 23DK, PCGS# 4796
- 9140 1892-O MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (15/8). PCGS Population: (20/9). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,841,700. NGC ID# 23DL, PCGS# 4797
- 9141 1892-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (29/17). NGC Census: (43/5). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 990,710. NGC ID# 23DM, PCGS# 4798
- 9142 1894-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc.** NGC Census: (0/23). PCGS Population: (1/39). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 720,000.
- 9143 1895-O VG10 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (46/257). NGC Census: (16/117). Mintage 440,000. NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807
- 9144 1895-O VF25 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19/170). NGC Census: (9/83). Mintage 440,000. NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807
- 9145 1895-O — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** NGC Census: (9/56). PCGS Population: (24/90). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 440,000. NGC ID# C4KL, PCGS# 4807
- 9146 1895-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (35/10). NGC Census: (42/6). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,120,000. NGC ID# 23DX, PCGS# 4808
- 9147 1896-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc.** NGC Census: (0/26). PCGS Population: (0/42). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 610,000.
- 9148 1898-O MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (9/42). NGC Census: (6/42). Mintage 2,130,000. NGC ID# 23E7, PCGS# 4816
- 9149 1898-O MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/12). NGC Census: (9/17). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,130,000. NGC ID# 23E7, PCGS# 4816

9150 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/21). NGC Census: (40/12). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 19,580,846. NGC ID# 23E9, PCGS# 4818

9151 1899 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/3). NGC Census: (7/5). Mintage 19,580,846. NGC ID# 23E9, PCGS# 4818

9152 1902-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (17/15). NGC Census: (9/11). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,070,000. NGC ID# 23EL, PCGS# 4829

9153 1904-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/28). NGC Census: (7/21). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 800,000. NGC ID# 23ES, PCGS# 4834

9154 1905-O Micro O AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/22). NGC Census: (1/11). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 23EV, PCGS# 94836

9155 1906-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (47/30). NGC Census: (22/27). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,060,000. NGC ID# 23EY, PCGS# 4839

9156 1906-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/15). NGC Census: (21/6). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,060,000. NGC ID# 23EY, PCGS# 4839

9157 1907 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/1). NGC Census: (41/0). Mintage 22,220,576. NGC ID# 23F3, PCGS# 4842

9158 1908 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (19/2). NGC Census: (17/3). Mintage 10,600,545. NGC ID# 23F7, PCGS# 4846

9159 1908-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (27/14). NGC Census: (9/15). CDN: \$880 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,789,000. NGC ID# 5KXH, PCGS# 4848

9160 1909 MS66 NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. NGC Census: (10/0). PCGS Population: (11/3). Mintage 10,240,650. NGC ID# 23FB, PCGS# 4850

9161 1909-O MS64 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (26/34 and 0/3+). NGC Census: (22/21 and 0/0+). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,287,000. NGC ID# 23FD, PCGS# 4852

9162 1909-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (26/34). NGC Census: (22/21). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,287,000. NGC ID# 23FD, PCGS# 4852



9163 1911 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (94/19). NGC Census: (46/10). Mintage 18,870,544. NGC ID# 23FJ, PCGS# 4857

9164 1911 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (94/19). NGC Census: (46/10). Mintage 18,870,544. NGC ID# 23FJ, PCGS# 4857

9165 1911 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (94/19). NGC Census: (46/10). Mintage 18,870,544. NGC ID# 23FJ, PCGS# 4857

9166 1911-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (47/9). NGC Census: (31/6). Mintage 3,520,000. NGC ID# 23FL, PCGS# 4859

9167 1912-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (29/21). NGC Census: (27/3). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,760,000. NGC ID# 28PR, PCGS# 4861

9168 1914 MS66 NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. NGC Census: (37/1). PCGS Population: (72/6). Mintage 17,360,656. NGC ID# 23FT, PCGS# 4865

9169 1916 Barber MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (58/6). NGC Census: (34/8). Mintage 18,490,000. NGC ID# 23FY, PCGS# 4870

9170 1916 Barber MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (59/6). NGC Census: (34/8). Mintage 18,490,000. NGC ID# 23FY, PCGS# 4870

PROOF BARBER DIMES

9171 1892 PR64 NGC. NGC Census: (65/115). PCGS Population: (72/100). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,245. NGC ID# 23G3, PCGS# 4875

9172 1892 PR66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (49/17). PCGS Population: (33/14). Mintage 1,245. NGC ID# 23G3, PCGS# 4875

9173 1893 PR65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/44 and 1/2+). NGC Census: (42/70 and 0/1+). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 792. NGC ID# 23G4, PCGS# 4877

9174 1898 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/11). NGC Census: (15/33). NGC ID# 26KV, PCGS# 84882

9175 1900 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/116). NGC Census: (32/134). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 912. NGC ID# 23GD, PCGS# 4884

9176 1903 PR64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/77). NGC Census: (67/86). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 755. NGC ID# 23GG, PCGS# 4887

9177 1905 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/32). NGC Census: (2/16). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 23GJ, PCGS# 84889

9178 1915 PR64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (50/33 and 2/5+). NGC Census: (48/52 and 0/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 450. NGC ID# 7U3S, PCGS# 4899

MERCURY DIMES

9179 1916 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (148/11). NGC Census: (87/13). Mintage 22,180,080. NGC ID# 23GX, PCGS# 4905

- 9180 1916 MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (140/11). NGC Census: (86/13). Mintage 22,180,080. NGC ID# 23GX, PCGS# 4905
- 9181 1916 MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (141/11). NGC Census: (86/13). Mintage 22,180,080. NGC ID# 23GX, PCGS# 4905
- 9182 1916 MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (139/11 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (86/13 and 1/0+). Mintage 22,180,080. NGC ID# 23GX, PCGS# 4905
- 9183 1916-D Good 4 NGC.** NGC Census: (531/1135). PCGS Population: (1472/2812). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 264,000. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906
- 9184 1916-D Good 4 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1470/2802). NGC Census: (529/1133). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 264,000. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906
- 9185 1916-D VG10 NGC.** NGC Census: (131/529). PCGS Population: (363/1216). Mintage 264,000. NGC ID# 23GY, PCGS# 4906
- 9186 1917-D MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/1). NGC Census: (6/1). Mintage 9,402,000. NGC ID# 23H3, PCGS# 4912
- 9187 1917-D MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (124/53). NGC Census: (69/20). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,402,000. NGC ID# 23H3, PCGS# 4913
- 9188 1918 MS65 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (102/51). NGC Census: (64/23). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 26,680,000. NGC ID# 23H5, PCGS# 4917
- 9189 1918 MS65 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (102/51). NGC Census: (64/23). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 26,680,000. NGC ID# 23H5, PCGS# 4917
- 9190 1918 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (47/4). NGC Census: (20/3). Mintage 26,680,000. NGC ID# 23H5, PCGS# 4917
- 9191 1919-S MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (32/26). NGC Census: (25/14). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,850,000. NGC ID# 5LLM, PCGS# 4926

- 9192 1920 MS66 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (135/28). NGC Census: (47/17). Mintage 59,030,000. NGC ID# 23HB, PCGS# 4929
- 9193 1920 MS66+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (135/28 and 12/0+). NGC Census: (47/17 and 2/0+). Mintage 59,030,000. NGC ID# 23HB, PCGS# 4929
- 9194 1921 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (46/59). NGC Census: (19/44). Mintage 1,230,000. NGC ID# 23HE, PCGS# 4934



- 9195 1923 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (6/0). Mintage 50,130,000. NGC ID# 23HG, PCGS# 4938
- 9196 1923 MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (79/4). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 50,130,000. NGC ID# 23HG, PCGS# 4939
- 9197 1924 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (100/28). NGC Census: (62/14). Mintage 24,010,000. NGC ID# 23HJ, PCGS# 4943
- 9198 1924-D MS65 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (98/49). NGC Census: (47/36). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,810,000. NGC ID# 23HK, PCGS# 4945
- 9199 1925-D MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (121/67). NGC Census: (57/33). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,117,000. NGC ID# 23HN, PCGS# 4951

- 9200 1925-S MS63 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (55/240). NGC Census: (22/87). Mintage 5,850,000. NGC ID# 5LX3, PCGS# 4953
- 9201 1925-S MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/95). NGC Census: (47/38). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,850,000. NGC ID# 5LX3, PCGS# 4953
- 9202 1925-S MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/95). NGC Census: (47/38). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,850,000. NGC ID# 5LX3, PCGS# 4953
- 9203 1926 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (107/24). NGC Census: (26/10). Mintage 32,160,000. NGC ID# 23HR, PCGS# 4955
- 9204 1926-D MS64 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (184/131). NGC Census: (90/52). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,828,000. NGC ID# 23HS, PCGS# 4957
- 9205 1927 MS66+ Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (125/27 and 5/1+). NGC Census: (29/5 and 0/0+). Mintage 28,080,000. NGC ID# 5KLC, PCGS# 4961
- 9206 1929 MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (7/0 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (11/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 25,970,000. NGC ID# 23J2, PCGS# 4972
- 9207 1929-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (7/2). NGC Census: (9/1). Mintage 5,034,000. NGC ID# 23J3, PCGS# 4974
- 9208 1929-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (143/59). NGC Census: (73/3). Mintage 5,034,000. NGC ID# 5LXC, PCGS# 4975
- 9209 1929-S MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (136/47). NGC Census: (20/10). Mintage 4,730,000. NGC ID# 23J4, PCGS# 4977
- 9210 1929-S Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 Full Bands ANACS.** PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 4,730,000. PCGS# 145446 Base PCGS# 4977
- 9211 1930 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (105/18). NGC Census: (22/4). Mintage 6,770,000. NGC ID# 23J5, PCGS# 4979

- 9212 1930 MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (105/18). NGC Census: (22/4). Mintage 6,770,000. NGC ID# 23J5, PCGS# 4979
- 9213 1931 MS66+ Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (80/20 and 4/0+). NGC Census: (13/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 3,150,000. NGC ID# 5BZ2, PCGS# 4983
- 9214 1931-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (192/56). NGC Census: (53/13). Mintage 1,260,000. NGC ID# 5BZ4, PCGS# 4985
- 9215 1931-S MS64 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (65/118). NGC Census: (12/21). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,800,000. NGC ID# 23J9, PCGS# 4987
- 9216 1934-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (22/1). NGC Census: (13/0). Mintage 6,772,000. NGC ID# 5BZ9, PCGS# 4990
- 9217 1935-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (10/0). NGC Census: (6/0). Mintage 10,477,000. NGC ID# 23JD, PCGS# 4994
- 9218 1935-D MS66 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (118/44). NGC Census: (33/5). Mintage 10,477,000. NGC ID# 23JD, PCGS# 4995
- 9219 1935-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (106/1). NGC Census: (28/0). Mintage 15,840,000. NGC ID# 23JE, PCGS# 4997
- 9220 1936 MS67+ Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (238/17 and 35/2+). NGC Census: (104/10 and 6/0+). Mintage 87,504,128. NGC ID# 23JF, PCGS# 4999
- 9221 1936-D MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (133/9). NGC Census: (39/1). Mintage 16,132,000. NGC ID# 5C48, PCGS# 5001
- 9222 1936-D MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (131/9). NGC Census: (39/1). Mintage 16,132,000. NGC ID# 5C48, PCGS# 5001
- 9223 1936-S MS67 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (202/3). NGC Census: (58/1). Mintage 9,210,000. NGC ID# 23JH, PCGS# 5003
- 9224 1937-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (253/14 and 9/1+). NGC Census: (139/15 and 0/0+). Mintage 14,146,000. NGC ID# 23JK, PCGS# 5007
- 9225 1937-S MS67 Full Bands NGC.** NGC Census: (46/1). PCGS Population: (102/2). Mintage 9,740,000. NGC ID# 23JL, PCGS# 5009

- 9226 1938-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (328/13 and 11/0+). NGC Census: (175/5 and 1/0+). Mintage 5,537,000. NGC ID# 3DAC, PCGS# 5013



- 9227 1939-D MS68 Full Bands PCGS.** PCGS Population: (72/22). NGC Census: (29/2). Mintage 24,394,000. NGC ID# 23JS, PCGS# 5019
- 9228 1939-S MS65 Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (140/159). NGC Census: (25/37). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,540,000. NGC ID# 23JT, PCGS# 5021
- 9229 1942 MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (187/8 and 24/0+). NGC Census: (231/1 and 1/0+). Mintage 205,432,336. NGC ID# 23K3, PCGS# 5035
- 9230 1942/1-D XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (89/194). PCGS Population: (109/185). Mintage 60,740,000. NGC ID# 23K6, PCGS# 5040
- 9231 1942/1-D AU50 ANACS.** NGC Census: (40/154). PCGS Population: (48/137). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 60,740,000. NGC ID# 23K6, PCGS# 5040
- 9232 1942/1-D AU53 ANACS.** NGC Census: (47/107). PCGS Population: (38/99). Mintage 60,740,000. NGC ID# 23K6, PCGS# 5040
- 9233 1942/1-D AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (48/51). NGC Census: (46/61). Mintage 60,740,000. NGC ID# 23K6, PCGS# 5040
- 9234 1942/1-D FS-101 AU53 NGC.** (FS-010.8). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 60,740,000. NGC ID# 384N, PCGS# 145475 Base PCGS# 5040

- 9235 1945-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (291/5 and 10/0+). NGC Census: (341/12 and 4/0+). Mintage 40,245,000. NGC ID# 23KE, PCGS# 5059

- 9236 1945-S Micro S, FS-512, MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 41,920,000. PCGS# 145414 Base PCGS# 5062

PROOF MERCURY DIMES

- 9237 1936 PR65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (476/423). NGC Census: (302/378). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 4,130. NGC ID# 27DG, PCGS# 5071
- 9238 1936 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (349/74). NGC Census: (292/86). Mintage 4,130. NGC ID# 27DG, PCGS# 5071
- 9239 1937 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (259/31). NGC Census: (191/34). Mintage 5,756. NGC ID# 27DH, PCGS# 5072
- 9240 1937 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (259/31). NGC Census: (191/34). Mintage 5,756. NGC ID# 27DH, PCGS# 5072
- 9241 1940 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (350/27 and 8/0+). NGC Census: (346/42 and 4/0+). Mintage 11,827. NGC ID# 27DL, PCGS# 5075
- 9242 1940 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (350/27 and 8/0+). NGC Census: (346/42 and 4/0+). Mintage 11,827. NGC ID# 27DL, PCGS# 5075

ROOSEVELT DIMES

- 9243 1946-S MS68 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (5/0 and 3/0*). PCGS Population: (6/0 and 3/0*). Mintage 27,900,000. NGC ID# 23KL, PCGS# 5084
- 9244 1946-S MS68 Full Bands NGC.** NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (12/0). Mintage 27,900,000. NGC ID# 23KL, PCGS# 85084
- 9245 1947 MS68 NGC.** NGC Census: (3/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 121,520,000. NGC ID# 23KM, PCGS# 5085
- 9246 1947-D MS68 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (1/0 and 1/0*). PCGS Population: (3/0 and 1/0*). Mintage 46,835,000. NGC ID# 23KN, PCGS# 5086
- 9247 1947-S MS68 NGC.** NGC Census: (6/0). PCGS Population: (5/0). Mintage 34,840,000. NGC ID# 23KP, PCGS# 5087

9248 1947-S MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (6/0 and 6/0*). PCGS Population: (5/0 and 6/0*). Mintage 34,840,000. NGC ID# 23KP, PCGS# 5087

9249 1947-S MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (43/7 and 9/1+). NGC Census: (61/2 and 1/0+). Mintage 34,840,000. NGC ID# 23KP, PCGS# 85087



9250 1948-S MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (3/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). Mintage 35,520,000. NGC ID# 23KT, PCGS# 5090

9251 1949 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (4/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 30,940,000. NGC ID# 23KU, PCGS# 5091

9252 1949-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (10/0). PCGS Population: (9/0). Mintage 26,034,000. NGC ID# 23KV, PCGS# 5092

9253 1949-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (12/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). Mintage 13,510,000. NGC ID# 23KW, PCGS# 5093

9254 1950 MS68 NGC. Ex: Dr. S. Long Collection. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 50,181,500. NGC ID# 23KX, PCGS# 5094

9255 1950-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (9/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 46,803,000. NGC ID# 23KY, PCGS# 5095

9256 1950-S MS68 NGC; 1951-S MS68 NGC, ex: Dr. S. Long Collection. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 23KZ, PCGS# 5096

9257 1950-S MS68 ★ Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (5/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). Mintage 20,440,000. NGC ID# 23KZ, PCGS# 85096

9258 1951-S MS68 NGC; 1953-S MS68 NGC. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 23LA, PCGS# 5099

9259 1952 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (5/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 99,000,000. NGC ID# 23L5, PCGS# 5100

9260 1952-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (3/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 122,100,000. NGC ID# 23L6, PCGS# 5101

9261 1952-D MS67+ Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (103/1 and 1/0+). PCGS Population: (79/1 and 12/0+). Mintage 122,100,000. NGC ID# 23L6, PCGS# 85101

9262 1952-D MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (79/1 and 12/0+). NGC Census: (103/1 and 1/0+). Mintage 122,100,000. NGC ID# 23L6, PCGS# 85101

9263 1952-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (8/1). PCGS Population: (6/0). Mintage 44,419,500. NGC ID# 23L7, PCGS# 5102

9264 1952-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (8/1). PCGS Population: (6/0). Mintage 44,419,500. NGC ID# 23L7, PCGS# 5102

9265 1952-S MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/4 and 21/0+). NGC Census: (58/1 and 3/0+). Mintage 44,419,500. NGC ID# 23L7, PCGS# 85102

9266 1952-S MS67+ Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/4 and 21/0+). NGC Census: (58/1 and 3/0+). Mintage 44,419,500. NGC ID# 23L7, PCGS# 85102

9267 1953-D MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 136,432,992. NGC ID# 27KH, PCGS# 85104

9268 1953-S MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (13/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). Mintage 39,180,000. NGC ID# 23LA, PCGS# 5105

9269 1954-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 106,397,000. NGC ID# 23LC, PCGS# 5107

9270 1955 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 12,400,000. NGC ID# 56HY, PCGS# 5109

9271 1955 MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 12,400,000. NGC ID# 56HY, PCGS# 5109

9272 1955-S MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (3/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). Mintage 18,510,000. NGC ID# 23LG, PCGS# 5111



9273 1955-S MS68 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (3/0 and 2/0*). PCGS Population: (4/0 and 2/0*). Mintage 18,510,000. NGC ID# 23LG, PCGS# 5111

9274 1956 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (6/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). Mintage 108,640,000. NGC ID# 23LH, PCGS# 5112

9275 1957 MS68 NGC; 1958 MS68 NGC. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 22L5, PCGS# 5114

9276 1957 MS68 ★ NGC; 1958 MS68 NGC. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 22L5, PCGS# 5114

9277 1957-D MS68 NGC; 1958-D MS68 NGC. (Total: 2 coins) NGC ID# 23LL, PCGS# 5115

9278 1958-D MS68 Full Bands NGC. NGC Census: (11/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). Mintage 136,564,608. NGC ID# 23LN, PCGS# 85117

9279 1959 MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 85,700,000. NGC ID# 23LP, PCGS# 5118

9280 1962-D MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 334,948,384. NGC ID# 23LX, PCGS# 5125

9281 1963-D MS67 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (19/0). Mintage 421,476,544. NGC ID# 23LZ, PCGS# 85127

9282 1963-D MS67 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (19/0). Mintage 421,476,544. NGC ID# 23LZ, PCGS# 85127

9283 1971-D MS67 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (15/2). Mintage 377,914,240. NGC ID# 23ME, PCGS# 85140

9284 1986-P MS67 Full Bands PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (5/1). Mintage 682,649,664. NGC ID# 23NE, PCGS# 85170

PROOF ROOSEVELT DIMES

9285 1950 PR68 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/0). NGC Census: (29/1). NGC ID# 27EJ, PCGS# 85225

9286 1950 PR68 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/0). NGC Census: (29/1). NGC ID# 27EJ, PCGS# 85225

9287 1950 PR65 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/21). NGC Census: (2/13). CDN: \$40 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 27EJ, PCGS# 95225

9288 1951 PR68 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/0). NGC Census: (94/7). NGC ID# 59NP, PCGS# 85226

9289 1955 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (23/10). NGC ID# 27EP, PCGS# 95230

9290 1955 PR69 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (6/0). NGC Census: (55/0). NGC ID# C4ZT, PCGS# 85230

9291 1958 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/2). NGC Census: (13/14). NGC ID# 27ET, PCGS# 95233

9292 1970 No S PR68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (81/13). NGC Census: (58/21). Mintage 2,200. NGC ID# 27F5, PCGS# 5248

9293 1970 No S PR68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (81/13). NGC Census: (58/21). Mintage 2,200. NGC ID# 27F5, PCGS# 5248

9294 1970 No S PR69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/0). NGC Census: (21/0). Mintage 2,200. NGC ID# 27F5, PCGS# 5248

9295 1970 No S PR68 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (46/12). NGC Census: (19/12). NGC ID# 59SD, PCGS# 85248



9296 1983 No S PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (213/4). NGC Census: (114/5). NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 95265

9297 1983 No S PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (213/4). NGC Census: (114/5). NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 95265

TWENTY CENT PIECES

9298 1875 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (45/32). PCGS Population: (64/30). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 38,500. NGC ID# 23R5, PCGS# 5296

9299 1875-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (308/1151). NGC Census: (289/988). Mintage 1,155,000. NGC ID# 23R7, PCGS# 5298

9300 1875-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (308/1151). NGC Census: (289/988). Mintage 1,155,000. NGC ID# 23R7, PCGS# 5298

9301 1875-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (432/719). NGC Census: (312/677). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,155,000. NGC ID# 23R7, PCGS# 5298

9302 1875-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (458/261). NGC Census: (421/255). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,155,000. NGC ID# 23R7, PCGS# 5298

EARLY QUARTERS

9303 1805 VG8 PCGS. PCGS Population: (72/388). NGC Census: (19/165). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 121,394. NGC ID# 23RC, PCGS# 5313

9304 1806 Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (70/339). NGC Census: (23/187). Mintage 206,124. NGC ID# 23RD, PCGS# 5314

BUST QUARTERS

9305 1815 Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/176). NGC Census: (0/38). CDN: \$250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 89,235. NGC ID# 23RG, PCGS# 5321

9306 1815 "E" Counterstamp, B-1, R.1, — Stained — NGC Details. XF. NGC Census: (3/69). PCGS Population: (0/1). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 89,235.

9307 1818/5 VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/68). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 23RH, PCGS# 5323

9308 1818 VF35 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (36/303). NGC Census: (16/251). Mintage 361,174. NGC ID# 23RH, PCGS# 5322

9309 1819 Large 9 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/28). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 23RK, PCGS# 5326

9310 1821 — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (10/103). PCGS Population: (29/123). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 216,851. NGC ID# 23RM, PCGS# 5331

9311 1824/2 B-1, R.3, Good 4 NGC. Ex: Rev. Dr. James G. K. McClure. NGC Census: (7/73). PCGS Population: (2/10). CDN: \$90 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 168,000. NGC ID# 23RR, PCGS# 38972 Base PCGS# 5335

9312 1825/4/(2) "L" Counterstamp, B-2, R.2, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (7/63). PCGS Population: (6/46). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50.

9313 1828 VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/163). NGC Census: (6/109). Mintage 102,000. NGC ID# 23RV, PCGS# 5342

9314 1832 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (26/74). NGC Census: (15/57). Mintage 320,000. NGC ID# 23RX, PCGS# 5351

9315 1835 AU55 PCGS. Gold CAC. PCGS Population: (48/115). NGC Census: (51/133). Mintage 1,952,000. NGC ID# 23S2, PCGS# 5354

SEATED QUARTERS

9316 1840 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/20). NGC Census: (4/19). Mintage 188,127. NGC ID# 23SH, PCGS# 5397

9317 1845 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/30). NGC Census: (10/35). Mintage 922,000. NGC ID# 23SV, PCGS# 5408

9318 1847-O VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13/48). NGC Census: (4/28). Mintage 368,000. NGC ID# 23SY, PCGS# 5411

9319 1849 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/17). NGC Census: (5/16). Mintage 340,000. NGC ID# 23T2, PCGS# 5413

9320 1851 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/35). NGC Census: (1/24). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 160,000. NGC ID# 23T6, PCGS# 5417

9321 1852 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/42). NGC Census: (2/40). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 177,060. NGC ID# 23T8, PCGS# 5419

9322 1852 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/39). NGC Census: (3/37). Mintage 177,060. NGC ID# 23T8, PCGS# 5419

9323 1853 Arrows and Rays AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (120/399). NGC Census: (140/427). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 15,210,020. NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 5426

9324 1853 Arrows and Rays — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (7/419). PCGS Population: (4/396). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 15,210,020.

9325 1853/4 Arrows and Rays, Briggs 1-A, FS-1301, AU58 NGC. (FS-003). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 15,210,020. NGC ID# 23U4, PCGS# 395931 Base PCGS# 5427

9326 1854 Arrows MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (49/96). PCGS Population: (59/95). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 12,380,000. NGC ID# 23U6, PCGS# 5432

9327 1855-S Arrows XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (6/28). NGC Census: (0/20). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 396,400. NGC ID# 49XJ, PCGS# 5437

9328 1867 VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/74). NGC Census: (1/25). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 20,000. NGC ID# 23UD, PCGS# 5470

9329 1868-S AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/14). NGC Census: (1/15). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 96,000. NGC ID# 23UG, PCGS# 5473



9330 1876 MS64 NGC. Ex: Rev. Dr. James G. K. McClure. NGC Census: (73/70). PCGS Population: (128/76). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,817,150. NGC ID# 23V2, PCGS# 5501

9331 1877-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/57). NGC Census: (93/55). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,192,000. NGC ID# 23V6, PCGS# 5505

9332 1877-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (99/50). NGC Census: (91/42). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,996,000. NGC ID# 23V7, PCGS# 5506

9333 1880 MS62 Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (5/102). PCGS Population: (21/163). Mintage 13,600. NGC ID# 23VC, PCGS# 5512

9334 1883 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/65). NGC Census: (9/58). Mintage 14,400. NGC ID# 23VF, PCGS# 5515

9335 1887 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (0/88). PCGS Population: (0/109). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 10,000.

9336 1891 MS64 NGC. Ex: Highland Collection. NGC Census: (144/114). PCGS Population: (172/100). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,920,600. NGC ID# 23VR, PCGS# 5524

PROOF SEATED QUARTERS

9337 1859 PR64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (58/16). NGC Census: (39/41). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 800. NGC ID# 23WL, PCGS# 5555

9338 1860 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/109). NGC Census: (5/76). Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 23WM, PCGS# 5556

9339 1866 Motto PR62 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (5/25). NGC Census: (3/26). NGC ID# 23WX, PCGS# 85565

9340 1869 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (51/58). NGC Census: (40/78). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 29SH, PCGS# 5568

9341 1873 No Arrows PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (49/54). NGC Census: (34/81). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 600.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 23X6, PCGS# 5572

9342 1875 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/11). NGC Census: (13/8). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 23X7, PCGS# 85576

9343 1876 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (37/136). NGC Census: (26/135). Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 3TWJ, PCGS# 5577

9344 1876 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (57/79). NGC Census: (32/103). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,150. NGC ID# 3TWJ, PCGS# 5577

9345 1878 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/1). NGC Census: (7/16). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 23XA, PCGS# 85579

9346 1879 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/229). NGC Census: (23/223). Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 23XB, PCGS# 5580

9347 1879 PR64 NGC. NGC Census: (94/77). PCGS Population: (85/57). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 23XB, PCGS# 5580

9348 1879 PR64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (85/57). NGC Census: (94/77). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 23XB, PCGS# 5580

9349 1879 PR63 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/28). NGC Census: (8/24). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. NGC ID# 23XB, PCGS# 85580

9350 1880 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (64/189). NGC Census: (58/193). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,355. NGC ID# 23XC, PCGS# 5581

9351 1881 PR62 NGC. NGC Census: (18/200). PCGS Population: (57/213). Mintage 975. NGC ID# 23XD, PCGS# 5582

9352 1884 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/31). NGC Census: (5/30). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# AEZK, PCGS# 85585

9353 1885 PR62 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/59). NGC Census: (3/45). NGC ID# 23XH, PCGS# 85586

9354 1888 PR64 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/17). NGC Census: (7/29). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 23XL, PCGS# 85589

9355 1889 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/124). NGC Census: (15/114). Mintage 711. NGC ID# 44CX, PCGS# 5590

9356 1891 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/97). NGC Census: (26/126). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 23XP, PCGS# 5592

9357 1891 PR62 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (6/67). NGC Census: (1/51). NGC ID# 597E, PCGS# 85592

BARBER QUARTERS

9358 1892 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (139/148). NGC Census: (158/105). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,237,245. NGC ID# 23XT, PCGS# 5601



9359 1892 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/31). NGC Census: (81/24). Mintage 8,237,245. NGC ID# 23XT, PCGS# 5601

9360 1893-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/16). NGC Census: (17/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,396,000. NGC ID# 23XX, PCGS# 5605

9361 1893-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/16). NGC Census: (17/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,396,000. NGC ID# 23XX, PCGS# 5605

9362 1894-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/20). NGC Census: (34/14). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,852,000. NGC ID# 23Y2, PCGS# 5608

9363 1894-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/6). NGC Census: (10/3). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,648,821. NGC ID# 23Y3, PCGS# 5609

9364 1895-O MS63 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (23/60 and 0/2+). NGC Census: (12/35 and 0/0+). CDN: \$715 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,816,000. NGC ID# 23Y5, PCGS# 5611

9365 1896-O — Questionable Color — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (2/51). PCGS Population: (0/39). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,484,000. NGC ID# 23Y8, PCGS# 5614

9366 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/16). NGC Census: (17/8). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,624,846. NGC ID# 43VN, PCGS# 5622

9367 1899-O AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/95). NGC Census: (12/62). CDN: \$160 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,644,000. NGC ID# 23YH, PCGS# 5623

9368 1901 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/2). NGC Census: (4/0). Mintage 8,892,813. NGC ID# 23YN, PCGS# 5628

9369 1903-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (4/35). PCGS Population: (2/83). Mintage 3,500,000. NGC ID# 23YW, PCGS# 5635

9370 1903-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/19). NGC Census: (8/7). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,500,000. NGC ID# 23YW, PCGS# 5635

9371 1905-O MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/44). NGC Census: (12/19). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,230,000. NGC ID# 23Z3, PCGS# 5640

9372 1907-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/14). NGC Census: (28/9). CDN: \$865 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,484,000. NGC ID# 23Z9, PCGS# 5646

9373 1907-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/16). NGC Census: (16/9). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,560,000. NGC ID# 23ZA, PCGS# 5647

9374 1909-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (39/21). NGC Census: (16/5). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,114,000. NGC ID# 43NY, PCGS# 5654

9375 1909-O VF30 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (12/87). NGC Census: (0/48). Mintage 712,000. NGC ID# 23ZJ, PCGS# 5655

9376 1909-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/74). NGC Census: (13/49). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,348,000. NGC ID# 23ZK, PCGS# 5656

9377 1909-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/16). NGC Census: (9/16). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,348,000. NGC ID# 23ZK, PCGS# 5656

9378 1911 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (49/18). NGC Census: (20/8). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,720,543. NGC ID# 23ZN, PCGS# 5659

9379 1913-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (38/45). NGC Census: (36/27). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,450,800. NGC ID# 23ZV, PCGS# 5665

9380 1914-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (2/57). PCGS Population: (5/95). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 264,000.

9381 1914-S — Polished — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (0/49). PCGS Population: (2/62). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 264,000.

9382 1915 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (87/23). NGC Census: (58/11). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,480,450. NGC ID# 2422, PCGS# 5670

9383 1915-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (37/26). PCGS Population: (35/47). CDN: \$495 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 2424, PCGS# 5672

9384 1916-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (403/231). PCGS Population: (511/526). CDN: \$360 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,540,800. NGC ID# 2426, PCGS# 5674

9385 1916-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (348/178). NGC Census: (166/65). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,540,800. NGC ID# 2426, PCGS# 5674



9386 1916-D MS66 PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (162/16 and 21/0+). NGC Census: (52/13 and 4/2+). Mintage 6,540,800. NGC ID# 2426, PCGS# 5674

PROOF BARBER QUARTERS

9387 1893 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (47/153). NGC Census: (16/183). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 792. NGC ID# 2428, PCGS# 5679

9388 1893 PR65 NGC. NGC Census: (43/77). PCGS Population: (46/53). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. Mintage 792. NGC ID# 2428, PCGS# 5679

9389 1894 PR68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (3/0). Mintage 972. NGC ID# 2429, PCGS# 5680

9390 1897 PR65 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (7/27). PCGS Population: (8/27). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 242C, PCGS# 85683

9391 1899 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (46/111). NGC Census: (15/120). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 846. NGC ID# 242E, PCGS# 5685

9392 1900 PR63 NGC. NGC Census: (30/162). PCGS Population: (64/127). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 912. NGC ID# 43VN, PCGS# 5686

9393 1901 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (53/108). NGC Census: (23/156). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 813. NGC ID# 242G, PCGS# 5687

9394 1902 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (57/140). NGC Census: (43/146). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 777. NGC ID# 242H, PCGS# 5688

9395 1904 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (54/150). NGC Census: (30/183). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 670. NGC ID# 242K, PCGS# 5690

9396 1904 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/13). NGC Census: (34/35). Mintage 670. NGC ID# 242K, PCGS# 5690

9397 1905 PR64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (70/100). NGC Census: (64/115). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 727. NGC ID# 242L, PCGS# 5691

9398 1906 PR66 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 242M, PCGS# 85692

9399 1911 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/123). NGC Census: (14/143). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 543. NGC ID# 242T, PCGS# 5697

9400 1913 PR64 NGC. NGC Census: (53/97). PCGS Population: (46/70). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 613. NGC ID# 242V, PCGS# 5699

9401 1915 PR64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (62/43). NGC Census: (38/66). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 450. NGC ID# 242X, PCGS# 5701

STANDING LIBERTY QUARTERS

9402 1917 Type One MS65 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (1122/571). NGC Census: (737/396). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9403 1917 Type One MS65 Full Head NGC. NGC Census: (738/396). PCGS Population: (1122/572). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9404 1917 Type One MS65+ Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (1120/570 and 13/38+). NGC Census: (737/397 and 8/9+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9405 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (490/81). NGC Census: (334/62). Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9406 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (490/81). NGC Census: (334/62). Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9407 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (490/81). NGC Census: (334/62). Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9408 1917 Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (490/81). NGC Census: (335/62). Mintage 8,740,000. NGC ID# 242Z, PCGS# 5707

9409 1917-D Type One MS64 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (531/480). NGC Census: (344/278). Mintage 1,509,200. NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709

9410 1917-D Type One MS64 Full Head NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (344/278). PCGS Population: (531/480). Mintage 1,509,200. NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709



- 9411 1917-D Type One MS66 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (165/23). NGC Census: (70/18). Mintage 1,509,200. NGC ID# 2432, PCGS# 5709
- 9412 1917-S Type One MS62 Full Head NGC.** NGC Census: (115/453). PCGS Population: (98/739). Mintage 1,952,000. NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711
- 9413 1917-S Type One MS64 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (275/269). NGC Census: (180/172). Mintage 1,952,000. NGC ID# 2433, PCGS# 5711
- 9414 1917 Type Two MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/2). NGC Census: (25/4). Mintage 13,880,000. NGC ID# 2434, PCGS# 5714
- 9415 1917 Type Two MS65 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (214/109). NGC Census: (135/65). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,880,000. NGC ID# 2434, PCGS# 5715
- 9416 1917 Type Two MS65 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (214/109). NGC Census: (135/65). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 13,880,000. NGC ID# 2434, PCGS# 5715
- 9417 1917 Type Two MS66 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (94/11). NGC Census: (52/13). Mintage 13,880,000. NGC ID# 2434, PCGS# 5715
- 9418 1917-D Type Two MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (51/24). NGC Census: (41/18). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,224,400. NGC ID# 3TWS, PCGS# 5716
- 9419 1918-D MS63 Full Head NGC.** NGC Census: (40/101). PCGS Population: (69/218). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 7,380,000. NGC ID# 3TWU, PCGS# 5723

- 9420 1918-S MS63 Full Head NGC.** NGC Census: (29/75). PCGS Population: (53/152). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 11,072,000. NGC ID# 2439, PCGS# 5725
- 9421 1919 MS64 Full Head NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (106/117). PCGS Population: (165/210). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,324,000. NGC ID# 243B, PCGS# 5729
- 9422 1919-D AU50 ANACS.** NGC Census: (11/221). PCGS Population: (20/437). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,944,000. NGC ID# 243C, PCGS# 5730
- 9423 1919-D AU55 PCGS Secure.** PCGS Population: (67/347 and 0/2+). NGC Census: (24/183 and 0/0+). Mintage 1,944,000. NGC ID# 243C, PCGS# 5730
- 9424 1920 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (78/21 and 11/4+). NGC Census: (66/17 and 7/0+). Mintage 27,860,000. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5734
- 9425 1920 MS65 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (117/43). NGC Census: (56/18). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,860,000. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5735
- 9426 1920 MS65 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (117/43). NGC Census: (56/18). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,860,000. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5735
- 9427 1920 MS65 Full Head PCGS Secure. CAC.** PCGS Population: (117/43 and 1/5+). NGC Census: (56/18 and 0/0+). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,860,000. NGC ID# 243E, PCGS# 5735
- 9428 1921 VF30 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (106/1004). NGC Census: (44/569). Mintage 1,916,000. NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5740
- 9429 1921 XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (80/849). NGC Census: (33/511). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,916,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 243H, PCGS# 5740
- 9430 1924-D MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (133/9). NGC Census: (264/40). Mintage 3,112,000. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748
- 9431 1924-D MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (132/9). NGC Census: (264/40). Mintage 3,112,000. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748
- 9432 1924-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (133/9). NGC Census: (264/40). Mintage 3,112,000. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748

- 9433 1924-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (133/9). NGC Census: (264/40). Mintage 3,112,000. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748
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- 9434 1924-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (133/9 and 5/1+). NGC Census: (264/40 and 10/1+). Mintage 3,112,000. NGC ID# 243M, PCGS# 5748
- 9435 1926 MS65 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (103/43). NGC Census: (42/29). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,316,000. NGC ID# 243R, PCGS# 5755
- 9436 1926-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (22/1). Mintage 1,716,000. *From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters.* NGC ID# 243S, PCGS# 5756
- 9437 1926-D MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (22/1). Mintage 1,716,000. NGC ID# 243S, PCGS# 5756
- 9438 1926-S MS64 NGC.** NGC Census: (81/38). PCGS Population: (111/90). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,700,000. NGC ID# 4462, PCGS# 5758
- 9439 1927 MS65 Full Head PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (135/65). NGC Census: (70/35). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,912,000. NGC ID# 243U, PCGS# 5761
- 9440 1927 MS66 Full Head PCGS.** PCGS Population: (59/7). NGC Census: (33/2). Mintage 11,912,000. NGC ID# 243U, PCGS# 5761
- 9441 1927-D MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (36/1). NGC Census: (36/4). Mintage 976,000. NGC ID# 243V, PCGS# 5762

9442 1927-D MS64 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (152/108). NGC Census: (92/59). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 976,000. NGC ID# 243V, PCGS# 5763

9443 1927-D MS64+ Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (149/108 and 4/7+). NGC Census: (93/58 and 1/1+). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 976,000. NGC ID# 243V, PCGS# 5763

9444 1928-S MS65 Full Head NGC. NGC Census: (109/151). PCGS Population: (131/134). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,644,000. NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

9445 1928-S MS66 Full Head NGC. NGC Census: (112/40). PCGS Population: (114/20). Mintage 2,644,000. NGC ID# 243Z, PCGS# 5771

9446 1929 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/3). NGC Census: (14/4). Mintage 11,140,000. NGC ID# 2442, PCGS# 5772

9447 1929 MS65 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (329/128). NGC Census: (149/69). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 11,140,000. NGC ID# 2442, PCGS# 5773

9448 1929 MS66+ Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (122/6 and 8/3+). NGC Census: (58/11 and 2/0+). Mintage 11,140,000. NGC ID# 2442, PCGS# 5773

9449 1929-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (147/17). NGC Census: (87/27). Mintage 1,764,000. NGC ID# 2444, PCGS# 5777

9450 1929-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (145/17). NGC Census: (87/27). Mintage 1,764,000. NGC ID# 2444, PCGS# 5777

9451 1930 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (353/45). NGC Census: (163/32). Mintage 5,632,000. NGC ID# 2445, PCGS# 5779

9452 1930 MS66 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (353/45). NGC Census: (163/32). Mintage 5,632,000. NGC ID# 2445, PCGS# 5779

9453 1930-S MS65 Full Head PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (179/133). NGC Census: (130/119). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,556,000. NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

9454 1930-S MS66 Full Head PCGS. PCGS Population: (105/28). NGC Census: (83/35). Mintage 1,556,000.
From The James Swan Collection of Standing Liberty Quarters. NGC ID# 2446, PCGS# 5781

WASHINGTON QUARTERS

9455 1932 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (229/7 and 32/0+). NGC Census: (103/4 and 1/0+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,404,000. NGC ID# 2447, PCGS# 5790

9456 1932 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (231/7 and 33/0+). NGC Census: (102/4 and 1/0+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,404,000. NGC ID# 2447, PCGS# 5790

9457 1932-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (720/744). NGC Census: (248/269). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 436,800. NGC ID# 2448, PCGS# 5791

9458 1932-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1061/1318). NGC Census: (488/668). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9459 1932-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1158/150). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9460 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1158/150). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9461 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1158/150). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9462 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1162/152). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9463 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1162/152). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9464 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1162/152). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9465 1932-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1163/152). NGC Census: (591/77). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 408,000. NGC ID# 2449, PCGS# 5792

9466 1934 Doubled Die Obverse MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/53). NGC Census: (13/30). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 31,912,052. NGC ID# 244A, PCGS# 5795



9467 1935 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (123/1). NGC Census: (121/1). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 32,484,000. NGC ID# 244D, PCGS# 5797

9468 1935-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/0). NGC Census: (14/0). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,780,000. NGC ID# 244E, PCGS# 5798

9469 1935-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (63/0). NGC Census: (35/0). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,660,000. NGC ID# 244F, PCGS# 5799

9470 1936-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (710/483). NGC Census: (322/218). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,374,000. NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

9471 1936-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (711/486). NGC Census: (325/219). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,374,000. NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

9472 1936-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (328/156). NGC Census: (146/72). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,374,000. NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

9473 1936-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (330/156). NGC Census: (146/72). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,374,000. NGC ID# 244H, PCGS# 5801

9474 1936-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (51/0). NGC Census: (10/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,828,000. NGC ID# 244J, PCGS# 5802

9475 1936-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (50/0). NGC Census: (10/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,828,000. NGC ID# 244J, PCGS# 5802

9476 1936-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (50/0). NGC Census: (10/0). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,828,000. NGC ID# 244J, PCGS# 5802

9477 1937-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (79/0). NGC Census: (23/0). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,189,600. NGC ID# 244L, PCGS# 5804

9478 1937-S MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (219/38). NGC Census: (157/26). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,652,000. NGC ID# 244M, PCGS# 5805

9479 1937-S MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (220/38 and 8/3+). NGC Census: (157/26 and 1/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,652,000. NGC ID# 244M, PCGS# 5805

9480 1937-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (38/0). NGC Census: (26/0). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 1,652,000. NGC ID# 244M, PCGS# 5805

9481 1938 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (65/0). NGC Census: (56/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,480,045. NGC ID# 244N, PCGS# 5806

9482 1938 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (64/0). NGC Census: (56/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,480,045. NGC ID# 244N, PCGS# 5806

9483 1938-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/0). NGC Census: (46/1). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,832,000. NGC ID# 244P, PCGS# 5807

9484 1939-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (64/0). NGC Census: (41/0). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,628,000. NGC ID# 244T, PCGS# 5810

9485 1940 MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (118/2 and 38/0+). NGC Census: (175/0 and 4/0+). CDN: \$240 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 35,715,248. NGC ID# 244U, PCGS# 5811

9486 1940 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (118/2 and 38/0+). NGC Census: (175/0 and 4/0+). CDN: \$240 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 35,715,248. NGC ID# 244U, PCGS# 5811

9487 1940-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (49/0). NGC Census: (43/1). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,797,600. NGC ID# 244V, PCGS# 5812

9488 1941-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/1). NGC Census: (102/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 16,714,800. NGC ID# 244Y, PCGS# 5815

9489 1941-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/1). NGC Census: (102/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 16,714,800. NGC ID# 244Y, PCGS# 5815



9490 1943-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (60/1). NGC Census: (150/1). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 21,700,000. NGC ID# 2457, PCGS# 5822

9491 1943-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (61/1). NGC Census: (150/1). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 21,700,000. NGC ID# 2457, PCGS# 5822

9492 1943-S Goiter, FS-401, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/4). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 511572 Base PCGS# 5822

9493 1944-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (107/2 and 19/0+). NGC Census: (443/5 and 0/0+). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 14,600,800. NGC ID# 2459, PCGS# 5825

9494 1945-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (44/0). NGC Census: (127/1). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,341,600. NGC ID# 245C, PCGS# 5828

9495 1945-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (46/0). NGC Census: (127/1). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,341,600. NGC ID# 245C, PCGS# 5828

9496 1945-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (44/0). NGC Census: (127/1). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,341,600. NGC ID# 245C, PCGS# 5828

9497 1947-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (209/3 and 30/0+). NGC Census: (636/3 and 3/0+). CDN: \$250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,532,000. NGC ID# 245K, PCGS# 5835

9498 1948 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (102/2 and 16/0+). NGC Census: (287/1 and 3/0+). CDN: \$200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 35,196,000. NGC ID# 245L, PCGS# 5836

9499 1950-D/S FS-601 MS64 PCGS. CAC. (FS-021). PCGS Population: (7/3). NGC Census: (13/7). Mintage 21,075,600. NGC ID# 245T, PCGS# 145638 Base PCGS# 5843

9500 1952-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (198/5 and 31/0+). NGC Census: (363/8 and 7/0+). Mintage 13,707,800. NGC ID# 3TEV, PCGS# 5851

9501 1953-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (31/0). NGC Census: (53/0). Mintage 56,112,400. NGC ID# 2465, PCGS# 5853

9502 1955-D MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (254/3 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (475/31 and 6/0+). Mintage 3,182,400. NGC ID# 246A, PCGS# 5859

9503 1958-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (155/2 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (263/1 and 2/0+). Mintage 78,124,896. NGC ID# 246G, PCGS# 5865

9504 1958-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (155/2 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (263/1 and 2/0+). Mintage 78,124,896. NGC ID# 246G, PCGS# 5865

9505 1961 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (35/0). PCGS Population: (9/0). Mintage 37,000,000. NGC ID# 246M, PCGS# 5870

9506 1964 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (48/1). Mintage 560,300,032. NGC ID# 246U, PCGS# 5876

- 9507 1964 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (48/1). Mintage 560,300,032. NGC ID# 246U, PCGS# 5876
- 9508 1964-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (56/0). NGC Census: (70/0). Mintage 704,135,552. NGC ID# 246V, PCGS# 5877
- 9509 1965 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (79/1). Mintage 1,819,717,504. NGC ID# 246W, PCGS# 5878
- 9510 1979-D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (28/0). Mintage 489,789,792. NGC ID# 247N, PCGS# 5907
- 9511 1982-P MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (27/1). NGC Census: (14/2). Mintage 500,931,008. NGC ID# 247U, PCGS# 5912
- 9512 1983-P MS67 NGC.** NGC Census: (8/0). PCGS Population: (11/0). Mintage 673,534,976.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 247W, PCGS# 5914
- 9513 1984-P MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (27/1). Mintage 676,545,024. NGC ID# 247Y, PCGS# 5916
- 9514 1987-P MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (14/0). NGC Census: (14/0). Mintage 582,499,456. NGC ID# 2486, PCGS# 5922

SMS WASHINGTON QUARTER



- 9515 1966 SMS MS68 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (10/0). NGC Census: (23/0). NGC ID# 27JA, PCGS# 85998

PROOF WASHINGTON QUARTERS

- 9516 1937 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (127/3). NGC Census: (97/13). Mintage 5,542. NGC ID# 27HP, PCGS# 5976
- 9517 1937 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (127/3). NGC Census: (97/13). Mintage 5,542. NGC ID# 27HP, PCGS# 5976
- 9518 1938 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (107/3). NGC Census: (94/9). Mintage 8,045. NGC ID# 27HR, PCGS# 5977
- 9519 1938 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (107/3). NGC Census: (94/9). Mintage 8,045. NGC ID# 27HR, PCGS# 5977
- 9520 1940 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (220/3 and 33/0+). NGC Census: (217/28 and 1/0+). Mintage 11,246. NGC ID# 27HT, PCGS# 5979
- 9521 1941 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (170/6 and 20/0+). NGC Census: (242/25 and 4/0+). Mintage 15,287. NGC ID# 27HU, PCGS# 5980
- 9522 1950 PR68 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (78/3). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27HW, PCGS# 5982
- 9523 1950 PR68 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (18/0). NGC Census: (77/3). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27HW, PCGS# 5982
- 9524 1950 PR67 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (23/8). NGC Census: (51/12). NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 85982
- 9525 1954 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (23/0). NGC Census: (17/6). NGC ID# 27HY, PCGS# 95986
- 9526 1955 PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (31/13). PCGS Population: (24/0). NGC ID# 27HZ, PCGS# 95987
- 9527 1957 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (28/5). NGC Census: (28/10). NGC ID# 4C6M, PCGS# 95989
- 9528 1960 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (41/0). NGC Census: (24/0). NGC ID# 2492, PCGS# 95992
- 9529 1962 PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/1). NGC Census: (50/0). NGC ID# 27J5, PCGS# 95994

STATEHOOD QUARTERS

- 9530 1999-P Pennsylvania MS69 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249F, PCGS# 5946
- 9531 1999-P Connecticut MS68 Prooflike NGC.** NGC Census: (26/2). PCGS Population: (21/1).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249M, PCGS# 5952

- 9532 2000-P Massachuse MS69 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249P, PCGS# 5954
- 9533 2000-P South Carolina MS69 Prooflike NGC.** NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (1/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249U, PCGS# 5958
- 9534 2000-D Virginia MS68 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (14/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 249Z, PCGS# 5965
- 9535 2001-P New York MS69 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/0). NGC Census: (1/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24A2, PCGS# 5966
- 9536 2001-P North Carolina MS69 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (7/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 27PF, PCGS# 5968
- 9537 2001-P Kentucky MS69 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (7/0). NGC Census: (0/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 273D, PCGS# 14002



- 9538 2002-D Ohio MS69 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24AF, PCGS# 14007
- 9539 2002-D Indiana MS69 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 27KE, PCGS# 14011
- 9540 2003-D Illinois MS68 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (6/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24AN, PCGS# 14015
- 9541 2003-P Maine MS68 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (21/0). NGC Census: (4/0).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24AS, PCGS# 14018

- 9542** 2003-D Maine MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC Census: (12/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 5FSN, PCGS# 14019
- 9543** 2003-P Missouri MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (4/0). PCGS Population: (5/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24AU, PCGS# 14020
- 9544** 2004-P Texas MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24B4, PCGS# 14028
- 9545** 2004-P Wisconsin MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/0). NGC Census: (1/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24B8, PCGS# 14032
- 9546** 2004-P Wisconsin MS68 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (11/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24B8, PCGS# 14032
- 9547** Three-Piece 2004-D Wisconsin Variety Set MS67 NGC. The set includes the Extra Leaf High, FS-5901; Extra Leaf Low, FS-5902; and the regular Wisconsin quarter. All three coins are identically graded MS67 by NGC, and are housed in a single large format NGC holder. Included with the lot is a laminated card, 19 of 100, signed by Bob Ford. The card states "the accompanying three-piece set of 2004-D Wisconsin Extra Leaf quarters is among the group initially found by the discoverer, Bob Ford, in Tucson, AZ, on December 11, 2004." *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 3 coins)
- 9548** 2006-P Nebraska MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (1/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 27KW, PCGS# 39022
- 9549** 2006-D North Dakota MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (3/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24BU, PCGS# 39027
- 9550** 2007-P Wyoming MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24C5, PCGS# 39036
- 9551** 2008-D New Mexico MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/0). NGC Census: (4/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 4D5W, PCGS# 39043
- 9552** 2008-D Arizona MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/0). NGC Census: (4/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 4D72, PCGS# 39045
- 9553** 2008-D Alaska MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (2/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24CH, PCGS# 39047

- 9554** 2008-D Alaska Satin Finish MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/0). NGC Census: (2/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 27LP, PCGS# 394894
- 9555** 2009-P Northern Mariana Islands MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24CW, PCGS# 406617
- 9556** 2009-D Northern Mariana Islands MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24CX, PCGS# 406619

PROOF STATEHOOD QUARTERS

- 9557** 1999-S Silver State Quarter Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders. The set includes the Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania issues. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 5 coins) NGC ID# 27M8, PCGS# 96043
- 9558** 1999-S Silver State Quarter Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders. The set includes the Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania issues. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 5 coins)

EARLY HALF DOLLARS

- 9559** 1795 2 Leaves AG3 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/1698). NGC Census: (0/726). Mintage 299,680. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 6052 Base PCGS# 6052
- 9560** 1795 2 Leaves AG3 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/1694). NGC Census: (0/727). Mintage 299,680. NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 6052 Base PCGS# 6052
- 9561** 1795 2 Leaves — Damaged — NGC Details. Good. NGC Census: (29/698). PCGS Population: (59/1635). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 299,680.
- 9562** 1795 2 Leaves, O-110, T-21, R.3, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/19). PCGS Population: (0/17). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8.
- 9563** 1795 2 Leaves, O-110, T-21, R.3, VG10 NGC. NGC Census: (4/15). PCGS Population: (2/15). NGC ID# 24E7, PCGS# 39228 Base PCGS# 6052
- 9564** 1795 2 Leaves, O-116, T-11, R.4, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VG. NGC Census: (3/15). PCGS Population: (2/11). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8.
- 9565** 1795 2 Leaves, O-116, T-11, R.4, — Damaged — ANACS. VG8 Details. NGC Census: (3/15). PCGS Population: (2/11). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8.

- 9566** 1803 Large 3, VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (83/221). NGC Census: (26/143). Mintage 188,234. NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 6066 Base PCGS# 6066
- 9567** 1803 Large 3, VF30 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (83/221). NGC Census: (26/142). Mintage 188,234. NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 6066 Base PCGS# 6066
- 9568** 1803 Large 3, Small Reverse Stars, O-101, T-1, R.3, VF25 NGC. NGC Census: (5/19). PCGS Population: (4/9). NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 39270 Base PCGS# 6066
- 9569** 1803 Large 3, Large Reverse Stars, O-103, T-3, R.3, VF30 NGC. NGC Census: (7/43). PCGS Population: (7/10). NGC ID# 24EF, PCGS# 39273 Base PCGS# 6066
- 9570** 1803 Small 3, Large Reverse Stars, O-104, T-4, R.3, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (1/36). PCGS Population: (3/14). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 9571** 1805/4 O-102, T-5, R.3, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (4/14). PCGS Population: (0/7). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 9572** 1805 VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (80/238). NGC Census: (25/148). Mintage 211,722. NGC ID# 24EG, PCGS# 6069 Base PCGS# 6069
- 9573** 1806/5 VF30 ANACS. NGC Census: (12/55). PCGS Population: (30/91). Mintage 839,576. NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 6077 Base PCGS# 6077
- 9574** 1806/5 O-103, T-8, R.2, VF25 NGC. NGC Census: (6/27). PCGS Population: (6/17). NGC ID# 24EK, PCGS# 39299 Base PCGS# 6077



- 9575** 1806 Knob 6, Large Stars, VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/19). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 6074 Base PCGS# 6074

- 9576 1806 Knob 6, Small Stars, VF35 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (16/35). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 6075 Base PCGS# 6075
- 9577 1806 Pointed 6, No Stem, VF20 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/332). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. NGC ID# 24EJ, PCGS# 6073 Base PCGS# 6073
- 9578 1806 Pointed 6, Stem, O-118a, T-24, R.3, — Obverse Graffiti — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (1/3). PCGS Population: (0/1). CDN: \$4,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50.
- 9579 1807 Draped Bust VF20 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/953). NGC Census: (45/586). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 301,076. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 6079 Base PCGS# 6079
- 9580 1807 Draped Bust VF25 NGC.** NGC Census: (48/536). PCGS Population: (142/816). Mintage 301,076. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 6079 Base PCGS# 6079
- 9581 1807 Draped Bust, O-105, T-4, R.1, VF30 NGC.** NGC Census: (11/24). PCGS Population: (2/15). NGC ID# 24EM, PCGS# 39343 Base PCGS# 6079

BUST HALF DOLLARS

- 9582 1807 Large Stars, 50/20 VF35 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (58/274). NGC Census: (17/174). Mintage 750,500. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 6086 Base PCGS# 6086
- 9583 1807 Large Stars, 50/20 VF35 NGC.** NGC Census: (17/174). PCGS Population: (58/274). Mintage 750,500. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 6086 Base PCGS# 6086
- 9584 1807 Large Stars, 50/20 XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (63/211). NGC Census: (32/142). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 750,500. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 6086 Base PCGS# 6086
- 9585 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, VF30 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6/32). NGC Census: (11/93). NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086
- 9586 1807 Capped Bust, Large Stars, 50 Over 20, O-112, R.1, XF40 NGC.** NGC Census: (17/71). PCGS Population: (3/24). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39356 Base PCGS# 6086
- 9587 1807 Capped Bust, Small Stars, O-113, R.2, VF30 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2/8). NGC Census: (2/7). NGC ID# 24EN, PCGS# 39359 Base PCGS# 6087

- 9588 1808/7 XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (35/101). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 6091 Base PCGS# 6091
- 9589 1808/7 AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (17/84). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 6091 Base PCGS# 6091
- 9590 1808/7 O-101, R.1, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (28/79). PCGS Population: (3/22). NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39378 Base PCGS# 6091
- 9591 1808 O-102a, R.2, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (2/10). PCGS Population: (0/8). Mintage 1,368,600. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39363 Base PCGS# 6090
- 9592 1808 O-104, R.2, AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/4). NGC Census: (1/8). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 24EP, PCGS# 39365 Base PCGS# 6090
- 9593 1809 AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (69/238). NGC Census: (20/191). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 6092 Base PCGS# 6092
- 9594 1809 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (79/104). NGC Census: (39/133). NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 6092 Base PCGS# 6092
- 9595 1809 AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (63/70). PCGS Population: (64/38). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 6092 Base PCGS# 6092
- 9596 1809 Normal Edge, O-102a, R.1, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (7/11). PCGS Population: (5/9). NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39391 Base PCGS# 6092
- 9597 1809 Normal Edge, O-105, R.2, XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/9). NGC Census: (4/7). NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39394 Base PCGS# 6092
- 9598 1809 III Edge, O-109a, R.2, AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/9). NGC Census: (2/11). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,405,810. NGC ID# 24ES, PCGS# 39387 Base PCGS# 6094
- 9599 1810 O-101, R.1, AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (66/225). NGC Census: (38/160). Mintage 1,276,276. Ex: Queller Family Collection (Stack's, 10/2002), lot 96. NGC ID# 24ET, PCGS# 39404 Base PCGS# 6095
- 9600 1811/10 O-101, R.1, Counterstamped in 1836 "Houck's Panacea Baltimore" HT-141, VF35 NGC.** NGC Census: (3/37). PCGS Population: (3/24). Mintage 1,203,644. NGC ID# 24EV, PCGS# 39421 Base PCGS# 6099

- 9601 1811/10 O-101, R.1, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (11/21). PCGS Population: (1/17). Mintage 1,203,644. NGC ID# 24EV, PCGS# 39421 Base PCGS# 6099
- 9602 1811 Large 8, O-103, R.3, XF45 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/8). NGC Census: (2/7). Mintage 1,203,644. NGC ID# 357T, PCGS# 39423 Base PCGS# 6096
- 9603 1811 Large 8, O-103a, R.3, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (2/9). PCGS Population: (1/6). Mintage 1,203,644. NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39424 Base PCGS# 6096
- 9604 1811 Small 8, O-110, R.1, AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/1). PCGS Population: (0/3). NGC ID# 24EU, PCGS# 39434 Base PCGS# 6097
- 9605 1812/1 Small 8, O-102a, R.2, AU50 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/9). PCGS Population: (0/8). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,628,059. NGC ID# 24EY, PCGS# 39444 Base PCGS# 6101
- 9606 1812 Large 8 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (125/286). NGC Census: (59/308). Mintage 1,628,059. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 6100
- 9607 1812 Large 8, O-104, R.1, AU50 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/10). PCGS Population: (2/9). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39447 Base PCGS# 6100
- 9608 1812 Large 8, O-104a, R.1, AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (5/6). PCGS Population: (3/2). NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39448 Base PCGS# 6100



- 9609 1812 Large 8, O-104a, R.1, AU58 ANACS.** NGC Census: (3/3). PCGS Population: (0/2). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39448 Base PCGS# 6100

9610 1812 Large 8, O-107, R.1, AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/8). NGC Census: (1/6). Mintage 1,628,059. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39452 Base PCGS# 6100

9611 1812 Large 8, O-109a, R.2, AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/3). NGC Census: (1/5). Mintage 1,628,059. NGC ID# 24EW, PCGS# 39456 Base PCGS# 6100

9612 1813 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (90/146). NGC Census: (46/149). Mintage 1,241,903. NGC ID# 24EZ, PCGS# 6103 Base PCGS# 6103

9613 1813 O-105, R.1, AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/1). NGC Census: (2/3). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,241,903. NGC ID# 24EZ, PCGS# 39463 Base PCGS# 6103

9614 1814/3 O-101a XF45 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 24F4, PCGS# 39488 Base PCGS# 6106

9615 1814 Single Leaf, O-105a, R.4, VF35 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (3/22 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (1/10 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 39481 Base PCGS# 6105

9616 1814 E Over A in STATES, O-108, R.2, VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/5). NGC Census: (2/8). PCGS# 39489 Base PCGS# 6107

9617 1814 E Over A in STATES VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/61). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24F3, PCGS# 6107 Base PCGS# 6107

9618 1815/2 O-101, R.2, — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (1/20). PCGS Population: (0/14). CDN: \$75 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 47,150.

9619 1817/3 O-101, R.3, VF25 NGC. NGC Census: (2/13). PCGS Population: (0/4). Mintage 1,215,567. NGC ID# 24F7, PCGS# 39511 Base PCGS# 6111

9620 1817 — Obverse Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (0/64). PCGS Population: (1/67). CDN: \$3,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,215,567.

9621 1817 O-110a, R.2, AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/5). NGC Census: (1/8). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,215,567. NGC ID# 24F6, PCGS# 39503 Base PCGS# 6109

9622 1818/7 Large 8, O-101, R.1, XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/12). NGC Census: (4/25). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. NGC ID# 24FA, PCGS# 39540 Base PCGS# 6115

9623 1818 O-106a, R.3, AU55 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1/4). PCGS Population: (1/1). Mintage 1,960,322. NGC ID# 24F9, PCGS# 39522 Base PCGS# 6113

9624 1818 O-109a, R.1, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (4/3). PCGS Population: (1/1). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,960,322. NGC ID# 24F9, PCGS# 39526 Base PCGS# 6113

9625 1819/8 Large 9 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/49). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24FC, PCGS# 6119 Base PCGS# 6119

9626 1819/8 Large 9 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/49). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24FC, PCGS# 6119 Base PCGS# 6119

9627 1819 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (71/248). NGC Census: (18/169). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 2,208,000. NGC ID# 24FB, PCGS# 6117 Base PCGS# 6117

9628 1819 AU55 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (66/128). NGC Census: (37/104). Mintage 2,208,000. NGC ID# 24FB, PCGS# 6117 Base PCGS# 6117

9629 1820/19 Square Base 2, O-101, R.2, XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (1/20). PCGS Population: (6/12). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 751,122. NGC ID# 24FE, PCGS# 39572 Base PCGS# 6125

9630 1820/19 Curl Base 2, O-102, R.1, XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/25). NGC Census: (4/39). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. NGC ID# 24FE, PCGS# 39574 Base PCGS# 6126

9631 1820 Square Base 2, Large Date, No Knob, O-106, R.1, XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/13). NGC Census: (2/8). NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39569 Base PCGS# 6123

9632 1820 Square Base 2, Large Date, No Knob, O-108, R.2, AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (5/22). PCGS Population: (5/12). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. NGC ID# 24FD, PCGS# 39570 Base PCGS# 6123

9633 1821 AU55 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (117/190 and 0/4+). NGC Census: (56/157 and 0/5+). Mintage 1,305,797. NGC ID# 24FF, PCGS# 6128 Base PCGS# 6128



9634 1821 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/74). NGC Census: (16/67). Mintage 1,305,797. NGC ID# 24FF, PCGS# 6128 Base PCGS# 6128

9635 1821 O-107, R.3, MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (1/3). PCGS Population: (0/2). Mintage 1,305,797. NGC ID# 24FF, PCGS# 39586 Base PCGS# 6128

9636 1822/1 O-102, High R.4, XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/8). NGC Census: (1/4). NGC ID# 24FH, PCGS# 39605 Base PCGS# 6130

9637 1822 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (79/402). NGC Census: (33/278). Mintage 1,559,573. NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 6129 Base PCGS# 6129

9638 1822 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/281). NGC Census: (60/218). Mintage 1,559,573. NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 6129 Base PCGS# 6129

9639 1822 O-106, R.3, AU55 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (0/3). NGC Census: (1/9). Mintage 1,559,573. NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 39591 Base PCGS# 6129

9640 1822 O-108a, R.3, XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/4). NGC Census: (0/5). CDN: \$130 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,559,573. NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 39595 Base PCGS# 6129

9641 1822 O-109, R.2, AU50 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (3/7). NGC Census: (1/7). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,559,573. NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 39596 Base PCGS# 6129

9642 1822 O-113, R.3, AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (3/7). PCGS Population: (1/4). NGC ID# 24FG, PCGS# 39601 Base PCGS# 6129

9643 1823 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (133/669). NGC Census: (58/409). Mintage 1,694,200. NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 6131 Base PCGS# 6131

- 9644 1823 AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (93/464). NGC Census: (29/345). Mintage 1,694,200. NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 6131 Base PCGS# 6131
- 9645 1823 O-105, R.1, AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/11). NGC Census: (2/16). NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 39608 Base PCGS# 6131
- 9646 1823 O-112, R.1, AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/4). NGC Census: (3/12). NGC ID# 24FJ, PCGS# 39618 Base PCGS# 6131
- 9647 1824/1 AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (15/41). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 6139 Base PCGS# 6139
- 9648 1824 Over Various Dates, O-103, R.1, AU53 NGC.** NGC Census: (4/29). PCGS Population: (4/6). Mintage 3,504,954. NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 39646 Base PCGS# 6138
- 9649 1824 O-117, R.1, MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (6/0). PCGS Population: (1/1). Mintage 3,504,954. NGC ID# 24FK, PCGS# 39639 Base PCGS# 6137
- 9650 1825 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (213/454). NGC Census: (101/423). Mintage 2,900,000. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 6142 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9651 1825 AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (212/452). NGC Census: (102/425). Mintage 2,900,000. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 6142 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9652 1825 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (198/255). NGC Census: (151/274). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,900,000. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 6142 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9653 1825 O-106a, R.3, AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (3/1). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,900,000. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39653 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9654 1825 O-112, R.3, MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (1/2). PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39659 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9655 1825 O-114, R.1, AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (8/12). PCGS Population: (5/3). Mintage 2,900,000. NGC ID# 24FL, PCGS# 39661 Base PCGS# 6142
- 9656 1826 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (270/420). NGC Census: (245/417). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,000,000. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 6143 Base PCGS# 6143
- 9657 1826 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details.** PCGS Population: (23/396). NGC Census: (3/413). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 4,000,000. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 6143 Base PCGS# 6143

- 9658 1826 O-104a, R.3, AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (6/2). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,000,000. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39671 Base PCGS# 6143
- 9659 1826 O-114, High R.4, AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (1/3). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,000,000. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39685 Base PCGS# 6143



- 9660 1826 O-118a, R.1, MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (5/4). PCGS Population: (1/0). Mintage 4,000,000. NGC ID# 24FM, PCGS# 39692 Base PCGS# 6143
- 9661 1827/6 AU53 NGC.** NGC Census: (4/59). PCGS Population: (24/91). Mintage 5,493,400. NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 6147 Base PCGS# 6147
- 9662 1827/6 AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/91). NGC Census: (4/59). Mintage 5,493,400. NGC ID# 24FP, PCGS# 6147 Base PCGS# 6147
- 9663 1827 Square Base 2 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (322/671). NGC Census: (134/567). Mintage 5,493,400. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 6144 Base PCGS# 6144
- 9664 1827 Square Base 2, O-104, R.1, AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/7). NGC Census: (8/6). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39696 Base PCGS# 6144
- 9665 1827 Square Base 2, O-106, R.2, AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6/6). NGC Census: (4/21). NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39698 Base PCGS# 6144
- 9666 1827 Square Base 2, O-144, High R.5, VF25 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/6). NGC Census: (1/3). Mintage 5,493,400. NGC ID# 4846, PCGS# 39744 Base PCGS# 6144

- 9667 1827 Curl Base 2, O-146, R.2, AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6/8). NGC Census: (3/16). NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 39749 Base PCGS# 6145
- 9668 1827 Curl Base 2 AU58 PCGS Secure.** PCGS Population: (12/9 and 0/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24FN, PCGS# 6145 Base PCGS# 6145
- 9669 1828 Curl Base 2, No Knob, O-103, R.2, AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (4/7). PCGS Population: (4/1). Mintage 3,075,200. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 39756 Base PCGS# 6148
- 9670 1828 Square Base 2, Large 8s MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5/19). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 6150 Base PCGS# 6150
- 9671 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Large Letters, AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/1). PCGS Population: (92/105). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 6151 Base PCGS# 6151
- 9672 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Small Letters AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (12/18). NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 6152 Base PCGS# 6152
- 9673 1828 Square Base 2, Small 8s, Small Letters MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (1/8). NGC ID# 24FR, PCGS# 6152 Base PCGS# 6152
- 9674 1829/7 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (41/85). NGC Census: (16/71). Mintage 3,712,156. NGC ID# 24FT, PCGS# 6155 Base PCGS# 6155
- 9675 1829/7 O-101a, R.1, AU53 NGC.** NGC Census: (5/15). PCGS Population: (0/8). NGC ID# 24FT, PCGS# 39808 Base PCGS# 6155
- 9676 1829 AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (171/235). PCGS Population: (207/254). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,712,156. NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 6154 Base PCGS# 6154
- 9677 1829 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (82/116). PCGS Population: (87/146). Mintage 3,712,156. NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 6154 Base PCGS# 6154
- 9678 1829 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (81/115). PCGS Population: (87/140). Mintage 3,712,156. NGC ID# 24FS, PCGS# 6154 Base PCGS# 6154
- 9679 1830 Large 0, O-122, R.1, AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (11/9). PCGS Population: (1/4). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24FU, PCGS# 39833 Base PCGS# 6157
- 9680 1831 MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (64/349). PCGS Population: (47/440). Mintage 5,873,660. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 6159 Base PCGS# 6159

9681 1831 O-104, R.1, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (10/4). PCGS Population: (1/2). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,873,660. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39840 Base PCGS# 6159

9682 1831 O-118, R.3, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/2). NGC Census: (1/1). Mintage 5,873,660. NGC ID# 24FV, PCGS# 39855 Base PCGS# 6159



9683 1832 Small Letters MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (122/226). NGC Census: (140/187). Mintage 4,797,000. NGC ID# 24FW, PCGS# 6160 Base PCGS# 6160

9684 1832 Small Letters MS62 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (140/187). PCGS Population: (122/226). Mintage 4,797,000. NGC ID# 24FW, PCGS# 6160 Base PCGS# 6160

9685 1833 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (254/312). PCGS Population: (271/345). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,206,000. NGC ID# 24FX, PCGS# 6163 Base PCGS# 6163

9686 1834 Large Date, Large Letters, AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (142/275). NGC Census: (369/599). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 6,412,004. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 6164 Base PCGS# 6164

9687 1834 Large Date, Large Letters, MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (75/519). PCGS Population: (24/240). Mintage 6,412,004. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 6164 Base PCGS# 6164

9688 1834 Large Date, Small Letters, O-107, R.1, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (12/5). PCGS Population: (2/1). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 24FY, PCGS# 39911 Base PCGS# 6165

9689 1834 Small Date, Small Letters, O-121, R.3, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (3/3). PCGS Population: (3/1). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 4EK5, PCGS# 39926 Base PCGS# 6166

9690 1835 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (138/171). NGC Census: (137/174). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,352,006. NGC ID# 24FZ, PCGS# 6168 Base PCGS# 6168

9691 1835 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/87). NGC Census: (47/87). Mintage 5,352,006. NGC ID# 24FZ, PCGS# 6168 Base PCGS# 6168

9692 1836 Lettered Edge AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (223/251). NGC Census: (214/277). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 6,545,000. NGC ID# 24G2, PCGS# 6169 Base PCGS# 6169

9693 1836/1336 Lettered Edge, O-108, R.1, AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (5/2). NGC Census: (2/2). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 6,545,000. NGC ID# 24G2, PCGS# 39956 Base PCGS# 6169

9694 1836/1336 Lettered Edge, O-108a, R.2, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (3/5). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 4EWC, PCGS# 39957 Base PCGS# 6169

REEDED EDGE HALF DOLLARS

9695 1837 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (136/255). PCGS Population: (135/233). Mintage 3,629,820. NGC ID# 24G4, PCGS# 6176

9696 1838 Reeded Edge AU55 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (172/405). NGC Census: (150/517). Mintage 3,546,000. NGC ID# 24G5, PCGS# 6177

9697 1838 Reeded Edge AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (145/260). NGC Census: (224/293). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,546,000. NGC ID# 24G5, PCGS# 6177

9698 1839 Large Letters AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (64/210). PCGS Population: (74/180). Mintage 1,392,976. NGC ID# 24G6, PCGS# 6179

9699 1839-O Fine 12 NGC. NGC Census: (7/253). PCGS Population: (7/469). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 116,000. NGC ID# 24G7, PCGS# 6181

9700 1839-O VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/402). NGC Census: (5/236). Mintage 116,000. NGC ID# 24G7, PCGS# 6181

SEATED HALF DOLLARS

9701 1839 No Drapery XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (13/112). PCGS Population: (40/152). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,900,000. NGC ID# 24GK, PCGS# 6230

9702 1843 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/28). NGC Census: (20/30). Mintage 3,844,000. NGC ID# 24GX, PCGS# 6243 Base PCGS# 6243

9703 1844 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (18/20). PCGS Population: (10/30). Mintage 1,766,000. NGC ID# 24GZ, PCGS# 6245 Base PCGS# 6245

9704 1845 WB-101, R.4 — Questionable Color — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 589,000. NGC ID# 24H3, PCGS# 572035 Base PCGS# 6248

9705 1849 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/56). NGC Census: (21/34). CDN: \$270 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,252,000. NGC ID# 24HE, PCGS# 6262 Base PCGS# 6262



9706 1854-O Arrows MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (41/108). NGC Census: (37/87). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,240,000. NGC ID# 24JM, PCGS# 6280 Base PCGS# 6280

9707 1855-O Arrows AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/231). NGC Census: (96/147). CDN: \$360 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,688,000. NGC ID# 24JP, PCGS# 6283 Base PCGS# 6283

9708 1855-S Arrows Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/56). NGC Census: (2/36). Mintage 129,950. NGC ID# 24JR, PCGS# 6284 Base PCGS# 6284

- 9709 1856-O AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (30/191). NGC Census: (17/169). Mintage 2,658,000. NGC ID# 24HP, PCGS# 6288 Base PCGS# 6288
- 9710 1858 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (38/122). NGC Census: (56/81). Mintage 4,226,000. NGC ID# 24HV, PCGS# 6293 Base PCGS# 6293
- 9711 1858 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (56/81). PCGS Population: (38/122). Mintage 4,226,000. NGC ID# 24HV, PCGS# 6293 Base PCGS# 6293
- 9712 1860-O AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/105). NGC Census: (37/88). CDN: \$270 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,290,000. NGC ID# 24J5, PCGS# 6300 Base PCGS# 6300
- 9713 1861 — Shipwreck Effect (A) — NGC, Unc, Ex: S.S. Republic, United States Issue; 1861-O WB-101, Die Pair 7, R.2, — Shipwreck Effect (B) — NGC, Unc, Ex: S.S. Republic, Louisiana Issue; 1861-O C.S.A. Die Crack, FS-401, WB-102, Die Pair 11, R.3 — Shipwreck Effect (A) — NGC, Unc, Ex: S.S. Republic, Confederate States Issue. A certificate of authenticity from Odyssey Marine Exploration is included. (Total: 3 coins)**
- 9714 1861-O — SS Republic Shipwreck Effect — NGC.** SS Republic Wooden box, COA and information booklet included. Mintage 2,532,633. NGC ID# 24J8, PCGS# 6303 Base PCGS# 6303
- 9715 1861-O Louisiana Issue, WB-101, W-07 — SS Republic Shipwreck Effect — NGC.** SS Republic Wooden box, COA and information booklet included. Mintage 2,532,633. NGC ID# 24J8, PCGS# 572146 Base PCGS# 6303
- 9716 1861-O WB-101 AU55 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1/1). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 2,532,633. NGC ID# 24J8, PCGS# 572146 Base PCGS# 6303
- 9717 1861-O CSA Obverse, WB-102, FS-401, VF30 PCGS. CAC. (FS-007)** PCGS Population: (3/10). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 24J8, PCGS# 390906 Base PCGS# 39968
- 9718 1861-O FS-401, WB-102, W-11A, R.3 — Shipwreck Effect (C) — AU NGC.** Confederate States issue. Accompanying the lot is a wooden presentation box, informational booklet, and certificate of authenticity. NGC ID# 24J8, PCGS# 390906 Base PCGS# 39968
- 9719 1861-O Speared Olive, WB-104, AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/2). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$270 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,532,633. PCGS# 572148 Base PCGS# 6303
- 9720 1863-S AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/60). NGC Census: (25/48). CDN: \$270 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 916,000. NGC ID# 24JC, PCGS# 6310 Base PCGS# 6310

- 9721 1866-S No Motto VG10 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (10/147). NGC Census: (6/49). Mintage 60,000. NGC ID# 24JH, PCGS# 6315 Base PCGS# 6315
- 9722 1866-S No Motto Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/122). NGC Census: (1/45). Mintage 60,000. NGC ID# 24JH, PCGS# 6315 Base PCGS# 6315
- 9723 1866-S No Motto VF35 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (14/64). NGC Census: (6/24). Mintage 60,000. NGC ID# 24JH, PCGS# 6315 Base PCGS# 6315
- 9724 1867-S AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (21/25). PCGS Population: (19/22). CDN: \$275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,196,000. NGC ID# 24JU, PCGS# 6322 Base PCGS# 6322
- 9725 1870-CC Good 4 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (16/152). NGC Census: (4/55). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. Mintage 54,617. NGC ID# 24K2, PCGS# 6328 Base PCGS# 6328
- 9726 1870-S XF40 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (13/66). NGC Census: (8/33). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 1,004,000. NGC ID# 24K3, PCGS# 6329 Base PCGS# 6329
- 9727 1873-CC No Arrows — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF.** NGC Census: (1/32). PCGS Population: (4/81). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 122,500.
- 9728 1873-CC Arrows Fine 12 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (12/187). NGC Census: (2/78). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 214,560. NGC ID# 24L8, PCGS# 6344 Base PCGS# 6344
- 9729 1874-S Arrows AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (11/34). NGC Census: (4/29). Mintage 394,000. NGC ID# 24LC, PCGS# 6348 Base PCGS# 6348
- 9730 1877-S MS62 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (49/194). PCGS Population: (74/229). Mintage 5,356,000. NGC ID# 26GK, PCGS# 6357 Base PCGS# 6357
- 9731 1882 Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4/120). NGC Census: (1/59). Mintage 4,400. NGC ID# 24KV, PCGS# 6364 Base PCGS# 6364
- 9732 1882 VF35 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3/106). NGC Census: (2/57). Mintage 4,400. NGC ID# 24KV, PCGS# 6364 Base PCGS# 6364
- 9733 1886 VG10 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (3/158). NGC Census: (1/79). Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 24KZ, PCGS# 6368 Base PCGS# 6368

- 9734 1886 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2/107). NGC Census: (2/64). CDN: \$275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 24KZ, PCGS# 6368 Base PCGS# 6368
- 9735 1887 AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (7/117). NGC Census: (1/87). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 24L2, PCGS# 6369 Base PCGS# 6369
- 9736 1888 XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (11/155). NGC Census: (3/101). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 12,000. NGC ID# 24L3, PCGS# 6370 Base PCGS# 6370



- 9737 1890 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (26/60). NGC Census: (13/41). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 12,000. NGC ID# 24L5, PCGS# 6372 Base PCGS# 6372

PROOF SEATED HALF DOLLARS

- 9738 1860 PR63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (44/63). NGC Census: (36/49). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 27TK, PCGS# 6414
- 9739 1866 Motto PR62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (37/95). NGC Census: (16/71). Mintage 725. NGC ID# 27TZ, PCGS# 6424
- 9740 1866 Motto PR63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (45/50). NGC Census: (17/54). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 725. NGC ID# 27TZ, PCGS# 6424
- 9741 1869 PR63 NGC.** NGC Census: (35/77). PCGS Population: (46/78). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 600. NGC ID# 27U4, PCGS# 6427

- 9742 1870 PR63 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (31/54). PCGS Population: (54/80). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 1,000. NGC ID# 27U5, PCGS# 6428
- 9743 1872 PR62 NGC.** NGC Census: (25/91). PCGS Population: (34/103). Mintage 950. NGC ID# 27U7, PCGS# 6430
- 9744 1873 No Arrows, Closed 3, PR61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19/162). NGC Census: (8/127). Mintage 600. NGC ID# 27U8, PCGS# 6431
- 9745 1873 No Arrows PR61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (19/162). NGC Census: (8/127). Mintage 600. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 27U8, PCGS# 6431
- 9746 1879 PR64 NGC.** NGC Census: (74/56). PCGS Population: (92/43). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 1,100. NGC ID# 27UE, PCGS# 6440
- 9747 1880 PR62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (59/245). NGC Census: (32/236). Mintage 1,355. NGC ID# 27UF, PCGS# 6441
- 9748 1884 PR64 NGC.** NGC Census: (69/48). PCGS Population: (67/43). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 875. NGC ID# 27UK, PCGS# 6445
- 9749 1889 PR64 NGC.** NGC Census: (45/51). PCGS Population: (50/26). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. Mintage 711. NGC ID# 27UR, PCGS# 6450

BARBER HALF DOLLARS

- 9750 1892 MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (59/645). PCGS Population: (57/790). Mintage 934,000. NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461
- 9751 1892 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (211/393). NGC Census: (168/328). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 934,000. NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461
- 9752 1892 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (212/391). NGC Census: (168/328). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 934,000. NGC ID# 24LF, PCGS# 6461 Base PCGS# 6461
- 9753 1892-O AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/267). NGC Census: (6/205). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 390,000. NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462
- 9754 1892-O AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (23/244). NGC Census: (10/195). Mintage 390,000. NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462

- 9755 1892-O AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (48/196). NGC Census: (22/173). Mintage 390,000. NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462
- 9756 1892-O AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (55/141). NGC Census: (30/143). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 390,000. NGC ID# 27UW, PCGS# 6462
- 9757 1892-S MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (11/59). PCGS Population: (4/107). Mintage 1,029,028. NGC ID# 24LJ, PCGS# 6464
- 9758 1893-S VF35 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (16/135). NGC Census: (1/75). Mintage 740,000. NGC ID# 24LM, PCGS# 6467
- 9759 1894-O MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (57/15). NGC Census: (50/10). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,138,000. NGC ID# 24LP, PCGS# 6469
- 9760 1894-S AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (27/125). NGC Census: (23/105). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,048,690. NGC ID# 24LR, PCGS# 6470
- 9761 1895 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (42/140). NGC Census: (23/110). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,835,218. NGC ID# 24LS, PCGS# 6471



- 9762 1895 MS64 NGC. CAC. Ex:** Richmond Collection. NGC Census: (24/14). PCGS Population: (29/28). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,835,218. NGC ID# 24LS, PCGS# 6471
- 9763 1895-O AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (13/107). NGC Census: (5/79). Mintage 1,766,000. NGC ID# 24LT, PCGS# 6472

- 9764 1895-O MS62 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (15/49). NGC Census: (12/37). Mintage 1,766,000. NGC ID# 24LT, PCGS# 6472
- 9765 1896-O VF30 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/106). NGC Census: (7/40). Mintage 924,000. NGC ID# 24LW, PCGS# 6475
- 9766 1896-S AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (9/83). NGC Census: (1/49). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,140,948. NGC ID# 24LX, PCGS# 6476
- 9767 1897-O VF30 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (16/101). NGC Census: (4/58). Mintage 632,000. NGC ID# 24LZ, PCGS# 6478
- 9768 1898-O XF40 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (9/116). NGC Census: (0/61). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 874,000. NGC ID# 24M4, PCGS# 6481
- 9769 1898-S AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (22/42). NGC Census: (23/37). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,358,550. NGC ID# 24M5, PCGS# 6482
- 9770 1901 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (49/119). NGC Census: (38/88). Mintage 4,268,813. NGC ID# 24MC, PCGS# 6489
- 9771 1902-S XF45 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (16/85). NGC Census: (5/46). Mintage 1,460,670. NGC ID# 24MH, PCGS# 6494
- 9772 1906 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (66/191). NGC Census: (49/128). Mintage 2,638,675. NGC ID# 24MU, PCGS# 6504
- 9773 1906 MS63 NGC.** NGC Census: (53/75). PCGS Population: (75/116). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,638,675. NGC ID# 24MU, PCGS# 6504
- 9774 1906-S AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (17/63). PCGS Population: (12/102). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,740,154. NGC ID# 24MX, PCGS# 6507
- 9775 1907-S/S Repunched Mintmark AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (15/75). NGC Census: (1/42). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,250,000. NGC ID# 24N3, PCGS# 6511
- 9776 1909-O AU50 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6/103). NGC Census: (1/64). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 925,400. NGC ID# 24N9, PCGS# 6517

9777 1911-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (38/83). NGC Census: (18/55). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 695,080.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 24NE, PCGS# 6522

9778 1911-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (33/22). PCGS Population: (46/37). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 695,080. NGC ID# 24NE, PCGS# 6522

9779 1912 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (89/127). NGC Census: (69/81). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,550,700. NGC ID# 24NG, PCGS# 6524

9780 1915-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (55/239). NGC Census: (72/187). Mintage 1,604,000. NGC ID# 24NT, PCGS# 6534

PROOF BARBER HALF DOLLARS

9781 1895 PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/179). NGC Census: (31/222). Mintage 880. NGC ID# 24NX, PCGS# 6542

9782 1895 PR63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (58/119). NGC Census: (52/170). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 880. NGC ID# 24NX, PCGS# 6542

9783 1898 PR63 Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/52). NGC Census: (5/57). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. NGC ID# 24P2, PCGS# 86545

WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

9784 1916 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (486/361). NGC Census: (340/218). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 608,000. NGC ID# 24PL, PCGS# 6566

9785 1916 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (487/361). NGC Census: (340/218). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 608,000. NGC ID# 24PL, PCGS# 6566

9786 1916-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (437/868). NGC Census: (227/562). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,400. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

9787 1916-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (571/297). NGC Census: (359/203). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,014,400. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

9788 1916-D MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (571/297). NGC Census: (359/203). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,014,400. NGC ID# 24PM, PCGS# 6567 Base PCGS# 6567

9789 1916-S — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (8/512). PCGS Population: (20/911). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 508,000. NGC ID# 24PN, PCGS# 6568



9790 1917 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (375/103). NGC Census: (225/41). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,292,000. NGC ID# 24PP, PCGS# 6569

9791 1917-D Obverse AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (132/592). PCGS Population: (222/714). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 765,400. NGC ID# 24PR, PCGS# 6570

9792 1917-D Obverse MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (121/571). NGC Census: (156/365). Mintage 765,400. NGC ID# 24PR, PCGS# 6570

9793 1917-D Obverse MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (221/351). NGC Census: (152/220). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 765,400. NGC ID# 24PR, PCGS# 6570

9794 1917-S Reverse MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (232/330). NGC Census: (109/289). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,554,000. NGC ID# 24PU, PCGS# 6573

9795 1917-S Reverse MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (109/289). PCGS Population: (232/330). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,554,000. NGC ID# 24PU, PCGS# 6573

9796 1918 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (131/669). NGC Census: (98/526). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 6,634,000. NGC ID# 24PV, PCGS# 6574

9797 1918 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (180/393). NGC Census: (90/311). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 6,634,000. NGC ID# 24PV, PCGS# 6574

9798 1918-D AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (111/605). NGC Census: (88/442). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,853,040. NGC ID# 24PW, PCGS# 6575

9799 1919-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (22/200). PCGS Population: (26/314). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,552,000.

9800 1920 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (254/488). NGC Census: (157/312). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 6,372,000. NGC ID# 24R3, PCGS# 6580

9801 1920 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (369/119). NGC Census: (265/47). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,372,000. NGC ID# 24R3, PCGS# 6580

9802 1928-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (60/421). NGC Census: (42/311). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,940,000. NGC ID# 24RB, PCGS# 6588

9803 1929-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (249/660). NGC Census: (121/288). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,001,200. NGC ID# 24RC, PCGS# 6589

9804 1929-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (313/272). NGC Census: (202/166). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,902,000. NGC ID# 24RD, PCGS# 6590

9805 1929-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (312/272). NGC Census: (202/166). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,902,000. NGC ID# 24RD, PCGS# 6590

9806 1934-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (545/185). NGC Census: (203/39). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,361,400. NGC ID# 24RG, PCGS# 6593

9807 1934-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (181/4). NGC Census: (38/1). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,361,400. NGC ID# 24RG, PCGS# 6593

9808 1934-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (181/4). NGC Census: (38/1). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,361,400. NGC ID# 24RG, PCGS# 6593

9809 1934-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (232/854). NGC Census: (107/399). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,652,000. NGC ID# 24RH, PCGS# 6594

9810 1934-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (232/853). NGC Census: (107/400). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,652,000. NGC ID# 24RH, PCGS# 6594

9811 1936 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/2). NGC Census: (108/13). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,617,901. NGC ID# BYGX, PCGS# 6598 Base PCGS# 6598

9812 1936 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (164/2). NGC Census: (108/13). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,617,901. NGC ID# BYGX, PCGS# 6598 Base PCGS# 6598



9813 1936 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (162/2). NGC Census: (108/13). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,617,901. NGC ID# BYGX, PCGS# 6598 Base PCGS# 6598

9814 1936-D MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (437/37). NGC Census: (190/28). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,252,400. NGC ID# 24RN, PCGS# 6599 Base PCGS# 6599

9815 1936-D MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (437/37). NGC Census: (190/28). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,252,400. NGC ID# 24RN, PCGS# 6599 Base PCGS# 6599

9816 1936-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (453/165). PCGS Population: (781/319). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,884,000. NGC ID# 24RP, PCGS# 6600

9817 1936-S MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (453/165 and 6/6+). PCGS Population: (782/316 and 11/19+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,884,000. NGC ID# 24RP, PCGS# 6600

9818 1936-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (781/317). NGC Census: (453/165). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,884,000. NGC ID# 24RP, PCGS# 6600

9819 1936-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (304/11). NGC Census: (149/16). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,884,000. NGC ID# 24RP, PCGS# 6600

9820 1937 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (745/150 and 31/19+). NGC Census: (357/90 and 21/14+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,527,728. NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 6601

9821 1937 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (145/5). NGC Census: (88/2). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,527,728. NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 6601

9822 1937-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (787/441). NGC Census: (329/178). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,676,000. NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

9823 1937-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (375/61). NGC Census: (144/35). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,676,000. NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

9824 1937-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (380/61). NGC Census: (143/35). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,676,000. NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

9825 1937-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (380/61). NGC Census: (143/35). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,676,000. NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

9826 1937-D MS67 PCGS. Ex: GBW. PCGS Population: (61/0). NGC Census: (34/1). CDN: \$2,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 1,676,000. NGC ID# 24RS, PCGS# 6602

9827 1937-S MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (151/15). PCGS Population: (406/36). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,090,000. NGC ID# 24RT, PCGS# 6603

9828 1937-S MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (406/36). NGC Census: (151/15). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,090,000. NGC ID# 24RT, PCGS# 6603

9829 1937-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (406/36). NGC Census: (151/15). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,090,000. NGC ID# 24RT, PCGS# 6603

9830 1938 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (606/107). NGC Census: (287/42). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,118,152. NGC ID# 24RU, PCGS# 6604

9831 1938 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (606/107 and 20/4+). NGC Census: (287/42 and 4/1+). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,118,152. NGC ID# 24RU, PCGS# 6604

9832 1938 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (606/107 and 20/4+). NGC Census: (287/42 and 4/1+). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,118,152. NGC ID# 24RU, PCGS# 6604

9833 1938-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (290/2248). NGC Census: (116/921). CDN: \$490 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605

9834 1938-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (834/1413). NGC Census: (400/520). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605

9835 1938-D MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (390/130). PCGS Population: (906/507). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605

9836 1938-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (906/507). NGC Census: (390/130). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605

9837 1938-D MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (465/42 and 56/3+). NGC Census: (112/18 and 15/0+). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 491,600. NGC ID# 24RV, PCGS# 6605



- 9838 1939 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (286/24). NGC Census: (243/20). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,820,808. NGC ID# 24RW, PCGS# 6606
- 9839 1939-D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (88/2). NGC Census: (75/1). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 4,267,800. NGC ID# 24RX, PCGS# 6607 Base PCGS# 6607
- 9840 1939-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1006/192). NGC Census: (531/131). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,552,000. NGC ID# 24RY, PCGS# 6608
- 9841 1939-S MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (192/0). NGC Census: (130/1). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,552,000. NGC ID# 24RY, PCGS# 6608
- 9842 1939-S MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (192/0). NGC Census: (130/1). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,552,000. NGC ID# 24RY, PCGS# 6608
- 9843 1940 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (272/28). NGC Census: (215/19). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,167,279. NGC ID# 24RZ, PCGS# 6609
- 9844 1940 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (272/28). NGC Census: (215/19). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,167,279. NGC ID# 24RZ, PCGS# 6609
- 9845 1940-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (436/10). NGC Census: (175/11). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610

- 9846 1940-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (436/10). NGC Census: (175/11). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610
- 9847 1940-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (436/10). NGC Census: (175/11). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610
- 9848 1940-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (437/10). NGC Census: (175/11). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610
- 9849 1940-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (436/10). NGC Census: (175/11). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610
- 9850 1940-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (435/10 and 67/3+). NGC Census: (175/11 and 9/0+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,550,000. NGC ID# 24S2, PCGS# 6610
- 9851 1941-D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (212/1). NGC Census: (189/3). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,248,400. NGC ID# 24S4, PCGS# 6612 Base PCGS# 6612
- 9852 1941-D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (213/1). NGC Census: (188/3). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,248,400. NGC ID# 24S4, PCGS# 6612 Base PCGS# 6612
- 9853 1941-D MS67 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (188/3). PCGS Population: (213/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,248,400. NGC ID# 24S4, PCGS# 6612 Base PCGS# 6612
- 9854 1941-D MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (213/1). NGC Census: (188/3). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,248,400. NGC ID# 24S4, PCGS# 6612 Base PCGS# 6612
- 9855 1941-S MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2480/635). NGC Census: (909/244). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,098,000. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613
- 9856 1941-S MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2479/635). NGC Census: (908/244). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,098,000. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613

- 9857 1941-S MS65+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2479/635 and 44/71+). NGC Census: (908/244 and 8/13+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 8,098,000. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613
- 9858 1941-S MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (220/24). PCGS Population: (622/9). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,098,000. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613
- 9859 1941-S MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (622/9). NGC Census: (220/24). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,098,000. NGC ID# 24S5, PCGS# 6613 Base PCGS# 6613
- 9860 1942 MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (345/6 and 27/0+). NGC Census: (390/3 and 4/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 47,839,120. NGC ID# 24S6, PCGS# 6614 Base PCGS# 6614



- 9861 1942 MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (345/6). NGC Census: (390/3). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 47,839,120. NGC ID# 24S6, PCGS# 6614 Base PCGS# 6614
- 9862 1942-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (499/7). NGC Census: (196/11). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,708,000. NGC ID# 24S8, PCGS# 6617
- 9863 1942-S Large S, MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (196/11). PCGS Population: (507/7). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,708,000. NGC ID# 24S8, PCGS# 6617

9864 1942-S MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (507/7 and 68/2+). NGC Census: (196/11 and 14/0+). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,708,000. NGC ID# 24S8, PCGS# 6617

9865 1942-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (507/7). NGC Census: (196/11). CDN: \$580 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,708,000. NGC ID# 24S8, PCGS# 6617

9866 1943 MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (521/10 and 61/0+). NGC Census: (561/19 and 34/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 53,190,000. NGC ID# 24S9, PCGS# 6618

9867 1943-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (329/2). NGC Census: (312/6). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,346,000. NGC ID# 24SA, PCGS# 6619

9868 1943-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (326/2). NGC Census: (313/6). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,346,000. NGC ID# 24SA, PCGS# 6619

9869 1943-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (329/2). NGC Census: (312/6). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,346,000. NGC ID# 24SA, PCGS# 6619

9870 1943-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (329/2). NGC Census: (312/6). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,346,000. NGC ID# 24SA, PCGS# 6619

9871 1943-D MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (329/2 and 17/0+). NGC Census: (312/6 and 9/0+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 11,346,000. NGC ID# 24SA, PCGS# 6619

9872 1943-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (740/43). NGC Census: (338/26). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 13,450,000. NGC ID# 24SB, PCGS# 6620

9873 1943-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (740/43 and 74/1+). NGC Census: (338/26 and 17/0+). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 13,450,000. NGC ID# 24SB, PCGS# 6620

9874 1943-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (740/43 and 74/1+). NGC Census: (338/26 and 17/0+). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 13,450,000. NGC ID# 24SB, PCGS# 6620

9875 1943-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (740/43 and 74/1+). NGC Census: (338/26 and 17/0+). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 13,450,000. NGC ID# 24SB, PCGS# 6620

9876 1944 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/1). NGC Census: (91/2). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 28,206,000. NGC ID# 24SC, PCGS# 6621

9877 1944 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (115/1). NGC Census: (91/2). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 28,206,000. NGC ID# 24SC, PCGS# 6621

9878 1944 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (112/1). NGC Census: (91/2). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 28,206,000. NGC ID# 24SC, PCGS# 6621

9879 1944-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (250/1). NGC Census: (233/1). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,769,000. NGC ID# 24SD, PCGS# 6622 Base PCGS# 6622

9880 1944-D MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (253/1). NGC Census: (233/1). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,769,000. NGC ID# 24SD, PCGS# 6622 Base PCGS# 6622

9881 1944-D MS67 ★ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (233/1 and 2/0*). PCGS Population: (253/1 and 2/0*). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,769,000. NGC ID# 24SD, PCGS# 6622 Base PCGS# 6622

9882 1944-S MS66 PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/8 and 83/0+). NGC Census: (219/7 and 24/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,904,000. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

9883 1944-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/8). NGC Census: (219/7). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,904,000. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

9884 1944-S MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/8). NGC Census: (219/7). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,904,000. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

9885 1944-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/8 and 83/0+). NGC Census: (219/7 and 24/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,904,000. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623

9886 1944-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/8 and 83/0+). NGC Census: (219/7 and 24/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,904,000. NGC ID# 24SE, PCGS# 6623 Base PCGS# 6623



9887 1945 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (118/0). PCGS Population: (160/0). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 31,502,000. NGC ID# BYKU, PCGS# 6624 Base PCGS# 6624

9888 1945 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (160/0). NGC Census: (118/0). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 31,502,000. NGC ID# BYKU, PCGS# 6624 Base PCGS# 6624

9889 1945-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (199/0). NGC Census: (219/1). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,966,800. NGC ID# 24SG, PCGS# 6625

9890 1945-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1126/40 and 170/1+). NGC Census: (661/34 and 23/0+). CDN: \$250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 10,156,000. NGC ID# 24SH, PCGS# 6626

9891 1946-D MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (85/0). NGC Census: (123/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,151,000. NGC ID# 24SK, PCGS# 6628

9892 1946-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (71/0). PCGS Population: (72/0). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,724,000. NGC ID# 24SL, PCGS# 6629

- 9893 1947 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1189/69 and 91/4+). NGC Census: (704/70 and 21/0+). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,094,000. NGC ID# 24SM, PCGS# 6630
- 9894 1947 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1192/69 and 91/4+). NGC Census: (704/70 and 21/0+). CDN: \$220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,094,000. NGC ID# 24SM, PCGS# 6630
- 9895 1947-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1308/37 and 138/3+). NGC Census: (990/51 and 25/2+). CDN: \$180 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,900,600. NGC ID# 5ESK, PCGS# 6631

PROOF WALKING LIBERTY HALF DOLLARS

- 9896 1936 PR63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (235/1518). NGC Census: (117/1135). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR63. Mintage 3,901. NGC ID# 27V4, PCGS# 6636
- 9897 1937 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (250/10). NGC Census: (242/25). Mintage 5,728. NGC ID# 5ESS, PCGS# 6637
- 9898 1938 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (223/18). NGC Census: (274/51). Mintage 8,152. NGC ID# 27V6, PCGS# 6638
- 9899 1938 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (230/18). NGC Census: (272/51). Mintage 8,152. NGC ID# 27V6, PCGS# 6638
- 9900 1939 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (378/41 and 29/0+). NGC Census: (368/81 and 14/0+). Mintage 8,808. NGC ID# 5ESU, PCGS# 6639
- 9901 1940 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (337/33). NGC Census: (365/54). Mintage 11,279. NGC ID# 27V8, PCGS# 6640
- 9902 1940 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (337/33 and 23/2+). NGC Census: (365/54 and 4/0+). Mintage 11,279. NGC ID# 27V8, PCGS# 6640
- 9903 1941 PR66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1050/381 and 13/19+). NGC Census: (947/509 and 2/21+). Mintage 15,412. NGC ID# 24SP, PCGS# 6641
- 9904 1942 PR66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1744/904). NGC Census: (1354/1016). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9905 1942 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (826/57). NGC Census: (839/178). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642

- 9906 1942 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9907 1942 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9908 1942 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (844/58). NGC Census: (838/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9909 1942 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/177). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642



- 9910 1942 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9911 1942 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9912 1942 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (846/58). NGC Census: (837/179). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642
- 9913 1942 PR67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (846/58 and 67/3+). NGC Census: (837/179 and 33/1+). Mintage 21,120. NGC ID# 282G, PCGS# 6642

FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

- 9914 1948 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (449/11). NGC Census: (139/6). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SR, PCGS# 86651
- 9915 1948 Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801, MS66 Full Bell Lines NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC ID# 24SR, PCGS# 145802 Base PCGS# 86651

- 9916 1948-D MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (210/6 and 25/0+). NGC Census: (48/0 and 2/0+). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 86652
- 9917 1949-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (73/0). NGC Census: (6/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 5HWE, PCGS# 86654
- 9918 1950-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (85/0). NGC Census: (8/0). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SX, PCGS# 86657 Base PCGS# 86657
- 9919 1950-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (85/0). NGC Census: (8/0). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SX, PCGS# 86657 Base PCGS# 86657
- 9920 1950-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (85/0). NGC Census: (8/0). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SX, PCGS# 86657 Base PCGS# 86657
- 9921 1951-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (114/1). NGC Census: (24/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SZ, PCGS# 86659
- 9922 1951-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (114/1). NGC Census: (24/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SZ, PCGS# 86659
- 9923 1951-D MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (114/1 and 13/0+). NGC Census: (24/0 and 1/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24SZ, PCGS# 86659
- 9924 1951-S MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (149/5). NGC Census: (2/0). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24T2, PCGS# 86660 Base PCGS# 86660
- 9925 1951-S MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS.** PCGS Population: (151/5). NGC Census: (2/0). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24T2, PCGS# 86660 Base PCGS# 86660
- 9926 1951-S/S FS-501 MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (8/1 and 3/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 13,696,000. NGC ID# 24T2, PCGS# 509949 Base PCGS# 6660
- 9927 1951-S/S FS-501 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1/0). NGC Census: (0/0). Mintage 13,696,000. NGC ID# 24T2, PCGS# 509949 Base PCGS# 6660

9928 1952 MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (347/22 and 34/0+). NGC Census: (114/4 and 6/0+). CDN: \$275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24T3, PCGS# 86661

9929 1952 MS66+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (353/22 and 34/0+). NGC Census: (114/4 and 6/0+). CDN: \$275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24T3, PCGS# 86661

9930 1952-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (105/4). NGC Census: (20/0). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24T4, PCGS# 86662

9931 1952-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (15/0). Mintage 5,526,000. NGC ID# 24T5, PCGS# 6663

9932 1952-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (22/0). NGC Census: (15/0). Mintage 5,526,000. NGC ID# 24T5, PCGS# 6663

9933 1952-S MS65 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (277/47). NGC Census: (24/3). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24T5, PCGS# 86663

9934 1953 MS65 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (321/50). NGC Census: (58/3). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24T6, PCGS# 86664



9935 1953-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/0). NGC Census: (9/0). Mintage 4,148,000. NGC ID# 24T8, PCGS# 6666

9936 1954-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (167/3). NGC Census: (25/2). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24TA, PCGS# 86668

9937 1954-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (170/3). NGC Census: (25/2). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24TA, PCGS# 86668

9938 1954-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC Census: (10/0). Mintage 4,993,400. NGC ID# 24TB, PCGS# 6669

9939 1958-D MS67 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/0). NGC Census: (17/0). NGC ID# 5HNM, PCGS# 86675

9940 1959 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (55/0). NGC Census: (15/1). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24TJ, PCGS# 86676

9941 1960 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (35/1 and 3/0+). NGC Census: (26/1 and 0/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 6,000,000. NGC ID# 24TL, PCGS# 6678

9942 1960 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (75/1). NGC Census: (2/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 5H6j, PCGS# 86678

9943 1960 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (75/1). NGC Census: (2/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 5H6j, PCGS# 86678

9944 1960 MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (74/1). NGC Census: (2/0). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 5H6j, PCGS# 86678

9945 1960-D MS65+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (542/36 and 10/1+). NGC Census: (111/2 and 0/0+). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TM, PCGS# 86679

9946 1960-D MS65+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (542/36 and 10/1+). NGC Census: (111/2 and 0/0+). CDN: \$325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TM, PCGS# 86679

9947 1961-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (51/1). NGC Census: (15/0). Mintage 20,276,442. NGC ID# 24TP, PCGS# 6681

9948 1961-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (50/1). NGC Census: (15/0). Mintage 20,276,442. NGC ID# 24TP, PCGS# 6681

9949 1961-D MS65+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (320/28 and 13/1+). NGC Census: (120/2 and 3/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TP, PCGS# 86681

9950 1961-D MS65+ Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (320/28 and 13/1+). NGC Census: (120/2 and 3/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TP, PCGS# 86681

9951 1962 MS65 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (223/14). NGC Census: (26/2). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TR, PCGS# 86682

9952 1962 MS65 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (224/14). NGC Census: (26/2). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 24TR, PCGS# 86682

9953 1962-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (12/0). Mintage 35,473,280. NGC ID# 24TS, PCGS# 6683

9954 1962-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (12/0). Mintage 35,473,280. NGC ID# 24TS, PCGS# 6683

9955 1963-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (98/0). NGC Census: (23/1). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24TU, PCGS# 86685

9956 1963-D MS66 Full Bell Lines PCGS. PCGS Population: (99/0). NGC Census: (23/1). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. NGC ID# 24TU, PCGS# 86685

PROOF FRANKLIN HALF DOLLARS

9957 1950 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (533/74). NGC Census: (714/209). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

9958 1950 PR66 NGC. NGC Census: (714/210). PCGS Population: (535/74). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

9959 1950 PR66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (542/75). NGC Census: (715/212). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

9960 1950 PR66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (542/75). NGC Census: (715/212). Mintage 51,386. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 6691

9961 1950 PR64+ Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (128/188 and 1/10+). NGC Census: (182/241 and 0/2+). CDN: \$360 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR64. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 86691

9962 1950 PR65 Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (170/71). PCGS Population: (111/77). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 27VA, PCGS# 86691

- 9963 1951 PR67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (169/4). NGC Census: (286/12). Mintage 57,500. NGC ID# 27VB, PCGS# 6692
- 9964 1951 PR67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (169/4). NGC Census: (287/12). Mintage 57,500. NGC ID# 27VB, PCGS# 6692
- 9965 1951 PR65 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (105/96). NGC Census: (142/117). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR65. NGC ID# 27VB, PCGS# 86692
- 9966 1952 PR66 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (136/66). NGC Census: (172/102). NGC ID# 27VC, PCGS# 86693
- 9967 1952 PR66+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (134/65 and 4/4+). NGC Census: (173/101 and 2/1+). NGC ID# 27VC, PCGS# 86693
- 9968 1953 PR67 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (143/17). NGC Census: (244/33). NGC ID# 27VD, PCGS# 86694



- 9969 1954 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (74/1). NGC Census: (181/5). NGC ID# 27VE, PCGS# 86695
- 9970 1955 PR68 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (110/1). NGC Census: (421/17). NGC ID# 27VF, PCGS# 86696
- 9971 1955 PR68+ Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (112/1 and 3/0+). NGC Census: (422/17 and 1/0+). NGC ID# 27VE, PCGS# 86696
- 9972 1955 PR67 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (61/35). NGC Census: (42/43). NGC ID# 27VF, PCGS# 96696
- 9973 1956 Type Two PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (447/69). NGC Census: (214/92). NGC ID# 24TW, PCGS# 96697

- 9974 1956 Type Two PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (447/69). NGC Census: (214/92). NGC ID# 24TW, PCGS# 96697
- 9975 1957 PR69 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (462/0 and 43/0*). PCGS Population: (11/0 and 43/0*). Mintage 1,247,952. NGC ID# 24TX, PCGS# 6698
- 9976 1958 PR68 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (78/3). NGC Census: (223/16). NGC ID# 8SU4, PCGS# 86699
- 9977 1959 PR67 Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (205/45). NGC Census: (290/111). NGC ID# 27VJ, PCGS# 86700
- 9978 1961 PR68 Ultra Cameo NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (76/8). PCGS Population: (93/1). NGC ID# 24TZ, PCGS# 96702
- 9979 1962 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (233/16). NGC Census: (254/34). NGC ID# 27VK, PCGS# 96703
- 9980 1962 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (233/16). NGC Census: (254/34). NGC ID# 27VK, PCGS# 96703
- 9981 1963 PR69 ★ Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (84/0 and 18/0*). PCGS Population: (21/0 and 18/0*). NGC ID# 27VL, PCGS# 86704
- 9982 1963 PR68 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (266/19). NGC Census: (207/13). NGC ID# 27VL, PCGS# 96704

KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

- 9983 1964 MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (64/0). NGC Census: (49/0). Mintage 273,300,000. NGC ID# 27WH, PCGS# 6706
- 9984 1964-D MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (51/1). NGC Census: (14/0). Mintage 156,205,440. NGC ID# 24U3, PCGS# 6707
- 9985 1964-D Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66+ PCGS.** (013.4). PCGS Population: (2/1 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 156,205,440. PCGS# 146011 Base PCGS# 86707
- 9986 1964-D Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66+ PCGS.** (013.4). PCGS Population: (2/1 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). Mintage 156,205,440. PCGS# 146011 Base PCGS# 86707
- 9987 1972-D MS67+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (90/0 and 3/0+). NGC Census: (40/1 and 0/0+). Mintage 141,890,000. NGC ID# 24UD, PCGS# 6719

- 9988 1974-D Doubled Die Obverse, FS-101, MS66 PCGS.** (015). PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (10/0). NGC ID# 24UH, PCGS# 145385 Base PCGS# 96723

SMS KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

- 9989 1965 SMS MS67+ Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (170/5 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (451/39 and 2/0+). NGC ID# 27WJ, PCGS# 86845
- 9990 1966 SMS, No "FG", MS67 NGC.** NGC Census: (123/17). PCGS Population: (1141/70). Mintage 2,200,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24WH, PCGS# 6846
- 9991 1966 SMS MS67 Ultra Cameo NGC.** NGC Census: (71/15). PCGS Population: (34/6). NGC ID# 24WH, PCGS# 96846

PROOF KENNEDY HALF DOLLARS

- 9992 1964 Accented Hair PR68 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (114/9). NGC Census: (227/37). NGC ID# 24WG, PCGS# 86801
- 9993 1964 Accented Hair PR68 Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (114/9). NGC Census: (227/37). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 24WG, PCGS# 86801



- 9994 1974-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS.** PCGS Population: (52). NGC Census: (1). NGC ID# 98D2, PCGS# 96810

9995 1976-S Clad PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. A scarce clad proof Bicentennial half dollar in PCGS-certified perfect PR70 Deep Cameo. This fully struck Registry coin displays flawless preservation and contrast. Eye appeal is superb. Only a single coin has graded so fine at NGC. Population: 81 in 70 Deep Cameo (3/16). NGC ID# B76C, PCGS# 96811

9996 1976-S Clad PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (106). NGC Census: (1). NGC ID# B76C, PCGS# 96811

9997 1981-S Type 2 PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (92). NGC Census: (91). NGC ID# 24WS, PCGS# 96822

9998 2014 Kennedy Half Dollar 50th Anniversary Set, High Relief, Early Releases, NGC. The set includes: 2014-W Gold PR70 Ultra Cameo; 2014-W Silver Reverse Proof PR70; 2014-S Silver SP70 Deep Prooflike Enhanced Finish; 2014-P Silver PR70 Ultra Cameo; 2014-D Silver SP70. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 5 coins)

9999 2014-W 3/4 Ounce Gold, 50th Anniversary, First Strike, PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (1661/2703). NGC Census: (329/754). NGC ID# B6ZS, PCGS# 530301 Base PCGS# 530185

10000 2014-W 3/4 Ounce Gold, 50th Anniversary, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2703). NGC Census: (754). NGC ID# B6ZS, PCGS# 530301 Base PCGS# 530185

10001 2014-W Gold, 50th Anniversary, First Strike, PR70 Ultra Cameo PCGS. Accompanied by certificate of authenticity, wooden presentation case, and outer blue cardboard box and sleeve of U.S. Mint issue. NGC Census: (754). PCGS Population (2702). NGC ID# B6ZS, PCGS# 530301 Base PCGS# 530185

End of Session Seven

SESSION EIGHT

EARLY DOLLARS

- 10002** 1795 Draped Bust, Off-Center, B-14, BB-51, R.2, — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (4/86). PCGS Population: (3/19). CDN: \$3,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12.
- 10003** 1796 Small Date, Large Letters, B-4, BB-61, R.3, — Repaired — PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (2/39). PCGS Population: (0/32). CDN: \$3,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. NGC ID# CAUF, PCGS# 40000 Base PCGS# 6860
- 10004** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, B-11, BB-111, R.3, — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (0/16). PCGS Population: (0/8). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. NGC ID# 24X6, PCGS# 40028 Base PCGS# 40018
- 10005** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, B-14, BB-122, R.3, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (2/22). PCGS Population: (0/12). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 10006** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Four Berries, B-8, BB-125, R.2, — Graffiti, Damage — PCGS Genuine. Fine. NGC Census: (3/27). PCGS Population: (0/15). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 10007** 1798 Large Eagle, Pointed 9, Four Berries, B-8, BB-125, R.2, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (2/23). PCGS Population: (1/14). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 10008** 1799/8 15 Stars Reverse, B-3, BB-141, R.3, — Damage — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (3/36). PCGS Population: (0/19). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 10009** 1799/8 13 Stars Reverse, B-2, BB-143, R.4, Good 6 PCGS. PCGS Population: (0/5). NGC Census: (0/17). NGC ID# 24X8, PCGS# 40066 Base PCGS# 6884
- 10010** 1799 7x6 Stars VG10 PCGS. PCGS Population: (131/2888). NGC Census: (47/1403). Mintage 423,515. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 6878
- 10011** 1799 7x6 Stars — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (81/1192). PCGS Population: (286/2222). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 423,515.

- 10012** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-11, BB-161, R.3, Fine 12 PCGS Genuine. Fine Details. NGC Census: (3/36). PCGS Population: (1/13). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. NGC ID# 24X7, PCGS# 40052 Base PCGS# 6878
- 10013** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-11, BB-161, R.3, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (4/29). PCGS Population: (1/11). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 10014** 1799 7x6 Stars, B-8, BB-165, R.3, — Damage — PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (1/24). PCGS Population: (0/13). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4.
- 10015** 1800 VG8 NGC. NGC Census: (18/652). PCGS Population: (27/1139). CDN: \$990 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 220,920. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 6887
- 10016** 1800 B-13, BB-193, R.3, — Tooled — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (3/24). PCGS Population: (0/20). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40077 Base PCGS# 6887
- 10017** 1800 Dotted Date, B-14, BB-194, R.3, — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (3/27). PCGS Population: (0/15). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20.
- 10018** 1800 12 Arrows, B-17, BB-196, R.1, Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/13). NGC Census: (0/31). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. NGC ID# 24X9, PCGS# 40079 Base PCGS# 6890
- 10019** 1801 B-4, BB-214, R.4, PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (0/18). PCGS Population: (0/8). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Good 4. NGC ID# 24XA, PCGS# 40086 Base PCGS# 6893
- 10020** 1802 Narrow Date, B-6, BB-241, R.1, — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VG Details. NGC Census: (0/55). PCGS Population: (0/32). CDN: \$990 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8.
- 10021** 1803 Large 3, B-6, BB-255, R.2, VG10 PCGS. PCGS Population: (0/27). NGC Census: (0/62). NGC ID# 24XD, PCGS# 40101 Base PCGS# 6901

SEATED DOLLARS

- 10022** 1841 XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48/304). NGC Census: (22/212). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 173,000. NGC ID# 24YB, PCGS# 6927



- 10023** 1841 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/117). NGC Census: (39/105). Mintage 173,000. NGC ID# 24YB, PCGS# 6927
- 10024** 1842 AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (62/313). PCGS Population: (101/265). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 184,618.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24YC, PCGS# 6928
- 10025** 1842 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (101/267). NGC Census: (62/314). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 184,618. NGC ID# 24YC, PCGS# 6928
- 10026** 1846-O VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/220). NGC Census: (4/145). Mintage 59,000. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 6933
- 10027** 1846-O AU50 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (28/92 and 0/2+). NGC Census: (18/88 and 0/1+). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 59,000. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 6933
- 10028** 1847 — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (46/308). PCGS Population: (91/289). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 140,750.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24YJ, PCGS# 6934
- 10029** 1847 AU55 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (101/118). NGC Census: (81/180). Mintage 140,750. NGC ID# 24YJ, PCGS# 6934
- 10030** 1849 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (55/132). PCGS Population: (51/108). Mintage 62,600.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 24YL, PCGS# 6936

10031 1859 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/89). NGC Census: (9/65). Mintage 255,700. NGC ID# 24YZ, PCGS# 6946

10032 1859 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/44). NGC Census: (7/44). Mintage 255,700. NGC ID# 24YZ, PCGS# 6946

10033 1860 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/97). NGC Census: (10/76). Mintage 217,600. NGC ID# 24ZZ, PCGS# 6949

10034 1860-O PCGS Genuine. The PCGS number ending in .92 suggests cleaning as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. Mintage 515,000. NGC ID# 24Z3, PCGS# 6950

10035 1867 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/117). NGC Census: (2/50). Mintage 46,900. NGC ID# 24ZA, PCGS# 6960

10036 1870 AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/160). NGC Census: (18/126). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 415,000. NGC ID# 24ZD, PCGS# 6963

10037 1870-CC VG10 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (25/458). NGC Census: (5/203). Mintage 12,462. NGC ID# 24ZE, PCGS# 6964

10038 1872 — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (5/91). PCGS Population: (8/92). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,106,450. NGC ID# 24ZJ, PCGS# 6968

10039 1872-S VG8 NGC. NGC Census: (3/107). PCGS Population: (5/220). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VG8. Mintage 9,000. NGC ID# 24ZL, PCGS# 6970

10040 1873 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/212). NGC Census: (9/152). Mintage 293,000. NGC ID# 24ZM, PCGS# 6971

PROOF SEATED DOLLARS

10041 1860 — Reverse Damage — NGC Details. Proof. NGC Census: (3/124). PCGS Population: (2/145). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR60. Mintage 1,330. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.*

10042 1863 — Harshly Cleaned — NGC Details. Proof. NGC Census: (1/106). PCGS Population: (10/173). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR60. Mintage 460.

TRADE DOLLARS

10043 1873-CC Chop Mark AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/2). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 87032 Base PCGS# 7032

10044 1873-CC — Obverse Scratched — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (2/102). PCGS Population: (21/124). CDN: \$2,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 124,500.

10045 1874-CC — Chopmarked — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/39).

10046 1874-S Chop Mark MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/14). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 87036 Base PCGS# 7036

10047 1874-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (50/251). NGC Census: (55/216). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,549,000. NGC ID# 2533, PCGS# 7036

10048 1874-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (81/47). PCGS Population: (84/89). Mintage 2,549,000. NGC ID# 2533, PCGS# 7036

10049 1875-CC XF45 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (56/379). NGC Census: (21/258). Mintage 1,573,700. NGC ID# 2535, PCGS# 7038

10050 1875-CC — Questionable Color — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (9/249). PCGS Population: (38/341). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,573,700. NGC ID# 2535, PCGS# 7038

10051 1875-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (9/249). PCGS Population: (38/342). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,573,700.



10052 1875-S Chop Mark MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/4). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 87039 Base PCGS# 7039

10053 1875-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (131/575). PCGS Population: (101/729). Mintage 4,487,000. NGC ID# 2536, PCGS# 7039

10054 1875-S/CC FS-502 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/4). NGC Census: (0/0).

From The Souder Collection, Part II. PCGS# 512236 Base PCGS# 7040

10055 1875-S/CC FS-502 — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/2). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. PCGS# 512236 Base PCGS# 7040

10056 1876-CC Chop Mark AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/20). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 87042 Base PCGS# 7042

10057 1876-CC XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/119). NGC Census: (6/120). Mintage 509,000. NGC ID# 253A, PCGS# 7042

10058 1877 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (70/280). NGC Census: (69/275). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,039,710. NGC ID# 253C, PCGS# 7044

10059 1877-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (292/885). NGC Census: (231/762). CDN: \$450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 9,519,000. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046

10060 1877-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (205/510). PCGS Population: (166/667). Mintage 9,519,000. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046

10061 1877-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (244/424). NGC Census: (202/308). Mintage 9,519,000. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046

10062 1877-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (142/165). PCGS Population: (204/217). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 9,519,000. NGC ID# 253E, PCGS# 7046

10063 1878-S MS62+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (115/285 and 1/15+). NGC Census: (109/191 and 0/5+). Mintage 4,162,000. NGC ID# 253G, PCGS# 7048

10064 1878-S Doubled Die Reverse, FS-801 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (5/5). PCGS Population: (0/10). *From The Souder Collection, Part II.* NGC ID# 253G, PCGS# 145808 Base PCGS# 7048

PROOF TRADE DOLLAR

10065 1876 — Damage — PCGS Genuine. Proof AU Details. NGC Census: (0/207). PCGS Population: (1/279). Mintage 1,150.

MORGAN DOLLARS

- 10066 1878 8TF MS64+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2917/726 and 132/43+). NGC Census: (2040/373 and 35/10+). CDN: \$430 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7072
- 10067 1878 8TF MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (2917/726 and 132/43+). NGC Census: (2040/373 and 35/10+). CDN: \$430 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7072
- 10068 1878 8TF MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (665/59). NGC Census: (352/21). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7072
- 10069 1878 8TF MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (665/61). NGC Census: (352/21). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7072
- 10070 1878 8TF MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (665/61). NGC Census: (352/21). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 699,300. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7072
- 10071 1878 8TF MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS.** Vam-3. NGC Census: (0/1). PCGS Population: (35/4). CDN: \$3,475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 253H, PCGS# 97073
- 10072 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (501/27). PCGS Population: (652/40). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,900,000. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7074
- 10073 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (652/40). NGC Census: (501/27). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,900,000. NGC ID# 2TY3, PCGS# 7074
- 10074 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** PCGS Population: (142/100). NGC Census: (120/130). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 253K, PCGS# 97075
- 10075 1878 7TF Reverse of 1878 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS.** PCGS Population: (84/16). NGC Census: (121/9). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 253K, PCGS# 97075
- 10076 1878-CC MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6897/2316). NGC Census: (4647/1447). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

- 10077 1878-CC MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6897/2316). NGC Census: (4647/1447). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10078 1878-CC MS64+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (6910/2348 and 231/108+). NGC Census: (4653/1446 and 67/21+). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10079 1878-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (6910/2348). NGC Census: (4653/1446). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10080 1878-CC MS64+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (6910/2348 and 231/108+). NGC Census: (4653/1446 and 67/21+). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080



- 10081 1878-CC MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (1225/222). PCGS Population: (2026/325). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10082 1878-CC MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2032/316). NGC Census: (1224/222). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10083 1878-CC MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2032/316). NGC Census: (1224/222). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10084 1878-CC MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2032/316). NGC Census: (1224/222). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080

- 10085 1878-CC MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2038/320). NGC Census: (1227/222). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10086 1878-CC MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (1227/222). PCGS Population: (2038/320). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10087 1878-CC MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (1227/222). PCGS Population: (2038/320). CDN: \$1,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7080
- 10088 1878-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS.** PCGS Population: (498/138). NGC Census: (327/98). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7081
- 10089 1878-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS.** PCGS Population: (498/138). NGC Census: (327/98). NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 7081
- 10090 1878-CC MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS.** NGC Census: (127/148). PCGS Population: (160/160). CDN: \$1,325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 97081
- 10091 1878-S MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (741/34). NGC Census: (492/29). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,774,000. NGC ID# 253R, PCGS# 7082
- 10092 1878-S VAM-56, Long Arrow Shaft, Top-100, XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (4/3). NGC ID# 253R, PCGS# 133847 Base PCGS# 7082
- 10093 1879 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1144/223). NGC Census: (673/80). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 14,807,100. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084
- 10094 1879 MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1157/219). NGC Census: (673/80). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 14,807,100. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084
- 10095 1879 MS65+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1157/219 and 55/41+). NGC Census: (673/80 and 20/4+). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 14,807,100. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084
- 10096 1879 MS65 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1157/219). NGC Census: (673/80). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 14,807,100. NGC ID# 253S, PCGS# 7084

10097 1879-CC Capped Die, VAM-3, Top 100, XF40 ANACS. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/40). NGC ID# 253U, PCGS# 133869 Base PCGS# 7088

10098 1879-O MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1352/154). PCGS Population: (2193/425). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

10099 1879-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2185/420). NGC Census: (1356/154). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

10100 1879-O MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2182/424). NGC Census: (1352/154). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

10101 1879-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2182/424 and 120/29+). NGC Census: (1352/154 and 25/2+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

10102 1879-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2182/424 and 120/29+). NGC Census: (1352/154 and 25/2+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,887,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7090

10103 1879-S Reverse of 1878 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (845/638). NGC Census: (459/273). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253W, PCGS# 7094

10104 1879-S Reverse of 1878 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (853/630). NGC Census: (473/275). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253W, PCGS# 7094

10105 1879-S Reverse of 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (580/58). NGC Census: (254/19). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253W, PCGS# 7094

10106 1879-S Reverse of 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (584/58). NGC Census: (254/19). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253W, PCGS# 7094



10107 1879-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1485/117). NGC Census: (2002/158). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7092

10108 1879-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1491/120). NGC Census: (2003/157). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7092

10109 1879-S MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (2003/157 and 60/1+). PCGS Population: (1491/120 and 111/7+). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,110,000. NGC ID# 253X, PCGS# 7092

10110 1880 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1177/187). NGC Census: (696/43). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,601,355. NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

10111 1880 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1169/185). NGC Census: (696/43). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,601,355. NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

10112 1880 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (185/0). NGC Census: (43/0). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,601,355. NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

10113 1880 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (187/0). NGC Census: (43/0). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,601,355. NGC ID# 253Y, PCGS# 7096

10114 1880 8 Over 7 MS64 PCGS. Ex: Bermuda. PCGS Population: (10/2). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7098 Base PCGS# 7096

10115 1880-CC Reverse of 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1187/624). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7108

10116 1880-CC Reverse of 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1188/625). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7108

10117 1880-CC Reverse of 1878 MS63 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (44/47). NGC Census: (18/14). Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 7109

10118 1880-CC 8 Over High 7 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (229/82). NGC Census: (25/10). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7102

10119 1880-CC 8 Over High 7 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (228/82). NGC Census: (25/10). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7102

10120 1880-CC 8 Over High 7, VAM-5, Top-100, MS65 NGC. Ex: GSA Hoard. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (6/1). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 133877 Base PCGS# 7102

10121 1880-C 8 Over Low 7 MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/22). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 97105

10122 1880-CC 8/7 Reverse of 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (225/166). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7110

10123 1880-CC 8/7, Reverse of 1878, VAM-7, MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (389/660). PCGS Population: (25/76). NGC ID# AP7P, PCGS# 134049 Base PCGS# 7110

10124 1880-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4814/3412). NGC Census: (3105/1706). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10125 1880-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3107/1708). PCGS Population: (4811/3429). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10126 1880-CC MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (4808/3409 and 219/177+). NGC Census: (3102/1702 and 55/64+). CDN: \$585 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10127 1880-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2538/871). NGC Census: (1200/506). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10128 1880-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2549/880). NGC Census: (1201/507). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10129 1880-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2549/884). NGC Census: (1201/507). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7100

10130 1880-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (282/133). NGC Census: (269/126). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7101

10131 1880-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (121/12). NGC Census: (105/21). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 7101

10132 1880-O MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (966/29). PCGS Population: (1376/39). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,305,000. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 7114

10133 1880-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1384/39). NGC Census: (966/29). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,305,000. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 7114

10134 1880-O MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1389/39). NGC Census: (966/29). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,305,000. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 7114

10135 1880-O MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (46/31). PCGS Population: (52/37). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 2543, PCGS# 97115



10136 1880-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2135/217). NGC Census: (3221/278). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10137 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2130/216 and 231/24+). NGC Census: (3228/278 and 120/5+). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10138 1880-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2135/217). NGC Census: (3221/278). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10139 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. Large S. PCGS Population: (2126/216 and 235/24+). NGC Census: (3224/278 and 122/5+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10140 1880-S MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (3221/278 and 122/5+). PCGS Population: (2135/217 and 237/24+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10141 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2126/216 and 235/24+). NGC Census: (3224/278 and 122/5+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10142 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2132/216 and 231/24+). NGC Census: (3228/278 and 120/5+). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10143 1880-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2135/217 and 237/24+). NGC Census: (3221/278 and 122/5+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,900,000. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7118

10144 1880-S MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (428/122). PCGS Population: (625/228). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 97119

10145 1880-S MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (625/228). NGC Census: (428/122). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 97119

10146 1880/79-S 8 Over 7 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (95/21 and 9/1+). NGC Census: (0/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7120

10147 1880/9-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (52/3). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2544, PCGS# 7122

10148 1881 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1190/166). NGC Census: (659/57). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,163,975. NGC ID# 2546, PCGS# 7124

10149 1881 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1199/170). NGC Census: (659/57). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,163,975. NGC ID# 2546, PCGS# 7124

10150 1881 MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1199/170 and 61/15+). NGC Census: (659/57 and 7/1+). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,163,975. NGC ID# 2546, PCGS# 7124

10151 1881-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7722/6340). NGC Census: (3682/3024). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10152 1881-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3680/3028). PCGS Population: (7696/6324). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10153 1881-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7696/6324). NGC Census: (3680/3028). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10154 1881-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3685/3023). PCGS Population: (7728/6358). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10155 1881-CC MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (3685/3023 and 111/93+). PCGS Population: (7728/6358 and 344/345+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10156 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4640/1718). NGC Census: (2106/917). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10157 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4640/1718). NGC Census: (2106/917). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10158 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4617/1709). NGC Census: (2110/923). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10159 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4642/1718). NGC Census: (2106/918). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10160 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4640/1718). NGC Census: (2106/917). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10161 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4640/1718). NGC Census: (2106/917). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10162 1881-CC MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (2107/917). PCGS Population: (4644/1719). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10163 1881-CC MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (4640/1718). NGC Census: (2106/917). CDN: \$810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126



10164 1881-CC MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (776/141). PCGS Population: (1523/195). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10165 1881-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1513/194). NGC Census: (776/142). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10166 1881-CC MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (780/143). PCGS Population: (1518/191). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10167 1881-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1516/191). NGC Census: (777/142). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10168 1881-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1523/195). NGC Census: (776/141). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10169 1881-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1523/195). NGC Census: (776/141). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10170 1881-CC MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1523/195). NGC Census: (776/141). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7126

10171 1881-CC MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (116/285). PCGS Population: (325/720). CDN: \$620 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 97127

10172 1881-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (723/33). NGC Census: (487/9). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,708,000. NGC ID# 2548, PCGS# 7128

10173 1881-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (723/33). NGC Census: (487/9). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,708,000. NGC ID# 2548, PCGS# 7128

10174 1881-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (723/33). NGC Census: (487/9). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 5,708,000. NGC ID# 2548, PCGS# 7128

10175 1881-S MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (13601/2276). NGC Census: (16848/4390). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10176 1881-S MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (13601/2276 and 361/230+). NGC Census: (16848/4390 and 297/136+). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10177 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2088/154). NGC Census: (4149/248). CDN: \$635 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10178 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2088/154). NGC Census: (4149/248). CDN: \$635 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10179 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2101/155). NGC Census: (4141/252). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10180 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2101/155). NGC Census: (4141/252). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10181 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2120/154). NGC Census: (4142/252). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10182 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10183 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10184 1881-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (4139/251). PCGS Population: (2122/154). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10185 1881-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (4139/251). PCGS Population: (2122/154). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10186 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130



10187 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10188 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10189 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10190 1881-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (4139/251). PCGS Population: (2122/154). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10191 1881-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (4139/251). PCGS Population: (2122/154). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10192 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10193 1881-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10194 1881-S MS67 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (4139/251 and 193/26*). PCGS Population: (2122/154 and 193/26*). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10195 1881-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2102/155). NGC Census: (4141/248). CDN: \$635 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10196 1881-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10197 1881-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10198 1881-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2122/154). NGC Census: (4139/251). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10199 1881-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2120/154 and 218/11+). NGC Census: (4142/252 and 133/3+). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10200 1881-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2124/154 and 219/11+). NGC Census: (4145/251 and 133/3+). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10201 1881-S MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2122/154 and 219/11+). NGC Census: (4139/251 and 133/3+). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,760,000. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 7130

10202 1881-S MS66 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (519/80). NGC Census: (507/128). NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 7131

10203 1881-S MS66+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (519/80 and 12/3+). NGC Census: (507/128 and 11/0+). NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 7131

10204 1881-S MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (315/101). PCGS Population: (235/84). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 2549, PCGS# 97131

10205 1882-CC MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (5322/1412 and 152/161+). NGC Census: (2743/673 and 29/38+). CDN: \$505 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,133,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7134

10206 1882-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1327/78). NGC Census: (622/53). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,133,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7134

10207 1882-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1333/79 and 158/3+). NGC Census: (620/53 and 37/1+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,133,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7134

10208 1882-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1333/79 and 158/3+). NGC Census: (620/53 and 37/1+). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,133,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7134

10209 1882-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (379/98). NGC Census: (184/35). NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 7135

10210 1882-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (380/98). NGC Census: (184/35). NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 7135

10211 1882-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (381/98). NGC Census: (184/35). NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 7135



10212 1882-CC MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (98/1). NGC Census: (32/3). NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 7135

10213 1882-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (808/452). NGC Census: (323/101). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 97135

10214 1882-CC MS64+ Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (323/100 and 6/2+). PCGS Population: (807/447 and 19/22+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 97135

10215 1882-CC Counter Clash Lip, VAM-2C, Hit List, MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/1). NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS# 413033 Base PCGS# 97135

10216 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10217 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10218 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10219 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10220 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (992/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10221 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10222 1882-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10223 1882-O MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (985/58 and 46/6+). NGC Census: (480/13 and 8/0+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10224 1882-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (994/58). NGC Census: (480/13). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,090,000. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 7136

10225 1882-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (146/25). NGC Census: (101/6). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254C, PCGS# 97137

10226 1882-O/S Strong MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (257/2). NGC Census: (197/5). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,039. NGC ID# 254D, PCGS# 7138

10227 1882-O/S Strong MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (197/5). PCGS Population: (257/2). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,039. NGC ID# 254D, PCGS# 7138

10228 1882-O/S Weak MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (34/1). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 254D, PCGS# 87138 Base PCGS# 7136

10229 1882-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18387/5847). NGC Census: (18911/8294). CDN: \$150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,250,000. NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

10230 1882-S MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (908/61). NGC Census: (1747/109). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,250,000. NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

10231 1882-S MS67 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1749/108). PCGS Population: (903/60). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,250,000. NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

10232 1882-S MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (908/61). NGC Census: (1747/109). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,250,000. NGC ID# 254F, PCGS# 7140

10233 1883 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (127/6). PCGS Population: (123/3). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,291,039. NGC ID# 254G, PCGS# 7142

10234 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2155/204). NGC Census: (1001/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144



10235 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2150/204). NGC Census: (1003/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10236 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2147/204). NGC Census: (1003/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10237 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2140/204). NGC Census: (1002/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10238 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2147/204). NGC Census: (1003/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10239 1883-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2150/204). NGC Census: (1002/118). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10240 1883-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2140/204 and 286/12+). NGC Census: (1002/118 and 47/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10241 1883-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2147/204 and 291/12+). NGC Census: (1003/118 and 47/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10242 1883-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2147/204 and 291/12+). NGC Census: (1003/118 and 47/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10243 1883-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2150/204 and 291/12+). NGC Census: (1003/118 and 47/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10244 1883-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2153/204 and 293/12+). NGC Census: (1003/118 and 46/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7144

10245 1883-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (644/175). NGC Census: (323/80). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7145

10246 1883-CC MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/9). NGC Census: (78/2). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7145

10247 1883-CC MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/9). NGC Census: (78/2). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7145

10248 1883-CC MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/9). NGC Census: (78/2). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 7145

10249 1883-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (1363/927). NGC Census: (571/239). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 97145

10250 1883-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (781/146). NGC Census: (198/41). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 97145

10251 1883-CC GSA MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518871 Base PCGS# 97145

10252 1883-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (811/53 and 91/2+). NGC Census: (985/38 and 31/0+). CDN: \$315 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,725,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

10253 1883-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (816/53 and 94/2+). NGC Census: (989/38 and 31/0+). CDN: \$315 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,725,000. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7146

10254 1883-O MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (13/0). NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 7147

10255 1883-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (114/19). NGC Census: (57/3). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254J, PCGS# 97147

10256 1883-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (608/694). PCGS Population: (925/1410). Mintage 6,250,000. NGC ID# 254K, PCGS# 7148

10257 1883-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (925/1410). NGC Census: (608/694). Mintage 6,250,000. NGC ID# 254K, PCGS# 7148

10258 1883-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (928/1411). NGC Census: (609/695). Mintage 6,250,000. NGC ID# 254K, PCGS# 7148



10259 1884 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (507/56). NGC Census: (253/34). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 14,070,875. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 7150

10260 1884 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (511/59 and 103/9+). NGC Census: (253/34 and 7/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 14,070,875. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 7150

10261 1884 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (511/59 and 104/9+). NGC Census: (253/34 and 7/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 14,070,875. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 7150

10262 1884-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1790/114). NGC Census: (924/128). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10263 1884-CC MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1797/113). NGC Census: (913/127). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10264 1884-CC MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (925/128 and 90/5+). PCGS Population: (1780/113 and 232/4+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10265 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1796/113 and 239/4+). NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10266 1884-CC MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). PCGS Population: (1796/113 and 239/4+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10267 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1797/113 and 239/4+). NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10268 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1797/113 and 239/4+). NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10269 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1796/113 and 239/4+). NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10270 1884-CC MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1796/113 and 239/4+). NGC Census: (913/127 and 82/5+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 8BBF, PCGS# 7152

10271 1884-CC MS65 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (524/104). NGC Census: (264/64). NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 7153

10272 1884-CC MS65+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (524/104 and 13/4+). NGC Census: (264/64 and 4/4+). NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 7153

10273 1884-CC MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (103/1). NGC Census: (56/8). NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 7153

10274 1884-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (1422/782). NGC Census: (615/244). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10275 1884-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (1421/779). NGC Census: (615/245). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10276 1884-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (1423/782). NGC Census: (615/245). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10277 1884-CC MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1421/779). NGC Census: (615/245). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10278 1884-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (194/51). PCGS Population: (636/146). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10279 1884-CC MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (636/146). NGC Census: (194/51). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 97153

10280 1884-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (107/14). PCGS Population: (257/55). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 97155

10281 1884-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1241/336). NGC Census: (1775/424). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,200,000. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

10282 1884-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (1775/424). PCGS Population: (1241/336). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,200,000. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

10283 1884-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1226/325). NGC Census: (1768/422). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,200,000. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

10284 1884-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1249/330). NGC Census: (1779/423). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,200,000. NGC ID# 254P, PCGS# 7156

10285 1885 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1461/131 and 111/16+). NGC Census: (1712/203 and 43/4+). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 17,787,768. NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158



10286 1885 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (198/5). PCGS Population: (128/2). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,787,768. NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158

10287 1885 MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (198/5). PCGS Population: (128/2). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,787,768. NGC ID# 254R, PCGS# 7158

10288 1885 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (336/86). NGC Census: (197/56). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 45WM, PCGS# 97159

10289 1885-CC — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (20/10111). PCGS Population: (47/20621). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 228,000.

10290 1885-CC MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (284/20319). NGC Census: (191/9914). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10291 1885-CC MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1765/18615). NGC Census: (1005/8923). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10292 1885-CC MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (1005/8926). PCGS Population: (1768/18645). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10293 1885-CC MS62 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1006/8930). PCGS Population: (1768/18661). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10294 1885-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5460/13155). NGC Census: (2789/6134). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10295 1885-CC MS63 ANACS. NGC Census: (2789/6134). PCGS Population: (5460/13155). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10296 1885-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5477/13205). NGC Census: (2795/6139). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10297 1885-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5469/13192). NGC Census: (2793/6137). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10298 1885-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5479/13210). NGC Census: (2795/6139). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10299 1885-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5469/13192). NGC Census: (2793/6137). CDN: \$745 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10300 1885-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7708/5425). NGC Census: (3579/2561). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10301 1885-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7708/5425). NGC Census: (3579/2561). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10302 1885-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7725/5430). NGC Census: (3580/2554). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10303 1885-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7735/5446). NGC Census: (3580/2554). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10304 1885-CC MS64 ANACS. NGC Census: (3585/2552). PCGS Population: (7744/5448). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10305 1885-CC MS64 ANACS. NGC Census: (3585/2552). PCGS Population: (7744/5448). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10306 1885-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4205/1243). NGC Census: (1773/779). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10307 1885-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4205/1243). NGC Census: (1773/779). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10308 1885-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4205/1243). NGC Census: (1773/779). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10309 1885-CC MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1774/779). PCGS Population: (4210/1247). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10310 1885-CC MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4210/1247). NGC Census: (1774/779). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10311 1885-CC MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (1773/779 and 27/63+). PCGS Population: (4205/1243 and 110/138+). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10312 1885-CC MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (4192/1238). NGC Census: (1774/780). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7160

10313 1885-CC MS62 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (169/1036). NGC Census: (100/541). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7161

10314 1885-CC MS64 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (448/216). NGC Census: (216/129). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7161

10315 1885-CC MS64+ Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (447/217 and 14/14+). NGC Census: (216/129 and 3/2+). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7161

10316 1885-CC MS64+ Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (450/216 and 14/13+). NGC Census: (216/129 and 3/2+). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 7161

10317 1885-CC MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (149/263). PCGS Population: (411/717). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 97161

10318 1885-CC Doubled Dash, VAM-4, Hot-50, MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 254S, PCGS# 42598 Base PCGS# 7161



10319 1885-O MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (295/1). NGC Census: (548/10). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,185,000. NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

10320 1885-O MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (549/10 and 15/0+). PCGS Population: (290/1 and 19/0+). CDN: \$1,175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,185,000. NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7162

10321 1885-O MS66 Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (40/1). NGC Census: (34/3). NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 7163

10322 1885-O MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (215/48). NGC Census: (141/22). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 97163

10323 1885-O MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (47/1). NGC Census: (21/1). NGC ID# 254T, PCGS# 97163

10324 1885-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2497/585). NGC Census: (1393/256). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,497,000. NGC ID# 254U, PCGS# 7164

10325 1885-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2489/583). NGC Census: (1393/257). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,497,000. NGC ID# 254U, PCGS# 7164

10326 1885-S MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2489/583 and 107/28+). NGC Census: (1393/257 and 24/0+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,497,000. NGC ID# 254U, PCGS# 7164

10327 1885-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (544/41). NGC Census: (243/13). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,497,000. NGC ID# 254U, PCGS# 7164

10328 1886 MS66 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (5015/915 and 160/55*). PCGS Population: (2893/409 and 160/55*). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10329 1886 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (402/7). NGC Census: (890/25). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10330 1886 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (400/7). NGC Census: (890/26). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10331 1886 MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (404/7). NGC Census: (894/25). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10332 1886 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (400/7). NGC Census: (890/26). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10333 1886 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (399/7). NGC Census: (892/26). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10334 1886 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (400/7). NGC Census: (890/26). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10335 1886 MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (404/7). NGC Census: (894/25). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10336 1886 MS67 ★ NGC. CAC. Ex: Binion Collection. NGC Census: (890/25 and 53/2*). PCGS Population: (402/7 and 53/2*). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 19,963,886. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 7166

10337 1886 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (271/176). NGC Census: (218/75). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 97167

10338 1886 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (145/31). NGC Census: (57/18). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 97167

10339 1886 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (143/31). NGC Census: (56/17). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254V, PCGS# 97167

10340 1886-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1340/373). NGC Census: (723/137). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 750,000. NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7170

10341 1886-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1337/373). NGC Census: (723/137). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 750,000. NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7170

10342 1886-S MS63 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (98/86). NGC Census: (93/85). NGC ID# 254X, PCGS# 7171

10343 1887 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (177/36). NGC Census: (124/14). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254Y, PCGS# 97173

10344 1887 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (124/14). PCGS Population: (177/36). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254Y, PCGS# 97173

10345 1887 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (177/36). NGC Census: (124/14). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 254Y, PCGS# 97173

10346 1887-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2720/370 and 144/30+). NGC Census: (1859/85 and 35/2+). CDN: \$315 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,550,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 7176

10347 1887-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1941/432). NGC Census: (949/157). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,771,000. NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

10348 1887-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1941/432). NGC Census: (949/157). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,771,000. NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

10349 1887-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1941/432 and 63/24+). NGC Census: (949/157 and 25/3+). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,771,000. NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

10350 1887-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (403/30). NGC Census: (149/8). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,771,000. NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 7180

10351 1887-S/S VAM-2 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (33/13). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2554, PCGS# 133915 Base PCGS# 7180



10352 1888 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (819/43 and 121/0+). NGC Census: (945/80 and 41/1+). CDN: \$475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 19,183,832. NGC ID# 26KF, PCGS# 7182

10353 1888 MS64+ Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (132/63 and 7/2+). NGC Census: (82/37 and 0/0+). CDN: \$435 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 2555, PCGS# 97183

10354 1888 Doubled Ear, VAM-11, Top 100, MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (1/0). NGC ID# 2555, PCGS# 133916 Base PCGS# 7182

10355 1888-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2148/300). NGC Census: (1351/44). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,150,000. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

10356 1888-O MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (1351/44 and 10/1+). PCGS Population: (2148/300 and 89/30+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,150,000. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

10357 1888-O MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2148/300). NGC Census: (1351/44). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,150,000. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

10358 1888-O MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2141/301 and 89/29+). NGC Census: (1348/44 and 10/1+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,150,000. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

10359 1888-O MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2134/300 and 88/30+). NGC Census: (1349/44 and 10/1+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 12,150,000. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7184

10360 1888-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (144/30). PCGS Population: (217/68). CDN: \$480 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 97185

10361 1888-O Clashed E, VAM-1A, Top 100, MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (40/5 and 4/1+). NGC Census: (38/0 and 0/0+). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 133917 Base PCGS# 7184

10362 1888-O Doubled Arrows, VAM-9, Top 100, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/9). NGC Census: (35/2). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 133920 Base PCGS# 7184

10363 1888-O Doubled Die Obverse, Hot Lips AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (71/133). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7308

10364 1888-O Doubled Die Obverse, Hot Lips AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (57/27). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2556, PCGS# 7308

10365 1888-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1586/386). NGC Census: (886/107). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 657,000. NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 7186

10366 1888-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1586/386). NGC Census: (886/107). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 657,000. NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 7186

10367 1888-S Pitted Reverse, VAM-6A (1B), Hot 50, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2557, PCGS# 134011 Base PCGS# 7186

10368 1889 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (369/4). NGC Census: (196/1). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 21,726,812. NGC ID# 2558, PCGS# 7188

10369 1889 MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (42/3). NGC Census: (24/3). NGC ID# 349P, PCGS# 7189

10370 1889 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (96/40). NGC Census: (48/17). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 3VWX, PCGS# 97189

10371 1889-CC VG10 PCGS. PCGS Population: (469/6091). NGC Census: (269/3621). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10372 1889-CC VG10 PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (469/6091 and 0/8+). NGC Census: (269/3618 and 0/10+). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10373 1889-CC Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (545/5550). NGC Census: (350/3273). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10374 1889-CC Fine 12 NGC. NGC Census: (350/3268). PCGS Population: (541/5528). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10375 1889-CC Fine 12 NGC. NGC Census: (350/3271). PCGS Population: (543/5548). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10376 1889-CC Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (621/4898). NGC Census: (289/2988). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10377 1889-CC VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (494/4385). NGC Census: (307/2682). CDN: \$975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10378 1889-CC — Cleaned — ANACS. VF20 Details. NGC Census: (308/2676). PCGS Population: (498/4429). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 350,000.

10379 1889-CC VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (514/3915). NGC Census: (284/2392). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10380 1889-CC VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (580/3334). NGC Census: (266/2126). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10381 1889-CC VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (579/3316). NGC Census: (266/2122). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10382 1889-CC VF30 PCGS. PCGS Population: (581/3331). NGC Census: (266/2124). Mintage 350,000. NGC ID# 2559, PCGS# 7190

10383 1889-CC — Glue Residue, Cleaned — ANACS. VF30 Details. NGC Census: (266/2126). PCGS Population: (580/3335). Mintage 350,000.



10384 1889-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1718/236). NGC Census: (993/60). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,875,000. NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

10385 1889-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1726/231). NGC Census: (990/59). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,875,000. NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

10386 1889-O MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1725/230 and 145/18+). NGC Census: (994/59 and 31/1+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,875,000. NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

10387 1889-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1724/236 and 145/18+). NGC Census: (993/60 and 31/1+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,875,000. NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

10388 1889-O MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1726/231 and 146/18+). NGC Census: (990/59 and 31/1+). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,875,000. NGC ID# 255A, PCGS# 7192

10389 1889-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2286/807). NGC Census: (1356/269). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 700,000. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194

10390 1889-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2283/805 and 93/36+). NGC Census: (1354/269 and 16/1+). CDN: \$560 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 700,000. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194

10391 1889-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (717/89). NGC Census: (240/29). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 700,000.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194

10392 1889-S MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (717/89). NGC Census: (240/29). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 700,000. NGC ID# 255B, PCGS# 7194

10393 1890 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (287/7). PCGS Population: (614/5). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,802,590. NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

10394 1890 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (632/5). NGC Census: (287/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,802,590. NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

10395 1890 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (628/5). NGC Census: (287/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,802,590. NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

10396 1890 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (632/5). NGC Census: (287/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,802,590. NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

10397 1890 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (632/5). NGC Census: (287/7). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 16,802,590. NGC ID# 255C, PCGS# 7196

10398 1890-CC MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (1434/2643). PCGS Population: (2541/6294). Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10399 1890-CC MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2544/6283). NGC Census: (1435/2642). Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10400 1890-CC MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (1435/2642). PCGS Population: (2550/6293). Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10401 1890-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3643/2650). NGC Census: (1573/1070). CDN: \$890 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10402 1890-CC MS63 ANACS. NGC Census: (1573/1070). PCGS Population: (3644/2651). CDN: \$890 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10403 1890-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3644/2651). NGC Census: (1573/1070). CDN: \$890 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10404 1890-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3648/2655). NGC Census: (1573/1070). CDN: \$890 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10405 1890-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (986/84). PCGS Population: (2315/362). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10406 1890-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (985/84). PCGS Population: (2290/360). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10407 1890-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2291/360). NGC Census: (986/84). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,309,041. NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 7198

10408 1890-CC MS62 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (201/548). NGC Census: (96/259). NGC ID# 45YV, PCGS# 97199

10409 1890-CC MS63 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (308/241). NGC Census: (138/121). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 45YV, PCGS# 97199

10410 1890-CC Tail Bar AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/382). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 87198 Base PCGS# 7198

10411 1890-CC Tail Bar, VAM-4, Top 100, AU58 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (21/200). PCGS Population: (4/23). NGC ID# 255D, PCGS# 133934 Base PCGS# 87198



10412 1890-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (681/27). NGC Census: (200/3). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,701,000. **From The Stichter Collection.** NGC ID# 255E, PCGS# 7200

10413 1890-O MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (202/3). PCGS Population: (684/27). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,701,000. NGC ID# 255E, PCGS# 7200

10414 1891 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2033/177). NGC Census: (1195/113). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,694,206. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

10415 1891 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2032/178). NGC Census: (1196/113). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,694,206. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

10416 1891 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2029/177 and 113/7+). NGC Census: (1194/113 and 22/2+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,694,206. NGC ID# 255G, PCGS# 7204

10417 1891-CC MS61 ANACS. NGC Census: (485/4146). PCGS Population: (1058/12839). Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10418 1891-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5316/4194). NGC Census: (1665/1300). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10419 1891-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5316/4194). NGC Census: (1665/1300). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10420 1891-CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5316/4194). NGC Census: (1665/1300). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10421 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3503/676). NGC Census: (1169/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10422 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3513/681). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10423 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3513/681). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10424 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3519/682). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10425 1891-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1167/133). PCGS Population: (3513/681). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10426 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3513/681). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10427 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3519/682). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10428 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3519/682). NGC Census: (1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10429 1891-CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1167/133). PCGS Population: (3513/681). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H, PCGS# 7206

10430 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS
Population: (3506/678). NGC Census:
(1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H,
PCGS# 7206

10431 1891-CC MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS
Population: (3513/681). NGC Census:
(1167/133). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 1,618,000. NGC ID# 255H,
PCGS# 7206

**10432 1891-CC MS61 Deep Mirror
Prooflike PCGS. PCGS** Population:
(31/296). NGC Census: (20/142). NGC
ID# 255H, PCGS# 97207

**10433 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-3,
Top 100, MS62 NGC. NGC** Census:
(1179/1592). PCGS Population:
(86/227). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS#
133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**10434 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-
3, Top 100, MS63 NGC. NGC** Census:
(1044/548). PCGS Population:
(126/101). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS#
133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**10435 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-
3, Top 100, MS63 NGC. NGC** Census:
(1049/547). PCGS Population:
(131/107). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS#
133937 Base PCGS# 7206

**10436 1891-CC Spitting Eagle, VAM-
3, Top 100, MS63 NGC. NGC** Census:
(1049/547). PCGS Population:
(131/107). NGC ID# 255H, PCGS#
133937 Base PCGS# 7206



10437 1891-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (1622/117). NGC Census:
(1053/69). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 7,954,529. NGC ID# 255J,
PCGS# 7208

10438 1891-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (1615/115). NGC Census:
(1048/69). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 7,954,529. NGC ID# 255J,
PCGS# 7208

10439 1892 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population:
(1540/316). NGC Census: (816/102).
CDN: \$980 Whsle. Bid for problem-free
NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,037,245.
NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7212

10440 1892 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population:
(1544/316). NGC Census: (816/102).
CDN: \$980 Whsle. Bid for problem-free
NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,037,245.
NGC ID# 255L, PCGS# 7212

10441 1892 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC
Census: (816/102). PCGS Population:
(1541/316). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 1,037,245. NGC ID# 255L,
PCGS# 7212

10442 1892 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS
Population: (1541/316). NGC Census:
(816/102). CDN: \$980 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 1,037,245. NGC ID# 255L,
PCGS# 7212

10443 1892 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS
Population: (1541/316). NGC Census:
(816/102). CDN: \$980 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 1,037,245. NGC ID# 255L,
PCGS# 7212

10444 1892 MS63 Prooflike PCGS. CAC.
PCGS Population: (33/31). NGC
Census: (17/37). NGC ID# 255L,
PCGS# 7213

10445 1892-CC AU50 NGC. NGC
Census: (75/4541). PCGS Population:
(161/7718). CDN: \$570 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50.
Mintage 1,352,000. NGC ID# 255M,
PCGS# 7214

10446 1892-CC AU53 NGC. NGC Census:
(121/4420). PCGS Population:
(198/7526). Mintage 1,352,000. NGC
ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

10447 1892-CC AU53 NGC. NGC Census:
(120/4418). PCGS Population:
(196/7502). Mintage 1,352,000. NGC
ID# 255M, PCGS# 7214

10448 1892-CC AU58 NGC. NGC Census:
(275/3916). PCGS Population:
(342/6901). CDN: \$880 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58.
Mintage 1,352,000. NGC ID# 255M,
PCGS# 7214

10449 1892-CC AU58 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (342/6901). NGC Census:
(275/3916). CDN: \$880 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58.
Mintage 1,352,000. NGC ID# 255M,
PCGS# 7214

10450 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10451 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10452 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10453 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10454 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10455 1892-O MS64 NGC. NGC Census:
(1438/85). PCGS Population:
(2227/230). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10456 1892-O MS64 PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2227/230). NGC Census:
(1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid
for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64.
Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N,
PCGS# 7216

10457 1892-O MS64+ PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2214/230 and 158/12+).
NGC Census: (1438/85 and 44/4+).
CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free
NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,744,000.
NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

10458 1892-O MS64+ PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2214/230 and 158/12+).
NGC Census: (1438/85 and 44/4+).
CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free
NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,744,000.
NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

10459 1892-O MS64+ PCGS. PCGS
Population: (2217/230 and 157/12+).
NGC Census: (1438/85 and 44/4+).
CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free
NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,744,000.
NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216



10460 1892-O MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2217/230). NGC Census: (1438/85). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

10461 1892-O MS64+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1437/85 and 45/4+). PCGS Population: (2202/229 and 150/11+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,744,000. NGC ID# 255N, PCGS# 7216

10462 1892-S AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (464/865). NGC Census: (360/789). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,200,000. NGC ID# 255P, PCGS# 7218

10463 1892-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (359/790). PCGS Population: (465/868). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,200,000.

10464 1893 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. uNC. NGC Census: (37/2125). PCGS Population: (46/3857). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 389,792. *From The Mile High Collection.*

10465 1893 — Questionable Color — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (37/2125). PCGS Population: (46/3854). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 389,792.

10466 1893 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (808/2820). NGC Census: (479/1429). Mintage 389,792. NGC ID# 255R, PCGS# 7220

10467 1893 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1334/1486). NGC Census: (683/746). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 389,792. NGC ID# 255R, PCGS# 7220

10468 1893-CC — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (203/2094). PCGS Population: (361/4179). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 677,000. NGC ID# 255S, PCGS# 7222

10469 1893-O XF45 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (439/2338). NGC Census: (299/1770). Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

10470 1893-O AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (151/1612). PCGS Population: (279/2035). CDN: \$685 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

10471 1893-O AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (287/1771). NGC Census: (252/1368). Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

10472 1893-O AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (285/1776). NGC Census: (252/1366). Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

10473 1893-O AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (319/1049). PCGS Population: (423/1348). Mintage 300,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 255T, PCGS# 7224

10474 1893-S — Rim Damage — PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (297/2533). PCGS Population: (333/5496). Mintage 100,000.

10475 1893-S — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (297/2535). PCGS Population: (333/5496). Mintage 100,000.

10476 1893-S — Cleaned — PCGS Genuine. Good Details. NGC Census: (297/2536). PCGS Population: (334/5499). Mintage 100,000. NGC ID# 255U, PCGS# 7226

10477 1894 Fine 12 NGC. NGC Census: (88/3247). PCGS Population: (83/4853). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS Fine 12. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10478 1894 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (60/3127). PCGS Population: (91/4615). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 110,972.

10479 1894 VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92/4639). NGC Census: (61/3130). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10480 1894 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. VF Details. NGC Census: (61/3134). PCGS Population: (92/4644). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 110,972.

10481 1894 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (281/4003). NGC Census: (129/2775). Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10482 1894 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (281/4006). NGC Census: (129/2775). Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10483 1894 — Cleaned — ANACS. XF40 Details. NGC Census: (219/2556). PCGS Population: (383/3620). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10484 1894 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (219/2555). PCGS Population: (383/3625). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 110,972.

10485 1894 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (603/3017). NGC Census: (345/2211). Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10486 1894 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (164/2042). PCGS Population: (337/2684). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 110,972.

10487 1894 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (165/2045). PCGS Population: (337/2687). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 110,972.

10488 1894 — Improperly Cleaned — NCS. AU Details. NGC Census: (165/2045). PCGS Population: (337/2683). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10489 1894 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (365/1435). PCGS Population: (506/1844). Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10490 1894 — Cleaned — ANACS. MS60 Details. NGC Census: (60/897). PCGS Population: (55/1263). CDN: \$2,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 110,972. NGC ID# 255V, PCGS# 7228

10491 1894-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (74/1893). PCGS Population: (69/3412). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,260,000.

10492 1894-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (569/1028). PCGS Population: (847/2282). Mintage 1,260,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232



10493 1894-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1200/1082). NGC Census: (574/454). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,260,000. NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7232

10494 1894-S MS61 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (20/95). NGC Census: (17/107). NGC ID# 255X, PCGS# 7233

10495 1895-O AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (425/1918). PCGS Population: (657/1760). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 450,000. NGC ID# 255Y, PCGS# 7236

10496 1895-S XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (118/1269). PCGS Population: (236/2159). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

10497 1895-S XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (265/1894). NGC Census: (151/1118). Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

10498 1895-S AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (59/1061). PCGS Population: (115/1761). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

10499 1895-S — Obverse Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (61/1057). PCGS Population: (117/1779). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000.

10500 1895-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (61/1057). PCGS Population: (117/1779). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 400,000.

10501 1895-S AU53 ANACS. NGC Census: (95/962). PCGS Population: (146/1632). Mintage 400,000. NGC ID# 255Z, PCGS# 7238

10502 1896 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1687/218). NGC Census: (894/67). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,976,762. NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7240

10503 1896 MS66 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (877/67 and 35/9*). PCGS Population: (1665/216 and 35/9*). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,976,762. NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7240

10504 1896 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1700/218 and 401/24+). NGC Census: (894/67 and 64/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,976,762. NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7240

10505 1896 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1700/218 and 401/24+). NGC Census: (894/67 and 64/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,976,762. NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7240

10506 1896 MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/1). NGC Census: (11/1). NGC ID# 2562, PCGS# 7241

10507 1897 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (398/37). NGC Census: (153/11). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,822,731. NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246

10508 1897 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (153/11). PCGS Population: (405/40). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,822,731. NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246

10509 1897 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (405/41). NGC Census: (153/11). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,822,731. NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246

10510 1897 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (405/40). NGC Census: (153/11). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,822,731. NGC ID# 27P5, PCGS# 7246

10511 1897 Pitted Reverse, VAM-6A, Top-100, MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 133946 Base PCGS# 7246

10512 1897-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (649/346). NGC Census: (524/627). Mintage 4,004,000. NGC ID# 2565, PCGS# 7248

10513 1897-S MS65 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (147/46). NGC Census: (100/23). Mintage 5,825,000. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 7251

10514 1898 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (752/106). NGC Census: (496/16). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,884,735. NGC ID# 2568, PCGS# 7252

10515 1898 MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/2). NGC Census: (11/3). NGC ID# 2568, PCGS# 7253

10516 1898 MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (66/16). NGC Census: (32/4). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. NGC ID# 2568, PCGS# 97253



10517 1898-O MS66 Deep Mirror Prooflike ANACS. NGC Census: (11/1). PCGS Population: (45/3). NGC ID# 2569, PCGS# 97255

10518 1898-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (455/89). NGC Census: (112/10). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,102,000.

From The Stichter Collection. NGC ID# 256A, PCGS# 7256

10519 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1302/313). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10520 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10521 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10522 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10523 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10524 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10525 1899 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1310/314). NGC Census: (616/76). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 330,846. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7258

10526 1899 MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (87/63). NGC Census: (45/24). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 256B, PCGS# 97259

10527 1899-O MS64 ★ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (26259/9426 and 32/20*). PCGS Population: (24329/9829 and 32/20*). CDN: \$70 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 12,290,000. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7260

10528 1899-O MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1429/145 and 94/9+). NGC Census: (1149/114 and 25/1+). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,290,000. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7260

10529 1899-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1435/144 and 94/9+). NGC Census: (1153/113 and 26/1+). CDN: \$255 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,290,000. NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 7260

10530 1899-O Micro O AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/7). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 87260 Base PCGS# 87260

10531 1899-O Micro O, VAM-4, Top-100, MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/5). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 256C, PCGS# 133947 Base PCGS# 87260

10532 1899-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1291/615). NGC Census: (679/193). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,562,000. NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262

10533 1899-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1291/608). NGC Census: (678/193). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,562,000. NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262

10534 1899-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1291/615). NGC Census: (679/193). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,562,000. NGC ID# 256D, PCGS# 7262

10535 1900 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (777/46 and 113/4+). NGC Census: (603/46 and 39/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264

10536 1900 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (777/46). NGC Census: (603/46). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264

10537 1900 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (769/46 and 108/4+). NGC Census: (597/45 and 38/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264

10538 1900 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (776/46 and 113/4+). NGC Census: (602/46 and 39/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264

10539 1900 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (770/46 and 111/4+). NGC Census: (600/46 and 39/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264



10540 1900 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (779/45 and 114/5+). NGC Census: (603/46 and 39/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,830,912. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7264

10541 1900-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1081/72 and 123/4+). NGC Census: (968/74 and 26/2+). CDN: \$360 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 12,590,000. NGC ID# 256F, PCGS# 7266

10542 1900-O/CC MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1651/2809). NGC Census: (772/985). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. NGC ID# 256G, PCGS# 7268

10543 1900-O/CC MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (788/200). PCGS Population: (1893/899). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 256G, PCGS# 7268

10544 1900-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1779/724). NGC Census: (909/207). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10545 1900-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (908/208). PCGS Population: (1786/716). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10546 1900-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1779/724 and 63/32+). NGC Census: (909/207 and 15/4+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10547 1900-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1779/724 and 63/32+). NGC Census: (909/207 and 15/4+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10548 1900-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1779/724 and 63/32+). NGC Census: (909/207 and 15/4+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10549 1900-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (599/122). NGC Census: (179/27). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 3,540,000. NGC ID# 256H, PCGS# 7270

10550 1901 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1153/737). NGC Census: (1433/701). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 6,962,813. NGC ID# 256J, PCGS# 7272

10551 1901-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (356/1236). PCGS Population: (509/2410). Mintage 2,284,000. NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

10552 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1084/1327). NGC Census: (533/700). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,284,000. NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

10553 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1094/1317). NGC Census: (536/703). CDN: \$740 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,284,000. NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

10554 1901-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (995/322). NGC Census: (601/102). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,284,000. NGC ID# 256L, PCGS# 7276

10555 1902 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (582/33). NGC Census: (181/17). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 7,994,777. NGC ID# 256M, PCGS# 7278

10556 1902-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (840/934). PCGS Population: (1528/1916). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10557 1902-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (819/116). PCGS Population: (1521/398). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10558 1902-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (820/117). PCGS Population: (1516/396). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10559 1902-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (818/116). PCGS Population: (1518/398). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10560 1902-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (818/116). PCGS Population: (1518/398). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10561 1902-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1513/398 and 64/18+). NGC Census: (818/116 and 12/1+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,530,000. NGC ID# 256P, PCGS# 7282

10562 1903 MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1029/96 and 76/3+). NGC Census: (491/104 and 18/1+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,652,755. NGC ID# 256R, PCGS# 7284



10563 1903 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1029/96 and 76/3+). NGC Census: (491/104 and 18/1+). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,652,755. NGC ID# 256R, PCGS# 7284

10564 1903-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2323/769). NGC Census: (1382/388). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

10565 1903-O MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2319/764). NGC Census: (1381/387). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

10566 1903-O MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1381/387). PCGS Population: (2322/769). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

10567 1903-O MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (681/83). NGC Census: (341/46). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

10568 1903-O MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (685/84). NGC Census: (342/46). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 4,450,000. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7286

10569 1903-O MS64 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (54/33). NGC Census: (49/17). NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 7287

10570 1903-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/17). NGC Census: (12/5). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 97287

10571 1903-O MS64 Deep Mirror Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/17). NGC Census: (12/5). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. NGC ID# 256S, PCGS# 97287

10572 1903-S AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (128/470). PCGS Population: (141/850). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,241,000. NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 7288

10573 1903-S — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (4/274). PCGS Population: (2/654). CDN: \$4,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,241,000.

10574 1903-S Micro S, VAM-2, Top 100, VF35 ANACS. NGC Census: (6/36). PCGS Population: (15/27). NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 133967 Base PCGS# 7306

10575 1903-S Micro S, VAM-2, Top 100, XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/13). NGC Census: (5/31). NGC ID# 256T, PCGS# 133967 Base PCGS# 7306

10576 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1512/335). NGC Census: (1022/108). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,788,650. NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290

10577 1904 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (100/8). PCGS Population: (304/26). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,788,650. NGC ID# 256U, PCGS# 7290

10578 1904-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (960/48 and 94/0+). NGC Census: (1547/101 and 45/1+). CDN: \$320 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,720,000. NGC ID# 256V, PCGS# 7292

10579 1904-O MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (983/48 and 102/0+). NGC Census: (1553/102 and 51/1+). CDN: \$300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,720,000. NGC ID# 256V, PCGS# 7292

10580 1904-O MS66 Prooflike PCGS. PCGS Population: (88/1). NGC Census: (55/4). NGC ID# 256V, PCGS# 7293

10581 1921 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (521/13). NGC Census: (613/11). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 44,690,000. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

10582 1921 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (518/13). NGC Census: (613/11). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 44,690,000. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

10583 1921 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (520/13 and 88/0+). NGC Census: (613/11 and 10/0+). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 44,690,000. NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 7296

10584 1921 Wide Reeding, Top 100, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 256X, PCGS# 133969 Base PCGS# 7296

10585 1921-D MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (269/8). PCGS Population: (388/10). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298



10586 1921-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (388/10). NGC Census: (269/8). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

10587 1921-D MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (266/9). PCGS Population: (401/10). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

10588 1921-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (398/10). NGC Census: (266/9). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

10589 1921-D MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (399/10). NGC Census: (267/9). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

10590 1921-D MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (398/10). NGC Census: (266/9). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,345,000. NGC ID# 256Y, PCGS# 7298

10591 1921-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (762/60). PCGS Population: (1094/85). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10592 1921-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (762/60). PCGS Population: (1094/85). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10593 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1115/88). NGC Census: (760/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10594 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1116/88). NGC Census: (761/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10595 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1103/88). NGC Census: (760/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10596 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1116/88). NGC Census: (761/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10597 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1088/85). NGC Census: (764/60). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10598 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1116/88). NGC Census: (761/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

10599 1921-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1116/88). NGC Census: (761/60). CDN: \$1,425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 21,695,000. NGC ID# 256Z, PCGS# 7300

PEACE DOLLARS

10600 1921 MS63 PCGS. Accompanied by a copy of a Breen letter where he "unhesitatingly declare(s) it an authentic satin finish proof." He goes on to point out evidence of double striking and irregular curved striations through LIBERTY and the right reverse fields near the borders. The coin is indeed strongly struck, the strongest we have seen in several years. The surfaces are bright and satiny with a few contact marks scattered about that explain the grade. PCGS Population: (4276/5867). NGC Census: (3182/4875). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10601 1921 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4277/1572). NGC Census: (3562/1308). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10602 1921 High Relief, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4292/1575). NGC Census: (3566/1309). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10603 1921 High Relief, MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3566/1309). PCGS Population: (4292/1575). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10604 1921 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4255/1565). NGC Census: (3560/1307). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10605 1921 High Relief, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4292/1575). NGC Census: (3566/1309). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10606 1921 High Relief, MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (4292/1575 and 153/38+). NGC Census: (3566/1309 and 80/45+). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10607 1921 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (4255/1565). NGC Census: (3560/1307). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10608 1921 High Relief, MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (4292/1575). NGC Census: (3566/1309). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356

10609 1921 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1380/185). NGC Census: (1180/127). CDN: \$1,810 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,006,473. NGC ID# 2U4E, PCGS# 7356



10610 1922 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (853/29). NGC Census: (1455/36). CDN: \$535 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 51,737,000. NGC ID# 257C, PCGS# 7357

10611 1922-D MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (240/14). PCGS Population: (208/3). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 15,063,000. NGC ID# 257D, PCGS# 7358

10612 1922-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (394/11). NGC Census: (262/16). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 17,475,000. NGC ID# 257E, PCGS# 7359

10613 1923 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2254/64 and 174/0+). NGC Census: (3173/103 and 66/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 30,800,000. NGC ID# AMPA, PCGS# 7360

10614 1923 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2268/64 and 177/0+). NGC Census: (3172/103 and 66/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 30,800,000. NGC ID# AMPA, PCGS# 7360

10615 1923 MS66+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (3172/102 and 68/0+). PCGS Population: (2281/64 and 178/0+). CDN: \$400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 30,800,000. NGC ID# AMPA, PCGS# 7360

10616 1923 Bar Wing, VAM-1'O', MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/0). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 257E, PCGS# 133758 Base PCGS# 7360

10617 1923-D MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (493/99). NGC Census: (243/27). CDN: \$1,120 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 6,811,000. NGC ID# 257G, PCGS# 7361

10618 1923-S MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2150/151 and 147/2+). NGC Census: (1833/82 and 29/1+). CDN: \$330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 19,020,000. NGC ID# 257H, PCGS# 7362

10619 1924 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (730/35). NGC Census: (1302/92). CDN: \$530 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 11,811,000. NGC ID# 257J, PCGS# 7363

10620 1924-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1334/96). NGC Census: (877/76). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,728,000. NGC ID# 257K, PCGS# 7364

10621 1925 MS66+ NGC. NGC Census: (1774/82 and 79/2+). PCGS Population: (1915/114 and 171/1+). CDN: \$520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 10,198,000. NGC ID# 257L, PCGS# 7365

10622 1925 MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1915/114 and 171/1+). NGC Census: (1774/82 and 79/2+). CDN: \$520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 10,198,000. NGC ID# 257L, PCGS# 7365

10623 1925-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1983/41). NGC Census: (1608/67). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10624 1925-S MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (1606/67 and 88/2+). PCGS Population: (1992/41 and 172/0+). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10625 1925-S MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (1608/66 and 88/2+). PCGS Population: (1994/41 and 173/0+). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10626 1925-S MS64 PCGS Secure. CAC. PCGS Population: (1983/41 and 170/0+). NGC Census: (1608/67 and 88/2+). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10627 1925-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1994/41). NGC Census: (1608/66). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10628 1925-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1994/41). NGC Census: (1608/66). CDN: \$720 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,610,000. NGC ID# 257M, PCGS# 7366

10629 1926 MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1406/224 and 37/12+). NGC Census: (748/55 and 9/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,939,000. NGC ID# 257N, PCGS# 7367

10630 1926-D MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (772/220). NGC Census: (471/118). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,348,700. NGC ID# 257P, PCGS# 7368

10631 1927 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2068/374). NGC Census: (1085/126). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 848,000. NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370

10632 1927 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2068/374). NGC Census: (1085/126). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 848,000. NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370



10633 1927 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2069/374). NGC Census: (1086/126). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 848,000. NGC ID# 257S, PCGS# 7370

10634 1927-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1531/87). NGC Census: (1049/81). CDN: \$1,070 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 866,000.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 26J6, PCGS# 7372

10635 1927-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1531/85). NGC Census: (1049/81). CDN: \$1,070 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 866,000. NGC ID# 26J6, PCGS# 7372

10636 1927-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1531/87). NGC Census: (1049/81). CDN: \$1,070 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 866,000. NGC ID# 26J6, PCGS# 7372

10637 1927-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1528/83 and 118/4+). NGC Census: (1056/82 and 50/1+). CDN: \$1,070 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 866,000. NGC ID# 26J6, PCGS# 7372

10638 1928 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2521/2342). NGC Census: (1600/1111). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10639 1928 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2521/2342). NGC Census: (1600/1111). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10640 1928 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1990/331). NGC Census: (993/117). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10641 1928 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2002/339). NGC Census: (992/117). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10642 1928 MS64 ANACS. NGC Census: (998/118). PCGS Population: (2005/341). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10643 1928 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (993/117). PCGS Population: (1987/340). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 360,649. NGC ID# 257V, PCGS# 7373

10644 1928-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1279/43). PCGS Population: (2005/61). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10645 1928-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2016/61). NGC Census: (1276/43). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10646 1928-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2008/61). NGC Census: (1277/43). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10647 1928-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2016/61). NGC Census: (1276/43). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10648 1928-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2016/61). NGC Census: (1276/43). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10649 1928-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2018/61). NGC Census: (1277/43). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10650 1928-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2011/61 and 217/1+). NGC Census: (1279/43 and 52/0+). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10651 1928-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2019/61 and 217/1+). NGC Census: (1276/43 and 53/0+). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10652 1928-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2019/61 and 217/1+). NGC Census: (1276/43 and 53/0+). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,632,000. NGC ID# 257W, PCGS# 7374

10653 1934-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (534/2122). NGC Census: (452/1259). Mintage 1,011,000. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

10654 1934-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (533/2120). NGC Census: (450/1261). Mintage 1,011,000. NGC ID# 257Z, PCGS# 7377

10655 1935 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (734/76). PCGS Population: (1009/222). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10656 1935 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (989/219). NGC Census: (737/76). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10657 1935 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1006/220). NGC Census: (734/76). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10658 1935 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1006/220). NGC Census: (734/76). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10659 1935 MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1006/220 and 29/31+). NGC Census: (734/76 and 6/1+). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10660 1935 MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1006/220 and 29/31+). NGC Census: (734/76 and 6/1+). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10661 1935 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1006/220). NGC Census: (734/76). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10662 1935 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1006/220). NGC Census: (734/76). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,576,000. NGC ID# 2582, PCGS# 7378

10663 1935-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1569/912). NGC Census: (914/481). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,964,000. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

10664 1935-S MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1569/912). NGC Census: (914/481). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,964,000. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

10665 1935-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (756/156). NGC Census: (415/66). CDN: \$1,220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,964,000. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

10666 1935-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (756/156). NGC Census: (415/66). CDN: \$1,220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,964,000. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

10667 1935-S MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (756/156 and 48/7+). NGC Census: (415/66 and 4/1+). CDN: \$1,220 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 1,964,000. NGC ID# 2583, PCGS# 7379

EISENHOWER DOLLARS



10668 1971 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (76/0). NGC Census: (39/0). Mintage 47,799,000. NGC ID# 2584, PCGS# 7406

10669 1972 Type Two MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (23/0). PCGS Population: (99/8). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 2587, PCGS# 97409

10670 1972 Type Three MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/0). NGC Census: (20/0). Mintage 75,890,000. NGC ID# 2587, PCGS# 7409

10671 1973 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (129/0). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 2,000,056. NGC ID# 258A, PCGS# 7412

10672 1973 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (129/0). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 2,000,056. NGC ID# 258A, PCGS# 7412

10673 1973 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (130/0). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 2,000,056. NGC ID# 258A, PCGS# 7412

10674 1973 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (130/0). NGC Census: (31/1). Mintage 2,000,056. NGC ID# 258A, PCGS# 7412

10675 1973-D MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (334/12 and 20/0+). NGC Census: (73/3 and 0/0+). Mintage 2,000,000. NGC ID# 258B, PCGS# 7413

10676 1974 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (174/1). NGC Census: (61/1). Mintage 27,366,000. NGC ID# 258D, PCGS# 7415

10677 1976-D Type One MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (321/6 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (266/7 and 0/0+). Mintage 21,048,710. NGC ID# B76N, PCGS# 7420

10678 1978-D MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (594/2 and 30/0+). NGC Census: (581/4 and 0/0+). Mintage 33,012,890. NGC ID# 258R, PCGS# 7426

10679 1978-D MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (595/2 and 32/0+). NGC Census: (581/4 and 0/0+). Mintage 33,012,890. NGC ID# 258R, PCGS# 7426

PROOF EISENHOWER DOLLARS

10680 1971-S Silver PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (75). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 258S, PCGS# 97428

10681 1974-S Silver PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (60). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 258V, PCGS# 97433

10682 1974-S Silver PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (61). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 258V, PCGS# 97433

10683 1974-S Silver, Miles Standish Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (8). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 536578 Base PCGS# 97433

10684 1977-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (88). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 282C, PCGS# 97437

10685 1977-S Miles Standish Signature PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (8). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 537050 Base PCGS# 97437

10686 1978-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (101). NGC Census: (10). NGC ID# 282D, PCGS# 97438

10687 1978-S PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (101). NGC Census: (10). NGC ID# 282D, PCGS# 97438

10688 1978-S Miles Standish Signature PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (9). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 537175 Base PCGS# 97438

SUSAN B. ANTHONY DOLLARS

10689 1979-P Wide Rim MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (15/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 2593, PCGS# 99571

10690 1981-S MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (4/0). PCGS Population: (2/0). Mintage 3,492,000. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 259B, PCGS# 9580

10691 1999-D Susan B. Anthony MS67 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (822/116). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 27VY, PCGS# 9582

SACAGAWEA DOLLARS

10692 2001-P MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 5JVZ, PCGS# 15000

10693 2003-P MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (10/0). PCGS Population: (25/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 282T, PCGS# 15015

10694 2004-P MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/0). NGC Census: (3/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 282V, PCGS# 15018

10695 2006-P Sacagawea MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 2833, PCGS# 15022

10696 2009-P Native American, Position B, MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/0). NGC Census: (200/24). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 283F, PCGS# 406936

PRESIDENTIAL DOLLARS

10697 2008-P James Monroe Position B, First Day Of Issue, MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 25A2, PCGS# 394653 Base PCGS# 394652

10698 2008-D James Monroe Position B, First Day Of Issue, MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (6/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 25A3, PCGS# 394658 Base PCGS# 394656

10699 2009-D John Tyler Position A Satin Finish SP69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 285D, PCGS# 407392 Base PCGS# 24451

10700 2009-P James K. Polk, Position A Satin Finish, MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 285G, PCGS# 409719 Base PCGS# 24451

10701 2009-D James K. Polk, Position B Satin Finish SP69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (17/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* PCGS# 409722 Base PCGS# 24451

PROOF PRESIDENTIAL DOLLAR



10702 2015-P Harry S. Truman, First Strike, Reverse Proof, PR70 PCGS. Ex: Chronicles Set. PCGS Population: (103). NGC Census: (0). *From The Mile High Collection.* PCGS# 545176 Base PCGS# 545177

GOLD DOLLARS

10703 1849 Open Wreath MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (271/500). NGC Census: (416/565). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 687,500. NGC ID# 25BA, PCGS# 7502

10704 1849 Open Wreath MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (416/564). PCGS Population: (269/513). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 687,500. NGC ID# 25BA, PCGS# 7502

10705 1849 Closed Wreath MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (262/302). PCGS Population: (255/258). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 687,500. NGC ID# 25BA, PCGS# 7502

10706 1849-O Open Wreath AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (65/155). NGC Census: (197/339). CDN: \$540 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 215,000. NGC ID# 25BE, PCGS# 7508

10707 1849-O Open Wreath MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/119). NGC Census: (121/191). Mintage 215,000. NGC ID# 25BE, PCGS# 7508

10708 1850 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/21). NGC Census: (36/16). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 481,953. NGC ID# 25BF, PCGS# 7509

10709 1850-O AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (22/50). NGC Census: (26/152). Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 25BJ, PCGS# 7512

10710 1851 MS63+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (598/561 and 3/12+). PCGS Population: (522/469 and 1/13+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,317,671. NGC ID# 25BK, PCGS# 7513

10711 1851-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (64/117). NGC Census: (158/104). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 290,000. NGC ID# 25BN, PCGS# 7516

10712 1852-O MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (51/30). PCGS Population: (35/21). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 140,000. NGC ID# 25BT, PCGS# 7520

10713 1853 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (878/254). PCGS Population: (656/229). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,076,051. NGC ID# 25BU, PCGS# 7521

10714 1853-C — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (4/126). PCGS Population: (7/92). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 11,515.

10715 1853-C — Cleaned, Obv Scratched — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (5/113). PCGS Population: (8/68). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 11,515.

10716 1853-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (5/113). PCGS Population: (8/68). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 11,515.

10717 1853-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (280/430). PCGS Population: (61/243). Mintage 290,000. NGC ID# 25BX, PCGS# 7524

10718 1853-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (280/430). PCGS Population: (60/247). Mintage 290,000. NGC ID# 25BX, PCGS# 7524

10719 1853-O MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (60/247). NGC Census: (280/430). Mintage 290,000. NGC ID# 25BX, PCGS# 7524

10720 1854 Type One MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (192/52). NGC Census: (307/83). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 855,502. NGC ID# 25BY, PCGS# 7525

10721 1854 Type Two AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (563/1282). NGC Census: (2358/1621). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10722 1854 Type Two AU58 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (2360/1622). PCGS Population: (566/1284). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10723 1854 Type Two — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (78/1544). PCGS Population: (48/1235). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 783,943.

10724 1854 Type Two MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (730/815). PCGS Population: (224/1004). Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10725 1854 Type Two MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (730/815). PCGS Population: (224/1004). Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10726 1854 Type Two MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (226/1008). NGC Census: (729/815). Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10727 1854 Type Two MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (729/815). PCGS Population: (226/1009). Mintage 783,943. NGC ID# 25C3, PCGS# 7531

10728 1855 Type Two AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (1985/1537). PCGS Population: (503/1307). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 758,269. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

10729 1855 Type Two AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (501/1305). NGC Census: (1985/1537). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 758,269. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

10730 1855 Type Two AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (501/1305). NGC Census: (1985/1537). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 758,269. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

10731 1855 Type Two MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (218/1055). NGC Census: (591/882). Mintage 758,269. NGC ID# 25C4, PCGS# 7532

10732 1855-O — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU. NGC Census: (36/406). PCGS Population: (60/232). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 55,000.



10733 1856 Slanted 5 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (90/28). NGC Census: (71/22). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,762,936. NGC ID# 25CB, PCGS# 7540

10734 1857-C PCGS Genuine. The PCGS number ending in .92 suggests cleaning as the reason, or perhaps one of the reasons, that PCGS deemed this coin not gradable. Mintage 13,280.

10735 1857-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. XF. NGC Census: (6/134). PCGS Population: (27/108). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 13,280.

10736 1857-C — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (14/113). PCGS Population: (33/44). CDN: \$2,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 13,280.

10737 1860 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15/82). NGC Census: (40/87). Mintage 36,668. NGC ID# 25CR, PCGS# 7555

10738 1860-S AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/86). NGC Census: (7/120). Mintage 13,000. NGC ID# 25CT, PCGS# 7557

10739 1861 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (116/53). NGC Census: (126/44). CDN: \$1,325 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 527,499. NGC ID# 25CU, PCGS# 7558

10740 1862 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (555/443). NGC Census: (466/484). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,361,390. NGC ID# 25CW, PCGS# 7560

10741 1866 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (14/46). PCGS Population: (5/64). Mintage 7,130. NGC ID# 25D2, PCGS# 7565

10742 1867 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (10/59). NGC Census: (18/41). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 5,200. NGC ID# 25D3, PCGS# 7566

10743 1877 AU58 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (4/25). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,920. NGC ID# 25DF, PCGS# 77578

10744 1882 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45/152). NGC Census: (30/116). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 25DL, PCGS# 7583

10745 1882 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (45/152). NGC Census: (30/116). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 25DL, PCGS# 7583

10746 1883 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (130/304 and 3/16+). NGC Census: (85/179 and 0/12+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 10,800. NGC ID# 25DM, PCGS# 7584

10747 1883 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (84/220). NGC Census: (46/133). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,800. NGC ID# 25DM, PCGS# 7584

10748 1884 MS63 Prooflike NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (9/19). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,200. NGC ID# 25DN, PCGS# 77585

10749 1885 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (85/110). NGC Census: (72/134). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 11,100. NGC ID# 25DP, PCGS# 7586

10750 1886 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (105/156). NGC Census: (57/103). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 7HS8, PCGS# 7587

10751 1886 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (105/156). NGC Census: (57/103). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 7HS8, PCGS# 7587

10752 1886 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (56/47). PCGS Population: (87/68). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 7HS8, PCGS# 7587

10753 1887 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (67/254). PCGS Population: (133/312). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 7,500. NGC ID# 25DS, PCGS# 7588

10754 1887 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (131/181). NGC Census: (109/145). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 7,500. NGC ID# 25DS, PCGS# 7588

10755 1888 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (259/325). NGC Census: (207/215). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 15,501. NGC ID# 25DT, PCGS# 7589

10756 1889 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (458/812). PCGS Population: (581/1138). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 29,000. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590



10757 1889 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (281/197). PCGS Population: (392/236). CDN: \$1,120 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 29,000. NGC ID# 25DU, PCGS# 7590

CLASSIC QUARTER EAGLES

10758 1834 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (45/828). PCGS Population: (81/491). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 112,234.

10759 1834 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (45/826). PCGS Population: (81/494). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 112,234.

10760 1834 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (76/415). NGC Census: (92/736). Mintage 112,234. NGC ID# 25FS, PCGS# 7692

10761 1834 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (174/560). PCGS Population: (110/308). Mintage 112,234. NGC ID# 25FS, PCGS# 7692

10762 1834 — Scratched — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (27/261). PCGS Population: (14/195). CDN: \$3,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 112,234. NGC ID# 25FS, PCGS# 7692

10763 1835 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/81). NGC Census: (51/148). Mintage 131,402. NGC ID# 25FT, PCGS# 7693

10764 1837 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (42/93). PCGS Population: (23/31). Mintage 45,080. NGC ID# 25FX, PCGS# 7695

LIBERTY QUARTER EAGLES

10765 1840 VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8/53). NGC Census: (3/95). Mintage 18,800. NGC ID# 25GA, PCGS# 7717

10766 1847-D — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (15/107). PCGS Population: (18/72). CDN: \$2,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 15,784.

10767 1849 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/35). NGC Census: (15/97). Mintage 23,294. NGC ID# 25HD, PCGS# 7752

10768 1849-C — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (6/82). PCGS Population: (11/68). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 10,220.

10769 1851-C — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (1/108). PCGS Population: (4/99). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 14,923.

10770 1852 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (90/62). NGC Census: (79/62). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,159,681. NGC ID# 25HR, PCGS# 7763

10771 1853 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (122/85). NGC Census: (141/97). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,404,668. NGC ID# 25HV, PCGS# 7767

10772 1857-O AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (37/53). NGC Census: (42/145). Mintage 34,000. **From The Soluna Collection.** NGC ID# 25JE, PCGS# 7784

10773 1857-S AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (41/85). PCGS Population: (18/28). Mintage 69,200. NGC ID# 25JE, PCGS# 7785

10774 1859 Old Reverse, Type One, AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (56/45). PCGS Population: (13/19). CDN: \$295 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 25JK, PCGS# 97788

10775 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (458/727). PCGS Population: (139/584). Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 7794

10776 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (432/295). PCGS Population: (256/328). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 7794

10777 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (260/328). NGC Census: (432/296). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 7794

10778 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (258/328). NGC Census: (432/296). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 7794

10779 1861 New Reverse, Type Two, MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (186/142). NGC Census: (136/160). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,283,878. NGC ID# 25JX, PCGS# 7794

10780 1865-S XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/31). NGC Census: (17/53). Mintage 23,376. NGC ID# 25K6, PCGS# 7802

10781 1868 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/12). NGC Census: (70/24). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,625. NGC ID# 25KB, PCGS# 7807

10782 1868-S AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (16/138). PCGS Population: (18/53). Mintage 34,000. NGC ID# 25KC, PCGS# 7808

10783 1868-S AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/32). NGC Census: (38/100). Mintage 34,000. NGC ID# 25KC, PCGS# 7808

10784 1869 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (29/14). NGC Census: (58/27). CDN: \$1,175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,300. NGC ID# 25KD, PCGS# 7809

10785 1869-S AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12/67). NGC Census: (24/121). Mintage 29,500. NGC ID# 25KE, PCGS# 7810

10786 1870 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/11). NGC Census: (38/17). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 4,555. NGC ID# 25KE, PCGS# 7811

10787 1873-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (18/22). NGC Census: (53/19). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 27,000. NGC ID# 25KP, PCGS# 7820

10788 1874 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/25). NGC Census: (44/27). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 3,940. NGC ID# 7JS4, PCGS# 7821

10789 1877-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/81). NGC Census: (91/83). Mintage 35,400. NGC ID# 25KX, PCGS# 7827

10790 1877-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (49/32). NGC Census: (66/17). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 35,400. NGC ID# 25KX, PCGS# 7827

10791 1877-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (49/32). NGC Census: (66/17). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 35,400. NGC ID# 25KX, PCGS# 7827

10792 1878 MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (301/207 and 1/12+). NGC Census: (288/180 and 1/7+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 286,260. NGC ID# 25KY, PCGS# 7828



10793 1878 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (158/49). NGC Census: (141/38). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 286,260. NGC ID# 25KY, PCGS# 7828

10794 1879 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (120/93). NGC Census: (79/69). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 88,990. NGC ID# 25L2, PCGS# 7830

10795 1879 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/30). NGC Census: (49/20). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 88,990. NGC ID# 25L2, PCGS# 7830

10796 1884 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (5/66). PCGS Population: (3/35). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,950.

10797 1887 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (43/54). NGC Census: (34/27). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 6,160. NGC ID# 25LB, PCGS# 7839

10798 1888 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (59/26). NGC Census: (73/34). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 16,098. NGC ID# 25LC, PCGS# 7840

10799 1890 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (55/88). PCGS Population: (33/108). Mintage 8,720. NGC ID# 25LE, PCGS# 7842

10800 1893 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (216/209). NGC Census: (188/214). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 30,000. NGC ID# 25LH, PCGS# 7845

10801 1893 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (51/33). PCGS Population: (50/32). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 30,000. NGC ID# 25LH, PCGS# 7845

10802 1895 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (56/60). NGC Census: (51/64). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 6,000. NGC ID# 25LK, PCGS# 7847

10803 1896 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (136/108). NGC Census: (111/93). CDN: \$760 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 19,000. NGC ID# 25LL, PCGS# 7848

10804 1897 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (191/142). NGC Census: (199/150). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 29,768. NGC ID# 25LM, PCGS# 7849

10805 1897 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (199/150). PCGS Population: (191/142). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 29,768. NGC ID# 25LM, PCGS# 7849

10806 1898 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (161/140). NGC Census: (153/165). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,000. NGC ID# 25LN, PCGS# 7850

10807 1899 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (159/116). PCGS Population: (149/108). CDN: \$875 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 27,200. NGC ID# 25LP, PCGS# 7851

10808 1901 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (108/18). NGC Census: (124/26). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 91,100. NGC ID# 25LS, PCGS# 7853

10809 1903 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (693/378). NGC Census: (679/414). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 201,000. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7855

10810 1903 MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (293/85). NGC Census: (314/100). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 201,000. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7855

10811 1903 MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (314/100). PCGS Population: (293/85). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 201,000. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7855

10812 1905 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (716/377). NGC Census: (686/465). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 217,800. NGC ID# 2675, PCGS# 7857

10813 1906 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1226/900). NGC Census: (1178/903). CDN: \$480 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 176,300. NGC ID# 7JW8, PCGS# 7858

10814 1906 MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (547/356). PCGS Population: (574/326). CDN: \$870 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 176,300. NGC ID# 7JW8, PCGS# 7858

10815 1907 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1220/486). NGC Census: (1075/575). CDN: \$780 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 336,200. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7859



10816 1907 MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (389/97). NGC Census: (432/143). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 336,200. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 7859

INDIAN QUARTER EAGLES

10817 1908 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1395/3597). NGC Census: (2894/3269). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10818 1908 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2894/3265). PCGS Population: (1385/3587). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10819 1908 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1602/1995). NGC Census: (1510/1759). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10820 1908 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1576/1951). NGC Census: (1502/1757). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10821 1908 MS63 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1503/1757). PCGS Population: (1581/1967). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10822 1908 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/418). PCGS Population: (1326/625). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10823 1908 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1348/634). NGC Census: (1341/418). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 564,800. NGC ID# 288Y, PCGS# 7939

10824 1910 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (789/200). PCGS Population: (463/134). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 492,000. NGC ID# 2892, PCGS# 7941

10825 1910 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (463/134). NGC Census: (789/200). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 492,000. NGC ID# 2892, PCGS# 7941

10826 1911 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1181/171). PCGS Population: (734/127). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

10827 1911 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (751/136 and 50/11+). NGC Census: (1182/173 and 31/4+). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

10828 1911 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (751/136). NGC Census: (1182/173). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

10829 1911 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (757/136). NGC Census: (1182/173). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

10830 1911 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (751/136 and 50/11+). NGC Census: (1182/173 and 31/4+). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 704,000. NGC ID# 7KR6, PCGS# 7942

10831 1911-D — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (45/4912). PCGS Population: (267/2951). CDN: \$3,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 55,680.

10832 1912 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1088/747). PCGS Population: (873/677). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 616,000. NGC ID# 7KR8, PCGS# 7944

10833 1913 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (814/164). NGC Census: (1015/104). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 722,000. NGC ID# 7KR9, PCGS# 7945

10834 1913 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1015/105). PCGS Population: (827/169). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 722,000. NGC ID# 7KR9, PCGS# 7945

10835 1914 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1042/1110). NGC Census: (2369/1302). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

10836 1914 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2369/1302). PCGS Population: (1042/1110). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

10837 1914 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2371/1298). PCGS Population: (1029/1087). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

10838 1914 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1044/1113). NGC Census: (2370/1302). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 7KRA, PCGS# 7946

10839 1914-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1191/849). NGC Census: (1525/1116). CDN: \$1,125 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 448,000. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

10840 1914-D MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1525/1116). PCGS Population: (1191/849). CDN: \$1,125 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 448,000. NGC ID# 2899, PCGS# 7947

10841 1915 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1799/1460). PCGS Population: (1203/1023). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 7KRC, PCGS# 7948

10842 1915 MS63+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1249/1071 and 9/77+). NGC Census: (1799/1459 and 10/54+). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 7KRC, PCGS# 7948



10843 1915 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (857/196). NGC Census: (1250/210). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 7KRC, PCGS# 7948

10844 1915 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (873/198). NGC Census: (1250/209). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 7KRC, PCGS# 7948

10845 1915 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (849/191 and 58/13+). NGC Census: (1251/209 and 41/11+). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 606,000. NGC ID# 7KRC, PCGS# 7948

10846 1925-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3689/1015). PCGS Population: (2447/646). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10847 1925-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2447/646). NGC Census: (3689/1015). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10848 1925-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2455/646). NGC Census: (3690/1015). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10849 1925-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3688/1015). PCGS Population: (2444/646). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10850 1925-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3688/1015). PCGS Population: (2432/641). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. *From The Palos Verdes Collection.* NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10851 1925-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2432/641). NGC Census: (3688/1015). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10852 1925-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2447/646). NGC Census: (3689/1015). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10853 1925-D MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2444/646 and 122/33+). NGC Census: (3688/1015 and 97/33+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10854 1925-D MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2447/646 and 122/33+). NGC Census: (3689/1015 and 97/33+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10855 1925-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2447/646 and 122/33+). NGC Census: (3689/1015 and 97/33+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 578,000. NGC ID# 7KRD, PCGS# 7949

10856 1926 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3547/627). PCGS Population: (2769/795). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10857 1926 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2797/803). NGC Census: (3551/629). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10858 1926 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2806/805). NGC Census: (3551/629). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10859 1926 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3549/628). PCGS Population: (2780/796). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10860 1926 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2749/783 and 125/33+). NGC Census: (3552/636 and 120/10+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10861 1926 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2797/803). NGC Census: (3551/629). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10862 1926 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2734/787). NGC Census: (3552/636). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10863 1926 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2797/803 and 135/37+). NGC Census: (3551/629 and 116/11+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10864 1926 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2797/803 and 135/37+). NGC Census: (3551/629 and 116/11+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 446,000. NGC ID# 7KRE, PCGS# 7950

10865 1927 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2640/435). PCGS Population: (2051/507). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 388,000. NGC ID# BUTL, PCGS# 7951

10866 1927 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2062/510 and 108/18+). NGC Census: (2640/435 and 94/16+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 388,000. NGC ID# BUTL, PCGS# 7951

10867 1927 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2051/507 and 103/18+). NGC Census: (2640/435 and 94/16+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 388,000. NGC ID# BUTL, PCGS# 7951



10868 1927 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (489/22). NGC Census: (425/10). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 388,000. NGC ID# BUTL, PCGS# 7951

10869 1928 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2705/492). PCGS Population: (1605/354). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 416,000. NGC ID# 289E, PCGS# 7952

10870 1928 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2698/487). PCGS Population: (1620/359). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 416,000. NGC ID# 289E, PCGS# 7952

10871 1928 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1593/350). NGC Census: (2705/492). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 416,000. NGC ID# 289E, PCGS# 7952

10872 1928 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1633/361 and 58/6+). NGC Census: (2698/487 and 84/16+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 416,000. NGC ID# 289E, PCGS# 7952

10873 1929 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4051/2029). NGC Census: (6136/3084). CDN: \$370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10874 1929 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2820/271). PCGS Population: (1793/178). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10875 1929 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1842/187). NGC Census: (2811/273). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10876 1929 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2811/273). PCGS Population: (1823/184). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10877 1929 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1842/187 and 106/6+). NGC Census: (2811/273 and 114/3+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10878 1929 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1844/187 and 107/6+). NGC Census: (2809/272 and 113/3+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10879 1929 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (2809/272 and 113/3+). PCGS Population: (1844/187 and 107/6+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10880 1929 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1793/178). NGC Census: (2820/271). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10881 1929 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1844/187 and 107/6+). NGC Census: (2809/272 and 113/3+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10882 1929 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1844/187 and 107/6+). NGC Census: (2809/272 and 113/3+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

10883 1929 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1844/187 and 107/6+). NGC Census: (2809/272 and 113/3+). CDN: \$510 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 532,000. NGC ID# 289F, PCGS# 7953

THREE DOLLAR GOLD PIECES

10884 1854 — Damaged — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (209/3443). PCGS Population: (368/2508). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 138,618.

10885 1854 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (789/1225). NGC Census: (874/2152). Mintage 138,618. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

10886 1854 AU55 ANACS. NGC Census: (876/2153). PCGS Population: (803/1245). Mintage 138,618. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

10887 1854 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (543/695). NGC Census: (1281/871). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 138,618. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

10888 1854 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (547/697). NGC Census: (1281/871). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 138,618. NGC ID# 25M3, PCGS# 7969

10889 1855 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (263/559). PCGS Population: (172/336). Mintage 50,555. NGC ID# 25M6, PCGS# 7972

10890 1856 — Mount Removed — NGC Details. XF. NGC Census: (18/747). PCGS Population: (18/592). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 26,010.

10891 1856 AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (49/635). PCGS Population: (83/459). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 26,010. NGC ID# 25M8, PCGS# 7974

10892 1856 AU55 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (142/235). NGC Census: (154/387). Mintage 26,010. NGC ID# 25M8, PCGS# 7974

10893 1856-S VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/308). NGC Census: (24/441). Mintage 34,500. NGC ID# 25M9, PCGS# 7975

10894 1857 XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (14/614). PCGS Population: (18/371). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 20,891. NGC ID# 7K5G, PCGS# 7976

10895 1857-S VF35 NGC. NGC Census: (8/152). PCGS Population: (15/122). Mintage 14,000. NGC ID# 7K5H, PCGS# 7977

10896 1859 XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (13/549). PCGS Population: (17/449). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 15,558. NGC ID# 7K5K, PCGS# 7979

10897 1859 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (33/487). PCGS Population: (59/353). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 15,558.

10898 1874 AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (516/1219). NGC Census: (603/1738). Mintage 41,800.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 7KDE, PCGS# 7998



10899 1874 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (957/781). PCGS Population: (505/714). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 41,800. NGC ID# 7KDE, PCGS# 7998

10900 1878 VF25 NGC. NGC Census: (8/5324). PCGS Population: (6/5964). Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

10901 1878 VF30 NGC. NGC Census: (7/5317). PCGS Population: (14/5917). Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

10902 1878 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (73/5117). PCGS Population: (211/5536). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 82,304.

10903 1878 AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (495/4438). PCGS Population: (644/4668). Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000

- 10904 1878 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (644/4664). NGC Census: (495/4439). Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000
- 10905 1878 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1023/3639). NGC Census: (1407/3035). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000
- 10906 1878 AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (1407/3034). PCGS Population: (1023/3637). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000
- 10907 1878 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1022/3642). NGC Census: (1404/3035). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 82,304. NGC ID# 25MZ, PCGS# 8000
- 10908 1888 — Damaged — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** NGC Census: (8/484). PCGS Population: (12/695). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# 25NB, PCGS# 8010

CLASSIC HALF EAGLES

- 10909 1834 Plain 4 XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (201/1007). NGC Census: (174/1806). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 657,460. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171
- 10910 1834 Plain 4 XF40 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (203/1022). NGC Census: (175/1809). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 657,460. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171
- 10911 1834 Plain 4 XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (314/1493). PCGS Population: (288/733). Mintage 657,460. NGC ID# 25RR, PCGS# 8171
- 10912 1834 Plain 4 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (157/1336). PCGS Population: (175/559). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 657,460.
- 10913 1834 Plain 4 — Reverse Graffiti — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (157/1336). PCGS Population: (175/559). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 657,460.

- 10914 1835 XF45 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (89/281). NGC Census: (105/504). Mintage 371,534. NGC ID# 25RV, PCGS# 8173
- 10915 1835 AU50 NGC.** NGC Census: (55/449). PCGS Population: (70/211). CDN: \$1,225 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 371,534. NGC ID# 25RV, PCGS# 8173
- 10916 1836 XF45 NGC.** NGC Census: (183/791). PCGS Population: (189/427). Mintage 553,147. NGC ID# 25RY, PCGS# 8174
- 10917 1836 — Reverse Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU.** NGC Census: (93/698). PCGS Population: (92/335). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 553,147.
- 10918 1836 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** NGC Census: (93/698). PCGS Population: (92/335). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 553,147.
- 10919 1836 AU55 NGC.** NGC Census: (198/355). PCGS Population: (70/175). Mintage 553,147. NGC ID# 25RY, PCGS# 8174

LIBERTY HALF EAGLES

- 10920 1839 VF30 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (11/161). NGC Census: (7/227). Mintage 118,143. NGC ID# 25S7, PCGS# 8191
- 10921 1840 Narrow Mill AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/57). NGC Census: (40/166). Mintage 137,300. NGC ID# 25SA, PCGS# 8194
- 10922 1840 Narrow Mill AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (30/27). NGC Census: (77/89). Mintage 137,300. NGC ID# 25SA, PCGS# 8194
- 10923 1843 AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (50/77). NGC Census: (112/230). Mintage 611,205. NGC ID# 94FD, PCGS# 8213
- 10924 1843-D Medium D — Filed Rims — PCGS Genuine. AU Details.** NGC Census: (23/92). PCGS Population: (32/52). CDN: \$2,575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 98,452.
- 10925 1844-D Fine 15 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (9/239). NGC Census: (5/228). Mintage 88,982. NGC ID# 25T9, PCGS# 8221



- 10926 1845 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (20/45). NGC Census: (96/45). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 417,099. NGC ID# 25TB, PCGS# 8223
- 10927 1845 AU58 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (20/45). NGC Census: (96/45). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 417,099. NGC ID# 25TB, PCGS# 8223
- 10928 1847/7 VP-001, AU58 NGC.** NGC Census: (59/25). PCGS Population: (0/1). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. NGC ID# 25TL, PCGS# 8232
- 10929 1848 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (25/27). NGC Census: (103/38). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 260,775. NGC ID# 42A7, PCGS# 8236
- 10930 1849-D — Damage — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** NGC Census: (9/117). PCGS Population: (21/100). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 39,036.
- 10931 1850-C — Scratch — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** NGC Census: (16/125). PCGS Population: (19/125). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 63,591.
- 10932 1851 AU58+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (27/47 and 1/0+). NGC Census: (104/60 and 1/2+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 377,505. NGC ID# 25U5, PCGS# 8246
- 10933 1852 AU55 NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (182/330). PCGS Population: (77/162). Mintage 573,901. NGC ID# 2Y7R, PCGS# 8250
- 10934 1852 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (66/94). NGC Census: (221/109). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 573,901. NGC ID# 2Y7R, PCGS# 8250

10935 1853 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (49/71). NGC Census: (146/82). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 305,770. NGC ID# 25UD, PCGS# 8253

10936 1853 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (49/72). NGC Census: (146/82). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 305,770. NGC ID# 25UD, PCGS# 8253

10937 1854 AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (38/227). PCGS Population: (26/105). Mintage 160,675. NGC ID# 25UG, PCGS# 8256

10938 1854 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (30/44). NGC Census: (104/54). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 160,675. NGC ID# 25UG, PCGS# 8256

10939 1856 AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (36/33). NGC Census: (116/45). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 197,990. NGC ID# 25UV, PCGS# 8266

10940 1857 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (26/141). NGC Census: (32/218). Mintage 98,180. NGC ID# 25V2, PCGS# 8271

10941 1861 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (611/290). PCGS Population: (230/265). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 688,150. NGC ID# 25VK, PCGS# 8288

10942 1866-S No Motto Fine 15 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/43). NGC Census: (3/45). Mintage 9,000. NGC ID# 25W2, PCGS# 8300

10943 1867-S VF30 NGC. NGC Census: (8/54). PCGS Population: (9/43). Mintage 29,000. NGC ID# 25W4, PCGS# 8314

10944 1878-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (67/27). PCGS Population: (19/42). Mintage 144,700. NGC ID# 25X6, PCGS# 8347

10945 1879-CC Good 6 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (4/154). PCGS Population: (1/170). Mintage 17,281. NGC ID# 25X8, PCGS# 8349

10946 1880 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (88/18). NGC Census: (91/30). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,166,436. NGC ID# 25XA, PCGS# 8351

10947 1880-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (88/2). NGC Census: (129/18). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,348,900. NGC ID# 25XC, PCGS# 8353

10948 1881 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (373/19). NGC Census: (773/82). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,708,802. NGC ID# 25XD, PCGS# 8354



10949 1881 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (376/19). NGC Census: (774/82). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,708,802. NGC ID# 25XD, PCGS# 8354

10950 1881-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (233/105). NGC Census: (285/138). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 969,000. NGC ID# 25XE, PCGS# 8357

10951 1881-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (229/105). NGC Census: (285/138). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 969,000. NGC ID# 25XF, PCGS# 8357

10952 1881-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (235/105). NGC Census: (285/138). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 969,000. NGC ID# 25XF, PCGS# 8357

10953 1882 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1566/423). PCGS Population: (737/197). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,514,568. NGC ID# 25XJ, PCGS# 8358

10954 1882 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (182/15 and 10/1+). NGC Census: (386/37 and 4/1+). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,514,568. NGC ID# 25XJ, PCGS# 8358

10955 1882-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (386/220). PCGS Population: (319/175). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 969,000. NGC ID# 25XJ, PCGS# 8360

10956 1882-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (322/174). NGC Census: (385/219). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 969,000. NGC ID# 25XJ, PCGS# 8360

10957 1883 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (71/23). NGC Census: (39/25). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 233,461. NGC ID# 25XK, PCGS# 8361

10958 1883-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (61/46). NGC Census: (51/42). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 83,200. NGC ID# 25XM, PCGS# 8363

10959 1885 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (89/2). NGC Census: (123/15). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 601,400. NGC ID# 25XS, PCGS# 8367

10960 1885-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (745/478). NGC Census: (905/598). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,211,500. NGC ID# 2Y7X, PCGS# 8368

10961 1885-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (417/67). NGC Census: (479/120). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,211,500. NGC ID# 2Y7X, PCGS# 8368

10962 1885-S MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (417/67 and 39/1+). NGC Census: (479/120 and 16/5+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,211,500. NGC ID# 2Y7X, PCGS# 8368

10963 1886 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (56/19). NGC Census: (58/20). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 388,300. NGC ID# 25XU, PCGS# 8369

10964 1886-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (289/21). NGC Census: (359/49). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,268,000. NGC ID# 25XV, PCGS# 8370

10965 1886-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (292/21). NGC Census: (357/49). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,268,000. NGC ID# 25XV, PCGS# 8370

10966 1887-S MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (55/4 and 2/0+). NGC Census: (71/5 and 2/0+). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,912,000. NGC ID# 25XW, PCGS# 8371

10967 1888 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (25/20). PCGS Population: (45/33). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 18,296. NGC ID# 25XX, PCGS# 8372

10968 1888-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/60). NGC Census: (107/78). CDN: \$520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 293,900. NGC ID# B2B6, PCGS# 8373

10969 1890-CC AU50 PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/432). NGC Census: (20/536). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 53,800. NGC ID# C5XF, PCGS# 8376

10970 1891 MS62 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (98/51). PCGS Population: (63/49). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 61,300. NGC ID# 25Y4, PCGS# 8377

10971 1891-CC AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (223/1557). PCGS Population: (234/1082). Mintage 208,000. NGC ID# 25Y5, PCGS# 8378

10972 1892 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (151/117). NGC Census: (260/136). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 753,400. NGC ID# C5XG, PCGS# 8379

10973 1892 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (151/117). NGC Census: (260/136). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 753,400. NGC ID# C5XG, PCGS# 8379



10974 1892 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (82/54). PCGS Population: (67/50). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 753,400. NGC ID# C5XG, PCGS# 8379

10975 1892-CC VF25 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/526). NGC Census: (4/746). Mintage 82,968. NGC ID# 25Y7, PCGS# 8380

10976 1892-CC — Harshly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (50/568). PCGS Population: (52/339). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 82,968. NGC ID# 25Y7, PCGS# 8380

10977 1893 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (644/71). PCGS Population: (251/40). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,528,197. NGC ID# 25YA, PCGS# 8383

10978 1893 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (251/39). NGC Census: (642/71). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,528,197. NGC ID# 25YA, PCGS# 8383

10979 1893-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (103/82). PCGS Population: (41/59). Mintage 110,000. NGC ID# 25YC, PCGS# 8385

10980 1895 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (180/27). NGC Census: (477/89). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,345,936. NGC ID# 25YH, PCGS# 8390

10981 1895 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (180/27). NGC Census: (477/89). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,345,936. NGC ID# 25YH, PCGS# 8390

10982 1895-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (28/23). NGC Census: (102/25). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 112,000. NGC ID# 25YJ, PCGS# 8391

10983 1896 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/3). NGC Census: (34/6). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 59,063. NGC ID# 25YK, PCGS# 8392

10984 1897 MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (353/199 and 9/13+). NGC Census: (723/392 and 4/6+). CDN: \$470 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 867,883. NGC ID# 25YM, PCGS# 8394

10985 1897 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/34). NGC Census: (309/83). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 867,883. NGC ID# 25YM, PCGS# 8394

10986 1897 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (165/34 and 9/4+). NGC Census: (309/83 and 6/0+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 867,883. NGC ID# 25YM, PCGS# 8394

10987 1897-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/18). NGC Census: (29/11). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 354,000. NGC ID# 25YN, PCGS# 8395

10988 1899 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2183/676). PCGS Population: (764/120). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,710,729. NGC ID# 25YS, PCGS# 8398

10989 1899 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2177/676). PCGS Population: (762/125). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,710,729. NGC ID# 25YS, PCGS# 8398

10990 1899 MS64+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (2184/676 and 81/14+). PCGS Population: (768/121 and 39/4+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,710,729. NGC ID# 25YS, PCGS# 8398

10991 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (93/66). PCGS Population: (111/56). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,545,000. NGC ID# 25YT, PCGS# 8399

10992 1899-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (111/57). NGC Census: (92/66). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,545,000. NGC ID# 25YT, PCGS# 8399

10993 1900 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1024/141). NGC Census: (1715/249). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,405,730. NGC ID# 25YU, PCGS# 8400

10994 1900 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1031/149). NGC Census: (1708/250). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,405,730. NGC ID# 25YU, PCGS# 8400

10995 1900 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1034/149). NGC Census: (1710/250). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,405,730. NGC ID# 25YU, PCGS# 8400

10996 1900 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1034/149 and 45/5+). NGC Census: (1710/250 and 46/8+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,405,730. NGC ID# 25YU, PCGS# 8400



10997 1900-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (151/12). NGC Census: (73/5). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 329,000. NGC ID# 25YV, PCGS# 8401

10998 1901 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (551/147). PCGS Population: (387/85). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 615,900. NGC ID# 25YW, PCGS# 8402

10999 1901 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (549/148 and 23/3+). PCGS Population: (392/86 and 24/0+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 615,900. NGC ID# 25YW, PCGS# 8402

11000 1901-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1008/366). NGC Census: (1196/465). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,648,000. NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 8404

11001 1901-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1006/366 and 74/19+). NGC Census: (1195/467 and 35/20+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 3,648,000. NGC ID# 25YX, PCGS# 8404

11002 1902-S MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (490/176 and 34/6+). NGC Census: (495/173 and 17/4+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 939,000. NGC ID# 25YZ, PCGS# 8406

11003 1903 MS63+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (263/118 and 3/1+). NGC Census: (310/109 and 1/4+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 226,800. NGC ID# 25Z2, PCGS# 8407

11004 1903-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (687/206). NGC Census: (769/273). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,855,000. NGC ID# 25Z3, PCGS# 8408

11005 1903-S MS63 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (0/1). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,855,000. NGC ID# 25Z3, PCGS# 78408

11006 1905-S MS62 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (80/67 and 0/2+). NGC Census: (71/24 and 2/1+). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 880,700. NGC ID# 25Z7, PCGS# 8412

11007 1906-D MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (358/74 and 9/1+). PCGS Population: (309/68 and 12/3+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 320,000. NGC ID# 25ZA, PCGS# 8414

11008 1907 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (785/129). NGC Census: (1021/188). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 626,192. NGC ID# 25ZC, PCGS# 8416

11009 1907-D MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (572/140 and 39/7+). NGC Census: (556/119 and 22/4+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 888,000. NGC ID# 25ZD, PCGS# 8417

11010 1908 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (961/286). NGC Census: (1036/353). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 421,874. NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

11011 1908 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (964/289 and 68/7+). NGC Census: (1036/353 and 24/12+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 421,874. NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

11012 1908 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (964/289 and 68/7+). NGC Census: (1036/353 and 24/12+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 421,874. NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

11013 1908 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (964/289 and 68/7+). NGC Census: (1036/353 and 24/12+). CDN: \$730 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 421,874. NGC ID# 25ZE, PCGS# 8418

INDIAN HALF EAGLES

11014 1908 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1894/2262). NGC Census: (2725/1920). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 577,800. NGC ID# 28DE, PCGS# 8510

11015 1908 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1240/1025). NGC Census: (1052/868). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 577,800. NGC ID# 28DE, PCGS# 8510

11016 1908 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1234/1020). NGC Census: (1052/869). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 577,800. NGC ID# 28DE, PCGS# 8510

11017 1908-D MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (963/1751). NGC Census: (833/1465). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 148,000. NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

11018 1908-D MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (833/1465). PCGS Population: (963/1751). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 148,000. NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

11019 1908-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1340/388). NGC Census: (964/503). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 148,000. NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511



11020 1908-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1357/394). NGC Census: (962/503). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 148,000. NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

11021 1908-D MS63 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (964/503). PCGS Population: (1347/383). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 148,000. NGC ID# 93KW, PCGS# 8511

11022 1909-D MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3219/22644). NGC Census: (6182/20845). Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

11023 1909-D MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (8096/2827). PCGS Population: (10166/3101). CDN: \$710 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

11024 1909-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10178/3105). NGC Census: (8107/2827). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

11025 1909-D MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (8089/2818). PCGS Population: (10218/3138). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

11026 1909-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10237/3141). NGC Census: (8102/2826). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 3,423,560. NGC ID# 28DJ, PCGS# 8514

11027 1910 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (659/271). NGC Census: (1011/344). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 604,250. NGC ID# 28DK, PCGS# 8517

11028 1910-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (596/415). PCGS Population: (220/253). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 770,200. NGC ID# 28DN, PCGS# 8519

11029 1910-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (595/412). PCGS Population: (214/255). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 770,200. NGC ID# 28DN, PCGS# 8519

11030 1911 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1024/531). NGC Census: (872/519). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 915,000. NGC ID# 28DP, PCGS# 8520

11031 1911-D XF45 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (90/646). NGC Census: (79/1323). Mintage 72,500. NGC ID# 28DR, PCGS# 8521

11032 1911-D AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (80/1240). PCGS Population: (107/533). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 72,500.

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NGC ID# 28DR, PCGS# 8521

11033 1911-S Weak S, MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (416/509). PCGS Population: (149/799). Mintage 1,416,000. NGC ID# 25ZM, PCGS# 8522

11034 1911-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (416/511). PCGS Population: (152/799). Mintage 1,416,000. NGC ID# 25ZM, PCGS# 8522

11035 1912 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2811/1960). NGC Census: (3787/1545). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 790,000. NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

11036 1912 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (3787/1545). PCGS Population: (2808/1958). CDN: \$525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 790,000. NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

11037 1912 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1444/514). NGC Census: (1137/408). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 790,000. NGC ID# 28DS, PCGS# 8523

11038 1913 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1116/486). PCGS Population: (1559/634). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 915,900. NGC ID# 28DT, PCGS# 8525

11039 1913 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1566/641). NGC Census: (1116/486). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 915,900. NGC ID# 28DT, PCGS# 8525

11040 1914 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (717/1375). PCGS Population: (246/1576). Mintage 247,000. NGC ID# 28DU, PCGS# 8527

11041 1914 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (735/841). NGC Census: (829/546). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 247,000. NGC ID# 28DU, PCGS# 8527

11042 1914-D MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (639/454). PCGS Population: (569/560). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 247,000. NGC ID# 28DV, PCGS# 8528

11043 1914-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (214/492). NGC Census: (562/523). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 263,000. NGC ID# 28DW, PCGS# 8529



11044 1915 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (660/561). PCGS Population: (898/557). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 588,075. NGC ID# 28DX, PCGS# 8530

11045 1915 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (918/554). NGC Census: (659/563). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 588,075. NGC ID# 28DX, PCGS# 8530

11046 1916-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (273/889). NGC Census: (675/977). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 240,000. NGC ID# 28DY, PCGS# 8532

LIBERTY EAGLES

11047 1842 Large Date VF35 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14/102). NGC Census: (7/166). Mintage 81,507. NGC ID# 262M, PCGS# 8584

11048 1842-O XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (25/88). NGC Census: (29/195). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 27,400. NGC ID# 262N, PCGS# 8587

11049 1843 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (33/35). NGC Census: (46/89). Mintage 75,462. NGC ID# 262P, PCGS# 8588

11050 1847-O XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (138/355). NGC Census: (85/816). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 571,500. NGC ID# 2632, PCGS# 8598

11051 1848 AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (63/166). PCGS Population: (15/44). Mintage 145,484. NGC ID# 2633, PCGS# 8599

11052 1849 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (122/220). NGC Census: (219/698). Mintage 653,618. NGC ID# 2635, PCGS# 8601

11053 1850 Large Date VF20 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3/218). NGC Census: (0/461). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 291,451. NGC ID# 2637, PCGS# 8603

11054 1851-O — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (105/509). PCGS Population: (79/138). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 263,000.

11055 1854-O Small Date AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (36/92). PCGS Population: (20/24). Mintage 52,500. NGC ID# 263H, PCGS# 8614

11056 1856 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (26/74). NGC Census: (48/191). Mintage 60,490. NGC ID# 263P, PCGS# 8619

11057 1857 XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/46). NGC Census: (23/86). Mintage 16,606. NGC ID# 55GV, PCGS# 8622

11058 1868 XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (24/133). NGC Census: (13/134). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 10,630. NGC ID# 264N, PCGS# 8653

11059 1874 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (129/71). PCGS Population: (47/53). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 53,160. NGC ID# 2657, PCGS# 8669

11060 1878 MS60 NGC. NGC Census: (49/107). PCGS Population: (24/106). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 73,700.

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11061 1878 MS60 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (24/106). NGC Census: (49/107). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 73,700. NGC ID# 265J, PCGS# 8680

11062 1879-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (67/16). PCGS Population: (39/30). Mintage 224,000. NGC ID# 265R, PCGS# 8686

- 11063 1880-S AU55 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (64/597). NGC Census: (39/946). Mintage 506,250. NGC ID# 265V, PCGS# 8690
- 11064 1880-S MS62 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (165/63). NGC Census: (246/47). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 506,250. NGC ID# 265V, PCGS# 8690
- 11065 1881-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (473/51). NGC Census: (605/45). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 970,000. NGC ID# 265Z, PCGS# 8694
- 11066 1882 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2625/492). NGC Census: (4382/885). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,324,480. NGC ID# 2662, PCGS# 8695
- 11067 1882 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (445/46). NGC Census: (836/49). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,324,480. NGC ID# 2662, PCGS# 8695
- 11068 1882-CC — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. XF Details.** NGC Census: (3/137). PCGS Population: (10/112). CDN: \$2,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 6,764.
- 11069 1883 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (460/158). PCGS Population: (388/99). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 208,740. NGC ID# 2666, PCGS# 8699
- 11070 1887-S MS61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (442/464). NGC Census: (591/683). Mintage 817,000. NGC ID# 5552, PCGS# 8711
- 11071 1888-S MS61 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (358/724). NGC Census: (812/779). Mintage 648,700. NGC ID# 266M, PCGS# 8714
- 11072 1888-S MS63 NGC.** NGC Census: (96/4). PCGS Population: (175/5). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 648,700. NGC ID# 266M, PCGS# 8714
- 11073 1889-S MS62+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (432/270 and 14/4+). NGC Census: (407/102 and 1/1+). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 425,400. NGC ID# 267L, PCGS# 8716
- 11074 1891 MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (314/275). PCGS Population: (129/214). Mintage 91,868. NGC ID# 266T, PCGS# 8719
- 11075 1891-CC — Damaged, Ex-Jewelry — ANACS. VF20 Details.** NGC Census: (2/2383). PCGS Population: (0/2241). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 103,732. NGC ID# 266U, PCGS# 8720

- 11076 1892 MS60 NGC.** NGC Census: (617/7818). PCGS Population: (650/3894). CDN: \$645 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 797,400. NGC ID# 266V, PCGS# 8721
- 11077 1892 MS62 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (1765/311). NGC Census: (3336/727). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 797,400. NGC ID# 266V, PCGS# 8721
- 11078 1892-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (91/76). NGC Census: (77/23). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 115,500. NGC ID# 266Y, PCGS# 8724
- 11079 1893 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2594/317). NGC Census: (7086/783). CDN: \$850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,840,895. NGC ID# 266Z, PCGS# 8725



- 11080 1893 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (307/9). NGC Census: (758/25). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,840,895. NGC ID# 266Z, PCGS# 8725
- 11081 1893-S MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (254/177). PCGS Population: (113/238). Mintage 141,350. NGC ID# 2674, PCGS# 8728
- 11082 1894 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2072/158). NGC Census: (6097/441). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,470,778. NGC ID# 2675, PCGS# 8729
- 11083 1895 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (623/69). NGC Census: (1805/196). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 567,700. NGC ID# 2678, PCGS# 8732
- 11084 1895 MS63 NGC.** NGC Census: (1805/196). PCGS Population: (623/69). CDN: \$1,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 567,700. NGC ID# 2678, PCGS# 8732

- 11085 1895-O MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (181/94). PCGS Population: (138/105). Mintage 98,000. NGC ID# 2679, PCGS# 8733
- 11086 1895-O MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (181/94). PCGS Population: (138/105). Mintage 98,000. NGC ID# 2679, PCGS# 8733
- 11087 1895-O MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (181/94). PCGS Population: (138/105). Mintage 98,000. NGC ID# 2679, PCGS# 8733
- 11088 1896 MS63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (160/10). NGC Census: (239/25). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 76,200. NGC ID# 267B, PCGS# 8735
- 11089 1896-S AU53 NGC.** NGC Census: (58/286). PCGS Population: (23/153). Mintage 123,750. NGC ID# 267C, PCGS# 8736
- 11090 1897 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (772/158). NGC Census: (1408/206). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,000,159. NGC ID# 26CH, PCGS# 8737
- 11091 1897 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (773/158). NGC Census: (1408/206). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,000,159. NGC ID# 26CH, PCGS# 8737
- 11092 1897 MS64 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (142/13). NGC Census: (179/27). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,000,159. NGC ID# 26CH, PCGS# 8737
- 11093 1897-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (32/4). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 234,750. NGC ID# 267F, PCGS# 8739
- 11094 1898 MS61 NGC.** NGC Census: (1796/1870). PCGS Population: (736/1242). Mintage 812,197. NGC ID# 267G, PCGS# 8740
- 11095 1899 AU58 Prooflike NGC. CAC.** NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$640 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,262,305. NGC ID# 267J, PCGS# 8742
- 11096 1899-S AU53 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (24/535). NGC Census: (12/634). Mintage 841,000. NGC ID# 267L, PCGS# 8744
- 11097 1900 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (977/257). NGC Census: (1680/429). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 293,960. NGC ID# 7LD2, PCGS# 8745

11108 1900-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (43/24). NGC Census: (18/12). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 81,000. NGC ID# 42AN, PCGS# 8746

11099 1901 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4253/2404). NGC Census: (6850/3371). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747

11100 1901 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4253/2404). NGC Census: (6850/3371). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747

11101 1901 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4257/2410). NGC Census: (6851/3370). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747

11102 1901 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4257/2410). NGC Census: (6851/3370). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747



11103 1901 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2037/367 and 90/11+). NGC Census: (2664/707 and 66/18+). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,718,825. NGC ID# 7LHF, PCGS# 8747

11104 1901-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (129/78). NGC Census: (101/28). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 72,041. NGC ID# 267R, PCGS# 8748

11105 1901-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (131/16510). NGC Census: (127/17659). CDN: \$630 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11106 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5271/5035). NGC Census: (6046/5542). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11107 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5271/5035). NGC Census: (6046/5542). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11108 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5271/5035). NGC Census: (6046/5542). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11109 1901-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5271/5035). NGC Census: (6046/5542). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11110 1901-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3750/1272). NGC Census: (4002/1527). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11111 1901-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3750/1272). NGC Census: (4002/1527). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11112 1901-S MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (4006/1535). PCGS Population: (3757/1285). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,812,750. NGC ID# 267S, PCGS# 8749

11113 1902 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (245/87). PCGS Population: (221/136). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 82,400. NGC ID# 267T, PCGS# 8750

11114 1902 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (67/20). PCGS Population: (117/19). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 82,400. NGC ID# 267T, PCGS# 8750

11115 1902 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (117/19). NGC Census: (67/20). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 82,400. NGC ID# 267T, PCGS# 8750

11116 1903-O MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (426/339). PCGS Population: (214/515). Mintage 112,771. NGC ID# 267W, PCGS# 8753

11117 1903-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (383/136). NGC Census: (288/53). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 112,771. NGC ID# 267W, PCGS# 8753

11118 1903-S MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (258/313 and 2/28+). NGC Census: (240/323 and 9/12+). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 538,000. NGC ID# 267X, PCGS# 8754

11119 1904-O MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (190/113). NGC Census: (139/53). CDN: \$1,040 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 108,950. NGC ID# 7LHK, PCGS# 8756

11120 1905 MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (585/354). NGC Census: (800/510). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 200,900. NGC ID# 7LD3, PCGS# 8757

11121 1905-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (236/159). PCGS Population: (93/127). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 369,250. NGC ID# 2683, PCGS# 8758

11122 1905-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (90/29). PCGS Population: (52/63). Mintage 369,250. NGC ID# 2683, PCGS# 8758

11123 1906 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (367/220). NGC Census: (525/137). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 165,497. NGC ID# 7JHG, PCGS# 8759

11124 1906-D MS60 NGC. NGC Census: (138/3393). PCGS Population: (151/2558). CDN: \$645 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 981,000. NGC ID# 7JHG, PCGS# 8760

11125 1906-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (203/29). NGC Census: (142/24). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 981,000. NGC ID# 7JHG, PCGS# 8760



11126 1906-D MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (142/24). PCGS Population: (203/29). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 981,000. NGC ID# 7JHG, PCGS# 8760

11127 1906-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (73/122). NGC Census: (147/84). Mintage 457,000. NGC ID# 53FB, PCGS# 8762

11128 1907 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (629/23540). PCGS Population: (779/15306). CDN: \$645 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,203,973.

11129 1907 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (5666/17874). PCGS Population: (3039/12279). Mintage 1,203,973. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 8763

11130 1907 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3879/789). NGC Census: (6262/1124). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,203,973. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 8763

11131 1907 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3879/789). NGC Census: (6262/1124). CDN: \$790 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,203,973. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 8763

11132 1907 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (758/31). NGC Census: (1037/87). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,203,973. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 8763

11133 1907 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (1037/87 and 26/2+). PCGS Population: (758/31 and 26/1+). CDN: \$1,275 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,203,973. NGC ID# 2688, PCGS# 8763

11134 1907-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (103/207). PCGS Population: (55/157). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 210,500. NGC ID# 38EP, PCGS# 8765

11135 1907-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (103/207). PCGS Population: (55/157). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 210,500. NGC ID# 38EP, PCGS# 8765

11136 1907-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (58/31). NGC Census: (60/22). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 210,500. NGC ID# 38EP, PCGS# 8765

11137 1907-S MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (58/31). NGC Census: (60/22). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 210,500. NGC ID# 38EP, PCGS# 8765

INDIAN EAGLES

11138 1907 No Motto — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (10/7597). PCGS Population: (52/6323). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 239,400.

11139 1907 No Motto — Altered Surfaces — PCGS Genuine. AU Details. NGC Census: (10/7597). PCGS Population: (52/6323). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 239,400.

11140 1907 No Motto AU55 PCGS. PCGS Population: (366/5888). NGC Census: (156/7415). Mintage 239,400. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

11141 1907 No Motto — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (174/6306). PCGS Population: (153/4751). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 239,400.

11142 1907 No Motto MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (587/4173). NGC Census: (1410/4896). Mintage 239,400. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

11143 1907 No Motto MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1840/2335). NGC Census: (2329/2567). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 239,400. NGC ID# 28GF, PCGS# 8852

11144 1908 Motto AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (830/3876). NGC Census: (721/3749). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11145 1908 Motto MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (1548/777). PCGS Population: (1750/1313). CDN: \$860 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11146 1908 Motto MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (484/291). PCGS Population: (921/393). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11147 1908 Motto MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (921/393). NGC Census: (484/291). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11148 1908 Motto MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (484/291). PCGS Population: (921/393). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11149 1908 Motto MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (921/393). NGC Census: (484/291). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11150 1908 Motto MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (923/390 and 15/12+). NGC Census: (485/292 and 5/11+). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 341,300. NGC ID# 28GJ, PCGS# 8859

11151 1909 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (698/859). PCGS Population: (383/1363). Mintage 184,700. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

11152 1909 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (636/221). PCGS Population: (930/434). CDN: \$1,175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 184,700. NGC ID# 28GM, PCGS# 8862

11153 1910 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1236/399). NGC Census: (1208/504). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 318,500. NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865

11154 1910 MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1236/399). NGC Census: (1208/504). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 318,500. NGC ID# 28GR, PCGS# 8865

11155 1910-D XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (31/11282). NGC Census: (18/12974). Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11156 1910-D MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1291/7993). NGC Census: (3050/8448). Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11157 1910-D MS62 PCGS. CAC. Ex: Coll Champagne Lanson. PCGS Population: (4531/3475). NGC Census: (5116/3333). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11158 1910-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2617/848). NGC Census: (2255/1077). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11159 1910-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2617/848). NGC Census: (2249/1076). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11160 1910-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2627/848). NGC Census: (2255/1078). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866



11161 1910-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (715/133). NGC Census: (847/231). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11162 1910-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (715/133). NGC Census: (847/231). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,356,640. NGC ID# 28GS, PCGS# 8866

11163 1910-S AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (270/1345). PCGS Population: (383/1526). Mintage 811,000. NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

11164 1910-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (594/932). NGC Census: (745/600). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 811,000. NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

11165 1910-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (314/237). PCGS Population: (328/578). Mintage 811,000. NGC ID# 268D, PCGS# 8867

11166 1911 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1280/6992). NGC Census: (1162/9010). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 505,595. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

11167 1911 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1280/6992). NGC Census: (1162/9010). CDN: \$660 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 505,595. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

11168 1911 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1841/743). NGC Census: (1850/1079). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 505,595. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

11169 1911 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (874/205). PCGS Population: (617/126). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 505,595. NGC ID# 28GT, PCGS# 8868

11170 1912 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (1854/4134). PCGS Population: (980/3989). Mintage 405,083. NGC ID# 28GW, PCGS# 8871

11171 1912 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1031/351). PCGS Population: (1101/334). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 405,083. NGC ID# 28GW, PCGS# 8871

11172 1912-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (458/319). PCGS Population: (290/514). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 300,000. NGC ID# 269G, PCGS# 8872

11173 1913 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (317/76). NGC Census: (315/97). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 442,071. NGC ID# 28GY, PCGS# 8873

11174 1913-S XF40 PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/722). NGC Census: (23/947). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 66,000. NGC ID# 28GZ, PCGS# 8874

11175 1914 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (838/673). NGC Census: (795/440). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 151,050. NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

11176 1914 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (838/678). NGC Census: (795/440). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 151,050. NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

11177 1914 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (455/223). NGC Census: (239/201). CDN: \$1,920 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 151,050. NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

11178 1914 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (455/223). NGC Census: (240/201). CDN: \$1,920 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 151,050. NGC ID# 28H2, PCGS# 8875

11179 1914-D MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (938/729). NGC Census: (821/421). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

11180 1914-D MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (938/729). NGC Census: (821/421). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

11181 1914-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (466/261). NGC Census: (216/203). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

11182 1914-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (466/263). NGC Census: (216/205). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

11183 1914-D MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (466/263). NGC Census: (216/205). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 343,500. NGC ID# 28H3, PCGS# 8876

11184 1914-S AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (28/1042). PCGS Population: (37/1015). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 208,000. NGC ID# 28H4, PCGS# 8877

11185 1914-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (389/432). PCGS Population: (286/535). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 208,000. NGC ID# 28H4, PCGS# 8877

11186 1915 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1412/952). NGC Census: (1278/889). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 351,075. NGC ID# 28H5, PCGS# 8878

11187 1916-S AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (128/755). PCGS Population: (119/896). Mintage 138,500. NGC ID# 28H7, PCGS# 8880

11188 1916-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (307/452). PCGS Population: (292/601). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 138,500. NGC ID# 28H7, PCGS# 8880

11189 1926 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (14994/20731). PCGS Population: (13366/16216). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11190 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12150/4070). NGC Census: (15511/5218). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11191 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12109/4061). NGC Census: (15504/5210). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11192 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12109/4061). NGC Census: (15515/5216). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11193 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12109/4061). NGC Census: (15515/5216). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11194 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12109/4061). NGC Census: (15515/5216). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11195 1926 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (12150/4070). NGC Census: (15511/5218). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882



11196 1926 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (3645/421 and 148/27+). NGC Census: (4576/642 and 67/6+). CDN: \$1,085 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,014,000. NGC ID# 28H9, PCGS# 8882

11197 1932 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (432/59643). PCGS Population: (596/48121). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 4,463,000.

11198 1932 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2649/45573). NGC Census: (3604/56050). Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11199 1932 MS61 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (2649/45573). NGC Census: (3604/56050). Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11200 1932 MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (14066/31507). NGC Census: (16102/39948). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11201 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20091/11416). NGC Census: (25380/14568). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11202 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20091/11416). NGC Census: (25380/14568). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11203 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20091/11416). NGC Census: (25380/14568). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11204 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20055/11348). NGC Census: (25374/14566). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11205 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20055/11348). NGC Census: (25374/14566). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11206 1932 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (20055/11348). NGC Census: (25374/14566). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11207 1932 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (25380/14568). PCGS Population: (20091/11416). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11208 1932 MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (20080/11363 and 871/487+). NGC Census: (25379/14568 and 105/293+). CDN: \$925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11209 1932 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9873/1440). NGC Census: (12048/2510). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11210 1932 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9947/1469). NGC Census: (12054/2514). CDN: \$1,085 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11211 1932 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9903/1445). NGC Census: (12052/2514). CDN: \$1,085 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11212 1932 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9976/1472). NGC Census: (12056/2515). CDN: \$1,085 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11213 1932 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (9873/1440 and 394/69+). NGC Census: (12048/2510 and 257/32+). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11214 1932 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (9976/1472 and 421/80+). NGC Census: (12056/2515 and 261/33+). CDN: \$1,085 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

11215 1932 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (12048/2510). PCGS Population: (9873/1440). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,463,000. NGC ID# 28HB, PCGS# 8884

LIBERTY DOUBLE EAGLES

11216 1850 — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. VF. NGC Census: (6/1434). PCGS Population: (3/997). CDN: \$1,925 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS VF20. Mintage 1,170,261.

11217 1857-S — Obverse Damage — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (129/797). PCGS Population: (74/372). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 970,500.

11218 1865-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (133/890). PCGS Population: (114/644). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,042,500.

11219 1868-S XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (150/389). NGC Census: (275/1108). Mintage 837,500. NGC ID# 26A4, PCGS# 8954

11220 1868-S — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (180/930). PCGS Population: (114/270). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 837,500.

11221 1869-S AU50 NGC. NGC Census: (168/933). PCGS Population: (105/404). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 686,750. NGC ID# 26A6, PCGS# 8956

11222 1871-S AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (430/677). PCGS Population: (150/248). Mintage 928,000. NGC ID# 26ND, PCGS# 8962

11223 1872 AU53 PCGS. PCGS Population: (63/296). NGC Census: (82/502). Mintage 251,880. NGC ID# 26AD, PCGS# 8963

11224 1872-S AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (284/1031). PCGS Population: (136/315). Mintage 780,000. NGC ID# 26AF, PCGS# 8965

11225 1873 Open 3 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (2254/970). PCGS Population: (1666/1347). NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967

11226 1873 Open 3 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1680/1355). NGC Census: (2254/971). NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967

11227 1873 Open 3 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1668/1353). NGC Census: (2254/970). NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967



11228 1873 Open 3 MS62 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1179/168). NGC Census: (885/85). CDN: \$2,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8967

11229 1873-S Closed 3 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (179/309). NGC Census: (755/359). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,040,600. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8969

11230 1873-S Closed 3 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (179/313). NGC Census: (754/358). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,040,600. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8969

11231 1873-S Closed 3 MS60 PCGS. PCGS Population: (80/228). NGC Census: (127/232). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,040,600. NGC ID# 26AL, PCGS# 8969

11232 1874-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (381/645). NGC Census: (1357/689). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,214,000. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

11233 1874-S MS60 PCGS. PCGS Population: (152/489). NGC Census: (245/443). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,214,000. NGC ID# 26AR, PCGS# 8972

11234 1876 MS60 NGC. NGC Census: (295/708). PCGS Population: (218/617). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 583,905. NGC ID# 26AV, PCGS# 8976

11235 1876-S — Obverse Graffiti — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (256/6293). PCGS Population: (129/3538). CDN: \$1,375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU50. Mintage 1,597,000.

11236 1876-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (866/719). NGC Census: (1120/522). Mintage 1,597,000. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

11237 1876-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (871/722). NGC Census: (1120/520). Mintage 1,597,000. NGC ID# 26AX, PCGS# 8978

11238 1877-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (421/1247). NGC Census: (676/1371). CDN: \$1,335 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,735,000. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 8984

11239 1877-S AU58 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (421/1247). NGC Census: (676/1371). CDN: \$1,335 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,735,000. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 8984

11240 1877-S MS60 PCGS. PCGS Population: (294/953). NGC Census: (387/984). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,735,000. NGC ID# 254B, PCGS# 8984

11241 1878 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (276/956). NGC Census: (360/1080). CDN: \$1,335 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 543,645. NGC ID# 26B3, PCGS# 8985

11242 1878-S MS60 PCGS. PCGS Population: (236/644). NGC Census: (271/617). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,739,000. NGC ID# 338K, PCGS# 8987

11243 1879-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (310/450). NGC Census: (629/393). CDN: \$1,335 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 1,233,800. NGC ID# 26B9, PCGS# 8991

11244 1880 AU53 NGC. NGC Census: (41/284). PCGS Population: (59/174). Mintage 51,456. NGC ID# 26BA, PCGS# 8992

11245 1880-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (201/349). NGC Census: (388/354). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 836,000. NGC ID# 26BB, PCGS# 8993

11246 1880-S AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (388/354). PCGS Population: (202/357). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 836,000. NGC ID# 26BB, PCGS# 8993

11247 1883-CC — Graffiti — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (76/1158). PCGS Population: (111/843). CDN: \$2,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 59,962.

11248 1883-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (614/1024). NGC Census: (789/557). Mintage 1,189,000. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

11249 1883-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (615/1027). NGC Census: (791/559). Mintage 1,189,000. NGC ID# 26BJ, PCGS# 9000

11250 1884-S MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (1046/846). PCGS Population: (643/1365). Mintage 916,000. NGC ID# 26BL, PCGS# 9002

11251 1887-S AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (148/783). NGC Census: (185/683). CDN: \$1,335 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 283,000. NGC ID# 26BS, PCGS# 9007

11252 1888 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (418/181). PCGS Population: (272/285). Mintage 226,100. NGC ID# 26BT, PCGS# 9008

11253 1888 MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (273/288). NGC Census: (423/183). Mintage 226,100. NGC ID# 26BT, PCGS# 9008

11254 1888-S MS60 NGC. NGC Census: (173/1994). PCGS Population: (111/2102). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 859,600. NGC ID# 26BU, PCGS# 9009

11255 1889 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (68/390). NGC Census: (71/434). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 44,000. NGC ID# 2695, PCGS# 9010

11256 1889-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (453/1500). NGC Census: (713/766). Mintage 774,700. NGC ID# 26BW, PCGS# 9012

11257 1890-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (394/98). PCGS Population: (581/234). CDN: \$1,650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 802,750. NGC ID# 26BZ, PCGS# 9015

11258 1893 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (2552/790). PCGS Population: (1937/856). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 344,200. NGC ID# 26C8, PCGS# 9022

11259 1894 MS61 NGC. NGC Census: (6371/7473). PCGS Population: (3511/5875). Mintage 1,368,990. NGC ID# 26CB, PCGS# 9025

11260 1894-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1685/954). NGC Census: (1935/682). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,048,550. NGC ID# 26CC, PCGS# 9026



11261 1894-S MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (790/164). NGC Census: (589/96). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,048,550. NGC ID# 26CC, PCGS# 9026

11262 1895 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (9463/4280). PCGS Population: (6997/2403). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,114,656. NGC ID# 26CD, PCGS# 9027

11263 1895-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2427/1183). NGC Census: (2526/944). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,100,000. NGC ID# 26CE, PCGS# 9028

11264 1895-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (970/223). NGC Census: (815/182). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,100,000. NGC ID# 26CE, PCGS# 9028

11265 1896 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (4434/1808). PCGS Population: (3033/1190). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 792,500. NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 9029

11266 1896 Repunched Date, FS-301, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/28). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,340 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 145739 Base PCGS# 9029

11267 1896 Repunched Date, FS-301, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (23/28). NGC Census: (0/0). CDN: \$1,340 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 145739 Base PCGS# 9029

11268 1896 Repunched Date, FS-301, MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (27/34). PCGS Population: (25/30). CDN: \$1,340 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. NGC ID# 26CF, PCGS# 145739 Base PCGS# 9029

11269 1896-S MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1855/4126). NGC Census: (3629/4471). Mintage 1,403,925. NGC ID# 26CG, PCGS# 9030

11270 1897 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (5484/1920). NGC Census: (7751/3172). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,383,261. NGC ID# 26CH, PCGS# 9031

11271 1897 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (7734/3139). PCGS Population: (5422/1861). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,383,261.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 26CH, PCGS# 9031

11272 1898 MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (668/206). NGC Census: (689/215). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 170,300. NGC ID# 26CK, PCGS# 9033

11273 1898-S MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (8899/5226). PCGS Population: (7255/4880). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,575,175.
From The Hotel Harrington Collection. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

11274 1898-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7282/4917). NGC Census: (8907/5227). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,575,175. NGC ID# 26CL, PCGS# 9034

11275 1899 — Cleaning — PCGS Genuine. Unc Details. NGC Census: (606/23191). PCGS Population: (624/13598). CDN: \$1,355 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 1,669,384.

11276 1899 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (574/30). NGC Census: (1665/82). CDN: \$2,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,669,384. NGC ID# 26CM, PCGS# 9035

11277 1899-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2925/1645). NGC Census: (3440/1634). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11278 1899-S MS62+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2936/1650 and 44/26+). NGC Census: (3439/1638 and 3/5+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11279 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/297). PCGS Population: (1352/298). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11280 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/297). PCGS Population: (1352/298). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11281 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/297). PCGS Population: (1352/298). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11282 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/297). PCGS Population: (1352/298). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11283 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1339/297). PCGS Population: (1352/298). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036

11284 1899-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1341/297). PCGS Population: (1353/299). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,010,300. NGC ID# 26CN, PCGS# 9036



11285 1900 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (5526/192 and 265/14+). NGC Census: (5784/300 and 136/1+). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,874,584. NGC ID# 26CP, PCGS# 9037

11286 1900 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (5524/191 and 265/14+). NGC Census: (5783/300 and 136/1+). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,874,584. NGC ID# 26CP, PCGS# 9037

11287 1901 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1540/318 and 38/5+). NGC Census: (1541/324 and 24/0+). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 111,430. NGC ID# 26CS, PCGS# 9039

11288 1902-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1443/659). NGC Census: (1452/363). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 1,753,625. NGC ID# 26CV, PCGS# 9042

11289 1903 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (4455/3745). PCGS Population: (3432/3477). CDN: \$1,440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 287,200. NGC ID# 26CW, PCGS# 9043

11290 1903-S MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1533/425). NGC Census: (1392/299). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 954,000. NGC ID# 26CX, PCGS# 9044

11291 1903-S MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (1393/299). PCGS Population: (1535/425). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 954,000. NGC ID# 26CX, PCGS# 9044

11292 1904 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (76860/42318). PCGS Population: (58435/38345). CDN: \$1,440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11293 1904 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (35363/6923). PCGS Population: (33105/5105). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11294 1904 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (33246/5127). NGC Census: (35396/6927). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11295 1904 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (35416/6929). PCGS Population: (33330/5144). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11296 1904 MS64+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (33222/5123 and 947/193+). NGC Census: (35391/6927 and 442/121+). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11297 1904 MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (33219/5112). NGC Census: (35377/6924). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 9045

11298 1904 MS62 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (381/277). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$1,385 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 6,256,797. NGC ID# 26CY, PCGS# 79045

11299 1904-S MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (3285/210). NGC Census: (3231/302). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,134,175. NGC ID# 26CZ, PCGS# 9046

11300 1904-S MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (3231/302). PCGS Population: (3285/210). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 5,134,175. NGC ID# 26CZ, PCGS# 9046

11301 1905 AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (210/468). PCGS Population: (99/506). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 58,919. NGC ID# 26D2, PCGS# 9047

11302 1906 AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (109/628). NGC Census: (129/512). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 69,500. NGC ID# 26D4, PCGS# 9049

11303 1906-S MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (1174/293 and 10/27+). NGC Census: (659/114 and 1/6+). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,065,750. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9051

11304 1907-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1157/1312). NGC Census: (1195/1063). CDN: \$1,370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,165,800.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26D9, PCGS# 9054

SAINT-GAUDENS DOUBLE EAGLES

11305 1907 Arabic Numerals MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4398/7534). NGC Census: (2708/2865). CDN: \$1,625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 361,667.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

11306 1907 Arabic Numerals MS64 PCGS. Ex: Rough Rider Hoard. PCGS Population: (4809/2715). NGC Census: (2054/813). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 361,667. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

11307 1907 Arabic Numerals MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4810/2724). NGC Census: (2056/812). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 361,667. NGC ID# 26F5, PCGS# 9141

11308 1908 No Motto MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42561/32215). NGC Census: (34839/14494). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,271,551.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

11309 1908 No Motto MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (42645/32315). NGC Census: (34839/14494). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

11310 1908 No Motto MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (42645/32315). NGC Census: (34840/14495). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142



11311 1908 No Motto MS65 ANACS. NGC Census: (9678/4817). PCGS Population: (22804/9644). CDN: \$1,520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,271,551. NGC ID# 26F6, PCGS# 9142

11312 1908-D No Motto MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1461/1822). NGC Census: (1499/659). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 663,750.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F7, PCGS# 9143

11313 1908-D No Motto MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1461/1822). NGC Census: (1499/659). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 663,750. NGC ID# 26F7, PCGS# 9143

- 11314 1908 Motto MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (657/1360). NGC Census: (813/746). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 156,200. NGC ID# BNAK, PCGS# 9147
- 11315 1908 Motto MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (657/1360). NGC Census: (813/746). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 156,200. NGC ID# BNAK, PCGS# 9147
- 11316 1908 Motto MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (657/1360). NGC Census: (813/746). CDN: \$1,500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 156,200. NGC ID# BNAK, PCGS# 9147
- 11317 1908 MOTTO MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (736/628). NGC Census: (453/294). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 156,258. NGC ID# BNAK, PCGS# 9147
- 11318 1908-D Motto MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (524/2147). NGC Census: (611/1238). CDN: \$1,475 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 349,500.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26F9, PCGS# 9148
- 11319 1908-D Motto MS63 NGC.** NGC Census: (571/667). PCGS Population: (770/1383). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 349,500. NGC ID# 26F9, PCGS# 9148
- 11320 1909 AU58 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (208/1789). NGC Census: (231/1050). CDN: \$1,295 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS AU58. Mintage 161,282. NGC ID# 26FC, PCGS# 9150
- 11321 1909 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (598/907). NGC Census: (463/227). CDN: \$1,800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 161,282. NGC ID# 26FC, PCGS# 9150
- 11322 1909-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1404/4241). NGC Census: (1586/3333). CDN: \$1,330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 2,774,925.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FE, PCGS# 9153
- 11323 1910 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (3564/3503). PCGS Population: (2490/4349). CDN: \$1,330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 482,000. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154
- 11324 1910 MS62 NGC.** NGC Census: (3564/3503). PCGS Population: (2491/4362). CDN: \$1,330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 482,000. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154
- 11325 1910 MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2828/1521). NGC Census: (2534/969). CDN: \$1,395 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 482,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154
- 11326 1910 MS63 NGC.** NGC Census: (2534/969). PCGS Population: (2828/1521). CDN: \$1,395 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 482,000. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154
- 11327 1910 MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1322/199). NGC Census: (888/81). CDN: \$1,900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 482,000. NGC ID# 26FF, PCGS# 9154
- 11328 1910-D MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1878/3329). NGC Census: (2160/2251). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 429,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FG, PCGS# 9155
- 11329 1910-S MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1436/1417). NGC Census: (1100/631). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 2,128,250.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FH, PCGS# 9156
- 11330 1910-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1195/224). NGC Census: (547/84). CDN: \$2,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,128,250. NGC ID# 26FH, PCGS# 9156
- 11331 1911 MS63 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (839/533). NGC Census: (530/463). CDN: \$2,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 197,250. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9157
- 11332 1911-D MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3745/2589). NGC Census: (3516/2511). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 846,500. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158
- 11333 1911-D MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (3720/2567). NGC Census: (3516/2511). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 846,500.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FK, PCGS# 9158
- 11334 1911-S MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (911/3529). NGC Census: (1359/3525). CDN: \$1,330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 775,750.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FL, PCGS# 9159
- 11335 1912 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1190/1699). NGC Census: (956/540). CDN: \$1,975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 149,700. NGC ID# 26FM, PCGS# 9160
- 11336 1912 MS62 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1191/1698). NGC Census: (956/540). CDN: \$1,975 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 149,700.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FM, PCGS# 9160
- 11337 1913-D MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (1338/1768). NGC Census: (1149/1011). CDN: \$1,725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 393,500. NGC ID# 26FP, PCGS# 9162
- 11338 1914-D MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (2384/1136). NGC Census: (1946/612). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 453,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FT, PCGS# 9165
- 11339 1914-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (5678/2214). NGC Census: (5935/1555). CDN: \$1,450 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,498,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 82KA, PCGS# 9166
- 11340 1915-S MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4245/6878). NGC Census: (5504/7417). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 567,500.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168
- 11341 1915-S MS64 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4555/2310). NGC Census: (5589/1828). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 567,500.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168
- 11342 1915-S MS64+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (4563/2315 and 111/32+). NGC Census: (5589/1828 and 35/38+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 567,500. NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168



11343 1915-S MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2100/210). NGC Census: (1668/160). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 567,500. NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168

11344 1915-S MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1667/160). PCGS Population: (2146/220). CDN: \$2,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 567,500. NGC ID# 26FW, PCGS# 9168

11345 1916-S MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (509/4024). NGC Census: (604/3318). CDN: \$1,330 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 796,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 34NJ, PCGS# 9169

11346 1920 MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (3506/2020). PCGS Population: (2338/3085). CDN: \$1,525 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS62. Mintage 228,250. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11347 1920 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2116/944). NGC Census: (1602/421). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,250. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11348 1920 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2129/945). NGC Census: (1599/421). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,250.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11349 1920 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2129/945). NGC Census: (1599/421). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,250. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11350 1920 MS63+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (2116/944 and 31/62+). NGC Census: (1602/421 and 12/21+). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,250. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11351 1920 MS63 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (1604/421). PCGS Population: (2120/946). CDN: \$1,700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 228,250. NGC ID# 26FY, PCGS# 9170

11352 1922 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16581/9925). NGC Census: (21693/8847). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 1,375,500.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11353 1922 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8470/1442). NGC Census: (8329/518). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11354 1922 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8479/1446). NGC Census: (8329/518). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11355 1922 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (8479/1446). NGC Census: (8328/518). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11356 1922 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (8392/517). PCGS Population: (8564/1447). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11357 1922 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (8315/518 and 164/6+). PCGS Population: (8416/1439 and 170/15+). CDN: \$1,440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11358 1922 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (8328/518 and 159/6+). PCGS Population: (8479/1446 and 173/16+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11359 1922 MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (8479/1446 and 173/16+). NGC Census: (8328/518 and 159/6+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,375,500. NGC ID# 26G3, PCGS# 9173

11360 1923 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10134/4701). NGC Census: (11880/2966). CDN: \$1,395 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 566,000. NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

11361 1923 MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2844/122). PCGS Population: (4226/475). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 566,000. NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

11362 1923 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4219/474). NGC Census: (2755/122). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 566,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

11363 1923 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (2844/122 and 55/1+). PCGS Population: (4226/475 and 66/2+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 566,000. NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

11364 1923 MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (2755/122 and 52/1+). PCGS Population: (4224/475 and 66/2+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 566,000. NGC ID# 26G5, PCGS# 9175

11365 1923-D MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1980/2479). PCGS Population: (2679/4213). CDN: \$1,420 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,702,250. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

11366 1923-D MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2677/4201). NGC Census: (1977/2475). CDN: \$1,420 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 1,702,250.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G6, PCGS# 9176

11367 1924 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (87349/146742). NGC Census: (107935/142799). CDN: \$1,340 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11368 1924 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92345/54397). NGC Census: (103542/39321). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,323,500.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11369 1924 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92394/54436). NGC Census: (103542/39321). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11370 1924 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (92394/54436). NGC Census: (103547/39330). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,323,500.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11371 1924 MS64 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (103470/39288). PCGS Population: (92123/54235). CDN: \$1,440 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177



11372 1924 MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (45211/9186). NGC Census: (34141/5180). CDN: \$1,520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11373 1924 MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (45211/9186). NGC Census: (34141/5180). CDN: \$1,520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 4,323,500. NGC ID# 26G7, PCGS# 9177

11374 1925 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14426/7662). NGC Census: (16132/5122). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,831,750.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GA, PCGS# 9180

11375 1926 MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (6571/13119). PCGS Population: (6553/13144). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 816,750. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

11376 1926 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7953/5185). NGC Census: (9124/3993). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 816,750.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

11377 1926 MS64 PCGS Secure. PCGS Population: (7953/5185 and 224/103+). NGC Census: (9124/3993 and 78/54+). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 816,750. NGC ID# 26GD, PCGS# 9183

11378 1927 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (48071/33482). NGC Census: (52250/22666). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,946,750.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186

11379 1927 MS64 ANACS. NGC Census: (52261/22676). PCGS Population: (48091/33517). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 2,946,750. NGC ID# 26GG, PCGS# 9186

11380 1928 MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (14284/27608). NGC Census: (15647/21319). CDN: \$1,340 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 8,816,000. NGC ID# 34VK, PCGS# 9189

11381 1928 MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (15575/12033). NGC Census: (14682/6638). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 8,816,000.
From The Renz Family Collection of \$20 Gold Coins. NGC ID# 34VK, PCGS# 9189

COMMEMORATIVE SILVER

11382 1893 Isabella Quarter MS63 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1206/1999). NGC Census: (762/1630). CDN: \$520 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11383 1893 Isabella Quarter MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1010/620). PCGS Population: (1259/743). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11384 1893 Isabella Quarter MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1259/743). NGC Census: (1010/620). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11385 1893 Isabella Quarter MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1259/743). NGC Census: (1010/620). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11386 1893 Isabella Quarter MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1010/619). PCGS Population: (1263/745). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11387 1893 Isabella Quarter MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (1010/619). PCGS Population: (1263/745). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 24,214. NGC ID# BYJ9, PCGS# 9220

11388 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS61 ANACS. NGC Census: (201/1983). PCGS Population: (102/2645). Mintage 36,026. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

11389 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS62 NGC. NGC Census: (447/1529). PCGS Population: (498/2156). Mintage 36,026. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

11390 1900 Lafayette Dollar MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (765/1388). NGC Census: (510/1019). CDN: \$1,400 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 36,026. NGC ID# BYKW, PCGS# 9222

11391 1936 Albany MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (182/3). NGC Census: (134/5). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227

11392 1936 Albany MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (134/5 and 8/0+). PCGS Population: (182/3 and 17/0+). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227

11393 1936 Albany MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (182/3). NGC Census: (134/5). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227

11394 1936 Albany MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (182/3). NGC Census: (134/5). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227



11395 1936 Albany MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (182/3). NGC Census: (134/5). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227

11396 1936 Albany MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (181/3 and 17/0+). NGC Census: (134/5 and 8/0+). CDN: \$820 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 17,671. NGC ID# 23WZ, PCGS# 9227

11397 1937 Antietam MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1016/946). PCGS Population: (1596/1680). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11398 1937 Antietam MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1324/356). NGC Census: (751/195). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11399 1937 Antietam MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (751/195). PCGS Population: (1324/356). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11400 1937 Antietam MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1323/356). NGC Census: (751/195). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11401 1937 Antietam MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1324/356 and 39/27+). NGC Census: (751/195 and 9/5+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11402 1937 Antietam MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (340/16). NGC Census: (180/15). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 18,028. NGC ID# BYF4, PCGS# 9229

11403 1938 Arkansas MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (53/4). PCGS Population: (98/15). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,156. NGC ID# BYFE, PCGS# 9245

11404 1939-D Arkansas MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (199/121). NGC Census: (149/44). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,104. NGC ID# BYFK, PCGS# 9250

11405 1939-D Arkansas MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (199/121). NGC Census: (149/44). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 2,104. NGC ID# BYFK, PCGS# 9250

11406 1936-S Bay Bridge MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (896/191 and 24/23+). NGC Census: (598/89 and 9/7+). CDN: \$285 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 71,424. NGC ID# BYFM, PCGS# 9254

11407 1936-S Bay Bridge MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (183/9). NGC Census: (83/6). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 71,424. NGC ID# BYFM, PCGS# 9254

11408 1935 Boone MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (55/0). NGC Census: (25/2). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYFR, PCGS# 9258

11409 1935 Boone MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (56/0). NGC Census: (25/2). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYFR, PCGS# 9258

11410 1935 Boone MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (56/0). NGC Census: (25/2). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYFR, PCGS# 9258

11411 1935-S Boone MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (32/1). NGC Census: (32/1). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,005. NGC ID# BYFW, PCGS# 9260

11412 1936 Boone MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (52/2). PCGS Population: (79/5). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,012. NGC ID# BYFX, PCGS# 9266

11413 1936-D Boone MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (36/0). NGC Census: (12/0). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,005. NGC ID# BYFZ, PCGS# 9267

11414 1936-S Boone MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (69/3). NGC Census: (35/3). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,006. NGC ID# BYG2, PCGS# 9268

11415 1938 Boone MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (150/36). NGC Census: (86/6). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,100. NGC ID# BYG6, PCGS# 9274

11416 1938-D Boone MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (72/4). NGC Census: (30/4). CDN: \$1,025 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 2,100. NGC ID# BYG7, PCGS# 9275

11417 1938-S Boone MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (149/43). NGC Census: (104/35). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 2,100. NGC ID# BYG8, PCGS# 9276

11418 1925-S California MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (396/119). NGC Census: (420/150). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 86,394. NGC ID# BYGA, PCGS# 9281

11419 1925-S California MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (396/119 and 28/12+). NGC Census: (419/150 and 10/6+). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 86,394. NGC ID# BYGA, PCGS# 9281

11420 1925-S California MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (396/119 and 28/12+). NGC Census: (419/150 and 10/6+). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 86,394. NGC ID# BYGA, PCGS# 9281

11421 1936 Cincinnati MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (164/13 and 19/2+). NGC Census: (84/7 and 7/1+). CDN: \$565 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,005. NGC ID# BYCJ, PCGS# 9283

11422 1936-D Cincinnati MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (347/50). NGC Census: (230/33). CDN: \$565 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 5,005. NGC ID# BYCK, PCGS# 9284



- 11423 1936 Columbia MS67+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (83/1 and 11/0+). NGC Census: (81/5 and 3/0+). CDN: \$495 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,007. NGC ID# BYGC, PCGS# 9291
- 11424 1892 Columbian MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (270/33). NGC Census: (215/36). CDN: \$565 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 950,000. NGC ID# BYGF, PCGS# 9296
- 11425 1892 Columbian MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (270/33 and 31/7+). NGC Census: (215/36 and 13/1+). CDN: \$565 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 950,000. NGC ID# BYGF, PCGS# 9296
- 11426 1893 Columbian MS66 ★ NGC.** NGC Census: (148/31 and 13/7*). PCGS Population: (212/27 and 13/7*). CDN: \$725 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 1,550,405. NGC ID# BYGG, PCGS# 9297
- 11427 1935 Connecticut MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (576/90). NGC Census: (449/87). CDN: \$445 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 25,018. NGC ID# BYGH, PCGS# 9299
- 11428 1936 Gettysburg MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (1302/389). PCGS Population: (1726/836). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 26,928. NGC ID# BYGM, PCGS# 9305
- 11429 1936 Gettysburg MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (716/119). NGC Census: (330/59). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 26,928. NGC ID# BYGM, PCGS# 9305
- 11430 1936 Gettysburg MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (716/120). NGC Census: (330/59). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 26,928. NGC ID# BYGM, PCGS# 9305

- 11431 1922 Grant No Star MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (301/58). NGC Census: (214/28). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 67,405. NGC ID# BYGP, PCGS# 9306
- 11432 1922 Grant No Star MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (302/58). NGC Census: (214/28). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 67,405. NGC ID# BYGP, PCGS# 9306
- 11433 1922 Grant No Star MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (301/58 and 20/3+). NGC Census: (214/28 and 9/7+). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 67,405. NGC ID# BYGP, PCGS# 9306
- 11434 1922 Grant With Star MS64 NGC.** NGC Census: (585/289). PCGS Population: (521/211). CDN: \$2,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 4,256. NGC ID# BYPP, PCGS# 9307
- 11435 1928 Hawaiian — Polished — ANACS. AU58 Details.** NGC Census: (21/1633). PCGS Population: (73/2680). Mintage 9,958.
- 11436 1928 Hawaiian — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Unc.** NGC Census: (3/1629). PCGS Population: (21/2657). CDN: \$1,850 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS60. Mintage 9,958.
- 11437 1935 Hudson MS63 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (671/2282). NGC Census: (309/1518). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 10,008. NGC ID# BYGS, PCGS# 9312
- 11438 1935 Hudson MS63 ANACS.** NGC Census: (309/1518). PCGS Population: (671/2282). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 10,008. NGC ID# BYGS, PCGS# 9312
- 11439 1935 Hudson MS66 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (276/18). NGC Census: (162/29). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 10,008. NGC ID# BYGS, PCGS# 9312
- 11440 1924 Huguenot MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (395/63 and 21/11+). NGC Census: (305/53 and 6/4+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 142,080. NGC ID# BYGT, PCGS# 9314
- 11441 1924 Huguenot MS67 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (61/2). NGC Census: (52/1). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 142,080. NGC ID# BYGT, PCGS# 9314
- 11442 1924 Huguenot MS67 PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (61/2). NGC Census: (52/1). CDN: \$1,150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 142,080. NGC ID# BYGT, PCGS# 9314

- 11443 1925 Lexington MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (386/22). NGC Census: (206/14). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11444 1925 Lexington MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (380/22). NGC Census: (206/14). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11445 1925 Lexington MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (386/22). NGC Census: (206/14). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11446 1925 Lexington MS66 NGC.** NGC Census: (206/14). PCGS Population: (388/22). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11447 1925 Lexington MS66+ PCGS. PCGS** Population: (387/22 and 32/4+). NGC Census: (206/14 and 14/0+). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11448 1925 Lexington MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (387/22 and 32/4+). NGC Census: (206/14 and 14/0+). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11449 1925 Lexington MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (386/22 and 32/4+). NGC Census: (206/14 and 14/0+). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 162,013. NGC ID# BYGW, PCGS# 9318
- 11450 1918 Lincoln MS66+ PCGS. PCGS** Population: (523/114 and 27/26+). NGC Census: (277/76 and 3/1+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 100,058. NGC ID# BYGU, PCGS# 9320
- 11451 1918 Lincoln MS66+ PCGS. CAC.** PCGS Population: (522/114 and 27/26+). NGC Census: (276/76 and 3/1+). CDN: \$575 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 100,058. NGC ID# BYGU, PCGS# 9320
- 11452 1936 Long Island MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (504/80 and 28/6+). NGC Census: (339/63 and 7/7+). CDN: \$370 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 81,826. NGC ID# BYGX, PCGS# 9322
- 11453 1920 Maine MS66 PCGS. PCGS** Population: (441/43). NGC Census: (288/34). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 50,028. NGC ID# BYGY, PCGS# 9326

11454 1920 Maine MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (440/43 and 28/6+). NGC Census: (288/34 and 16/2+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 50,028. NGC ID# BYGY, PCGS# 9326

11455 1920 Maine MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (440/43). NGC Census: (289/34). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 50,028. NGC ID# BYGY, PCGS# 9326

11456 1920 Maine MS66+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (440/43 and 28/6+). NGC Census: (288/34 and 16/2+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 50,028. NGC ID# BYGY, PCGS# 9326



11457 1934 Maryland MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (68/0). NGC Census: (91/2). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 25,015. NGC ID# BYGZ, PCGS# 9328

11458 1921 Missouri MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (541/1157). NGC Census: (358/1320). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 15,428. NGC ID# BYH2, PCGS# 9330

11459 1921 Missouri MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (541/1157). NGC Census: (358/1320). CDN: \$675 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 15,428. NGC ID# BYH2, PCGS# 9330

11460 1921 Missouri MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (820/337). NGC Census: (981/339). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 15,428. NGC ID# BYH2, PCGS# 9330

11461 1921 Missouri MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (296/43). PCGS Population: (285/52). CDN: \$1,880 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,428. NGC ID# BYH2, PCGS# 9330

11462 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (487/96). NGC Census: (345/63). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 274,077. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

11463 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (487/96). NGC Census: (345/63). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 274,077. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

11464 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (487/96). NGC Census: (345/63). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 274,077. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

11465 1923-S Monroe MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (487/96). NGC Census: (345/63). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 274,077. NGC ID# BYH4, PCGS# 9333

11466 1936 Norfolk MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (192/2). NGC Census: (87/1). Mintage 16,936. NGC ID# BYH5, PCGS# 9337

11467 1925 Norse, Thick Planchet MS65+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (225/44 and 5/2+). NGC Census: (180/33 and 2/0+). NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9450

11468 1925 Norse, Thick Planchet MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (43/1). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Sounder Collection, Part II.* NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9450

11469 1925 Norse, Thin Planchet MS64 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (152/65). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Sounder Collection, Part II.* NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9451

11470 1925 Norse, Thin Planchet MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (53/12). NGC Census: (40/7). NGC ID# 2WHM, PCGS# 9451

11471 1926 Oregon MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (100/2). NGC Census: (68/2). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 47,955. NGC ID# BYH6, PCGS# 9340

11472 1926-S Oregon MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (165/8). NGC Census: (182/13). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 83,055. NGC ID# BYH7, PCGS# 9341

11473 1926-S Oregon MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (166/8). NGC Census: (183/13). CDN: \$750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 83,055. NGC ID# BYH7, PCGS# 9341

11474 1934-D Oregon MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (72/1). NGC Census: (26/0). CDN: \$1,050 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,006. NGC ID# BYHA, PCGS# 9344

11475 1936 Oregon MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (184/8). NGC Census: (151/6). CDN: \$480 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,006. NGC ID# BYHB, PCGS# 9345

11476 1936-S Oregon MS67+ NGC. NGC Census: (156/14 and 8/0+). PCGS Population: (159/6 and 18/1+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 5,006. NGC ID# BYHC, PCGS# 9346

11477 1937-D Oregon MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (674/54 and 71/3+). NGC Census: (537/72 and 44/2+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,008. NGC ID# BYHG, PCGS# 9347

11478 1937-D Oregon MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (674/54 and 71/3+). NGC Census: (537/72 and 44/2+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 12,008. NGC ID# BYHG, PCGS# 9347

11479 1938 Oregon MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (111/3). NGC Census: (122/3). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,006. NGC ID# BYHH, PCGS# 9348



11480 1938 Oregon MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (107/3 and 15/0+). NGC Census: (123/3 and 10/0+). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,006. NGC ID# BYHH, PCGS# 9348

11481 1938-S Oregon MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (169/14). NGC Census: (160/19). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,006. NGC ID# BYHK, PCGS# 9350

- 11482 1938 Oregon PDS Set PCGS.** The set includes: 1938 MS67; 1938-D MS67; 1938-S MS66. (Total: 3 coins)
- 11483 1939-S Oregon MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (297/116). NGC Census: (298/112). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,005. NGC ID# BYHN, PCGS# 9354
- 11484 1939-S Oregon MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (297/117 and 8/9+). NGC Census: (298/112 and 4/2+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 3,005. NGC ID# BYHN, PCGS# 9354
- 11485 1939-S Oregon MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (109/8). NGC Census: (103/9). CDN: \$900 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,005. NGC ID# BYHN, PCGS# 9354
- 11486 1939 Oregon PDS Set PCGS.** The set includes: 1939 MS66; 1939-D MS65; 1939-S MS65. (Total: 3 coins) NGC ID# BYHL, PCGS# 9355
- 11487 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS64 NGC.** NGC Census: (974/776). PCGS Population: (987/933). CDN: \$775 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11488 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (550/382). NGC Census: (489/287). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11489 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (550/382). NGC Census: (489/287). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11490 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (489/287). PCGS Population: (551/382). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11491 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (551/382). NGC Census: (489/287). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11492 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (550/382). NGC Census: (489/287). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357

- 11493 1915-S Panama-Pacific MS65 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (550/382). NGC Census: (489/287). CDN: \$1,100 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 27,134. NGC ID# BYHP, PCGS# 9357
- 11494 1920 Pilgrim MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (397/53). NGC Census: (188/19). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 152,112. NGC ID# BYHR, PCGS# 9359
- 11495 1920 Pilgrim MS66+ PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (395/52 and 16/8+). NGC Census: (188/19 and 10/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 152,112. NGC ID# BYHR, PCGS# 9359
- 11496 1921 Pilgrim MS66 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (293/43). NGC Census: (166/21). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,053. NGC ID# BYHS, PCGS# 9360
- 11497 1921 Pilgrim MS66+ PCGS.** PCGS Population: (288/43 and 23/4+). NGC Census: (165/21 and 3/1+). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 20,053. NGC ID# BYHS, PCGS# 9360
- 11498 1936-D Rhode Island MS67 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (69/1). NGC Census: (40/2). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 15,010. NGC ID# BYHU, PCGS# 9364
- 11499 1936-D Rhode Island MS67 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (69/1). NGC Census: (40/2). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 15,010. NGC ID# BYHU, PCGS# 9364
- 11500 1937 Roanoke MS67+ PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (349/18 and 56/1+). NGC Census: (235/27 and 18/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 29,030. NGC ID# BYHW, PCGS# 9367
- 11501 1937 Roanoke MS67+ PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (349/18 and 56/1+). NGC Census: (235/27 and 18/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 29,030. NGC ID# BYHW, PCGS# 9367
- 11502 1935-S San Diego MS67 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (176/6). NGC Census: (85/4). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 70,132. NGC ID# BYHY, PCGS# 9371



- 11503 1935-S San Diego MS67 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (176/6). NGC Census: (85/4). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 70,132. NGC ID# BYHY, PCGS# 9371
- 11504 1926 Sesquicentennial MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (297/16). PCGS Population: (362/9). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 141,120. NGC ID# BYJ4, PCGS# 9374
- 11505 1926 Sesquicentennial MS65 NGC.** NGC Census: (296/16). PCGS Population: (362/9). CDN: \$1,600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 141,120. NGC ID# BYJ4, PCGS# 9374
- 11506 1935 Spanish Trail MS63 PCGS.** PCGS Population: (291/3219). NGC Census: (90/1725). CDN: \$950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 10,008. NGC ID# BYJ5, PCGS# 9376
- 11507 1925 Stone Mountain MS67 NGC.** NGC Census: (170/12). PCGS Population: (249/5). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 1,314,709. NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378
- 11508 1925 Stone Mountain MS67 PCGS.** CAC. PCGS Population: (249/5). NGC Census: (170/12). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 1,314,709. NGC ID# BYJ6, PCGS# 9378
- 11509 1934 Texas MS67 NGC.** NGC Census: (61/1). PCGS Population: (88/1). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 61,463. NGC ID# BYJ7, PCGS# 9381

11510 1934 Texas MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (88/1 and 10/1+). NGC Census: (61/1 and 1/0+). CDN: \$600 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 61,463. NGC ID# BYJ7, PCGS# 9381

11511 1935 Texas MS67 ★ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (238/15 and 3/0*). PCGS Population: (262/9 and 3/0*). CDN: \$350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,996. NGC ID# BYJA, PCGS# 9382

11512 1935-D Texas MS67+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (258/9 and 19/0+). NGC Census: (169/4 and 4/0+). CDN: \$425 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,007. NGC ID# BYJC, PCGS# 9383

11513 1935-S Texas MS67 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (85/2). PCGS Population: (110/2). CDN: \$550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYJD, PCGS# 9384

11514 1935 Texas PDS Set MS66 PCGS. (Total: 3 coins) NGC ID# BYJA, PCGS# 9385

11515 1936-S Texas MS67 NGC. CAC. Ex: M.L. Middleton Collection. NGC Census: (85/5). PCGS Population: (88/3). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,055. NGC ID# BYJG, PCGS# 9388

11516 1936-S Texas MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (89/3). NGC Census: (85/5). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 9,055. NGC ID# BYJG, PCGS# 9388

11517 1936 Texas PDS Set MS66 PCGS. (Total: 3 coins) NGC ID# BYJG, PCGS# 9389

11518 1937-S Texas MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (100/7 and 6/0+). PCGS Population: (110/1 and 9/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 6,637. NGC ID# BYJK, PCGS# 9392

11519 1937 Texas PDS Set MS66 PCGS. (Total: 3 coins) NGC ID# BYJH, PCGS# 9393

11520 1938-D Texas MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (99/2). NGC Census: (95/5). CDN: \$765 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 3,775. NGC ID# BYJM, PCGS# 9395

11521 1925 Vancouver MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (259/45). PCGS Population: (367/58). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 14,994. NGC ID# BYJP, PCGS# 9399

11522 1925 Vancouver MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (366/58). NGC Census: (259/45). CDN: \$825 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 14,994. NGC ID# BYJP, PCGS# 9399

11523 1927 Vermont MS66 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (438/47). NGC Census: (204/22). CDN: \$625 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 28,142. NGC ID# BYJR, PCGS# 9401

11524 1946-D Booker T. Washington MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (46/4 and 4/1+). PCGS Population: (57/1 and 7/0+). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 200,113. NGC ID# BYJT, PCGS# 9405

11525 1948 Booker T. Washington MS67 NGC. NGC Census: (14/0). PCGS Population: (8/0). CDN: \$2,350 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 8,005. NGC ID# BYJY, PCGS# 9412

11526 1950-S Booker T. Washington MS65 Prooflike NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (25/17). PCGS Population: (0/0). CDN: \$35 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 512,091. NGC ID# BYK8, PCGS# 89422

11527 1951-D Booker T. Washington MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (45/0). NGC Census: (47/0). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,004. NGC ID# BYKA, PCGS# 9425

11528 1951-S Booker T. Washington MS67 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (62/0). NGC Census: (64/0). CDN: \$650 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 7,004. NGC ID# BYKB, PCGS# 9426

11529 1952-S Washington-Carver MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (208/10 and 18/0+). NGC Census: (153/12 and 10/3+). CDN: \$175 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 8,006. NGC ID# BYL5, PCGS# 9436

11530 1936 Wisconsin MS67+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (493/31 and 52/5+). NGC Census: (386/33 and 25/0+). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 25,015. NGC ID# BYKU, PCGS# 9447



11531 1936 Wisconsin MS68 NGC. NGC Census: (33/0). PCGS Population: (31/0). Mintage 25,015. NGC ID# BYKU, PCGS# 9447

11532 1936 York MS67+ NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (386/31 and 8/0+). PCGS Population: (584/26 and 30/1+). CDN: \$375 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS67. Mintage 25,015. NGC ID# BYKV, PCGS# 9449

COMMEMORATIVE GOLD

11533 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (516/879). PCGS Population: (916/1197). CDN: \$700 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

11534 1903 Louisiana Purchase, McKinley Gold Dollar MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (398/482 and 2/11+). PCGS Population: (597/609 and 2/18+). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 17,500. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7444

11535 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (387/1140). NGC Census: (187/707). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 10,025. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7447

11536 1904 Lewis and Clark Gold Dollar MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (387/1140). NGC Census: (187/707). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 10,025. NGC ID# BYLE, PCGS# 7447

11537 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1726/2131). NGC Census: (1067/1371). CDN: \$680 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 15,000. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449

- 11538** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. CAC. VP-001. NGC Census: (764/605). PCGS Population: (1263/867). CDN: \$1,075 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 15,000.
From The Sounder Collection, Part II. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449
- 11539** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (798/67). NGC Census: (539/66). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 15,000. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449
- 11540** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Gold Dollar MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (798/67). NGC Census: (539/66). CDN: \$1,550 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 15,000. NGC ID# BYLH, PCGS# 7449
- 11541** 1915-S Panama-Pacific Quarter Eagle — Ex-Jewelry — PCGS Genuine. XF Details. NGC Census: (0/1955). PCGS Population: (5/2429). CDN: \$1,200 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 6,749.
- 11542** 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS65 PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (1014/731). NGC Census: (484/408). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 11543** 1916 McKinley Gold Dollar MS66+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (644/92 and 17/5+). NGC Census: (329/80 and 7/4+). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS66. Mintage 9,977. NGC ID# BYLK, PCGS# 7454
- 11544** 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (819/1109). NGC Census: (418/517). CDN: \$800 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455
- 11545** 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (289/230). PCGS Population: (606/500). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455
- 11546** 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (289/230). PCGS Population: (606/500). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455
- 11547** 1917 McKinley Gold Dollar MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (607/503). NGC Census: (288/229). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 10,000. NGC ID# BYLL, PCGS# 7455
- 11548** 1922 Grant Gold Dollar, No Star, MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (121/948). PCGS Population: (300/1656). CDN: \$1,250 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 5,000. NGC ID# BYLN, PCGS# 7458

- 11549** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4397/2226). NGC Census: (2674/1220). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466
- 11550** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4406/2232). NGC Census: (2674/1222). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466
- 11551** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (4408/2234). NGC Census: (2671/1222). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466
- 11552** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2671/1222). PCGS Population: (4408/2234). CDN: \$735 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466
- 11553** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2057/175). NGC Census: (1111/111). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466

- 11554** 1926 Sesquicentennial Quarter Eagle MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2059/175). NGC Census: (1111/111). CDN: \$1,950 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 46,019. NGC ID# 2FE9, PCGS# 7466

MODERN ISSUES



- 11555** 1983-D Olympics Silver Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (22). PCGS Population: (12). Mintage 174,014.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28P6, PCGS# 9606

- 11556** 1983-S Olympic Silver Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (18). PCGS Population: (12). Mintage 174,014.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28P7, PCGS# 9607
- 11557** 1984-D Olympic Silver Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (18). PCGS Population: (24). Mintage 116,000.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 3348, PCGS# 9610
- 11558** 1984-W Olympic Torch Runner Gold Ten Dollar, MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (150). NGC Census: (466). Mintage 75,800.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28PG, PCGS# 9613
- 11559** 1984-P Olympic Torch Runner Gold Ten Dollar, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (113). PCGS Population: (40). Mintage 33,300.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28PD, PCGS# 9614
- 11560** 1984-D Olympic Torch Runner Gold Ten Dollar, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (192). PCGS Population: (48). Mintage 34,533.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28PE, PCGS# 9615
- 11561** 1984-S Olympic Torch Runner Gold Ten Dollar, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (399). PCGS Population: (124). Mintage 48,551.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28PF, PCGS# 9616
- 11562** 1984-W Olympic Torch Runner Gold Ten Dollar, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (893). PCGS Population: (228). Mintage 381,085.
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28ZL, PCGS# 9617
- 11563** 1989-D Congress Silver Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (42). PCGS Population: (19).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28R2, PCGS# 9634
- 11564** 1994-P P.O.W. Museum Silver Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (20). PCGS Population: (58).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 28SP, PCGS# 9691
- 11565** 1994-P Women Veterans Silver Dollar, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (24). PCGS Population: (43).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 34TD, PCGS# 9695
- 11566** 1995-W Olympics Stadium Gold Five Dollar, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (207). NGC ID# 34AV, PCGS# 9734

11567 1996-P Olympics Tennis Silver Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (10). PCGS Population: (13). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28TL, PCGS# 9725

11568 1996-P Paralympics Silver Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (6). PCGS Population: (14). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28TV, PCGS# 9727

11569 1996-W Olympics Flag Bearer Gold Five Dollar, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (383). PCGS Population: (139). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28U2, PCGS# 9736

11570 1996-W Olympics Cauldron Gold Five Dollar, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (325). PCGS Population: (88). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28U4, PCGS# 9738

11571 1997-W Jackie Robinson Gold Five Dollar MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (562/261). PCGS Population: (976/63). CDN: \$1,225 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 28UG, PCGS# 9759 Base PCGS# 9759

11572 1997-W F.D.R. Gold Five Dollar, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (471). PCGS Population: (235). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28UK, PCGS# 9748

11573 2000-W Library of Congress Bimetallic Ten Dollar MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1518/485). NGC Census: (442/937). CDN: \$1,000 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26U9, PCGS# 9784

11574 2000-W Library of Congress Bimetallic Ten Dollar PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (4155/507). NGC Census: (2492/605). NGC ID# 28ZR, PCGS# 99784

11575 2000-W Library of Congress Bimetallic Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (605). PCGS Population: (507). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28ZR, PCGS# 99784

11576 2000-P Leif Ericson Silver Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (17). PCGS Population: (44). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28V2, PCGS# 99785

11577 2001-P Capitol Silver Half Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC; 2001-P Capitol Silver Half Dollar MS70 NGC. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 2 coins)



11578 2001-W Capitol Visitors Center Gold Five Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (1132). PCGS Population: (271). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28VC, PCGS# 9792

11579 2003-W First Flight Gold Ten Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (1440). PCGS Population: (473). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28ZL, PCGS# 21003

11580 2003-W First Flight Gold Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (567). PCGS Population: (112). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 28VT, PCGS# 921003

FIRST SPOUSE GOLD

11581 2007-W Martha Washington Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (488). NGC ID# 28ZK, PCGS# 150886

11582 2007-W Martha Washington Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (334). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 28ZK, PCGS# 150887 Base PCGS# 150886

11583 2007-W Martha Washington Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (433). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 150891 Base PCGS# 150890

11584 2007-W Abigail Adams Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (405). NGC ID# 28ZM, PCGS# 150888

11585 2007-W Abigail Adams Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (429). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 28ZM, PCGS# 150889 Base PCGS# 150888

11586 2007-W Abigail Adams Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (228). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 28ZN, PCGS# 150893 Base PCGS# 150892

11587 2007-W Jefferson's Liberty Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (778). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 28ZP, PCGS# 152120 Base PCGS# 152119

11588 2007-W Jefferson's Liberty Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (622). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26MW, PCGS# 152124 Base PCGS# 152123

11589 2007-W Jefferson's Liberty Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar, First Strike, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (622). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26MW, PCGS# 152124 Base PCGS# 152123

11590 2009-W Sarah Polk Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (130). NGC ID# 292B, PCGS# 404581

11591 2010-W Abigail Fillmore Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (670). PCGS Population: (131). NGC ID# 292F, PCGS# 418390

11592 2010-W Mary Lincoln Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (742). PCGS Population: (99). NGC ID# 26RZ, PCGS# 418396

11593 2010-W Mary Lincoln Half-Ounce Gold Ten Dollar PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (742). PCGS Population: (99). NGC ID# 26RZ, PCGS# 418396

MODERN BULLION COINS

11594 1986 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (1593). PCGS Population: (118). NGC ID# 26J4, PCGS# 9801

11595 1987 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (575). PCGS Population: (29). Mintage 11,442,335. NGC ID# 26J6, PCGS# 9808

11596 1987 Silver Eagle, Edmund C. Moy Signature, MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 532544 Base PCGS# 9808

11597 1987-P Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (16). PCGS# 100028 Base PCGS# 9813

11598 1987-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (61). NGC ID# 28YW, PCGS# 100030 Base PCGS# 9815

- 11599** 1987-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (61). NGC ID# 28YW, PCGS# 100030 Base PCGS# 9815
- 11600** 1988 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (391). PCGS Population: (17). NGC ID# 26J8, PCGS# 9816
- 11601** 1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (4074/99). PCGS Population: (1335/36). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26N9, PCGS# 9822
- 11602** 1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (4090/99). PCGS Population: (1336/36). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26N9, PCGS# 9822
- 11603** 1988 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (4090/99). PCGS Population: (1336/36). CDN: \$1,750 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26N9, PCGS# 9822
- 11604** 1988-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (25). PCGS# 100040 Base PCGS# 9825
- 11605** 1989 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (503). PCGS Population: (19). Mintage 5,203,327. NGC ID# 26JA, PCGS# 9826
- 11606** 1989 Silver Eagle, Edmund C. Moy Signature, MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 532540 Base PCGS# 9826
- 11607** 1990-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (29). NGC ID# 28YZ, PCGS# 100060 Base PCGS# 9845
- 11608** 1991 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (264). PCGS Population: (8).
- 11609** 1991 Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (300). PCGS Population: (57). NGC ID# 26L2, PCGS# 9848
- 11610** 1992 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (0). PCGS# 612806 Base PCGS# 9856
- 11611** 1992-P Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Michael Reagan Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (108). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 543213 Base PCGS# 9863
- 11612** 1992 One-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (878/33). PCGS Population: (500/9). CDN: \$1,148 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26PG, PCGS# 9864

- 11613** 1992-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Michael Reagan Signature, PR70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (94). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 543259 Base PCGS# 9865
- 11614** 1992-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). NGC ID# 28Z3, PCGS# 100080 Base PCGS# 9865
- 11615** 1993-P Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Struck At Philadelphia. PCGS Population: (788). NGC Census: (649). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11616** 1993-P Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Struck At Philadelphia. PCGS Population: (792). NGC Census: (655). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11617** 1993-P Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Struck At Philadelphia. PCGS Population: (792). NGC Census: (655). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11618** 1993-P Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Struck At Philadelphia. PCGS Population: (792). NGC Census: (655). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11619** 1993-P Silver Eagle, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. Ex: Struck At Philadelphia. PCGS Population: (792). NGC Census: (655). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11620** 1993-P Silver Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (655). PCGS Population: (792). NGC ID# 26JK, PCGS# 9867
- 11621** 1993-P Silver Eagle, Miles Standish Signature PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (24). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 541962 Base PCGS# 9867
- 11622** 1993 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS68 PCGS. PCGS Population: (69/750). NGC Census: (24/2571). NGC ID# 26NE, PCGS# 9872
- 11623** 1994-P Silver Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (734). PCGS Population: (719). NGC ID# 26UF, PCGS# 9877
- 11624** 1994-P Silver Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (709). NGC Census: (742). NGC ID# 26UF, PCGS# 9877
- 11625** 1994 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (747/22). NGC Census: (1918/116). CDN: \$935 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26NE, PCGS# 9882
- 11626** 1995 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (585). PCGS Population: (28). NGC ID# 26JN, PCGS# 9886

- 11627** 1995 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS67 PCGS. PCGS Population: (59/776). NGC Census: (51/2762). Mintage 53,474. NGC ID# 26NG, PCGS# 9892
- 11628** 1995 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (613/10). NGC Census: (2526/86). CDN: \$1,300 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. Mintage 53,474. NGC ID# 26NG, PCGS# 9892



- 11629** 1995-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (35). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100108 Base PCGS# 9893
- 11630** 1995-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50. (Total: 4 coins)
- 11631** 1995-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (1125). PCGS Population: (272). NGC ID# 28Z7, PCGS# 9895
- 11632** 1995-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (26). NGC ID# 28Z7, PCGS# 100110 Base PCGS# 9895
- 11633** 1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (3257/112). PCGS Population: (1147/17). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. Mintage 39,287. NGC ID# 26NH, PCGS# 9906
- 11634** 1996 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (3257/112). PCGS Population: (1147/17). CDN: \$1,345 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. Mintage 39,287. NGC ID# 26NH, PCGS# 9906

- 11635** 1996-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (13). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100119 Base PCGS# 9907
- 11636** 1996-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (13). PCGS# 100119 Base PCGS# 9907
- 11637** 1997 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (0). PCGS# 612805 Base PCGS# 9912
- 11638** 1997 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (0). PCGS# 612805 Base PCGS# 9912
- 11639** 1997-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (18). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100130 Base PCGS# 9919
- 11640** 1997-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (19). PCGS# 100130 Base PCGS# 9919
- 11641** 1997-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2579/103). NGC Census: (1337/419). CDN: \$1,186 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR69. NGC ID# 293M, PCGS# 9751
- 11642** 1998 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (311). PCGS Population: (23). NGC ID# 26JV, PCGS# 9929
- 11643** 1998 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (312). PCGS Population: (23). NGC ID# 26JV, PCGS# 9929
- 11644** 1998-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (13). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100140 Base PCGS# 9936
- 11645** 1998 Tenth-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (14). PCGS Population: (6). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 292V, PCGS# 9765
- 11646** 1998 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (56). PCGS Population: (44). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26SS, PCGS# 9766
- 11647** 1998-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (540). PCGS Population: (507). NGC ID# 293D, PCGS# 99767
- 11648** 1998 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (113/0). PCGS Population: (248/2). CDN: \$1,093 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26TZ, PCGS# 9768
- 11649** 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (2229/287). PCGS Population: (1850/48). CDN: \$885 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26LB, PCGS# 99940
- 11650** 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (2229/287). PCGS Population: (1850/48). CDN: \$885 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26LB, PCGS# 99940
- 11651** 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1850/48). NGC Census: (2236/290). CDN: \$885 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. PCGS# 511606 Base PCGS# 99940
- 11652** 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1850/48). NGC Census: (2236/290). CDN: \$885 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. PCGS# 511606 Base PCGS# 99940
- 11653** 1999-W Tenth-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, FS-401, MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1850/48). NGC Census: (2236/290). CDN: \$885 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. PCGS# 511606 Base PCGS# 99940
- 11654** 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (1775/47). PCGS Population: (1410/10). CDN: \$1 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 99942
- 11655** 1999-W Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, Unfinished Proof Dies, MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (1775/47). PCGS Population: (1410/10). CDN: \$1 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26MG, PCGS# 99942
- 11656** 1999-W One Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (4). NGC ID# BZZ5, PCGS# 100150 Base PCGS# 9946
- 11657** 1999 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (337/2). NGC Census: (393/5). CDN: \$545 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26TE, PCGS# 9775
- 11658** 1999-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (607). PCGS Population: (275). NGC ID# 293E, PCGS# 99775
- 11659** 1999-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (610). PCGS Population: (275). NGC ID# 293E, PCGS# 99775
- 11660** 1999 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS69 PCGS. PCGS Population: (106/0). NGC Census: (61/0). CDN: \$1,093 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26U2, PCGS# 9776
- 11661** 2000-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (10). PCGS# 100006 Base PCGS# 99952
- 11662** 2000-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Edmund C. Moy Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (14). NGC Census: (681). PCGS# 520311 Base PCGS# 99952
- 11663** 2000 One-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (4643/913). PCGS Population: (3279/42). CDN: \$1,148 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26PP, PCGS# 9953
- 11664** 2000 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (1089/22). PCGS Population: (1026/1). CDN: \$545 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26TE, PCGS# 9781
- 11665** 2000-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: Black Label. NGC Census: (611). PCGS Population: (333). NGC ID# 293G, PCGS# 99781
- 11666** 2000-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (614). PCGS Population: (333). NGC ID# 293G, PCGS# 99781
- 11667** 2000-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (510). PCGS Population: (228). Mintage 12,453. NGC ID# 293R, PCGS# 99782
- 11668** 2001 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (516). PCGS Population: (50). NGC ID# 26K3, PCGS# 9954
- 11669** 2001 Silver Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (516). PCGS Population: (50). NGC ID# 26K3, PCGS# 9954

11670 2001-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (9). PCGS# 100007 Base PCGS# 99957

11671 2001 One-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (2320/295). PCGS Population: (1077/33). CDN: \$1,148 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS69. NGC ID# 26PR, PCGS# 9958

11672 2001 Quarter-Ounce Platinum Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (50). PCGS Population: (8). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26SV, PCGS# 9787

11673 2001-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (456). PCGS Population: (171). NGC ID# 293G, PCGS# 99788

11674 2002 Silver Eagle MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (188). NGC Census: (2181). NGC ID# 26K5, PCGS# 9959

11675 2002-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. **The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50.** (Total: 4 coins)

11676 2002-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (465). PCGS Population: (212). NGC ID# 293T, PCGS# 99797

11677 2003-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (12). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 36JN, PCGS# 100009 Base PCGS# 99967

11678 2003-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (13). NGC ID# 36JN, PCGS# 100009 Base PCGS# 99967

11679 2003 One-Ounce Gold Eagle, General Tommy Franks Signature MS69 PCGS. Ex: American Heroes Series. PCGS Population: (50/0). NGC Census: (0/0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# 26PT, PCGS# 89968 Base PCGS# 9968

11680 2003-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. **The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50.** (Total: 4 coins)



11681 2003-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (418). PCGS Population: (206). NGC ID# 26TK, PCGS# 921102

11682 2004-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (14). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100010 Base PCGS# 99973

11683 2004-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. **The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50.** (Total: 4 coins)

11684 2004-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (424). PCGS Population: (195). NGC ID# 293U, PCGS# 921106

11685 2005-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (7). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100186 Base PCGS# 99978

11686 2005-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 100186 Base PCGS# 99978

11687 2005-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 100186 Base PCGS# 99978

11688 2005-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (543). PCGS Population: (182). NGC ID# 293K, PCGS# 921110

11689 Three-Coin 20th Anniversary Silver Eagle Set NGC. The set includes a 2006-W MS70, a 2006-P Reverse Proof PR70, and a 2006-W PR70 Ultra Cameo. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 3 coins)

11690 Three-Coin 20th Anniversary Silver Eagle Set NGC. The set includes a 2006-W MS70, a 2006-P Reverse Proof PR70, and a 2006-W PR70 Ultra Cameo. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 3 coins)

11691 Three-Coin 20th Anniversary Silver Eagle Set NGC. The set includes a 2006-W MS70, a 2006-P Reverse Proof PR70, and a 2006-W PR70 Ultra Cameo. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 3 coins)

11692 2006-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (8). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100197 Base PCGS# 99987

11693 2006-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (9). PCGS# 100197 Base PCGS# 99987

11694 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, 20th Anniversary, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# BNLK, PCGS# 89989

11695 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, 20th Anniversary, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (0). *From The Mile High Collection.* NGC ID# BNLK, PCGS# 89989

11696 A Four Piece-Lot of 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagles MS70 PCGS. 20th Anniversary. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 4 coins)

11697 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Burnished, 20th Anniversary, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (3350). PCGS Population: (716). NGC ID# CPRF, PCGS# 89992

11698 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, First Strike PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. .9999 Fine. PCGS Population: (503). NGC Census: (3031). NGC ID# 26RM, PCGS# 99990 Base PCGS# 9990

11699 2006-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. Ex: Kareem Abdul - Jabar, NBA Scoring Legend. NGC Census: (13495). PCGS Population: (4745). NGC ID# 26RM, PCGS# 9990

11700 2006-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (803/239). NGC Census: (256/685). CDN: \$597 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR69. NGC ID# 26TR, PCGS# 921118

11701 2006-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (803/239). NGC Census: (256/685). CDN: \$597 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR69. NGC ID# 26TR, PCGS# 921118

11702 2006-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (803/239). NGC Census: (256/685). CDN: \$597 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR69. NGC ID# 26TR, PCGS# 921118

11703 2006-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (803/239). NGC Census: (256/686). CDN: \$597 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS PR69. NGC ID# 26TR, PCGS# 921118



11704 2006-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (687). PCGS Population: (239). NGC ID# 26TR, PCGS# 921118

11705 2007 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (13420/5188). PCGS Population: (239/32). NGC ID# BNLL, PCGS# 146918

11706 2007 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (13420/5188). PCGS Population: (239/32). NGC ID# BNLL, PCGS# 146918

11707 2007-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (6). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 100215 Base PCGS# 148080

11708 2007-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 100215 Base PCGS# 148080

11709 2007-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (1675/298). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 26RP, PCGS# 148082

11710 2007-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. **The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50.** (Total: 4 coins)

11711 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (960/590). NGC Census: (203/948). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 149577

11712 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (950). PCGS Population: (591). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 149577

11713 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (952). PCGS Population: (591). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 149577

11714 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Reverse Proof, 10th Anniversary PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (537/679). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 393055

11715 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Reverse Proof, 10th Anniversary PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (537/679). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 393055

11716 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Reverse Proof, 10th Anniversary PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (680). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 393055

11717 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Reverse Proof, 10th Anniversary PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (678). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 393055

11718 2007-W Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Reverse Proof, 10th Anniversary, First Strike, PR70 NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (2695). PCGS Population: (922). NGC ID# CND4, PCGS# 393056 Base PCGS# 393055

11719 2008-W Silver Eagle, Reverse of 2007, Burnished, 70 NGC. NGC Census: (4576). PCGS Population: (432). NGC ID# BNLL6, PCGS# 396411 Base PCGS# 511605

11720 2008-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1157). NGC Census: (1335). NGC ID# BNLM, PCGS# 393066

11721 2008-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle PR69 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (1567/461). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 26RK, PCGS# 393074

11722 2008-W Gold Eagle Proof Set PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Housed in separate holders bearing identical grades and Augustus Saint-Gaudens facsimile signature inserts. **The set includes: tenth-ounce \$5; quarter-ounce \$10; half-ounce \$25, one-ounce \$50.** (Total: 4 coins)

11723 2008 Half-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (58). **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# 26TV, PCGS# 393109 Base PCGS# 393108

11724 2008 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, First Strike, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (403). PCGS Population: (57). **From The Mile High Collection.** NGC ID# BNKP, PCGS# 393111 Base PCGS# 393110

11725 2008-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Burnished, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (796). PCGS Population: (318). NGC ID# BNKP, PCGS# 393084

11726 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (6674). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 407404



11727 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (6680). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 407404

11728 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (6686). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26S4, PCGS# 407404

11729 2009 One-Ounce Gold Ultra High Relief Twenty Dollar, Early Releases, MS69 NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (793/1666). NGC ID# 2TY2, PCGS# 407405 Base PCGS# 407404

- 11730** 2010-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (980). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 26P7, PCGS# 502743
- 11731** 2010-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 100260 Base PCGS# 502743
- 11732** 2010-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 100260 Base PCGS# 502743
- 11733** 2010-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (14). NGC ID# 26RA, PCGS# 100257 Base PCGS# 415544
- 11734** 2010-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (63). PCGS# 523237 Base PCGS# 418865
- 11735** 2010-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (63). PCGS# 523237 Base PCGS# 418865
- 11736** 2010-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (63). PCGS# 523237 Base PCGS# 418865
- 11737** 2010-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (63). PCGS# 523237 Base PCGS# 418865
- 11738** 2010-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (382). PCGS Population: (251). NGC ID# 26UL, PCGS# 415546
- 11739** Five-Piece 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Set, First Strike, PCGS. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11740** Five-Piece 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Set, Early Releases, NGC. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11741** Five-Piece 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Set, Early Releases, NGC. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11742** Five-Piece 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Set, Early Releases, NGC. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11743** Five-Piece 25th Anniversary Silver Eagle Set, First Strike, PCGS. This set includes: 2011 MS70 PCGS; 2011-S MS70 PCGS; 2011-W MS70 PCGS; 2011-P Reverse Proof PR70 PCGS; 2011-W PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. A blue U.S. Mint presentation box is included. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11744** Five-Piece 25th Anniversary Silver Eagle Set, First Strike, PCGS. This set includes: 2011 MS70 PCGS; 2011-S MS70 PCGS; 2011-W MS70 PCGS; 2011-P Reverse Proof PR70 PCGS; 2011-W PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. A blue U.S. Mint presentation box is included. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11745** 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Five-Piece Set, Early Releases NGC. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo, and the 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70. *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 5 coins)
- 11746** 2011 25th Anniversary Silver American Eagle Five-Piece Set, Early Releases NGC. The set includes the 2011 Eagle MS70, 2011-S Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle MS70, 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo, 2011 Reverse Proof Eagle PR70, and the 2011-W Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo, *From The Mile High Collection.* (Total: 5 coins)
- 11747** 2011-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). NGC ID# 5T4H, PCGS# 100268 Base PCGS# 505230
- 11748** 2011-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (511). PCGS Population: (288). NGC ID# 26UM, PCGS# 507770
- 11749** 2011-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (512). PCGS Population: (287). NGC ID# 26UM, PCGS# 507770
- 11750** 2012-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (9). PCGS# 527231 Base PCGS# 511523
- 11751** 2012-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (9). PCGS# 527231 Base PCGS# 511523
- 11752** 2012-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (9). PCGS# 527231 Base PCGS# 511523
- 11753** 2012-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (473). PCGS Population: (260). NGC ID# 2U2H, PCGS# 515152
- 11754** 2013-W One-Ounce Platinum American Eagle PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (51). NGC Census: (164). NGC ID# 2U7B, PCGS# 518216
- 11755** 2013-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Burnished, 70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (925). PCGS# 518831
- 11756** 2013-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Burnished, Early Releases, MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (2619). PCGS Population: (1027). PCGS# 518832 Base PCGS# 518831
- 11757** 2013 One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, First Strike MS70 PCGS. .9999 Fine. PCGS Population: (3256). NGC Census: (0). NGC ID# 2U79, PCGS# 516503 Base PCGS# 516502
- 11758** 2013-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (2818). PCGS Population: (200). NGC ID# 2U7A, PCGS# 518205
- 11759** 2013-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Edmund C. Moy Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (2818). PCGS Population: (200). NGC ID# 2U7A, PCGS# 518205
- 11760** 2013-W One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, Reverse Proof, Chicago ANA 2013, 100th Anniversary, PR70 PCGS. Ex: Black Diamond. PCGS Population: (463). NGC Census: (954). NGC ID# 2W2C, PCGS# 520265 Base PCGS# 521909
- 11761** 2014 Half-Ounce Gold Eagle MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (4). PCGS# 521918
- 11762** 2014 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Early Releases MS70 NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (553). NGC ID# B5YL, PCGS# 522538 Base PCGS# 522536
- 11763** 2014 One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, First Strike, Edmund C. Moy Signature MS70 PCGS. PCGS Population: (72). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 526619 Base PCGS# 522536
- 11764** 2015-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (5). PCGS# 546154 Base PCGS# 539899

11765 2015-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (7). PCGS# 546154 Base PCGS# 539899

11766 2016-W Half-Ounce Gold Eagle, 30th Anniversary, First Strike, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2). NGC Census: (0). PCGS# 570545 Base PCGS# 570537

11767 2016 One-Ounce Gold Buffalo, 10th Anniversary, First Releases, MS70 NGC. .9999 Fine. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (1006). PCGS# 593804 Base PCGS# 593803

11768 2016-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, 30th Anniversary, First Strike, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Deep Cameo PCGS. PCGS Population: (2). NGC Census: (0). Mintage 1. PCGS# 570547 Base PCGS# 570538

11769 2016-W One-Ounce Gold Eagle, Augustus Saint-Gaudens Facsimile Signature, PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. NGC Census: (0). PCGS Population: (2). Mintage 1. PCGS# 570547 Base PCGS# 570538

11770 2016-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Statue of Liberty PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (92). PCGS Population: (14). PCGS# 608499

11771 2016-W One-Ounce Platinum Eagle, Statue of Liberty PR70 Ultra Cameo NGC. Ex: NGC Black Label. NGC Census: (93). PCGS Population: (14). PCGS# 608499

TERRITORIAL GOLD

11772 (1842-52) A. Bechtler Dollar, 27G. 21C., Plain Edge — Damaged — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (2/259). PCGS Population: (83/226).

11773 Replica Kellogg & Humbert Wooden Strong Box. Initially distributed with a Kellogg & Humbert gold ingot, but the present lot includes only the strong box and its straw matting, plus a padlock and two keys.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

11774 Replica Kellogg & Humbert Wooden Strong Box. Initially distributed with a Kellogg & Humbert gold ingot, but the present lot includes only the strong box and its straw matting, plus a padlock and two keys.
From The Arizona Treasure Collection.

CALIFORNIA FRACTIONAL GOLD

11775 1856 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-107, Low R.4, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/7). NGC Census: (13/5). NGC ID# 2BGS, PCGS# 10376

11776 1855 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-110, High R.4, MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (27/18). NGC Census: (2/8). NGC ID# 2BGV, PCGS# 10379

11777 1856 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-230, Low R.4, MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (4/5). PCGS Population: (23/3). NGC ID# 2BJ5, PCGS# 10415

11778 1855 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-405, R.5, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (11/7). NGC Census: (3/3). NGC ID# 2BJR, PCGS# 10441

11779 1853 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-420, Low R.7, — Holed — NGC Details. AU. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/6).

11780 1853 Liberty Octagonal 1 Dollar, BG-530, R.2, MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (29/62). NGC Census: (26/39). NGC ID# 2BLV, PCGS# 10507

11781 1853 Liberty Octagonal 1 Dollar, BG-531, R.4, MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (9/26). NGC Census: (6/4).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BLW, PCGS# 10508

11782 1853 Liberty Octagonal 1 Dollar, BG-531, R.4, MS62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (21/6). NGC Census: (2/2). NGC ID# 2BLW, PCGS# 10508

11783 1864 Liberty Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-706, High R.5, MS63 NGC. NGC Census: (3/4). PCGS Population: (12/12). NGC ID# 2BMG, PCGS# 10533



11784 1875 Indian Octagonal 25 Cents, BG-797, Low R.4, MS65 PCGS. PCGS Population: (19/3). NGC Census: (2/0).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BRH, PCGS# 10624

11785 1871 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-811, High R.7, — Holed — NGC Details. Unc. NGC Census: (0/1). PCGS Population: (0/3).

11786 1860/50 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-819, R.4, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/1). NGC Census: (2/0). NGC ID# 2BTB, PCGS# 10680

11787 1876 Indian Round 25 Cents, BG-850, Low R.6, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (2/3). NGC Census: (2/0).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BUD, PCGS# 10711

11788 1864 Liberty Round 25 Cents, BG-866, Low R.6, MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/15). NGC Census: (0/1).
From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BUX, PCGS# 10727

11789 1872/1 Indian Round 25 Cents, BG-869, Low R.4, MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (7/0). PCGS Population: (13/2). NGC ID# 2BV2, PCGS# 10730

11790 1872/1 Indian Round 25 Cents, BG-870, R.3, MS65 Deep Mirror Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (9/2). PCGS Population: (0/0). NGC ID# 28YR, PCGS# 710731

11791 1875 Indian Octagonal 50 Cents, BG-933, R.5, MS64 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/1). NGC Census: (1/1). NGC ID# 2BWZ, PCGS# 10791

11792 1876/6876 Indian Octagonal 50 Cents, BG-935, R.5, MS63 PCGS. PCGS Population: (10/10). NGC Census: (1/5). NGC ID# 2BX3, PCGS# 10793

11793 1866 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-1006, R.5, MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (4/3). PCGS Population: (3/1). NGC ID# 2BYF, PCGS# 10835

11794 1871 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-1011, R.2, MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (16/4). NGC Census: (9/6).

From The Soluna Collection. NGC ID# 2BYL, PCGS# 10840

11795 1873 Liberty Round 50 Cents, BG-1012, High R.5, MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1/0). PCGS Population: (4/0). NGC ID# 2BYM, PCGS# 10841

11796 1870 Goofy Head Octagonal 1 Dollar, BG-1118, Low R.5, AU58 PCGS. PCGS Population: (7/18). NGC Census: (1/7). NGC ID# 2C3K, PCGS# 10929

COINS OF HAWAII

11797 1847 Hawaii Cent AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (43/219). PCGS Population: (46/294). Mintage 100,000. NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10965

11798 1847 Hawaii Cent AU58 NGC. NGC Census: (52/167). PCGS Population: (68/218). Mintage 100,000. NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10965

11799 1847 Hawaii Cent MS62 Red and Brown PCGS. PCGS Population: (26/90). NGC Census: (14/21). Mintage 100,000. NGC ID# 2C52, PCGS# 10966

11800 1883 Hawaii Quarter MS65+ PCGS. PCGS Population: (188/135 and 8/7+). NGC Census: (152/127 and 1/0+). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS65. Mintage 242,600. NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10987

11801 1883 Hawaii Quarter MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (121/6). PCGS Population: (118/17). Mintage 242,600. NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10987

11802 1883 Hawaii Half Dollar MS61 PCGS. PCGS Population: (28/219). NGC Census: (38/135). Mintage 87,755. NGC ID# 2C5B, PCGS# 10991

11803 1883 Hawaii Dollar XF40 NGC. NGC Census: (67/307). PCGS Population: (174/490). CDN: \$500 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS XF40. Mintage 46,348. NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995

11804 1883 Hawaii Dollar XF45 PCGS. PCGS Population: (196/293). NGC Census: (77/230). Mintage 46,348. NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995

11805 1883 Hawaii Dollar AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (59/114). PCGS Population: (50/133). Mintage 46,348. NGC ID# 2TGD, PCGS# 10995

11806 1871 Wailuku Plantation, 12 1/2 Cents, Narrow Starfish, Fine 12 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/20). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 2UBL, PCGS# 600503

11807 1879 T. Hobron, Kahului-Wailuku 12 1/2 Cent Railroad Token, 6/2 Stars AU55 NGC. NGC Census: (9/6). PCGS Population: (3/3). NGC ID# 2UBN, PCGS# 600515

PATTERNS

11808 1854 One Cent, Judd-161 Original, Pollock-187, R.4 PR58 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (3/56). PCGS Population: (6/108). NGC ID# 29A6, PCGS# 11663

11809 1859 Indian Cent, Judd-228, Pollock-272, R.1, PR62 PCGS. PCGS Population: (1/23). NGC Census: (0/0). NGC ID# 29C8, PCGS# 11934

11810 1859 Half Dollar, Judd-238, Pollock-294, R.5, — Improperly Cleaned — NGC Details. Proof AU. NGC Census: (1/12). PCGS Population: (0/24).
From The Palos Verdes Collection.



11811 (1976-1978) Gould Inc. MS66 PCGS. Pollock-5430 Variety, Baker-707B Variety. TITANIUM below Gould Inc. Struck in aluminum with a plain edge. Incorrectly designated by PCGS as Pollock-5345, which lacks TITANIUM below Gould Incorporated.

GSA DOLLARS

11812 1878-CC GSA MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (811/116). PCGS Population: (17/7). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

11813 1878-CC GSA MS64 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (813/116). PCGS Population: (17/7). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

11814 1878-CC GSA MS64 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (817/116). PCGS Population: (14/7). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

11815 1878-CC GSA Soft Pack MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (811/116). PCGS Population: (17/7). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

11816 1878-CC GSA Soft Pack MS64+ PCGS. CAC. PCGS Population: (17/7 and 4/1+). NGC Census: (816/116 and 19/4+). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518845 Base PCGS# 7080

11817 1878-CC GSA MS61 Prooflike NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (0/0). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518846 Base PCGS# 7081

11818 1878-CC GSA Softpack, MS64 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (8/1). Mintage 2,212,000. NGC ID# 253M, PCGS# 518846 Base PCGS# 7081

11819 1880/79-CC Reverse of 1878, VAM-4, GSA, MS62 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (5/38). NGC ID# AP7B, PCGS# 518922 Base PCGS# 407108

11820 1880-CC 8 Over High 7, VAM-5, Top-100 GSA, MS64 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (88/60). PCGS Population: (7/11). NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518854 Base PCGS# 7102

11821 1880-CC 8 Over High 7, VAM-5, GSA, MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (88/59). PCGS Population: (8/11).
From The Mile High Collection. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518854 Base PCGS# 7102

11822 1880-CC GSA MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2329/837). PCGS Population: (65/33). Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

11823 1880-CC GSA MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (2329/837). PCGS Population: (65/33). Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

11824 1880-CC GSA MS64 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (2332/840). PCGS Population: (66/35). Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

11825 1880-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (730/107). PCGS Population: (26/7). Mintage 591,000. NGC ID# 2542, PCGS# 518851 Base PCGS# 7100

11826 1881-CC GSA MS64+ NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (3454/2126 and 139/111+). PCGS Population: (106/73 and 37/27+). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11827 1881-CC GSA MS64+ NGC. CAC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (3454/2126 and 139/111+). PCGS Population: (106/73 and 37/27+). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11828 1881-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1673/453). PCGS Population: (44/29). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11829 1881-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (1681/458). PCGS Population: (48/29). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11830 1881-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1673/453 and 73/38+). PCGS Population: (44/29 and 15/12+). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11831 1881-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1673/455 and 75/38+). PCGS Population: (48/30 and 17/12+). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518863 Base PCGS# 7126

11832 1881-CC GSA MS64 Prooflike NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (144/49). PCGS Population: (8/2). Mintage 296,000. NGC ID# 2547, PCGS# 518864 Base PCGS# 7127

11833 1882-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (2691/463). PCGS Population: (79/36). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518866 Base PCGS# 7134

11834 1882-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (2703/466). PCGS Population: (76/33). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518866 Base PCGS# 7134

11835 1882-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (2705/464 and 111/25+). PCGS Population: (78/35 and 18/11+). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518866 Base PCGS# 7134

11836 1882-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (2705/464 and 111/25+). PCGS Population: (78/35 and 18/11+). NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518866 Base PCGS# 7134

11837 1883-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (4560/818 and 181/32+). PCGS Population: (125/39 and 31/21+). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144



11838 1883-CC GSA MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (792/30). PCGS Population: (42/0). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11839 1883-CC GSA MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (792/30). PCGS Population: (42/0). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11840 1883-CC GSA MS66 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (789/28). PCGS Population: (37/0). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11841 1883-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (39/0). NGC Census: (792/28). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11842 1883-CC GSA MS66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (787/28). PCGS Population: (39/0). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11843 1883-CC GSA MS66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (792/28). PCGS Population: (39/0). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518869 Base PCGS# 7144

11844 1883-CC GSA MS64 Prooflike NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (0/0). PCGS Population: (23/11). Mintage 1,204,000. NGC ID# 254H, PCGS# 518870 Base PCGS# 7145

11845 1884-CC GSA MS65 ★ NGC. NGC Census: (4779/798 and 45/26*). PCGS Population: (122/34 and 45/26*). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11846 1884-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. CAC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (4779/798 and 208/27+). PCGS Population: (122/34 and 25/14+). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11847 1884-CC GSA MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (774/32). PCGS Population: (34/0). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11848 1884-CC GSA MS66 NGC. NGC Census: (772/32). PCGS Population: (35/0). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11849 1884-CC GSA MS66 NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (776/32). PCGS Population: (32/0). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11850 1884-CC GSA MS66 PCGS. PCGS Population: (35/0). NGC Census: (770/32). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11851 1884-CC GSA MS66 NGC. Box and COA included. PCGS Population: (35/0). NGC Census: (772/32). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11852 1884-CC GSA MS66 NGC. CAC. NGC Census: (766/32). PCGS Population: (34/0). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254L, PCGS# 518872 Base PCGS# 7152

11853 1884-CC GSA MS65 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (163/25). PCGS Population: (14/4). Mintage 1,136,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518873 Base PCGS# 7153

11854 1885-CC GSA MS64 NGC. NGC Census: (3449/1824). PCGS Population: (97/74). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11855 1885-CC GSA MS64 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (3442/1820). PCGS Population: (101/77). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11856 1885-CC GSA MS64+ NGC. NGC Census: (3442/1820 and 148/83+). PCGS Population: (101/77 and 30/23+). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11857 1885-CC GSA MS65 NGC. NGC Census: (1484/333). PCGS Population: (47/28). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11858 1885-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1484/333). PCGS Population: (47/28). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11859 1885-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1491/336). PCGS Population: (48/29). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11860 1885-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1479/335). PCGS Population: (44/26). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11861 1885-CC GSA MS65 NGC. Box and COA included. NGC Census: (1491/336). PCGS Population: (48/29). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11862 1885-CC GSA MS65+ NGC. NGC Census: (1491/336 and 55/29+). PCGS Population: (48/29 and 12/11+). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518875 Base PCGS# 7160

11863 1885-CC GSA MS63 Prooflike NGC. Box included. NGC Census: (131/147). PCGS Population: (2/7). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518876 Base PCGS# 7161

11864 1885-CC GSA MS64 Prooflike NGC. NGC Census: (107/41). PCGS Population: (3/4). Mintage 228,000. NGC ID# 254M, PCGS# 518876 Base PCGS# 7161

REDFIELD DOLLARS

- 11865** 1886-S MS65 Paramount (MS63 NGC). "This is not an NGC holder. The NGC guarantee does not apply." NGC Census: (1057/860). PCGS Population: (1963/1710). CDN: \$410 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS63. Mintage 750,000.
- 11866** 1921-S MS65 Paramount (MS64 NGC). "This is not an NGC holder. The NGC guarantee does not apply." NGC Census: (5336/822). PCGS Population: (4180/1179). CDN: \$150 Whsle. Bid for problem-free NGC/PCGS MS64. Mintage 21,695,000.

ERRORS

- 11867** Undated Indian Cent — Struck 20% Off-Center — MS62 Brown NGC.
- 11868** 1863 Indian Cent — Struck 30% Off-Center — Fine 12 PCGS.
- 11869** 1907 Indian Cent — Struck 15% Off-Center — VF30 Brown NGC.
- 11870** 1943 Lincoln Cent — Double Struck In Collar — XF40 ANACS.
- 11871** 1964 Lincoln Cent — Triple Struck — MS62 Brown NGC.
- 11872** 1976 Lincoln Cent — Struck 25% Off-Center on a 10C Blank (2.3g) — MS65 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11873** 1976-D Lincoln Cent — Struck on a 10C Planchet — MS63 ANACS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11874** 1987 Lincoln Cent — Double Denomination on a Struck 10C — MS65 PCGS.
- 11875** 1999 Lincoln Cent — Overstruck on a 1999-P Dime, Double Denomination — MS66 NGC.
- 11876** 1864 Two Cent Piece, Large Motto — Obverse and Reverse Struck Through — MS65 Red NGC.
- 11877** 1895 Liberty Nickel — Split Planchet After Strike (3.2g) — XF40 NGC.
- 11878** 1920 Buffalo Nickel — Struck 40% Off-Center — AU55 NGC.
- 11879** 1976 Jefferson Nickel — Struck on a Philippine 1S Planchet (1.2g) — MS62 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11880** (1976) Jefferson Nickel — Struck on a 10C Blank Planchet (2.23g) — MS64 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

- 11881** 1976-D Jefferson Nickel — 25% Off-Center on a 1C Planchet (3.0g) — MS63 Red and Brown NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11882** 1976 Roosevelt Dime — Struck on a Panama 1/10 Balboa — MS63 PCGS Secure.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11883** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — Obverse Struck Thru — NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11884** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — 50% Clamshell Split Planchet — AU58 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11885** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — Double Struck, 60% Indented Obverse — MS62 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11886** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — Struck on a Philippine 1S Planchet (1.2g) — MS65 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11887** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — Struck Thru Cloth on Obverse — MS66 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11888** 1976 Clad Washington Quarter — Partial Brockage on Obverse — MS66 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11889** 1976-D Clad Washington Quarter — Struck on a 5C Planchet — AU58 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11890** 1976-D Clad Washington Quarter — Struck on a 5C Planchet — MS62 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11891** 1976-D Clad Washington Quarter — Reverse Struck In Wire — MS63 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11892** 1976-S Clad Washington Quarter — Copper Nickel Clashed Dies — PR66 ANACS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11893** 1976 Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Rotated and Double Struck in Collar — AU58 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11894** 1976 Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Struck on a 25C Planchet (5.5g) — MS62 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11895** 1976 Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — 65% Off-Center Chainstrike — MS63 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11896** 1976 Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Struck Fragment (2.3g) — MS65 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11897** (1976) Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — 100% Obverse Dual Indents — MS65 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11898** 1976 Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Double Struck, 2nd Strike 40% Off-Center — MS66 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11899** 1976-D Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Struck 60% Off-Center — MS62 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11900** 1976-D Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Double Struck, 2nd Strike 90% Off-Center — MS63 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11901** 1976-D Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Obverse Struck Thru Cloth — MS63 NGC.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11902** 1976-D Clad Kennedy Half Dollar — Struck 75% Off-Center — MS64 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11903** 1980-P Kennedy Half Dollar — Struck on a SBA Blank Planchet (8.1g) — AU58 NGC.
- 11904** 1923 Peace Dollar — Rotated Die — MS62 NGC.
- 11905** 1976 Type 2 Ike Dollar — Obverse Clad Layer Missing — MS64 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11906** 1976-D Type 2 Ike Dollar — Double Struck, Second Strike 95% Off-Center, Uniface Reverse — MS61 NGC.
- 11907** 1976-D Type 2 Ike Dollar — Double Struck, 2nd Strike 80% Off-Center — MS61 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.
- 11908** 1976-D Type 2 Ike Dollar — 15% Double Clip Planchet — MS62 PCGS.
From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.

- 11909** 1976-S Silver Ike Dollar — Struck Thru Embedded Tape — MS65 PCGS. *From The Blue Angel Collection of Bicentennial Errors.*
- 11910** 1979-P SBA Dollar — Struck On A 25C Blank Planchet (5.5g) — MS64 NGC.
- 11911** 1999-P SBA Dollar — Double Struck, 2nd Strike 85% Off-Center — MS65 PCGS.
- 11912** 1923 Saint-Gaudens Double Eagle — Reverse Struck Thru — MS63 NGC.
- 11913** Type Two Silver Eagle Planchet MS62 PCGS. 31.1 gm. The weight is incorrectly designated as 31.1 grains on the PCGS holder.



- 11914** 2016 Quarter-Ounce Gold Eagle, 30th Anniversary — Major Struck-Thru Obverse — MS70 PCGS.

MINT SETS

- 11915** Uncertified 1947 Double Mint Set. The set includes 28 coins, two of each denomination issued by the Philadelphia, San Francisco, and Denver Mints in 1947 (San Francisco did not strike half dollars that year). The coins are in the original cardboard holders and are moderately toned. The outer kraft envelope is present, but the mailing envelope is absent. (Total: 28 coins)
- 11916** Uncertified 1948 Double Mint Set. San Francisco did not coin Franklin halves during 1948, but the present 28-piece double mint set includes two each of the other Philadelphia, Denver, and San Francisco issues struck for circulation that year. The coins are housed in the issued cardboard holders. The outer kraft envelope is included, but the mailing envelope is absent. (Total: 28 coins)

- 11917** Uncertified 1953 Double Mint Set. 30 coins total, 2 each of the five denominations from the Philadelphia, Denver, and San Francisco Mints. Housed in the cardboard holders of issue. The outer mailing envelope is included, addressed to Centralia, Washington. (Total: 30 coins)

CERTIFIED MODERN PROOF SETS

- 11918** Five-Piece 1938 Proof Set PCGS. The set is housed in separate holders with consecutive certification numbers, and includes: cent PR63 Red and Brown; nickel PR63; dime PR65; quarter PR65; half dollar PR65. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11919** Five-Piece 1938 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR64 Red NGC; nickel PR64 NGC; dime PR67 NGC; quarter PR66 NGC; half dollar PR66 NGC. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11920** Five-Piece 1939 Proof Set PCGS. The set is housed in separate holders with consecutive certification numbers, and includes: cent PR64 Red and Brown; Reverse of 1938 nickel PR65; dime PR65; quarter PR65; half dollar PR66. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11921** Five-Piece 1939 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR65 Red NGC; Reverse of 1938 nickel PR66 NGC; dime PR66 NGC; quarter PR66 NGC; half dollar PR65 NGC. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11922** Five-Piece 1940 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR64 Red and Brown; Reverse of 1940 nickel PR64; dime PR64; quarter PR64; half dollar PR64. (Total: 5 coins)

- 11923** Five-Piece 1940 Proof Set NGC. In separate holders, from same NGC submission. The set includes: cent PR64 Red; Reverse of 1940 nickel PR64 ★; dime PR66; quarter PR66; half dollar PR66. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11924** Five-Piece 1940 Proof Set PCGS. The set is housed in separate holders with consecutive certification numbers, and includes: cent PR65 Red; nickel PR66; dime PR66; quarter PR66; half dollar PR65. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11925** Five-Piece 1941 Proof Set PCGS. The set is housed in separate holders with consecutive certification numbers, and includes: cent PR64 Red; nickel PR67; dime PR66; quarter PR65; half dollar PR64. (Total: 5 coins)
- 11926** Five-Piece 1941 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR64 Red NGC; nickel PR65 NGC; dime PR66 NGC; quarter PR65 NGC; half dollar PR65 NGC. (Total: 5 coins)

- 11927** Five-Piece 1942 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR63 Red and Brown NGC; 1942 Type One nickel PR66 NGC; dime PR66 NGC; quarter PR66 NGC; half dollar PR66 NGC. (Total: 5 coins)

- 11928** Six-Piece 1942 Proof Set NGC. The set includes: cent PR63 Red and Brown NGC; 1942 Type One nickel PR66; 1942-P Type Two nickel PR64 NGC; dime PR66 NGC; quarter PR66 NGC; half dollar PR66 NGC. (Total: 6 coins)

- 11929** Six-Piece 1942 Proof Set PCGS. The set is housed in separate holders with consecutive certification numbers, and includes: cent PR65 Red; 1942 Type One nickel PR66; 1942-P Type Two nickel PR66; dime PR66; quarter PR66; half dollar PR67. (Total: 5 coins)

- 11930** Five-Piece 1950 Proof Set PCGS. The set includes: cent PR66 Red NGC; nickel PR66 NGC; dime PR66 NGC; quarter PR66 NGC; half dollar PR66 NGC. (Total: 5 coins)

INGOTS

- 11931** Nevada Silver Co. Ingot. 999 Fine, 4.62 OZS. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 27. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*
- 11932** Nevada Silver Co. Ingot. 999 Fine, 4.65 OZS. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 27. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*
- 11933** Nevada Silver Co. Ingot. 999 Fine, 4.67 OZS. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 27. The exact ingot photographed on page 203 of the Karl V. Moulton reference. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*
- 11934** Nevada Silver Co. Ingot. 999 Fine, 5.24 OZS. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 27. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*
- 11935** Nevada Silver Co. Ingot. 999 Fine, 5.38 OZS. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 27. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*
- 11936** Thorn Mining and Refining Co. Ingot. 9998 Fine, 2.93 OZS, SERIAL No. 293. "Franklin Hoard" Plate 38, 39. *From The Dr. Steve Allen Collection.*

WASHINGTONIA

- 11937** (circa 1920) Washington Before Boston, Fifth Restrike, Paris, MS63 NGC. Baker-48F, Musante GW-09-P3 dies but an unlisted later striking with a cornucopia hallmark and ARGENT on edge. Silver, 68.3mm. Three legs under Washington's horse. Open R in PRIMO. Incorrectly designated as Baker-49AG, a variety with four legs under Washington's horse and a closed R in PRIMO.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 11938** Two-Piece Lot of George Washington - Time Increases His Fame Medals NGC. The lot includes a MS61 NGC, Silver, 28 mm, Baker-91A, Julian PR-27b, Musante GW-442; and a MS64 Brown NGC, Bronze, 28mm, Baker-91D, Julian PR-27c, Musante GW-442.
From The Palos Verdes Collection. (Total: 2 medals)
- 11939** (circa-1860s) Merriam Civil War Dog Tag, Blank Reverse, MS62 NGC. Baker-122V, Musante GW-327. 31 mm. Silver-Plated Copper.
- 11940** (circa-1860) "1792" George and Martha Washington Medal by Lovett, PR55 NGC. Baker-209, Musante GW-264. Silver, 21mm, plain edge. Described as "Very Rare" by Musante. Ex: W.W. Neil Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1947), lot 2875; Dr. Charles Ruby Collection, Part II (Superior, 6/1974), lot 1986a; Fred Neggen Collection (Superior, 2/1976); Superior, 10/1979, lot 42.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 11941** (circa-1860) "1792" George and Martha Washington Medal by Lovett, PR62 Brown NGC. Baker-209A, Musante GW-264. Copper, 21mm, plain edge. Described as "Very Rare" by Musante. Ex: W.W. Neil Collection (B. Max Mehl, 6/1947), lot 2875; Dr. Charles Ruby Collection, Part II (Superior, 6/1974), lot 1986a; Fred Neggen Collection (Superior, 2/1976); Superior, 10/1979, lot 42.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.
- 11942** Order of Washington Medal. Baker-F-678. 14K Gold, 25 x 32 mm. The original ribbon, clasp, and wooden presentation box are included. The medal, ribbon, and clasp are well preserved. The box is tattered.
- 11943** 1889 Brooklyn Bridge Inauguration Centennial MS62 Prooflike NGC. Douglas-7A, Musante GW-1087A. White metal, 51mm.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

LINCOLN



- 11944** 1910 Emancipator & Martyr Gold Token, Thomas Elder Issue, MS67 NGC. King-242, DeLorey-47, Cunningham-10-340X. 15mm.
- 11945** Lincoln Birth Centennial Medal by Jules Edouard Roine. King-309, Cunningham-11-160C. Housed within a book, *The Lincoln Centennial Medal*, as issued. Copper, 63mm.
- 11946** Lincoln Birth Centennial Medal by Jules Edouard Roine. King-332, Cunningham-11-230Csp. Housed within a book, *The Lincoln Tribute Book*, as issued. Silver-plated copper, 32mm. Ex: Harry W. Bass, Jr. Library, Part Five (Kolbe, 3/2001), lot 356.

U.S. PRESIDENTS & STATESMEN

- 11947** Benjamin Franklin Natus Boston MS63 Brown NGC. Betts-620, Greenslet-33. Bronze, 46mm. Plain edge.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

U.S. MINT MEDALS

- 11948** "1862" Abraham Lincoln Indian Peace Medal. King-520, Julian IP-38 Second Reverse, Cunningham-22-020Bz. Bronzed copper, 76 mm. Plain edge. The medal is well preserved. The box of issue is included in Good to Very Good condition.

- 11949** 1865-Dated Abraham Lincoln Presidential Medal MS63 Brown NGC. King-518, Julian-PR-12, Cunningham-240Cbz. Bronze, 76mm.
- 11950** (1860s) George Washington Birth and Death MS64 NGC. Baker-155A Variety, Julian PR-26b Variety, Musante GW-445 Variety. Silver, 18mm. P initial (for Paquet) on Washington truncation.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

SO-CALLED DOLLARS

- 11951** 1905 Lewis and Clark Exposition, Washington State Building, MS64 NGC. HK-334, R.6. Brass. Portland, Oregon.
From The Souder Collection, Part II.
- 11952** 1939 New York World's Fair, Lincoln Token, MS65 NGC. King-1203, HK-493c, DeLorey-49, Cunningham-10-410Cxp. Gold-plated copper, R.8.
- 11953** 1933 Nevada Dollar, Sterling Investment Co., MS62 NGC. HK-821, R.6. Silver.
From The Mile High Collection.

HARD TIMES TOKENS

- 11954** 1837 Feuchtwanger Three Cents XF45 NGC. Low-117, HT-262, R.3.
- 11955** 1837 Feuchtwanger Cent MS63 NGC. Low-120, HT-268, Breen 5-H, R.1.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA

- 11956** (Circa 1961) Bashlow Restrike Confederate Cent Impressions. Rectangular Copper Ingot. 77 x 33 x 21 mm. 568.6 gm. The top of the ingot has one obverse and one reverse CSA cent die impression. The sides of the ingot are plain, and the bottom has a tiny medalet impression depicting two screw press coiners; and the inscription AUG. C. FRANK / PHILA. beneath. The lower left border of the bottom of the ingot has the number 51.
- 11957** 1962 Confederate States of America Half Dollar, Bashlow Restrike, Silver, MS62 NGC.
From The Palos Verdes Collection.

WESTERN SOUVENIR GOLD

- 11958** 1872 California Gold 1/4 Charm, Washington Head, Round, MS63 NGC. Baker-504A, Musante GW-821. 0.21 gm.
- 11959** 1897 Alaska Gold One Pinch, Indian Head Right, 16 Stars, Round, MS65 NGC. HK-838. M.E. Hart's Coins of the West.

End of Auction

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Current Bid	Bid Increment	Current Bid	Bid Increment
< \$10.....	\$1	\$10,000 - \$19,999	\$1,000
\$10 - \$49	\$2	\$20,000 - \$49,999	\$2,000
\$50 - \$99	\$5	\$50,000 - \$99,999	\$5,000
\$100 - \$199	\$10	\$100,000 - \$199,999	\$10,000
\$200 - \$499	\$20	\$200,000 - \$499,999	\$20,000
\$500 - \$999	\$50	\$500,000 - \$999,999	\$50,000
\$1,000 - \$1,999	\$100	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	\$100,000
\$2,000 - \$4,999	\$200	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	\$250,000
\$5,000 - \$9,999	\$500	>= \$10,000,000	\$500,000

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Payment:

23. All sales are strictly for cash in United States dollars (including U.S. currency, bank wire, cashier checks, travelers checks, eChecks, and bank money orders, and are subject to all reporting requirements). All deliveries are subject to good funds; funds being received in Auctioneer's account before delivery of the Purchases; and all payments are subject to a clearing period. Auctioneer reserves the right to determine if a check constitutes “good funds”: checks drawn on a U.S. bank are subject to a ten business day hold, and thirty days when drawn on an international bank. Clients with pre-arranged credit status may receive immediate credit for payments via eCheck, personal, or corporate checks. All others will be subject to a hold of 5 days, or more, for the funds to clear prior to releasing merchandise. (Ref. T&C item 7 Credit for additional information.) Payments can be made 24-48 hours post auction from the My Orders page of the HA.com website.
24. Payment is due upon closing of the Auction session, or upon presentment of an invoice. Auctioneer reserves the right to void an invoice if payment in full is not received within 7 days after the close of the Auction. In cases of nonpayment, Auctioneer's election to void a sale does not relieve the Bidder from their obligation to pay Auctioneer its fees (seller's and buyer's premium) on the lot and any other damages pertaining to the lot or Auctioneer. Alternatively, Auctioneer at its sole option, may charge a twenty (20%) fee based on the amount of the purchase. In either case the Auctioneer may offset amount of its claim against any monies owing to the Bidder or secure its claim against any of the Bidder's properties held by the Auctioneer..
25. Lots delivered to you, or your representative are subject to all applicable state and local taxes, unless appropriate permits are on file with Auctioneer. Bidder agrees to pay Auctioneer the actual amount of tax due in the event that sales tax is not properly collected due to: 1) an expired, inaccurate, or inappropriate tax certificate or declaration, 2) an incorrect interpretation of the applicable statute, 3) or any other reason. The appropriate form or certificate must be on file at and verified by Auctioneer five days prior to Auction, or tax must be paid; only if such form or certificate is received by Auctioneer within 4 days after the Auction can a refund of tax paid be made. Lots from different Auctions may not be aggregated for sales tax purposes.
26. In the event that a Bidder's payment is dishonored upon presentment(s), Bidder shall pay the maximum statutory processing fee set by applicable state law. If you attempt to pay via eCheck and your financial institution denies this transfer from your bank account, or the payment cannot be completed using the selected funding source, you agree to complete payment using your credit card on file.
27. If any Auction invoice submitted by Auctioneer is not paid in full when due, the unpaid balance will bear interest at the highest rate permitted by law from the date of invoice until paid. Any invoice not paid when due will bear a three percent (3%) late fee on the invoice amount. If the Auctioneer refers any invoice to an attorney for collection, the buyer agrees to pay attorney's fees, court costs, and other collection costs incurred by Auctioneer. If Auctioneer assigns collection to its in-house legal staff, such attorney's time expended on the matter shall be compensated at a rate comparable to the hourly rate of independent attorneys.
28. In the event a successful Bidder fails to pay any amounts due, Auctioneer reserves the right to sell the lot(s) securing the invoice to any underbidders in the Auction that the lot(s) appeared, or at subsequent private or public sale, or relist the lot(s) in a future auction conducted by Auctioneer. A defaulting Bidder agrees to pay for the reasonable costs of resale (including a 15% seller's commission, if consigned to an auction conducted by Auctioneer). The defaulting Bidder is liable to pay any difference between his total original invoice for the lot(s), plus any applicable interest, and the net proceeds for the lot(s) if sold at private sale or the subsequent hammer price of the lot(s) less the 15% seller's commissions, if sold at an Auctioneer's auction.
29. Auctioneer reserves the right to require payment in full in good funds before delivery of the merchandise.
30. Auctioneer shall have a lien against the merchandise purchased by the buyer to secure payment of the Auction invoice. Auctioneer is further granted a lien and the right to retain possession of any other property of the buyer then held by the Auctioneer or its affiliates to secure payment of any Auction invoice or any other amounts due the Auctioneer or affiliates from the buyer.

Terms and Conditions of Auction

Additional Terms & Conditions: COINS & CURRENCY

COINS and CURRENCY TERM A: Signature- Auctions are not on approval. No certified material may be returned because of possible differences of opinion with respect to the grade offered by any third-party organization, dealer, or service. No guarantee of grade is offered for uncertified Property sold and subsequently submitted to a third-party grading service. There are absolutely no exceptions to this policy. Under extremely limited circumstances, (e.g. gross cataloging error) a purchaser, who did not bid from the floor, may request Auctioneer to evaluate voiding a sale: such request must be made in writing detailing the alleged gross error; submission of the lot to the Auctioneer must be pre-approved by the Auctioneer; and bidder must notify Ron Brackemyre (1-800-872-6467 Ext. 1312) in writing of such request within three (3) days of the non-floor bidder's receipt of the lot. Any lot that is to be evaluated must be in our offices within 30 days after Auction. Grading or method of manufacture do not qualify for this evaluation process nor do such complaints constitute a basis to challenge the authenticity of a lot. AFTER THAT 30-DAY PERIOD, NO LOTS MAY BE RETURNED FOR REASONS OTHER THAN AUTHENTICITY. Lots returned must be housed intact in their original holder. No lots purchased by floor Bidders may be returned (including those Bidders acting as agents for others) except for authenticity. Late remittance for purchases may be considered just cause to revoke all return privileges.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM B: Auctions conducted solely on the Internet THREE (3) DAY RETURN POLICY: Certified Coin and Uncertified and Certified Currency lots paid for within seven days of the Auction closing are sold with a three (3) day return privilege unless otherwise noted in the description as "Sold As Is, No Return Lot". You may return lots under the following conditions: Within three days of receipt of the lot, you must first notify Auctioneer by contacting Client Service by phone (877-HERITAGE (437-4824)) or e-mail (Bid@HA.com), and immediately ship the lot(s) fully insured to the attention of Returns, Heritage, 3500 Maple Avenue, 17th Floor, Dallas TX 75219-3941. Lots must be housed intact in their original holder and condition. You are responsible for the insured, safe delivery of any lots. A non-negotiable return fee of 5% of the purchase price (\$10 per lot minimum) will be deducted from the refund for each returned lot or billed directly. Postage and handling fees are not refunded. After the three-day period (from receipt), no items may be returned for any reason. Late remittance for purchases revokes these Return privileges.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM C: Bidders who have inspected the lots prior to any Auction, or attended the Auction, or bid through an Agent, will not be granted any return privileges, except for reasons of authenticity.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM D: Coins sold referencing a third-party grading service are sold "as is" without any express or implied warranty, except for a guarantee by Auctioneer that they are genuine. Certain warranties may be available from the grading services and the Bidder is referred to them for further details: Numismatic Guaranty Corporation (NGC), P.O. Box 4776, Sarasota, FL 34230, <http://www.ngccoin.com/services/writtenguarantee.asp>; Professional Coin Grading Service (PCGS), PO Box 9458, Newport Beach, CA 92658, <http://www.pcg.com/guarantee.html>; ANACS, 6555 S. Kenton St. Ste. 303, Englewood, CO 80111; and Independent Coin Grading Co. (ICG), 7901 East Belview Ave., Suite 50, Englewood, CO 80111.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM E: Notes sold referencing a third-party grading service are sold "as is" without any express or implied warranty, except for guarantee by Auctioneer that they are genuine. Grading, condition or other attributes of any lot may have a material effect on its value, and the opinion of others, including third-party grading services such as PCGS Currency, PMG, and CGA may differ with that of Auctioneer. Auctioneer shall not be bound by any prior or subsequent opinion, determination, or certification by any grading service. Bidder specifically waives any claim to right of return of any item because of the opinion, determination, or certification, or lack thereof, by any grading service. Certain warranties may be available from the grading services and the Bidder is referred to them for further details: Paper Money Guaranty (PMG), PO Box 4711, Sarasota FL 34230; PCGS Currency, PO Box 9458, Newport Beach, CA 92658; Currency Grading & Authentication (CGA), PO Box 418, Three Bridges, NJ 08887. Third party graded notes are not returnable for any reason whatsoever.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM F: Since we cannot examine encapsulated coins or notes, they are sold "as is" without our grading opinion, and may not be returned for any reason. Auctioneer shall not be

liable for any patent or latent defect or controversy pertaining to or arising from any encapsulated collectible. In any such instance, purchaser's remedy, if any, shall be solely against the service certifying the collectible.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM G: Due to changing grading standards over time, differing interpretations, and to possible mishandling of items by subsequent owners, Auctioneer reserves the right to grade items differently than shown on certificates from any grading service that accompany the items. Auctioneer also reserves the right to grade items differently than the grades shown in the prior catalog should such items be reconsigned to any future auction.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM H: Although consensus grading is employed by most grading services, it should be noted as aforesaid that grading is not an exact science. In fact, it is entirely possible that if a lot is broken out of a plastic holder and resubmitted to another grading service or even to the same service, the lot could come back with a different grade assigned.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM I: Certification does not guarantee protection against the normal risks associated with potentially volatile markets. The degree of liquidity for certified coins and collectibles will vary according to general market conditions and the particular lot involved. For some lots there may be no active market at all at certain points in time.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM J: All non-certified coins and currency are guaranteed genuine, but are not guaranteed as to grade, since grading is a matter of opinion, an art and not a science, and therefore the opinion rendered by the Auctioneer or any third party grading service may not agree with the opinion of others (including trained experts), and the same expert may not grade the same item with the same grade at two different times. Auctioneer has graded the non-certified numismatic items, in the Auctioneer's opinion, to their current interpretation of the American Numismatic Association's standards as of the date the catalog was prepared. There is no guarantee or warranty implied or expressed that the grading standards utilized by the Auctioneer will meet the standards of any grading service at any time in the future.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM K: Storage of purchased coins and currency: Purchasers are advised that certain types of plastic may react with a coin's metal or transfer plasticizer to notes and may cause damage. Caution should be used to avoid storage in materials that are not inert.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM L: NOTE: Purchasers of rare coins or currency through Heritage have available the option of arbitration by the Professional Numismatists Guild (PNG); if an election is not made within ten (10) days of an unresolved dispute, Auctioneer may elect either PNG or A.A.A. Arbitration.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM M: For more information regarding Canadian lots attributed to the Charlton reference guides, please contact: Charlton International, PO Box 820, Station Willowdale B, North York, Ontario M2K 2R1 Canada.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM N: Some of the lots offered herein have been assigned to 1031 Services, Inc. for the purpose of consignor's tax deferred exchange.

COINS and CURRENCY TERM O: Financing. Auctioneer offers various extended payment options to qualified pre-approved persons and companies. The options include Extended Payment Programs (EPP) Flexible Payment Program (FPP) and Dealer Terms. Each program has its specific terms and conditions and such terms and conditions are strictly enforced. Each program has to be executed by the purchaser. Auctioneer reserves the right to alter or deny credit and in such case these auction terms shall control.

For wiring instructions call the Credit department at 877-HERITAGE (437-4824) or e-mail: CreditDept@HA.com

Notice as to an Auction in New York City

This Auction is conducted in accord with the applicable sections of the New York City Department of Consumer Affairs Rules and Regulations as Amended. This a Public Auction Sale conducted by Auctioneer. The New York City Auctioneers conducting the sale of behalf of Heritage Auctions No. 41513036 ("Auctioneer") are licensed Auctioneers including Dawes, Nicholas 1304724, Guzman, Kathleen 762165, Luray, Elyse 2015375, or as listed at HA.com/Licenses and as posted at the venue site.

All lots are subject to: the consignor's right to bid thereon and consignor's option to receive advances on their consignments. Auction may offer, in its sole discretion, advances on consignments and extended financing to registered bidders, in accord with Auctioneer's internal credit standards. Auctioneer will disclose to bidders, upon request, a list of lots subject to an advance, reserve, guarantee, or Auctioneer's financial interests of any kind. All Terms and Conditions of Sale are available at HA.com and in the printed catalog, including term #21 which states: Consignor, auctioneer's affiliates and, its employees may bid on their lots or other lots for their own account in accordance with the laws of New York and they may have information as to the lots not available to the public. On lots bearing an estimate, the term refers to a value range placed on an item by the Auctioneer in its sole opinion but the final price is determined by the bidders. Rev 6-8-2016

Terms and Conditions of Auction

With respect to these lien rights, Auctioneer shall have all the rights of a secured creditor under Article 9 of the Texas Uniform Commercial Code, including but not limited to the right of sale (including a 15% seller's commission, if consigned to an auction conducted by Auctioneer). In addition, with respect to payment of the Auction invoice(s), the buyer waives any and all rights of offset he might otherwise have against the Auctioneer and the consignor of the merchandise included on the invoice. If a Bidder owes Auctioneer or its affiliates on any account, Auctioneer and its affiliates shall have the right to offset such unpaid account by any credit balance due Bidder, and it may secure by possessory lien any unpaid amount by any of the Bidder's property in their possession..

31. Title shall not pass to the successful Bidder until all invoices are paid in full. It is the responsibility of the buyer to provide adequate insurance coverage for the items once they have been delivered to a common carrier or third-party shipper.

Delivery; Shipping; and Handling Charges:

32. Buyer is liable for shipping, handling, registration, and renewal fees, if any. Please refer to Auctioneer's website HA.com/c/shipping.zx for the latest charges or call Auctioneer. Auctioneer is unable to combine purchases from other auctions or affiliates into one package for shipping purposes. Lots won will be shipped in a commercially reasonable time after payment in good funds for the merchandise and the shipping fees is received or credit extended, except when third-party shipment occurs. Buyer agrees that Service and Handling charges related to shipping items which are not pre-paid may be charged to the credit card on file with Auctioneer.

33. Successful international Bidders shall provide written shipping instructions, including specified customs declarations, to the Auctioneer for any lots to be delivered outside of the United States. NOTE: Declaration value shall be the item(s) hammer price together with its buyer's premium and Auctioneer shall use the correct harmonized code for the lot. Domestic Buyers on lots designated for third-party shipment must designate the common carrier, accept risk of loss, and prepay shipping costs.

34. All shipping charges will be borne by the successful Bidder. On all domestic shipments, any risk of loss during shipment will be borne by Heritage until the shipping carrier's confirmation of delivery to the address of record in Auctioneer's file (carrier's confirmation is conclusive to prove delivery to Bidder; if the client has a Signature release on file with the carrier, the package is considered delivered without Signature) or delivery by Heritage to Bidder's selected third-party shipper. On all foreign shipments, any risk of loss during shipment will be borne by the Bidder following Auctioneer's delivery to the Bidder's designated common carrier or third-party shipper.

35. Due to the nature of some items sold, it shall be the responsibility for the successful Bidder to arrange pick-up and shipping through third-parties; as to such items Auctioneer shall have no liability. Failure to pick-up or arrange shipping in a timely fashion (within ten days) shall subject Lots to storage and moving charges, including a \$100 administration fee plus \$10 daily storage for larger items and \$5.00 daily for smaller items (storage fee per item) after 35 days. In the event the Lot is not removed within ninety days, the Lot may be offered for sale to recover any past due storage or moving fees, including a 10% Seller's Commission.

- 36A. The laws of various countries regulate the import or export of certain plant and animal properties, including (but not limited to) items made of (or including) Brazilian rosewood, ivory, whalebone, turtle shell, coral, crocodile, or other wildlife. Transport of such lots may require special licenses for export, import, or both. Bidder is responsible for: 1) obtaining all information on such restricted items for both export and import; 2) obtaining all such licenses and/or permits. Delay, failure, or incapacity to obtain any such license or permit does not relieve the buyer of timely payment, or afford them the capacity to void their purchase or payment. For further information, please contact Ron Brackemyre at 800-872-6467 ext. 1312.

- 36B. California State law prohibits the importation of any product containing Python skin into the State of California, thus no lot containing Python skin will be shipped to or invoiced to a person or company in California.

- 36C. Auctioneer shall not be liable for any loss caused by or resulting from:

- a. Seizure or destruction under quarantine or Customs regulation, or confiscation by order of any Government or public authority, or risks of contraband or illegal transportation of trade, or
- b. Breakage of statuary, marble, glassware, bric-a-brac, porcelains, jewelry, and similar fragile articles

37. Any request for shipping verification for undelivered packages must be made within 30 days of shipment by Auctioneer.

Cataloging, Warranties and Disclaimers:

38. NO WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO ANY DESCRIPTION CONTAINED IN THIS AUCTION OR ANY SECOND OPINE. Any description of the items or second opine contained in this Auction is for the sole purpose of identifying the items for those Bidders who do not have the opportunity to view the lots prior to bidding, and no description of items has been made part of the basis of the bargain or has created any express warranty that the goods would conform to any description made by Auctioneer. Color variations can be expected in any electronic or printed imaging, and are not grounds for the return of any lot. NOTE: Auctioneer, in specified auction venues, for example, Fine Art, may have express written warranties and you are referred to those specific terms and conditions. .

39. Auctioneer is selling only such right or title to the items being sold as Auctioneer may have by virtue of consignment agreements on the date of auction and disclaims any warranty of title to the Property. Auctioneer disclaims any warranty of merchantability or fitness for any particular purposes. All images, descriptions, sales data, and archival records are the exclusive property of Auctioneer, and may be used by Auctioneer for advertising, promotion, archival records, and any other uses deemed appropriate.

40. Translations of foreign language documents may be provided as a convenience to interested parties. Auctioneer makes no representation as to the accuracy of those translations and will not be held responsible for errors in bidding arising from inaccuracies in translation.

41. Auctioneer disclaims all liability for damages, consequential or otherwise, arising out of or in connection with the sale of any Property by Auctioneer to Bidder. No third party may rely on any benefit of these Terms and Conditions and any rights, if any, established hereunder are personal to the Bidder and may not be assigned. Any statement made by the Auctioneer is an opinion and does not constitute a warranty or representation. No employee of Auctioneer may alter these Terms and Conditions, and, unless signed by a principal of Auctioneer, any such alteration is null and void.

42. Auctioneer shall not be liable for breakage of glass or damage to frames (patent or latent); such defects, in any event, shall not be a basis for any claim for return or reduction in purchase price.

Release:

43. In consideration of participation in the Auction and the placing of a bid, Bidder expressly releases Auctioneer, its officers, directors and employees, its affiliates, and its outside experts that provide second opinions, from any and all claims, cause of action, chose of action, whether at law or equity or any arbitration or mediation rights existing under the rules of any professional society or affiliation based upon the assigned description, or a derivative theory, breach of warranty express or implied, representation or other matter set forth within these Terms and Conditions of Auction or otherwise. In the event of a claim, Bidder agrees that such rights and privileges conferred therein are strictly construed as specifically declared herein; e.g., authenticity, typographical error, etc. and are the exclusive remedy. Bidder, by non-compliance to these express terms of a granted remedy, shall waive any claim against Auctioneer.

44. Notice: Some Property sold by Auctioneer are inherently dangerous e.g. firearms, cannons, and small items that may be swallowed or ingested or may have latent defects all of which may cause harm to a person. Purchaser accepts all risk of loss or damage from its purchase of these items and Auctioneer disclaims any liability whether under contract or tort for damages and losses, direct or inconsequential, and expressly disclaims any warranty as to safety or usage of any lot sold.

Dispute Resolution and Arbitration Provision:

45. By placing a bid or otherwise participating in the auction, Bidder accepts these Terms and Conditions of Auction, and specifically agrees to the dispute resolution provided herein. Consumer disputes shall be resolved through court litigation which has an exclusive Dallas, Texas venue clause and jury waiver. Non-consumer dispute shall be determined in binding arbitration which arbitration replaces the right to go to court, including the right to a jury trial.

46. Auctioneer in no event shall be responsible for consequential damages, incidental damages, compensatory damages, or any other damages arising or claimed to be arising from the auction of any lot. In the event that Auctioneer cannot deliver the lot or subsequently it is established that the lot lacks title, or other transfer or condition issue is claimed, in such cases the sole remedy shall be limited to rescission of sale and refund of the amount paid by Bidder; in no case shall Auctioneer's maximum liability exceed the high bid on that lot, which bid shall be deemed for all purposes the value of the lot. After one year has elapsed, Auctioneer's maximum liability shall be limited to any commissions and fees Auctioneer earned on that lot.

47. In the event of an attribution error, Auctioneer may at its sole discretion, correct the error on the Internet, or, if discovered at a later date, to refund the buyer's purchase price without further obligation.

48. Exclusive Dispute Resolution Process: All claims, disputes, or controversies in connection with, relating to and /or arising out of your Participation in the Auction or purchase of any lot, any interpretation of the Terms and Conditions of Sale or any amendments thereto, any description of any lot or condition report, any damage to any lot, any alleged verbal modification of any term of sale or condition report or description and/or any purported settlement whether asserted in contract, tort, under Federal or State statute or regulation or any claim made by you of a lot or your Participation in the auction involving the auction or a specific lot involving a warranty or representation of a consignor or other person or entity including Auctioneer {which claim you consent to be made a party} (collectively, "Claim") shall be exclusively heard by, and the claimant (or respondent as the case may be) and Heritage each consent to the Claim being presented in a confidential binding arbitration before a single arbitrator administered by and conducted under the rules of, the American Arbitration Association. The locale for all such arbitrations shall be Dallas, Texas. The arbitrator's award may be enforced in any court of competent jurisdiction. If a Claim involves a consumer, exclusive subject matter jurisdiction for the Claim is in the State District Courts of Dallas County, Texas and the consumer consents to subject matter and in personam jurisdiction; further CONSUMER EXPRESSLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY. A consumer may elect arbitration as specified above. Any claim involving the purchase or sale of numismatic or related items may be submitted through binding PNG arbitration. Any Claim must be brought within two (2) years of the alleged breach, default or misrepresentation or the Claim is waived. Exemplary or punitive damages are not permitted and are waived. A Claim is not subject to class certification. Nothing herein shall be construed to extend the time of return or conditions and restrictions for return. This Agreement and any Claim shall be determined and construed under Texas law. The prevailing party (a party that is awarded substantial and material relief on its damage claim based on damages sought vs. awarded or the successful defense of a Claim based on damages sought vs. awarded) may be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

49. No claims of any kind can be considered after the settlements have been made with the consignors. Any dispute after the settlement date is strictly between the Bidder and consignor without involvement or responsibility of the Auctioneer.

50. In consideration of their participation in or application for the Auction, a person or entity (whether the successful Bidder, a Bidder, a purchaser and/or other Auction participant or registrant) agrees that all disputes in any way relating to, arising under, connected with, or incidental to these Terms and Conditions and purchases, or default in payment thereof, shall be arbitrated pursuant to the arbitration provision. In the event that any matter including actions to compel arbitration, construe the agreement, actions in aid of arbitration or otherwise needs to be litigated, such litigation shall be exclusively in the Courts of the State of Texas, in Dallas County, Texas, and if necessary the corresponding appellate courts. For such actions, the successful Bidder, purchaser, or Auction participant also expressly submits himself to the personal jurisdiction of the State of Texas.

51. These Terms & Conditions provide specific remedies for occurrences in the auction and delivery process. Where such remedies are afforded, they shall be interpreted strictly. Bidder agrees that any claim shall utilize such remedies; Bidder making a claim in excess of those remedies provided in these Terms and Conditions agrees that in no case whatsoever shall Auctioneer's maximum liability exceed the high bid on that lot, which bid shall be deemed for all purposes the value of the lot.

Miscellaneous:

52. Agreements between Bidders and consignors to effectuate a non-sale of an item at Auction, inhibit bidding on a consigned item to enter into a private sale agreement for said item, or to utilize the Auctioneer's Auction to obtain sales for non-selling consigned items subsequent to the Auction, are strictly prohibited. If a subsequent sale of a previously consigned item occurs in violation of this provision, Auctioneer reserves the right to charge Bidder the applicable Buyer's Premium and consignor a Seller's Commission as determined for each auction venue and by the terms of the seller's agreement.

53. Acceptance of these Terms and Conditions qualifies Bidder as a client who has consented to be contacted by Heritage in the future. In conformity with "do-not-call" regulations promulgated by the Federal or State regulatory agencies, participation by the Bidder is affirmative consent to being contacted at the phone number shown in his application and this consent shall remain in effect until it is revoked in writing. Heritage may from time to time contact Bidder concerning sale, purchase, and auction opportunities available through Heritage and its affiliates and subsidiaries.

54. Rules of Construction: Auctioneer presents properties in a number of collectible fields, and as such, specific venues have promulgated supplemental Terms and Conditions. Nothing herein shall be construed to waive the general Terms and Conditions of Auction by these additional rules and shall be construed to give force and effect to the rules in their entirety.

State Notices:

Notice as to an Auction in California. Auctioneer has in compliance with Title 2.95 of the California Civil Code as amended October 11, 1993 Sec. 1812.600, posted with the California Secretary of State its bonds for it and its employees, and the auction is being conducted in compliance with Sec. 2338 of the Commercial Code and Sec. 535 of the Penal Code.

Notice as to an Auction in New York City: This Auction is conducted in accord with the applicable sections of the New York City Department of Consumer Affairs Rules and Regulations as Amended. This a Public Auction Sale conducted by Auctioneer. The New York City Auctioneers conducting the sale of behalf of Heritage Auctions No. 41513036 ("Auctioneer") are licensed Auctioneers including Dawes, Nicholas 1304724, Guzman, Kathleen 762165, Luray, Elyse 2015375, or as listed at HA.com/ Licenses and as posted at the venue site. All lots are subject to: the consignor's right to bid thereon and consignor's option to receive advances on their consignments. Auction may offer, in its sole discretion, advances on consignments and extended financing to registered bidders, in accord with Auctioneer's internal credit standards. Auctioneer will disclose to bidders, upon request, a list of lots subject to an advance, reserve, guarantee, or Auctioneer's financial interests of any kind. All Terms and Conditions of Sale are available at HA.com and in the printed catalog, including term #21 which states: Consignor, auctioneer's affiliates and, its employees may bid on their lots or other lots for their own account in accordance with the laws of New York and they may have information as to the lots not available to the public. On lots bearing an estimate, the term refers to a value range placed on an item by the Auctioneer in its sole opinion but the final price is determined by the bidders.

Notice as to an Auction in Texas. In compliance with TDLR rule 67.100(c)(1), notice is hereby provided that this auction is covered by a Recovery Fund administered by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation, P.O. Box 12157, Austin, Texas 78711 (512) 463-6599. Any complaints may be directed to the same address.

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2017 年 6 月 23 日 - 25 日

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星期五至星期日

8-10 DECEMBER 2017

2017 年 12 月 8 日 - 10 日

Friday to Sunday

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Venue 地點：
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Upcoming Auctions

Numismatic Auctions	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
U.S. Coins + U.S. & World Currency (FUN)	Fort Lauderdale	January 4-6 & 8-9, 2017	Closed
World Coins (NYINC)	New York	January 8-10, 2017	Closed
U.S. Coins	Long Beach	February 15-17 & 19-20, 2017	January 2, 2017
World Coins (CCE)	Chicago	April 7-10, 2017	February 15, 2017
U.S. Coins, U.S. & World Currency (CSNS)	Chicago	April 26-28 & May 1-2, 2017	March 6, 2017
Fine & Decorative Arts Auctions	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
East & Orient Company Collection	Dallas	December 10-11, 2016	Closed
American Indian Art	Dallas	December 13, 2016	Closed
The Gentleman Collector	Dallas	January 19, 2017	Closed
Fine & Decorative Arts	Dallas	February 25-26, 2017	December 31, 2016
Asian Art	Dallas	March 10, 2017	January 2, 2017
Modern & Contemporary Art- Prints & Multiples	Dallas	April 11, 2017	February 2, 2017
Fine Silver & Objects of Vertu	Dallas	April 20, 2017	February 16, 2017
Texas Art	Dallas	April 22, 2017	February 13, 2017
Illustration Art	Dallas	April 26, 2017	February 17, 2017
Modern & Contemporary Art	Dallas	April 28, 2017	February 20, 2017
Nature & Science	Dallas	April 29, 2017	February 13, 2017
Photographs & American Art	Dallas	May 3, 2017	February 24, 2017
20th & 21st Century Design	Dallas	May 24, 2017	March 17, 2017
European Art	Dallas	June 9, 2017	April 3, 2017
American Indian Art	Dallas	June 23, 2017	April 18, 2017
Memorabilia & Collectibles Auctions	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
Animation Art	Beverly Hills	December 10-11, 2016	Closed
Knotts Berry Farm Animation Art	Anaheim	January 23, 2017	Closed
Comics & Original Comic Art	Dallas	February 23-24, 2017	January 10, 2017
Sports Collectibles - Platinum Night	Dallas	February 25-26, 2017	January 4, 2017
Entertainment & Music	Dallas	March 18, 2017	January 25, 2017
Vintage Movie Posters	Dallas	March 25-26, 2017	January 31, 2017
Guitars & Musical Instruments	Dallas	March 25, 2017	February 1, 2017
Historical Collectibles Auctions	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
Arms & Armor and Civil War & Militaria	Dallas	December 11, 2016	Closed
Rare Books	New York	March 8-9, 2017	January 16, 2017
Texana	Dallas	March 11, 2017	January 18, 2017
Americana & Political	Dallas	May 6, 2017	March 15, 2017
Historical Manuscripts	Dallas	May 10-11, 2017	March 20, 2017
Space Exploration	Dallas	May 19, 2017	March 28, 2017
Arms & Armor and Civil War & Militaria	Dallas	June 11, 2017	April 20, 2017
Luxury Lifestyle Auctions	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
Fine & Rare Wine	Beverly Hills	December 9-10, 2016	Closed
Luxury Real Estate	Dallas	December 13, 2016	Closed
Luxury Accessories	New York	February 2, 2017	December 2, 2016
Fine & Rare Wine	Beverly Hills	February 24-25, 2017	January 9, 2016
Luxury Real Estate	Plano	March 14, 2017	Closed
Fine Jewelry & Luxury Accessories	Dallas	April 3-4, 2017	January 20, 2017
Fine & Rare Timepieces	New York	June 7, 2017	April 6, 2017
Domain Names	Location	Auction Dates	Consignment Deadline
Domain Names	Dallas	Spring 2017	January 1, 2017

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